

\$728,188,639



**Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2018-35**

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this cover.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual classes), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We will pay principal at rates that may vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are available for distribution to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

Carefully consider the risk factors on page S-7 of this prospectus supplement and starting on page 14 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are “exempted securities” under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Class	Group	Original Class Balance	Principal Type(1)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(1)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
IO	1	\$175,700,509(2)	NTL	3.000%	FIX/IO	3136B1C77	May 2048
PO	1	175,700,509	PT	0.000	PO	3136B1C85	May 2048
FA	2	98,228,063	PT	(3)	FLT	3136B1C93	May 2048
SA	2	98,228,063(2)	NTL	(3)	INV/IO	3136B1D27	May 2048
CA(4)	2	180,000,000	SEQ	3.000	FIX	3136B1D35	May 2044
CV(4)	2	14,393,000	SEQ/AD	3.000	FIX	3136B1D43	September 2029
VC(4)	2	15,419,000	SEQ/AD	3.000	FIX	3136B1D50	August 2038
CZ(4)	2	35,758,157	SEQ	3.000	FIX/Z	3136B1D68	May 2048
LA	3	130,206,181	SEQ	3.125	FIX	3136B1D76	November 2047
LI	3	13,950,662(2)	NTL	3.500	FIX/IO	3136B1D84	November 2047
LV(4)	3	1,561,285	SEQ/AD	3.500	FIX	3136B1D92	August 2029
LZ(4)	3	3,257,746	SEQ	3.500	FIX/Z	3136B1E26	May 2048
KA	4	20,000,000	TAC/AD	3.500	FIX	3136B1E34	May 2048
ZK	4	1,000	TAC/AD	3.500	FIX/Z	3136B1E42	May 2048
KI	4	2,500,125(2)	NTL	4.000	FIX/IO	3136B1E59	May 2048
KZ	4	3,529,000	SUP	4.000	FIX/Z	3136B1E67	May 2048
EA	5	14,324,200	PT	3.000	FIX	3136B1E75	May 2048
FE	5	35,810,498	PT	(3)	FLT	3136B1E83	May 2048
SE	5	35,810,498(2)	NTL	(3)	INV/IO	3136B1E91	May 2048
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	3136B1F25	May 2048
RL		0	NPR	0	NPR	3136B1F33	May 2048

- (1) See “Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations” in the REMIC prospectus.
(2) Notional principal balances. These Classes are interest only classes. See page S-6 for a description of how their notional principal balances are calculated.

- (3) Based on LIBOR.
(4) Exchangeable classes.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for certificates of the corresponding RCR classes to be delivered at the time of exchange. The CB, CD and LB Classes are the RCR classes. For a more detailed description of the RCR classes, see Schedule 1 attached to this prospectus supplement and “Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination—RCR Certificates” in the REMIC prospectus.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be April 30, 2018.

Credit Suisse

The date of this Prospectus Supplement is April 24, 2018

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the “Disclosure Documents”):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated June 1, 2014 (the “REMIC Prospectus”);
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated
 - June 1, 2016, for all MBS issued on or after June 1, 2016,
 - October 1, 2014, for all MBS issued on or after October 1, 2014 and prior to June 1, 2016,
 - March 1, 2013, for all MBS issued on or after March 1, 2013 and prior to October 1, 2014,
 - February 1, 2012, for all MBS issued on or after February 1, 2012 and prior to March 1, 2013,
 - July 1, 2011, for all MBS issued on or after July 1, 2011 and prior to February 1, 2012,
 - June 1, 2009, for all MBS issued on or after January 1, 2009 and prior to July 1, 2011,
 - April 1, 2008, for all MBS issued on or after June 1, 2007 and prior to January 1, 2009, or
 - January 1, 2006, for all other MBS(as applicable, the “MBS Prospectus”); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below and under the heading “Incorporation by Reference” in the REMIC Prospectus.

For a description of current servicing policies generally applicable to existing Fannie Mae MBS pools, see “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in the MBS Prospectus dated June 1, 2016.

The MBS Prospectus is incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that we are disclosing information in that document by referring you to it. That document is considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with that document.

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae
MBS Helpline
3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S
Washington, D.C. 20016
(telephone 800-2FANNIE).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus by writing or calling the dealer at:

Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC
Prospectus Department
11 Madison Avenue
New York, NY 10010-3629
(telephone 212-325-2580).

SUMMARY

This summary contains only limited information about the certificates. Statistical information in this summary is provided as of April 1, 2018. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3. In particular, please see the discussion of risk factors that appears in each of those additional disclosure documents.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

<u>Group</u>	<u>Assets</u>
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS
3	Group 3 MBS
4	Group 4 MBS
5	Group 5 MBS

Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4 and Group 5

Characteristics of the MBS

	<u>Approximate Principal Balance</u>	<u>Pass- Through Rate</u>	<u>Range of Weighted Average Coupons or WACs (annual percentages)</u>	<u>Range of Weighted Average Remaining Terms to Maturity or WAMs (in months)</u>
Group 1 MBS	\$175,700,509	3.00%	3.25% to 5.50%	241 to 360
Group 2 MBS	\$343,798,220	4.00%	4.25% to 6.50%	241 to 360
Group 3 MBS	\$135,025,212	3.50%	3.75% to 6.00%	220 to 360
Group 4 MBS	\$ 23,530,000	4.00%	4.25% to 6.50%	241 to 360
Group 5 MBS	\$ 50,134,698	5.50%	5.75% to 8.00%	182 to 360

Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans

	<u>Principal Balance</u>	<u>Original Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Loan Age (in months)</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>
Group 1 MBS	\$175,700,509	360	354	6	3.830%
Group 2 MBS	\$343,798,220	360	355	4	4.460%
Group 3 MBS	\$135,025,212	360	221	83	4.090%
Group 4 MBS	\$ 23,530,000	360	357	1	4.665%
Group 5 MBS	\$ 50,134,698	360	182	165	5.952%

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans underlying the MBS will differ from those shown above, and may differ significantly. See “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—*Yields on and weighted average lives of the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the mortgage loans backing the series trust assets*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on April 30, 2018.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Record Date

On each distribution date, we will make each monthly payment on the certificates to holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry

All classes of certificates other than the R and RL Classes

Physical

R and RL Classes

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certificates of a class designated as “exchangeable” on the cover of this prospectus supplement, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We will deliver the RCR certificates upon such exchange.

We will apply principal and interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During each subsequent interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Initial Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maximum Interest Rate</u>	<u>Minimum Interest Rate</u>	<u>Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate(1)</u>
FA	2.1960%	6.50%	0.30%	LIBOR + 30 basis points
SA	4.3040%	6.20%	0.00%	6.2% – LIBOR
FE	2.1275%	6.50%	0.25%	LIBOR + 25 basis points
SE	4.3725%	6.25%	0.00%	6.25% – LIBOR

(1) We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the “ICE Method.”

Notional Classes

The notional principal balances of the notional classes specified below will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

<u>Class</u>	
IO	100% of the PO Class
SA	100% of the FA Class
LI	10.7142855223% of the LA Class
KI	12.5% of the <i>sum</i> of the KA and ZK Classes
SE	100% of the FE Class

Distributions of Principal

For a description of the principal payment priorities, see “Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal” in this prospectus supplement.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

<u>Group 1 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>118%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>
IO and PO	19.0	10.4	9.6	7.0	5.2	4.1	3.4	2.9

Group 2 Classes	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	190%	300%	400%	500%	600%
FA, SA and CD	19.6	10.6	7.4	5.3	4.2	3.5	3.0
CA	16.5	6.8	4.5	3.2	2.6	2.2	2.0
CV	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.1	4.4	3.8	3.4
VC	16.0	14.8	10.9	7.9	6.3	5.2	4.5
CZ	28.1	21.9	17.0	12.6	10.0	8.2	6.9
CB	28.1	21.2	15.6	11.1	8.7	7.1	5.9

<u>Group 3 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>110%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>
LA and LI	18.9	6.8	6.6	4.8	3.6	2.8	2.2	1.8
LV	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.5	5.0
LZ	29.8	17.7	17.7	16.6	14.6	12.4	10.5	8.9
LB	29.8	17.7	17.7	16.6	14.6	12.3	10.3	8.6

<u>Group 4 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>									
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>144%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>700%</u>	<u>1000%</u>	<u>1400%</u>	<u>1800%</u>
KA	14.5	7.1	5.9	6.0	6.1	4.2	3.2	2.4	1.9	1.5
ZK	23.8	15.2	12.9	14.2	29.5	25.6	19.2	12.6	7.3	2.2
KI	14.5	7.1	5.9	6.0	6.1	4.2	3.2	2.4	1.9	1.5
KZ	27.1	21.3	18.8	14.2	2.1	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5

<u>Group 5 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>								
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>235%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>600%</u>	<u>800%</u>	<u>1000%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
EA, FE and SE	20.5	6.4	4.4	3.8	3.0	2.0	1.5	1.1	0.7

* Determined as specified under “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

Recent natural disasters may present a risk of increased mortgage loan defaults. In late summer 2017, Hurricane Harvey, Hurricane Irma and Hurricane Maria resulted in catastrophic damage to extensive areas of the Southeastern United States (including coastal Texas and Louisiana and coastal and inland Florida and Georgia), Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands. The full extent of the physical damage resulting from the foregoing events, including severe flooding, high winds and environmental contamination, remains uncertain. Thousands of people have been displaced and interruptions in the affected regional economies have been significant. Although the long-term effects are unclear, these events could lead to a general economic downturn in the affected regions, including job losses and declines in real estate values. Accordingly, the rate of defaults on mortgage loans in the affected areas may increase. Any such increase will result in early payments of principal to holders of certificates (and early decreases in notional principal balances of interest only certificates) backed by MBS with underlying mortgage loans secured by properties in the affected areas.

Uncertainty as to the determination of LIBOR and the potential phasing out of LIBOR after 2021 may adversely affect the value of certain certificates. On July 27, 2017, regulatory authorities in the United Kingdom announced their intention to stop persuading or compelling banks to submit LIBOR rates after 2021. Accordingly, it is uncertain whether ICE will continue to quote LIBOR after 2021. Efforts to identify a set of alternative U.S. dollar reference interest rates include proposals by the Alternative Reference Rates Committee of the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. At present, we are unable to predict the effect of any alternative reference rates that

may be established or any other reforms to LIBOR that may be adopted in the United Kingdom, in the U.S. or elsewhere. Uncertainty as to the nature of such potential changes, alternative reference rates or other reforms may adversely affect the trading market for LIBOR-based securities, including certificates with interest rates that adjust based on LIBOR. Moreover, any future reform, replacement or disappearance of LIBOR may adversely affect the value of and return on the affected certificates.

The use of an alternative method or index in place of LIBOR for determining monthly interest rates may adversely affect the value of certain certificates. As discussed in the REMIC Prospectus under “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—Intercontinental Exchange Benchmark Administration is the new LIBOR administrator” and in this prospectus supplement under “Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest,” we may in our discretion designate an alternative method or, if appropriate, an alternative index for the determination of monthly interest rates on the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes if, among other things, we determine that continued reliance on the customary method for determining LIBOR is no longer viable. We can provide no assurance that any such alternative method or index will yield the same or similar economic results over the lives of the related classes. In addition, although our designation of any alternative method or index will take into account various factors, including then-prevailing industry practices, there can be no assurance that broadly-adopted industry practices will develop, and it is uncertain what effect any divergent industry practices will have on the value of and return on the certificates.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading describes the principal features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the “Trust”) pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of May 1, 2010 and a supplement thereto dated as of April 1, 2018 (the “Issue Date”). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the “REMIC Certificates”) pursuant to that trust agreement and supplement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the “RCR Certificates” and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the “Certificates”) pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of May 1, 2010 and a supplement thereto dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement and supplement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the “Trust Agreement”). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the “Trustee”). In general, the term “Classes” includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The assets of the Trust will include five groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the “Group 1 MBS,” “Group 2 MBS,” “Group 3 MBS,” “Group 4 MBS,” and “Group 5 MBS,” and together, the “MBS”).

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family (“single-family”), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the “Mortgage Loans”) having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

The Trust will include the “Lower Tier REMIC” and “Upper Tier REMIC” as “real estate mortgage investment conduits” (each, a “REMIC”) under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

The following chart contains information about the assets, the “regular interests” and the “residual interests” of each REMIC. The REMIC Certificates other than the R and RL Classes are collectively referred to as the “Regular Classes” or “Regular Certificates,” and the R and RL Classes are collectively referred to as the “Residual Classes” or “Residual Certificates.”

REMIC Designation	Assets	Regular Interests	Residual Interest
Lower Tier REMIC	MBS	Interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the “Lower Tier Regular Interests”)	RL
Upper Tier REMIC	Lower Tier Regular Interests	All Classes of REMIC Certificates other than the R and RL Classes	R

Fannie Mae Guaranty. For a description of our guaranties of the Certificates and the MBS, see the applicable discussions appearing under the heading “Fannie Mae Guaranty” in the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus. Our guaranties are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States.

Characteristics of Certificates. Except as specified below, we will issue the Certificates in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are “Holders” or “Certificateholders.”

We will issue the Residual Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The “Holder” or “Certificateholder” of a Residual Certificate is its registered owner. A Residual Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of a Residual Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also “—Characteristics of the Residual Classes” below.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Denominations</u>
Interest Only, Principal Only and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments
All other Classes (except the R and RL Classes)	\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

The MBS

The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years.

In addition, the pools of mortgage loans backing the Group 1 MBS and Group 4 MBS have been designated as pools that include “jumbo-conforming” or “high balance” mortgage loans as described further under “The Mortgage Loans—Mortgage Loans with Original Principal Balances Exceeding our Traditional Conforming Loan Limits” in the MBS Prospectus dated June 1, 2016. For periodic updates to that description, please refer to the Pool Prefix Glossary available on our Web site at www.fanniemae.com. For additional information about the particular pools underlying the Group 1 MBS and Group 4 MBS, see the Final Data Statement for the Trust and the related prospectus supplement for each MBS. See also “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—*“Jumbo-conforming” mortgage loans, which have original principal balances that exceed our traditional conforming loan limits, may prepay at different rates than conforming balance mortgage loans generally*” in the MBS Prospectus dated June 1, 2016.

Furthermore, the pools of Mortgage Loans backing the Group 3 MBS have been designated as pools of “reperforming modified step rate loans” as described further under “The Mortgage Loans—Previously Delinquent Mortgage Loans—*Reperforming Loans*” and “—*Reperforming Modified Step Rate Loans*” in the MBS Prospectus dated June 1, 2016. These loans are conventional, modified mortgage loans that became delinquent after we initially acquired them but were current as of the issue date of each related MBS. For periodic updates to that description, please refer to the Pool Prefix Glossary available on our Web site at www.fanniemae.com. For additional information about the particular pools underlying the Group 3 MBS, see the Final Data Statement for the Trust and the related prospectus supplement for each MBS. See also “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—*Mortgage loans that became delinquent after we initially acquired them, and that in some cases may have been modified, may perform differently than do mortgage loans without a history of delinquency*” in the MBS Prospectus dated June 1, 2016.

For additional information, see “Summary—Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4 and Group 5—Characteristics of the MBS” in this prospectus supplement and “The Mortgage Loan Pools” and “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in the MBS Prospectus.

Distributions of Interest

General. The Certificates will bear interest at the rates specified in this prospectus supplement. Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Classes) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month’s interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Classes, see “—*Accrual Classes*” below.

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at interest rates based on LIBOR. We currently establish LIBOR on the basis of the “ICE Method” as generally described under “Description of the Certificates—Distributions on Certificates—*Interest Distributions*—

Indices for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes” in the REMIC Prospectus. For a description of recent developments affecting LIBOR calculations, see “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—*Intercontinental Exchange Benchmark Administration is the new LIBOR administrator*” in the REMIC Prospectus and “Additional Risk Factors—*Uncertainty as to the determination of LIBOR and the potential phasing out of LIBOR after 2021 may adversely affect the value of certain certificates*” in this prospectus supplement. If we determine that the methods for establishing LIBOR are no longer viable or that prevailing industry practices with respect to benchmark rates have transitioned, or are very likely to transition, away from the use of LIBOR, we may in our discretion designate an alternative method or, if appropriate, an alternative index for the determination of monthly interest rates on the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. In making any such designation, we will take into account general comparability and other factors, including then-prevailing industry practices. Further, we may apply an adjustment factor to any designated alternative index as deemed appropriate to better achieve comparability to the current index and otherwise in keeping with industry-accepted practices. See “Additional Risk Factors—*The use of an alternative method or index in place of LIBOR for determining monthly interest rates may adversely affect the value of certain certificates*” in this prospectus supplement.

Delay Classes and No-Delay Classes. The “Delay” Classes and “No-Delay” Classes are set forth in the following table:

<u>Delay Classes</u>	<u>No-Delay Classes</u>
Fixed Rate Classes	Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

See “Description of the Certificates—Distributions on Certificates—*Interest Distributions*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Dealer will treat the Principal Only Class as a No-Delay Class, solely for the purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Classes. The CZ, LZ, ZK and KZ Classes are Accrual Classes. Interest will accrue on each Accrual Class at the applicable annual rate specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Classes. Instead, interest accrued on each Accrual Class will be added as principal to its principal balance on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Classes as described under “—Distributions of Principal” below.

Distributions of Principal

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will make payments of principal on the Classes of REMIC Certificates as described below. Following any exchange of REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates, we will apply principal payments from the exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates on a pro rata basis.

- *Group 1*

The Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount to PO until retired. } Pass-Through Class

The “Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount” is the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS.

- *Group 2*

The CZ Accrual Amount to CV and VC, in that order, until retired, and thereafter to CZ. } Accretion Directed Classes and Accrual Class

The Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as follows:

- 28.571428613% to FA until retired, and } Pass-Through Class
- 71.428571387% to CA, CV, VC and CZ, in that order, until retired. } Sequential Pay Classes

The “CZ Accrual Amount” is any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the CZ Class.

The “Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount” is the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS.

- *Group 3*

The LZ Accrual Amount to LV until retired, and thereafter to LZ. } Accretion Directed Class and Accrual Class

The Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount to LA, LV and LZ, in that order, until retired. } Sequential Pay Classes

The “LZ Accrual Amount” is any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the LZ Class.

The “Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount” is the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS.

- *Group 4*

The ZK Accrual Amount to KA until retired, and thereafter to ZK. } Accretion Directed Class and Accrual Class

The KZ Accrual Amount to the Aggregate Group to its Targeted Balance, and thereafter to KZ. } Accretion Directed/TAC Group and Accrual Class

The Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount in the following priority:

1. To the Aggregate Group to its Targeted Balance. } TAC Group
2. To KZ until retired. } Support Class
3. To the Aggregate Group to zero. } TAC Group

The “ZK Accrual Amount” is any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the ZK Class.

The “KZ Accrual Amount” is any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the KZ Class.

The “Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount” is the principal then paid on the Group 4 MBS.

The “Aggregate Group” consists of the KA and ZK Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of the Aggregate Group to KA and ZK, in that order, until retired.

The Aggregate Group has a principal balance equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes included in the Aggregate Group.

- *Group 5*

The Group 5 Principal Distribution Amount to EA and FE, pro rata, until retired. } Pass-Through Classes

The “Group 5 Principal Distribution Amount” is the principal then paid on the Group 5 MBS.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (the “Pricing Assumptions”):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates specified under “Summary—Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4 and Group 5—Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans” in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related tables;
- the settlement date for the Certificates is April 30, 2018; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans underlying the MBS will differ from the assumed characteristics shown in the Summary, and may differ significantly. See “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—*Yields on and weighted average lives of the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the mortgage loans backing the series trust assets*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Prepayment Assumptions. The prepayment model used in this prospectus supplement is PSA. For a description of PSA, see “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Prepayment Models” in the REMIC Prospectus. It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any constant PSA rate or at any other constant rate.

Principal Balance Schedule. The Principal Balance Schedule for the Aggregate Group is set forth beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedule was prepared based on the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans prepay at the “Structuring Speed” specified in the chart below. We have not provided separate schedules for the individual Classes included in the Aggregate Group. However, those Classes are designed to receive principal distributions in the same fashion as if separate schedules had been provided (with schedules based on the same underlying assumptions that apply to the Aggregate Group schedule).

<u>Group</u>	<u>Structuring Speed</u>	<u>Initial Effective Range</u>
Aggregate Group Targeted Balances	144% PSA	N/A

The Aggregate Group consists of the KA and ZK Classes.

See “—Decrement Tables” below for the percentages of original principal balances of the individual Classes included in the Aggregate Group that would be outstanding at various constant PSA rates, including the Structuring Speed, based on the Pricing Assumptions.

We cannot assure you that the balance of the Aggregate Group will conform on any Distribution Date to the balance specified in the Principal Balance Schedule or that distributions of principal of the Aggregate Group will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedule.

If you are considering the purchase of a TAC Class, you should first take into account the considerations set forth below.

- We will distribute any excess of principal distributions over the amount necessary to reduce the Aggregate Group to its scheduled balance in any month. As a result, the likelihood of reducing the Aggregate Group to its scheduled balance each month will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal distributions from month to month.

- The principal payment stability of the Aggregate Group will be supported by the KZ Class. When the KZ Class is retired, the Aggregate Group, if still outstanding, will be much more sensitive to prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the Index. **The tables below are provided for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a forecast or prediction of the actual yields on the applicable Classes.** We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes, and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments (or notional principal balance reductions) on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes. **The yields to investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on each Fixed Rate Interest Only Class would be 0% if prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans were to occur at the following constant rates:**

<u>Class</u>	<u>% PSA</u>
IO	210%
LI	243%
KI	438%

For any Fixed Rate Interest Only Class, if the actual prepayment rate of the related Mortgage Loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling that level for the remaining months, the investors in the applicable Class would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the following yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of the original principal balance) are as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price*</u>
IO	20.00%
LI	14.50%
KI	18.25%

* The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the IO Class to Prepayments

	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>118%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	9.2%	6.4%	5.4%	0.6%	(5.3)%	(11.5)%	(17.8)%	(24.4)%

Sensitivity of the LI Class to Prepayments

	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>110%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	14.9%	11.3%	10.6%	3.6%	(5.0)%	(14.7)%	(25.5)%	(37.1)%

Sensitivity of the KI Class to Prepayments

	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>									
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>144%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>700%</u>	<u>1000%</u>	<u>1400%</u>	<u>1800%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	14.6%	10.5%	6.7%	7.0%	6.8%	(3.3)%	(14.2)%	(31.5)%	(55.4)%	(80.6)%

The Principal Only Class. The Principal Only Class will not bear interest. As indicated in the table below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yield to investors in the Principal Only Class.

The information shown in the following yield table has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase price of the Principal Only Class (expressed as a percentage of original principal balance) is as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price</u>
PO	76.50%

Sensitivity of the PO Class to Prepayments

	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>118%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.2%	2.8%	3.1%	4.3%	5.8%	7.3%	8.8%	10.3%

The Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments (including

prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable tables below, it is possible that investors in the Inverse Floating Rate Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the following yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate Classes for the initial Interest Accrual Period are the rates listed in the table under “Summary—Interest Rates” in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified levels of the Index, and
- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price*</u>
SA	19.00%
SE	13.25%

* The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

In the following yield tables, the symbol * is used to represent a yield of less than (99.9)%.

**Sensitivity of the SA Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>						
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>190%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>
0.9480%	24.1%	21.5%	16.6%	10.5%	4.8%	(1.0)%	(7.0)%
1.8960%	18.5%	15.8%	10.8%	4.6%	(1.2)%	(7.1)%	(13.2)%
3.8960%	6.4%	3.6%	(1.5)%	(8.0)%	(14.0)%	(20.2)%	(26.7)%
5.8960%	(11.7)%	(14.4)%	(19.5)%	(25.9)%	(32.0)%	(38.2)%	(44.8)%
6.2000%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

**Sensitivity of the SE Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>								
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>235%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>600%</u>	<u>800%</u>	<u>1000%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
0.938750%	33.2%	29.7%	19.9%	15.0%	7.2%	(9.4)%	(27.7)%	(48.3)%	(86.5)%
1.877500%	25.0%	21.6%	12.0%	7.3%	(0.2)%	(16.3)%	(34.0)%	(53.9)%	(91.0)%
3.877500%	6.5%	3.3%	(5.5)%	(9.9)%	(16.8)%	(31.7)%	(48.0)%	(66.4)%	*
5.877500%	(21.8)%	(24.5)%	(32.2)%	(36.0)%	(42.1)%	(55.0)%	(69.2)%	(85.4)%	*
6.250000%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

For a description of how the weighted average life of a Certificate is determined, see “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal distributions, and
- the priority sequences of distributions of principal of the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes.

See “—Distributions of Principal” above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions.

In the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, however, we assumed that the Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

<u>Mortgage Loans Backing Trust Assets Specified Below</u>	<u>Original and Remaining Terms to Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>
Group 1 MBS	360 months	5.50%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	6.50%
Group 3 MBS	360 months	6.00%
Group 4 MBS	360 months	6.50%
Group 5 MBS	360 months	8.00%

It is unlikely that all of the Mortgage Loans will have the loan ages, interest rates or remaining terms to maturity assumed, or that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates, even if the weighted average remaining term to maturity and the weighted average loan age of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the weighted averages specified in the Pricing Assumptions. This is the case because pools of loans with identical weighted averages are nonetheless likely to reflect differing dispersions of the related characteristics.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

Date	IO† and PO Classes								FA, SA† and CD Classes							
	PSA Prepayment Assumption								PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	0%	100%	118%	200%	300%	400%	500%	600%	0%	100%	190%	300%	400%	500%	600%	
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
April 2019	99	96	95	93	91	88	86	83	99	96	94	92	90	88	86	
April 2020	97	89	88	82	76	70	63	58	98	90	85	78	72	67	61	
April 2021	96	82	80	71	61	52	43	36	96	83	74	63	54	46	39	
April 2022	94	75	73	61	49	38	30	23	95	77	64	51	40	32	24	
April 2023	92	69	66	52	39	29	20	14	94	71	56	41	30	22	15	
April 2024	91	63	60	45	31	21	14	9	92	65	48	33	22	15	9	
April 2025	89	58	54	39	25	16	9	5	90	59	42	26	16	10	6	
April 2026	87	53	49	33	20	12	6	3	89	54	36	21	12	7	4	
April 2027	85	48	44	28	16	9	4	2	87	50	31	17	9	5	2	
April 2028	83	44	39	24	13	6	3	1	85	45	27	13	7	3	1	
April 2029	80	40	35	20	10	5	2	1	83	41	23	10	5	2	1	
April 2030	78	36	32	17	8	3	1	*	80	37	19	8	4	1	1	
April 2031	75	32	28	15	6	2	1	*	78	34	17	7	3	1	*	
April 2032	72	29	25	12	5	2	1	*	75	30	14	5	2	1	*	
April 2033	69	26	22	10	4	1	*	*	73	27	12	4	1	*	*	
April 2034	66	23	19	9	3	1	*	*	70	24	10	3	1	*	*	
April 2035	63	21	17	7	2	1	*	*	66	22	8	2	1	*	*	
April 2036	60	18	15	6	2	*	*	*	63	19	7	2	1	*	*	
April 2037	56	16	13	5	1	*	*	*	59	17	6	1	*	*	*	
April 2038	52	14	11	4	1	*	*	*	56	15	5	1	*	*	*	
April 2039	48	12	9	3	1	*	*	*	52	13	4	1	*	*	*	
April 2040	44	10	8	2	1	*	*	*	47	11	3	1	*	*	*	
April 2041	40	8	6	2	*	*	*	*	43	9	2	*	*	*	*	
April 2042	35	7	5	1	*	*	*	*	38	7	2	*	*	*	*	
April 2043	30	5	4	1	*	*	*	*	32	6	1	*	*	*	*	
April 2044	24	4	3	1	*	*	*	*	27	4	1	*	*	*	*	
April 2045	19	3	2	*	*	*	*	*	21	3	1	*	*	*	*	
April 2046	13	2	1	*	*	*	*	*	14	2	*	*	*	*	*	
April 2047	7	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	7	1	*	*	*	*	*	
April 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Weighted Average																
Life (years)**	19.0	10.4	9.6	7.0	5.2	4.1	3.4	2.9	19.6	10.6	7.4	5.3	4.2	3.5	3.0	

Date	CA Class								CV Class								VC Class							
	PSA Prepayment Assumption								PSA Prepayment Assumption								PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	0%	100%	190%	300%	400%	500%	600%	0%	100%	190%	300%	400%	500%	600%	0%	100%	190%	300%	400%	500%	600%			
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
April 2019	98	95	92	89	86	84	81	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	100	100	100	100	100	100	100			
April 2020	97	87	79	70	62	55	47	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	100	100	100	100	100	100	100			
April 2021	95	77	64	50	37	26	16	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	100	100	100	100	100	100	100			
April 2022	93	68	51	33	19	7	0	68	68	68	68	68	68	26	100	100	100	100	100	100	100			
April 2023	91	60	39	19	4	0	0	60	60	60	60	60	60	0	100	100	100	100	100	75	0			
April 2024	89	52	29	8	0	0	0	51	51	51	51	51	0	0	100	100	100	100	77	0	0			
April 2025	87	45	20	0	0	0	0	42	42	42	31	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0			
April 2026	85	38	12	0	0	0	0	33	33	33	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	36	0	0	0			
April 2027	82	31	6	0	0	0	0	23	23	23	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0			
April 2028	79	25	0	0	0	0	0	13	13	10	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0			
April 2029	76	20	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	39	0	0	0	0			
April 2030	73	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	93	93	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2031	70	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	83	83	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2032	66	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72	72	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2033	63	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62	62	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2034	59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	14	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2035	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2036	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2037	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2038	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2039	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2040	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2041	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2042	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2043	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2045	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2046	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2047	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
April 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Weighted Average																								
Life (years)**	16.5	6.8	4.5	3.2	2.6	2.2	2.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.1	4.4	3.8	3.4	16.0	14.8	10.9	7.9	6.3	5.2	4.5			

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.
 ** Determined as specified under “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.
 † In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Date	CZ Class							CB Class						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	190%	300%	400%	500%	600%	0%	100%	190%	300%	400%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2019	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2020	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2021	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2022	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	100	100	100	100	100	100	91
April 2023	116	116	116	116	116	116	104	100	100	100	100	100	81	57
April 2024	120	120	120	120	120	101	65	100	100	100	100	83	55	36
April 2025	123	123	123	123	113	69	41	100	100	100	97	62	38	22
April 2026	127	127	127	127	84	47	25	100	100	100	78	46	26	14
April 2027	131	131	131	114	62	32	16	100	100	100	62	34	18	9
April 2028	135	135	135	90	46	22	10	100	100	99	49	25	12	5
April 2029	139	139	139	72	34	15	6	100	100	85	39	18	8	3
April 2030	143	143	133	57	25	10	4	100	100	73	31	13	5	2
April 2031	148	148	114	45	18	7	2	100	100	62	24	10	4	1
April 2032	152	152	96	35	13	5	1	100	100	53	19	7	2	1
April 2033	157	157	82	28	9	3	1	100	100	44	15	5	2	*
April 2034	162	162	69	21	7	2	1	100	91	37	12	4	1	*
April 2035	166	149	58	17	5	1	*	100	81	31	9	3	1	*
April 2036	171	131	48	13	4	1	*	100	72	26	7	2	*	*
April 2037	177	115	40	10	2	1	*	100	63	22	5	1	*	*
April 2038	182	100	32	7	2	*	*	100	55	18	4	1	*	*
April 2039	183	86	26	6	1	*	*	100	47	14	3	1	*	*
April 2040	183	73	21	4	1	*	*	100	40	11	2	*	*	*
April 2041	183	61	16	3	1	*	*	100	33	9	2	*	*	*
April 2042	183	49	13	2	*	*	*	100	27	7	1	*	*	*
April 2043	183	39	9	1	*	*	*	100	21	5	1	*	*	*
April 2044	183	29	7	1	*	*	*	100	16	4	1	*	*	*
April 2045	142	20	4	1	*	*	*	77	11	2	*	*	*	*
April 2046	97	12	2	*	*	*	*	53	7	1	*	*	*	*
April 2047	50	4	1	*	*	*	*	27	2	*	*	*	*	*
April 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average														
Life (years)**	28.1	21.9	17.0	12.6	10.0	8.2	6.9	28.1	21.2	15.6	11.1	8.7	7.1	5.9

Date	LA and LI† Classes								LV Class							
	PSA Prepayment Assumption								PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	0%	100%	110%	200%	300%	400%	500%	600%	0%	100%	110%	200%	300%	400%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2019	99	90	90	84	78	72	66	60	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93
April 2020	97	81	80	71	61	52	43	36	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85
April 2021	96	72	71	59	47	37	28	20	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77
April 2022	94	64	63	49	36	25	17	11	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69
April 2023	93	57	55	40	27	17	10	5	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
April 2024	91	50	48	33	20	11	5	2	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51
April 2025	89	44	42	26	15	7	2	0	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	2
April 2026	87	38	36	21	10	4	*	0	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	0
April 2027	85	32	30	16	7	2	0	0	23	23	23	23	23	23	0	0
April 2028	83	27	25	12	4	0	0	0	13	13	13	13	13	10	0	0
April 2029	81	22	20	9	2	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
April 2030	78	18	16	6	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2031	76	14	12	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2032	73	10	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2033	70	6	5	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2034	67	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2035	64	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2036	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2037	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2038	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2039	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2040	44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2041	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2042	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2043	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2044	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2045	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2046	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2047	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																
Life (years)**	18.9	6.8	6.6	4.8	3.6	2.8	2.2	1.8	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.5	5.0

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.
 ** Determined as specified under “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.
 † In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Date	LZ Class								LB Class							
	PSA Prepayment Assumption								PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	0%	100%	110%	200%	300%	400%	500%	600%	0%	100%	110%	200%	300%	400%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2019	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2020	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2021	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2022	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2023	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2024	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2025	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	87
April 2026	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	76	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	52
April 2027	137	137	137	137	137	137	101	45	100	100	100	100	100	100	68	30
April 2028	142	142	142	142	142	142	64	26	100	100	100	100	100	99	44	18
April 2029	147	147	147	147	147	100	41	15	100	100	100	100	100	68	27	10
April 2030	148	148	148	148	148	67	25	9	100	100	100	100	100	45	17	6
April 2031	148	148	148	148	118	44	15	5	100	100	100	100	80	30	10	3
April 2032	148	148	148	148	80	28	9	3	100	100	100	100	54	19	6	2
April 2033	148	148	148	148	52	17	5	1	100	100	100	100	35	11	3	1
April 2034	148	148	148	95	31	9	2	1	100	100	100	64	21	6	2	*
April 2035	148	148	138	50	15	4	1	*	100	100	93	34	10	3	1	*
April 2036	148	43	39	13	4	1	*	*	100	29	26	9	3	1	*	*
April 2037	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2038	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2039	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2040	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2041	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2042	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2043	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2044	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2045	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2046	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2047	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																
Life (years)**	29.8	17.7	17.7	16.6	14.6	12.4	10.5	8.9	29.8	17.7	17.7	16.6	14.6	12.3	10.3	8.6

Date	KA Class										ZK Class									
	PSA Prepayment Assumption										PSA Prepayment Assumption									
	0%	100%	144%	200%	300%	500%	700%	1000%	1400%	1800%	0%	100%	144%	200%	300%	500%	700%	1000%	1400%	1800%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2019	98	96	95	95	95	95	95	91	83	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
April 2020	96	89	86	86	86	85	74	58	40	22	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107
April 2021	94	80	75	75	75	59	43	24	7	0	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	0
April 2022	91	71	64	64	62	40	24	9	1	0	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	0
April 2023	89	63	54	54	50	28	14	4	*	0	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	0
April 2024	86	55	45	45	40	19	8	1	*	0	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	0
April 2025	83	48	37	37	32	13	4	1	0	0	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	84	0
April 2026	80	41	29	30	26	9	3	*	0	0	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	13	0
April 2027	77	34	23	23	21	6	1	*	0	0	137	137	137	137	137	137	137	137	2	0
April 2028	73	28	16	18	16	4	1	*	0	0	142	142	142	142	142	142	142	142	*	0
April 2029	70	22	10	12	13	3	*	*	0	0	147	147	147	147	147	147	147	147	*	0
April 2030	66	17	5	8	10	2	*	0	0	0	152	152	152	152	152	152	152	99	*	0
April 2031	62	11	0	4	8	1	*	0	0	0	158	158	0	158	158	158	158	38	*	0
April 2032	58	6	0	1	6	1	*	0	0	0	163	163	0	163	163	163	163	15	*	0
April 2033	53	1	0	0	5	1	*	0	0	0	169	169	0	0	169	169	169	6	*	0
April 2034	48	0	0	0	4	*	*	0	0	0	175	0	0	0	175	175	175	2	*	0
April 2035	43	0	0	0	3	*	*	0	0	0	181	0	0	0	181	181	181	1	0	0
April 2036	38	0	0	0	2	*	0	0	0	0	188	0	0	0	188	188	143	*	0	0
April 2037	32	0	0	0	2	*	0	0	0	0	194	0	0	0	194	194	78	*	0	0
April 2038	26	0	0	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	201	0	0	0	201	201	42	*	0	0
April 2039	20	0	0	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	208	0	0	0	208	208	22	*	0	0
April 2040	13	0	0	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	216	0	0	0	216	216	12	*	0	0
April 2041	6	0	0	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	223	0	0	0	223	223	6	*	0	0
April 2042	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	231	217	3	*	0	0
April 2043	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	240	128	1	*	0	0
April 2044	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	248	72	1	*	0	0
April 2045	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	257	38	*	*	0	0
April 2046	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	266	17	*	*	0	0
April 2047	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	276	5	*	*	0	0
April 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																				
Life (years)**	14.5	7.1	5.9	6.0	6.1	4.2	3.2	2.4	1.9	1.5	23.8	15.2	12.9	14.2	29.5	25.6	19.2	12.6	7.3	2.2

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.
 ** Determined as specified under “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Date	KI† Class										KZ Class									
	PSA Prepayment Assumption										PSA Prepayment Assumption									
	0%	100%	144%	200%	300%	500%	700%	1000%	1400%	1800%	0%	100%	144%	200%	300%	500%	700%	1000%	1400%	1800%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2019	98	96	95	95	95	95	95	95	91	83	104	104	104	99	89	69	49	18	0	0
April 2020	96	89	86	86	86	85	74	58	40	22	108	108	108	89	56	0	0	0	0	0
April 2021	94	80	75	75	75	59	43	24	7	0	113	113	113	77	17	0	0	0	0	0
April 2022	91	71	64	64	62	40	24	9	1	0	117	117	117	69	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2023	89	63	54	54	50	28	14	4	*	0	122	122	122	65	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2024	86	55	45	45	40	19	8	1	*	0	127	127	127	64	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2025	83	48	37	37	32	13	4	1	*	0	132	132	132	65	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2026	80	41	30	30	26	9	3	*	*	0	138	138	138	68	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2027	77	34	23	23	21	6	1	*	*	0	143	143	143	71	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2028	73	28	16	18	16	4	1	*	*	0	149	149	149	73	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2029	70	22	10	12	13	3	*	*	*	0	155	155	155	76	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2030	66	17	5	8	10	2	*	*	0	0	161	161	161	79	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2031	62	11	0	4	8	1	*	*	0	0	168	168	165	83	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2032	58	6	0	1	6	1	*	*	0	0	175	175	145	86	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2033	53	1	0	0	5	1	*	*	0	0	182	182	126	75	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2034	48	0	0	0	4	*	*	*	0	0	189	168	110	63	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2035	43	0	0	0	3	*	*	*	0	0	197	149	95	53	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2036	38	0	0	0	2	*	*	*	0	0	205	132	82	44	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2037	32	0	0	0	2	*	*	*	0	0	214	116	70	36	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2038	26	0	0	0	1	*	*	*	0	0	222	101	59	29	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2039	20	0	0	0	1	*	*	0	0	0	231	87	49	24	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2040	13	0	0	0	1	*	*	0	0	0	241	74	41	19	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2041	6	0	0	0	1	*	*	0	0	0	251	62	33	15	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2042	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	251	51	26	11	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2043	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	215	40	20	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2044	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	178	31	15	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2045	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	138	22	10	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2046	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	95	13	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2047	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	49	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																				
Life (years)**	14.5	7.1	5.9	6.0	6.1	4.2	3.2	2.4	1.9	1.5	27.1	21.3	18.8	14.2	2.1	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5

Date	EA, FE and SE† Classes								
	PSA Prepayment Assumption								
	0%	100%	235%	300%	400%	600%	800%	1000%	1300%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2019	99	90	82	79	73	61	50	38	21
April 2020	98	81	67	61	53	37	25	15	4
April 2021	97	72	55	48	38	23	12	6	1
April 2022	96	64	44	37	27	14	6	2	*
April 2023	95	56	36	28	19	8	3	1	*
April 2024	94	49	28	21	14	5	1	*	*
April 2025	92	42	22	16	9	3	1	*	*
April 2026	91	36	17	12	6	2	*	*	*
April 2027	89	30	13	9	4	1	*	*	*
April 2028	88	24	10	6	3	1	*	*	*
April 2029	86	19	7	4	2	*	*	*	*
April 2030	84	14	5	3	1	*	*	*	0
April 2031	82	9	3	2	1	*	*	*	0
April 2032	79	5	1	1	*	*	*	*	0
April 2033	77	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	0
April 2034	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2035	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2036	68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2037	64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2038	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2039	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2040	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2041	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2042	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2043	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2044	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2045	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2046	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2047	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average									
Life (years)**	20.5	6.4	4.4	3.8	3.0	2.0	1.5	1.1	0.7

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Characteristics of the Residual Classes

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. See “Description of the Certificates—Special Characteristics of the Residual Certificates” and “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Treasury Department regulations (the “Regulations”) provide that a transfer of a “noneconomic residual interest” will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. A Residual Certificate will constitute a noneconomic residual interest under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate had “improper knowledge” at the time of the transfer. See “Description of the Certificates—Special Characteristics of the Residual Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will make a REMIC election with respect to each REMIC set forth in the table under “Description of the Certificates—General—*Structure*.” The Regular Classes will be designated as “regular interests” and the Residual Classes will be designated as the “residual interests” in the REMICs as set forth in that table. Thus, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as “regular or residual interests in a REMIC” for domestic building and loan associations, as “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the Residual Classes, as “qualified mortgages” for other REMICs. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Accrual Classes, the Notional Classes and the Principal Only Class will be issued with original issue discount (“OID”), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—*Treatment of Original Issue Discount*” in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—*Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

<u>Group</u>	<u>Prepayment Assumption</u>
1	118% PSA
2	190% PSA
3	110% PSA
4	144% PSA
5	235% PSA

See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—*Treatment of Original Issue Discount*” in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or at any other rate. See “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” in this prospectus supplement and “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The law informally known as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (“TCJA”), which was enacted on December 22, 2017, generally requires a beneficial owner of a Regular Certificate that uses an accrual method of accounting for tax purposes to include certain amounts in income no later than the time such amounts are reflected on certain financial statements. Although the precise application of this rule is unclear, it might require the accrual of income earlier than is the case under the general tax rules described under “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus. This rule is generally effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, or for Regular Certificates issued with original issue discount, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2018. Prospective investors in Regular Certificates that use an accrual method of accounting for tax purposes are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the potential applicability of this legislation to their particular situations.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

The Holder of a Residual Certificate will be considered to be the holder of the “residual interest” in the related REMIC. Such Holder generally will be required to report its daily portion of the taxable income or net loss of the REMIC to which that Certificate relates. In certain periods, a Holder of a Residual Certificate may be required to recognize taxable income without being entitled to receive a corresponding amount of cash. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to the Holder of a Residual Certificate (i) information necessary to enable it to prepare its federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the Residual Class that may be required under the Code. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The TCJA generally denies a deduction for an individual, trust or estate that holds a Residual Certificate of its allocable share of the REMIC’s fees or expenses under Section 212 of the Code for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2026. Prospective investors in Residual Certificates are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the potential applicability of this legislation to their particular situations.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The Regular Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates set forth in Schedule 1 (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the

RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest of the underlying Regular Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Regular Certificates, see “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Generally, the ownership interest represented by an RCR certificate will be one of two types. A certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a “Combination RCR Certificate”) will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in one or more underlying Regular Certificates. A certificate of a Strip RCR Class (a “Strip RCR Certificate”) will represent the right to receive a disproportionate part of the principal or interest payments on one or more underlying Regular Certificates. All of the RCR Certificates are Combination RCR Certificates. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus for a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of RCR Certificates.

Tax Audit Procedures

The Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015, which was enacted on November 2, 2015, repeals and replaces the rules applicable to certain administrative and judicial proceedings regarding a partnership’s tax affairs, effective beginning with the 2018 taxable year. Under the new rules, a partnership, including for this purpose a REMIC for a taxable year in which it has multiple Residual Owners, appoints one person to act as its sole representative in connection with IRS audits and related procedures. The representative’s actions, including the representative’s agreeing to adjustments to taxable income, will bind partners or Residual Owners to a greater degree than would actions of the tax matters partner (“TMP”) under the rules in effect prior to the 2018 taxable year. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Reporting and Other Administrative Matters” in the REMIC Prospectus for a discussion of the TMP. Under the new rules, a REMIC having multiple Residual Owners in a taxable year, unless such REMIC elects otherwise, will be required to pay taxes arising from IRS audit adjustments rather than its Residual Owners. The Trustee, as representative, will have the authority to utilize, and will be directed to utilize, any exceptions available under the new provisions (including changes) and Regulations so that the Residual Owners, to the fullest extent possible, rather than the REMIC itself, will be liable for any taxes arising from audit adjustments to the REMIC’s taxable income. An adjustment to the REMIC’s taxable income following an IRS audit may have to be taken into account by those Residual Owners in the taxable year in which the adjustment is made rather than in the taxable year to which the adjustment relates, and otherwise in different and potentially less advantageous ways than under the rules in effect prior to the 2018 taxable year. The new rules apply to existing and future REMICs having multiple Residual Owners in a taxable year. The new rules are complex and may be clarified and possibly revised. Residual Owners should discuss with their own tax advisors the possible effect of the new rules on them.

Foreign Investors

Beginning on January 1, 2019, a 30-percent United States withholding tax (“FATCA withholding”) will apply to gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of a Regular Certificate that are paid to a non-U.S. entity that is a “financial institution” and fails to comply with certain reporting and other requirements or to a non-U.S. entity that is not a “financial institution” but fails to disclose the identity of its direct or indirect “substantial U.S. owners” or to certify that it has no such owners. FATCA withholding currently applies to payments treated as interest on a Regular Certificate paid to such persons. Various exceptions may apply. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the potential application and impact of this withholding tax based on your particular circumstances. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Foreign Investors” in the REMIC Prospectus.

ADDITIONAL ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion supplements the discussion under “ERISA Considerations” in the REMIC Prospectus regarding important considerations for investors subject to ERISA or section 4975 of the Code. None of Fannie Mae, the Dealers or any of their respective affiliates (collectively, the “Transaction Parties”) is undertaking to provide impartial investment advice, or to give advice in a fiduciary capacity, in connection with the acquisition of Certificates by any “plan” or any purchaser using assets of a plan, as described in 29 C.F.R. Section 2510.3-101, as modified by Section 3(42) of ERISA (collectively a “plan investor”). In addition, each beneficial owner of Certificates or any interest therein that is a plan investor, including any fiduciary purchasing the Certificates on behalf of a plan investor (“Plan Fiduciary”), will be deemed by its acquisition of the Certificates to represent that:

1. If any of the Transaction Parties has provided, or will provide, advice with respect to the acquisition of the Certificates by the plan investor, it has or will provide advice only to a Plan Fiduciary that is independent of the Transaction Parties giving such advice, if any, and that is one of the following:
 - a bank as defined in Section 202 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the “Advisers Act”), or a similar institution that is regulated and supervised and subject to periodic examination by a State or federal agency;
 - an insurance carrier that is qualified under the laws of more than one State to perform the services of managing, acquiring or disposing of assets of a plan investor;
 - an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act or, if not registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act by reason of paragraph (1) of Section 203A of the Advisers Act, registered as an investment adviser under the laws of the State in which it maintains its principal office and place of business;
 - a broker-dealer registered under the Exchange Act; or
 - a fiduciary that, for so long as the plan investor is invested in the Certificates, will have total assets of at least \$50,000,000 under its management or control (provided that this requirement will not be satisfied if the Plan Fiduciary is either (i) the owner or a relative of the owner of an investing IRA or (ii) a participant or beneficiary or a relative of such participant or beneficiary of the plan investor investing in the Certificates in such capacity).
2. The Plan Fiduciary is capable of evaluating investment risks independently, both in general and with respect to particular transactions and investment strategies, including the acquisition by the plan investor of the Certificates.
3. The Plan Fiduciary is a “fiduciary” with respect to the plan investor within the meaning of section 3(21) of ERISA or section 4975 of the Code, or both, and an “independent fiduciary” within the meaning of the Fiduciary Rule, and is responsible for exercising independent judgment in evaluating the plan investor’s acquisition of the Certificates.
4. None of the Transaction Parties has exercised any authority to cause the plan investor to invest in the Certificates or to negotiate the terms of the plan investor’s investment in the Certificates.
5. Neither the plan investor nor the Plan Fiduciary is paying or has paid a fee or other compensation to any of the Transaction Parties for investment advice (as opposed to other services) in connection with the plan investor’s acquisition or holding of the Certificates
6. The Plan Fiduciary has been informed by the Transaction Parties:
 - that none of the Transaction Parties is undertaking to provide impartial investment advice or to give advice in a fiduciary capacity in connection with the plan investor’s acquisition of the Certificates; and

- of the existence and nature of the Transaction Parties' financial interests in the plan investor's acquisition of the Certificates.

These representations are intended to comply with 29 C.F.R. Sections 2510.3-21(a) and (c)(1) (the "Fiduciary Rule"). If these sections of the Fiduciary Rule are revoked, repealed or no longer effective, these representations will be deemed to be no longer in effect.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC (the "Dealer") in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

CREDIT RISK RETENTION

The Certificates satisfy the requirements of the Credit Risk Retention Rule (12 C.F.R. Part 1234) jointly promulgated by the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA"), the SEC and several other federal agencies. In accordance with 12 C.F.R. 1234.8(a), (i) the Certificates are fully guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by Fannie Mae and (ii) Fannie Mae is operating under the conservatorship of FHFA with capital support from the United States.

EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREA RISK RETENTION

Prospective investors whose investment activities are subject to investment laws and regulations, regulatory capital requirements or review by regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the certificates. Prospective investors should consult legal, tax and accounting advisers for assistance in determining the suitability of and consequences of the purchase, ownership and sale of the certificates.

The application of Articles 404-410 of the European Union Capital Requirements Regulation 575/2013 and similar European Economic Area ("EEA") legislation on risk retention requirements (the "EEA Risk Retention Regulations") to the certificates transaction (the "Transaction") is unclear.

Our exposure to the credit risk related to the Transaction is in the form of our guaranty obligations on the certificates (the "Guaranty Obligations"). Our Guaranty Obligations represent general unsecured obligations. Obligations similar to our Guaranty Obligations have long been a central feature to our mortgage-backed securities issuance programs and our Guaranty Obligations were undertaken in the ordinary course of our business.

In determining the extent to which the EEA Risk Retention Regulations apply to the Transaction, investors subject to the EEA Risk Retention Regulations may wish to consider the guidance appearing in the preamble to the regulatory technical standards contained in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 625/2014 of March 13, 2014, which provides in relevant part: "Where an entity securitises its own liabilities, alignment of interest is established automatically, regardless of whether the final debtor collateralises its debt. Where it is clear that the credit risk remains with the originator the retention of interest by the originator is unnecessary, and would not improve on the pre-existing position." We will remain fully liable under the Guaranty Obligations. We do not intend to collateralize any of our credit exposure under the Guaranty Obligations or the certificates.

In order to assist Applicable Investors (as defined below) in evaluating a potential investment in the certificates, we will enter into a letter agreement on the settlement date pursuant to which we will irrevocably undertake to the certificateholders that, in connection with the EEA Risk

Retention Regulations, at the origination and on an ongoing basis, so long as any certificates remain outstanding:

- we will, as originator (for purposes of the EEA Risk Retention Regulations), retain a material net economic interest (the “Retained Interest”) in the exposure related to the Transaction of not less than 5% through the Guaranty Obligations;
- neither we nor our affiliates will sell, hedge or otherwise mitigate our credit risk under or associated with the Retained Interest or the mortgage loans, except to the extent permitted in accordance with the EEA Risk Retention Regulations; accordingly, neither we nor our affiliates will, through this transaction or any subsequent transactions, enter into agreements that transfer or hedge more than a 95% pro rata share of the credit risk corresponding to any of the certificates;
- we will, upon written request and further subject to any applicable duty of confidentiality, provide such information in our possession as may reasonably be required to assist the certificateholders to satisfy the due diligence obligations set forth in the EEA Risk Retention Regulations as of the settlement date and at any time prior to maturity of the certificates;
- we will confirm to the trustee for reporting to certificateholders our continued compliance with the undertakings set out at the first and second bullet points above (which confirmation may be by email): (i) on a monthly basis; and (ii) following our determination that the performance of the certificates or the risk characteristics of the certificates or of the mortgage loans has materially changed; and
- we will promptly notify the trustee in writing if for any reason: (i) we cease to hold the Retained Interest in accordance with the first bullet point above; or (ii) we or any of our affiliates fails to comply with the covenants set out in the second and third bullet points above in any way.

“Applicable Investor” means each holder of a beneficial interest in any certificates that is (i) an EEA credit institution or investment firm, (ii) an EEA insurer or reinsurer, (iii) an EEA undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) or (iv) an alternative investment fund to which Directive 2011/61/EU applies.

Prospective investors should also be aware that a new regulatory regime (the “Securitization Regulation”) will generally apply from and after January 1, 2019 to securitizations in which securities are issued after that date. The Securitization Regulation will apply to the types of regulated investors covered by the EEA Risk Retention Regulations and also to (a) UCITS and UCITS management companies, and (b) institutions for occupational retirement provision falling within the scope of Directive (EU) 2016/2341 (subject to certain exceptions), and certain investment managers and authorized entities appointed by such institutions (together, “IORPs”). With regard to securitizations in respect of which the relevant securities are issued before January 1, 2019 (“Pre-2019 Securitizations”), investors that are subject to the EEA Risk Retention Regulations will continue to be subject to the risk retention and due diligence requirements of the EEA Risk Retention Regulations, including on and after that date. The Securitization Regulation makes no express provision for the application of any requirements of the EEA Risk Retention Regulations or of the Securitization Regulation to UCITS or IORPs that hold or acquire any interest in respect of a Pre-2019 Securitization and, accordingly, it is not clear what requirements (if any) will be applicable to those investors. Prospective investors are themselves responsible for monitoring and assessing changes to the EEA Risk Retention Regulations and their regulatory capital requirements.

Each prospective investor in the certificates is required independently to assess and determine whether our disclosure regarding risk retention contained in this prospectus supplement and the prospectus is sufficient for purposes of complying with any applicable risk retention

requirements. Neither we nor the trustee or any other person makes any representation or provides any assurance to the effect that the information described in this prospectus supplement or in the prospectus is sufficient for such purposes. Each prospective investor in the certificates that is subject to any retention requirements should consult with its own legal, accounting and other advisors and/or its national regulator in determining the extent to which such information is sufficient for such purpose.

THE CERTIFICATES ARE NOT INTENDED TO BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO, AND SHOULD NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO, ANY RETAIL INVESTOR IN THE EEA. FOR THESE PURPOSES, A RETAIL INVESTOR MEANS A PERSON WHO IS ONE (OR MORE) OF: (I) A RETAIL CLIENT AS DEFINED IN POINT (11) OF ARTICLE 4(1) OF DIRECTIVE 2014/65/EU (AS AMENDED, “MIFID II”); OR (II) A CUSTOMER WITHIN THE MEANING OF DIRECTIVE 2002/92/EC, WHERE THAT CUSTOMER WOULD NOT QUALIFY AS A PROFESSIONAL CLIENT AS DEFINED IN POINT (10) OF ARTICLE 4(1) OF MIFID II; OR (III) NOT A QUALIFIED INVESTOR AS DEFINED IN DIRECTIVE 2003/71/EC, CONSEQUENTLY NO KEY INFORMATION DOCUMENT REQUIRED BY REGULATION (EU) NO1286/2014 (AS AMENDED, THE “PRIIPS REGULATION”) FOR OFFERING OR SELLING THE CERTIFICATES OR OTHERWISE MAKING THEM AVAILABLE TO RETAIL INVESTORS IN THE EEA HAS BEEN PREPARED AND THEREFORE OFFERING OR SELLING THE CERTIFICATES OR OTHERWISE MAKING THEM AVAILABLE TO ANY RETAIL INVESTOR IN THE EEA MAY BE UNLAWFUL UNDER THE PRIIPS REGULATION.

LEGAL MATTERS

Katten Muchin Rosenman LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Schedule 1

Available Recombinations(1)

REMIC Certificates		RCR Certificates						
Classes	Original Balances	RCR Classes	Original Balances	Principal Type(2)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(2)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Recombination 1								
CV	\$ 14,393,000	CB(3)	\$ 65,570,157	SEQ	3.0%	FIX	3136B1F41	May 2048
VC	15,419,000							
CZ	35,758,157							
Recombination 2								
CA	180,000,000	CD(3)	245,570,157	PT	3.0	FIX	3136B1F58	May 2048
CV	14,393,000							
VC	15,419,000							
CZ	35,758,157							
Recombination 3								
LV	1,561,285	LB(4)	4,819,031	SEQ	3.5	FIX	3136B1F66	May 2048
LZ	3,257,746							

- (1) REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates in each Recombination may be exchanged only in the proportions of *original* principal or notional principal balances for the related Classes shown in this Schedule 1 (disregarding any retired Classes). For example, if a particular Recombination includes two REMIC Classes and one RCR Class whose *original* principal balances shown in the schedule reflect a 1:1:2 relationship, the same 1:1:2 relationship among the *original* principal balances of those REMIC and RCR Classes must be maintained in any exchange. This is true even if, as a result of the applicable payment priority sequence, the relationship between their *current* principal balances has changed over time. Moreover, if as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange. See “Description of the Certificates—General— *Authorized Denominations*” in this prospectus supplement.
- (2) See “Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations” in the REMIC Prospectus.
- (3) Principal payments on the REMIC Certificates in Recombination 1 and Recombination 2 from the CZ Accrual Amount will be paid as interest on the related RCR Certificates, and thus will not reduce the principal balances of those RCR Certificates.
- (4) Principal payments on the REMIC Certificates in Recombination 3 from the LZ Accrual Amount will be paid as interest on the related RCR Certificates, and thus will not reduce the principal balances of those RCR Certificates.

Principal Balance Schedule

Aggregate Group Targeted Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$20,001,000.00	August 2022	\$12,129,985.68	December 2026	\$ 4,958,681.58
May 2018	19,947,389.38	September 2022	11,965,721.04	January 2027	4,844,434.02
June 2018	19,887,988.56	October 2022	11,802,638.47	February 2027	4,730,947.17
July 2018	19,822,815.21	November 2022	11,640,728.23	March 2027	4,618,214.41
August 2018	19,751,891.26	December 2022	11,479,980.65	April 2027	4,506,229.18
September 2018	19,675,242.89	January 2023	11,320,386.14	May 2027	4,394,984.96
October 2018	19,592,900.49	February 2023	11,161,935.16	June 2027	4,284,475.29
November 2018	19,504,898.70	March 2023	11,004,618.27	July 2027	4,174,693.74
December 2018	19,411,276.32	April 2023	10,848,426.08	August 2027	4,065,633.94
January 2019	19,312,076.37	May 2023	10,693,349.27	September 2027	3,957,289.57
February 2019	19,207,345.96	June 2023	10,539,378.61	October 2027	3,849,654.35
March 2019	19,097,136.31	July 2023	10,386,504.91	November 2027	3,742,722.04
April 2019	18,981,502.72	August 2023	10,234,719.07	December 2027	3,636,486.45
May 2019	18,860,504.49	September 2023	10,084,012.05	January 2028	3,530,941.45
June 2019	18,734,204.86	October 2023	9,934,374.88	February 2028	3,426,080.94
July 2019	18,602,671.00	November 2023	9,785,798.65	March 2028	3,321,898.86
August 2019	18,465,973.88	December 2023	9,638,274.53	April 2028	3,218,389.21
September 2019	18,324,188.28	January 2024	9,491,793.74	May 2028	3,115,546.02
October 2019	18,177,392.65	February 2024	9,346,347.57	June 2028	3,013,363.37
November 2019	18,025,669.07	March 2024	9,201,927.39	July 2028	2,911,835.39
December 2019	17,869,103.17	April 2024	9,058,524.61	August 2028	2,810,956.24
January 2020	17,707,784.00	May 2024	8,916,130.71	September 2028	2,710,720.14
February 2020	17,541,804.00	June 2024	8,774,737.26	October 2028	2,611,121.32
March 2020	17,371,258.87	July 2024	8,634,335.86	November 2028	2,512,154.10
April 2020	17,196,247.47	August 2024	8,494,918.18	December 2028	2,413,812.79
May 2020	17,016,871.74	September 2024	8,356,475.96	January 2029	2,316,091.78
June 2020	16,833,236.56	October 2024	8,219,000.99	February 2029	2,218,985.49
July 2020	16,645,449.66	November 2024	8,082,485.15	March 2029	2,122,488.37
August 2020	16,453,621.51	December 2024	7,946,920.33	April 2029	2,026,594.93
September 2020	16,257,865.19	January 2025	7,812,298.53	May 2029	1,931,299.69
October 2020	16,063,548.09	February 2025	7,678,611.79	June 2029	1,836,597.24
November 2020	15,870,658.56	March 2025	7,545,852.19	July 2029	1,742,482.21
December 2020	15,679,185.01	April 2025	7,414,011.90	August 2029	1,648,949.23
January 2021	15,489,115.96	May 2025	7,283,083.13	September 2029	1,555,993.02
February 2021	15,300,439.98	June 2025	7,153,058.15	October 2029	1,463,608.31
March 2021	15,113,145.78	July 2025	7,023,929.30	November 2029	1,371,789.86
April 2021	14,927,222.10	August 2025	6,895,688.95	December 2029	1,280,532.49
May 2021	14,742,657.80	September 2025	6,768,329.55	January 2030	1,189,831.05
June 2021	14,559,441.81	October 2025	6,641,843.61	February 2030	1,099,680.43
July 2021	14,377,563.14	November 2025	6,516,223.67	March 2030	1,010,075.54
August 2021	14,197,010.89	December 2025	6,391,462.34	April 2030	921,011.35
September 2021	14,017,774.25	January 2026	6,267,552.29	May 2030	832,482.86
October 2021	13,839,842.46	February 2026	6,144,486.23	June 2030	744,485.09
November 2021	13,663,204.87	March 2026	6,022,256.95	July 2030	657,013.11
December 2021	13,487,850.91	April 2026	5,900,857.26	August 2030	570,062.04
January 2022	13,313,770.06	May 2026	5,780,280.04	September 2030	483,627.01
February 2022	13,140,951.90	June 2026	5,660,518.23	October 2030	397,703.19
March 2022	12,969,386.10	July 2026	5,541,564.81	November 2030	312,285.79
April 2022	12,799,062.38	August 2026	5,423,412.82	December 2030	227,370.06
May 2022	12,629,970.56	September 2026	5,306,055.33	January 2031	142,951.28
June 2022	12,462,100.51	October 2026	5,189,485.49	February 2031	59,024.76
July 2022	12,295,442.21	November 2026	5,073,696.50	March 2031 and thereafter	0.00

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in or incorporated into this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. We take no responsibility for any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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\$728,188,639



Guaranteed REMIC
Pass-Through Certificates

Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2018-35

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Credit Suisse

April 24, 2018