

Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2008-75

This is a supplement to the prospectus supplement dated August 25, 2008 (the "Prospectus Supplement"). If we use a capitalized term in this supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the Prospectus Supplement.

The section of the Prospectus Supplement titled "Recent Developments" is replaced in its entirety with the following:

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

On September 6, 2008, the Federal Housing Finance Agency, or FHFA, placed Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac into conservatorship. As the conservator, FHFA succeeded to all rights, titles, powers and privileges of Fannie Mae, and of any stockholder, officer, or director of Fannie Mae with respect to Fannie Mae and the assets of Fannie Mae. The conservator selected Herbert M. Allison, former Vice Chairman of Merrill Lynch and Chairman of TIAA-CREF, as the new CEO of Fannie Mae. A copy of the statement issued by FHFA Director James B. Lockhart regarding FHFA's placement of Fannie Mae into conservatorship, the selection of Mr. Allison, and a copy of a Fact Sheet discussing questions and answers about the conservatorship are available on FHFA's website at www.ofheo.gov.

On September 7, 2008, the U.S. Department of the Treasury, or U.S. Treasury, announced three additional steps taken by it in connection with the conservatorship.

First, the U.S. Treasury entered into a Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement with us pursuant to which the U.S. Treasury will purchase up to an aggregate of \$100 billion to maintain a positive net worth on a U.S. GAAP basis. This agreement contains covenants that significantly restrict our operations. In exchange for entering into this agreement, the U.S. Treasury received \$1 billion of our senior preferred stock and warrants to purchase 79.9% of our common stock.

(continued on the next page)

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page 10 of the REMIC Prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

The certificates, together with any interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Second, the U.S. Treasury announced the establishment of a new secured lending credit facility which will be available to Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and the Federal Home Loan Banks as a liquidity backstop.

Third, the U.S. Treasury announced that it is initiating a temporary program to purchase mortgage-backed securities issued by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. The secured lending credit facility and the mortgage-backed securities purchase program are currently scheduled to expire in December 2009.

Details regarding these steps are available on the U.S. Treasury's website at www.ustreas.gov.

We are continuing to operate as a going concern while in conservatorship and remain liable for all of our obligations, including our guaranty obligations, associated with mortgage-backed securities issued by us. The secured lending credit facility and the Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement described above are intended to enhance our ability to meet our obligations.

Under the Federal Housing Finance Regulatory Reform Act of 2008 (the "Regulatory Reform Act"), FHFA, as conservator or receiver, has the power to repudiate any contract entered into by Fannie Mae prior to FHFA's appointment as conservator or receiver, as applicable, if FHFA determines, in its sole discretion, that performance of the contract is burdensome and that repudiation of the contract promotes the orderly administration of Fannie Mae's affairs. The Regulatory Reform Act requires FHFA to exercise its right to repudiate any contract within a reasonable period of time after its appointment as conservator or receiver.

FHFA as conservator has advised us that it has no intention to repudiate our guaranty obligation under the trust documents because it views repudiation as incompatible with the goals of the conservatorship. In the event that FHFA, as conservator or receiver, were to repudiate our guaranty obligation under the related trust documents, the conservatorship or receivership estate, as applicable, would be liable for actual direct compensatory damages in accordance with the provisions of the Regulatory Reform Act. Any such liability could be satisfied only to the extent of our assets available therefor.

In the event of repudiation, the payments of principal and/or interest to certificateholders would be reduced if payments on the underlying mortgage loans are not made by the related borrowers or a direct servicer fails to remit borrower payments to us. Any actual direct compensatory damages for repudiating our guaranty obligation may not be sufficient to offset any shortfalls experienced by certificateholders.

Further, in its capacity as conservator or receiver, FHFA has the right to transfer or sell any asset or liability of Fannie Mae without any approval, assignment or consent. Although we have been advised that it has no present intention to do so, if FHFA, as conservator or receiver, were to transfer our guaranty obligation to another party, certificateholders would have to rely on that party for satisfaction of the guaranty obligation and would be exposed to the credit risk of that party.

In addition, certain rights provided to certificateholders under the trust documents may not be enforced against FHFA, or enforcement of such rights may be delayed, during the conservatorship or if we are placed into receivership. The trust documents provide that upon the occurrence of a guarantor event of default, which includes the appointment of a conservator or receiver, certificateholders have the right to replace Fannie Mae as trustee if the requisite percentage of certificateholders consent. The Regulatory Reform Act prevents certificateholders from enforcing their rights to replace Fannie Mae as trustee if the event of default arises solely because a conservator or receiver has been appointed. The Regulatory Reform Act also provides that no person may exercise any right or power to terminate, accelerate or declare an event of default under certain contracts to which Fannie Mae is a party, or obtain possession of or exercise control over any property of Fannie Mae, or affect any contractual rights of Fannie Mae, without the approval of FHFA, as conservator or receiver, for a period of 45 or 90 days following the appointment of FHFA as conservator or receiver, respectively.



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2008-75

This is a supplement to the prospectus supplement dated August 25, 2008 (the "Prospectus Supplement"). If we use a capitalized term in this supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the Prospectus Supplement.

The third paragraph of the section of the Prospectus Supplement titled "Recent Developments" is replaced in its entirety with the following:

On September 2, 2008, Fitch Ratings ("Fitch") announced that our preferred stock rating was reduced to "BBB-". Our preferred stock rating remains on Rating Watch Negative. Fitch affirmed ratings of "AAA" on our senior unsecured debt and "AA-" on our subordinated debt.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page 10 of the REMIC Prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

The certificates, together with any interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2008-75

This is a supplement to the prospectus supplement dated August 25, 2008 (the "Prospectus Supplement"). If we use a capitalized term in this supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the Prospectus Supplement.

The second paragraph of the section of the Prospectus Supplement titled "Recent Developments" is replaced in its entirety with the following:

On August 26, 2008, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P") announced that our "Risk-to-the-Government" rating was reduced from "A" to "A—" with a negative outlook, our preferred stock rating was reduced from "A—" to "BBB-" with a negative outlook, and our subordinated debt rating was reduced from "A—" to "BBB+" with a negative outlook. S&P also announced that our Risk-to-the-Government, preferred stock, and subordinated debt ratings have been placed on CreditWatch Negative. S&P also affirmed the "AAA/A-1+" rating on our senior unsecured debt with a stable outlook.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page 10 of the REMIC Prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

The certificates, together with any interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2008-75

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this cover.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual class), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We will pay principal at rates that may vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are available for distribution to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS. The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family fixed-rate loans.

Class	Group	Original Class Balance	Principal Type(1)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(1)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
PO(2)	1	\$150,000,000	PT	0.0%	PO	31397MPY7	September 2038
IF(2)	1	67,241,379(3)	NTL	(4)	FLT/IO	31397MPZ4	September 2038
SI(2)	1	67,241,379(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31397MQA8	September 2038
DS(2)	1	67,241,379(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31397MQB6	September 2038
FI(2)	1	67,241,379(3)	NTL	(4)	FLT/IO	31397MQC4	September 2038
IS(2)	1	67,241,379(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31397MQD2	September 2038
CS(2)	1	67,241,379(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31397MQE0	September 2038
Α	2	55,000,000	SEQ/AD	5.5	FIX	31397MQF7	August 2030
AZ	2	10,273,609	SEQ	5.5	FIX/Z	31397MQG5	September 2038
GA	3	79,450,000	SEQ	6.0	FIX	31397MQH3	May 2025
GI(2)	3	35,000,000(3)	NTL	6.0	FIX/IO	31397 M Q J 9	September 2028
GO(2)	3	35,000,000	SEQ	0.0	PO	31397MQK6	September 2028
DA	4	200,000,000	SEQ	4.5	FIX	31397MQL4	March 2021
DI(2)	4	66,986,000(3)	NTL	4.5	FIX/IO	31397MQM2	September 2023
DO(2)	4	66,986,000	SEQ	0.0	PO	31397MQN0	September 2023
$R \dots \dots$		0	NPR	0	NPR	31397MQP5	September 2038
RL		0	NPR	0	NPR	31397MQQ3	September 2038

See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC prospectus.

(2) Exchangeable classes.

- (3) Notional balances. These classes are interest only classes. See page S-7 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.
- (4) Based on LIBOR.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for certificates of the corresponding RCR classes to be delivered at the time of exchange. The AB, BF, DF, AF, CF, BS, AS, GB and DB Classes are the RCR classes. For a more detailed description of the RCR classes, see Schedule 1 attached to this prospectus supplement and "Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination" in the REMIC prospectus.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be August 29, 2008.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the "Disclosure Documents"):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated August 1, 2007 (the "REMIC Prospectus");
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated January 1, 2006 (for all MBS issued prior to June 1, 2007) or dated April 1, 2008 (for all other MBS) (as applicable, the "MBS Prospectus"); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below and under the heading "Incorporation by Reference" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The MBS Prospectus is incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that we are disclosing information in that document by referring you to it. That document is considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with that document.

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae MBS Helpline 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 1-800-237-8627).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus by writing or calling the dealer at:

Barclays Capital Inc. Attn: MBS Syndication Operations 200 Cedar Knolls Road Whippany, New Jersey 07981 (telephone 973-576-3006).

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Ratings Announcements

On August 22, 2008, Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") announced that our Bank Financial Strength Rating was being reduced from "B-" to "D+" and our preferred stock rating was being reduced from "A1" to "Baa3", and that these ratings remain under review for possible further downgrade. Moody's also lowered its outlook on our subordinated debt rating of "Aa2" from "stable" to "negative" and affirmed the ratings of "Aaa" on our senior long-term debt and "Prime-1" on our short-term debt with stable outlooks.

On August 11, 2008, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P") announced that our "Risk-to-the-Government" rating was being reduced from "A+" to "A" with a negative outlook, our preferred stock rating was being reduced from "AA-" to "A-" with a negative outlook, and our subordinated debt rating was being reduced from "AA-" to "A-" with a negative outlook. S&P also affirmed the "AAA/A-1+" rating on our senior unsecured debt with a stable outlook.

On July 17, 2008, Fitch Ratings ("Fitch") downgraded our preferred stock rating one notch to "A+" from "AA—". Our preferred stock rating remains on Rating Watch Negative until further evaluation. Fitch affirmed ratings of "AAA" on our senior unsecured debt and "AA—" on our subordinated debt.

Although the certificates being offered hereby are not rated, the general market perception of our ability to satisfy our obligations, including our guaranty obligations on the certificates, will affect the liquidity and market value of the certificates. Accordingly, you should consider the potential effect of the recent announcements on the liquidity and market value of your certificates.

Recent Legislation

On July 30, 2008, President Bush signed into law the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 that included GSE regulatory reform legislation. The legislation establishes the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA") as our new safety, soundness and mission regulator, replacing OFHEO and HUD for this purpose. In general, the legislation strengthens the existing safety and soundness oversight of the GSEs, providing FHFA with safety and soundness authority that is comparable to and in some respects broader than that of the federal bank regulatory agencies. For example, FHFA will have enhanced powers to raise capital levels above statutory minimum levels, to regulate the size and content of our portfolio, and to approve new mortgage products. The legislation also increases the financial and administrative cost of our affordable housing mission.

In addition, the legislation includes provisions that were initially proposed by the Treasury Secretary that (i) authorize the U.S. Treasury to buy Fannie Mae's debt, equity and other securities, subject to our agreement; and (ii) give the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System a consultative role in our regulator's process for setting capital requirements and other safety and soundness standards. Both of these provisions lapse at the end of 2009.

SUMMARY

This summary contains only limited information about the certificates. Statistical information in this summary is provided as of August 1, 2008. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3. In particular, please see the discussion of risk factors that appears in each of those additional disclosure documents.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

Group	Assets
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS
3	Group 3 MBS
4	Group 4 MBS

Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4

Characteristics of the MBS

	Approximate Principal Balance	Pass- Through Rate	Range of Weighted Average Coupons or WACs (annual percentages)	Average Remaining Terms to Maturity or WAMs (in months)
Group 1 MBS*	\$150,000,000	6.50%	6.75% to 9.00%	241 to 360
Group 2 MBS	\$ 45,691,525	5.50%	5.75% to 8.00%	241 to 360
_	\$ 16,318,404	5.50%	5.75% to 8.00%	241 to 360
	\$ 3,263,680	5.50%	5.75% to 8.00%	241 to 360
Group 3 MBS	\$114,450,000	6.00%	6.25% to 8.50%	181 to 240
Group 4 MBS	\$140,000,000	4.50%	4.75% to 7.00%	100 to 180
•	\$126,986,000	4.50%	4.75% to 7.00%	100 to 180

^{*} As further described in this prospectus supplement, the mortgage loans underlying the Group 1 MBS provide for interest only periods that may range from at least 7 to no more than 10 years following origination. The assumed remaining term to expiration of the interest only periods for those mortgage loans is set forth below.

Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans

Remaining

	Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Loan Age (in months)	Interest Rate	Term to Expiration of Interest Only Period (in months)
Group 1 MBS	\$150,000,000	360	351	9	7.120%	111
Group 2 MBS	\$ 45,691,525	360	318	36	5.959%	N/A
	\$ 16,318,404	360	305	47	5.910%	N/A
	\$ 3,263,680	360	285	63	5.875%	N/A
Group 3 MBS	\$114,450,000	240	226	12	6.405%	N/A
Group 4 MBS	\$140,000,000	180	113	62	4.954%	N/A
	\$126,986,000	180	118	57	5.004%	N/A

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages, interest rates and, if applicable, terms to expiration of interest only period of most of the mortgage loans underlying the MBS will differ from those shown above, perhaps significantly.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on August 29, 2008.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Record Date

On each distribution date, we will make each monthly payment on the certificates to holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry

Physical

All classes of certificates other than the R and RL Classes

R and RL Classes

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certificates of a class designated as "exchangeable" on the cover of this prospectus supplement, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We will deliver the RCR certificates upon such exchange.

We will apply principal and interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

Class	Initial Interest Rate	Maximum Interest Rate	Minimum Interest Rate	Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate(1)
IF	3.6125%	7.00%	1.15%	LIBOR + 115 basis points
SI	0.1000%	0.10%	0.00%	$5.85\% - ext{LIBOR}$
DS	3.2875%	5.75%	0.00%	5.75% - LIBOR
FI	3.3625%	7.50%	0.90%	LIBOR + 90 basis points
IS	0.1000%	0.10%	0.00%	$6.6\% - \mathrm{LIBOR}$
CS	4.0375%	6.50%	0.00%	$6.5\% - { m LIBOR}$
AF	3.3625%	7.50%	0.90%	LIBOR + 90 basis points
AS	4.1375%	6.60%	0.00%	$6.6\% - \mathrm{LIBOR}$
BF	3.6125%	7.00%	1.15%	LIBOR + 115 basis points
BS	3.3875%	5.85%	0.00%	$5.85\% - ext{LIBOR}$
CF	3.4625%	7.50%	1.00%	LIBOR + 100 basis points
DF	3.7125%	7.00%	1.25%	LIBOR + 125 basis points

⁽¹⁾ We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method."

Notional Classes

The notional principal balances of the notional classes will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

Class	
IF	44.8275860000% of the PO Class
SI	44.8275860000% of the PO Class
DS	44.8275860000% of the PO Class
FI	44.8275860000% of the PO Class
IS	44.8275860000% of the PO Class
CS	44.8275860000% of the PO Class
AS	33.3333333333% of the PO Class
BS	33.3333333333% of the PO Class
GI	100% of the GO Class
DI	100% of the DO Class

Distributions of Principal

For a description of the principal payment priorities, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal" in this prospectus supplement.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption					
Group 1 Classes 0%	100%	275%	478%	715%	960%	
PO, IF, SI, DS, FI, IS, CS, AB, AF, AS, BF, BS, CF and DF	12.1	5.9	3.6	2.4	1.8	
	P	SA Prepa	ayment A	ssumpti	on	
Group 2 Classes	0%	100%	184%	300%	500%	
A	$\begin{array}{c} 13.6 \\ 26.4 \end{array}$	$5.9 \\ 18.5$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.0 \\ 14.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.7 \\ 10.9 \end{array}$	1.7 6.9	
	P	SA Prepa	ayment A	ssumpti	on	
Group 3 Classes	0%	SA Prepa 100%	293%	Assumpti 440%	on 585%	
Group 3 Classes GA GI, GO and GB			•			
GA	10.2 18.4	100% 5.0	293% 2.5 9.2	1.8 6.7	585% 1.4 5.1	
GA	10.2 18.4	100% 5.0 14.5	293% 2.5 9.2	1.8 6.7	585% 1.4 5.1	

^{*} Determined as specified under "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading describes the principal features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the "Trust") pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of August 1, 2007 and a supplement thereto dated as of August 1, 2008 (the "Issue Date"). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the "REMIC Certificates") pursuant to that trust agreement and supplement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the "RCR Certificates" and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the "Certificates") pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of August 1, 2007 and a supplement thereto dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement and supplement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the "Trust Agreement"). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the "Trustee"). In general, the term "Classes" includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The assets of the Trust will include four groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the "Group 1 MBS," "Group 2 MBS," "Group 3 MBS" and "Group 4 MBS," and together, the "MBS").

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family ("single-family"), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the "Mortgage Loans") having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

The Trust will include the "Lower Tier REMIC" and "Upper Tier REMIC as "real estate mortgage investment conduits" each, a ("REMIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

The following chart contains information about the assets, the "regular interests" and the "residual interests" of each REMIC. The REMIC Certificates other than the R and RL Classes are collectively referred to as the "Regular Classes" or "Regular Certificates," and the R and RL Classes are collectively referred to as the "Residual Classes" or "Residual Certificates."

REMIC Designation	Assets	Regular Interests	Residual Interest
Lower Tier REMIC	MBS	Interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the "Lower Tier Regular Interests")	RL
Upper Tier REMIC	Lower Tier Regular Interests	All Classes of REMIC Certificates other than the R and RL Classes	R

Fannie Mae Guaranty. For a description of our guaranties of the Certificates and the MBS, see "Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the MBS Prospectus. Our guaranties are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States.

Characteristics of Certificates. Except as specified below, we will issue the Certificates in bookentry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are "Holders" or "Certificateholders."

We will issue the Residual Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of a Residual Certificate is its registered owner. A Residual Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association ("US Bank") in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of a Residual Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "—Characteristics of the Residual Classes" below.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

Classes Denominations

Inverse Floating Rate, Principal Only \$ and Interest Only Classes

\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

All other Classes (except the R and RL Classes)

\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

The MBS

The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years in the case of the Group 1 MBS and Group 2 MBS, up to 20 years in the case of the Group 3 MBS, and up to 15 years in the case of the Group 4 MBS.

In addition, the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 MBS provide for interest only periods that may range from at least 7 to no more than 10 years following origination. Beginning with the first monthly payment following the expiration of the applicable interest only period, the scheduled monthly payment on each of those Mortgage Loans will be increased by an amount sufficient to pay accrued interest and to fully amortize the Mortgage Loan by its scheduled maturity date. See "Risk Factors—Prepayment Factors—Refinance Environment—Fixed-rate and adjustable-rate mortgage loans with long initial interest-only payment periods may be more likely to be refinanced than other mortgage loans" in the MBS Prospectus.

For additional information, see "Summary—Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4—Characteristics of the MBS" and "—Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans" in this prospectus supplement and "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

Distributions of Interest

General. The certificates will bear interest at the rates specified in this prospectus supplement on a 30/360 basis. Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Class) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Class, see "—Accrual Class" below.

Delay Classes and No-Delay Classes. The "delay" Classes and "no-delay" Classes are set forth in the following table:

Delay Classes

No-Delay Classes

Fixed Rate Classes

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

See "Description of the Certificates—Distributions on Certificates—Interest Distributions" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Dealer will treat the PO, GO and DO Classes as delay Classes solely for the purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Class. The AZ Class is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class at the applicable annual rate specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Class. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Class will be added as principal to its principal balance on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Class as described under "—Distributions of Principal" below.

Distributions of Principal

On each Distribution Date in each month, we will make payments of principal on the certificates described below.

• Group 1

The Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount to PO until retired.



The "Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount" is the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS.

• Group 2

The Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount to A and AZ, in that order, until retired.



The "Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount" is the *sum* of the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS *plus* any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the AZ Class.

• Group 3

The Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount to GA and GO, in that order, until Pay Classes retired.

The "Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount" is the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS.

• Group 4

The Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount to DA and DO, in that order, until Pay Classes retired.

The "Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount" is the principal then paid on the Group 4 MBS.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates specified under "Summary—Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4—Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans" in this prospectus supplement;
- all of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 MBS have the remaining term to expiration of their interest only periods specified under "Summary—Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4—Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related tables;

- the settlement date for the Certificates is August 29, 2008; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. The prepayment model used in this prospectus supplement is PSA. For a description of PSA, see "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus.

It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any constant PSA rate or at any other constant rate.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and where specified, to changes in the Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes, and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the IF and FI Classes. The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the IF and FI Classes will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable tables below, it is possible that investors in the Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the IF and FI Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the following yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the IF and FI Classes for the initial Interest Accrual Period are the rates listed in the table under "Summary—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of the Index, and
- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
IF	27.0000%
SI	0.03125%
DS	5.75000%
FI	27.0000%
IS	0.03125%
CS	8.12500%
AS	8.15625%
BS	5.78125%

^{*} The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

In the following yield tables, the symbol * is used to represent a yield of less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the IF Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	275%	478%	715%	960%	
$0.4625\%\dots\dots$	(0.5)%	(3.4)%	(14.0)%	(27.1)%	(43.8)%	(63.7)%	
$2.4625\% \ldots \ldots$	9.5%	6.6%	(4.1)%	(17.3)%	(33.9)%	(53.2)%	
$4.4625\% \ldots \ldots$	18.1%	15.2%	4.5%	(8.6)%	(25.1)%	(43.9)%	
5.8500%	23.9%	20.9%	10.3%	(2.8)%	(19.2)%	(37.7)%	

Sensitivity of the SI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	275%	478%	715%	960%	
5.75% and below	617.8%	613.1%	596.6%	576.7%	552.6%	526.4%	
$5.80\% \dots \dots \dots$	254.7%	251.4%	239.6%	225.4%	208.0%	189.1%	
5.85%	*	*	*	*	*	*	

Sensitivity of the DS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	_100%_	275%	478%	715%	960%	
$0.4625\%\dots\dots$	105.5%	102.5%	91.8%	79.0%	63.1%	45.7%	
$2.4625\% \ldots \ldots$	61.5%	58.6%	48.1%	35.3%	19.5%	1.9%	
$4.4625\%\ldots$	20.7%	17.8%	7.1%	(6.0)%	(22.4)%	(41.1)%	
5.7500% and above	*	*	*	*	*	*	

Sensitivity of the FI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	_275%_	478%	715%	960%	
$0.4625\%\ldots\ldots$	(2.1)%	(5.0)%	(15.5)%	(28.5)%	(45.3)%	(65.3)%	
$2.4625\%\ldots\ldots$	8.4%	5.4%	(5.2)%	(18.4)%	(35.1)%	(54.4)%	
$4.4625\%\ldots\ldots$	17.0%	14.1%	3.4%	(9.7)%	(26.2)%	(45.1)%	
$6.6000\% \dots \dots$	25.9%	23.0%	12.3%	(0.7)%	(17.0)%	(35.5)%	

Sensitivity of the IS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	275%	478%	715%	960%	
6.50% and below	617.8%	613.1%	596.6%	576.7%	552.6%	526.4%	
$6.55\% \dots \dots$	254.7%	251.4%	239.6%	225.4%	208.0%	189.1%	
6.60%	*	*	*	*	*	*	

Sensitivity of the CS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	275%	478%	715%	960%	
$0.4625\%\ldots\ldots$	82.2%	79.3%	68.7%	55.9%	40.2%	22.7%	
$2.4625\% \ldots \ldots$	52.2%	49.3%	38.7%	25.9%	10.0%	(7.7)%	
$4.4625\%\ldots\ldots$	23.7%	20.7%	10.1%	(3.0)%	(19.3)%	(37.9)%	
6.5000% and above	*	*	*	*	*	*	

Sensitivity of the AS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	275%	478%	715%	960%	
$0.4625\%\dots\dots$	83.5%	80.5%	70.0%	57.2%	41.4%	24.0%	
$2.4625\%\ldots\ldots$	53.5%	50.5%	40.0%	27.2%	11.3%	(6.4)%	
$4.4625\%\ldots\ldots$	25.0%	22.0%	11.4%	(1.6)%	(18.0)%	(36.5)%	
6.6000%	*	*	*	*	*	*	

Sensitivity of the BS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

LIBOR	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	50%	100%	275%	478%	715%	960%	
$0.4625\%\ldots\ldots$	107.2%	104.2%	93.6%	80.7%	64.9%	47.4%	
$2.4625\%\ldots\ldots$	63.3%	60.4%	49.9%	37.1%	21.3%	3.7%	
$4.4625\%\ldots\ldots$	22.6%	19.7%	9.0%	(4.0)%	(20.4)%	(39.0)%	
5 9500%	*	*	*	*	*	*	

The Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes. The yields to investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on each Fixed Rate Interest Only Class would be 0% if prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans were to occur at the following constant rates:

Class	% PSA	
GI	591%	
DI	548%	

For either Fixed Rate Interest Only Class, if the actual prepayment rate of the related Mortgage Loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling that level for the remaining months, the investors in the applicable Class would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the following yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of the original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
GI	30.0%
DI	20.0%

^{*} The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the GI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption					
	50%	100%	293%	440%	585%	
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	19.4%	18.9%	14.0%	7.9%	0.3%	

Sensitivity of the DI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption					
	50%	100%	145%	300%	500%	
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	17.1%	16.4%	15.6%	11.4%	2.6%	

The Principal Only Classes. The Principal Only Classes will not bear interest. As indicated in the tables below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yields to investors in the Principal Only Classes.

The information shown in the following yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Principal Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price
PO	70.000%
GO	70.875%
DO	74.125%

Sensitivity of the PO Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	50%	100%	275%	478%	715%	960%	
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.4%	3.2%	6.9%	11.7%	17.2%	23.0%	

Sensitivity of the GO Class to Prepayments

		PSA Pr	epayment Assu	mption	
	50%	100%	293%	440%	585%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.2%	2.4%	3.9%	5.4%	7.0%

Sensitivity of the DO Class to Prepayments

		PSA Pı	repayment Assu	mption	
	50%	100%	145%	300%	500%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	3.6%	3.8%	3.9%	4.8%	6.4%

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

For a description of how the weighted average life of a Certificate is determined, see "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal distributions,
- the priority sequences of distributions of principal of the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4
 Classes.

See "—Distributions of Principal" above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions.

In the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, however, we assumed that the Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below	Original and Remaining Terms to Maturity	Interest Rates
Group 1 MBS	$360~\mathrm{months}^*$	9.00%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	8.00%
Group 3 MBS	240 months	8.50%
Group 4 MBS	180 months	7.00%

^{*} In addition, we have assumed that the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 MBS have remaining interest only periods of 120 months.

It is unlikely that all of the Mortgage Loans will have the interest rates, loan ages, remaining terms to maturity or, if applicable, remaining interest only periods assumed or that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates, even if the weighted average remaining term to maturity and the weighted average loan age of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the weighted averages specified in the Pricing Assumptions. This is the case because pools of loans with identical weighted averages are nonetheless likely to reflect differing dispersions of the related characteristics.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

PO, IF†, SI†, DS†, FI†, IS†, CS†, AB, AF, AS†, BF, BS†, CF and DF Classes

				Prepayment ssumption		
Date	0%	100%	275%	478%	715%	960%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2009	100	97	91	85	78	70
August 2010	100	92	78	63	48	33
August 2011	100	86	65	45	27	14
August 2012	100	81	54	32	16	6
August 2013	100	76	45	23	9	3
August 2014	100	72	38	16	5	1
August 2015	100	67	32	12	3	*
August 2016	100	63	26	8	2	*
August 2017	100	59	22	6	1	*
August 2018	100	55	18	4	1	*
August 2019	98	50	15	3	*	*
August 2020	96	46	12	2	*	*
August 2021	94	42	10	1	*	*
August 2022	91	38	8	1	*	*
August 2023	89	34	6	1	*	*
August 2024	86	31	5	*	*	*
August 2025	83	28	4	*	*	*
August 2026	79	25	3	*	*	*
August 2027	75	22	2	*	*	*
August 2028	71	19	2	*	*	*
August 2029	66	17	1	*	*	*
August 2030	61	14	1	*	*	0
August 2031	56	12	1	*	*	0
August 2032	50	10	1	*	*	0
August 2033	43	8	*	*	*	0
August 2034	36	6	*	*	*	0
August 2035	28	4	*	*	*	0
August 2036	20	2	*	*	*	0
August 2037	10	*	*	*	0	0
August 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	-	_	_	-	_	-
Life (years)**	22.9	12.1	5.9	3.6	2.4	1.8

 $^{^{*}}$ Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

			A Class					AZ Class		
			SA Prepayme Assumption				PS	SA Prepaymo Assumption		
Date	0%	100%	184%	300%	500%	0%	100%	184%	300%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2009	98	90	84	76	62	106	106	106	106	106
August 2010	96	80	70	56	35	112	112	112	112	112
August 2011	93	71	57	40	17	118	118	118	118	118
August 2012	91	63	46	27	3	125	125	125	125	125
August 2013	88	54	35	15	0	132	132	132	132	97
August 2014	85	46	26	6	0	139	139	139	139	66
August 2015	82	39	18	0	0	147	147	147	136	45
August 2016	79	31	10	0	0	155	155	155	109	31
August 2017	76	24	3	0	0	164	164	164	86	21
August 2018	72	18	0	0	0	173	173	154	68	14
August 2019	68	11	0	0	0	183	183	132	54	9
August 2020	63	5	0	0	0	193	193	112	42	6
August 2021	59	0	0	0	0	204	195	95	33	4
August 2022	54	0	0	0	0	216	174	80	26	3
August 2023	49	0	0	0	0	228	154	67	20	2
August 2024	43	0	0	0	0	241	135	56	15	1
August 2025	37	0	0	0	0	254	117	46	12	1
August 2026	30	0	0	0	0	269	101	37	9	*
August 2027	23	0	0	0	0	284	85	30	6	*
August 2028	16	0	0	0	0	300	71	24	5	*
August 2029	8	0	0	0	0	317	57	18	3	*
August 2030	0	0	0	0	0	330	44	13	2	*
August 2031	0	0	0	0	0	299	32	9	1	*
August 2032	0	0	0	0	0	266	21	6	1	*
August 2033	0	0	0	0	0	230	11	3	*	*
August 2034	0	0	0	0	0	191	3	1	*	*
August 2035	0	0	0	0	0	149	0	0	0	0
August 2036	0	0	0	0	0	103	0	0	0	0
August 2037	0	0	0	0	0	54	0	0	0	0
August 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average										
Life (years)**	13.6	5.9	4.0	2.7	1.7	26.4	18.5	14.8	10.9	6.9

			GA Class				GI†, (GO and GB C	Classes	
		PS	SA Prepayme Assumption	ent			P	SA Prepayme Assumption	ent	
Date	0%	100%	293%	440%	585%	0%	100%	293%	440%	585%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2009	97	91	81	73	65	100	100	100	100	100
August 2010	94	79	56	41	26	100	100	100	100	100
August 2011	91	68	36	16	*	100	100	100	100	100
August 2012	87	57	19	0	0	100	100	100	97	63
August 2013	83	47	6	0	0	100	100	100	68	39
August 2014	79	38	0	0	0	100	100	89	48	24
August 2015	74	29	0	0	0	100	100	70	33	15
August 2016	69	20	0	0	0	100	100	54	23	9
August 2017	63	12	0	0	0	100	100	42	16	5
August 2018	57	5	0	0	0	100	100	32	11	3
August 2019	50	0	0	0	0	100	96	24	7	2
August 2020	43	0	0	0	0	100	81	18	5	1
August 2021	35	0	0	0	0	100	67	13	3	1
August 2022	26	0	0	0	0	100	54	9	2	*
August 2023	17	0	0	0	0	100	41	6	1	*
August 2024	7	0	0	0	0	100	30	4	1	*
August 2025	0	0	0	0	0	90	19	2	*	*
August 2026	0	0	0	0	0	62	8	1	*	*
August 2027	0	0	0	0	0	33	0	0	0	0
August 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average										
Life (years)**	10.2	5.0	2.5	1.8	1.4	18.4	14.5	9.2	6.7	5.1

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

 $[\]dagger$ In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

			DA Class				ы,	DO and DD	Classes	
		P	SA Prepaym Assumption	ent 1			1	PSA Prepaym Assumption	ent n	
Date	0%	100%	145%	300%	500%	0%	100%	145%	300%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2009	95	82	78	67	52	100	100	100	100	100
August 2010	89	64	59	41	21	100	100	100	100	100
August 2011	83	48	41	21	*	100	100	100	100	100
August 2012	77	33	26	5	0	100	100	100	100	61
August 2013	70	19	12	0	0	100	100	100	80	36
August 2014	62	6	0	0	0	100	100	100	52	20
August 2015	55	0	0	0	0	100	83	68	32	11
August 2016	46	0	0	0	0	100	49	39	17	5
August 2017	37	0	0	0	0	100	18	14	5	1
August 2018	27	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
August 2019	17	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
August 2020	5	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
August 2021	0	0	0	0	0	80	0	0	0	0
August 2022	0	0	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	0
August 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average										
Life (years)**	7.1	3.0	2.7	1.8	1.2	13.8	8.0	7.7	6.4	4.8

DI+ DO and DR Classes

DA Class

Characteristics of the Residual Classes

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. See "Description of the Certificates—Special Characteristics of the Residual Certificates" and "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Treasury Department regulations (the "Regulations") provide that a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. A Residual Certificate will constitute a noneconomic residual interest under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate had "improper knowledge" at the time of the transfer. See "Description of the Certificates—Special Characteristics of the Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The tax discussions contained in the REMIC Prospectus (including the sections entitled "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences" and "ERISA Considerations") and this prospectus supplement were not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

States federal tax penalties. These discussions were written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this prospectus supplement. You should seek advice based on your particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will make a REMIC election with respect to each REMIC set forth in the table under "Description of the Certificates—General—Structure." The Regular Classes will be designated as "regular interests" and the Residual Classes will be designated as the "residual interests" in the REMICs as set forth in that table. Thus, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, as "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the Residual Classes, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Classes, the Accrual Class and the Principal Only Classes will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

Group	Prepayment Assumption
1	478% PSA
2	184% PSA
3	293% PSA
4	145% PSA

See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—*Treatment of Original Issue Discount*" in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

The Holder of a Residual Certificate will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the related REMIC. Such Holder generally will be required to report its daily portion of the taxable income or net loss of the REMIC to which that Certificate relates. In certain periods, a Holder of a Residual Certificate may be required to recognize taxable income without being entitled to receive a corresponding amount of cash. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to the Holder of a Residual Certificate (i) information necessary to enable it to prepare its federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the Residual Class that may be required under the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The Regular Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates set forth in Schedule 1 (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest of the underlying Regular Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Regular Certificates, see "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Generally, the ownership interest represented by an RCR certificate will be one of two types. A certificate of a Strip RCR Class (a "Strip RCR Certificate") will represent the right to receive a disproportionate part of the principal or interest payments on one or more underlying Regular Certificates. A certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a "Combination RCR Certificate") will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying Regular Certificates. All of the RCR Certificates are Combination RCR Certificates. See "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus for a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of RCR Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Barclays Capital Inc. (the "Dealer") in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Available Recombinations(1)

REMIC	REMIC Certificates				RCR Certificates	ates		
Classes	Original Balances	RCR Classes	Original Balances	$rac{ ext{Principal}}{ ext{Type}(2)}$	Interest Rate	$\frac{\text{Interest}}{\text{Type}(2)}$	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Recomb PO	Recombination 1 PO \$150,000,000	AB	\$150,000,000	PT	5.0%	FIX	31397MQR1	September 2038
DS	51,724,138(3)						•	•
IF	51,724,138(3)							
$_{ m IS}$	51,724,138(3)							
$^{\mathrm{CS}}$	51,724,138(3)							
FI	51,724,138(3)							
1S	51,724,138(3)							
Recomb	Recombination 2							
PO	50,000,000	BF	50,000,000	PT	(4)	FLT	31397MQU4	September 2038
IF	50,000,000(3)							ı
Recomb	Recombination 3							
PO	50,000,000	DF	50,000,000	PT	(4)	FLT	31397MQX8	September 2038
IF	50,000,000(3)							
$_{ m IS}$	50,000,000(3)							
Recomb	Recombination 4							
PO	50,000,000	AF	50,000,000	PT	(4)	FLT	31397MQS9	September 2038
FI	50,000,000(3)							
Recomb	Recombination 5							
PO	50,000,000	$_{ m CF}$	50,000,000	PT	(4)	FLT	31397MQW0	September 2038
FI	50,000,000(3)							
$^{ m IS}$	50,000,000(3)							
Recomb	Recombination 6							
DS	50,000,000(3)	BS	50,000,000(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31397MQV2	September 2038
$_{ m IS}$	50,000,000(3)							
Recomb	Recombination 7							
CS	50,000,000(3)	AS	50,000,000(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31397MQT7	September 2038
18	50,000,000(3)							

REMI	REMIC Certificates				RCR Certificates	ates		
Classes	Original Balances	RCR Classes	Original Balances	Principal Type(2)	Interest Rate	$\frac{\text{Interest}}{\text{Type}(2)}$	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Recomb	vination 8							
GO	GO \$ 35,000,000	GB	\$ 35,000,000	SEQ	90.9	FIX	31397MQY6	September 2028
GI	35,000,000(3)							
Recomb	Recombination 9							
DO	66,986,000	DB	66,986,000	SEQ	4.5	FIX	31397MQZ3	September 2023
DI	66,986,000(3)							

(1) REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates in each Recombination may be exchanged only in the proportions of original principal balances for the related Classes shown in this Schedule 1 (disregarding any retired Classes). For example, if a particular Recombination includes two REMIC Classes and one RCR Class whose original palances shown in the schedule reflect a 1:1.2 relationship, the same 1:1.2 relationship among the original palances of those REMIC and RCR Classes must be maintained in any exchange. This is true even if, as a result of the applicable payment priority sequence, the relationship between their current principal balances has changed over time. Moreover, if as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificate-holder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Classes in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificate-holder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange. See "Description of the Certificates—General—Authorized Denominations" in this prospectus supplement.

(2) See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in this prospectus.

(3) Notional balances. These Classes are Interest Only Classes. See pages S-7 for a description of this interest rate, see "Summary—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement.

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

\$596,709,609



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2008-75

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

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Barclays Capital

August 25, 2008