\$659,576,088



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2007-67

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual class), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We will pay principal at rates that may vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are available for distribution to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

Class	Group	Original Class Balance	Principal Type	Interest Rate	Interest Type	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
AG	1	\$ 50,000,000	SEQ	5.65%	FIX	31396WNV4	April 2037
AH	1	50,000,000	SEQ	5.75	FIX	31396WNW2	April 2037
AK	1	20,000,000	SEQ	5.80	FIX	31396WNX0	April 2037
AL	1	10,000,000	SEQ	5.82	FIX	31396WNY8	April 2037
FA	1	35,800,000	SEQ	(1)	FLT	31396WNZ5	April 2037
SA	1	35,800,000(2)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31396W P A 8	April 2037
AO(3)	1	4,479,641	SEQ	(4)	PO	31396W PB6	July 2037
AI(3)	1	4,479,641(2)	NTL	(5)	T/IO	31396W P C 4	July 2037
AJ(3)	1	4,479,641(2)	NTL	(5)	T/IO	31396WPD2	July 2037
FB	2	185,900,000	PT	(1)	FLT	31396W P E 0	July 2037
SO	2	42,900,000(2)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31396W P F 7	July 2037
SJ`	2	42,900,000(2)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31396WPG5	July 2037
SI	2	143,000,000(2)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31396WPH3	July 2037
BO(3)	2 2	7,145,977	PAC	(4)	PO	31396W P J 9	July 2037
BQ(3)	2	71,459,770(2)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31396W P K 6	July 2037
CW	2	7,154,023	SUP	(1)	INV	31396W P L 4	July 2037
KA	3	110,000,000	SEQ	6.00	FIX	31396WPM2	November 2035
KO(3)	3	21,192,667	SEQ	(4)	PO	31396WPN0	July 2037
KF(3)	3	21,192,667(2)	NTL	(5)	T/IO	31396W P P 5	July 2037
KS(3)	3	21,192,667(2)	NTL	(5)	T/IO	31396WPQ3	July 2037
CH	4	40,000,000	SEQ/AD	5.95	FIX	31396W PR 1	November 2035
IC	4	333,333(2)	NTL	6.00	FIX/IO	31396W PS9	November 2035
CZ	4	1,237,113	SEQ	6.00	FIX/Z	31396W PT7	July 2037
FC	5	100,000,000	PT	(1)	FLT	31396WPU4	July 2037
SK(3)	5	100,000,000(2)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31396W P V 2	July 2037
MO(3)	5	10,843,439	PAC	(4)	PO	31396WPW0	July 2037
NO(3)	5	5,823,228	SUP	(4)	PO	31396WPX8	July 2037
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	31396W P Y 6	July 2037
RL		0	NPR	Ö	NPR	31396W P Z 3	July 2037

- (1) Based on LIBOR.
- Notional balances. These classes are interest only classes. See page S-7 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.
- (3) Exchangeable classes.

- (4) Principal only classes.
- (5) These classes are toggle classes. See pages S-6 and S-7 for a description of their interest rates.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for the corresponding RCR certificates to be issued at the time of the exchange. The AB, BW, BS, KB, SC and PO Classes are the RCR classes, as further described in this prospectus supplement.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be June 29, 2007.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-9 of this prospectus supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page		Page
AVAILABLE INFORMATION	S- 3	STRUCTURING ASSUMPTIONS	S-19
INCORPORATION BY		Pricing Assumptions	S-19
REFERENCE	S- 3	Prepayment Assumptions	S-19
REFERENCE SHEET	S- 5	Structuring Ranges	S-19
ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS	S- 9	Initial Effective Ranges	S-19
DESCRIPTION OF THE		YIELD TABLES	S-20
CERTIFICATES	S-10	General	S-20
General	S-10	The Inverse Floating Rate and	
$Structure \dots \dots \dots$	S-10	Toggle Classes	S-21
Fannie Mae Guaranty	S-11	The Principal Only Classes	S-24
Characteristics of Certificates	S-11	The Fixed Rate Interest Only Class	S-25
Authorized Denominations	S-12	WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIVES OF THE	
Distribution Dates	S-12	Certificates	S-26
Record Date	S-12	Decrement Tables	S-27
Class Factors	S-12	CHARACTERISTICS OF THE R AND	
No Optional Termination	S-12	RL Classes	S-30
COMBINATION AND RECOMBINATION	S-12	CERTAIN ADDITIONAL	
General	S-12	FEDERAL INCOME TAX	
Procedures	S-12	CONSEQUENCES	S-31
$Additional\ Considerations\dots\dots$	S-13	U.S. Treasury Circular 230	
The MBS	S-13	Notice	S-31
FINAL DATA STATEMENT	S-14	REMIC ELECTIONS AND SPECIAL	~
DISTRIBUTIONS OF INTEREST	S-15	TAX ATTRIBUTES	S-31
Categories of Classes	S-15	TAXATION OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF	0.01
General	S-15	REGULAR CERTIFICATES	S-31
Interest Accrual Periods	S-16	Taxation of Beneficial Owners of	C 00
Accrual Class	S-16	RESIDUAL CERTIFICATES	S-32
Notional Classes	S-16	TAXATION OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF RCR CERTIFICATES	S-33
Floating Rate, Inverse Floating		General	S-33
Rate and Toggle Classes	S-16	Combination RCR Classes	S-33
CALCULATION OF LIBOR	S-16		
DISTRIBUTIONS OF PRINCIPAL	S-17	Exchanges	S-33
Categories of Classes	S-17	REQUIREMENTS	S-33
Principal Distribution Amount	S-17	PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	S-33
Group 1 Principal Distribution		General	S-33
Amount	S-18	Increase in Certificates	S-33
Group 2 Principal Distribution		LEGAL MATTERS	S-34
Amount	S-18	SCHEDULE 1	A- 1
Group 3 Principal Distribution	~	PRINCIPAL BALANCE	71- 1
Amount	S-18	SCHEDULES	B- 1
Group 4 Principal Distribution	0.10		2 1
Amount Distribution	S-18		
Group 5 Principal Distribution	0 10		
Amount	S-18		

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the "Disclosure Documents"):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated May 1, 2002 (the "REMIC Prospectus");
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated January 1, 2006 (for all MBS issued prior to June 1, 2007) or dated June 1, 2007 (for all MBS issued on or after June 1, 2007) (as applicable, the "MBS Prospectus"); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below under the heading "Incorporation by Reference."

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae MBS Helpline 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 1-800-237-8627).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus by writing or calling the dealer at:

Citigroup Global Markets Inc. Prospectus Department Brooklyn Army Terminal 140 58th Street, Suite 8-G Brooklyn, NY 11220 (telephone 718-765-6732).

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

In this prospectus supplement, we are incorporating by reference the MBS Prospectus described above. In addition, we are incorporating by reference the documents listed below. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to these documents. These documents are considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with these documents.

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, the REMIC Prospectus, the MBS Prospectus and any applicable supplements or amendments.

We incorporate by reference the following documents we have filed, or may file, with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"):

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 ("2005 10-K");
- all other reports we have filed pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 since the end of the fiscal year covered by the 2005 10-K until the date of this prospectus supplement, excluding any information "furnished" to the SEC on Form 8-K; and
- all proxy statements that we file with the SEC and all documents that we file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement and prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates, excluding any information we "furnish" to the SEC on Form 8-K.

Any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement is deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus supplement to the extent information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement modifies or supersedes such information. In such case, the information will constitute a part of this prospectus supplement only as so modified or superseded.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can obtain copies of the periodic reports we file with the SEC without charge by calling or writing our Office of Investor Relations, Fannie Mae, 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20016, telephone: (202) 752-7115. The periodic and current reports that we file with the SEC are also available on our Web site. Information appearing on our Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

In addition, you may read our SEC filings and other information about Fannie Mae at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, the Chicago Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange. Our SEC filings are also available at the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov. We are providing the address of the SEC's Web site solely for the information of prospective investors. Information appearing on the SEC's Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

Group	Assets
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS
3	Group 3 MBS
4	Group 4 MBS
5	Group 5 MBS

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS (as of June 1, 2007)

	Approximate Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Coupon	Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Expiration of Interest Only Period (in months)
Group 1 MBS	\$170,279,641	360	351	8	6.627%	N/A
Group 2 MBS*	\$200,200,000	360	358	2	7.314%	118
Group 3 MBS*	\$131,192,667	360	358	2	6.744%	118
Group 4 MBS*	\$ 41,237,113	360	358	2	6.744%	118
Group 5 MBS	\$116,666,667	360	321	34	6.391%	N/A

^{*} As further described in this prospectus supplement, the mortgage loans underlying the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 MBS provide for interest only periods that may range from at least 7 to no more than 10 years following origination. The approximate weighted average remaining terms to expiration of the interest only periods for these mortgage loans are set forth above.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages, interest rates and, where applicable, remaining terms to expiration of interest only period of most of the mortgage loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly.

Class Factors

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance of that certificate (after taking into account principal payments in the same month). We publish the class factors on or shortly after the 11th day of each month.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on June 29, 2007.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry

Physical

All classes of certificates other than the R and RL Classes

R and RL Classes

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certain certificates, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates as shown on Schedule 1. We will issue the RCR certificates upon such exchange. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We use the principal and interest of the certificates exchanged to pay principal and interest on the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate, inverse floating rate and toggle classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate, inverse floating rate and toggle classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

Class	Initial Interest Rate	Maximum Interest Rate	Minimum Interest Rate	Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate(1)
FA	5.570%	7.000%	0.25%	LIBOR + 25 basis points
SA	1.430%	6.750%	0.00%	6.75% - LIBOR
AI	0.000%	6.000%	0.00%	(2)
AJ	6.000%	6.000%	0.00%	(3)
FB	5.640%	7.000%	0.32%	LIBOR + 32 basis points
SQ	1.180%	6.500%	0.00%	$6.5\%-{ m LIBOR}$
SJ	0.180%	0.180%	0.00%	6.68% - LIBOR
SI	0.580%	0.580%	0.00%	6.68% - LIBOR
BQ	0.780%	6.100%	0.00%	6.1% - LIBOR
CW	7.800%	61.000%	0.00%	$61\% - (10 \times LIBOR)$
KF	0.000%	6.000%	0.00%	(4)
KS	6.000%	6.000%	0.00%	(5)
FC	5.780%	7.000%	0.46%	LIBOR + 46 basis points
SK	1.220%	6.540%	0.00%	$6.54\% - \mathrm{LIBOR}$
BW	7.800%	61.000%	0.00%	$61\% - (10 \times LIBOR)$
BS	2.925%	22.875%	0.00%	$22.875\% - (3.75 \times LIBOR)$
SC	7.320%	39.240%	0.00%	$39.24\% - (6 \times LIBOR)$
(1) We will establish LIBOR on the basis of	the "BBA M	Iethod."		

(2) The applicable interest rate for the AI Class during each interest accrual period will be determined as follows:

If LIBOR is:	Applicable Rate or Formula
Less than or equal to 9.00%	0.00%
Greater than 9.00% and less than 9.25%	$(24 \times LIBOR) - 216\%$
Equal to or greater than 9.25%	6.00%

(3) The applicable interest rate for the AJ Class during each interest accrual period will be determined as follows:

If LIBOR is:	Formula
Less than or equal to 9.00%	6.00%
Greater than 9.00% and less than 9.25%	$222\% - (24 \times LIBOR)$
Equal to or greater than 9.25%	0.00%

Applicable Pate on

(4) The applicable interest rate for the KF Class during each interest accrual period will be determined as follows:

If LIBOR is:	Applicable Rate or Formula
Less than or equal to 9.00%	0.00%
Greater than 9.00% and less than 9.25%	$(24 \times LIBOR) - 216\%$
Equal to or greater than 9.25%	6.00%

(5) The applicable interest rate for the KS Class during each interest accrual period will be determined as follows:

If LIBOR is:	Applicable Rate or Formula
Less than or equal to 9.00%	6.00%
Greater than 9.00% and less than 9.25%	$222\% - (24 \times LIBOR)$
Equal to or greater than 9.25%	0.00%

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Notional Classes

A notional class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balances will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

Class	
SA	100% of the FA Class
AI	100% of the AO Class
AJ	100% of the AO Class
SQ	23.0769230769% of the FB Class
SJ	23.0769230769% of the FB Class
SI	76.9230769231% of the FB Class
BQ	1,000% of the BO Class
KF	100% of the KO Class
KS	100% of the KO Class
IC	0.8333325000% of the CH Class
SK	100% of the FC Class

Distributions of Principal

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

- 1. To the AG, AH, AK, AL and FA Classes, pro rata, to zero.
- 2. To the AO Class to zero.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

- (a) 92.8571428571% to the FB Class to zero, and
- (b) 7.1428571429% as follows:

first, to the BO Class to its Planned Balance; second, to the CW Class to zero; and third, to the BO Class to zero.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

To the KA and KO Classes, in that order, to zero.

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

To the CH and CZ Classes, in that order, to zero.

Group 5 Principal Distribution Amount

- (a) 85.7142854694% to the FC Class to zero, and
- (b) 14.2857145306% as follows:

first, to the MO Class to its Planned Balance; second, to the NO Class to zero; and third, to the MO Class to zero.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

				F	SA Prep	ayment	Assumpti	on
Group 1 Classes				0%	150%	295%	450%	600%
AG, AH, AK, AL, FA and SAAO, AI, AJ and AB				$20.5 \\ 29.9$	$8.3 \\ 27.2$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.9 \\ 20.6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.4 \\ 14.4 \end{array}$	$\frac{2.6}{10.7}$
			PSA	Prepayn	nent Assu	ımption		
Group 2 Classes	0%	100%	250%	370%	400%	600%	800%	1000%
FB, SQ, SJ and SI BO, BQ, BW and BS CW	22.9 18.4 27.3	$12.6 \\ 6.4 \\ 18.7$	6.9 6.4 7.4	5.0 6.4 3.6	4.7 6.4 2.9	3.3 4.7 1.9	2.6 3.7 1.5	2.2 3.0 1.3
				F	SA Prep	ayment	Assumpti	on
Group 3 Classes				0%	200%	383%	600%	800%
KAKO, KF, KS and KB				$21.5 \\ 29.2$	$6.1 \\ 19.3$	$\frac{3.5}{11.7}$	$\frac{2.5}{7.5}$	$\frac{2.0}{5.5}$
				F	SA Prep	ayment	Assumpti	on
Group 4 Classes				0%	200%	384%	600%	800%
CH and IC				$21.0 \\ 29.2$	$7.1 \\ 22.1$	$\frac{4.3}{15.0}$	$\frac{3.0}{10.1}$	$\frac{2.4}{7.6}$
				E	SA Prep	ayment	Assumpti	on
Group 5 Classes				0%	100%	205%	300%	500 %
FC, SK, SC and PO MO NO				20.8 17.0 27.9	9.9 5.9 17.3	6.3 5.9 7.0	4.6 5.9 2.0	2.7 3.7 0.8
* Determined as specified under "Des	amintion	of the Con	tificatos	Waighted	Arronogo	Livrog of t	ha Contific	actos" in

Determined as specified under "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans underlying the related MBS, including prepayments. Because borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty, the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at any of the prepayment rates we assumed in this prospectus supplement, or
- at any constant prepayment rate until maturity.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

All of the mortgage loans underlying the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 MBS provide for interest only payments for a lengthy initial period and thus may be more likely to be refinanced than other mortgage loans. As further described in this prospectus supplement under "Description of the Certificates—The MBS," the scheduled monthly payments on all of the mortgage loans underlying the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 MBS represent accrued interest only during periods that may range from at least seven to no more than ten years following origination. Thereafter the scheduled monthly payments in each case are increased to amounts sufficient to pay current interest and to fully amortize each of these mortgage loans by its maturity date. As a result, borrowers may be more likely to refinance these mortgage loans on

or before the date on which the scheduled monthly payments increase. In addition, absent a refinancing some borrowers may find it increasingly difficult to remain current in their scheduled monthly payments following the increase in monthly payment amounts.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Weighted average lives and yields on the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans. We have assumed that the mortgage loans underlying the MBS have certain characteristics. However, the actual mortgage loans probably will have different characteristics from those we assumed. As a result, your yields could be lower than you expect, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant prepayment rates. In addition, slight differences between the assumed mortgage loans could affect the weighted average lives of the classes of certificates.

Level of floating rate index affects yields on certain certificates. The yield on any floating rate or inverse floating rate certificate will be affected by the level of its interest rate index. If the level of the index differs from the level you expect, then your actual yield may be lower than you expect.

Slight changes in LIBOR may significantly affect the interest rates of the toggle classes. The toggle classes may be extremely sensitive to certain changes in monthly LIBOR values. In particular, they may experience dramatic declines in their respective interest rates and yields as a result of certain changes in LIBOR, even if those changes are slight. For an illustration of this sensitivity, see the related yield tables in this prospectus supplement.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since certain classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period, these classes have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. If you assume that the actual final payment will occur on the final distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates. You should obtain legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed mar-

ket. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small or large amounts of certificates at prices comparable to those available to other investors. You should purchase certificates only if you understand and can tolerate the risk that the value of your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

Terrorist activities and related military and political actions by the U.S. government could cause reductions in investor confidence and substantial market volatility in real estate and securities markets. It is impossible to predict the extent to which terrorist activities may occur or, if they do occur, the extent of the effect on the certificates. Moreover, it is uncertain what effects any past or future terrorist activities or any related military or political actions on the part of the United States government and others will have on the United States and world financial markets, local, regional and national economies, real estate markets across the United States, or particular business sectors, including those affecting the performance of mortgage loan borrowers. Among other things, reduced investor confidence could result in substantial volatility in securities markets and a decline in real estaterelated investments. In addition, defaults on the mortgage loans could increase, causing early payments of principal to you and, regardless of the performance of the underlying mortgage loans, the liquidity and market value of the certificates may be impaired.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the "Trust") and a separate trust (the "Lower Tier REMIC") pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of September 1, 2006 and a supplement thereto dated as of June 1, 2007 (the "Issue Date"). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the "REMIC Certificates") pursuant to that trust agreement and supplement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the "RCR Certificates" and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the "Certificates") pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of September 1, 2006 and a supplement thereto dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement and supplement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the "Trust Agreement"). We will execute the Trust Agreement in

our corporate capacity and as trustee (the "Trustee"). In general, the term "Classes" includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC each will constitute a "real estate mortgage investment conduit" ("REMIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

- The REMIC Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) will be "regular interests" in the Trust.
- The R Class will be the "residual interest" in the Trust.
- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the "Lower Tier Regular Interests") will be the "regular interests" in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests.

The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of five groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the "Group 1 MBS," "Group 2 MBS," "Group 3 MBS," "Group 4 MBS" and "Group 5 MBS" and, together, the "MBS").

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family ("single-family"), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the "Mortgage Loans") having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that the following amounts will be available for distribution to Certificateholders:

- · required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class of Certificates no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS.

In addition, we guarantee that the following amounts will be available for distribution to each holder of an MBS:

- scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying Mortgage Loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and
- the full principal balance of any foreclosed Mortgage Loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guarantees are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. See "Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the MBS Prospectus.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are "Holders" or "Certificateholders." A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. See "Description of Certificates—Denominations and Form" in the REMIC Prospectus.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association ("US Bank") in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes" below.

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. US Bank will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

$\underline{\text{Classes}}$	Denominations
The Interest Only, Principal Only,	\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments
Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle	
Classes	
All other Classes (except the R and	\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments
RL Classes)	

We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Dates. We will make monthly payments on the Certificates on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to each of these dates as a "Distribution Date." We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

Record Date. On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the eleventh calendar day of each month, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each Class of Certificates. When the applicable class factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of any Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month (as well as any addition to principal in the case of the Accrual Class).

No Optional Termination. We have no option to effect an early termination of the Lower Tier REMIC or the Trust. Further, we will not repurchase the Mortgage Loans underlying any MBS in a "clean-up call." See "Description of the Certificates—Termination" in the MBS Prospectus.

Combination and Recombination

General. You are permitted to exchange all or a portion of the AO, AI, AJ, BO, BQ, KO, KF, KS, SK, MO and NO Classes of REMIC Certificates for a proportionate interest in the related RCR Certificates in the combinations shown on Schedule 1. You also may exchange all or a portion of the RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificates in the same manner. This process may occur repeatedly.

Holders of RCR Certificates will be the beneficial owners of a proportionate interest in the related REMIC Certificates and will receive a proportionate share of the distributions on the related REMIC Certificates.

The Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates that are outstanding at any given time, and the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of these Classes, will depend upon any related distributions of principal, as well as any exchanges that occur. REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates may be exchanged only in the proportions shown on Schedule 1.

Procedures. If a Certificateholder wishes to exchange Certificates, the Certificateholder must notify our Structured Transactions Department through one of our "REMIC Dealer Group" dealers in writing or by telefax no later than two business days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any business day other than the first or last business day of the month subject to our approval. The notice must include the outstanding principal balance of both the Certificates to be exchanged and the Certificates to be received, and the proposed exchange date. After receiving the Holder's notice, we will telephone the dealer with delivery and wire payment instructions. Notice becomes irrevocable on the second business day before the proposed exchange date.

In connection with each exchange, the Holder must pay us a fee equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional principal balance) of the Certificates to be exchanged. In no event, however, will our fee be less than \$2,000.

We will make the first distribution on a REMIC Certificate or an RCR Certificate received in an exchange transaction on the Distribution Date in the following month. We will make that distribution to the Holder of record as of the close of business on the last day of the month of the exchange.

Additional Considerations. The characteristics of RCR Certificates will reflect the characteristics of the REMIC Certificates used to form those RCR Certificates. You should also consider a number of factors that will limit a Certificateholder's ability to exchange REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates or vice versa:

- At the time of the proposed exchange, a Certificateholder must own Certificates of the related Class or Classes in the proportions necessary to make the desired exchange.
- A Certificateholder that does not own the Certificates may be unable to obtain the necessary REMIC Certificates or RCR Certificates.
- If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange.
- The Certificateholder of needed Certificates may refuse to sell them at a reasonable price (or any price) or may be unable to sell them.
- Certain Certificates may have been purchased and placed into other financial structures and thus be unavailable.
- Principal distributions will decrease the amounts available for exchange over time.
- Only the combinations listed on Schedule 1 are permitted.

The MBS

The following table contains certain information about the MBS. The MBS included in each specified Group will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. The Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years.

In addition, in the case of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 MBS, the scheduled monthly payments on those loans represent accrued interest only for periods that may range from at least seven to no more than ten years following origination. Beginning with the first monthly payment following the expiration of the applicable interest only period, the scheduled monthly payment on each of those Mortgage Loans will be increased by an amount sufficient to pay accrued interest and to fully amortize the Mortgage Loan by its scheduled maturity date.

See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

We expect the characteristics of the MBS and the related Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Group 1 MBS	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$170,279,641
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	351 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA (weighted average	
loan age)	8 months
Group 2 MBS*	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$200,200,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.75% to 9.00%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	358 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	2 months
Group 3 MBS*	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$131,192,667
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	358 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	2 months
Group 4 MBS*	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$41,237,113
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	358 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	2 months
Group 5 MBS	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$116,666,667
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	321 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	34 months
* As described above the Montgogo Leans underlying the Crown 2. Crown 2.	and Crown 4 MPC provide for initial

^{*} As described above, the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 MBS provide for initial interest only periods. For additional information about these Mortgage Loans, including the approximate weighted average remaining terms to expiration of their interest only periods, see "Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS" in this prospectus supplement.

Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the Pool number, the current WAC and the current WAM of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. If the current WAC is not available, the Final Data Statement will contain the most recently published WAC. If the current WAM is not available, the Final Data Statement will contain a WAM that we have calculated by subtracting from the most recently published WAM the number of months that have elapsed between the month in which the WAM was most recently published and the month of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement also will include the weighted averages of all the WACs and the weighted averages of all the WAMs, based

on the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627. In addition, the Final Data Statement is available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

Distributions of Interest

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

Interest Type*	Classes

Group 1 Classes

Fixed Rate AG, AH, AK and AL

Floating Rate FA
Inverse Floating Rate SA

Toggle† AI and AJ
Interest Only SA, AI and AJ

Principal Only AO RCR** AB

Group 2 Classes

Floating Rate FB

Inverse Floating Rate SQ, SJ, SI, BQ and CW Interest Only SQ, SJ, SI and BQ

Principal Only BO

RCR** BW and BS

Group 3 Classes

Fixed Rate KA

Toggle† KF and KS Interest Only KF and KS

Principal Only KO RCR** KB

Group 4 Classes

Fixed Rate CH, IC and CZ

Accrual CZ Interest Only IC

Group 5 Classes

Floating Rate FC
Inverse Floating Rate SK
Interest Only SK

Principal Only
RCR**

SC and PO
No Payment Residual

R and RL

General. We will pay interest on the Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates specified on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest based on an assumed 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly (except in the case of the Accrual Class) on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

^{**} See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.
† The "Toggle" or "T" designation refers to a class having an interest rate that changes significantly if the designated index meets one or more thresholds. For example, when the index meets a threshold, the interest rate may shift from one predetermined rate or formula to a different predetermined rate or formula. Accordingly, the change in interest rate may not be a continuous function of changes in the index.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Class) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Class, see "—Accrual Class" below.

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Accrual Periods. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the Certificates during the applicable one-month periods set forth below (each, an "Interest Accrual Period").

<u>Classes</u> <u>Interest Accrual Periods</u>

All Toggle Classes and the KA, IC, CZ, AB and KB Classes (collectively, the "Delay Classes")

All Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the AG, AH, AK, AL and CH Classes (collectively, the "No-Delay Classes") Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

One-month period beginning on the 25th day of the month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See "Additional Risk Factors—Delay classes have lower yields and market values" in this prospectus supplement.

The Dealer will treat the AO and KO Classes as Delay Classes, and the BO, MO, NO and PO Classes as No-Delay Classes, for the sole purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Class. The CZ Class is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class at the applicable annual rate specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Class. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Class will be added as principal to its principal balance on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Class as described under "—Distributions of Principal" below.

Notional Classes. The Notional Classes will not have principal balances. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Classes will bear interest on their notional principal balances at their applicable interest rates. The notional principal balances of the Notional Classes will be calculated as specified under "Reference Sheet—Notional Classes" in this prospectus supplement.

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for that Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall refer also to the notional principal balances of the Notional Classes.

Floating Rate, Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Floating Rate, Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes will bear interest at rates determined as described under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement.

Changes in the specified interest rate index (the "Index") will affect the yields with respect to the related Classes. These changes may not correspond to changes in mortgage interest rates. Lower mortgage interest rates could occur while an increase in the level of the Index occurs. Similarly, higher mortgage interest rates could occur while a decrease in the level of the Index occurs.

Our establishment of each Index value and our determination of the interest rate for each applicable Class for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627.

Calculation of LIBOR

On each Index Determination Date, we will calculate LIBOR for the related Interest Accrual Period. We will calculate LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method," as described in the REMIC

Prospectus under "Description of Certificates—Indexes for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes—*LIBOR*."

If we are unable to calculate LIBOR on the initial Index Determination Date, LIBOR for the following Interest Accrual Period will be equal 5.32%.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes fall into the following categories:

Principal Type*	Classes
Group 1 Classes	
Sequential Pay	AG, AH, AK, AL, FA and AO
Notional	SA, AI and AJ
RCR**	AB
Group 2 Classes	
Pass-Through	FB
PAC	ВО
Support	CW
Notional	SQ, SJ, SI and BQ
RCR**	BW and BS
Group 3 Classes	
Sequential Pay	KA and KO
Notional	KF and KS
RCR**	KB
Group 4 Classes	
Sequential Pay	CH and CZ
Accretion Directed	CH
Notional	IC
Group 5 Classes	
Pass-Through	FC
PAC	MO
Support	NO
Notional	SK
RCR**	SC and PO

^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

R and RL

Principal Distribution Amount

No Payment Residual

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an aggregate amount (the "Principal Distribution Amount") equal to the sum of

- the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS (the "Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS (the "Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS (the "Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 4 MBS *plus* any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the CZ Class (the "Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount"), and
- the principal then paid on the Group 5 MBS (the "Group 5 Principal Distribution Amount").

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 1 Classes in the following priority:

- (i) concurrently, to the AG, AH, AK, AL and FA Classes, pro rata (or 30.1568154403%, 30.1568154403%, 12.0627261761%, 6.0313630881% and 21.5922798552%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero; and
 - (ii) to the AO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

Sequential Pay Classes

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 2 Classes as follows:

- (a) 92.8571428571% of that amount to the FB Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero, and
 - (b) 7.1428571429% of that amount as follows:

first, to the BO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;

second, to the CW Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and Successful Successful

third, to the BO Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount, sequentially, as principal of the KA and KO Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

Sequential Pay Classes

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount, sequentially, as principal of the CH and CZ Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

Sequential Pay Classes

Group 5 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 5 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 5 Classes as follows:

- (a) 85.7142854694% of that amount to the FC Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero, and
 - (b) 14.2857145306% of that amount as follows:

first, to the MO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;

second, to the NO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and

third, to the MO Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (collectively, the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates specified under "Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 MBS have the remaining terms to expiration of their interest only periods specified under "Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related tables;
- the settlement date for the Certificates is June 29, 2007; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this prospectus supplement is the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association's standard prepayment model ("PSA"). To assume a specified rate of PSA is to assume a specified rate of prepayment each month of the then-outstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans computed as described under "Description of Certificates—Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus.

It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any *constant* PSA rate or at any other *constant* rate.

Structuring Ranges. The Principal Balance Schedules are found beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges set forth below.

Principal Balance Schedule Reference	Related Classes	Structuring Ranges
Planned Balances	ВО	Between 100% and 400% PSA
Planned Balances	MO	(1)

⁽¹⁾ The Planned Balances for the MO Class were structured to hold between 100% and 300% PSA but only hold between 100% and 299% PSA.

We cannot assure you that the balance of either Class listed above will conform on any Distribution Date to the specified balance in the Principal Balance Schedules. As a result, we cannot assure you that payments of principal of either Class listed above will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules. We will distribute any excess of principal payments over the amount needed to reduce a Class to its scheduled balance on a Distribution Date. Accordingly, the ability to reduce a Class to its scheduled balance will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal payments from month to month. In addition, even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within the applicable Structuring Range, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce a Class to its scheduled balances if the prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. Moreover, because of the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the related Mortgage Loans, which may include recently originated Mortgage Loans, the Classes specified above may not be reduced to their scheduled balances, even if prepayments occur at a constant rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges specified above.

Initial Effective Ranges. The Effective Range for a Class is the range of prepayment rates (measured by constant PSA rates) which would reduce that Class to its scheduled balance on each

Distribution Date. The Initial Effective Ranges shown in the table below are based upon the assumed characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Classes	Initial Effective Ranges
ВО	Between 100% and 400% PSA
MO	Between 100% and 299% PSA

The actual Effective Ranges at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. The actual Effective Ranges calculated on the basis of the actual characteristics likely to differ from the Initial Effective Ranges. As a result, the applicable Classes might not be reduced to its scheduled balances even if prepayments were to occur at a constant PSA rate within the applicable Initial Effective Ranges. This is so particularly if the rate were at the lower or higher end of these ranges. In addition, even if prepayments occur at rates falling within the actual Effective Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Classes to their scheduled balances if such prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. It is highly unlikely that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA rate. In general, the actual Effective Ranges may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time.

The stability in principal payment of the Classes specified below will be supported by the corresponding supporting Classes as indicated in the following table:

Classes	Supporting Classes
Group 2 Classes	
PAC	Support
Group 5 Classes	
PAC	Support

When the supporting Classes are retired, the Classes they support, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be more sensitive to prepayments.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash
 flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the
 assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes,
 and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- · all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes. The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable tables below, it is possible that investors in the SA, AI, AJ, SQ, SJ, SI, BQ, KF, KS, SK and BW Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes for the initial Interest Accrual Period are the rates listed in the table under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of the Index, and
- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

SA 4.03125 AI 25.00000 AJ 32.90625	
	5%
AJ	ე%
	5%
SQ 2.93750	ე%
SJ 0.43750	ე%
SI	ე%
BQ 1.93750	ე%
CW	ე%
KF)%
KS)%
SK 3.90625	5%
BW)%
BS)%
SC)%

The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the SA Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	150%	295%	450%	600%		
1.32%	159.7%	153.7%	144.7%	134.7%	124.7%		
3.32%	93.1%	87.2%	78.5%	68.7%	58.8%		
5.32%	33.5%	27.5%	18.3%	7.5%	(3.7)%		
6.75%	*	*	*	*	*		

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the AI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	150%	295%	450%	600%		
9.000% and below	*	*	*	*	*		
9.125% 1	11.7%	11.6%	10.7%	8.2%	4.6%		
9.250% and above	24.8%	24.7%	24.5%	23.6%	21.7%		

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the AJ Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
LIBOR	50%	$\underline{150\%}$	$\underline{295\%}$	450%	600%			
9.000% and below	18.6%	18.5%	18.1%	16.6%	14.0%			
9.125%	8.4%	8.2%	6.9%	3.8%	(0.5)%			
9.250% and above	*	*	*	*	*			

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SQ Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
LIBOR	50 %	100%	250%	370%	400%	600%	800%	1000%
1.32%	225.9%	223.9%	217.9%	213.0%	211.8%	203.6%	195.2%	186.6%
3.32%	126.5%	124.5%	118.2%	113.2%	111.9%	103.3%	94.6%	85.6%
5.32%								
6.50% and above	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SJ Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
LIBOR	50%	100%	250%	370%	400%	600%	800%	1000%
6.50% and below	42.3%	39.9%	32.4%	26.4%	24.8%	14.4%	3.7%	(7.2)%
6.59%	18.7%	16.0%	7.8%	1.1%	(0.6)%	(12.3)%	(24.6)%	(37.3)%
6.68%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
LIBOR	50 %	100%	250%	370%	400%	600%	800%	1000%
6.10% and below	41.4%	38.9%	31.5%	25.4%	23.8%	13.4%	2.6%	(8.4)%
6.39%	18.2%	15.5%	7.3%	0.6%	(1.1)%	(12.9)%	(25.1)%	(38.0)%
6.68%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the BQ Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
LIBOR	50 %	100%	250%	370%	400%	600%	800%	1000%
1.32%	342.2%	338.0%	338.0%	338.0%	338.0%	338.0%	337.5%	336.5%
3.32%	174.1%	170.0%	170.0%	170.0%	170.0%	169.6%	167.9%	165.0%
5.32%								
6.10% and above	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the CW Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption								
LIBOR	50%	100%	250%	370%	400%	600%	800%	1000%	
1.32%	52.0%	52.0%	51.8%	51.7%	51.6%	51.4%	51.2%	51.0%	
3.32%	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%	
5.32%	8.1%	8.1%	8.2%	8.4%	8.5%	8.7%	8.9%	9.1%	
6.10% and above	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	0.6%	0.7%	1.0%	1.3%	1.5%	

Sensitivity of the KF Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption								
LIBOR	50 %	200%	383%	600%	800%				
9.000% and below	*	*	*	*	*				
9.125%	15.0%	14.0%	10.2%	2.6%	(6.2)%				
9.250% and above	31.2%	31.0%	29.5%	25.0%	18.9%				

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the KS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
LIBOR	50 %	200%	383%	600%	800%			
9.000% and below	15.0%	$31.1\% \\ 14.0\% \\ *$	$29.5\% \\ 10.2\% \\ *$	$25.1\% \ 2.7\% \ *$	19.0% (6.1)%			

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SK Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	rsa Frepayment Assumption								
LIBOR	50%	100%	205%	300%	500%				
1.32% 1	55.2%	150.1%	139.0%	128.7%	105.6%				
3.32%	87.7%	83.5%	74.3%	65.7%	46.6%				
5.32%	27.7%	24.3%	16.8%	9.8%	(5.8)%				
6.54%	*	*	*	*	*				

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the BW Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption								
LIBOR	50 %	100%	250%	370%	400%	600%	800%	1000%	
1.32%	49.4%	49.1%	49.1%	49.1%	49.1%	48.9%	48.7%	48.4%	
3.32%	27.9%	27.7%	27.7%	27.7%	27.7%	27.5%	27.2%	27.0%	
5.32%	7.4%	7.3%	7.3%	7.3%	7.3%	7.1%	7.0%	6.8%	
6.10% and above	(0.3)%	(0.4)%	(0.4)%	(0.4)%	(0.4)%	(0.5)%	(0.7)%	(0.8)%	

Sensitivity of the BS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption								
LIBOR	50%	100%	250%	370%	400%	600%	800%	1000%	
1.32% 2	22.8%	23.7%	23.7%	23.7%	23.7%	24.4%	25.2%	26.1%	
3.32% 1	13.7%	14.7%	14.7%	14.7%	14.7%	15.5%	16.4%	17.3%	
5.32%	5.1%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.9%	7.9%	8.8%	
6.10% and above	1.8%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	3.6%	4.6%	5.6%	

Sensitivity of the SC Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption								
LIBOR 50%	100%	205%	300%	$\overline{500\%}$					
1.32% 35.2%	35.3%	35.6%	35.9%	36.7%					
3.32% $21.5%$	21.6%	22.0%	22.4%	23.2%					
5.32% 8.3%	8.4%	8.8%	9.2%	10.2%					
6.54% $0.5%$	0.7%	1.0%	1.5%	2.5%					

The Principal Only Classes. The Principal Only Classes will not bear interest. As indicated in the tables below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yields to investors in the Principal Only Classes.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Principal Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price
AO	40.00000%
BO	
KO	58.21875%
MO	70.46875%
NO	70.46875%
PO	70.59375%

Sensitivity of the AO Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption									
	50%		$\underline{150\%}$	${\color{red}295\%}$		$\underline{450\%}$		$\underline{600\%}$		
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	3.2%		3.4%	4.5%		6.6%		8.9%		
Sensitivity	y of th	e BO (Class to	Prepay	ments					
			PSA	Prepayn	ient Assu	mption				
	50 %	100%	250%	370%	400%	600%	800%	1000%		
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.5%	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	5.2%	6.6%	8.0%		
Sensitivity	y of th	e KO (Class to	Prepay	ments					
	PSA Prepayment Assumption									
	50%		200%	38	83%	600	600%			
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.0%		2.9% 4.8%		7.5%		10.2%			
Sensitivity	y of th	е МО (Class to	Prepay	ments					
			PSA	Prepayn	nent Assu	mption				
	$\boldsymbol{50\%}$		100%	20	5%	300	%	500%		
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	4.7%		6.7%	6.	7%	6.79	%	10.6%		
Sensitivity	y of th	e NO (Class to	Prepay	ments					
			PSA	Prepayn	nent Assu	mption				
	50 %		100%	20	5 %	300	<u>%</u>	$\underline{500\%}$		
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	1.6%		2.1%	6.	1%	20.6	%	55.0%		
Sensitivit	y of th	e PO (Class to	Prepay	ments					
	-		PSA	Prepayn	ient Assu	mption				
	50 %		100%	20	5%	300	<u>%</u>	500 %		
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.9%		3.9%	6.	5%	9.29	%	15.9%		
The Fixed Rate Interest Only Cla	ee Ti	he vield	l to invo	stors in	the Fix	red Rate	e Intere	st Only		

The Fixed Rate Interest Only Class. The yield to investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class would be 0% if prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans were to occur at the following constant rate:

Class	% PSA
IC	448% PSA

If the actual prepayment rate of the related Mortgage Loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling that level for the remaining months, the investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the following yield table has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase price of the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class (expressed as a percentage of the original principal balance) is as follows:

$\underline{ ext{Class}}$	Price*
IC	22.21875%

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table below.

Sensitivity of the IC Class to Prepayments

	PS	A Prepayme	nt Assumption	
50	<u>200</u> %	384%	600%	800%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity 24.	7% 16.0%	4.3%	(10.4)%	(24.1)%

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

- (a) multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of the Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of the Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal payments,
- the priority sequences of payments of principal of the Classes, and
- in the case of the Group 2 and Group 5 Classes, the payment of principal of the certain Classes in accordance with the Principal Balance Schedules.

See "—Distributions of Principal" above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. However, in the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that the underlying Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below	Original Terms to Maturity	Remaining Terms to Maturity	Interest Rates
Group 1 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	360 months	9.00%
Group 3 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%
Group 4 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%
Group 5 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%

In addition, in the case of the information set forth for each Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that all of the Mortgage Loans underlying the related MBS have an original and a remaining interest only period of 120 months.

It is unlikely

- that all of the underlying Mortgage Loans will have the interest rates, loan ages, remaining terms to maturity or remaining interest only periods assumed or
- that the underlying Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates, even if the weighted average remaining term to maturity and the weighted average loan age of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the weighted averages specified in the Pricing Assumptions. This is the case because pools of loans with identical weighted averages are nonetheless likely to reflect differing dispersions of the related characteristics.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

			H, AK,		A	AC	, AI†, .	AJ† an	d AB C	lasses			FB, S	Q†, SJ†	and S	I† Clas	ses	
			Prepa					A Prepa							repayn umptio			
Date	0%	$\underline{150\%}$	295%	$\underline{450\%}$	600%	0%	150%	295%	450%	600%	0%	100%	250%	370%	400%	600%	800%	1000%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2008	99	94	90	86	81	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	96	94	93	90	86	83
June 2009	98	86	75	64	54	100	100	100	100	100	100	94	86	79	78	68	58	48
June 2010	97	77	60	45	33	100	100	100	100	100	100	89	73	62	59	44	30	20
June 2011	96	68	48	32	20	100	100	100	100	100	100	83	62	48	45	28	16	8
June 2012	95	61	39	22	11	100	100	100	100	100	100	78	53	38	34	18	8	3
June 2013	94	54	31	15	6	100	100	100	100	100	100	74	45	29	26	11	4	1
June 2014	93	48	24	10	3	100	100	100	100	100	100	69	38	23	20	7	2	1
June 2015	91	43	19	6	1	100	100	100	100	100	100	65	32	18	15	5	1	*
June 2016	90	38	15	4	0	100	100	100	100	81	100	61	28	14	11	3	1	*
June 2017	88	33	11	2	0	100	100	100	100	51	100	57	23	11	9	2	*	*
June 2018	86	29	9	1	0	100	100	100	100	32	98	53	19	8	6	1	*	*
June 2019	85	25	6	0	0	100	100	100	86	20	96	48	16	6	5	1	*	*
June 2020	82	22	4	0	0	100	100	100	61	12	94	44	13	5	4	*	*	*
June 2021	80	19	3	0	0	100	100	100	43	8	91	40	11	4	3	*	*	*
June 2022	77	16	2	0	0	100	100	100	30	5	89	36	9	3	2	*	*	*
June 2023	75	14	1	0	0	100	100	100	21	3	86	33	7	2	1	*	*	*
June 2024	72	12	*	0	0	100	100	100	15	2	83	30	6	1	1	*	*	*
June 2025	68	10	0	0	0	100	100	80	10	1	79	26	5	1	1	*	*	*
June 2026	65	8	0	0	0	100	100	62	7	1	75	23	4	1	1	*	*	*
June 2027	61	6	Õ	0	Õ	100	100	47	5	*	71	21	3	1	*	*	*	*
June 2028	57	5	Õ	Ō	Õ	100	100	36	3	*	66	18	$\tilde{2}$	*	*	*	*	0
June 2029	52	3	Õ	0	Õ	100	100	27	2	*	61	16	$\bar{2}$	*	*	*	*	0
June 2030	47	2	Ō	0	Õ	100	100	19	1	*	56	13	1	*	*	*	*	Ō
June 2031	42	1	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	100	100	14	ī	*	50	11	î	*	*	*	*	Ŏ
June 2032	36	*	Õ	0	Õ	100	100	10	1	*	43	9	1	*	*	*	*	Ō
June 2033	29	0	0	Ő	0	100	79	6	*	*	36	7	ī	*	*	*	*	Õ
June 2034	22	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ő	100	51	4	*	*	28	5	*	*	*	*	*	ő
June 2035	15	0	ŏ	0	0	100	27	2	*	*	20	3	*	*	*	*	0	ő
June 2036	6	0	0	0	0	100	5	*	*	*	10	1	*	*	*	*	0	0
June 2037	0	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ő	0	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ő	ő
Weighted Average	0	Ü	Ü	O	Ü	· ·	0	0	O	O	· ·	0	O	Ü	O	Ü	O	O
	20.5	8.3	4.9	3.4	2.6	29.9	27.2	20.6	14.4	10.7	22.9	12.6	6.9	5.0	4.7	3.3	2.6	2.2

		В	O, BQ	†, BW	and B	S Cla	sses		CW Class							KA Class					
	PSA Prepayment Assumption								P		epaym mptior				PSA Prepayment Assumption						
Date	0%	100%	250%	370%	400% <u></u>	300%	300%	1000%	0%	$100\% \frac{1}{2}$	250%	370%	400% <u></u>	800%	300%	000%	0% 2	200%	883%	800%	300%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2008	100	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	100	100	95	91	90	83	76	69	100	96	92	88	84
June 2009	100	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	100	100	83	70	67	47	27	8	100	86	75	61	50
June 2010	100	77	77	77	77	77	61	40	100	100	69	47	42	10	0	0	100	74	53	33	17
June 2011	100	67	67	67	67	56	32	16	100	100	58	30	24	0	0	0	100	63	37	14	0
June 2012	100	57	57	57	57	36	16	6	100	100	49	18	12	0	0	0	100	53	24	2	0
June 2013	100	47	47	47	47	23	9	3	100	100	43	11	5	0	0	0	100	44	14	0	0
June 2014	100	38	38	38	38	15	4	1	100	100	38	7	1	0	0	0	100	37	6	0	0
June 2015	100	30	30	30	30	9	2	*	100	100	35	5	*	0	0	0	100	30	*	0	0
June 2016	100	23	23	23	23	6	1	*	100	99	32	5	0	0	0	0	100	24	0	0	0
June 2017	100	17	17	17	17	4	1	*	100	97	29	4	0	0	0	0	100	19	0	0	0
June 2018	96	13	13	13	13	2	*	*	100	92	26	3	0	0	0	0	98	13	0	0	0
June 2019	92	10	10	10	10	1	*	*	100	87	23	3	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	95	9	Õ	Õ	Õ
June 2020	88	7	7	7	7	1	*	*	100	81	20	2	0	0	0	0	92	5	0	0	0
June 2021	83	5	5	5	5	1	*	*	100	75	17	2	0	0	0	0	89	1	0	0	0
June 2022	77	4	4	4	4	*	*	*	100	69	14	1	0	0	0	0	86	0	0	0	0
June 2023	72	3	3	3	3	*	*	*	100	63	12	1	0	0	0	0	82	0	0	0	0
June 2024	65	2	2	2	2	*	*	*	100	57	10	1	0	0	0	0	78	0	0	0	0
June 2025	58	1	1	1	1	*	*	*	100	51	8	1	0	0	0	0	74	0	0	0	0
June 2026	50	1	1	1	1	*	*	*	100	46	7	1	0	0	0	0	69	0	0	0	0
June 2027	42	1	1	1	1	*	*	*	100	41	5	*	0	0	0	0	64	0	0	0	0
June 2028	33	1	1	1	1	*	*	*	100	35	4	*	0	0	0	0	59	0	0	0	0
June 2029	23	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	100	31	3	*	0	0	0	0	53	0	0	0	0
June 2030	12	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	100	26	3	*	0	0	0	0	46	0	0	0	0
June 2031	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	100	22	2	*	0	0	0	0	39	0	0	0	0
June 2032	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	87	17	1	*	0	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	0
June 2033	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	72	14	1	*	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0
June 2034	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	57	10	1	*	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0
June 2035	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	39	6	*	*	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
June 2036	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	21	3	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)**	18.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	4.7	3.7	3.0	27.3	18.7	7.4	3.6	2.9	1.9	1.5	1.3	21.5	6.1	3.5	2.5	2.0

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

		ко	KF†,	KS†																
			KB Cl				CH an	d IC†	Classe	s			CZ Cla	SS		FC,	SK†, S	SC and	PO CI	asses
			Prepa; sumpt					Prepay sumpt					Prepa sumpt					Prepa sumpt		
Date	0%	200%	383%	600%	300 %	0% 2	200%	384%	300%	800%	0%	200%	384%	600%	800%	0%	100%	205%	300%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	96	93	89	86	106	106	106	106	106	99	93	86	81	69
June 2009	100	100	100	100	100	100	88	78	66	56	113	113	113	113	113	98	86	75	65	48
June 2010	100	100	100	100	100	99	77	59	41	28	120	120	120	120	120	98	79	64	53	33
June 2011	100	100	100	100	98	99	67	44	25	12	127	127	127	127	127	97	73	55	42	22
June 2012	100	100	100	100	51	99	58	33	14	4	135	135	135	135	135	95	67	48	34	15
June 2013	100	100	100	71	27	99	51	24	7	0	143	143	143	143	143	94	62	41	27	11
June 2014	100	100	100	45	14	98	44	17	3	0	152	152	152	152	74	93	57	35	22	7
June 2015	100	100	100	29	7	98	38	12	0	Õ	161	161	161	156	39	92	52	30	17	5
June 2016	100	100	79	19	4	98	32	-8	Õ	Õ	171	171	171	100	20	90	47	25	14	3
June 2017	100	100	60	12	$\overline{2}$	97	27	4	0	Õ	182	182	182	64	10	89	43	22	11	2
June 2018	100	100	45	7	1	95	22	2	0	Ō	193	193	193	40	5	87	39	18	9	2
June 2019	100	100	34	5	*	92	18	0	ŏ	ŏ	205	205	181	25	3	85	35	15	7	$\bar{1}$
June 2020	100	100	25	3	*	90	14	ő	ő	ő	218	218	135	15	1	83	32	13	5	1
June 2021	100	100	19	$\tilde{2}$	*	87	10	ő	ő	ő	231	231	101	10	ī	81	29	11	$\overset{\circ}{4}$	*
June 2022	100	89	14	ĩ	*	83	7	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	245	245	75	6	*	78	25	9	3	*
June 2023	100	75	10	ī	*	80	4	Õ	Õ	Õ	261	261	55	4	*	75	23	7	3	*
June 2024	100	63	8	*	*	76	2	ő	ő	ő	277	277	41	2	*	72	20	6	2	*
June 2025	100	53	6	*	*	72	0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	294	284	30	ĩ	*	69	17	5	ĩ	*
June 2026	100	44	4	*	*	67	ő	ő	ő	ő	312	236	21	ī	*	66	15	4	î	*
June 2027	100	36	3	*	*	62	ő	ő	ő	ő	331	194	15	*	*	62	12	3	i	*
June 2028	100	29	2	*	*	57	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	351	158	11	*	*	58	10	2	i	*
June 2029	100	24	ī	*	*	51	ŏ	ő	ő	ő	373	127	8	*	*	53	8	$\frac{1}{2}$	*	*
June 2030	100	19	1	*	*	44	0	0	0	ő	396	101	5	*	*	49	6	1	*	*
June 2031	100	14	1	*	*	37	ő	ő	ő	ő	421	78	4	*	*	43	4	1	*	*
June 2032	100	11	*	*	*	30	ő	ő	ő	ő	446	59	2	*	*	37	3	*	*	*
June 2033	100	8	*	*	*	22	ő	0	0	ő	474	42	2	*	*	31	1	*	*	*
June 2034	100	5	*	*	*	13	ő	ő	ő	ő	503	28	ĩ	*	*	24	0	0	0	0
June 2035	100	3	*	*	*	3	ő	0	0	ő	534	17	*	*	*	17	0	ő	ő	ő
June 2036	62	1	*	*	0	0	ő	ő	0	ő	332	7	*	*	*	9	0	0	0	ő
June 2037	02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	U	U	U	U	O	U	U	U	U	O	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Life (vears)**	29.2	19.3	11.7	7.5	5.5	21.0	7.1	4.3	3.0	2.4	29.2	22.1	15.0	10.1	7.6	20.8	9.9	6.3	4.6	2.7

			MO Class					NO Class		
		P	SA Prepaym Assumption	nent n			1	PSA Prepaym Assumption	nent n	
Date	0%	100%	205%	300%	500%	0%	100%	205%	300%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2008	99	89	89	89	89	100	100	82	66	32
June 2009	98	78	78	78	73	100	100	68	41	0
June 2010	96	68	68	68	50	100	100	57	24	0
June 2011	95	59	59	59	35	100	100	49	12	0
June 2012	93	50	50	50	24	100	100	44	5	0
June 2013	91	41	41	41	16	100	100	40	1	0
June 2014	89	34	34	34	11	100	100	37	0	0
June 2015	87	27	27	27	8	100	99	35	0	0
June 2016	85	$\frac{1}{21}$	$\overline{21}$	$\overline{21}$	5	100	96	33	Ō	Ō
June 2017	82	17	17	17	3	100	92	30	0	0
June 2018	80	13	13	13	2	100	87	27	Ō	Ō
June 2019	77	11	11	11	$\frac{1}{2}$	100	82	$\frac{21}{24}$	ŏ	ŏ
June 2020	74	8	8	8	1	100	76	22	Õ	ŏ
June 2021	70	6	6	6	ī	100	70	19	Õ	ŏ
June 2022	66	5	5	5	*	100	63	16	ŏ	ŏ
June 2023	62	4	4	4	*	100	57	14	ő	ő
June 2024	58	3	3	3	*	100	51	12	ő	0
June 2025	53	2	9	9	*	100	45	10	0	0
June 2026	47	2	2	2	*	100	39	8	ő	0
June 2027	42	1	1	1	*	100	33	7	0	0
June 2028	35	1	1	1	*	100	28	5	0	0
June 2029	28	1	1	1	*	100	22	4	0	0
June 2030	21	*	*	*	*	100	17	3	0	0
June 2031	13	*	*	*	*	100	12	2	0	0
June 2032	4	*	*	*	*	100	8	1	0	0
June 2052	*	*	*	*	*		0	1	0	0
June 2033						89	ð 0		0	0
June 2034	0	0	0	0	0	70	0	0	0	Ü
June 2035	0	0	0	0	0	48	0	0	0	0
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	0
Weighted Average		× 0	0.7					
Life (years)**	17.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	3.7	27.9	17.3	7.0	2.0	0.8

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Trust remain after the principal balances of all Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the R Class the proceeds from those assets. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Regular Interests are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the RL Class. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case.

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to a "disqualified organization." In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to any person that is not a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of a Residual Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See "Description of Certificates— Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences— Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of a Residual Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the "Regulations") provide that a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had "improper knowledge").

As discussed under the caption "Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has amended the Regulations to provide additional requirements that a transferor must satisfy to avail itself of the safe harbor regarding the presumed lack of improper knowledge. For transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002, a transferor of a Residual Certificate is presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions discussed in the REMIC Prospectus, both (i) the transferee represents that it will not cause income from the Residual Certificate to be attributed to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of the transferee or another taxpayer and (ii) the transfer satisfies either the "asset test" or the "formula test." The representation described in (i) will be included in the affidavit discussed above. See "Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

A transfer satisfies the asset test if (i) the transferee's gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfer and at the close of each of the transferee's two fiscal years preceding the year of transfer), (ii) the transferee is an "eligible corporation" and the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the Residual Certificate will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor and satisfy the asset test, and (iii) the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the taxes associated with the Residual Certificate will not be paid. A transfer satisfies the formula test if

the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The Regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The tax discussions contained in the REMIC Prospectus (including the sections entitled "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" and "ERISA Considerations") and this prospectus supplement were not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. These discussions were written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this prospectus supplement. You should seek advice based on your particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The REMIC Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the "regular interests," and the R Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the "regular interests" and the RL Class will be designated as the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, as "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes*" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Accrual Class, the Notional Classes and the Principal Only Classes will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must

recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

Group	Prepayment Assumption
1	295% PSA
2	370% PSA
3	383% PSA
4	384% PSA
5	205% PSA

See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

Effective generally for Residual Certificates first held on or after August 1, 2006, Temporary Regulations issued by the Treasury Department have modified the general rule that the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) is not includible in the income of a foreign person (or, if excess inclusions, subject to withholding tax) until paid or distributed. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions" and "—Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. Under the Temporary Regulations, the amount of taxable income allocable to a foreign partner in a domestic partnership that is the beneficial owner of a Residual Certificate must be taken into account by the foreign partner on the last day of the partnership's taxable year, except to the extent that some or all of that amount is required to be taken into account at an earlier time as a result of a distribution to the foreign partner or a disposition of the foreign partner's indirect interest in the Residual Certificate. Similar rules apply to excess inclusions allocable to a foreign person that holds an interest in a real estate investment trust, regulated investment company, common trust fund or certain cooperatives.

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 5.78% (which is 120% of the "federal long-term rate"). See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions" and "—Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Treasury Department has issued Regulations providing that, to clearly reflect income, an inducement fee paid to a transferee of a noneconomic residual interest in a REMIC must be included in income over a period that is reasonably related to the period during which the applicable REMIC is expected to generate taxable income or net loss allocable to the transferee. The Regulations set forth two safe harbor methods under which a taxpayer's accounting for the inducement fee will be considered to clearly reflect income for these purposes. In addition, under the Regulations an inducement fee shall be treated as income from sources within the United States. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to the transfer of a Residual Certificate.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

General. The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The REMIC Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest in those REMIC Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of REMIC Certificates, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The RCR Classes (each, a "Combination RCR Class") will represent the beneficial ownership of the underlying REMIC Certificates set forth in Schedule 1. Each Certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a "Combination RCR Certificate") will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying REMIC Certificates.

Combination RCR Classes. A beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate will be treated as the beneficial owner of a proportionate interest in the REMIC Certificates underlying that Combination RCR Certificate. Except in the case of a beneficial owner that acquires a Combination RCR Certificate in an exchange described under "—Exchanges" below, a beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate must allocate its cost to acquire that Certificate among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of acquisition. Such an owner should account for its ownership interest in each underlying REMIC Certificate as described under "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" above and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. When a beneficial owner sells a Combination RCR Certificate, the owner must allocate the sale proceeds among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of sale.

Exchanges. If a beneficial owner exchanges one or more REMIC Certificates for the related RCR Certificate or Certificates in the manner described under "Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination" in this prospectus supplement, the exchange will not be taxable. Likewise, if a beneficial owner exchanges one or more RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificate or Certificates in the manner described in that discussion, the exchange will not be a taxable exchange. In each of these cases, the beneficial owner will be treated as continuing to own after the exchange the same combination of interests in the related REMIC Certificates (or the same interest in the related REMIC Certificate) that it owned immediately prior to the exchange.

Tax Return Disclosure Requirements

Treasury Department Regulations that are directed at "tax shelters" could be read to apply to transactions generally not considered to be tax shelters. These Regulations require that taxpayers that participate in a "reportable transaction" disclose such transaction on their tax returns by attaching IRS Form 8886 and retain information related to the transaction. A transaction may be a "reportable transaction" based upon any of several indicia, one or more of which may be present with respect to the Certificates. You should consult your own tax advisor concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to your investment in the Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General. We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Citigroup Global Markets Inc. (the "Dealer") in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

Increase in Certificates. Before the Settlement Date, we and the Dealer may agree to offer Classes in addition to those contemplated as of the date of this prospectus supplement. In this event, we will increase the related MBS in principal balance, but we expect that all these additional MBS will have the same characteristics as described under "Description of the Certificates—The MBS" in this

prospectus supplement. The proportion that the original principal balance of each Group 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 Class bears to the aggregate original principal balance of all Group 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 Classes, respectively, will remain the same. In addition, the dollar amounts shown in the Principal Balance Schedules will be increased to correspond to the increase of the principal balances of the applicable Classes.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Available Recombinations (1) (2)

	Final Distribution	July 2037	July 2037	July 2037	July 2037	July 2037	July 2037
	CUSIP Number	31396WQA7	31396WQB5	31396WQC3	31396WQD1	31396WQE9	31396WQF6
RCR Certificates	Principal Type(3)	SEQ	PAC	PAC	SEQ	PT	PT
RCI	Interest Type (3)	FIX	INV	INV	FIX	INV	РО
	Interest Rate	%0.9	(2)	(5)	6.0	(2)	(9)
	Original Principal Balance	\$ 4,479,641	7,145,977	7,145,977	21,192,667	16,666,667	16,666,667
	RCR Classes	AB	BW	BS	KB	$_{ m SC}$	ЬО
REMIC Certificates	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	\$ 4,479,641 \$ 4,479,641 4,479,641(4) 4,479,641(4)	Mecombination 2 7,145,977 BQ 71,459,770 (4)	7,145,977 26,797,414(4)	KO 21,192,667 KF 21,192,667(4) KS 21,192,667(4)	SK 100,000,000 (4) MO 10,843,439 NO 5,823,228	10,843,439 5,823,228
	Classes	Recombination 1 AO \$ 4, AI 4, AJ AJ	BO BQ BQ Recombin	BQ BQ BQmbir	KF KF KS KS	SK MO NO	MO 10,8

(1) REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates in Recombinations 1, 2, 3 and 4 may be exchanged only in the proportions shown in this Schedule 1. In any exchange under Recombinations 5 or 6, the relative proportions of the REMIC Certificates to be delivered (or if applicable, received) in such exchange will equal the proportions reflected by the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of the related REMIC Classes at the time of exchange.

(2) If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange. See "Description of the Certificates—General—Authorized Denominations" in this prospectus supplement.

(3) See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" in this prospectus supplement.

(4) Notional balances. These Classes are Interest only Classes. See page S-7 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.

(5) For a description of this interest rate, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" in this prospectus supplement.

Principal Balance Schedules

BO Class Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$7,145,977.00	September 2011	\$4,586,426.94	December 2015	\$1,879,648.96
July 2007	7,138,807.26	October 2011	4,526,045.66	January 2016	1,837,149.71
August 2007	7,129,243.59	November 2011	4,465,974.92	February 2016	1,795,611.38
September 2007	7,117,285.96	December 2011	4,406,213.12	March 2016	1,755,012.23
October 2007	7,102,935.56	January 2012	4,346,758.68	April 2016	1,715,331.04
November 2007	7,086,194.74	February 2012	4,287,610.02	May 2016	1,676,547.05
December 2007	7,067,067.11	March 2012	4,228,765.55	June 2016	1,638,639.98
January 2008	7,045,557.44	April 2012	4,170,223.73	July 2016	1,601,589.99
February 2008	7,021,671.72	May 2012	4,111,982.98	August 2016	1,565,377.71
March 2008	6,995,417.15	June 2012	4,054,041.77	September 2016	1,529,984.19
April 2008	6,966,802.13	July 2012	3,996,398.55	October 2016	1,495,390.93
May 2008	6,935,836.24	August 2012	3,939,051.80	November 2016	1,461,579.83
June 2008	6,902,530.29	September 2012	3,881,999.97	December 2016	1,428,533.21
July 2008	6,866,896.24	October 2012	3,825,241.57	January 2017	1,396,233.78
August 2008	6,828,947.27	November 2012	3,768,775.07	February 2017	1,364,664.65
September 2008	6,788,697.72	December 2012	3,712,598.98	March 2017	1,333,809.30
October 2008	6,746,163.09	January 2013	3,656,711.81	April 2017	1,303,651.59
November 2008	6,701,360.06	February 2013	3,601,112.06	May 2017	1,271,821.61
December 2008	6,654,306.44	March 2013	3,545,798.27	June 2017	1,240,750.52
January 2009	6,605,021.20	April 2013	3,490,768.95	July 2017	1,210,420.50
February 2009	6,553,524.41	May 2013	3,436,022.65	August 2017	1,180,814.16
March 2009	6,499,837.29	June 2013	3,381,557.91	September 2017	1,151,914.51
April 2009	6,443,982.12	July 2013	3,327,373.29	October 2017	1,123,704.93
May 2009	6,385,982.30	August 2013	3,273,467.33	November 2017	1,096,169.23
June 2009	6,325,862.27	September 2013	3,219,838.62	December 2017	1,069,291.56
July 2009	6,263,647.54	October 2013	3,166,485.72	January 2018	1,043,056.46
August 2009	6,199,364.65	November 2013	3,113,407.21	February 2018	1,017,448.81
September 2009	6,133,041.16	December 2013	3,060,601.69	March 2018	992,453.86
October 2009	6,064,705.62	January 2014	3,008,067.74	April 2018	968,057.20
November 2009	5,996,721.53	February 2014	2,955,803.98	May 2018	944,244.74
December 2009	5,929,087.09	March 2014	2,903,809.02	June 2018	921,002.73
January 2010	5,861,800.49	April 2014	2,852,081.46	July 2018	898,317.74
February 2010	5,794,859.94	May 2014	2,800,619.94	August 2018	876,176.66
March 2010	5,728,263.67	June 2014	2,749,423.08	September 2018	854,566.67
April 2010	5,662,009.91	July 2014	2,698,489.54	October 2018	833,475.24
May 2010	5,596,096.89	August 2014	2,647,817.94	November 2018	812,890.17
June 2010	5,530,522.86	September 2014	2,597,406.95	December 2018	792,799.51
July 2010	5,465,286.08	October 2014	2,547,255.22	January 2019	773,191.59
August 2010	5,400,384.82	November 2014	2,497,361.42	February 2019	754,055.03
September 2010	5,335,817.34	December 2014	2,447,724.23	March 2019	735,378.71
October 2010	5,271,581.93	January 2015	2,398,342.33	April 2019	717,151.76
November 2010	5,207,676.89	February 2015	2,349,214.39	May 2019	699,363.57
December 2010	5,144,100.51	March 2015	2,300,339.12	June 2019	682,003.76
January 2011	5,080,851.10	April 2015	2,251,715.22	July 2019	665,062.24
February 2011	5,017,926.99	May 2015	2,203,341.39	August 2019	648,529.09
March 2011	4,955,326.50	June 2015	2,155,216.34	September 2019	632,394.68
April 2011	4,893,047.96	July 2015	2,107,338.81	October 2019	616,649.57
May 2011	4,831,089.72	August 2015	2,059,707.51	November 2019	601,284.54
June 2011	4,769,450.14	September 2015	2,013,137.10	December 2019	586,290.61
July 2011	4,708,127.56	October 2015	1,967,619.65	January 2020	571,658.99
August 2011	4,647,120.37	November 2015	1,923,131.36	February 2020	557,381.10
1145450 2011	1,011,120.01	1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	1,020,101.00	1 cordary 2020	007,001.10

BO Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
March 2020	\$ 543,448.56	6 August 2024	\$ 136,892.19	January 2029	\$ 30,541.97
April 2020	529,853.19	September 2024	133,259.96	February 2029	29,630.87
May 2020	516,586.99	October 2024	129,718.80	March 2029	28,744.04
June 2020	503,642.16	November 2024	126,266.50	April 2029	27,880.87
July 2020	491,011.07	7 December 2024	122,900.90	May 2029	27,040.77
August 2020	478,686.29	January 2025	119,619.91	June 2029	26,223.16
September 2020	466,660.54	February 2025	116,421.46	July 2029	25,427.47
October 2020	454,926.72	2 March 2025	113,303.56	August 2029	24,653.15
November 2020	443,477.90	April 2025	110,264.23	September 2029	23,899.65
December 2020	432,307.30	May 2025	107,301.58	October 2029	23,166.46
January 2021	421,408.31	June 2025	104,413.74	November 2029	22,453.05
February 2021	410,774.48	3 July 2025	101,598.88	December 2029	21,758.94
March 2021	400,399.49	August 2025	98,855.22	January 2030	21,083.62
April 2021	390,277.19	September 2025	96,181.04	February 2030	20,426.62
May 2021	380,401.56	October 2025	93,574.63	March 2030	19,787.49
June 2021	370,766.74	November 2025	91,034.34	April 2030	19,165.75
July 2021	361,366.97	7 December 2025	88,558.56	May 2030	18,560.98
August 2021	352,196.66	3 January 2026	86,145.70	June 2030	17,972.73
September 2021	343,250.38	February 2026	83,794.24	July 2030	17,400.60
October 2021	334,522.69	March 2026	81,502.67	August 2030	16,844.16
November 2021	326,008.48	5 April 2026	79,269.52	September 2030	16,303.01
December 2021	317,702.56	May 2026	77,093.37	October 2030	15,776.77
January 2022	309,600.03	3 June 2026	74,972.81	November 2030	15,265.05
February 2022	301,696.01	July 2026	72,906.48	December 2030	14,767.49
March 2022	293,985.76	6 August 2026	70,893.06	January 2031	14,283.71
April 2022	286,464.63	September 2026	68,931.23	February 2031	13,813.37
May 2022	279,128.12	2 October 2026	67,019.74	March 2031	13,356.11
June 2022	271,971.80	November 2026	65,157.35	April 2031	12,911.61
July 2022	264,991.36	B December 2026	63,342.85	May 2031	12,479.53
August 2022	258,182.58	3 January 2027	61,575.05	June 2031	12,059.56
September 2022	251,541.37	February 2027	59,852.82	July 2031	11,651.38
October 2022	245,063.70	March 2027	58,175.02	August 2031	11,254.68
November 2022	238,745.65	5 April 2027	56,540.56	September 2031	10,869.17
December 2022	232,583.39	· ·	54,948.37	October 2031	10,494.56
January 2023	226,573.19		53,397.40	November 2031	10,130.56
February 2023	220,711.40		51,886.65	December 2031	9,776.91
March 2023	214,994.48	5 August 2027	50,415.10	January 2032	9,433.32
April 2023	209,418.86	September 2027	48,981.79	February 2032	9,099.55
May 2023	203,981.23	October 2027	47,585.78	March 2032	8,775.33
June 2023	198,678.28	November 2027	46,226.14	April 2032	8,460.41
July 2023	193,506.68	B December 2027	44,901.96	May 2032	8,154.55
August 2023	188,463.38	5 January 2028	43,612.37	June 2032	7,857.52
September 2023	183,545.18	February 2028	42,356.50	July 2032	7,569.07
October 2023	178,749.18	March 2028	41,133.53	August 2032	7,289.00
November 2023	174,072.32	2 April 2028	39,942.62	September 2032	7,017.07
December 2023	169,511.81	May 2028	38,782.98	October 2032	6,753.07
January 2024	165,064.82	June 2028	37,653.84	November 2032	6,496.80
February 2024	160,728.60		36,554.43	December 2032	6,248.05
March 2024	156,500.49	9 August 2028	35,484.00	January 2033	6,006.61
April 2024	152,377.87	=	34,441.84	February 2033	5,772.31
May 2024	148,358.19		33,427.24	March 2033	5,544.94
June 2024	144,438.96		32,439.51	April 2033	5,324.32
July 2024	140,617.78	December 2028	31,477.97	May 2033	5,110.28

BO Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distributi Date	Distribution Date		Planned Balance		bution ate	_	Planned Balance
June 2033	\$ 4,902.64	October 2034 .		\$	2,323.69	February 2	036	\$	788.70
July 2033	4,701.23	November 203	4		2,201.93	March 203	6		717.95
August 2033	4,505.88	December 2034	ł		2,084.07	April 2036			649.69
September 2033	4,316.43	January 2035 .			1,970.01	May 2036			583.83
October 2033	4,132.72	February 2035			1,859.65	June 2036			520.32
November 2033	3,954.60	March 2035			1,752.87	July 2036			459.08
December 2033	3,781.91	April 2035			1,649.59	August 203	86		400.05
January 2034	3,614.52	May 2035			1,549.70	September	2036		343.16
February 2034	3,452.28	June 2035			1,453.12	October 20	36		288.35
March 2034	3,295.04	July 2035			1,359.74	November	2036		235.57
April 2034	3,142.68	August 2035			1,269.48	December :	2036		184.76
May 2034	2,995.06	September 203	5		1,182.26	January 20	37		135.84
June 2034	2,852.06	October 2035 .			1,097.98	ū	037		88.78
July 2034	2,713.54	November 203	5		1,016.56	March 203	7		43.52
August 2034	2,579.38	December 2035	i		937.93	April 2037	and		
September 2034	2,449.47	January 2036.			862.00		r		0.00

MO Class Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$10,843,439.00	February 2010	\$ 7,727,254.38	October 2012	\$ 5,082,073.92
July 2007	10,738,125.49	March 2010	7,637,866.61	November 2012	5,006,188.99
August 2007	10,633,350.47	April 2010	7,548,935.40	December 2012	4,930,691.16
September 2007	10,529,111.16	May 2010	7,460,458.41	January 2013	4,855,578.44
October 2007	10,425,404.81	June 2010	7,372,433.29	February 2013	4,780,848.85
November 2007	10,322,228.68	July 2010	7,284,857.73	March 2013	4,706,500.41
December 2007	10,219,580.04	August 2010	7,197,729.41	April 2013	4,632,531.18
January 2008	10,117,456.17	September 2010	7,111,046.03	May 2013	4,558,939.19
February 2008	10,015,854.39	October 2010	7,024,805.30	June 2013	4,485,722.50
March 2008	9,914,772.00	November 2010	6,939,004.94	July 2013	4,412,879.20
April 2008	9,814,206.33	December 2010	6,853,642.69	August 2013	4,340,407.34
May 2008	9,714,154.72	January 2011	6,768,716.30	September 2013	4,268,305.03
June 2008	9,614,614.53	February 2011	6,684,223.52	October 2013	4,196,570.36
July 2008	9,515,583.12	March 2011	6,600,162.12	November 2013	4,125,201.44
August 2008	9,417,057.89	April 2011	6,516,529.89	December 2013	4,054,196.39
September 2008	9,319,036.22	May 2011	6,433,324.61	January 2014	3,983,553.34
October 2008	9,221,515.53	June 2011	6,350,544.09	February 2014	3,913,270.43
November 2008	9,124,493.24	July 2011	6,268,186.14	March 2014	3,843,345.79
December 2008	9,027,966.79	August 2011	6,186,248.60	April 2014	3,773,777.60
January 2009	8,931,933.62	September 2011	6,104,729.29	May 2014	3,704,564.01
February 2009	8,836,391.19	October 2011	6,023,626.07	June 2014	3,636,169.07
March 2009	8,741,336.99	November 2011	5,942,936.79	July 2014	3,568,981.10
April 2009	8,646,768.50	December 2011	5,862,659.33	August 2014	3,502,979.36
May 2009	8,552,683.23	January 2012	5,782,791.57	September 2014	3,438,143.44
June 2009	8,459,078.68	February 2012	5,703,331.40	October 2014	3,374,453.30
July 2009	8,365,952.39	March 2012	5,624,276.72	November 2014	3,311,889.22
August 2009	8,273,301.89	April 2012	5,545,625.45	December 2014	3,250,431.83
September 2009	8,181,124.73	May 2012	5,467,375.51	January 2015	3,190,062.07
October 2009	8,089,418.49	June 2012	5,389,524.84	February 2015	3,130,761.22
November 2009	7,998,180.74	July 2012	5,312,071.39	March 2015	3,072,510.87
December 2009	7,907,409.07	August 2012	5,235,013.10	April 2015	3,015,292.93
January 2010	7,817,101.07	September 2012	5,158,347.95	May 2015	2,959,089.58

MO Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
June 2015	\$ 2,903,883.36	November 2019	\$ 1,038,229.62	April 2024	\$ 338,092.92
July 2015	2,849,657.06	December 2019	1,017,560.72	May 2024	330,539.23
August 2015	2,796,393.77	January 2020	997,271.45	June 2024	323,131.84
September 2015	2,744,076.89	February 2020	977,355.12	July 2024	315,868.11
October 2015	2,692,690.08	March 2020	957,805.17	August 2024	308,745.42
November 2015	2,642,217.27	April 2020	938,615.14	September 2024	301,761.23
December 2015	2,592,642.69	May 2020	919,778.70	October 2024	294,913.02
January 2016	2,543,950.82	June 2020	901,289.60	November 2024	288,198.31
February 2016	2,496,126.40	July 2020	883,141.73	December 2024	281,614.69
March 2016	2,449,154.44	August 2020	865,329.07	January 2025	275,159.77
April 2016	2,403,020.19	September 2020	847,845.69	February 2025	268,831.21
May 2016	2,357,709.17	October 2020	830,685.78	March 2025	262,626.70
June 2016	2,313,207.12	November 2020	813,843.64	April 2025	256,543.99
July 2016	2,269,500.06	December 2020	797,313.63	May 2025	250,580.85
August 2016	2,226,574.20	January 2021	781,090.24	June 2025	244,735.10
September 2016	2,184,416.03	February 2021	765,168.05	July 2025	239,004.61
October 2016	2,143,012.24	March 2021	749,541.72	August 2025	233,387.25
November 2016	2,102,349.75	April 2021	734,206.01	September 2025	227,880.97
December 2016	2,062,415.71	May 2021	719,155.78	October 2025	222,483.72
January 2017	2,023,197.50	June 2021	704,385.95	November 2025	217,193.52
February 2017	1,984,682.68	July 2021	689,891.57	December 2025	212,008.40
March 2017	1,946,859.05	August 2021	675,667.74	January 2026	206,926.42
April 2017	1,909,714.61	September 2021	661,709.66	February 2026	201,945.71
May 2017	1,873,237.56	October 2021	648,012.60	March 2026	197,064.39
June 2017	1,837,416.31	November 2021	634,571.93	April 2026	192,280.65
July 2017	1,802,239.47	December 2021	621,383.09	May 2026	187,592.67
August 2017	1,767,695.81	January 2022	608,441.59	June 2026	182,998.71
September 2017	1,733,774.35	February 2022	595,743.04	July 2026	178,497.03
October 2017	1,700,464.24	March 2022	583,283.10	August 2026	174,085.91
November 2017	1,667,754.85	April 2022	571,057.53	September 2026	169,763.70
December 2017	1,635,635.72	May 2022	559,062.15	October 2026	165,528.75
January 2018	1,604,096.56	June 2022	547,292.85	November 2026	161,379.45
February 2018	1,573,127.28	July 2022	535,745.59	December 2026	157,314.20
March 2018	1,542,717.93	August 2022	524,416.40	January 2027	153,331.46
April 2018	1,512,858.75	September 2022	513,301.41	February 2027	149,429.69
May 2018	1,483,540.16	October 2022	502,396.76	March 2027	145,607.40
June 2018	1,454,752.70	November 2022	491,698.70	April 2027	141,863.09
July 2018	1,426,487.12	December 2022	481,203.53	May 2027	138,195.33
August 2018	1,398,734.29	January 2023	470,907.63	June 2027	134,602.69
September 2018	1,371,485.26	February 2023	460,807.40	July 2027	131,083.77
October 2018	1,344,731.22	March 2023	450,899.36	August 2027	127,637.20
November 2018	1,318,463.51	April 2023	441,180.05	September 2027	124,261.63
December 2018	1,292,673.64	May 2023	431,646.08	October 2027	120,955.72
January 2019	1,267,353.24	June 2023	422,294.12	November 2027	117,718.19
February 2019	1,242,494.08	July 2023	413,120.90	December 2027	114,547.74
March 2019	1,218,088.10	August 2023	404,123.21	January 2028	111,443.13
April 2019	1,194,127.35	September 2023	395,297.89	February 2028	108,403.11
May 2019	1,170,604.03	October 2023	386,641.83	March 2028	105,426.48
June 2019	1,147,510.46	November 2023	378,151.99	April 2028	102,512.05
July 2019	1,124,839.12	December 2023	369,825.36	May 2028	99,658.65
August 2019	1,102,582.58	January 2024	361,659.01	June 2028	96,865.12
September 2019	1,080,733.57	February 2024	353,650.04	July 2028	94,130.34
October 2019	1,059,284.93	March 2024	345,795.61	August 2028	91,453.21

MO Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
September 2028	\$ 88,832.63	August 2030	\$ 41,935.32	July 2032	\$ 14,150.25
October 2028	86,267.53	September 2030	40,391.47	August 2032	13,256.84
November 2028	83,756.87	October 2030	38,882.50	September 2032	12,385.47
December 2028	81,299.62	November 2030	37,407.72	October 2032	11,535.68
January 2029	78,894.76	December 2030	35,966.47	November 2032	10,707.05
February 2029	76,541.30	January 2031	34,558.09	December 2032	9,899.14
March 2029	74,238.26	February 2031	33,181.94	January 2033	9,111.54
April 2029	71,984.68	March 2031	31,837.40	February 2033	8,343.83
May 2029	69,779.63	April 2031	30,523.84	March 2033	7,595.62
June 2029	67,622.17	May 2031	29,240.66		,
July 2029	65,511.40	June 2031	27,987.25	April 2033	6,866.49
August 2029	63,446.43	July 2031	26,763.03	May 2033	6,156.08
September 2029	61,426.38	August 2031	25,567.43	June 2033	5,463.98
October 2029	59,450.38	September 2031	24,399.89	July 2033	4,789.83
November 2029	57,517.61	October 2031	23,259.84	August 2033	4,133.26
December 2029	55,627.22	November 2031	22,146.75	September 2033	3,493.91
January 2030	53,778.40	December 2031	21,060.07	October 2033	2,871.42
February 2030	51,970.36	January 2032	19,999.30	November 2033	2,265.45
March 2030	50,202.30	February 2032	18,963.90	December 2033	1,675.66
April 2030	48,473.46	March 2032	17,953.37	January 2034	1,101.70
May 2030	46,783.08	April 2032	16,967.23	February 2034	543.26
June 2030	45,130.41	May 2032	16,004.98	March 2034 and	0.10.20
July 2030	43,514.73	June 2032	15,066.14	thereafter	0.00

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

\$659,576,088



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates

Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2007-67

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

Table of Contents	S- 2
Available Information	S- 3
Incorporation by Reference	S- 3
Reference Sheet	S- 5
Additional Risk Factors	S- 9
Description of the Certificates	S-10
Certain Additional Federal Income Tax	
Consequences	S-31
Plan of Distribution	S-33
Legal Matters	S-34
Schedule 1	A- 1
Principal Balance Schedules	B- 1

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Prospectus Supplement May 22, 2007