\$100,000,000



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2017-29

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this cover.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual class), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We will pay principal at rates that may vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are available for distribution to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

Class	Original Class Balance	Principal Type(1)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(1)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
PB(2)	\$75,247,091	PAC/AD	3.5%	FIX	3136AVY37	April 2045
PE(2)	3,960,373	PAC/AD	3.5	FIX	3136AVX87	December 2045
LP(2)	8,314,596	PAC/AD	3.5	FIX	3136AVX95	April 2047
CZ	12,477,940	SUP	3.5	FIX/Z	3136AVY29	April 2047
R	0	NPR	0	NPR	3136AVY45	April 2047

⁽¹⁾ See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC prospectus.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for certificates of the corresponding RCR classes to be delivered at the time of exchange. The PD, PI, PC, PA and PL Classes are the RCR classes. For a more detailed description of the RCR classes, see Schedule 1 attached to this prospectus supplement and "Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination—RCR Certificates" in the REMIC prospectus.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be March 30, 2017.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page 14 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Mizuho Securities USA Inc.*

The date of this Prospectus Supplement is March 24, 2017

⁽²⁾ Exchangeable classes.

^{*} It is anticipated that Mizuho Securities USA Inc. will convert to a limited liability company and change its name to Mizuho Securities USA LLC with effectiveness as of March 31, 2017.

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the "Disclosure Documents"):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated June 1, 2014 (the "REMIC Prospectus");
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated
 - o June 1, 2016, for all MBS issued on or after June 1, 2016,
 - o October 1, 2014, for all MBS issued on or after October 1, 2014 and prior to June 1, 2016,
 - March 1, 2013, for all MBS issued on or after March 1, 2013 and prior to October 1, 2014,
 - February 1, 2012, for all MBS issued on or after February 1, 2012 and prior to March 1, 2013,
 - o July 1, 2011, for all MBS issued on or after July 1, 2011 and prior to February 1, 2012,
 - o June 1, 2009, for all MBS issued on or after January 1, 2009 and prior to July 1, 2011,
 - April 1, 2008, for all MBS issued on or after June 1, 2007 and prior to January 1, 2009, or
 - January 1, 2006, for all other MBS
 (as applicable, the "MBS Prospectus"); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below and under the heading "Incorporation by Reference" in the REMIC Prospectus.

For a description of current servicing policies generally applicable to existing Fannie Mae MBS pools, see "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus dated June 1, 2016.

The MBS Prospectus is incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that we are disclosing information in that document by referring you to it. That document is considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with that document.

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae MBS Helpline 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 800-2FANNIE).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus by writing or calling the dealer at:

Mizuho Securities USA Inc.* 320 Park Avenue 12th Floor New York, NY 10022 (telephone 201-626-1288).

^{*} It is anticipated that Mizuho Securities USA Inc. will convert to a limited liability company and change its name to Mizuho Securities USA LLC with effectiveness as of March 31, 2017.

SUMMARY

This summary contains only limited information about the certificates. Statistical information in this summary is provided as of March 1, 2017. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3. In particular, please see the discussion of risk factors that appears in each of those additional disclosure documents.

Characteristics of the MBS

Approximate Principal Balance	Principal Through	Range of Weighted Average Coupons or WACs (annual percentages)	Average Remaining Terms to Maturity or WAMs (in months)
\$100,000,000	3.50%	3.75% to 6.00%	241 to 360

Range of Weighted

Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans

Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Loan Age (in months)	Interest Rate
\$100,000,000	360	359	1	4.155%

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans underlying the MBS will differ from those shown above, and may differ significantly. See "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—Yields on and weighted average lives of the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the mortgage loans backing the series trust assets" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on March 30, 2017.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Record Date

On each distribution date, we will make each monthly payment on the certificates to holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry	Physical
All classes of certificates other than the R Class	R Class

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certificates of a class designated as "exchangeable" on the cover of this prospectus supplement, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange

and the related RCR certificates. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We will deliver the RCR certificates upon such exchange.

We will apply principal and interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

Notional Class

The notional principal balance of the notional class specified below will equal the percentage of the outstanding balance specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

Class

Distributions of Principal

For a description of the principal payment priorities, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal" in this prospectus supplement.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

		P	ssumpti	mption			
Group 1 Classes	0%	100%	115%	165%	200%	300%	500%
PB, PD, PI and PC	14.0	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.1	4.7	3.3
PE	23.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	11.3	7.2
LP	24.8	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	16.1	10.3
CZ	27.7	20.9	19.9	10.6	3.1	1.6	1.1
PA	14.5	6.9	6.6	6.6	6.6	5.0	3.5
PL	24.4	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2	14.5	9.3

^{*} Determined as specified under "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading describes the principal features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the "Trust") pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of May 1, 2010 and a supplement thereto dated as of March 1, 2017 (the "Issue Date"). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the "REMIC Certificates") pursuant to that trust agreement and supplement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the "RCR Certificates" and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the "Certificates") pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of May 1, 2010 and a supplement thereto dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement and supplement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the "Trust Agreement"). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the "Trustee"). In general, the term "Classes" includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The assets of the Trust will include certain Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the "MBS").

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family ("single-family"), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the "Mortgage Loans") having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

The Trust will constitute a "real estate mortgage investment conduit" ("REMIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

The following chart contains information about the assets, the "regular interests" and the "residual interest" of the REMIC. The REMIC Certificates other than the R Class are collectively referred to as the "Regular Classes" or "Regular Certificates," and the R Class is referred to as the "Residual Class" or "Residual Certificate."

	Assets	Regular Interests	Residual Interest
REMIC	MBS	All Classes of REMIC Certificates other than the R Class	R

Fannie Mae Guaranty. For a description of our guaranties of the Certificates and the MBS, see the applicable discussions appearing under the heading "Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus. Our guaranties are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States.

Characteristics of Certificates. Except as specified below, we will issue the Certificates in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are "Holders" or "Certificateholders."

We will issue the Residual Certificate in fully registered, certificated form. The "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of the Residual Certificate is its registered owner. The Residual Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association in Boston, Massachusetts will be

the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the Residual Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "—Characteristics of the Residual Class" below.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

Classes Denominations

Interest Only Class \$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments All other Classes (except the R Class) \$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

The MBS

The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years.

In addition, the pools of mortgage loans backing the MBS have been designated as pools that include "jumbo-conforming" or "high balance" mortgage loans as described further under "The Mortgage Loans—Mortgage Loans with Original Principal Balances Exceeding our Traditional Conforming Loan Limits" in the MBS Prospectus dated June 1, 2016. For periodic updates to that description, please refer to the Pool Prefix Glossary available on our Web site at www.fanniemae.com. For additional information about the particular pools underlying the MBS, see the Final Data Statement for the Trust and the related prospectus supplement for each MBS. See also "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—"Jumbo-conforming" mortgage loans, which have original principal balances that exceed our traditional conforming loan limits, may prepay at different rates than conforming balance mortgage loans generally" in the MBS Prospectus dated June 1, 2016.

For additional information, see "Summary—Characteristics of the MBS" in this prospectus supplement and "The Mortgage Loan Pools" and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

Distributions of Interest

General. The Certificates will bear interest at the rates specified in this prospectus supplement. Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Class) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Class, see "—Accrual Class" below.

Delay Classes and No-Delay Classes. The "Delay" Classes and "No-Delay" Classes are set forth in the following table:

Delay Classes No-Delay Classes

Fixed Rate Classes

See "Description of the Certificates—Distributions on Certificates— $Interest\ Distributions$ " in the REMIC Prospectus.

Accrual Class. The CZ Class is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class at the applicable annual rate specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Class. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Class will be added as principal to its principal balance on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Class as described under "—Distributions of Principal" below.

Distributions of Principal

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will make payments of principal on the Classes of REMIC Certificates as described below. Following any exchange of REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates, we will apply principal payments from the exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates on a pro rata basis.

The CZ Accrual Amount to the Aggregate Group to its Planned Balance, and thereafter to CZ. $\begin{cases} \text{Accretion} \\ \text{Directed/PAC} \\ \text{Group and} \\ \text{Accrual Class} \end{cases}$

The Cash Flow Distribution Amount in the following priority:

To the Aggregate Group to its Planned Balance.
 To CZ until retired.
 Support Class
 To the Aggregate Group to zero.

The "CZ" Accrual Amount is any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the CZ Class.

The "Cash Flow Distribution Amount" is the principal then paid on the MBS.

The "Aggregate Group" consists of the PB, PE and LP Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of the Aggregate Group to PB, PE and LP, in that order, until retired.

The Aggregate Group has a principal balance equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes included in the Aggregate Group.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original term to maturity, remaining term to maturity, loan age and interest rate specified under "Summary—Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related tables;
- the settlement date for the Certificates is March 30, 2017; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans underlying the MBS will differ from the assumed characteristics shown in the Summary, and may differ significantly. See "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Yield and Prepayment—Yields on and weighted average lives of the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the mortgage loans backing the series trust assets" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Prepayment Assumptions. The prepayment model used in this prospectus supplement is PSA. For a description of PSA, see "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus. It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any constant PSA rate or at any other constant rate.

Principal Balance Schedule. The Principal Balance Schedule for the Aggregate Group is set forth beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedule was prepared based on the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans

prepay at a *constant* rate within the "Structuring Range" specified in the chart below. The "Effective Range" for the Aggregate Group is the range of prepayment rates (measured by *constant* PSA rates) that would reduce the Aggregate Group to its scheduled balance each month based on the Pricing Assumptions. We have not provided separate schedules for the individual Classes included in the Aggregate Group. However, those Classes are designed to receive principal distributions in the same fashion as if separate schedules had been provided (with schedules based on the same underlying assumptions that apply to the Aggregate Group schedule). If such separate schedules had been provided for the individual Classes included in the Aggregate Group we expect that the effective ranges for those Classes would not be narrower than that shown below for the Aggregate Group.

Group Structuring Range Initial Effective Range

Aggregate Group Planned Balances

Between 115% and 200% PSA

Between 115% and 200% PSA

The Aggregate Group consists of the PB, PE and LP Classes.

See "—Decrement Tables" below for the percentages of original principal balances of the individual Classes included in the Aggregate Group that would be outstanding at various *constant* PSA rates, including the upper and lower bands of the Structuring Range, based on the Pricing Assumptions.

We cannot assure you that the balance of the Aggregate Group will conform on any Distribution Date to the balance specified in the Principal Balance Schedule or that distributions of principal of the Aggregate Group will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedule.

If you are considering the purchase of a PAC Class, you should first take into account the considerations set forth below.

- We will distribute any excess of principal distributions over the amount necessary to reduce the Aggregate Group to its scheduled balance in any month. As a result, the likelihood of reducing the Aggregate Group to its scheduled balance each month will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal distributions from month to month.
- Even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within the Structuring Range or Effective Range, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the Aggregate Group to its scheduled balance each month if prepayments do not occur at a *constant* PSA rate.
- The actual Effective Range at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. As a result, the actual Effective Range will likely differ from the Initial Effective Range specified above. For the same reason, the Aggregate Group might not be reduced to its scheduled balance each month even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at a *constant* PSA rate within the Initial Effective Range. This is so particularly if the rate falls at the lower or higher end of the range.
- The actual Effective Range may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time.
- The principal payment stability of the Aggregate Group will be supported by the CZ Class. When the CZ Class is retired, the Aggregate Group, if still outstanding, may no longer have an Effective Range and will be much more sensitive to prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans.

Yield Table for the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class

The table below illustrates the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yield to maturity of the PI Class to various constant percentages of PSA. **The table below is provided**

for illustrative purposes only and is not intended as a forecast or prediction of the actual yield on the PI Class. We calculated the yields set forth in the table by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the PI Class, would cause the discounted present values of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase price of that Class, and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase price of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, because some of the related Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the notional principal balance reductions on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all of the related Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity, or
- all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate.

The yield to investors in the PI Class will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on the PI Class would be 0% if prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans were to occur at the following constant rate:

Class	% PSA
PI	333%

If the actual prepayment rate of the related Mortgage Loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling that level for the remaining months, the investors in the PI Class would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the following yield table has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase price of the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class (expressed as a percentage of the original principal balance) is as follows:

Class	Price*
PI	15.00%

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table below.

Sensitivity of the PI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption												
	50%	100%	115%	165%	200%	300%	500%						
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	15.1%	10.4%	9.2%	9.2%	9.2%	2.5%	(13.1)%						

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

For a description of how the weighted average life of a Certificate is determined, see "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal distributions, and
- the priority sequence of distributions of principal of the Classes.

See "—Distributions of Principal" above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions.

In the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, however, we assumed that the Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining term to maturity and bear interest at the annual rate specified in the table below.

Original and Remaining Term to Maturity	Interest Rate
360 months	6.00%

It is unlikely that all of the Mortgage Loans will have the loan ages, interest rates or remaining terms to maturity assumed, or that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates, even if the weighted average remaining term to maturity and the weighted average loan age of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the weighted averages specified in the Pricing Assumptions. This is the case because pools of loans with identical weighted averages are nonetheless likely to reflect differing dispersions of the related characteristics.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

	PB, PD, PI† and PC Classes							PE Class				LP Class									
				Prepay sumpt	yment ion			PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption						
Date	0%	100%	115%	165%	200%	300%	500%	0%	100%	115%	165%	200%	300%	500%	0%	100%	115%	165%	200%	300%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2018	98	95	95	95	95	95	95	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2019	95	87	86	86	86	86	79	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2020	93	77	75	75	75	71	50	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2021	90	68	65	65	65	54	29	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2022	88	59	55	55	55	40	15	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2023	85	50	46	46	46	29	5	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2024	82	42	38	38	38	20	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	66	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2025	78	35	30	30	30	12	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	89
March 2026	75	28	23	23	23	7	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	61
March 2027	71	21	18	18	18	2	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	41
March 2028	68	15	13	13	13	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	65	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	28
March 2029	64	9	8	8	8	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	7	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	19
March 2030	59	4	4	4	4	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	82	13
March 2031	55	1	1	1	1	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	64	9
March 2032	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	69	69	69	69	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	50	6
March 2033	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	24	24	24	24	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	39	4
March 2034	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	93	93	93	93	30	3
March 2035	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	77	77	77	77	23	2
March 2036	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	63	63	63	63	18	1
March 2037	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	51	51	51	51	14	1
March 2038	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	41	41	41	41	10	*
March 2039	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	33	33	33	33	8	*
March 2040	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	26	26	26	26	6	*
March 2041	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	88	20	20	20	20	4	*
March 2042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	15	15	15	15	3	*
March 2043	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	11	11	11	11	2	*
March 2044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	7	7	7	1	*
March 2045	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	4	4	4	4	4	$\bar{1}$	*
March 2046	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	*	*
March 2047	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Life (years)**	14.0	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.1	4.7	3.3	23.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	11.3	7.2	24.8	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	16.1	10.3

	CZ Class					PA Class				PL Class											
	PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption										
Date	0%	100%	115%	165%	200%	300%	500%	0%	100%	115%	165%	200%	300%	500%	0%	100%	115%	165%	200%	300%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2018	104	104	104	98	93	82	58	98	95	95	95	95	95	95	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2019	107	107	107	87	73	33	0	96	88	87	87	87	87	80	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2020	111	111	111	72	46	0	0	93	78	77	77	77	73	52	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2021	115	115	115	61	26	0	0	91	69	67	67	67	56	33	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2022	119	119	119	54	12	0	0	88	61	58	58	58	43	19	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2023	123	123	123	50	4	0	0	85	53	49	49	49	32	10	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2024	128	128	128	49	*	0	0	83	45	41	41	41	24	3	100	100	100	100	100	100	89
March 2025	132	132	132	49	*	0	0	79	38	34	34	34	17	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	61
March 2026	137	137	133	49	*	0	0	76	31	27	27	27	11	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	41
March 2027	142	142	132	47	*	0	0	73	25	22	22	22	7	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	28
March 2028	147	147	129	45	*	0	0	69	19	17	17	17	3	0	100	100	100	100	100	89	19
March 2029	152	152	124	43	*	0	0	65	13	13	13	13	*	0	100	100	100	100	100	70	13
March 2030	158	148	118	40	*	0	0	61	9	9	9	9	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	55	9
March 2031	163	140	112	37	*	0	0	57	6	6	6	6	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	43	6
March 2032	169	132	105	34	*	0	0	53	3	3	3	3	0	0	100	90	90	90	90	34	4
March 2033	175	123	97	31	*	0	0	48	1	1	1	1	0	0	100	75	75	75	75	26	3
March 2034	181	114	89	28	*	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	63	63	63	63	21	2
March 2035	188	104	81	25	*	0	0	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	52	52	52	52	16	1
March 2036	194	94	73	22	*	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	43	43	43	43	12	*
March 2037	$\frac{201}{208}$	84 74	65 57	19 16	*	0	0	26 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	100 100	35	35 28	35 28	35 28	9 7	*
March 2038		65	97 49	16	*	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	$\frac{28}{22}$	28 22	28	28 22		*
March 2039	$\frac{216}{223}$	55	49	$\frac{14}{12}$	*	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	18	18	18	18	5 4	*
March 2040	231	46	35	9	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	13	13	13	13	3	*
March 2041	239	38	28	7	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	10	10	10	2	*
March 2042	198	29	$\frac{20}{22}$	6	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	7	7	7	1	*
March 2044	153	21	16	4	*	0	0	0	0	ő	0	0	0	0	5	5	5	5	5	i	*
March 2044	106	14	10	2	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	*	*
March 2046	55	6	5	1	*	0	ő	0	0	ŏ	0	0	ő	ő	1	1	1	1	1	*	*
March 2047	0	0	0	0	0	ő	ő	0	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	O	U	U	O
0	977	20.0	10.0	10 G	9.1	1 6	1 1	145	6.0	<i>c c</i>	c c	c c	5 0	2.5	94.4	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	1/5	0.9
Life (years)**	21.7	20.9	19.9	10.6	3.1	1.6	1.1	14.5	6.9	6.6	6.6	6.6	5.0	3.5	24.4	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2	14.5	9.3

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance

outstanding.

Characteristics of the Residual Class

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. See "Description of the Certificates—Special Characteristics of the Residual Certificates" and "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Treasury Department regulations (the "Regulations") provide that a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. A Residual Certificate will constitute a noneconomic residual interest under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate had "improper knowledge" at the time of the transfer. See "Description of the Certificates—Special Characteristics of the Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes

We will make a REMIC election with respect to the REMIC set forth in the table under "Description of the Certificates—General—Structure." The Regular Classes will be designated as "regular interests" and the Residual Class will be designated as the "residual interest" in the REMIC as set forth in that table. Thus, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, as "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the Residual Class, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Accrual Class will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumption that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be 165% PSA. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—*Treatment of Original Issue Discount*" in the REMIC Prospectus. No repre-

sentation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at that rate or at any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

The Holder of a Residual Certificate will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the related REMIC. Such Holder generally will be required to report its daily portion of the taxable income or net loss of the REMIC to which that Certificate relates. In certain periods, a Holder of a Residual Certificate may be required to recognize taxable income without being entitled to receive a corresponding amount of cash. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to the Holder of a Residual Certificate (i) information necessary to enable it to prepare its federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the Residual Class that may be required under the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The Regular Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates set forth in Schedule 1 (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest of the underlying Regular Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Regular Certificates, see "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Generally, the ownership interest represented by an RCR certificate will be one of two types. A certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a "Combination RCR Certificate") will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in one or more underlying Regular Certificates. A certificate of a Strip RCR Class (a "Strip RCR Certificate") will represent the right to receive a disproportionate part of the principal or interest payments on one or more underlying Regular Certificates. The PD, PI and PC Classes are Classes of Strip RCR Certificates. The PA and PL Classes are Classes of Combination RCR Certificates. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus for a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of RCR Certificates.

Tax Audit Procedures

The Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015, which was enacted on November 2, 2015, repeals and replaces the rules applicable to certain administrative and judicial proceedings regarding a REMIC's tax affairs, effective beginning with the 2018 taxable year. Under the new rules, a partnership, including for this purpose a REMIC, appoints one person to act as its sole representative in connection with IRS audits and related procedures. In the case of a REMIC, the representative's actions, including the representative's agreeing to adjustments to taxable income, will bind Residual Owners to a greater degree than would action of the tax matters partner ("TMP") under current rules. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences-Reporting and Other Administrative Matters" in the REMIC Prospectus for a discussion of the TMP. Further, an adjustment to the REMIC's taxable income following an IRS audit may have to be taken into account by those Residual Owners in the year in which the adjustment is made rather than in the year to which the adjustment relates, and otherwise in different and potentially less advantageous ways than under current rules. In some cases, a REMIC could itself be liable for taxes on income adjustments, although it is anticipated that each REMIC will seek to follow procedures in the new rules to avoid entity-level liability to the extent it otherwise may be imposed. The new rules, which will apply to both existing and future REMICs, are complex and likely will be clarified and possibly revised before going into effect. Residual Owners should discuss with their own tax advisors the possible effect of the new rules on them.

Foreign Investors

Beginning on January 1, 2019, a 30-percent United States withholding tax ("FATCA withholding") will apply to gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of a Regular Certificate that are paid to a non-U.S. entity that is a "financial institution" and fails to comply with certain reporting and other requirements or to a non-U.S. entity that is not a "financial institution" but fails to disclose the identity of its direct or indirect "substantial U.S. owners" or to certify that it has no such owners. FATCA withholding currently applies to payments treated as interest on a Regular Certificate paid to such persons. Various exceptions may apply. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the potential application and impact of this withholding tax based on your particular circumstances. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Foreign Investors" in the REMIC Prospectus.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Mizuho Securities USA Inc.* (the "Dealer") in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

CREDIT RISK RETENTION

The Certificates satisfy the requirements of the Credit Risk Retention Rule (12 C.F.R. Part 1234) jointly promulgated by the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA"), the SEC and several other federal agencies. In accordance with 12 C.F.R. 1234.8(a), (i) the Certificates are fully guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by Fannie Mae and (ii) Fannie Mae is operating under the conservatorship of FHFA with capital support from the United States.

LEGAL MATTERS

Katten Muchin Rosenman LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

^{*} It is anticipated that Mizuho Securities USA Inc. will convert to a limited liability company and change its name to Mizuho Securities USA LLC with effectiveness as of March 31, 2017.

REMI	C Certificates	RCR Certificates									
Classes	Original Classes Balances		Original Balances	Principal Type(2)	Interest Rate	$\frac{\text{Interest}}{\text{Type}(2)}$	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date			
Recombin	nation 1										
PB	\$75,247,091	PD	\$75,247,091	PAC/AD	2.5%	FIX	3136AVY60	April 2045			
		PI	21,499,168(3)	NTL	3.5	FIX/IO	3136AVY78	April 2045			
Recombin	nation 2							•			
PB	75,247,091	PC	75,247,091	PAC/AD	3.0	FIX	3136AVY94	April 2045			
	, ,	PI	10,749,584(3)	NTL	3.5	FIX/IO	3136AVY78	April 2045			
Recombin	nation 3		, , ,					•			
PB	75,247,091	PA	79,207,464	PAC/AD	3.5	FIX	3136AVY86	December 2045			
${ m PE}$	3,960,373		, ,								
Recombin	nation 4										
PE	3,960,373	PL	12,274,969	PAC/AD	3.5	FIX	3136AU6V8	April 2047			
$_{ m LP}$	8.314.596		, ,					•			

REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates in each Recombination may be exchanged only in the proportions of original principal or notional principal balances for the related Classes shown in this Schedule 1 (disregarding any retired Classes). For example, if a particular Recombination includes two REMIC Classes and one RCR Class whose original principal balances shown in the schedule reflect a 1:1:2 relationship, the same 1:1:2 relationship among the original principal balances of those REMIC and RCR Classes must be maintained in any exchange. This is true even if, as a result of the applicable payment priority sequence, the relationship between their current principal balances has changed over time. Moreover, if as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange. See "Description of the Certificates—General—Authorized Denominations" in this prospectus supplement.

(2) See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

(3) Notional principal balance. This Class is an Interest Only Class. See page S-5 for a description of how its notional principal balance is calculated.

Principal Balance Schedule

Aggregate Group Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	
Initial Balance	\$87,522,060.00	November 2021	\$56,287,604.09	July 2026	\$28,390,930.03	
April 2017	87,306,478.80	December 2021	55,691,095.34	August 2026	28,017,964.78	
May 2017	87,071,220.61	January 2022	55,098,080.49	September 2026	27,649,468.74	
June 2017	86,816,354.62	February 2022	54,508,536.86	October 2026	27,285,390.86	
July 2017	86,541,961.63	March 2022	53,922,441.88	November 2026	26,925,680.63	
August 2017	86,248,134.04	April 2022	53,339,773.14	December 2026	26,570,288.12	
September 2017	85,934,975.77	May 2022	52,760,508.36	January 2027	26,219,163.96	
October 2017	85,602,602.21	June 2022	52,184,625.37	February 2027	25,872,259.30	
November 2017	85,251,140.18	July 2022	51,612,102.16	March 2027	25,529,525.86	
December 2017	84,880,727.84	August 2022	51,042,916.82	April 2027	25,190,915.88	
January 2018	84,491,514.58	September 2022	50,477,047.59	May 2027	24,856,382.16	
February 2018	84,083,660.94	October 2022	49,914,472.82	June 2027	24,525,877.99	
March 2018	83,657,338.49	November 2022	49,355,171.02	July 2027	24,199,357.20	
April 2018	83,212,729.72	December 2022	48,799,120.78	August 2027	23,876,774.14	
May 2018	82,750,027.87	January 2023	48,246,300.86	September 2027	23,558,083.64	
June 2018	82,269,436.83	February 2023	47,696,690.11	October 2027	23,243,241.06	
July 2018	81,771,170.95	March 2023	47,150,267.53	November 2027	22,932,202.26	
August 2018	81,255,454.88	April 2023	46,607,012.23	December 2027	22,624,923.56	
September 2018	80,722,523.40	May 2023	46,066,903.44	January 2028	22,321,361.81	
October 2018	80,172,621.24	June 2023	45,529,920.52	February 2028	22,021,474.31	
November 2018	79,606,002.84	July 2023	44,996,042.96	March 2028	21,725,218.84	
December 2018	79,022,932.20	August 2023	44,465,250.34	April 2028	21,432,553.66	
January 2019	78,423,682.63	September 2023	43,937,522.39	May 2028	21,143,437.49	
February 2019	77,808,536.51	October 2023	43,412,838.95	June 2028	20,857,829.51	
March 2019	77,177,785.10	November 2023	42,891,179.96	July 2028	20,575,689.37	
April 2019	76,531,728.24	December 2023	42,372,525.52	August 2028	20,296,977.16	
May 2019	75,870,674.13	January 2024	41,856,855.80	September 2028	20,021,653.39	
June 2019	75,194,939.07	February 2024	41,344,151.11	October 2028	19,749,679.06	
July 2019	74,504,847.17	March 2024	40,834,391.88	November 2028	19,481,015.57	
August 2019	73,800,730.09	April 2024	40,327,558.65	December 2028	19,215,624.76	
September 2019	73,100,799.77	May 2024	39,823,632.05	January 2029	18,953,468.90	
October 2019	72,405,029.46	June 2024	39,322,592.87	February 2029	18,694,510.69	
November 2019	71,713,392.53	July 2024	38,824,421.97	March 2029	18,438,713.22	
December 2019	71,025,862.52	August 2024	38,329,100.34	April 2029	18,186,040.02	
January 2020	70,342,413.13	September 2024	37,837,844.82	May 2029	17,936,455.02	
February 2020	69,663,018.21	October 2024	37,352,405.03	June 2029	17,689,922.54	
March 2020	68,987,651.77	November 2024	36,872,715.00	July 2029	17,446,407.32	
April 2020	68,316,287.97	December 2024	36,398,709.43	August 2029	17,205,874.48	
May 2020	67,648,901.13	January 2025	35,930,323.80	September 2029	16,968,289.53	
June 2020	66,985,465.71	February 2025	35,467,494.25	October 2029	16,733,618.39	
July 2020	66,325,956.32	March 2025	35,010,157.68	November 2029	16,501,827.32	
August 2020	65,670,347.73	April 2025	34,558,251.65	December 2029	16,272,883.00	
September 2020	65,018,614.85	May 2025	34,111,714.42	January 2030	16,046,752.46	
October 2020	64,370,732.76	June 2025	33,670,484.96	February 2030	15,823,403.09	
November 2020	63,726,676.66	July 2025	33,234,502.87	March 2030	15,602,802.67	
December 2020	63,086,421.90	August 2025	32,803,708.47	April 2030	15,384,919.33	
January 2021	62,449,943.98	September 2025	32,378,042.71	May 2030	15,169,721.56	
February 2021	61,817,218.56	October 2025	31,957,447.19	June 2030	14,957,178.20	
March 2021	61,188,221.43	November 2025	31,541,864.19	July 2030	14,747,258.43	
April 2021	60,562,928.51	December 2025	31,131,236.60	August 2030	14,539,931.80	
May 2021	59,941,315.88	January 2026	30,725,507.96	September 2030	14,335,168.18	
June 2021	59,323,359.76	February 2026	30,324,622.42	October 2030	14,132,937.80	
July 2021	58,709,036.50	March 2026	29,928,524.78	November 2030	13,933,211.19	
August 2021	58,098,322.61	April 2026	29,537,160.42	December 2030	13,735,959.24	
September 2021	57,491,194.70	May 2026	29,150,475.34	January 2031	13,541,153.17	
October 2021	56,887,629.56	June 2026	28,768,416.15	February 2031	13,348,764.50	

Aggregate Group (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance			
March 2031	\$13,158,765.08	February 2036	\$ 5,320,851.73	January 2041	\$ 1,727,605.43			
April 2031	12,971,127.08	March 2036	5,232,942.77	February 2041	1,688,678.62			
May 2031	12,785,822.99	April 2036	5,146,191.37	March 2041	1,650,312.15			
June 2031	12,602,825.60	May 2036	5,060,583.67	April 2041	1,612,499.01			
July 2031	12,422,108.00	June 2036	4,976,105.92	May 2041	1,575,232.30			
August 2031	12,243,643.59	July 2036	4,892,744.56	June 2041	1,538,505.18			
September 2031	12,067,406.07	August 2036	4,810,486.17	July 2041	1,502,310.89			
October 2031	11,893,369.44	September 2036	4,729,317.50	August 2041	1,466,642.76			
November 2031	11,721,507.98	October 2036	4,649,225.41	September 2041	1,431,494.19			
December 2031	11,551,796.28	November 2036	4,570,196.97	October 2041	1,396,858.65			
January 2032	11,384,209.19	December 2036	4,492,219.35	November 2041 December 2041	1,362,729.71			
February 2032	11,218,721.87	January 2037	4,415,279.90	January 2042	1,329,100.99			
March 2032	11,055,309.74 10,893,948.50	February 2037	4,339,366.08 4,264,465.53	February 2042	1,295,966.21 1,263,319.13			
May 2032	10,734,614.14	April 2037	4,190,566.01	March 2042	1,231,153.62			
June 2032	10,577,282.90	May 2037	4,117,655.43	April 2042	1,199,463.59			
July 2032	10,421,931.30	June 2037	4,045,721.82	May 2042	1,168,243.05			
August 2032	10,268,536.12	July 2037	3,974,753.38	June 2042	1,137,486.06			
September 2032	10,117,074.41	August 2037	3,904,738.42	July 2042	1,107,186.75			
October 2032	9,967,523.48	September 2037	3,835,665.39	August 2042	1,077,339.34			
November 2032	9,819,860.87	October 2037	3,767,522.88	September 2042	1,047,938.09			
December 2032	9,674,064.41	November 2037	3,700,299.60	October 2042	1,018,977.35			
January 2033	9,530,112.15	December 2037	3,633,984.40	November 2042	990,451.52			
February 2033	9,387,982.42	January 2038	3,568,566.26	December 2042	962,355.08			
March 2033	9,247,653.76	February 2038	3,504,034.27	January 2043	934,682.57			
April 2033	9,109,104.99	March 2038	3,440,377.65	February 2043	907,428.58			
May 2033	8,972,315.13	April 2038	3,377,585.77	March 2043	880,587.80			
June 2033	8,837,263.46	May 2038	3,315,648.10	April 2043	854,154.93			
July 2033	8,703,929.50	June 2038	3,254,554.22	May 2043	828,124.79			
August 2033	8,572,292.99	July 2038	3,194,293.85	June 2043	802,492.21			
September 2033	8,442,333.90	August 2038	3,134,856.83	July 2043	777,252.12			
October 2033	8,314,032.43	September 2038	3,076,233.11	August 2043	752,399.49			
November 2033	8,187,369.01	October 2038	3,018,412.75	September 2043	727,929.35			
December 2033	8,062,324.27	November 2038	2,961,385.94	October 2043	703,836.80			
January 2034 February 2034	7,938,879.09	December 2038 January 2039	2,905,142.96 2,849,674.23	November 2043 December 2043	680,116.98			
•	7,817,014.55	February 2039	2,794,970.27	January 2044	656,765.11			
March 2034	7,696,711.95 7,577,952.78	March 2039	2,741,021.69	February 2044	633,776.45 $611,146.32$			
May 2034	7,460,718.78	April 2039	2,687,819.24	March 2044	588,870.09			
June 2034	7,344,991.87	May 2039	2,635,353.76	April 2044	566,943.21			
July 2034	7,230,754.17	June 2039	2,583,616.19	May 2044	545,361.15			
August 2034	7,117,988.03	July 2039	2,532,597.60	June 2044	524,119.46			
September 2034	7,006,675.98	August 2039	2,482,289.13	July 2044	503,213.73			
October 2034	6,896,800.75	September 2039	2,432,682.05	August 2044	482,639.60			
November 2034	6,788,345.28	October 2039	2,383,767.72	September 2044	462,392.77			
December 2034	6,681,292.68	November 2039	2,335,537.61	October 2044	442,468.98			
January 2035	6,575,626.27	December 2039	2,287,983.26	November 2044	422,864.04			
February 2035	6,471,329.56	January 2040	2,241,096.34	December 2044	403,573.80			
March 2035	6,368,386.24	February 2040	2,194,868.61	January 2045	384,594.16			
April 2035	6,266,780.20	March 2040	2,149,291.91	February 2045	365,921.05			
May 2035	6,166,495.49	April 2040	2,104,358.19	March 2045	347,550.48			
June 2035	6,067,516.35	May 2040	2,060,059.50	April 2045	329,478.50			
July 2035	5,969,827.22	June 2040	2,016,387.95	May 2045	311,701.18			
August 2035	5,873,412.69	July 2040	1,973,335.78	June 2045	294,214.68			
September 2035	5,778,257.54	August 2040	1,930,895.30	July 2045	277,015.17			
October 2035	5,684,346.72	September 2040	1,889,058.91	August 2045	260,098.88			
November 2035	5,591,665.35	October 2040	1,847,819.11	September 2045 October 2045	243,462.10			
January 2036	5,500,198.73 5,409,932.32	November 2040 December 2040	1,807,168.47 1,767,099.66	November 2045	$\begin{array}{c} 227,101.13 \\ 211,012.34 \end{array}$			
January 2036	5,405,532.32	December 2040	1,101,099.00	riovember 2045	411,012.34			

$Aggregate\ Group\ (Continued)$

Distribution Date			Distribution Date			Planned Balance	Distribution Date		Planned Balance
December 2045 January 2046	\$	195,192.14 179,636.98		46 46	\$	119,997.23 105,715.50	October 2046 November 204		\$ 51,002.39 37,911.55
February 2046		164,343.35	July 204	16		91,678.39	December 204	16	25,049.41
March 2046		149,307.79	August	2046		77,882.65	January 2047		12,412.91
April 2046		134,526.88	Septemb	oer 2046		64,325.04	February 204	7 and	
							thereafter		0.00

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in or incorporated into this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. We take no responsibility for any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. \$100,000,000



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates

Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2017-29

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

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Mizuho Securities USA Inc.*

March 24, 2017

^{*} It is anticipated that Mizuho Securities USA Inc. will convert to a limited liability company and change its name to Mizuho Securities USA LLC with effectiveness as of March 31, 2017.