\$95,565,950



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2018-51

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this cover.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate, and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We will pay principal at rates that may vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are available for distribution to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own

- Fannie Mae MBS,
- underlying REMIC and RCR certificates backed by Fannie Mae MBS, and
- Fannie Mae Stripped MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS and Fannie Mae Stripped MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

Class	Group	Original Class Balance	Principal Type(1)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(1)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Α	1	\$20,000,000	PT	3.0%	FIX	3136B2KQ4	July 2048
FA	1	15,000,000	PT	(2)	FLT	3136B2KR2	July 2048
SA	1	15,000,000(3) NTL	(2)	INV/IO	3136B2 K S 0	July 2048
Ю	2	10,430,591(3)) NTL	6.5	FIX/IO	3136B2KT8	July 2048
AB	2	19,371,098	PT	3.0	FIX	3136B2KU5	July 2048
BI	3	18,724,933(3)) NTL	5.5	FIX/IO	3136B2KV3	July 2038
BA	3	41,194,852	PT	3.0	FIX	3136B2KW1	July 2038
JI	4	31,070,447(3) NTL	4.5	FIX/IO	3136B2KX9	July 2048
IJ	5	36,761,580(3) NTL	4.5	FIX/IO	3136B2KY7	March 2045
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	3136B2KZ4	July 2048
(4) 6 "-		6 . 1		(2)			

- See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC prospectus.
- (2) Based on LIBOR.

 Notional principal balances. These classes are interest only classes. See page S-7 for a description of how their notional principal balances are calculated.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be June 29, 2018.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-9 of this prospectus supplement and starting on page 14 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the "Disclosure Documents"):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated June 1, 2014 (the "REMIC Prospectus");
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated
 - o May 1, 2018, for all MBS issued on or after May 1, 2018,
 - o June 1, 2016, for all MBS issued on or after June 1, 2016 and prior to May 1, 2018,
 - October 1, 2014, for all MBS issued on or after October 1, 2014 and prior to June 1, 2016,
 - March 1, 2013, for all MBS issued on or after March 1, 2013 and prior to October 1, 2014,
 - February 1, 2012, for all MBS issued on or after February 1, 2012 and prior to March 1, 2013,
 - o July 1, 2011, for all MBS issued on or after July 1, 2011 and prior to February 1, 2012,
 - o June 1, 2009, for all MBS issued on or after January 1, 2009 and prior to July 1, 2011,
 - April 1, 2008, for all MBS issued on or after June 1, 2007 and prior to January 1, 2009, or
 - January 1, 2006, for all other MBS (as applicable, the "MBS Prospectus");
- if you are purchasing a Group 4 or Group 5 Class or the R Class, the disclosure documents relating to the applicable underlying REMIC and RCR certificates (the "Underlying REMIC Disclosure Documents");
- if you are purchasing the Group 4 Class or the R Class
 - our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Stripped Mortgage-Backed Securities dated
 - November 1, 2016, for all SMBS issued on or after November 1, 2016,
 - April 1, 2014, for all SMBS issued on or after April 1, 2014 and prior to November 1, 2016,
 - February 1, 2012, for all SMBS issued on or after February 1, 2012 and prior to April 1, 2014,
 - January 1, 2009, for all SMBS issued on or after January 1, 2009 and prior to February 1, 2012,
 - December 1, 2007, for all SMBS issued on or after December 1, 2007 and prior to January 1, 2009, or
 - May 1, 2002, for all other SMBS
 (as applicable, the "SMBS Prospectus"); and

the prospectus supplement relating to the Group 4 SMBS (the "SMBS Supplement"); and

• any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below and under the heading "Incorporation by Reference" in the REMIC Prospectus.

For a description of current servicing policies generally applicable to existing Fannie Mae MBS pools, see "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus dated May 1, 2018.

The MBS Prospectus, the SMBS Prospectus, the SMBS Supplement and the Underlying REMIC Disclosure Documents are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that we are disclosing information in those documents by referring you to them. Those documents are considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with those documents.

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae MBS Helpline 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 800-2FANNIE).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the REMIC Prospectus, the MBS Prospectus, the SMBS Prospectus, the SMBS Supplement and the Underlying REMIC Disclosure Documents by writing or calling the dealer at:

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC c/o Broadridge Financial Solutions Prospectus Department 1155 Long Island Avenue Edgewood, NY 11717 (telephone 631-274-2635).

SUMMARY

This summary contains only limited information about the certificates. Statistical information in this summary is provided as of June 1, 2018. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on pages S-3 and S-4. In particular, please see the discussion of risk factors that appears in each of those additional disclosure documents.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

Group	Assets
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS
3	Group 3 MBS
4	Class 2012-132-IM REMIC Certificate Class 2015-27-LI REMIC Certificate Class 2015-30-JI REMIC Certificate Group 4 SMBS
5	Class 2012-44-EI RCR Certificate Class 2014-25-PI RCR Certificate Class 2014-33-PI RCR Certificate Class 2015-16-IM RCR Certificate Class 2016-63-HI REMIC Certificate

Group 1, Group 2 and Group 3 MBS

Characteristics of the Trust MBS

	Approximate Principal Balance	Pass- Through Rate	Range of Weighted Average Coupons or WACs (annual percentages)	Range of Weighted Average Remaining Terms to Maturity or WAMs (in months)
Group 1 MBS	\$35,000,000	4.50%	4.75% to 7.00%	241 to 360
Group 2 MBS	\$19,371,098	6.50%	6.75% to 9.00%	100 to 360
Group 3 MBS	\$41,194,852	5.50%	5.75% to $8.00%$	90 to 240

Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans

	Principal Balance	Term to Maturity (in months)	Term to Maturity (in months)	Loan Age (in months)	Interest Rate
Group 1 MBS	\$35,000,000	360	356	3	4.923%
Group 2 MBS	\$19,371,098	360	123	223	7.018%
Group 3 MBS	\$41,194,852	240	112	121	6.026%

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans underlying the Trust MBS will differ from those shown above, and may differ significantly. See "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—Yields on and weighted average lives of the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the mortgage loans backing the series trust assets" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Group 4 and Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates

Exhibit A describes the underlying REMIC and RCR certificates in Group 4 and Group 5, including certain information about the related mortgage loans. To learn more about the underlying REMIC and RCR certificates, you should obtain from us the current class factors and the related disclosure documents as described on pages S-3 and S-4.

Group 4 SMBS

Characteristics of the Group 4 SMBS

Notional Principal Balance*	Pass- Through Rate	SMBS Trust and Class Designation
\$7,520,512.46	4.50%	417-C10

^{*} These are interest only SMBS certificates.

Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans

Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Loan Age (in months)	Interest Rate
\$7,520,512.46	360	268	76	5.0899%

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans underlying the Group 4 SMBS will differ from those shown above, and may differ significantly. See "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—Yields on the SMBS certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the related mortgage loans" in the SMBS Prospectus.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on June 29, 2018.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Record Date

On each distribution date, we will make each monthly payment on the certificates to holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry	Physical
All classes of certificates other than the R Class	R Class

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement.

During the initial interest accrual period, the FA and SA Classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During each subsequent interest accrual period, the FA and SA Classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

Class	Initial	Maximum	Minimum	Formula for
	Interest	Interest	Interest	Calculation of
	Rate	Rate	Rate	Interest Rate(1)
FA		$6.50\% \\ 6.20\%$	$0.30\% \\ 0.00\%$	LIBOR + 30 basis points 6.2% - LIBOR

⁽¹⁾ We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the "ICE Method."

Notional Classes

The notional principal balances of the notional classes specified below will equal the percentages of the outstanding balance specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

Class	
SA	100% of the FA Class
IO	53.8461526548% of the AB Class
BI	45.45461166% of the BA Class
JI	100% of the aggregate notional principal balance of
	the Group 4 Underlying REMIC Certificates
	and the Group 4 SMBS
IJ	100% of the aggregate notional principal balance of
	the Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR
	Certificates

Distributions of Principal

For a description of the principal payment priorities, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal" in this prospectus supplement.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

]	PSA Prep	ayment	Assumpt	ion	
Group 1 Classes	0%	100%	199%	300%	400%	500%	600%
A, FA and SA	19.9	10.8	7.3	5.4	4.3	3.6	3.1
		P	SA Prepa	yment A	ssumpti	on	
Group 2 Classes	0%	100%	236%	500%	800%	1100%	1600%
IO and AB	21.1	4.7	3.6	2.2	1.4	0.9	0.3
		P	SA Prepa	yment A	ssumpti	on	
Group 3 Classes	0%	100%	234%	500%	800%	1100%	1600%
BI and BA	12.6	4.2	3.3	2.1	1.4	0.9	0.3
]	PSA Prep	ayment	Assumpt	ion	
Group 4 Class	0%	100%	234%	300%	400%	500%	600%
JI	17.6	8.3	5.2	4.2	3.3	2.6	2.1
		1	PSA Prep	ayment	Assumpt	ion	
Group 5 Class	0%	100%	234%	300%	400%	500%	600%
IJ	15.0	6.9	4.0	3.3	2.5	2.0	1.6

^{*} Determined as specified under "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

Recent natural disasters may present a risk of increased mortgage loan defaults. In late summer 2017, Hurricane Harvey, Hurricane Irma and Hurricane Maria resulted in catastrophic damage to extensive areas of the Southeastern United States, (including coastal Texas and Louisiana and coastal and inland Florida and Georgia), Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands. The full extent of the physical damage resulting from the foregoing events, including severe flooding, high winds and environmental contamination, as applicable, remains uncertain. Thousands of people have been displaced and interruptions in the affected regional economies have significant. Although the long-term effects are unclear, these events could lead to a general economic downturn in the affected regions, including job losses and declines in real estate values. Accordingly, the rate of defaults on mortgage loans in the affected areas may increase. Any such increase will result in early payments of principal to holders of certificates (and early decreases in notional principal balances of interest only certificates) backed by MBS with underlying mortgage loans secured by properties in the affected areas.

Uncertainty as to the determination of LIBOR and the potential phasing out of LIBOR after 2021 may adversely affect the value of certain certificates. On July 27, 2017, regulatory authorities in the United Kingdom announced their intention to stop persuading or compelling banks to submit LIBOR rates after 2021. In early 2018, ICE stated its intention to continue to administer and quote LIBOR after 2021, possibly employing an alternative methodology. Therefore, assurance can be given that LIBOR on any date accurately represents the London interbank rate or the rate applicable to actual loans in U.S. dollars for the relevant period between leading European banks, or that the underlying methodology for LIBOR will not change. Efforts to identify a set of alternative U.S. dollar reference interest rates include proposals by the Alternative Reference Rates Committee of the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. At present, we are unable to predict the effect of

any alternative reference rates that may be established or any other reforms to LIBOR that may be adopted in the United Kingdom, in the U.S. or elsewhere. Uncertainty as to the nature of such potential changes, alternative reference rates or other reforms may adversely affect the trading market for LIBOR-based securities, including certificates with interest rates that adjust based on LIBOR. Moreover, future reform. any replacement or disappearance of LIBOR may adversely affect the value of and return on the affected certificates.

The use of an alternative method or index in place of LIBOR for determining monthly interest rates may adversely affect the value of certain certificates. As discussed in the REMIC Prospectus under "Risk Factors-Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment-Intercontinental Exchange BenchmarkAdministration is the new LIBOR administrator" and in this prospectus supplement under "Description of the Certificates-Distributions of Interest," we may in our discretion designate an alternative method or, if appropriate, an alternative index for the determination of monthly interest rates on the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes if, among other things, we determine that continued reliance on the customary method for determining LIBOR is no longer viable. We can provide no assurance that any such alternative method or index will yield the same or similar economic results over the lives of the related classes. In addition, although our designation of any alternative method or index will take into account various factors, including then-prevailing industry practices, there can be no assurance that broadly-adopted industry practices develop, and it is uncertain what effect any divergent industry practices will have on the value of and return on the certificates.

Payments on the Group 5 Class will be affected by the applicable payment priorities governing the related underlying REMIC and RCR certificates. If you invest in the Group 5 Class, the rate at which you receive payments will be affected by the applicable priority

sequences governing notional principal balance reductions on the related underlying REMIC and RCR certificates.

In particular, as described in the related Underlying REMIC Disclosure Documents, notional principal balance reductions on the Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates are governed by principal balance schedules. As a result, the Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates may receive notional principal balance reductions faster or slower than would otherwise have been the case. Prepayments on the related mortgage loans may have occurred at rates faster or slower than the rates initially high assumed. In certain prepayment scenarios, it is possible that the effect of a principal balance schedule on notional principal balance reductions over time may be eliminated. In such a case, the Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates may receive notional principal balance reductions at rates that vary widely from period to period. This prospectus supplement contains no information as to whether

- the Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates have adhered to the related principal balance schedules,
- any related support classes remain outstanding, or
- the Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates otherwise have performed as originally anticipated.

You may obtain additional information about the underlying REMIC and RCR certificates by reviewing their current class factors in light of other information available in the related Underlying REMIC Disclosure Documents. You may obtain those documents from us as described on page S-3.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading describes the principal features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the "Trust") pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of May 1, 2010 and a supplement thereto dated as of June 1, 2018 (the "Issue Date"). The trust agreement and supplement are collectively referred to as the "Trust Agreement." We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the "Certificates") pursuant to the Trust Agreement. We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the "Trustee").

The assets of the Trust will include:

- three groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the "Group 1 MBS," "Group 2 MBS" and "Group 3 MBS," and together, the "Trust MBS"),
- two groups of previously issued REMIC and RCR Certificates (the "Group 4 Underlying REMIC Certificates" and "Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates," and together, the "Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates") issued from the related Fannie Mae REMIC trusts (the "Underlying REMIC Trusts"), as further described in Exhibit A, and
- one group of previously issued Fannie Mae Stripped Mortgage-Backed Securities (the "Group 4 SMBS").

The Group 4 SMBS represent beneficial ownership interests in certain interest distributions on mortgage loans underlying certain Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates.

The Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates evidence direct or indirect beneficial ownership interests in certain Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (together with the Trust MBS and the Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates backing the Group 4 SMBS, the "MBS").

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family ("single-family"), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the "Mortgage Loans") having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

The Trust will constitute a "real estate mortgage investment conduit" ("REMIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

The following chart contains information about the assets, the "regular interests" and the "residual interest" of the REMIC. The Certificates other than the R Class are collectively referred to as the "Regular Classes" or "Regular Certificates," and the R Class is referred to as the "Residual Class" or "Residual Certificate."

	Assets	Regular Interests	Residual Interest
REMIC	Trust MBS, Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates and Group 4 SMBS		R

Fannie Mae Guaranty. For a description of our guaranties of the Certificates, the MBS, the Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates and the Group 4 SMBS, see the applicable discussions appearing under the heading "Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the REMIC Prospectus, the MBS Prospectus, the Underlying REMIC Disclosure Documents, the SMBS Prospectus and the SMBS Supplement, as applicable. Our guaranties are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States.

Characteristics of Certificates. Except as specified below, we will issue the Certificates in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are "Holders" or "Certificateholders."

We will issue the Residual Certificate in fully registered, certificated form. The "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of the Residual Certificate is its registered owner. The Residual Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the Residual Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "—Characteristics of the Residual Class" below.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

Classes	<u>Denominations</u>
Interest Only and Inverse Floating	\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments
Rate Classes	
All other Classes (except the R Class)	\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

The Trust MBS

The Trust MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. Except as described below, the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years in the case of the Group 1 MBS and Group 2 MBS; and up to 20 years in the case of the Group 3 MBS.

For additional information, see "Summary—Group 1, Group 2 and Group 3 MBS—Characteristics of the Trust MBS" in this prospectus supplement and "The Mortgage Loan Pools" and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

The Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates

The Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates represent beneficial ownership interests in the related Underlying REMIC Trusts. The assets of those trusts consist of MBS (or beneficial ownership interests in MBS) having the general characteristics set forth in the MBS Prospectus. Each MBS evidences beneficial ownership interests in a pool of conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties, as described under "The Mortgage Loan Pools" and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

Distributions on the Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates will be passed through monthly, beginning in the month after we issue the Certificates. The general characteristics of the Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates are described in the related Underlying REMIC and RCR Disclosure Documents. See Exhibit A for certain additional information about the Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates. Exhibit A is provided in lieu of a Final Data Statement with respect to the Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates.

For further information about the Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates, telephone us at 800-2FANNIE. Additional information about the Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates is also available at https://mbsdisclosure.fanniemae.com/PoolTalk2/index.html. There may have been material changes in facts and circumstances since the dates we prepared the Underlying REMIC Disclosure Documents. These may include changes in prepayment speeds, prevailing interest rates and other economic factors. As a result, the usefulness of the information set forth in those documents may be limited.

The Group 4 SMBS

The general characteristics of the Group 4 SMBS are described in the SMBS Prospectus and in the related SMBS Supplement. The Group 4 SMBS provide that certain interest amounts on the Mortgage Loans underlying the related MBS are passed through monthly.

The general characteristics of the MBS are described in the MBS Prospectus. Each MBS evidences beneficial ownership interest in a pool of conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing Mortgage Loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years. See "The Mortgage Loan Pools" and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

For additional information about the Group 4 SMBS, see "Summary—Group 4 SMBS—Characteristics of the Group 4 SMBS" in this prospectus supplement.

Distributions of Interest

General. The Certificates will bear interest at the rates specified in this prospectus supplement. Interest to be paid on each Certificate on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date.

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at interest rates based on LIBOR. We currently establish LIBOR on the basis of the "ICE Method" as generally described under "Description of the Certificates-Distributions on Certificates-Interest Distributions-Indices for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes" in the REMIC Prospectus. For a description of recent developments affecting LIBOR calculations, see "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—Intercontinental Exchange Benchmark Administration is the new LIBOR administrator" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Additional Risk Factors—Uncertainty as to the determination of LIBOR and the potential phasing out of LIBOR after 2021 may adversely affect the value of certain certificates" in this prospectus supplement. If we determine that the methods for establishing LIBOR are no longer viable or that prevailing industry practices with respect to benchmark rates have transitioned, or are very likely to transition, away from the use of LIBOR, we may in our discretion designate an alternative method or, if appropriate, an alternative index for the determination of monthly interest rates on the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. In making any such designation, we will take into account general comparability and other factors, including then-prevailing industry practices. Further, we may also determine the business day convention, the definition of business day, the reference rate date and the determination date to be used and any other methodology for calculating the alternative method or index, and we may apply an adjustment factor to any designated alternative index as deemed appropriate to better achieve comparability to the current index and otherwise in keeping with industry-accepted practices. See "Additional Risk Factors-The use of an alternative method or index in place of LIBOR for determining monthly interest rates may adversely affect the value of certain certificates" in this prospectus supplement.

Delay Classes and No-Delay Classes. The "Delay" Classes and "No-Delay" Classes are set forth in the following table:

Delay Classes

No-Delay Classes

Fixed Rate Classes

FA and SA Classes

See "Description of the Certificates—Distributions on Certificates—Interest Distributions" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Distributions of Principal

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will make payments of principal on the Classes of Certificates as described below.

• Group 1

The Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount to FA and A, pro rata, until retired.

Pass-Through Classes

The "Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount" is the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS.

• Group 2

The Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount to AB, until retired.

Pass-Through Class

The "Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount" is the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS.

• *Group 3*

The Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount to BA, until retired.

Pass-Through Class

The "Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount" is the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the actual characteristics of each pool of Mortgage Loans backing the Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates, the applicable priority sequences governing notional principal balance reductions on the Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates, and the following assumptions (such characteristics and assumptions, collectively, the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates specified under "Summary—Group 1, Group 2 and Group 3 MBS—Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 4 SMBS have the original term to maturity, remaining term to maturity, loan age and interest rate specified under "Summary—Group 4 SMBS—Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related tables;
- the settlement date for the Certificates is June 29, 2018; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans underlying the Trust MBS and the Group 4 SMBS will differ from the assumed characteristics shown in the Summary, and may differ significantly. See "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—Yields on and weighted average lives of the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the mortgage loans backing the series trust assets" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Prepayment Assumptions. The prepayment model used in this prospectus supplement is PSA. For a description of PSA, see "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus. It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any constant PSA rate or at any other constant rate.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the Index. **The tables below are provided for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a forecast or prediction of the actual yields on the applicable Classes.** We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of
 cash flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present
 values of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase
 prices of those Classes, and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments (or notional principal balance reductions) on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes. The yields to investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on each Fixed Rate Interest Only Class would be 0% if prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans were to occur at the following constant rates:

Class	% PSA
IO	264%
BI	259%
JI	228%
IJ	213%

For any Fixed Rate Interest Only Class, if the actual prepayment rate of the related Mortgage Loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling that level for the remaining months, the investors in the applicable Class would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the following yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of the original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
IO	21.50000%
BI	17.12500%
JI	23.43125%
IJ	19.00000%

^{*} The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

In the following yield tables, the symbol * is used to represent a yield of less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the IO Class to Prepayments

			PSA Pi	epayment A	Assumption		
	50%	100%	236%	500%	800%	1100%	1600%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	14.3%	11.1%	1.9%	(17.1)%	(41.8)%	(71.3)%	*

Sensitivity of the BI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	50%	100%	234%	500%	800%	1100%	1600%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	13.9%	10.7%	1.7%	(17.5)%	(42.0)%	(71.4)%	*

Sensitivity of the JI Class to Prepayments

			PSA P	repayment	t Assumptio	n	
	50%	100%	234%	300%	400%	500%	600%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	11.8%	8.6%	(0.4)%	(5.0)%	(12.2)%	(19.6)%	(27.4)%

Sensitivity of the IJ Class to Prepayments

			PSA Pr	epayment	Assumption	n	
	50%	100%	234%	300%	400%	500%	600%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	15.4%	10.9%	(1.9)%	(8.9)%	(20.6)%	(33.3)%	(46.7)%

The Inverse Floating Rate Class. The yield on the Inverse Floating Rate Class will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the table below, it is possible that investors in the Inverse Floating Rate Class would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the following yield table has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rate for the Inverse Floating Rate Class for the initial Interest Accrual Period is the rate listed in the table under "Summary—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified levels of the Index, and
- the aggregate purchase price of that Class (expressed as a percentage of original principal balance) is as follows:

Class	Price*
SA	15.203125%

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table below.

In the following yield table, the symbol * is used to represent a yield of less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SA Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

			PSA Pre	epayment As	sumption		
LIBOR	50%	100%	199%	300%	400%	500%	600%
0.93845%	32.4%	29.8%	24.7%	19.3%	14.0%	8.5%	2.9%
$1.87690\% \dots \dots$	25.4%	22.8%	17.5%	12.0%	6.5%	0.9%	(4.9)%
3.87690%	10.4%	7.7%	2.2%	(3.6)%	(9.5)%	(15.5)%	(21.8)%
5.87690%	(9.7)%	(12.5)%	(18.0)%	(23.9)%	(30.0)%	(36.3)%	(42.9)%
6.20000%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

For a description of how the weighted average life of a Certificate is determined, see "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal distributions, and
- in the case of the Group 5 Class, the applicable priority sequences governing notional principal balance reductions on the related Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates.

See "—Distributions of Principal" above and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal" in the Underlying REMIC Disclosure Documents.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions.

In the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, however, we assumed that the Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

Mortgage Loans Backing Trust Assets Specified Below	Original Terms to Maturity	Remaining Terms to Maturity	Interest Rates
Group 1 MBS	360 months	360 months	7.00%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	360 months	9.00%
Group 3 MBS	240 months	240 months	8.00%
Group 4 Underlying REMIC Certificates	360 months	(1)	7.00%
Group 4 SMBS	360 months	360 months	7.00%
Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates	360 months	(2)	7.00%

⁽¹⁾ The Mortgage Loans backing the Group 4 Underlying REMIC Certificates specified below are assumed to have the following remaining terms to maturity:

Class	Remaining Terms to Maturity
2012-132-IM	293 months
2015-27-LI	322 months
2015-30-JI	322 months

(2) The Mortgage Loans backing the Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates specified below are assumed to have the following remaining terms to maturity:

Class	Remaining Terms to Maturity
2012-44-EI	286 months
2014-25-PI	310 months
2014-33-PI	311 months
2015-16-IM	321 months
2016-63-HI	*

^{*} The Class 2016-63-HI REMIC Certificate is backed by the Fannie Mae REMIC and RCR Certificates listed below. The Mortgage Loans backing those certificates are assumed to have the following remaining terms to maturity:

Class	Remaining Terms to Maturity
2012-83-PE	289 months
2013-130-CB	306 months
2013-130-PC	306 months
2014-83-MP	317 months
2015-22-DB	321 months
2015-38-PA	323 months
2015-40-LG	323 months

It is unlikely that all of the Mortgage Loans will have the loan ages, interest rates or remaining terms to maturity assumed, or that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates, even if the weighted average remaining term to maturity and the weighted average loan age of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the weighted averages specified in the Pricing Assumptions. This is the case because pools of loans with identical weighted averages are nonetheless likely to reflect differing dispersions of the related characteristics.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

A, FA and SA† Classes IO† and AB Classes PSA Prepayment Assumption PSA Prepayment Assumption Date 0% 100% 199% 300% 400% 500% 600% 0% 100% 236% 500% 800% 1100% 1600% Initial Percent
June 2019 100 97 $100 \\ 91 \\ 74$ 100 99 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 88 76 95 93 89 80 65 $\frac{48}{23}$ 32 85 74 64 42 27 17 June 2020 91 80 69 99 63 10 55 41 31 11 5 2 97 95 June 2021 June 2022 $\frac{64}{52}$ $\frac{47}{33}$ $\frac{40}{25}$ 98 97 65 54 44 35 26 17 49 38 $\begin{array}{c} 84\\78\\71\\66\\60\\55\\146\\42\\38\\35\\22\\20\\17\\15\\\end{array}$ 94 93 91 28 20 14 June 2023 42 $22 \\ 15 \\ 10 \\ 7 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 1$ 96 10 95 94 92 33 27 23 17 10 6 0 $\frac{47}{41}$ $_{*}^{1}$ 6 3 2 June 2026 $\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 30 \\ 26 \\ 22 \\ 19 \\ 16 \end{array}$ 21 13 8 4 1 June 2027 June 2028 $\begin{array}{c} 17 \\ 14 \end{array}$ 9 2 0 88 86 84 82 79 77 74 71 68 65 61 57 53 49 9 91 89 1 0 0 0 June 2029 11 88 June 2030 0 0 86 84 82 79 77 74 71 67 0 9 7 5 0 0 June 2031 13 0 11 9 8 7 5 0 4 3 2 0 0 0 0 0 June 2034 0 0 0 June 2037 64 59 55 0 0 0 0 0 June 2038 4 June 2039 $\frac{4}{3}$ $\frac{13}{11}$ June 2040 50 45 39 44 39 34 28 June 2041 0 0 0 0 June 2042 $\bar{2}$ June 2043 32 0 June 2044 0 June 2045 0 0 25 0 0 June 2046 June 2047 0 0 0 8 9 0 0 ŏ ŏ ŏ ŏ ŏ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Weighted Average Life (years)** 19.9 10.8 7.3 4.3 3.6 3.1 21.1 4.73.6 2.2 1.4 0.9 0.3 5.4

	BI† and BA Classes											
	PSA Prepayment Assumption											
Date	0%	100%	234%	500%	800%	1100%	1600%					
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100					
June 2019	98	86	79	64	48	31	4					
June 2020	96	73	61	41	22	10	*					
June 2021	93	61	47	25	10	3	*					
June 2022	90	50	35	15	5	1	*					
June 2023	88	39	25	9	2	*	*					
June 2024	84	29	17	5	1	*	0					
June 2025	81	20	11	3	*	*	0					
June 2026	77	11	5	1	*	*	0					
June 2027	73	3	1	*	*	*	0					
June 2028	69	0	0	0	0	0	0					
June 2029	64	0	0	0	0	0	0					
June 2030	59	0	0	0	0	0	0					
June 2031	54	0	0	0	0	0	0					
June 2032	48	0	0	0	0	0	0					
June 2033	41	0	0	0	0	0	0					
June 2034	34	0	0	0	0	0	0					
June 2035	27	0	0	0	0	0	0					
June 2036	18	0	0	0	0	0	0					
June 2037	10	0	0	0	0	0	0					
June 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Weighted Average												
Life (years)**	12.6	4.2	3.3	2.1	1.4	0.9	0.3					

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

				JI† Class							IJ† Class			
			PSA A	A Prepayn Assumptio	nent on			PSA Prepayment Assumption						
Date	0%	100%	234%	300%	400%	500%	600%	0%	100%	234%	300%	400%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2019	99	92	84	80	74	68	62	98	90	82	78	71	64	58
June 2020	97	84	70	64	55	46	39	96	81	66	59	49	39	31
June 2021	96	76	58	51	40	31	24	94	73	53	44	32	22	14
June 2022	94	69	48	40	30	21	15	92	65	42	32	20	11	6
June 2023	92	63	40	32	22	14	9	90	57	32	23	11	5	2
June 2024	91	57	33	25	16	10	6	87	51	24	15	7	2	1
June 2025	89	51	27	20	12	6	3	85	44	17	9	3	1	*
June 2026	87	46	22	15	8	4	2	82	38	12	6	2	*	0
June 2027	84	41	18	12	6	3	1	79	32	8	4	1	0	0
June 2028	82	36	15	9	4	$\tilde{2}$	$\bar{1}$	75	$\overline{27}$	5	$\bar{2}$	*	Õ	Õ
June 2029	79	32	12	7	3	1	*	72	22	4	1	*	0	0
June 2030	76	28	9	5	$\tilde{2}$	1	*	68	17	$\overline{2}$	ī	0	Õ	Õ
June 2031	73	$\overline{24}$	8	4	$\bar{2}$	ī	*	64	13	$\bar{2}$	*	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
June 2032	70	20	6	3	1	*	*	60	9	1	*	Õ	Õ	Õ
June 2033	67	17	4	$\overset{\circ}{2}$	ī	*	*	55	6	1	0	ŏ	ŏ	Õ
June 2034	63	14	3	$\bar{2}$	*	*	*	50	4	*	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
June 2035	59	11	2	ĩ	*	*	*	45	3	*	ŏ	0	ő	ő
June 2036	55	9	$\frac{1}{2}$	i	*	*	*	39	2	0	ŏ	0	ő	Õ
June 2037	50	6	1	*	*	*	*	33	ī	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ő	Õ
June 2038	45	4	1	*	*	*	*	26	1	0	0	0	0	0
June 2039	40	2	*	*	*	*	*	19	*	0	0	0	0	0
June 2040	34	*	*	*	*	*	*	14	*	0	Ŏ	0	0	0
June 2041	28	*	*	*	*	*	*	10	*	Õ	0	Õ	0	0
June 2042	$\frac{20}{22}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2043	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2044	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	ე 1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2045 June 2046	9 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2047	$\frac{4}{2}$	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
						0	0	0			0	0	0	0
June 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average														
Life (years)**	17.6	8.3	5.2	4.2	3.3	2.6	2.1	15.0	6.9	4.0	3.3	2.5	2.0	1.6

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

II+ Class

** Determined as specified under "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Characteristics of the Residual Class

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. See "Description of the Certificates—Special Characteristics of the Residual Certificates" and "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Treasury Department regulations (the "Regulations") provide that a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. A Residual Certificate will constitute a noneconomic residual interest under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate had "improper knowledge" at the time of the transfer. See "Description of the Certificates—Special Characteristics of the Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax

consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes

We will make a REMIC election with respect to the REMIC set forth in the table under "Description of the Certificates—General—Structure." The Regular Classes will be designated as "regular interests" and the Residual Class will be designated as the "residual interest" in the REMIC as set forth in that table. Thus, the Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, as "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the Residual Class, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Classes will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

Group	Prepayment Assumption
1	199% PSA
2	236% PSA
3	234% PSA
4	234% PSA
5	234% PSA

See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—*Treatment of Original Issue Discount*" in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or at any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The law informally known as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("TCJA"), which was enacted on December 22, 2017, generally requires a beneficial owner of a Regular Certificate that uses an accrual method of accounting for tax purposes to include certain amounts in income no later than the time such amounts are reflected on certain financial statements. Although the precise application of this rule is unclear, it might require the accrual of income earlier than is the case under the general tax rules described under "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. This rule is generally effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, or for Regular Certificates issued with original issue discount, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2018. Prospective investors in Regular Certificates that use an accrual method of accounting for tax purposes are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the potential applicability of this legislation to their particular situations.

We intend to treat the REMIC as a single class REMIC within the meaning of the Treasury regulations under Section 67 of the Code. Accordingly, certain beneficial owners of an A, FA, SA, IO, AB, BI, BA, JI or IJ Class Certificate will be required to include in income a share of the administrative fees of the REMIC. Administrative fees include the costs to service the Mortgage Loans and the guaranty fees paid to Fannie Mae. A beneficial owner's share of such fees generally will be determined by (i) allocating the amount of such expenses for each calendar quarter on a pro rata basis to each day in the calendar quarter, and (ii) allocating the daily amount among the beneficial owners of Regular and Residual Certificates in proportion to their respective amounts of income accruing on the Certificates on that day. We will report the allocable share of such fees in the manner required by the IRS. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Reporting and Other Administrative Matters" in the REMIC Prospectus. For a beneficial owner that is an individual, trust or estate, the TCJA disallows the deduction of its allocable share of the fees or expenses under Section 212 of the Code for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2026. Prospective investors in the A, FA, SA, IO, AB, BI, BA, JI or IJ Classes are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the potential applicability of the TCJA to their particular situations.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

The Holder of a Residual Certificate will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the related REMIC. Such Holder generally will be required to report its daily portion of the taxable income or net loss of the REMIC to which that Certificate relates. In certain periods, a Holder of a Residual Certificate may be required to recognize taxable income without being entitled to receive a corresponding amount of cash. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to the Holder of a Residual Certificate (i) information necessary to enable it to prepare its federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the Residual Class that may be required under the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The TCJA generally denies a deduction for an individual, trust or estate that holds a Residual Certificate of its allocable share of the REMIC's fees or expenses under Section 212 of the Code for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2026. Prospective investors in Residual Certificates are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the potential applicability of this legislation to their particular situations.

Tax Audit Procedures

The Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015, which was enacted on November 2, 2015, repeals and replaces the rules applicable to certain administrative and judicial proceedings regarding a partnership's tax affairs, effective beginning with the 2018 taxable year. Under the new rules, a partnership, including for this purpose a REMIC for a taxable year in which it has multiple Residual Owners, appoints one person to act as its sole representative in connection with IRS audits and related procedures. The representative's actions, including the representative's agreeing to adjustments to taxable income, will bind partners or Residual Owners to a greater degree than would action of the tax matters partner ("TMP") under the rules in effect prior to the 2018 taxable year. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences-Reporting and Other Administrative Matters" in the REMIC Prospectus for a discussion of the TMP. Under the new rules, a REMIC having multiple Residual Owners in a taxable year, unless such REMIC elects otherwise, will be required to pay taxes arising from IRS audit adjustments rather than its Residual Owners. The Trustee, as representative, will have the authority to utilize, and will be directed to utilize, any exceptions available under the new provisions (including changes) and Regulations so that the Residual Owners, to the fullest extent possible, rather than the REMIC itself, will be liable for any taxes arising from audit adjustments to the REMIC's taxable income. An adjustment to the REMIC's taxable income following an IRS audit may have to be taken into account by those Residual Owners in the taxable year in which the adjustment is made rather than in the taxable year to which the adjustment relates, and otherwise in different and potentially less advantageous ways than under the rules in effect prior to the 2018 taxable year. The new rules apply to existing and future REMICs having multiple Residual Owners in a taxable year. The new rules are complex and may be clarified and possibly revised. Residual Owners should discuss with their own tax advisors the possible effect of the new rules on them.

Foreign Investors

Beginning on January 1, 2019, a 30-percent United States withholding tax ("FATCA withholding") will apply to gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of a Regular Certificate that are paid to a non-U.S. entity that is a "financial institution" and fails to comply with certain reporting and other requirements or to a non-U.S. entity that is not a "financial institution" but fails to disclose the identity of its direct or indirect "substantial U.S. owners" or to certify that it has no such owners. FATCA withholding currently applies to payments treated as interest on a Regular Certificate paid to such persons. Various exceptions may apply. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the potential application and impact of this withholding tax based on your particular circumstances. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Foreign Investors" in the REMIC Prospectus.

ADDITIONAL ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion supplements the discussion under "ERISA Considerations" in the REMIC Prospectus regarding important considerations for investors subject to ERISA or section 4975 of the Code. None of Fannie Mae, the Dealers or any of their respective affiliates (collectively, the "Transaction Parties") is undertaking to provide impartial investment advice, or to give advice in a fiduciary capacity, in connection with the acquisition of Certificates by any "plan" or any purchaser using assets of a plan, as described in 29 C.F.R. Section 2510.3-101, as modified by Section 3(42) of ERISA (collectively a "plan investor"). In addition, each beneficial owner of Certificates or any interest therein that is a plan investor, including any fiduciary purchasing the Certificates on behalf of a plan investor ("Plan Fiduciary"), will be deemed by its acquisition of the Certificates to represent that:

- 1. If any of the Transaction Parties has provided, or will provide, advice with respect to the acquisition of the Certificates by the plan investor, it has or will provide advice only to a Plan Fiduciary that is independent of the Transaction Parties giving such advice, if any, and that is one of the following:
 - a bank as defined in Section 202 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the "Advisers Act"), or a similar institution that is regulated and supervised and subject to periodic examination by a State or federal agency;
 - an insurance carrier that is qualified under the laws of more than one State to perform the services of managing, acquiring or disposing of assets of a plan investor;
 - an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act or, if not registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act by reason of paragraph (1) of Section 203A of the Advisers Act, registered as an investment adviser under the laws of the State in which it maintains its principal office and place of business;
 - a broker-dealer registered under the Exchange Act; or
 - a fiduciary that, for so long as the plan investor is invested in the Certificates, will have total assets of at least \$50,000,000 under its management or control (provided that this requirement will not be satisfied if the Plan Fiduciary is either (i) the owner or a relative of the owner of an investing IRA or (ii) a participant or beneficiary or a relative of such participant or beneficiary of the plan investor investing in the Certificates in such capacity).

- 2. The Plan Fiduciary is capable of evaluating investment risks independently, both in general and with respect to particular transactions and investment strategies, including the acquisition by the plan investor of the Certificates.
- 3. The Plan Fiduciary is a "fiduciary" with respect to the plan investor within the meaning of section 3(21) of ERISA or section 4975 of the Code, or both, and an "independent fiduciary" within the meaning of the Fiduciary Rule, and is responsible for exercising independent judgment in evaluating the plan investor's acquisition of the Certificates.
- 4. None of the Transaction Parties has exercised any authority to cause the plan investor to invest in the Certificates or to negotiate the terms of the plan investor's investment in the Certificates.
- 5. Neither the plan investor nor the Plan Fiduciary is paying or has paid a fee or other compensation to any of the Transaction Parties for investment advice (as opposed to other services) in connection with the plan investor's acquisition or holding of the Certificates.
- 6. The Plan Fiduciary has been informed by the Transaction Parties:
 - that none of the Transaction Parties is undertaking to provide impartial investment advice or to give advice in a fiduciary capacity in connection with the plan investor's acquisition of the Certificates; and
 - of the existence and nature of the Transaction Parties' financial interests in the plan investor's acquisition of the Certificates.

These representations are intended to comply with 29 C.F.R. Sections 2510.3-21(a) and (c)(1) (the "Fiduciary Rule"). If these sections of the Fiduciary Rule are revoked, repealed or no longer effective, these representations will be deemed to be no longer in effect.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (the "Dealer") in exchange for the Trust MBS, the Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates and the Group 4 SMBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

CREDIT RISK RETENTION

The Certificates satisfy the requirements of the Credit Risk Retention Rule (12 C.F.R. Part 1234) jointly promulgated by the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA"), the SEC and several other federal agencies. In accordance with 12 C.F.R. 1234.8(a), (i) the Certificates are fully guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by Fannie Mae and (ii) Fannie Mae is operating under the conservatorship of FHFA with capital support from the United States.

EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREA RISK RETENTION

Prospective investors whose investment activities are subject to investment laws and regulations, regulatory capital requirements or review by regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the certificates. Prospective investors should consult legal, tax and accounting advisers for assistance in determining the suitability of and consequences of the purchase, ownership and sale of the certificates.

The application of Articles 404-410 of the European Union Capital Requirements Regulation 575/2013 and similar European Economic Area ("EEA") legislation on risk retention requirements (the "EEA Risk Retention Regulations") to the certificates transaction (the "Transaction") is unclear.

Our exposure to the credit risk related to the Transaction is in the form of our guaranty obligations on the certificates (the "Guaranty Obligations"). Our Guaranty Obligations represent general unsecured obligations. Obligations similar to our Guaranty Obligations have long been a central feature to our mortgage-backed securities issuance programs and our Guaranty Obligations were undertaken in the ordinary course of our business.

In determining the extent to which the EEA Risk Retention Regulations apply to the Transaction, investors subject to the EEA Risk Retention Regulations may wish to consider the guidance appearing in the preamble to the regulatory technical standards contained in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 625/2014 of March 13, 2014, which provides in relevant part: "Where an entity securitises its own liabilities, alignment of interest is established automatically, regardless of whether the final debtor collateralises its debt. Where it is clear that the credit risk remains with the originator the retention of interest by the originator is unnecessary, and would not improve on the pre-existing position." We will remain fully liable under the Guaranty Obligations. We do not intend to collateralize any of our credit exposure under the Guaranty Obligations or the certificates.

In order to assist Applicable Investors (as defined below) in evaluating a potential investment in the certificates, we will enter into a letter agreement on the settlement date pursuant to which we will irrevocably undertake to the certificateholders that, in connection with the EEA Risk Retention Regulations, at the origination and on an ongoing basis, so long as any certificates remain outstanding:

- we will, as originator (for purposes of the EEA Risk Retention Regulations), retain a material net economic interest (the "Retained Interest") in the exposure related to the Transaction of not less than 5% through the Guaranty Obligations;
- neither we nor our affiliates will sell, hedge or otherwise mitigate our credit risk under or associated with the Retained Interest or the mortgage loans, except to the extent permitted in accordance with the EEA Risk Retention Regulations; accordingly, neither we nor our affiliates will, through this transaction or any subsequent transactions, enter into agreements that transfer or hedge more than a 95% pro rata share of the credit risk corresponding to any of the certificates;
- we will, upon written request and further subject to any applicable duty of confidentiality, provide such information in our possession as may reasonably be required to assist the certificateholders to satisfy the due diligence obligations set forth in the EEA Risk Retention Regulations as of the settlement date and at any time prior to maturity of the certificates;
- we will confirm to the trustee for reporting to certificateholders our continued compliance with the undertakings set out at the first and second bullet points above (which confirmation may be by email): (i) on a monthly basis; and (ii) following our determination that the performance of the certificates or the risk characteristics of the certificates or of the mortgage loans has materially changed; and
- we will promptly notify the trustee in writing if for any reason: (i) we cease to hold the Retained Interest in accordance with the first bullet point above; or (ii) we or any of our affiliates fails to comply with the covenants set out in the second and third bullet points above in any way.

"Applicable Investor" means each holder of a beneficial interest in any certificates that is (i) an EEA credit institution or investment firm, (ii) an EEA insurer or reinsurer, (iii) an EEA undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) or (iv) an alternative investment fund to which Directive 2011/61/EU applies.

Prospective investors should also be aware that a new regulatory regime (the "Securitization Regulation") will generally apply from and after January 1, 2019 to securitizations in which

securities are issued after that date. The Securitization Regulation will apply to the types of regulated investors covered by the EEA Risk Retention Regulations and also to (a) UCITS and UCITS management companies, and (b) institutions for occupational retirement provision falling within the scope of Directive (EU) 2016/2341 (subject to certain exceptions), and certain investment managers and authorized entities appointed by such institutions (together, "IORPs"). With regard to securitizations in respect of which the relevant securities are issued before January 1, 2019 ("Pre-2019 Securitizations"), investors that are subject to the EEA Risk Retention Regulations will continue to be subject to the risk retention and due diligence requirements of the EEA Risk Retention Regulations, including on and after that date. The Securitization Regulation makes no express provision for the application of any requirements of the EEA Risk Retention Regulations or of the Securitization Regulation to UCITS or IORPs that hold or acquire any interest in respect of a Pre-2019 Securitization and, accordingly, it is not clear what requirements (if any) will be applicable to those investors. Prospective investors are themselves responsible for monitoring and assessing changes to the EEA Risk Retention Regulations and their regulatory capital requirements.

Each prospective investor in the certificates is required independently to assess and determine whether our disclosure regarding risk retention contained in this prospectus supplement and the prospectus is sufficient for purposes of complying with any applicable risk retention requirements. Neither we nor the trustee or any other person makes any representation or provides any assurance to the effect that the information described in this prospectus supplement or in the prospectus is sufficient for such purposes. Each prospective investor in the certificates that is subject to any retention requirements should consult with its own legal, accounting and other advisors and/or its national regulator in determining the extent to which such information is sufficient for such purpose.

THE CERTIFICATES ARE NOT INTENDED TO BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO, AND SHOULD NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO, ANY RETAIL INVESTOR IN THE EEA. FOR THESE PURPOSES, A RETAIL INVESTOR MEANS A PERSON WHO IS ONE (OR MORE) OF: (I) A RETAIL CLIENT AS DEFINED IN POINT (11) OF ARTICLE 4(1) OF DIRECTIVE 2014/65/EU (AS AMENDED, "MIFID II"); OR (II) A CUSTOMER WITHIN THE MEANING OF DIRECTIVE 2002/92/EC, WHERE THAT CUSTOMER WOULD NOT QUALIFY AS A PROFESSIONAL CLIENT AS DEFINED IN POINT (10) OF ARTICLE 4(1) OF MIFID II; OR (III) NOT A QUALIFIED INVESTOR AS DEFINED IN DIRECTIVE 2003/71/EC, CONSEQUENTLY NO KEY INFORMATION DOCUMENT REQUIRED BY REGULATION (EU) NO 1286/2014 (AS AMENDED, THE "PRIIPS REGULATION") FOR OFFERING OR SELLING THE CERTIFICATES OR OTHERWISE MAKING THEM AVAILABLE TO RETAIL INVESTORS IN THE EEA HAS BEEN PREPARED AND THEREFORE OFFERING OR SELLING THE CERTIFICATES OR OTHERWISE MAKING THEM AVAILABLE TO ANY RETAIL INVESTOR IN THE EEA MAY BE UNLAWFUL UNDER THE PRIIPS REGULATION.

LEGAL MATTERS

Katten Muchin Rosenman LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Group 4 Underlying REMIC Certificates

Underlying REMIC Trust	Class	Date of Issue	CUSIP Number	Interest Rate	Interest Type(1)	Final Distribution Date	Principal Type(1)	Notional Principal Balance of Class	June 2018 Class Factor	Notional Principal Balance in the Trust	Approximate Weighted Average WAC	Weighted Average WAM (in months)	Weighted Average WALA (in months)
2012-132	IM	November 2012	3136AANG6	4.5%	FIX/IO	December 2042	NTL	\$20,000,000	0.31939050	\$ 6,387,810.00	4.997%	264	85
2015-27	LI	April 2015	3136ANWA1	4.5	FIX/IO	May 2045	NTL	21,811,528	0.48760140	10,635,331.59	4.905	257	90
2015-30	JI	April 2015	3136ANRW9	4.5	FIX/IO	May 2045	NTL	13,599,988	0.47991174	6,526,793.91	4.927	263	86

⁽¹⁾ See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Group 5 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates

Underlying REMIC Trust	Class	Date of Issue	CUSIP Number	Interest Rate	Interest Type(1)	Final Distribution Date	Principal Type(1)	Original Notional Principal Balance of Class	June 2018 Class Factor	Notional Principal Balance in the Trust	Approximate Weighted Average WAC	Approximate Weighted Average WAM (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average WALA (in months)
2012-44	EI	April 2012	3136A5F84	4.5%	FIX/IO	June 2041	NTL	\$183,468,444	0.29229415	\$10,444,254.86	5.089%	265	84
2014-25	PΙ	April 2014	3136AJ3S3	4.5	FIX/IO	October 2043	NTL	8,436,000	0.41390770	1,745,862.68	4.903	259	90
2014-33	PΙ	May 2014	3136AKAX1	4.5	FIX/IO	April 2043	NTL	15,140,444	0.41512395	3,557,704.41	4.924	259	90
2015-16	IM	March 2015	3136ANBS5	4.5	FIX/IO	January 2045	NTL	80,776,888	0.58136433	10,593,749.30	5.006	267	82
2016-63	HI	August 2016	3136ATXW9	4.5	FIX/IO	March 2045	NTL	15,348,728	0.67888425	10,420,009.70	(2)	(2)	(2)

 ⁽¹⁾ See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.
 (2) The Class 2016-63-HI REMIC Certificate is backed by the Fannie Mae REMIC and RCR certificates listed below having the following characteristics:

Interest Type	Principal Type	Approximate Weighted Average WAC	Weighted Average WAM (in months)	Weighted Average WALA (in months)
FIX	PAC	4.929%	265	86
FIX	PAC/AD	4.952	266	83
FIX	PAC	4.885	262	89
FIX	PAC/AD	5.062	296	52
FIX	PAC/AD	5.043	308	46
FIX	PAC/AD	5.070	309	46
FIX	PAC	4.887	307	46
	FIX FIX FIX FIX FIX FIX FIX FIX	Type Type FIX PAC FIX PAC/AD FIX PAC/AD FIX PAC/AD FIX PAC/AD FIX PAC/AD FIX PAC/AD	Interest Type	Interest Principal Type Weighted Average WAM (in months)

Note: For any pool of Mortgage Loans backing an underlying REMIC or RCR certificate, if a preliminary calculation indicated that the sum of the WAM and WALA for that pool exceeded the longest original term to maturity of any Mortgage Loan in the pool, the WALA used in determining the information shown in the related table was reduced as necessary to insure that the sum of the WAM and WALA does not exceed such original term to maturity.

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in or incorporated into this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. We take no responsibility for any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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\$95,565,950



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates

Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2018-51

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

J.P. Morgan

June 25, 2018