

\$683,386,365



FannieMae®

**Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2007-62**

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual class), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We will pay principal at rates that may vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are available for distribution to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

<i>Class</i>	<i>Group</i>	<i>Original Class Balance</i>	<i>Principal Type</i>	<i>Interest Rate</i>	<i>Interest Type</i>	<i>CUSIP Number</i>	<i>Final Distribution Date</i>
FB	1	\$ 50,000,000	PT	(1)	FLT	31396WZP4	July 2037
SE(2) ..	1	5,399,219	PAC	(1)	INV	31396WZQ2	July 2037
SI(2) ...	1	18,897,263 (3)	NTL	(1)	INV / IO	31396WZR0	July 2037
SC(2) ..	1	2,934,115	SUP	(1)	INV	31396WZS8	July 2037
PO	2	13,636,364	PT	(4)	PO	31396WZT6	July 2037
FD	2	50,000,000	PT	(1)	FLT	31396WZU3	July 2037
SD	2	50,000,000 (3)	NTL	(1)	INV / IO	31396WZV1	July 2037
FN	3	400,000,000	PT	(1)	FLT	31396WZW9	July 2037
LO(2) ..	3	43,242,068	PAC	(4)	PO	31396WZX7	July 2037
SM(2) ...	3	259,452,407 (3)	NTL	(1)	INV / IO	31396WZY5	July 2037
KO(2) ..	3	23,424,599	SUP	(4)	PO	31396WZZ2	July 2037
SP(2) ..	3	140,547,593 (3)	NTL	(1)	INV / IO	31396WA22	July 2037
PA	4	21,271,872	PAC	6.0%	FIX	31396WA30	March 2029
PD	4	8,200,000	PAC	6.0	FIX	31396WA48	September 2031
PG	4	25,000,000	PAC	6.0	FIX	31396WA55	April 2037
PH	4	1,912,000	PAC	6.0	FIX	31396WA63	July 2037
AF(2) ..	4	30,913,824	TAC / AD	(1)	FLT	31396WA71	July 2037
AS(2) ..	4	5,152,304	TAC / AD	(1)	INV	31396WA89	July 2037
ZA	4	2,300,000	SUP	6.0	FIX / Z	31396WA97	July 2037
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	31396WB21	July 2037
RL		0	NPR	0	NPR	31396WB39	July 2037

(1) Based on LIBOR.

(2) Exchangeable classes.

(3) Notional balances. These classes are interest only classes. See page S-7 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.

(4) Principal only classes.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for the corresponding RCR certificates to be issued at the time of the exchange. The SB, DO, SN, SJ, SK, S, SL and AC Classes are the RCR classes, as further described in this prospectus supplement.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be June 29, 2007.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-9 of this prospectus supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.



Deutsche Bank Securities

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the “Disclosure Documents”):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated May 1, 2002 (the “REMIC Prospectus”);
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated January 1, 2006 (for all MBS issued prior to June 1, 2007) or dated June 1, 2007 (for all MBS issued on or after June 1, 2007) (as applicable, the “MBS Prospectus”); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below under the heading “Incorporation by Reference.”

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae
MBS Helpline
3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S
Washington, D.C. 20016
(telephone 1-800-237-8627).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus by writing or calling the dealer at:

Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.
Syndicate Operations
Prospectus Department
60 Wall Street
New York, New York 10005
(telephone 212-469-5000).

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

In this prospectus supplement, we are incorporating by reference the MBS Prospectus described above. In addition, we are incorporating by reference the documents listed below. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to these documents. These documents are considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with these documents.

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, the REMIC Prospectus, the MBS Prospectus and any applicable supplements or amendments.

We incorporate by reference the following documents we have filed, or may file, with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”):

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 (“2005 10-K”);
- all other reports we have filed pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 since the end of the fiscal year covered by the 2005 10-K until the date of this prospectus supplement, excluding any information “furnished” to the SEC on Form 8-K; and
- all proxy statements that we file with the SEC and all documents that we file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement and prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates, excluding any information we “furnish” to the SEC on Form 8-K.

Any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement is deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus supplement to the extent information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement modifies or supersedes such information. In such case, the information will constitute a part of this prospectus supplement only as so modified or superseded.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can obtain copies of the periodic reports we file with the SEC without charge by calling or writing our Office of Investor Relations, Fannie Mae, 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20016, telephone: (202) 752-7115. The periodic and current reports that we file with the SEC are also available on our Web site. Information appearing on our Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

In addition, you may read our SEC filings and other information about Fannie Mae at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, the Chicago Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange. Our SEC filings are also available at the SEC’s Web site at www.sec.gov. We are providing the address of the SEC’s Web site solely for the information of prospective investors. Information appearing on the SEC’s Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

<u>Group</u>	<u>Assets</u>
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS
3	Group 3 MBS
4	Group 4 MBS

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS (as of June 1, 2007)

	<u>Approximate Principal Balance</u>	<u>Original Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)</u>	<u>Approximate Weighted Average Coupon</u>	<u>Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Expiration of Interest Only Period (in months)</u>
Group 1 MBS	\$ 58,333,334	360	357	3	6.510%	N/A
Group 2 MBS*	\$ 63,636,364	360	355	5	6.218%	115
Group 3 MBS	\$466,666,667	360	357	3	6.460%	N/A
Group 4 MBS*	\$ 94,750,000	360	356	4	6.650%	116

* As further described in this prospectus supplement, the mortgage loans underlying the Group 2 and Group 4 MBS provide for interest only periods that may range from at least 7 to no more than 10 years following origination. The approximate weighted average remaining terms to expiration of the interest only periods for these mortgage loans are set forth above.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages, interest rates and, where applicable, remaining terms to expiration of interest only period of most of the mortgage loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly.

Class Factors

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance of that certificate (after taking into account principal payments in the same month). We publish the class factors on or shortly after the 11th day of each month.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on June 29, 2007.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

<u>Fed Book-Entry</u>	<u>Physical</u>
All classes of certificates other than the R and RL Classes	R and RL Classes

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certain certificates, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates as shown on Schedule 1. We will issue the RCR certificates upon such exchange. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We use the principal and interest of the certificates exchanged to pay principal and interest on the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1, as applicable.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Initial Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maximum Interest Rate</u>	<u>Minimum Interest Rate</u>	<u>Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate (1)</u>
FB	5.720%	7.000%	0.40%	LIBOR + 40 basis points
SE	3.200%	16.500%	0.00%	$16.5\% - (2.5 \times \text{LIBOR})$
SI	1.280%	6.600%	0.00%	$6.6\% - \text{LIBOR}$
SC	7.680%	39.600%	0.00%	$39.6\% - (6 \times \text{LIBOR})$
FD	5.620%	7.000%	0.30%	LIBOR + 30 basis points
SD	1.380%	6.700%	0.00%	$6.7\% - \text{LIBOR}$
FN	5.590%	7.000%	0.27%	LIBOR + 27 basis points
SM	1.410%	6.730%	0.00%	$6.73\% - \text{LIBOR}$
SP	1.410%	6.730%	0.00%	$6.73\% - \text{LIBOR}$
AF	5.920%	7.000%	0.60%	LIBOR + 60 basis points
AS	6.480%	38.400%	0.00%	$38.4\% - (6 \times \text{LIBOR})$
SB	7.680%	39.600%	0.00%	$39.6\% - (6 \times \text{LIBOR})$
SN	1.410%	6.730%	0.00%	$6.73\% - \text{LIBOR}$
SJ	3.525%	16.825%	0.00%	$16.825\% - (2.5 \times \text{LIBOR})$
SK	8.460%	40.380%	0.00%	$40.38\% - (6 \times \text{LIBOR})$
S	8.460%	40.380%	0.00%	$40.38\% - (6 \times \text{LIBOR})$
SL	8.460%	40.380%	0.00%	$40.38\% - (6 \times \text{LIBOR})$

(1) We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method."

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Notional Classes

A notional class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balances will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

<u>Class</u>	
SI	349.9999351758% of the SE Class
SD	100% of the FD Class
SM	599.9999976874% of the LO Class
SP	599.9999957310% of the KO Class
SN	100% of the FN Class

Distributions of Principal

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

- (a) 85.7142847347% to the FB Class to zero, and
- (b) 14.2857152653% as follows:
 - first*, to the SE Class to its Planned Balance;
 - second*, to the SC Class to zero; and
 - third*, to the SE Class to zero.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

To the PO and FD Classes, pro rata, to zero.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

- (a) 85.7142856531% to the FN Class to zero, and
- (b) 14.2857143469% as follows:
 - first*, to the LO Class to its Planned Balance;
 - second*, to the KO Class to zero; and
 - third*, to the LO Class to zero.

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

ZA Accrual Amount

To Aggregate Group II to its Targeted Balance, and thereafter to the ZA Class.

Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

1. To Aggregate Group I to its Planned Balance.
2. To Aggregate Group II to its Targeted Balance.
3. To the ZA Class to zero.
4. To Aggregate Group II to zero.
5. To Aggregate Group I to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group I and Aggregate Group II, see “Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—*Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount*” in this prospectus supplement.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Weighted Average Lives (years) *

		PSAPrepayment Assumption						
<u>Group 1 Classes</u>		<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>		
FB and SB		20.8	11.3	7.0	5.5	3.6		
SE and SI		17.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	4.7		
SC		27.9	19.3	7.2	3.0	1.7		
		PSA Prepayment Assumption						
<u>Group 2 Classes</u>		<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>207%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>		
PO, FD and SD		22.6	12.3	7.8	5.7	3.7		
		PSA Prepayment Assumption						
<u>Group 3 Classes</u>		<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>		
FN, DO, SN and S		20.8	11.3	7.0	5.5	3.6		
LO, SM, SJ and SL		17.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	4.7		
KO, SP and SK		27.9	19.3	7.3	3.0	1.7		
		PSA Prepayment Assumption						
<u>Group 4 Classes</u>		<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>280%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>750%</u>
PA		14.6	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.1
PD		19.3	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.1	2.9
PG		22.8	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	6.8	4.5
PH		25.4	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	14.3	9.2
AF, AS and AC		24.5	16.6	3.4	3.2	3.2	1.8	1.3
ZA		29.4	26.6	15.4	13.1	3.8	0.4	0.2

* Determined as specified under “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” in this prospectus supplement.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans underlying the related MBS, including prepayments. Because borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty, the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at any of the prepayment rates we assumed in this prospectus supplement, or
- at any constant prepayment rate until maturity.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

All of the mortgage loans underlying the Group 2 and Group 4 MBS provide for interest only payments for a lengthy initial period and thus may be more likely to be refinanced than other mortgage loans. As further described in this prospectus supplement under “Description of the Certificates—The MBS,” the scheduled monthly payments on all of the mortgage loans underlying the Group 2 and Group 4 MBS represent accrued interest only during periods that may range from at least seven to no more than ten years following origination. Thereafter the scheduled monthly payments in each case are increased to amounts sufficient to pay current interest and to fully amortize each of these mortgage loans by its maturity date. As a result,

borrowers may be more likely to refinance these mortgage loans on or before the date on which the scheduled monthly payments increase. In addition, absent a refinancing some borrowers may find it increasingly difficult to remain current in their scheduled monthly payments following the increase in monthly payment amounts.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Weighted average lives and yields on the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans. We have assumed that the mortgage loans underlying the MBS have certain characteristics. However, the actual mortgage loans probably will have different characteristics from those we assumed. As a result, your yields could be lower than you expect, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant prepayment rates. In addition, slight differences between the assumed mortgage loan characteristics and the actual mortgage loans could affect the weighted average lives of the classes of certificates.

Level of floating rate index affects yields on certain certificates. The yield on any floating rate or inverse floating rate certificate will be affected by the level of its interest rate index. If the level of the index differs from the level you expect, then your actual yield may be lower than you expect.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since certain classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period, these classes have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. If you assume that the actual final payment will occur on the final distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates. You should obtain legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed market. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small or large amounts of certificates at prices comparable to those available to other investors. You

should purchase certificates only if you understand and can tolerate the risk that the value of your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

Terrorist activities and related military and political actions by the U.S. government could cause reductions in investor confidence and substantial market volatility in real estate and securities markets. It is impossible to predict the extent to which terrorist activities may occur or, if they do occur, the extent of the effect on the certificates. Moreover, it is uncertain what effects any past or future terrorist activities or any related military or political actions on the part of the United States government and others will have on the United States and world financial markets, local, regional and national economies, real estate markets across the United States, or particular business sectors, including those affecting the performance of mortgage loan borrowers. Among other things, reduced investor confidence could result in substantial volatility in securities markets and a decline in real estate-related investments. In addition, defaults on the mortgage loans could increase, causing early payments of principal to you and, regardless of the performance of the underlying mortgage loans, the liquidity and market value of the certificates may be impaired.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the “Trust”) and a separate trust (the “Lower Tier REMIC”) pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of September 1, 2006 and a supplement thereto dated as of June 1, 2007 (the “Issue Date”). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the “REMIC Certificates”) pursuant to that trust agreement and supplement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the “RCR Certificates” and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the “Certificates”) pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of September 1, 2006 and a supplement thereto dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement and supplement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the “Trust Agreement”). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the “Trustee”). In general, the term “Classes” includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC each will constitute a “real estate mortgage investment conduit” (“REMIC”) under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

- The REMIC Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) will be “regular interests” in the Trust.
- The R Class will be the “residual interest” in the Trust.
- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the “Lower Tier Regular Interests”) will be the “regular interests” in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the “residual interest” in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests.

The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of four groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the “Group 1 MBS,” “Group 2 MBS,” “Group 3 MBS” and “Group 4 MBS” and, together, the “MBS”).

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family (“single-family”), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the “Mortgage Loans”) having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that the following amounts will be available for distribution to Certificateholders:

- required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class of Certificates no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS.

In addition, we guarantee that the following amounts will be available for distribution to each holder of an MBS:

- scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying Mortgage Loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and
- the full principal balance of any foreclosed Mortgage Loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guarantees are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. See “Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty” in the REMIC Prospectus and “Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty” in the MBS Prospectus.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are “Holders” or “Certificateholders.” A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. See “Description of Certificates—Denominations and Form” in the REMIC Prospectus.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The “Holder” or “Certificateholder” of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association (“US Bank”) in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also “—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes” below.

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in

each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. US Bank will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Denominations</u>
The Interest Only, Principal Only and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments
All other Classes (except the R and RL Classes)	\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Dates. We will make monthly payments on the Certificates on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to each of these dates as a “Distribution Date.” We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

Record Date. On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the eleventh calendar day of each month, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each Class of Certificates. When the applicable class factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of any Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month (as well as any addition to principal in the case of the Accrual Class).

No Optional Termination. We have no option to effect an early termination of the Lower Tier REMIC or the Trust. Further, we will not repurchase the Mortgage Loans underlying any MBS in a “clean-up call.” See “Description of the Certificates—Termination” in the MBS Prospectus.

Combination and Recombination

General. You are permitted to exchange all or a portion of the SE, SI, SC, LO, SM, KO, SP, AF and AS Classes of REMIC Certificates for a proportionate interest in the related RCR Certificates in the combinations shown on Schedule 1. You also may exchange all or a portion of the RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificates in the same manner. This process may occur repeatedly.

Holders of RCR Certificates will be the beneficial owners of a proportionate interest in the related REMIC Certificates and will receive a proportionate share of the distributions on the related REMIC Certificates.

The Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates that are outstanding at any given time, and the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of these Classes, will depend upon any related distributions of principal, as well as any exchanges that occur. REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates may be exchanged only in the proportions shown on Schedule 1.

Procedures. If a Certificateholder wishes to exchange Certificates, the Certificateholder must notify our Structured Transactions Department through one of our “REMIC Dealer Group” dealers in writing or by telefax no later than two business days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any business day other than the first or last business day of the month subject to our approval. The notice must include the outstanding principal balance of both the Certificates to be exchanged and the Certificates to be received, and the proposed exchange date. After receiving the Holder’s notice, we will telephone the dealer with delivery and wire payment instructions. Notice becomes irrevocable on the second business day before the proposed exchange date.

In connection with each exchange, the Holder must pay us a fee equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional principal balance) of the Certificates to be exchanged. In no event, however, will our fee be less than \$2,000.

We will make the first distribution on a REMIC Certificate or an RCR Certificate received in an exchange transaction on the Distribution Date in the following month. We will make that distribution to the Holder of record as of the close of business on the last day of the month of the exchange.

Additional Considerations. The characteristics of RCR Certificates will reflect the characteristics of the REMIC Certificates used to form those RCR Certificates. You should also consider a number of factors that will limit a Certificateholder's ability to exchange REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates or vice versa:

- At the time of the proposed exchange, a Certificateholder must own Certificates of the related Class or Classes in the proportions necessary to make the desired exchange.
- A Certificateholder that does not own the Certificates may be unable to obtain the necessary REMIC Certificates or RCR Certificates.
- If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange.
- The Certificateholder of needed Certificates may refuse to sell them at a reasonable price (or any price) or may be unable to sell them.
- Certain Certificates may have been purchased and placed into other financial structures and thus be unavailable.
- Principal distributions will decrease the amounts available for exchange over time.
- Only the combinations listed on Schedule 1 are permitted.

The MBS

The following table contains certain information about the MBS. The MBS included in each specified Group will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. Except as provided below, the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years.

In addition, in the case of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2 and Group 4 MBS, the scheduled monthly payments on those loans represent accrued interest only for periods that may range from at least seven to no more than ten years following origination. Beginning with the first monthly payment following the expiration of the applicable interest only period, the scheduled monthly payment on each of those Mortgage Loans will be increased by an amount sufficient to pay accrued interest and to fully amortize the Mortgage Loan by its scheduled maturity date.

See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

We expect the characteristics of the MBS and the related Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Group 1 MBS

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$58,333,334
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	357 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA (weighted average loan age)	3 months

Group 2 MBS*

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$63,636,364
MBS Pass-Through Rate	5.50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.75% to 8.00%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	355 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	5 months

Group 3 MBS

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$466,666,667
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	357 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	3 months

Group 4 MBS*

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$94,750,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	356 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	4 months

* As described above, the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2 and Group 4 MBS provide for initial interest only periods. For additional information about these Mortgage Loans, including the approximate weighted average remaining terms to expiration of their interest only periods, see "Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS" in this prospectus supplement.

Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the Pool number, the current WAC and the current WAM of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. If the current WAC is not available, the Final Data Statement will contain the most recently published WAC. If the current WAM is not available, the Final Data Statement will contain a WAM that we have calculated by subtracting from the most recently published WAM the number of months that have elapsed between the month in which the WAM was most recently published and the month of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement also will include the weighted averages of all the WACs and the weighted averages of all the WAMs, based on the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627. In addition, the Final Data Statement is available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

Distributions of Interest

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

<u>Interest Type*</u>	<u>Classes</u>
Group 1 Classes	
Floating Rate	FB
Inverse Floating Rate	SE, SI and SC
Interest Only	SI
RCR**	SB
Group 2 Classes	
Floating Rate	FD
Inverse Floating Rate	SD
Interest Only	SD
Principal Only	PO
Group 3 Classes	
Floating Rate	FN
Inverse Floating Rate	SM and SP
Interest Only	SM and SP
Principal Only	LO and KO
RCR**	DO, SN, SJ, SK, S and SL
Group 4 Classes	
Fixed Rate	PA, PD, PG, PH and ZA
Floating Rate	AF
Inverse Floating Rate	AS
Accrual	ZA
RCR**	AC
No Payment Residual	R and RL

* See “Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations” in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See “—Combination and Recombination” above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

General. We will pay interest on the Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates specified on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest based on an assumed 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly (except in the case of the Accrual Class) on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Class) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month’s interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Class, see “—*Accrual Class*” below.

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Accrual Periods. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the Certificates during the applicable one-month periods set forth below (each, an “Interest Accrual Period”).

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Interest Accrual Periods</u>
All Fixed Rate Classes (collectively, the “Delay Classes”)	Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs
All Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	One-month period beginning on the 25th day of the month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See “Additional Risk Factors—*Delay classes have lower yields and market values*” in this prospectus supplement.

The Dealer will treat the Principal Only Classes as Delay Classes for the sole purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Class. The ZA Class is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class at the applicable annual rate specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Class. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Class will be added as principal to its principal balance on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Class as described under “—Distributions of Principal” below.

Notional Classes. The Notional Classes will not have principal balances. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Classes will bear interest on their notional principal balances at their applicable interest rates. The notional principal balances of the Notional Classes will be calculated as specified under “Reference Sheet—Notional Classes” in this prospectus supplement.

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for that Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall refer also to the notional principal balances of the Notional Classes.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at rates determined as described under “Reference Sheet—Interest Rates” in this prospectus supplement.

Changes in the specified interest rate index (the “Index”) will affect the yields with respect to the related Classes. These changes may not correspond to changes in mortgage interest rates. Lower mortgage interest rates could occur while an increase in the level of the Index occurs. Similarly, higher mortgage interest rates could occur while a decrease in the level of the Index occurs.

Our establishment of each Index value and our determination of the interest rate for each applicable Class for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627.

Calculation of LIBOR

On each Index Determination Date, we will calculate LIBOR for the related Interest Accrual Period. We will calculate LIBOR on the basis of the “BBA Method,” as described in the REMIC Prospectus under “Description of Certificates—Indexes for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes—*LIBOR*.”

If we are unable to calculate LIBOR on the initial Index Determination Date, LIBOR for the following Interest Accrual Period will be equal 5.32%.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes fall into the following categories:

<u>Principal Type*</u>	<u>Classes</u>
Group 1 Classes	
Pass-Through	FB
PAC	SE
Support	SC
Notional	SI
RCR**	SB
Group 2 Classes	
Pass-Through	PO and FD
Notional	SD
Group 3 Classes	
Pass-Through	FN
PAC	LO
Support	KO
Notional	SM and SP
RCR**	DO, SN, SJ, SK, S and SL
Group 4 Classes	
PAC	PA, PD, PG and PH
TAC	AF and AS
Support	ZA
Accretion Directed	AF and AS
RCR**	AC
No Payment Residual	R and RL

* See “Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations” in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See “—Combination and Recombination” above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

Principal Distribution Amount

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an aggregate amount (the “Principal Distribution Amount”) equal to the sum of

- the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS (the “Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount”),
- the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS (the “Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount”),
- the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS (the “Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount”), and
- the principal then paid on the Group 4 MBS (the “Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount”) *plus* any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the ZA Class (the “ZA Accrual Amount” and, together with the Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the “Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount”).

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 1 Classes as follows:

- (a) 85.7142847347% of that amount to the FB Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero, and
- } Pass-Through Class

(b) 14.2857152653% of that amount as follows:

first, to the SE Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; } PAC Class

second, to the SC Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and } Support Class

third, to the SE Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero. } PAC Class

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount, concurrently, as principal of the PO and FD Classes, pro rata (or 21.4285718776% and 78.5714281224%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero. } Pass-Through Classes

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 3 Classes as follows:

(a) 85.7142856531% of that amount to the FN Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero, and } Pass-Through Class

(b) 14.2857143469% of that amount as follows:

first, to the LO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; } PAC Class

second, to the KO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and } Support Class

third, to the LO Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero. } PAC Class

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

ZA Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZA Accrual Amount as principal of Aggregate Group II (described below), until the Aggregate II Balance (described below) is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date. Thereafter, we will pay the ZA Accrual Amount as principal of the ZA Class. } Accretion Directed/TAC Group and Accrual Class

Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 4 Classes in the following priority:

(i) to Aggregate Group I (described below), until the Aggregate I Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; } PAC Group

(ii) to Aggregate Group II, until the Aggregate II Balance is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date; } TAC Group

(iii) to the ZA Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; } Support Class

(iv) to Aggregate Group II, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until the Aggregate II Balance is reduced to zero; and } TAC Group

(v) to Aggregate Group I, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate I Balance is reduced to zero. } PAC Group

“Aggregate Group I” consists of the PA, PD, PG and PH Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group I, sequentially, to the PA, PD, PG and PH Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The “Aggregate I Balance” is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes in Aggregate Group I.

“Aggregate Group II” consists of the AF and AS Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group II, concurrently, to the AF and AS Classes, pro rata (or 85.7142857143% and 14.2857142857%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The “Aggregate II Balance” is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes in Aggregate Group II.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (collectively, the “Pricing Assumptions”):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates specified under “Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS” in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2 and Group 4 MBS have the remaining terms to expiration of their interest only periods specified under “Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS” in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related tables;
- the settlement date for the Certificates is June 29, 2007; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this prospectus supplement is the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association’s standard prepayment model (“PSA”). To assume a specified rate of PSA is to assume a specified rate of prepayment each month of the then-outstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans computed as described under “Description of Certificates—Prepayment Models” in the REMIC Prospectus.

It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any *constant* PSA rate or at any other *constant* rate.

Structuring Ranges and Rate. The Principal Balance Schedules are found beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at a

constant PSA rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges or at the applicable PSA rate set forth below.

<u>Principal Balance Schedule Reference</u>	<u>Related Classes and Groups (1)</u>	<u>Structuring Ranges and Rate</u>
Planned Balances	SE	Between 100% and 300% PSA
Planned Balances	LO	(2)
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group I	Between 100% and 300% PSA
Targeted Balances	Aggregate Group II	280% PSA

(1) The Structuring Rate and Range for the Aggregate Groups are associated with the related Aggregate Balances but not with the individual balances of the related Classes.

(2) The Planned Balances of the LO Class have been structured between 100% and 300% PSA, but only hold between 100% and 299% PSA.

We cannot assure you that the balance of any Class or Group listed above will conform on any Distribution Date to the specified balance in the Principal Balance Schedules. As a result, we cannot assure you that payments of principal of any Class or Group listed above will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules. We will distribute any excess of principal payments over the amount needed to reduce a Class or Group to its scheduled balance on a Distribution Date. Accordingly, the ability to reduce a Class or Group to its scheduled balance will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal payments from month to month. In addition, even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within the applicable Structuring Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Classes and Group to their scheduled balances if the prepayments do not occur at a *constant* PSA rate. Moreover, because of the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the related Mortgage Loans, which may include recently originated Mortgage Loans, the Classes and Groups specified above may not be reduced to their scheduled balances, even if prepayments occur at a *constant* rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges or at the applicable PSA rate specified above.

Initial Effective Ranges. The Effective Ranges for a Class or Group is the range of prepayment rates (measured by *constant* PSA rates) which would reduce that Class or Group to its scheduled balance on each Distribution Date. The Initial Effective Ranges shown in the table below are based upon the assumed characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

<u>Classes and Group</u>	<u>Initial Effective Ranges</u>
SE	Between 100% and 300% PSA
LO	Between 100% and 299% PSA
Aggregate Group I	Between 100% and 300% PSA

The actual Effective Ranges at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. The actual Effective Ranges calculated on the basis of the actual characteristics are likely to differ from the Initial Effective Ranges. As a result, the applicable Classes and Group might not be reduced to their scheduled balances even if prepayments were to occur at a *constant* PSA rate within the Initial Effective Ranges. This is so particularly if the rate were at the lower or higher end of these ranges. In addition, even if prepayments occur at rates falling within the actual Effective Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Classes and Group to their scheduled balances if such prepayments do not occur at a *constant* PSA rate. It is highly unlikely that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA rate. In general, the actual Effective Ranges may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time.

The stability in principal payment of the applicable Classes will be supported by the corresponding supporting Classes as indicated in the following table:

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Supporting Classes</u>
Group 1 Classes	
PAC	Support
Group 3 Classes	
PAC	Support
Group 4 Classes	
PAC	TAC and Support

When the supporting Classes are retired, the Classes they support, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be more sensitive to prepayments.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes, and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the Index will remain constant.

***The Inverse Floating Rate Classes.* The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable tables below, it is possible that investors in the SI, SD, SM, SP, SN and SL Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.**

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate Classes for the initial Interest Accrual Period are the rates listed in the table under “Reference Sheet—Interest Rates” in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of the Index, and
- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price*</u>
SE	81.109375%
SI	4.812500%
SC	92.437500%
SD	5.265625%
SM	5.453125%
SP	2.812500%
AS	85.953125%
SB	96.015625%
SN	4.515625%
SJ	83.421875%
SK	92.671875%
S	99.046875%
SL	102.500000%

* The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the SE Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	18.4%	19.3%	19.3%	19.3%	20.5%
3.32%	12.2%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	14.4%
5.32%	6.1%	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%	8.5%
6.60%	2.4%	3.3%	3.3%	3.3%	4.7%

Sensitivity of the SI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	122.9%	119.4%	119.4%	119.4%	117.9%
3.32%	69.8%	65.9%	65.9%	65.9%	62.6%
5.32%	20.5%	15.5%	15.5%	15.5%	7.7%
6.60%	*	*	*	*	*

* The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

**Sensitivity of the SC Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	36.1%	36.1%	37.0%	37.9%	39.5%
3.32%	22.1%	22.1%	23.1%	24.2%	26.1%
5.32%	8.6%	8.7%	9.6%	11.0%	13.2%
6.60%	0.4%	0.4%	1.2%	2.9%	5.2%

**Sensitivity of the SD Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>207%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	116.7%	114.2%	108.8%	104.1%	93.6%
3.32%	68.7%	66.2%	60.6%	55.7%	44.8%
5.32%	24.6%	21.9%	15.9%	10.5%	(1.4)%
6.70%	*	*	*	*	*

* The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

**Sensitivity of the SM Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	109.0%	105.4%	105.4%	105.4%	103.6%
3.32%	62.9%	58.9%	58.9%	58.9%	55.2%
5.32%	19.6%	14.6%	14.6%	14.6%	6.7%
6.73%	*	*	*	*	*

* The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

**Sensitivity of the SP Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	255.3%	255.3%	240.7%	230.0%	201.2%
3.32%	147.5%	147.5%	133.1%	121.8%	90.9%
5.32%	55.7%	55.6%	40.4%	23.9%	(15.8)%
6.73%	*	*	*	*	*

* The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

**Sensitivity of the AS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>						
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>280%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>750%</u>
1.32%	37.5%	37.5%	40.8%	41.0%	41.0%	44.1%	47.4%
3.32%	22.4%	22.5%	26.1%	26.4%	26.4%	29.7%	33.1%
5.32%	8.0%	8.2%	12.1%	12.4%	12.4%	16.0%	19.4%
6.40%	0.8%	1.0%	4.8%	5.1%	5.1%	8.8%	12.3%

**Sensitivity of the SB Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	34.8%	34.8%	35.0%	35.1%	35.3%
3.32%	21.3%	21.4%	21.6%	21.7%	22.0%
5.32%	8.4%	8.4%	8.7%	8.9%	9.2%
6.60%	0.3%	0.4%	0.7%	0.9%	1.3%

**Sensitivity of the SN Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	139.3%	137.2%	132.0%	128.4%	119.4%
3.32%	81.5%	79.2%	73.7%	69.9%	60.3%
5.32%	29.1%	26.5%	20.2%	15.8%	4.8%
6.73%	*	*	*	*	*

* The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

**Sensitivity of the SJ Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	18.1%	18.9%	18.9%	18.9%	19.9%
3.32%	12.0%	12.8%	12.8%	12.8%	13.9%
5.32%	6.1%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%	8.1%
6.73%	2.0%	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%	4.1%

**Sensitivity of the SK Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	37.0%	37.0%	37.8%	38.7%	40.3%
3.32%	22.9%	22.9%	23.9%	25.0%	26.8%
5.32%	9.4%	9.5%	10.4%	11.8%	13.9%
6.73%	0.3%	0.4%	1.2%	2.8%	5.0%

**Sensitivity of the S Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	34.4%	34.4%	34.4%	34.3%	34.3%
3.32%	21.4%	21.4%	21.4%	21.4%	21.4%
5.32%	8.7%	8.8%	8.8%	8.9%	9.0%
6.73%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%

**Sensitivity of the SL Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.32%	33.0%	32.8%	32.8%	32.8%	32.6%
3.32%	20.4%	20.2%	20.2%	20.2%	20.1%
5.32%	8.2%	8.1%	8.1%	8.1%	7.9%
6.73%	(0.2)%	(0.3)%	(0.3)%	(0.3)%	(0.4)%

The Principal Only Classes. **The Principal Only Classes will not bear interest. As indicated in the tables below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yields to investors in the Principal Only Classes.**

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Principal Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price</u>
PO	73.656250%
LO	69.781250%
KO	75.796875%
DO	71.890625%

Sensitivity of the PO Class to Prepayments

	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>207%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.0%	2.7%	4.4%	6.0%	9.4%

Sensitivity of the LO Class to Prepayments

	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	4.1%	5.8%	5.8%	5.8%	8.3%

Sensitivity of the KO Class to Prepayments

	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	1.2%	1.5%	4.4%	10.0%	17.8%

Sensitivity of the DO Class to Prepayments

	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>219%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>500%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.4%	3.2%	5.3%	6.7%	10.2%

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

- multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of the Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,
- summing the results, and
- dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of the Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see “Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date” in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal payments,
- the priority sequences of payments of principal of the Group 1, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes, and
- in the case of the Group 1, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes, the payment of principal of certain Classes in accordance with the Principal Balance Schedules.

See “—Distributions of Principal” above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. However, in the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that the underlying Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

<u>Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below</u>	<u>Original Terms to Maturity</u>	<u>Remaining Terms to Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>
Group 1 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.00%
Group 3 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%
Group 4 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%

In addition, in the case of the information set forth for each Group 2 and Group 4 Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that all of the Mortgage Loans underlying the related MBS have an original and a remaining interest only period of 120 months.

It is unlikely

- that all of the underlying Mortgage Loans will have the interest rates, loan ages, remaining terms to maturity or remaining interest only periods assumed or
- that the underlying Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates, even if the weighted average remaining term to maturity and the weighted average loan age of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the weighted averages specified in the Pricing Assumptions. This is the case because pools of loans with identical weighted averages are nonetheless likely to reflect differing dispersions of the related characteristics.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

Date	FB and SB Classes					SE and SI† Classes					SC Class					PO, FD and SD† Classes				
	PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption				
	0%	100%	219%	300%	500%	0%	100%	219%	300%	500%	0%	100%	219%	300%	500%	0%	100%	207%	300%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2008	99	97	95	93	89	99	95	95	95	95	100	100	94	89	78	100	98	95	93	88
June 2009	98	92	85	80	69	98	87	87	87	87	100	100	80	67	36	100	93	86	80	68
June 2010	98	85	73	65	48	96	77	77	77	74	100	100	65	43	0	100	88	75	66	47
June 2011	97	79	62	53	33	95	67	67	67	51	100	100	53	25	0	100	82	66	54	33
June 2012	95	73	53	42	23	93	58	58	58	35	100	100	44	13	0	100	77	58	44	23
June 2013	94	67	45	34	16	91	50	50	50	24	100	100	38	6	0	100	73	51	36	16
June 2014	93	62	39	28	11	89	42	42	42	17	100	100	33	1	0	100	68	44	30	11
June 2015	92	57	33	22	7	87	34	34	34	11	100	100	31	*	0	100	64	39	24	8
June 2016	90	53	28	18	5	85	27	27	27	8	100	99	29	*	0	100	60	34	20	6
June 2017	89	48	24	14	3	82	22	22	22	5	100	97	27	*	0	100	56	29	16	4
June 2018	87	44	20	11	2	80	18	18	18	4	100	94	25	*	0	98	51	25	13	3
June 2019	85	40	17	9	2	77	14	14	14	2	100	89	23	*	0	96	47	21	10	2
June 2020	83	37	14	7	1	74	11	11	11	2	100	84	20	*	0	93	43	18	8	1
June 2021	81	33	12	6	1	70	9	9	9	1	100	79	18	*	0	90	39	15	6	1
June 2022	78	30	10	4	*	66	7	7	7	1	100	73	16	*	0	88	35	13	5	1
June 2023	75	27	8	4	*	62	5	5	5	1	100	67	14	*	0	84	31	11	4	*
June 2024	72	24	7	3	*	57	4	4	4	*	100	62	12	*	0	81	28	9	3	*
June 2025	69	22	6	2	*	53	3	3	3	*	100	56	10	*	0	77	25	7	2	*
June 2026	66	19	5	2	*	47	3	3	3	*	100	50	9	*	0	73	22	6	2	*
June 2027	62	17	4	1	*	41	2	2	2	*	100	44	7	*	0	69	19	5	1	*
June 2028	58	15	3	1	*	35	1	1	1	*	100	39	6	*	0	64	17	4	1	*
June 2029	53	13	2	1	*	28	1	1	1	*	100	34	5	*	0	59	14	3	1	*
June 2030	49	11	2	1	*	21	1	1	1	*	100	29	4	*	0	54	12	3	1	*
June 2031	43	9	1	*	*	12	1	1	1	*	100	24	3	*	0	48	10	2	*	*
June 2032	37	7	1	*	*	4	*	*	*	*	100	19	2	*	0	41	8	1	*	*
June 2033	31	5	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	88	15	2	*	0	34	6	1	*	*
June 2034	24	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	69	11	1	*	0	27	4	1	*	*
June 2035	17	2	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	48	7	1	*	0	18	2	*	*	*
June 2036	9	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	25	3	*	*	0	10	1	*	*	*
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	20.8	11.3	7.0	5.5	3.6	17.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	4.7	27.9	19.3	7.2	3.0	1.7	22.6	12.3	7.8	5.7	3.7

Date	FN, DO, SN† and S Classes					LO, SM†, SJ and SL Classes					KO, SP† and SK Classes				
	PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption				
	0%	100%	219%	300%	500%	0%	100%	219%	300%	500%	0%	100%	219%	300%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2008	99	97	95	93	89	99	95	95	95	95	100	100	94	89	78
June 2009	98	92	85	80	69	98	87	87	87	87	100	100	80	67	36
June 2010	98	85	73	65	48	96	77	77	77	74	100	100	65	43	0
June 2011	97	79	62	52	33	95	67	67	67	51	100	100	53	25	0
June 2012	95	73	53	42	23	93	58	58	58	35	100	100	44	13	0
June 2013	94	67	45	34	16	91	50	50	50	24	100	100	38	5	0
June 2014	93	62	39	27	11	89	42	42	42	17	100	100	33	1	0
June 2015	92	57	33	22	7	87	34	34	34	11	100	100	31	0	0
June 2016	90	53	28	18	5	85	27	27	27	8	100	99	29	0	0
June 2017	89	48	24	14	3	82	22	22	22	5	100	97	27	0	0
June 2018	87	44	20	11	2	80	17	17	17	4	100	94	25	0	0
June 2019	85	40	17	9	2	77	14	14	14	2	100	89	23	0	0
June 2020	83	37	14	7	1	74	11	11	11	2	100	84	20	0	0
June 2021	81	33	12	6	1	70	9	9	9	1	100	79	18	0	0
June 2022	78	30	10	4	*	66	7	7	7	1	100	73	16	0	0
June 2023	75	27	8	4	*	62	5	5	5	1	100	68	14	0	0
June 2024	72	24	7	3	*	58	4	4	4	*	100	62	12	0	0
June 2025	69	22	6	2	*	53	3	3	3	*	100	56	10	0	0
June 2026	66	19	5	2	*	47	2	2	2	*	100	50	9	0	0
June 2027	62	17	4	1	*	41	2	2	2	*	100	45	7	0	0
June 2028	58	15	3	1	*	35	1	1	1	*	100	39	6	0	0
June 2029	53	13	2	1	*	28	1	1	1	*	100	34	5	0	0
June 2030	49	11	2	1	*	21	1	1	1	*	100	29	4	0	0
June 2031	43	9	1	*	*	13	*	*	1	*	100	24	3	0	0
June 2032	37	7	1	*	*	4	*	*	*	*	100	19	2	0	0
June 2033	31	5	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	88	15	2	0	0
June 2034	24	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	69	11	1	0	0
June 2035	17	2	*	*	*	0	0	0	*	*	48	7	1	0	0
June 2036	9	1	*	*	*	0	0	0	*	*	25	3	*	0	0
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	20.8	11.3	7.0	5.5	3.6	17.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	4.7	27.9	19.3	7.3	3.0	1.7

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” above.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Date	PA Class							PD Class							PG Class							
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	0%	100%	270%	280%	300%	500%	750%	0%	100%	270%	280%	300%	500%	750%	0%	100%	270%	280%	300%	500%	750%	
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2008	100	91	91	91	91	91	91	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2009	100	71	71	71	71	71	71	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2010	100	46	46	46	46	46	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	26	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2011	100	23	23	23	23	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	64	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	56
June 2012	100	1	1	1	1	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	82	27
June 2013	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	47	47	47	47	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	55	12
June 2014	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	99	99	99	99	37	3
June 2015	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	83	83	83	83	23	0
June 2016	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	69	69	69	69	14	0
June 2017	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	55	55	55	55	7	0
June 2018	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	42	42	42	42	3	0
June 2019	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	32	32	32	32	0	0
June 2020	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	24	24	24	24	0	0
June 2021	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	17	17	17	17	0	0
June 2022	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	12	12	12	12	0	0
June 2023	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	8	8	8	8	0	0
June 2024	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	4	4	4	4	0	0
June 2025	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	2	2	2	2	0	0
June 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	14.6	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.1	19.3	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.1	2.9	22.8	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	6.8	4.5	

Date	PH Class								AF, AS and AC Classes								ZA Class							
	PSA Prepayment Assumption								PSA Prepayment Assumption								PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	0%	100%	270%	280%	300%	500%	750%	0%	100%	270%	280%	300%	500%	750%	0%	100%	270%	280%	300%	500%	750%			
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100			
June 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	90	90	90	84	70	106	106	106	106	89	0	0		
June 2009	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	99	71	70	70	43	7	113	113	113	113	63	0	0		
June 2010	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	99	50	48	48	3	0	120	120	120	120	38	0	0		
June 2011	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	98	34	31	31	0	0	127	127	127	127	26	0	0		
June 2012	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	98	22	18	18	0	0	135	135	135	135	24	0	0		
June 2013	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	97	97	13	9	9	0	0	143	143	143	143	26	0	0		
June 2014	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	97	97	6	3	3	0	0	152	152	152	152	27	0	0		
June 2015	100	100	100	100	100	100	76	96	96	2	0	0	0	0	0	161	161	161	135	26	0	0		
June 2016	100	100	100	100	100	100	42	95	95	0	0	0	0	0	0	171	171	161	105	3	0	0		
June 2017	100	100	100	100	100	100	23	95	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	182	182	147	95	0	0	0		
June 2018	100	100	100	100	100	100	12	94	89	0	0	0	0	0	0	193	193	132	85	0	0	0		
June 2019	100	100	100	100	100	91	7	93	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	205	205	117	75	0	0	0		
June 2020	100	100	100	100	100	62	3	92	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	218	218	102	65	0	0	0		
June 2021	100	100	100	100	100	42	2	92	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	231	231	89	57	0	0	0		
June 2022	100	100	100	100	100	28	1	91	64	0	0	0	0	0	0	245	245	76	48	0	0	0		
June 2023	100	100	100	100	100	19	1	90	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	261	261	65	41	0	0	0		
June 2024	100	100	100	100	100	13	*	89	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	277	277	55	35	0	0	0		
June 2025	100	100	100	100	100	8	*	88	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	294	46	29	0	0	0		
June 2026	100	95	95	95	95	6	*	86	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	312	312	38	24	0	0	0		
June 2027	100	73	73	73	73	4	*	85	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	331	331	31	19	0	0	0		
June 2028	100	55	55	55	55	2	*	84	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	351	351	25	15	0	0	0		
June 2029	100	41	41	41	41	1	*	83	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	373	373	20	12	0	0	0		
June 2030	100	30	30	30	30	1	*	81	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	396	396	15	9	0	0	0		
June 2031	100	22	22	22	22	1	*	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	421	403	12	7	0	0	0		
June 2032	90	15	15	15	15	*	*	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	446	324	9	5	0	0	0		
June 2033	10	10	10	10	10	*	*	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	474	248	6	4	0	0	0		
June 2034	6	6	6	6	6	*	*	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	503	176	4	2	0	0	0		
June 2035	3	3	3	3	3	*	*	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	534	107	2	1	0	0	0		
June 2036	1	1	1	1	1	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	409	42	1	*	0	0	0		
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Weighted Average Life (years)**	25.4	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	14.3	9.2	24.5	16.6	3.4	3.2	3.2	1.8	1.3	29.4	26.6	15.4	13.1	3.8	0.4	0.2			

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Trust remain after the principal balances of all Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the R Class the proceeds from those assets. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Regular Interests are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the RL Class. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case.

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to a “disqualified organization.” In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to any person that is not a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of a Residual Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See “Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of a Residual Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the “Regulations”) provide that a transfer of a “noneconomic residual interest” will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had “improper knowledge”).

As discussed under the caption “Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has amended the Regulations to provide additional requirements that a transferor must satisfy to avail itself of the safe harbor regarding the presumed lack of improper knowledge. For transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002, a transferor of a Residual Certificate is presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions discussed in the REMIC Prospectus, both (i) the transferee represents that it will not cause income from the Residual Certificate to be attributed to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of the transferee or another taxpayer and (ii) the transfer satisfies either the “asset test” or the “formula test.” The representation described in (i) will be included in the affidavit discussed above. See “Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

A transfer satisfies the asset test if (i) the transferee’s gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfer and at the close of each of the transferee’s two fiscal years preceding the year of transfer), (ii) the transferee is an “eligible corporation” and the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the Residual Certificate will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor and satisfy the asset test, and (iii) the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the taxes associated with the Residual Certificate will not be paid. A transfer satisfies the formula test if

the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The Regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the “residual interest” in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the “residual interest” in the Lower Tier REMIC. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The tax discussions contained in the REMIC Prospectus (including the sections entitled “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” and “ERISA Considerations”) and this prospectus supplement were not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. These discussions were written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this prospectus supplement. You should seek advice based on your particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The REMIC Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the “regular interests,” and the R Class will be designated as the “residual interest,” in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the “regular interests” and the RL Class will be designated as the “residual interest” in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as “regular or residual interests in a REMIC” for domestic building and loan associations, as “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as “qualified mortgages” for other REMICs. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Accrual Class, the Notional Classes, the Principal Only Classes and the SE and AS Classes will be issued with original issue discount (“OID”), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that

income. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount*” in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

<u>Group</u>	<u>Prepayment Assumption</u>
1	219% PSA
2	207% PSA
3	219% PSA
4	270% PSA

See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount*” in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or any other rate. See “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” in this prospectus supplement and “Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

Effective generally for Residual Certificates first held on or after August 1, 2006, Temporary Regulations issued by the Treasury Department have modified the general rule that the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) is not includible in the income of a foreign person (or, if excess inclusions, subject to withholding tax) until paid or distributed. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions*” and “—*Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus. Under the Temporary Regulations, the amount of taxable income allocable to a foreign partner in a domestic partnership that is the beneficial owner of a Residual Certificate must be taken into account by the foreign partner on the last day of the partnership’s taxable year, except to the extent that some or all of that amount is required to be taken into account at an earlier time as a result of a distribution to the foreign partner or a disposition of the foreign partner’s indirect interest in the Residual Certificate. Similar rules apply to excess inclusions allocable to a foreign person that holds an interest in a real estate investment trust, regulated investment company, common trust fund or certain cooperatives.

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 120% of the “federal long-term rate.” The rate will be published on or about May 20, 2007. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions*” and “—*Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Treasury Department has issued Regulations providing that, to clearly reflect income, an inducement fee paid to a transferee of a noneconomic residual interest in a REMIC must be included in income over a period that is reasonably related to the period during which the applicable REMIC is expected to generate taxable income or net loss allocable to the transferee. The Regulations set forth two safe harbor methods under which a taxpayer’s accounting for the inducement fee will be considered to clearly reflect income for these purposes. In addition, under the Regulations an inducement fee shall be treated as income from sources within the United States. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to the transfer of a Residual Certificate.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

General. The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The REMIC Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest in those REMIC Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of REMIC Certificates, see “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The RCR Classes (each, a “Combination RCR Class”) will represent the beneficial ownership of the underlying REMIC Certificates set forth in Schedule 1. Each Certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a “Combination RCR Certificate”) will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying REMIC Certificates.

Combination RCR Classes. A beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate will be treated as the beneficial owner of a proportionate interest in the REMIC Certificates underlying that Combination RCR Certificate. Except in the case of a beneficial owner that acquires a Combination RCR Certificate in an exchange described under “—*Exchanges*” below, a beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate must allocate its cost to acquire that Certificate among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of acquisition. Such an owner should account for its ownership interest in each underlying REMIC Certificate as described under “—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates” above and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus. When a beneficial owner sells a Combination RCR Certificate, the owner must allocate the sale proceeds among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of sale.

Exchanges. If a beneficial owner exchanges one or more REMIC Certificates for the related RCR Certificate or Certificates in the manner described under “Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination” in this prospectus supplement, the exchange will not be taxable. Likewise, if a beneficial owner exchanges one or more RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificate or Certificates in the manner described in that discussion, the exchange will not be a taxable exchange. In each of these cases, the beneficial owner will be treated as continuing to own after the exchange the same combination of interests in the related REMIC Certificates (or the same interest in the related REMIC Certificate) that it owned immediately prior to the exchange.

Tax Return Disclosure Requirements

Treasury Department Regulations that are directed at “tax shelters” could be read to apply to transactions generally not considered to be tax shelters. These Regulations require that taxpayers that participate in a “reportable transaction” disclose such transaction on their tax returns by attaching IRS Form 8886 and retain information related to the transaction. A transaction may be a “reportable transaction” based upon any of several indicia, one or more of which may be present with respect to the Certificates. You should consult your own tax advisor concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to your investment in the Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General. We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. (the “Dealer”) in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

Increase in Certificates. Before the Settlement Date, we and the Dealer may agree to offer Classes in addition to those contemplated as of the date of this prospectus supplement. In this event,

we will increase the related MBS in principal balance, but we expect that all these additional MBS will have the same characteristics as described under “Description of the Certificates—The MBS” in this prospectus supplement. The proportion that the original principal balance of each Group 1, 2, 3 or 4 Class bears to the aggregate original principal balance of all Group 1, 2, 3 or 4 Classes, respectively, will remain the same. In addition, the dollar amounts shown in the Principal Balance Schedules will be increased to correspond to the increase of the principal balances of the applicable Classes.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. McKee Nelson LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Available Recombinations (1) (2)

REMIC Certificates			RCR Certificates						
Classes	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances		RCR Class	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	Interest Rate	Interest Type(3)	Principal Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Recombination 1									
SE	\$	5,399,219	SB	\$ 8,333,334	(4)	INV	PT	31396WB47	July 2037
SC		2,934,115							
SI		18,897,263 (5)							
Recombination 2									
LO		43,242,068	DO	66,666,667	(6)	PO	PT	31396WB54	July 2037
KO		23,424,599							
Recombination 3									
SM		259,452,407 (5)	SN	400,000,000 (5)	(4)	INV/IO	NTL	31396WB62	July 2037
SP		140,547,593 (5)							
Recombination 4									
LO		43,242,068	SJ	43,242,068	(4)	INV	PAC	31396WB70	July 2037
SM		108,105,169 (5)							
Recombination 5									
KO		23,424,599	SK	23,424,599	(4)	INV	SUP	31396WB88	July 2037
SP		140,547,593 (5)							
Recombination 6									
LO		43,242,068	S	66,666,667	(4)	INV	PT	31396WB96	July 2037
SM		259,452,407 (5)							
KO		23,424,599							
SP		140,547,593 (5)							
Recombination 7									
LO		43,242,068	SL	43,242,068	(4)	INV	PAC	31396WC20	July 2037
SM		259,452,407 (5)							
Recombination 8									
AF		30,913,824	AC	36,066,128	6.0%	FIX	TAC	31396WC38	July 2037
AS		5,152,304							

(1) In any exchange under Recombination 1, 2, 3, or 6, the relative proportions of the REMIC Certificates to be delivered (or if applicable, received) in such exchange will equal the proportions reflected by the outstanding principal or notional principal balances of the related REMIC Classes at the time of exchange. REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates in any other Recombination may be exchanged only in the proportions shown in this Schedule 1.

(2) If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange. See "Description of the Certificates—General—*Authorized Denominations*" in this prospectus supplement.

(3) See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" and "—Distributions of Principal" in this prospectus supplement.

(4) For a description of the interest rates, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" in this prospectus supplement.

(5) Notional balances. These classes are Interest Only Classes. See page S-7 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.

(6) Principal Only Class.

Principal Balance Schedules

SE Class Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$5,399,219.00	August 2011	\$3,550,651.71	October 2015	\$1,712,878.13
July 2007	5,385,985.39	September 2011	3,509,093.30	November 2015	1,681,754.41
August 2007	5,371,327.31	October 2011	3,467,746.54	December 2015	1,651,174.69
September 2007	5,355,249.21	November 2011	3,426,610.35	January 2016	1,621,129.69
October 2007	5,337,756.24	December 2011	3,385,683.63	February 2016	1,591,610.26
November 2007	5,318,854.32	January 2012	3,344,965.31	March 2016	1,562,607.42
December 2007	5,298,550.08	February 2012	3,304,454.32	April 2016	1,534,112.34
January 2008	5,276,850.90	March 2012	3,264,149.59	May 2016	1,506,116.34
February 2008	5,253,764.87	April 2012	3,224,050.06	June 2016	1,478,610.88
March 2008	5,229,300.81	May 2012	3,184,154.67	July 2016	1,451,587.56
April 2008	5,203,468.25	June 2012	3,144,462.38	August 2016	1,425,038.14
May 2008	5,176,277.45	July 2012	3,104,972.13	September 2016	1,398,954.51
June 2008	5,147,739.34	August 2012	3,065,682.89	October 2016	1,373,328.68
July 2008	5,117,865.58	September 2012	3,026,593.63	November 2016	1,348,152.83
August 2008	5,086,668.51	October 2012	2,987,703.31	December 2016	1,323,419.23
September 2008	5,054,161.16	November 2012	2,949,010.91	January 2017	1,299,120.31
October 2008	5,020,357.22	December 2012	2,910,515.41	February 2017	1,275,248.63
November 2008	4,985,271.06	January 2013	2,872,215.81	March 2017	1,251,796.85
December 2008	4,948,917.70	February 2013	2,834,111.08	April 2017	1,228,757.77
January 2009	4,911,312.79	March 2013	2,796,200.24	May 2017	1,206,124.32
February 2009	4,872,472.65	April 2013	2,758,482.27	June 2017	1,183,889.54
March 2009	4,832,414.18	May 2013	2,720,956.19	July 2017	1,162,046.58
April 2009	4,791,154.92	June 2013	2,683,621.02	August 2017	1,140,588.71
May 2009	4,748,712.99	July 2013	2,646,475.76	September 2017	1,119,509.33
June 2009	4,705,107.12	August 2013	2,609,519.45	October 2017	1,098,801.93
July 2009	4,660,356.58	September 2013	2,572,751.10	November 2017	1,078,460.13
August 2009	4,614,481.22	October 2013	2,536,169.76	December 2017	1,058,477.62
September 2009	4,567,501.41	November 2013	2,499,774.45	January 2018	1,038,848.25
October 2009	4,520,761.15	December 2013	2,463,564.23	February 2018	1,019,565.93
November 2009	4,474,259.20	January 2014	2,427,538.14	March 2018	1,000,624.71
December 2009	4,427,994.34	February 2014	2,391,695.23	April 2018	982,018.69
January 2010	4,381,965.35	March 2014	2,356,034.56	May 2018	963,742.13
February 2010	4,336,171.00	April 2014	2,320,555.19	June 2018	945,789.34
March 2010	4,290,610.11	May 2014	2,285,256.19	July 2018	928,154.76
April 2010	4,245,281.45	June 2014	2,250,136.64	August 2018	910,832.88
May 2010	4,200,183.85	July 2014	2,215,195.60	September 2018	893,818.34
June 2010	4,155,316.11	August 2014	2,180,432.16	October 2018	877,105.83
July 2010	4,110,677.04	September 2014	2,145,845.40	November 2018	860,690.15
August 2010	4,066,265.48	October 2014	2,111,434.42	December 2018	844,566.16
September 2010	4,022,080.25	November 2014	2,077,198.31	January 2019	828,728.85
October 2010	3,978,120.18	December 2014	2,043,136.17	February 2019	813,173.26
November 2010	3,934,384.12	January 2015	2,009,247.11	March 2019	797,894.53
December 2010	3,890,870.92	February 2015	1,975,530.23	April 2019	782,887.88
January 2011	3,847,579.43	March 2015	1,941,984.65	May 2019	768,148.61
February 2011	3,804,508.50	April 2015	1,908,609.49	June 2019	753,672.09
March 2011	3,761,657.00	May 2015	1,875,403.87	July 2019	739,453.79
April 2011	3,719,023.81	June 2015	1,842,366.92	August 2019	725,489.24
May 2011	3,676,607.80	July 2015	1,809,497.77	September 2019	711,774.04
June 2011	3,634,407.85	August 2015	1,776,795.55	October 2019	698,303.90
July 2011	3,592,422.86	September 2015	1,744,555.30	November 2019	685,074.56

SE Class (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
December 2019	\$ 672,081.85	April 2024	\$ 239,656.68	August 2028	\$ 76,324.74
January 2020	659,321.69	May 2024	234,752.06	September 2028	74,526.87
February 2020	646,790.02	June 2024	229,938.66	October 2028	72,764.52
March 2020	634,482.91	July 2024	225,214.87	November 2028	71,037.06
April 2020	622,396.45	August 2024	220,579.09	December 2028	69,343.84
May 2020	610,526.81	September 2024	216,029.77	January 2029	67,684.24
June 2020	598,870.24	October 2024	211,565.37	February 2029	66,057.63
July 2020	587,423.04	November 2024	207,184.39	March 2029	64,463.42
August 2020	576,181.57	December 2024	202,885.34	April 2029	62,901.01
September 2020	565,142.25	January 2025	198,666.77	May 2029	61,369.81
October 2020	554,301.59	February 2025	194,527.26	June 2029	59,869.26
November 2020	543,656.11	March 2025	190,465.38	July 2029	58,398.78
December 2020	533,202.43	April 2025	186,479.77	August 2029	56,957.83
January 2021	522,937.22	May 2025	182,569.07	September 2029	55,545.85
February 2021	512,857.19	June 2025	178,731.93	October 2029	54,162.33
March 2021	502,959.12	July 2025	174,967.06	November 2029	52,806.72
April 2021	493,239.84	August 2025	171,273.16	December 2029	51,478.51
May 2021	483,696.24	September 2025	167,648.96	January 2030	50,177.21
June 2021	474,325.26	October 2025	164,093.23	February 2030	48,902.30
July 2021	465,123.88	November 2025	160,604.73	March 2030	47,653.31
August 2021	456,089.15	December 2025	157,182.27	April 2030	46,429.75
September 2021	447,218.16	January 2026	153,824.67	May 2030	45,231.14
October 2021	438,508.06	February 2026	150,530.76	June 2030	44,057.03
November 2021	429,956.03	March 2026	147,299.41	July 2030	42,906.96
December 2021	421,559.32	April 2026	144,129.50	August 2030	41,780.49
January 2022	413,315.20	May 2026	141,019.92	September 2030	40,677.17
February 2022	405,221.02	June 2026	137,969.59	October 2030	39,596.57
March 2022	397,274.15	July 2026	134,977.46	November 2030	38,538.27
April 2022	389,472.01	August 2026	132,042.46	December 2030	37,501.85
May 2022	381,812.07	September 2026	129,163.59	January 2031	36,486.90
June 2022	374,291.84	October 2026	126,339.83	February 2031	35,493.03
July 2022	366,908.87	November 2026	123,570.18	March 2031	34,519.83
August 2022	359,660.77	December 2026	120,853.68	April 2031	33,566.92
September 2022	352,545.15	January 2027	118,189.37	May 2031	32,633.92
October 2022	345,559.71	February 2027	115,576.30	June 2031	31,720.45
November 2022	338,702.15	March 2027	113,013.55	July 2031	30,826.15
December 2022	331,970.23	April 2027	110,500.23	August 2031	29,950.66
January 2023	325,361.75	May 2027	108,035.42	September 2031	29,093.62
February 2023	318,874.53	June 2027	105,618.26	October 2031	28,254.69
March 2023	312,506.44	July 2027	103,247.88	November 2031	27,433.52
April 2023	306,255.40	August 2027	100,923.45	December 2031	26,629.77
May 2023	300,119.34	September 2027	98,644.12	January 2032	25,843.12
June 2023	294,096.23	October 2027	96,409.08	February 2032	25,073.25
July 2023	288,184.09	November 2027	94,217.52	March 2032	24,319.83
August 2023	282,380.97	December 2027	92,068.67	April 2032	23,582.56
September 2023	276,684.94	January 2028	89,961.74	May 2032	22,861.12
October 2023	271,094.11	February 2028	87,895.97	June 2032	22,155.22
November 2023	265,606.63	March 2028	85,870.61	July 2032	21,464.56
December 2023	260,220.67	April 2028	83,884.93	August 2032	20,788.85
January 2024	254,934.44	May 2028	81,938.21	September 2032	20,127.80
February 2024	249,746.18	June 2028	80,029.73	October 2032	19,481.14
March 2024	244,654.16	July 2028	78,158.80	November 2032	18,848.58

SE Class (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
December 2032	\$ 18,229.87	June 2034	\$ 9,178.85	December 2035	\$ 3,249.02
January 2033	17,624.72	July 2034	8,777.73	January 2036	2,990.63
February 2033	17,032.89	August 2034	8,385.95	February 2036	2,738.75
March 2033	16,454.12	September 2034	8,003.35	March 2036	2,493.25
April 2033	15,888.15	October 2034	7,629.73	April 2036	2,253.99
May 2033	15,334.75	November 2034	7,264.92	May 2036	2,020.86
June 2033	14,793.65	December 2034	6,908.75	June 2036	1,793.71
July 2033	14,264.64	January 2035	6,561.04	July 2036	1,572.44
August 2033	13,747.48	February 2035	6,221.63	August 2036	1,356.92
September 2033	13,241.93	March 2035	5,890.35	September 2036	1,147.04
October 2033	12,747.77	April 2035	5,567.03	October 2036	942.67
November 2033	12,264.78	May 2035	5,251.54	November 2036	743.71
December 2033	11,792.74	June 2035	4,943.69	December 2036	550.04
January 2034	11,331.44	July 2035	4,643.35	January 2037	361.56
February 2034	10,880.68	August 2035	4,350.36	February 2037	178.16
March 2034	10,440.23	September 2035	4,064.58	March 2037 and thereafter	0.00
April 2034	10,009.91	October 2035	3,785.85		
May 2034	9,589.52	November 2035	3,514.05		

LO Class Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$43,242,068.00	November 2009	\$35,826,471.60	April 2012	\$25,813,119.21
July 2007	43,135,607.30	December 2009	35,455,882.87	May 2012	25,493,621.95
August 2007	43,017,751.23	January 2010	35,087,186.08	June 2012	25,175,753.78
September 2007	42,888,535.58	February 2010	34,720,371.49	July 2012	24,859,506.32
October 2007	42,748,002.02	March 2010	34,355,429.43	August 2012	24,544,871.22
November 2007	42,596,198.13	April 2010	33,992,350.25	September 2012	24,231,840.20
December 2007	42,433,177.32	May 2010	33,631,124.39	October 2012	23,920,405.00
January 2008	42,258,998.86	June 2010	33,271,742.29	November 2012	23,610,557.41
February 2008	42,073,727.82	July 2010	32,914,194.47	December 2012	23,302,289.26
March 2008	41,877,435.06	August 2010	32,558,471.51	January 2013	22,995,592.42
April 2008	41,670,197.14	September 2010	32,204,564.00	February 2013	22,690,458.82
May 2008	41,452,096.36	October 2010	31,852,462.61	March 2013	22,386,880.40
June 2008	41,223,220.62	November 2010	31,502,158.06	April 2013	22,084,849.17
July 2008	40,983,663.42	December 2010	31,153,641.08	May 2013	21,784,357.17
August 2008	40,733,523.79	January 2011	30,806,902.49	June 2013	21,485,396.48
September 2008	40,472,906.22	February 2011	30,461,933.15	July 2013	21,187,959.21
October 2008	40,201,920.58	March 2011	30,118,723.93	August 2013	20,892,037.54
November 2008	39,920,682.08	April 2011	29,777,265.80	September 2013	20,597,623.66
December 2008	39,629,311.15	May 2011	29,437,549.74	October 2013	20,304,709.81
January 2009	39,327,933.38	June 2011	29,099,566.79	November 2013	20,013,288.29
February 2009	39,016,679.44	July 2011	28,763,308.03	December 2013	19,723,351.40
March 2009	38,695,684.96	August 2011	28,428,764.60	January 2014	19,434,891.51
April 2009	38,365,090.46	September 2011	28,095,927.66	February 2014	19,147,901.03
May 2009	38,025,041.23	October 2011	27,764,788.44	March 2014	18,862,372.39
June 2009	37,675,687.23	November 2011	27,435,338.21	April 2014	18,578,298.07
July 2009	37,317,183.00	December 2011	27,107,568.26	May 2014	18,295,670.59
August 2009	36,949,687.51	January 2012	26,781,469.97	June 2014	18,014,482.50
September 2009	36,573,364.06	February 2012	26,457,034.73	July 2014	17,734,726.40
October 2009	36,198,962.05	March 2012	26,134,253.98	August 2014	17,456,394.92

LO Class (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
September 2014.....	\$17,179,480.73	January 2019	\$ 6,621,749.50	May 2023	\$ 2,372,527.87
October 2014	16,903,976.54	February 2019	6,496,845.67	June 2023	2,324,034.41
November 2014	16,629,875.09	March 2019	6,374,158.48	July 2023	2,276,431.92
December 2014	16,357,169.17	April 2019.....	6,253,649.77	August 2023	2,229,704.74
January 2015	16,085,851.60	May 2019	6,135,282.01	September 2023.....	2,183,837.50
February 2015	15,815,915.23	June 2019	6,019,018.34	October 2023	2,138,815.08
March 2015	15,547,352.96	July 2019	5,904,822.49	November 2023	2,094,622.63
April 2015.....	15,280,157.71	August 2019	5,792,658.80	December 2023	2,051,245.53
May 2015	15,014,322.45	September 2019.....	5,682,492.25	January 2024	2,008,669.43
June 2015	14,749,840.19	October 2019	5,574,288.38	February 2024	1,966,880.23
July 2015	14,486,703.97	November 2019	5,468,013.32	March 2024	1,925,864.06
August 2015	14,224,906.85	December 2019	5,363,633.77	April 2024.....	1,885,607.29
September 2015.....	13,966,590.11	January 2020	5,261,117.02	May 2024	1,846,096.54
October 2015	13,712,771.43	February 2020	5,160,430.88	June 2024	1,807,318.62
November 2015	13,463,374.25	March 2020	5,061,543.72	July 2024	1,769,260.61
December 2015	13,218,323.29	April 2020.....	4,964,424.44	August 2024	1,731,909.79
January 2016	12,977,544.54	May 2020	4,869,042.49	September 2024.....	1,695,253.66
February 2016	12,740,965.23	June 2020	4,775,367.80	October 2024	1,659,279.93
March 2016	12,508,513.80	July 2020	4,683,370.84	November 2024	1,623,976.53
April 2016.....	12,280,119.92	August 2020	4,593,022.57	December 2024	1,589,331.61
May 2016	12,055,714.40	September 2020.....	4,504,294.44	January 2025	1,555,333.49
June 2016	11,835,229.25	October 2020	4,417,158.39	February 2025	1,521,970.71
July 2016	11,618,597.60	November 2020	4,331,586.82	March 2025	1,489,232.02
August 2016	11,405,753.72	December 2020	4,247,552.63	April 2025.....	1,457,106.34
September 2016.....	11,196,632.98	January 2021	4,165,029.15	May 2025	1,425,582.79
October 2016	10,991,171.81	February 2021	4,083,990.18	June 2025	1,394,650.69
November 2016	10,789,307.75	March 2021	4,004,409.96	July 2025	1,364,299.52
December 2016	10,590,979.37	April 2021.....	3,926,263.15	August 2025	1,334,518.95
January 2017	10,396,126.27	May 2021	3,849,524.88	September 2025.....	1,305,298.84
February 2017	10,204,689.07	June 2021	3,774,170.67	October 2025	1,276,629.21
March 2017	10,016,609.40	July 2021	3,700,176.46	November 2025	1,248,500.27
April 2017.....	9,831,829.84	August 2021	3,627,518.61	December 2025	1,220,902.37
May 2017	9,650,293.98	September 2021.....	3,556,173.88	January 2026	1,193,826.06
June 2017	9,471,946.32	October 2021	3,486,119.42	February 2026	1,167,262.02
July 2017	9,296,732.32	November 2021	3,417,332.77	March 2026	1,141,201.12
August 2017	9,124,598.36	December 2021	3,349,791.86	April 2026.....	1,115,634.37
September 2017.....	8,955,491.69	January 2022	3,283,474.97	May 2026	1,090,552.95
October 2017	8,789,360.49	February 2022	3,218,360.79	June 2026	1,065,948.17
November 2017.....	8,626,153.78	March 2022	3,154,428.34	July 2026	1,041,811.50
December 2017	8,465,821.47	April 2022.....	3,091,657.01	August 2026	1,018,134.58
January 2018	8,308,314.28	May 2022	3,030,026.54	September 2026.....	994,909.16
February 2018	8,153,583.79	June 2022	2,969,517.02	October 2026	972,127.16
March 2018	8,001,582.39	July 2022	2,910,108.87	November 2026	949,780.61
April 2018.....	7,852,263.25	August 2022	2,851,782.86	December 2026	927,861.72
May 2018	7,705,580.35	September 2022.....	2,794,520.05	January 2027	906,362.79
June 2018	7,561,488.45	October 2022	2,738,301.88	February 2027	885,276.29
July 2018	7,419,943.07	November 2022	2,683,110.06	March 2027	864,594.79
August 2018	7,280,900.47	December 2022	2,628,926.62	April 2027.....	844,311.02
September 2018.....	7,144,317.65	January 2023	2,575,733.93	May 2027	824,417.82
October 2018	7,010,152.35	February 2023	2,523,514.62	June 2027	804,908.14
November 2018	6,878,363.01	March 2023	2,472,251.63	July 2027	785,775.07
December 2018	6,748,908.78	April 2023.....	2,421,928.21	August 2027	767,011.83

LO Class (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
September 2027.....	\$ 748,611.74	April 2030.....	\$ 326,786.60	November 2032.....	\$ 103,595.06
October 2027.....	730,568.24	May 2030.....	317,094.35	December 2032.....	98,583.35
November 2027.....	712,874.88	June 2030.....	307,599.67	January 2033.....	93,681.30
December 2027.....	695,525.33	July 2030.....	298,298.89	February 2033.....	88,886.82
January 2028.....	678,513.37	August 2030.....	289,188.42	March 2033.....	84,197.85
February 2028.....	661,832.88	September 2030.....	280,264.72	April 2033.....	79,612.36
March 2028.....	645,477.87	October 2030.....	271,524.33	May 2033.....	75,128.36
April 2028.....	629,442.42	November 2030.....	262,963.83	June 2033.....	70,743.91
May 2028.....	613,720.73	December 2030.....	254,579.88	July 2033.....	66,457.07
June 2028.....	598,307.11	January 2031.....	246,369.18	August 2033.....	62,265.98
July 2028.....	583,195.95	February 2031.....	238,328.51	September 2033.....	58,168.79
August 2028.....	568,381.76	March 2031.....	230,454.68	October 2033.....	54,163.67
September 2028.....	553,859.14	April 2031.....	222,744.59	November 2033.....	50,248.85
October 2028.....	539,622.75	May 2031.....	215,195.17	December 2033.....	46,422.58
November 2028.....	525,667.41	June 2031.....	207,803.40	January 2034.....	42,683.14
December 2028.....	511,987.96	July 2031.....	200,566.34	February 2034.....	39,028.83
January 2029.....	498,579.38	August 2031.....	193,481.09	March 2034.....	35,458.01
February 2029.....	485,436.72	September 2031.....	186,544.78	April 2034.....	31,969.05
March 2029.....	472,555.11	October 2031.....	179,754.62	May 2034.....	28,560.35
April 2029.....	459,929.78	November 2031.....	173,107.86	June 2034.....	25,230.34
May 2029.....	447,556.03	December 2031.....	166,601.80	July 2034.....	21,977.48
June 2029.....	435,429.26	January 2032.....	160,233.79	August 2034.....	18,800.26
July 2029.....	423,544.92	February 2032.....	154,001.21	September 2034.....	15,697.20
August 2029.....	411,898.58	March 2032.....	147,901.51	October 2034.....	12,666.83
September 2029.....	400,485.86	April 2032.....	141,932.18	November 2034.....	9,707.74
October 2029.....	389,302.46	May 2032.....	136,090.74	December 2034.....	6,818.50
November 2029.....	378,344.16	June 2032.....	130,374.76	January 2035.....	3,997.75
December 2029.....	367,606.82	July 2032.....	124,781.88	February 2035.....	1,244.12
January 2030.....	357,086.36	August 2032.....	119,309.74	March 2035 and thereafter.....	0.00
February 2030.....	346,778.78	September 2032.....	113,956.06		
March 2030.....	336,680.15	October 2032.....	108,718.57		

Aggregate Group I Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance.....	\$56,383,872.00	October 2008.....	\$53,233,311.94	February 2010.....	\$46,650,777.16
July 2007.....	56,304,549.95	November 2008.....	52,906,371.54	March 2010.....	46,213,534.13
August 2007.....	56,209,354.55	December 2008.....	52,564,760.59	April 2010.....	45,778,539.84
September 2007.....	56,098,302.09	January 2009.....	52,208,619.70	May 2010.....	45,345,782.74
October 2007.....	55,971,416.31	February 2009.....	51,838,096.82	June 2010.....	44,915,251.31
November 2007.....	55,828,728.96	March 2009.....	51,453,347.05	July 2010.....	44,486,934.11
December 2007.....	55,670,279.79	April 2009.....	51,054,532.60	August 2010.....	44,060,819.75
January 2008.....	55,496,116.51	May 2009.....	50,641,822.69	September 2010.....	43,636,896.90
February 2008.....	55,306,294.82	June 2009.....	50,215,393.35	October 2010.....	43,215,154.30
March 2008.....	55,100,878.39	July 2009.....	49,775,427.40	November 2010.....	42,795,580.72
April 2008.....	54,879,938.77	August 2009.....	49,322,114.26	December 2010.....	42,378,165.01
May 2008.....	54,643,555.46	September 2009.....	48,871,132.50	January 2011.....	41,962,896.08
June 2008.....	54,391,815.78	October 2009.....	48,422,470.16	February 2011.....	41,549,762.88
July 2008.....	54,124,814.86	November 2009.....	47,976,115.29	March 2011.....	41,138,754.43
August 2008.....	53,842,655.58	December 2009.....	47,532,056.02	April 2011.....	40,729,859.80
September 2008.....	53,545,448.54	January 2010.....	47,090,280.56	May 2011.....	40,323,068.12

Aggregate Group I (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
June 2011	\$39,918,368.58	October 2015	\$21,506,703.36	February 2020	\$ 8,512,379.62
July 2011	39,515,750.41	November 2015	21,198,776.63	March 2020	8,350,536.59
August 2011	39,115,202.92	December 2015	20,892,433.56	April 2020	8,191,591.45
September 2011	38,716,715.44	January 2016	20,587,666.02	May 2020	8,035,493.99
October 2011	38,320,277.39	February 2016	20,284,465.90	June 2020	7,882,194.87
November 2011	37,925,878.23	March 2016	19,982,825.15	July 2020	7,731,645.59
December 2011	37,533,507.46	April 2016	19,682,735.74	August 2020	7,583,798.46
January 2012	37,143,154.66	May 2016	19,384,189.69	September 2020	7,438,606.63
February 2012	36,754,809.46	June 2016	19,087,179.07	October 2020	7,296,024.00
March 2012	36,368,461.51	July 2016	18,791,695.97	November 2020	7,156,005.30
April 2012	35,984,100.56	August 2016	18,497,732.55	December 2020	7,018,506.01
May 2012	35,601,716.39	September 2016	18,205,280.99	January 2021	6,883,482.35
June 2012	35,221,298.82	October 2016	17,914,333.51	February 2021	6,750,891.31
July 2012	34,842,837.74	November 2016	17,624,882.38	March 2021	6,620,690.61
August 2012	34,466,323.09	December 2016	17,336,919.90	April 2021	6,492,838.68
September 2012	34,091,744.86	January 2017	17,052,566.96	May 2021	6,367,294.66
October 2012	33,719,093.10	February 2017	16,772,877.87	June 2021	6,244,018.39
November 2012	33,348,357.88	March 2017	16,464,737.08	July 2021	6,122,970.38
December 2012	32,979,529.36	April 2017	16,162,012.08	August 2021	6,004,111.84
January 2013	32,612,597.73	May 2017	15,864,610.10	September 2021	5,887,404.61
February 2013	32,247,553.24	June 2017	15,572,439.91	October 2021	5,772,811.19
March 2013	31,884,386.17	July 2017	15,285,411.82	November 2021	5,660,294.75
April 2013	31,523,086.88	August 2017	15,003,437.66	December 2021	5,549,819.04
May 2013	31,163,645.75	September 2017	14,726,430.74	January 2022	5,441,348.45
June 2013	30,806,053.24	October 2017	14,454,305.85	February 2022	5,334,847.99
July 2013	30,450,299.82	November 2017	14,186,979.20	March 2022	5,230,283.24
August 2013	30,096,376.06	December 2017	13,924,368.43	April 2022	5,127,620.40
September 2013	29,744,272.52	January 2018	13,666,392.56	May 2022	5,026,826.22
October 2013	29,393,979.86	February 2018	13,412,971.99	June 2022	4,927,868.02
November 2013	29,045,488.76	March 2018	13,164,028.44	July 2022	4,830,713.70
December 2013	28,698,789.95	April 2018	12,919,484.98	August 2022	4,735,331.68
January 2014	28,353,874.22	May 2018	12,679,265.98	September 2022	4,641,690.94
February 2014	28,010,732.40	June 2018	12,443,297.06	October 2022	4,549,760.99
March 2014	27,669,355.35	July 2018	12,211,505.12	November 2022	4,459,511.84
April 2014	27,329,734.02	August 2018	11,983,818.30	December 2022	4,370,914.03
May 2014	26,991,859.36	September 2018	11,760,165.94	January 2023	4,283,938.61
June 2014	26,655,722.39	October 2018	11,540,478.59	February 2023	4,198,557.12
July 2014	26,321,314.19	November 2018	11,324,687.97	March 2023	4,114,741.57
August 2014	25,988,625.84	December 2018	11,112,726.94	April 2023	4,032,464.47
September 2014	25,657,648.52	January 2019	10,904,529.51	May 2023	3,951,698.80
October 2014	25,328,373.42	February 2019	10,700,030.83	June 2023	3,872,417.99
November 2014	25,000,791.78	March 2019	10,499,167.10	July 2023	3,794,595.93
December 2014	24,674,894.90	April 2019	10,301,875.63	August 2023	3,718,206.96
January 2015	24,350,674.12	May 2019	10,108,094.80	September 2023	3,643,225.87
February 2015	24,028,120.80	June 2019	9,917,764.01	October 2023	3,569,627.85
March 2015	23,707,226.38	July 2019	9,730,823.70	November 2023	3,497,388.56
April 2015	23,387,982.33	August 2019	9,547,215.32	December 2023	3,426,484.04
May 2015	23,070,380.15	September 2019	9,366,881.31	January 2024	3,356,890.76
June 2015	22,754,411.40	October 2019	9,189,765.09	February 2024	3,288,585.60
July 2015	22,440,067.68	November 2019	9,015,811.03	March 2024	3,221,545.80
August 2015	22,127,340.64	December 2019	8,844,964.44	April 2024	3,155,749.04
September 2015	21,816,221.96	January 2020	8,677,171.59	May 2024	3,091,173.36

Aggregate Group I (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
June 2024	\$ 3,027,797.17	October 2028	\$ 957,260.24	January 2033	\$ 230,117.88
July 2024	2,965,599.26	November 2028	934,487.82	February 2033	222,310.43
August 2024	2,904,558.79	December 2028	912,166.34	March 2033	214,675.20
September 2024	2,844,655.27	January 2029	890,287.57	April 2033	207,208.88
October 2024	2,785,868.57	February 2029	868,843.40	May 2033	199,908.23
November 2024	2,728,178.89	March 2029	847,825.87	June 2033	192,770.05
December 2024	2,671,566.79	April 2029	827,227.17	July 2033	185,791.21
January 2025	2,616,013.16	May 2029	807,039.61	August 2033	178,968.63
February 2025	2,561,499.21	June 2029	787,255.66	September 2033	172,299.30
March 2025	2,508,006.48	July 2029	767,867.89	October 2033	165,780.24
April 2025	2,455,516.84	August 2029	748,869.02	November 2033	159,408.55
May 2025	2,404,012.44	September 2029	730,251.89	December 2033	153,181.37
June 2025	2,353,475.78	October 2029	712,009.49	January 2034	147,095.88
July 2025	2,303,889.64	November 2029	694,134.90	February 2034	141,149.33
August 2025	2,255,237.08	December 2029	676,621.34	March 2034	135,339.02
September 2025	2,207,501.48	January 2030	659,462.14	April 2034	129,662.27
October 2025	2,160,666.50	February 2030	642,650.76	May 2034	124,116.50
November 2025	2,114,716.08	March 2030	626,180.76	June 2034	118,699.12
December 2025	2,069,634.44	April 2030	610,045.83	July 2034	113,407.63
January 2026	2,025,406.06	May 2030	594,239.76	August 2034	108,239.55
February 2026	1,982,015.70	June 2030	578,756.45	September 2034	103,192.47
March 2026	1,939,448.39	July 2030	563,589.92	October 2034	98,263.99
April 2026	1,897,689.41	August 2030	548,734.28	November 2034	93,451.79
May 2026	1,856,724.28	September 2030	534,183.74	December 2034	88,753.56
June 2026	1,816,538.81	October 2030	519,932.64	January 2035	84,167.05
July 2026	1,777,119.02	November 2030	505,975.40	February 2035	79,690.06
August 2026	1,738,451.19	December 2030	492,306.54	March 2035	75,320.40
September 2026	1,700,521.82	January 2031	478,920.67	April 2035	71,055.95
October 2026	1,663,317.67	February 2031	465,812.52	May 2035	66,894.62
November 2026	1,626,825.71	March 2031	452,976.88	June 2035	62,834.34
December 2026	1,591,033.14	April 2031	440,408.67	July 2035	58,873.11
January 2027	1,555,927.39	May 2031	428,102.87	August 2035	55,008.95
February 2027	1,521,496.10	June 2031	416,054.56	September 2035	51,239.90
March 2027	1,487,727.12	July 2031	404,258.90	October 2035	47,564.06
April 2027	1,454,608.53	August 2031	392,711.16	November 2035	43,979.57
May 2027	1,422,128.61	September 2031	381,406.67	December 2035	40,484.57
June 2027	1,390,275.82	October 2031	370,340.85	January 2036	37,077.28
July 2027	1,359,038.85	November 2031	359,509.20	February 2036	33,755.91
August 2027	1,328,406.58	December 2031	348,907.30	March 2036	30,518.72
September 2027	1,298,368.08	January 2032	338,530.82	April 2036	27,364.02
October 2027	1,268,912.61	February 2032	328,375.49	May 2036	24,290.13
November 2027	1,240,029.62	March 2032	318,437.14	June 2036	21,295.40
December 2027	1,211,708.73	April 2032	308,711.64	July 2036	18,378.22
January 2028	1,183,939.76	May 2032	299,194.96	August 2036	15,537.00
February 2028	1,156,712.71	June 2032	289,883.14	September 2036	12,770.20
March 2028	1,130,017.74	July 2032	280,772.28	October 2036	10,076.29
April 2028	1,103,845.17	August 2032	271,858.55	November 2036	7,453.77
May 2028	1,078,185.53	September 2032	263,138.21	December 2036	4,901.17
June 2028	1,053,029.48	October 2032	254,607.56	January 2037	2,417.06
July 2028	1,028,367.85	November 2032	246,262.99	February 2037 and thereafter	0.00
August 2028	1,004,191.64	December 2032	238,100.93		
September 2028	980,492.00				

Aggregate Group II Targeted Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$36,066,128.00	January 2010	\$20,245,239.17	August 2012	\$ 5,938,837.31
July 2007	35,909,977.67	February 2010	19,606,310.95	September 2012	5,635,523.98
August 2007	35,724,777.03	March 2010	18,981,254.07	October 2012	5,340,278.30
September 2007	35,510,632.69	April 2010	18,369,833.45	November 2012	5,052,956.62
October 2007	35,267,707.69	May 2010	17,771,817.66	December 2012	4,773,417.49
November 2007	34,996,221.12	June 2010	17,186,978.93	January 2013	4,501,521.77
December 2007	34,696,448.14	July 2010	16,615,093.05	February 2013	4,237,132.49
January 2008	34,368,719.88	August 2010	16,055,939.34	March 2013	3,980,114.86
February 2008	34,013,423.16	September 2010	15,509,300.58	April 2013	3,730,336.24
March 2008	33,631,000.05	October 2010	14,974,962.93	May 2013	3,487,666.09
April 2008	33,221,947.39	November 2010	14,452,715.96	June 2013	3,251,975.94
May 2008	32,786,815.97	December 2010	13,942,352.53	July 2013	3,023,139.38
June 2008	32,326,209.75	January 2011	13,443,668.73	August 2013	2,801,031.97
July 2008	31,840,784.88	February 2011	12,956,463.88	September 2013	2,585,531.30
August 2008	31,331,248.48	March 2011	12,480,540.45	October 2013	2,376,516.88
September 2008	30,798,357.40	April 2011	12,015,704.03	November 2013	2,173,870.13
October 2008	30,242,916.81	May 2011	11,561,763.25	December 2013	1,977,474.39
November 2008	29,665,778.61	June 2011	11,118,529.76	January 2014	1,787,214.82
December 2008	29,067,839.73	July 2011	10,685,818.18	February 2014	1,602,978.45
January 2009	28,450,040.34	August 2011	10,263,446.05	March 2014	1,424,654.10
February 2009	27,813,361.85	September 2011	9,851,233.79	April 2014	1,252,132.33
March 2009	27,158,824.88	October 2011	9,449,004.64	May 2014	1,085,305.50
April 2009	26,487,487.08	November 2011	9,056,584.63	June 2014	924,067.66
May 2009	25,800,440.77	December 2011	8,673,802.55	July 2014	768,314.54
June 2009	25,098,810.65	January 2012	8,300,489.87	August 2014	617,943.59
July 2009	24,383,751.19	February 2012	7,936,480.73	September 2014	472,853.84
August 2009	23,656,444.11	March 2012	7,581,611.91	October 2014	332,945.98
September 2009	22,944,499.65	April 2012	7,235,722.73	November 2014	198,122.26
October 2009	22,247,659.34	May 2012	6,898,655.06	December 2014	68,286.51
November 2009	21,565,668.79	June 2012	6,570,253.31	January 2015 and thereafter	0.00
December 2009	20,898,277.57	July 2012	6,250,364.30		

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

\$683,386,365



**Guaranteed REMIC
Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2007-62**

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

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May 17, 2007