

\$407,900,000



FannieMae®

**Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2006-57**

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual classes), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We may pay principal at rates that vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are distributed to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

Class	Group	Original Class Balance	Principal Type	Interest Rate	Interest Type	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
PA	1	\$90,058,000	PAC	5.5%	FIX	31395DZU6	August 2027
PB	1	27,453,000	PAC	5.5	FIX	31395DZV4	May 2030
PC	1	29,081,000	PAC	5.5	FIX	31395DZW2	October 2032
PD	1	31,504,000	PAC	5.5	FIX	31395DZX0	January 2035
EO(1)	1	24,812,000	PAC	(2)	PO	31395DZY8	June 2036
EI(1)	1	24,812,000(3)	NTL	5.5	FIX/IO	31395DZZ5	June 2036
YA	1	10,442,000	PAC/AD	5.5	FIX	31395DA25	June 2036
YB	1	236,000	PAC/AD	5.5	FIX	31395DA33	June 2036
YZ	1	1,000	PAC	5.5	FIX/Z	31395DA41	June 2036
WA	1	7,076,637	SUP	5.5	FIX	31395DA58	August 2033
FA	1	50,000,000	SUP	(4)	FLT	31395DA66	June 2036
SA	1	13,636,363	SUP	(4)	INV	31395DA74	June 2036
PO(1)	2	98,961,000	PAC/AD	(2)	PO	31395DA82	June 2036
FI(1)	2	91,892,357(3)	NTL	(4)	FLT/IO	31395DA90	June 2036
SI(1)	2	91,892,357(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31395DB24	June 2036
ZA	2	4,639,000	SUP/AD	6.5	FIX/Z	31395DB32	January 2027
ZB	2	20,000,000	CPT(5)	6.5	FIX/Z	31395DB40	June 2036
R		0	NPR	0.0	NPR	31395DB57	June 2036
RL		0	NPR	0.0	NPR	31395DB65	June 2036

(1) Exchangeable classes.

(2) Principal only classes.

(3) Notional balances. These classes are interest only classes. See page S-7 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.

(4) Based on LIBOR.

(5) This class consists of multiple payment components as further described on page S-7.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for the corresponding RCR certificates to be issued at the time of the exchange. The PE, AB, AC, AD, FB and AI Classes are the RCR classes, as further described in this prospectus supplement.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be May 30, 2006.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-10 of this prospectus supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are “exempted securities” under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Barclays Capital

May 12, 2006

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the “Disclosure Documents”):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated May 1, 2002 (the “REMIC Prospectus”);
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated January 1, 2006 (the “MBS Prospectus”); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below under the heading “Incorporation by Reference.”

You can obtain copies of the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae
MBS Helpline
3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S
Washington, D.C. 20016
(telephone 1-800-237-8627).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling the dealer at:

Barclays Capital Inc.
Attn: MBS Syndicate Operations
200 Cedar Knolls Road
Whippany, New Jersey 07981
(telephone 973-576-3006).

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

In this prospectus supplement, we are incorporating by reference the MBS Prospectus described above. In addition, we are incorporating by reference the documents listed below. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to these documents. These documents are considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with these documents.

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus and any applicable supplements or amendments.

We incorporate by reference the following documents we have filed, or may file, with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”):

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 (“Form 10-K”);
- all other reports we have filed pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 since the end of the fiscal year covered by the Form 10-K until the date of this prospectus supplement, excluding any information “furnished” to the SEC on Form 8-K; and
- all proxy statements that we file with the SEC and all documents that we file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement and prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates, excluding any information we “furnish” to the SEC on Form 8-K.

Any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement is deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus supplement to the extent information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement modifies or supersedes such information. In such case, the information will constitute a part of this prospectus supplement only as so modified or superseded.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can obtain copies of the periodic reports we file with the SEC without charge by calling or writing our Office of Investor Relations, Fannie Mae, 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20016, telephone: (202) 752-7115. The periodic and current reports that we file with the SEC are also available on our Web site. Information appearing on our Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

In addition, you may read our SEC filings and other information about Fannie Mae at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, the Chicago Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange. Our SEC filings are also available at the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov. We are providing the address of the SEC's Web site solely for the information of prospective investors. Information appearing on the SEC's Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Our safety and soundness regulator, the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight ("OFHEO"), announced in July 2003 that it was conducting a special examination of our accounting policies and practices, and in September 2004 issued a preliminary report of its findings to date. OFHEO subsequently identified additional accounting and internal control issues in February 2005, and issued its Report of the Special Examination of Fannie Mae (the "OFHEO Report") on May 23, 2006.

On December 22, 2004, we reported that the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors (the "Board") had determined that our previously filed interim and audited financial statements and the independent auditor's reports thereon for the period from January 2001 through the second quarter of 2004 should no longer be relied upon because such financial statements were prepared using accounting principles that did not comply with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). We have subsequently initiated an extensive restatement and re-audit of our financial statements with our new independent auditor, Deloitte & Touche LLP. We anticipate that the impact of the restatement will be material to Fannie Mae's financial statements for many, if not all, of the periods involved.

Our Board and management have initiated numerous internal and external reviews of our accounting processes and controls, our financial reporting processes, and our application of GAAP. See "Risk Factors—There are numerous ongoing internal reviews and external investigations of Fannie Mae" in the MBS Prospectus. One of these external investigations was conducted by the law firm of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP ("Paul Weiss"), under the direction of former U.S. Senator Warren Rudman. On February 23, 2006, the Paul Weiss report to the Special Committee of the Board was publicly released, and included numerous findings about Fannie Mae's accounting policies, practices and systems, compensation practices, corporate governance, and internal controls. On February 24, 2006, we filed a Form 8-K with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") that includes the Paul Weiss report.

The OFHEO Report presents OFHEO's findings about Fannie Mae's corporate culture, executive compensation programs, accounting policies and internal controls, internal and external auditors, senior management, and the Board. In conjunction with the release of the OFHEO Report, Fannie Mae entered into settlement agreements with both OFHEO and the SEC on May 23, 2006. The settlement agreements require Fannie Mae to pay civil penalties totaling \$400 million. In addition, the

settlement agreement with OFHEO requires Fannie Mae to undertake certain remedial actions within a specified time frame to address the recommendations contained in the OFHEO Report, including an undertaking by Fannie Mae not to increase its “mortgage portfolio” assets except as permitted by a plan to be submitted by Fannie Mae for approval by OFHEO. The settlement agreements constitute comprehensive settlements between Fannie Mae and both OFHEO and the SEC relating to the activities of Fannie Mae during the time period in question. Investigations into our accounting policies and practices and our financial reporting continue with the U.S. Attorney’s Office for the District of Columbia. Please refer to our Form 8-K to be filed with the SEC on or about May 25, 2006 for further information about the OFHEO Report and the settlement agreements. A complete copy of the OFHEO Report is available on OFHEO’s website at www.ofheo.gov.

We have not filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the third quarter of 2004, the first, second and third quarters of 2005, or the first quarter of 2006, nor have we filed our Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the years ended December 31, 2004 or December 31, 2005. As we most recently reported in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 9, 2006, we estimate that it is unlikely we will complete our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, which will include our restated results, prior to the second half of 2006. See “Risk Factors—There is a lack of financial information about us available in the market” in the MBS Prospectus.

Forms 8-K that we file with the SEC prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to those documents. You should refer to “Incorporation by Reference” above for further details on the information that we incorporate by reference in this prospectus supplement and where to find it.

REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

<u>Group</u>	<u>Assets</u>
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS (as of May 1, 2006)

	<u>Approximate Principal Balance</u>	<u>Original Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)</u>	<u>Approximate Weighted Average Coupon</u>
Group 1 MBS	\$106,800,000	360	342	15	5.97%
	\$106,000,000	360	317	35	5.94%
	\$ 71,500,000	360	353	6	6.00%
Group 2 MBS	\$123,600,000	360	345	13	6.98%

The actual remaining terms to maturity, weighted average loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly.

Class Factors

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance of that certificate (after taking into account principal payments in the same month). We publish the class factors on or shortly after the 11th day of each month.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on May 30, 2006.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

<u>Fed Book-Entry</u>	<u>Physical</u>
All classes of certificates other than the R and RL Classes	R and RL Classes

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certain certificates, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates as shown on Schedule 1. We will issue the RCR certificates upon such exchange. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We use the principal and interest of the certificates exchanged to pay principal and interest on the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Initial Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maximum Interest Rate</u>	<u>Minimum Interest Rate</u>	<u>Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate (1)</u>
FA	5.81000%	7.00%	0.73%	LIBOR + 73 basis points
SA	4.36333%	22.99%	0.00%	$22.99000\% - (3.66666684 \times \text{LIBOR})$
FI	5.33000%	7.00%	0.25%	LIBOR + 25 basis points
SI	1.67000%	6.75%	0.00%	$6.75\% - \text{LIBOR}$
FB	5.33000%	7.00%	0.25%	LIBOR + 25 basis points

(1) We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the “BBA Method.”

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Notional Classes

A notional class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balances will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

<u>Class</u>	
EI	100% of the EO Class
FI	92.8571427128% of the PO Class
SI	92.8571427128% of the PO Class
AI	100% of the PO Class

Components

The ZB Class is made up of payment components. Each component will have the original principal balance, principal type and interest type as set forth below.

	<u>Original Principal Balance</u>	<u>Principal Type</u>	<u>Interest Type</u>
ZB1	\$ 50,000	PAC/AD	FIX/Z
ZB2	\$19,950,000	SUP	FIX/Z

Distributions of Principal

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

YZ Accrual Amount

1. To the YA and YB Classes, in that order, to zero.
2. Thereafter to the YZ Class.

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

1. To Aggregate Group I to its Planned Balance.
2. To Aggregate Group II to its Planned Balance.
3. To the WA Class to zero.
4. To the FA and SA Classes, pro rata, to zero.
5. To Aggregate Group II to zero.
6. To Aggregate Group I to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group I and Aggregate Group II, see “Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—*Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount*” in this prospectus supplement.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

ZA Accrual Amount

To Aggregate Group III to its Planned Balance, and thereafter to the ZA Class.

ZB2 Accrual Amount

1. To Aggregate Group III to its Planned Balance.
2. To the ZA Class to zero.
3. Thereafter to the ZB2 Component.

ZB1 Accrual Amount

To the PO Class to zero, and thereafter to the ZB1 Component.

Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

1. To Aggregate Group III to its Planned Balance.
2. To the ZA Class and the ZB2 Component, in that order, to zero.
3. To Aggregate Group III to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group III, see “Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—*Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount*” in this prospectus supplement.

Weighted Average Lives (years) *

		PSA Prepayment Assumption						
<u>Group 1 Classes</u>		<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>115%</u>	<u>172%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>
PA	.....	11.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.1	1.8
PB	.....	19.2	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.0	3.2
PC	.....	21.7	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	5.1	4.1
PD	.....	23.8	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	7.1	5.6
EO, EI and PE	.....	25.6	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	11.8	9.5
YA	.....	26.5	10.7	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	1.4
YB	.....	26.8	12.3	7.6	7.6	7.6	2.3	1.7
YZ	.....	27.0	15.0	12.1	12.1	12.1	2.3	1.7
WA	.....	27.0	13.2	10.0	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1
FA and SA	.....	28.7	20.6	19.1	10.9	2.6	1.1	0.8

		PSA Prepayment Assumption							
<u>Group 2 Classes</u>		<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>330%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>	<u>700%</u>
PO, FI, SI, AB, AC, AD, FB and AI	.....	11.6	5.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.0	2.6
ZA	.....	19.8	11.8	1.8	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
ZB	.....	26.0	19.5	11.0	9.8	6.0	1.7	1.1	0.9

* Determined as specified under “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” in this prospectus supplement.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans underlying the related MBS, including prepayments. Because borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty, the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at any of the prepayment rates we assumed in this prospectus supplement, or
- at any constant prepayment rate until maturity.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Recent hurricanes in the Gulf Coast region may present risk of increased mortgage loan prepayments. In August and September 2005, Hurricane Katrina and Hurricane Rita and related events caused catastrophic damage to extensive areas along the Gulf Coast of the United States, including portions of coastal and inland Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas. Hundreds of thousands of people have been displaced and interruptions in the regional economy have been significant. Although the long-term effects are unclear, these events could lead to a general economic downturn in the Gulf Coast region, including job losses and declines in real estate values. Accordingly, defaults on any mortgage loans in the affected areas may increase, in turn resulting in early payments of

principal of the certificates backed by those mortgage loans. Additionally, casualty losses on mortgaged properties with hurricane or flood damage may result in early payment of principal of the related certificates.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Weighted average lives and yields on the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans. We have assumed that the mortgage loans underlying the MBS have certain characteristics. However, the actual mortgage loans probably will have different characteristics from those we assumed. As a result, your yields could be lower than you expect, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant prepayment rates. In addition, slight differences between the assumed mortgage loan characteristics and the actual mortgage loans could affect the weighted average lives of the classes of certificates.

Level of floating rate index affects yields on certain certificates. The yield on any floating rate or inverse floating rate certificate will be affected by the level of its interest rate index. If the level of the index differs from the level you expect, then your actual yield may be lower than you expect.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since certain classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period those classes have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. If you assume that the actual final payment will occur on the final

distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates. You should obtain legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed market. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small or large amounts of certificates at prices comparable to those available to other investors. You should purchase certificates only if you understand and can tolerate the risk that the value of your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

Terrorist activities and related military and political actions by the U.S. government could cause reductions in investor confidence and substantial market volatility in real estate and securities markets. It is impossible to predict the extent to which terrorist activities may occur or, if they do occur, the extent of the effect on the certificates. Moreover, it is uncertain what effects any past or future terrorist activities or any related military or political actions on the part of the United States government and others will have on the United States and world financial markets, local, regional and national economies, real estate markets across the United States, or particular business sectors, including those affecting the performance of mortgage loan borrowers. Among other things, reduced investor confidence could result in substantial volatility in securities markets and a decline in real estate-related investments. In addition, defaults on the mortgage loans could increase, causing early payments of principal to you and, regardless of the performance of the underlying mortgage loans, the liquidity and market value of the certificates may be impaired.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the “Trust”) and a separate trust (the “Lower Tier REMIC”) pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of May 1, 2006 (the “Issue Date”). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the “REMIC Certificates”) pursuant to that trust agreement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the “RCR Certificates” and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the “Certificates”) pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the “Trust Agreement”). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the “Trustee”). In general, the term “Classes” includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC each will constitute a “real estate mortgage investment conduit” (“REMIC”) under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

- The REMIC Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) will be “regular interests” in the Trust.
- The R Class will be the “residual interest” in the Trust.

- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the “Lower Tier Regular Interests”) will be the “regular interests” in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the “residual interest” in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests.

The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of two groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the “Group 1 MBS” and “Group 2 MBS” and, together, the “MBS”).

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family (“single-family”), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the “Mortgage Loans”) having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that we will distribute to Certificateholders:

- required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class of Certificates no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS.

In addition, we guarantee that we will distribute to each holder of an MBS:

- scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying Mortgage Loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and
- the full principal balance of any foreclosed Mortgage Loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guarantees are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. See “Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty” in the REMIC Prospectus, and “Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty” in the MBS Prospectus.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are “Holders” or “Certificateholders.” A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. See “Description of Certificates—Denominations and Form” in the REMIC Prospectus.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The “Holder” or “Certificateholder” of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association (“US Bank”) in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also “—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes” below.

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. US Bank will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Denomination</u>
The Principal Only, Interest Only and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments
All other Classes (except the R and RL Classes)	\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Dates. We will make monthly payments on the Certificates on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to each of these dates as a “Distribution Date.” We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

Record Date. On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the eleventh calendar day of each month, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each Class of Certificates (and each related Component). When the applicable class factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of any Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month (as well as any addition to principal in the case of the Accrual Classes and Components). Similarly, when the applicable class factor for a Component is multiplied by the original principal balance of that Component, the product will equal the current principal balance of that Component after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month.

No Optional Termination. We have no option to effect an early termination of the Lower Tier REMIC or the Trust. Further, we will not repurchase the Mortgage Loans underlying any MBS in a “clean-up call.” See “Description of the Certificates—Termination” in the MBS Prospectus.

Combination and Recombination

General. You are permitted to exchange all or a portion of the EO, EI, PO, FI and SI Classes of REMIC Certificates for a proportionate interest in the related RCR Certificates in the combinations shown on Schedule 1. You also may exchange all or a portion of the RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificates in the same manner. This process may occur repeatedly.

Holders of RCR Certificates will be the beneficial owners of a proportionate interest in the related REMIC Certificates and will receive a proportionate share of the distributions on the related REMIC Certificates.

The Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates that are outstanding at any given time, and the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of these Classes, will depend upon any related distributions of principal, as well as any exchanges that occur. REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates may be exchanged only in the proportions shown on Schedule 1.

Procedures. If a Certificateholder wishes to exchange Certificates, the Certificateholder must notify our Structured Transactions Department through one of our “REMIC Dealer Group” dealers in writing or by telefax no later than two business days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any business day other than the first or last business day of the month subject to our approval. The notice must include the outstanding principal balance of both the Certificates to be exchanged and the Certificates to be received, and the proposed exchange date. After receiving the Holder’s notice, we will telephone the dealer with delivery and wire payment instructions. Notice becomes irrevocable on the second business day before the proposed exchange date.

In connection with each exchange, the Holder must pay us a fee equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional principal balance) of the Certificates to be exchanged. In no event, however, will our fee be less than \$2,000.

We will make the first distribution on a REMIC Certificate or an RCR Certificate received in an exchange transaction on the Distribution Date in the following month. We will make that distribution to the Holder of record as of the close of business on the last day of the month of the exchange.

Additional Considerations. The characteristics of RCR Certificates will reflect the characteristics of the REMIC Certificates used to form those RCR Certificates. You should also consider a number of factors that will limit a Certificateholder's ability to exchange REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates or vice versa:

- At the time of the proposed exchange, a Certificateholder must own Certificates of the related Class or Classes in the proportions necessary to make the desired exchange.
- A Certificateholder that does not own the Certificates may be unable to obtain the necessary REMIC Certificates or RCR Certificates.
- If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange.
- The Certificateholder of needed Certificates may refuse to sell them at a reasonable price (or any price) or may be unable to sell them.
- Certain Certificates may have been purchased and placed into other financial structures and thus be unavailable.
- Principal distributions will decrease the amounts available for exchange over time.
- Only the combinations listed on Schedule 1 are permitted.

The MBS

The following table contains certain information about the MBS. The MBS included in each specified Group will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years. See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

We expect the characteristics of the MBS and the related Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Group 1 MBS

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$284,300,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	5.50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.75% to 8.00%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	335 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA (weighted average loan age)	20 months

Group 2 MBS

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$123,600,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.75% to 9.00%
Range of WAMs	90 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	345 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	13 months

Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the Pool number, the current WAC (or original WAC, if the current WAC is not available) and the current WAM (or Adjusted WAM, if the current WAM is not available) of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement also will include the weighted averages of all the current or original WACs and the weighted averages of all the current or Adjusted WAMs, based on the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627. In addition, the Final Data Statement is available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

Distributions of Interest*Categories of Classes and Components*

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes and Components will be categorized as follows:

<u>Interest Type*</u>	<u>Classes and Components</u>
Group 1 Classes	
Fixed Rate	PA, PB, PC, PD, EI, YA, YB, YZ and WA
Floating Rate	FA
Inverse Floating Rate	SA
Interest Only	EI
Principal Only	EO
Accrual	YZ
RCR**	PE
Group 2 Classes and Components	
Fixed Rate	ZA, ZB1 and ZB2
Floating Rate	FI
Inverse Floating Rate	SI
Interest Only	FI and SI
Principal Only	PO
Accrual	ZA, ZB1 and ZB2
Component	ZB
RCR**	AB, AC, AD, FB and AI
No Payment Residual	R and RL

* See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

General. We will pay interest on the Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates specified on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest based on an assumed 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly (except in the case of the Accrual Classes and Components) on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Classes and Components) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Classes and Components, see “—*Accrual Classes and Components*” below.

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Accrual Periods. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the Certificates during the applicable one-month periods set forth below (each, an “Interest Accrual Period”).

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Interest Accrual Periods</u>
All Fixed Rate Classes (collectively, the “Delay Classes”)	Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs
The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	One-month period beginning on the 25th day of the month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See “Additional Risk Factors—*Delay classes have lower yields and market values*” in this prospectus supplement.

The Dealer will treat the EO and PO Classes as Delay Classes for the sole purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Classes and Components. The YZ, ZA and ZB Classes are Accrual Classes and the ZB1 and ZB2 Components are Accrual Components. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes (and, in the case of the ZB Class, on the related Components) at the applicable annual rates specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the ZB1 Component at any time. In addition, we will not pay interest on the ZB2 Component or the ZA Class until the Distribution Date following the Distribution Date on which the Aggregate III Balance (described below under “—Distributions of Principal—*Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount*”) is reduced to zero. On each Distribution Date when interest is not paid on an Accrual Class (or Component), interest accrued on that Class (or Component) will instead be added as principal to its principal balance. We will pay principal on the Accrual Classes (and Components) as described under “—Distributions of Principal” below.

Notional Classes. The Notional Classes will not have principal balances. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Classes will bear interest on their notional principal balances at their applicable interest rates. The notional principal balances of the Notional Classes will be calculated as specified under “Reference Sheet—Notional Classes” in this prospectus supplement.

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for that Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall refer also to the notional principal balances of the Notional Classes.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at rates determined as described under “Reference Sheet—Interest Rates” in this prospectus supplement.

Changes in the specified interest rate index (the “Index”) will affect the yields with respect to the related Classes. These changes may not correspond to changes in mortgage interest rates. Lower mortgage interest rates could occur while an increase in the level of the Index occurs. Similarly, higher mortgage interest rates could occur while a decrease in the level of the Index occurs.

Our establishment of each Index value and our determination of the interest rate for each applicable Class for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627.

Calculation of LIBOR

On each Index Determination Date, we will calculate LIBOR for the related Interest Accrual Period. We will calculate LIBOR on the basis of the “BBA Method,” as described in the REMIC Prospectus under “Description of Certificates—Indexes for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes—*LIBOR*.”

If we are unable to calculate LIBOR on the initial Index Determination Date, LIBOR for the following Interest Accrual Period will be equal to 5.08%.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes and Components

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes and Components fall into the following categories:

<u>Principal Type*</u>	<u>Classes and Components</u>
Group 1 Classes	
PAC	PA, PB, PC, PD, EO, YA, YB and YZ
Support	WA, FA and SA
Accretion Directed	YA and YB
Notional	EI
RCR**	PE
Group 2 Classes and Components	
PAC	PO and ZB1
Support	ZA and ZB2
Accretion Directed	PO, ZA and ZB1
Component	ZB
Notional	FI and SI
RCR**	AB, AC, AD, FB and AI
No Payment Residual	R and RL

* See “Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations” in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See “—Combination and Recombination” above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

Components. For purposes of calculating the principal payments it receives, the ZB Class consists of multiple payment components having the designations and original principal balances specified in this prospectus supplement under “Reference Sheet—Components.” The payment characteristics of the ZB Class will reflect a combination of the payment characteristics of the related components. Components are not separately transferable from the related Class of Certificates.

Principal Distribution Amount

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an aggregate amount (the “Principal Distribution Amount”) equal to the sum of

- the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS (the “Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount”) plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the YZ Class (the “YZ Accrual Amount,” and together with the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the “Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount”), and

- the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS (the “Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount”) plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balances of the ZA Class and the ZB1 and ZB2 Components (the “ZA Accrual Amount,” “ZB1 Accrual Amount” and “ZB2 Accrual Amount,” respectively, and together with the Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the “Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount”).

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

YZ Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the YZ Accrual Amount, sequentially, as principal of the YA and YB Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero. Thereafter, we will pay the YZ Accrual Amount as principal of the YZ Class. } Accretion Directed / Classes and Accrual Class

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 1 Classes in the following priority:

- | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) to Aggregate Group I (described below), until the Aggregate I Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; (ii) to Aggregate Group II (described below), until the Aggregate II Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; | } | PAC Groups |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (iii) to the WA Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; (iv) concurrently, to the FA and SA Classes, pro rata (or 78.5714293571% and 21.4285706429%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero; | } | Support Classes |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (v) to Aggregate Group II, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate II Balance is reduced to zero; and (vi) to Aggregate Group I, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate I Balance is reduced to zero. | } | PAC Groups |

“Aggregate Group I” consists of the PA, PB, PC, PD and EO Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group I, sequentially, to the PA, PB, PC, PD and EO classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The “Aggregate I Balance” is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes included in Aggregate Group I.

“Aggregate Group II” consists of the YA, YB and YZ Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group II, sequentially, to the YA, YB and YZ Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The “Aggregate II Balance” is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes included in Aggregate Group II. For determining principal payments on a Distribution Date, the Aggregate II Balance will include any increase in the principal balance of the YZ Class on that date.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

ZA Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZA Accrual Amount as principal of Aggregate Group III (described below), until the Aggregate III Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date. Thereafter, we will pay the ZA Accrual Amount as principal of the ZA Class. } Accretion Directed / PAC Group and Accrual Class

ZB2 Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZB2 Accrual Amount as principal of the Classes specified below in the following priority:

- | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| (i) to Aggregate Group III, until the Aggregate III Balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; | } PAC Group | } Accretion Directed Group and Class |
| (ii) to the ZA Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and | | |
| (iii) thereafter to the ZB2 Component. | } Accrual Component | |

ZB1 Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZB1 Accrual Amount as principal of the PO Class until its principal balance is reduced to zero. Thereafter, we will pay the ZB1 Accrual Amount as principal of the ZB1 Component.

Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 2 Classes in the following priority:

- | | |
|--|-------------|
| (i) to Aggregate Group III, until the Aggregate III Balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; | } PAC Group |
| (ii) sequentially, to the ZA Class and the ZB2 Component, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero; and | |
| (iii) to Aggregate Group III, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate III Balance is reduced to zero. | } PAC Group |

“Aggregate Group III” consists of the PO Class and the ZB1 Component. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group III, sequentially, to the PO Class and the ZB1 Component, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The “Aggregate III Balance” is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Class and Component in Aggregate Group III. For determining principal payments on a Distribution Date, the Aggregate III Balance will include any increase in the principal balance of the ZB1 Component on that date.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (the “Pricing Assumptions”):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, WALAs and interest rates specified under “Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS” in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related table;

- the settlement date for the sale of the Certificates is May 30, 2006; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this prospectus supplement is The Bond Market Association's standard prepayment model ("PSA"). To assume a specified rate of PSA is to assume a specified rate of prepayment each month of the then-outstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans computed as described under "Description of Certificates—Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus. It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any *constant* PSA rate or at any other *constant* rate.

Structuring Ranges. The Principal Balance Schedules are found beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges set forth below.

<u>Principal Balance Schedule References</u>	<u>Related Groups (1)</u>	<u>Structuring Ranges</u>
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group I	Between 100% and 250% PSA
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group II	Between 115% and 250% PSA
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group III	Between 300% and 500% PSA

(1) The Structuring Ranges for the Aggregate Groups are associated with the related Aggregate Balances but not with the individual balances of the related Classes.

We cannot assure you that the balance of any Group listed above will conform on any Distribution Date to the specified balance in the Principal Balance Schedules. As a result, we cannot assure you that payments of principal of any Group listed above will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules. We will distribute any excess of principal payments over the amount needed to reduce a Group to its scheduled balance on a Distribution Date. Accordingly, the ability to reduce a Group to its scheduled balance will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal payments from month to month. In addition, even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within the applicable Structuring Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Groups to their scheduled balances if the prepayments do not occur at a *constant* PSA rate. Moreover, because of the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the related Mortgage Loans, which may include recently originated Mortgage Loans, the Groups specified above may not be reduced to their scheduled balances, even if prepayments occur at a *constant* rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges specified above.

Initial Effective Ranges. The Effective Range for a Group is the range of prepayment rates (measured by *constant* PSA rates) which would reduce that Group to its scheduled balance on each Distribution Date. The Initial Effective Ranges shown in the table below are based upon the assumed characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

<u>Groups</u>	<u>Initial Effective Ranges</u>
Aggregate Group I	Between 100% and 250% PSA
Aggregate Group II	Between 115% and 250% PSA
Aggregate Group III	Between 300% and 500% PSA

The actual Effective Ranges at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. The actual Effective Ranges calculated on the basis of the actual characteristics are likely to differ from the Initial Effective Ranges. As a result, the applicable Groups might not be reduced to their scheduled balances even if prepayments were to occur at a *constant* PSA rate within the Initial Effective Ranges. This is so particularly if the rate were at the lower or higher end of this range. In addition, even if prepayments occur at rates falling within the actual Effective Ranges,

principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Groups to their scheduled balances if such prepayments do not occur at a *constant* PSA rate. It is highly unlikely that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA rate. In general, the actual Effective Ranges may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time.

The stability in principal payment of the Classes specified below will be supported by the corresponding supporting Classes as indicated in the follow table:

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Supporting Classes</u>
Group 1	
Aggregate Group I	Aggregate Group II and Support
Aggregate Group II	Support
Group 2	
PAC	Support

When the supporting Classes are retired, the Classes they support, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be more sensitive to prepayments.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes, and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the FI Class. **The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the FI Class will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans is**

likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable tables below, it is possible that investors in the FI and SI Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate and the FI Class for the initial Interest Accrual Period are the rates listed in the table under “Reference Sheet—Interest Rates” in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of the Index, and
- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price*</u>
SA	75.00000%
FI	14.93750%
SI	3.90625%

* The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the SA Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>						
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>115%</u>	<u>172%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.08%	26.4%	26.5%	26.5%	28.9%	36.9%	53.7%	64.8%
3.08%	16.1%	16.3%	16.4%	18.6%	27.1%	43.8%	54.9%
5.08%	6.5%	6.7%	6.8%	8.6%	17.5%	34.3%	45.3%
6.27%	1.2%	1.4%	1.5%	2.9%	12.0%	28.8%	39.6%

Sensitivity of the FI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>330%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>	<u>700%</u>
1.08%	(7.6)%	(14.7)%	(25.5)%	(25.5)%	(25.5)%	(25.5)%	(33.2)%	(41.6)%
3.08%	12.3%	6.4%	(7.4)%	(7.4)%	(7.4)%	(7.4)%	(14.1)%	(21.6)%
5.08%	28.8%	23.6%	8.6%	8.6%	8.6%	8.6%	2.7%	(4.2)%
6.75%	42.0%	37.2%	21.8%	21.8%	21.8%	21.8%	16.5%	9.9%

**Sensitivity of the SI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	50%	100%	300%	330%	400%	500%	600%	700%
1.08%	171.0%	166.1%	148.9%	148.9%	148.9%	148.9%	146.8%	142.5%
3.08%	100.6%	96.0%	80.0%	80.0%	80.0%	80.0%	76.6%	71.1%
5.08%	37.4%	32.4%	17.2%	17.2%	17.2%	17.2%	11.7%	5.0%
6.75%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

* The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

The Principal Only Classes. The Principal Only Classes will not bear interest. As indicated in the tables below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yields to investors in the Principal Only Classes.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Principal Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price
EO	52.0%
PO	84.5%

Sensitivity of the EO Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>115%</u>	<u>172%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity.....	3.5%	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	5.7%	7.2%

Sensitivity of the PO Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>330%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>	<u>700%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity.....	2.4%	3.1%	5.1%	5.1%	5.1%	5.1%	6.0%	7.0%

The Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes. The yields to investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes would be 0% if prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans were to occur at the constant rates shown in the tables below:

Class	% PSA
EI	583%
AI	667%

For either Fixed Rate Interest Only Class, if the actual prepayment rate of the related Mortgage Loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling that level for the remaining months, the investors in that Class would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the yields tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class (expressed in each case as a percentage of the original principal balance) are as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price*</u>
EI	43.6875%
AI	17.0625%

* The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the EI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>115%</u>	<u>172%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity.....	11.0%	10.5%	10.5%	10.5%	10.5%	6.8%	3.4%

Sensitivity of the AI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>330%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>	<u>700%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity.....	30.6%	25.4%	10.4%	10.4%	10.4%	10.4%	4.6%	(2.3)%

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

- multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of the Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,
- summing the results, and
- dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of the Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see “Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date” in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal payments,
- the priority sequences of payments of principal of the Classes, and
- the payment of principal of certain Classes in accordance with the Principal Balance Schedules.

See “—Distributions of Principal” above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example

of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

As described under “Reference Sheet—Components,” the ZB Class consists of multiple payment components for purposes of calculating payments. Since these components are not divisible, the payment characteristics of the ZB Class will reflect a combination of the payment characteristics of the related components.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. However, in the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that the underlying Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

<u>Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below</u>	<u>Original Terms to Maturity</u>	<u>Remaining Terms to Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>
Group 1 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.00%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	360 months	9.00%

It is unlikely

- that all of the underlying Mortgage Loans will have the interest rates, WALAs or remaining terms to maturity assumed or
- that the underlying Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates. This is the case even if the dispersion of weighted average remaining terms to maturity and the weighted average WALAs of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the dispersion specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

Date	PA Class							PB Class							PC Class						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	115%	172%	250%	400%	500%	0%	100%	115%	172%	250%	400%	500%	0%	100%	115%	172%	250%	400%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	97	82	82	82	82	82	82	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2008	95	60	60	60	60	60	45	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2009	91	39	39	39	39	20	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	73	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2010	88	20	20	20	20	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	44	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	56
May 2011	84	1	1	1	1	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0
May 2012	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	47	47	47	47	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0
May 2013	76	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	94	94	94	94	0	0
May 2014	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	47	47	47	47	0	0
May 2015	67	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	5	5	5	5	0	0
May 2016	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2017	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2018	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2019	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2020	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2021	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2022	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2023	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	77	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	11.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.1	1.8	19.2	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.0	3.2	21.7	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	5.1	4.1

** Determined as specified under “—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” above.

Date	PD Class							EO, EI† and PE Classes							YA Class						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	115%	172%	250%	400%	500%	0%	100%	115%	172%	250%	400%	500%	0%	100%	115%	172%	250%	400%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	82	82	82	82	82
May 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	62	62	62	62	0
May 2009	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	44	44	44	0	0
May 2010	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	29	29	29	0	0
May 2011	100	100	100	100	100	100	79	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	18	18	18	0	0
May 2012	100	100	100	100	100	93	30	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8	8	8	0	0
May 2013	100	100	100	100	100	49	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	94	100	100	2	2	2	0	0
May 2014	100	100	100	100	100	16	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	64	100	100	0	0	0	0	0
May 2015	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	89	44	100	92	0	0	0	0	0
May 2016	100	73	73	73	73	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	66	30	100	73	0	0	0	0	0
May 2017	100	46	46	46	46	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	48	20	100	45	0	0	0	0	0
May 2018	100	24	24	24	24	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	35	14	100	10	0	0	0	0	0
May 2019	100	5	5	5	5	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	26	9	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2020	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	86	86	86	86	19	6	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2021	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	70	70	70	70	14	4	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2022	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	56	56	56	56	10	3	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2023	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	45	45	45	45	7	2	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2024	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	36	36	36	36	5	1	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2025	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	28	28	28	28	3	1	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	22	22	22	22	2	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	17	17	17	17	2	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	12	12	12	12	1	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	88	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	9	9	9	9	1	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	6	6	6	6	*	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	4	4	4	4	*	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	2	2	2	2	*	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	23.8	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	7.1	5.6	25.6	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	11.8	9.5	26.5	10.7	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	1.4

Date	YB Class							YZ Class							WA Class						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	115%	172%	250%	400%	500%	0%	100%	115%	172%	250%	400%	500%	0%	100%	115%	172%	250%	400%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
May 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	112	112	112	112	112	112	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
May 2009	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	118	118	118	118	118	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
May 2010	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	125	125	125	125	125	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
May 2011	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	132	132	132	132	132	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
May 2012	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	139	139	139	139	139	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
May 2013	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	147	147	147	147	147	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
May 2014	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	155	155	30	30	30	0	0	100	100	99	0	0	0	0
May 2015	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	30	30	30	0	0	100	100	83	0	0	0	0
May 2016	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	173	173	30	30	30	0	0	100	100	52	0	0	0	0
May 2017	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	183	183	30	30	30	0	0	100	100	11	0	0	0	0
May 2018	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	193	193	30	30	30	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0
May 2019	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	204	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	59	0	0	0	0	0
May 2020	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	216	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2021	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	228	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2022	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	241	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2023	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	254	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2024	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	269	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2025	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	284	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	317	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	334	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	353	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	373	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	394	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	417	30	30	30	30	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	30	30	30	30	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	30	30	30	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	30	30	30	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	26.8	12.3	7.6	7.6	7.6	2.3	1.7	27.0	15.0	12.1	12.1	12.1	2.3	1.7	27.0	13.2	10.0	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” above.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Date	FA and SA Classes							PO, FI†, SI†, AB, AC, AD, FB and AI† Classes							
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	0%	100%	115%	172%	250%	400%	500%	0%	100%	300%	330%	400%	500%	600%	700%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	100	100	100	100	84	55	35	97	92	84	84	84	84	84	84
May 2008	100	100	100	88	57	2	0	95	82	64	64	64	64	61	52
May 2009	100	100	100	78	35	0	0	92	72	47	47	47	47	38	30
May 2010	100	100	100	70	20	0	0	89	63	33	33	33	33	24	17
May 2011	100	100	100	64	10	0	0	85	53	23	23	23	23	15	10
May 2012	100	100	100	60	3	0	0	82	44	16	16	16	16	9	5
May 2013	100	100	100	57	*	0	0	78	36	11	11	11	11	6	3
May 2014	100	100	100	56	*	0	0	74	27	7	7	7	7	4	2
May 2015	100	100	100	54	*	0	0	69	19	5	5	5	5	2	1
May 2016	100	100	100	51	*	0	0	64	10	3	3	3	3	1	*
May 2017	100	100	100	48	*	0	0	59	2	2	2	2	2	1	*
May 2018	100	100	96	44	*	0	0	53	1	1	1	1	1	*	*
May 2019	100	100	90	40	*	0	0	47	1	1	1	1	1	*	0
May 2020	100	99	83	36	*	0	0	40	1	1	1	1	1	*	0
May 2021	100	92	76	33	*	0	0	33	*	*	*	*	*	*	0
May 2022	100	84	69	29	*	0	0	26	*	*	*	*	*	0	0
May 2023	100	76	62	25	*	0	0	17	*	*	*	*	*	0	0
May 2024	100	68	55	22	*	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2025	100	60	49	19	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	100	53	42	16	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	100	45	36	13	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	100	38	30	11	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	100	31	24	8	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	100	24	19	6	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	100	17	13	4	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	100	11	9	3	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	100	6	5	2	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2034	72	3	2	1	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	38	1	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	28.7	20.6	19.1	10.9	2.6	1.1	0.8	11.6	5.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.0	2.6

Date	ZA Class								ZB Class							
	PSA Prepayment Assumption								PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	0%	100%	300%	330%	400%	500%	600%	700%	0%	100%	300%	330%	400%	500%	600%	700%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	107	107	74	43	0	0	0	0	107	107	107	107	100	76	52	28
May 2008	114	114	43	0	0	0	0	0	114	114	114	109	75	28	*	*
May 2009	121	121	11	0	0	0	0	0	121	121	121	104	61	6	*	*
May 2010	130	130	0	0	0	0	0	0	130	130	124	102	56	*	*	*
May 2011	138	138	0	0	0	0	0	0	138	138	119	97	51	*	*	*
May 2012	148	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	148	148	110	88	45	*	*	*
May 2013	157	157	0	0	0	0	0	0	157	157	98	77	38	*	*	*
May 2014	168	168	0	0	0	0	0	0	168	168	85	66	32	*	*	*
May 2015	179	179	0	0	0	0	0	0	179	179	72	56	26	*	*	*
May 2016	191	191	0	0	0	0	0	0	191	191	61	46	21	*	*	*
May 2017	204	204	0	0	0	0	0	0	204	204	51	38	17	1	1	1
May 2018	218	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	218	218	42	31	13	1	1	1
May 2019	232	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	232	213	34	25	10	1	1	1
May 2020	248	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	248	195	28	20	8	1	1	*
May 2021	264	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	264	176	23	16	6	1	1	*
May 2022	282	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	282	159	18	13	5	1	*	*
May 2023	301	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	301	142	14	10	4	1	*	*
May 2024	321	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	321	127	11	8	3	1	*	*
May 2025	317	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	342	111	9	6	2	*	*	*
May 2026	119	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	365	97	7	4	2	*	*	*
May 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	367	83	5	3	1	*	*	*
May 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	339	70	4	2	1	*	*	*
May 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	309	58	3	2	*	*	*	*
May 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	276	47	2	1	*	*	*	*
May 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	240	36	1	1	*	*	*	*
May 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	26	1	*	*	*	*	*
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	156	16	*	*	*	*	*	*
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	109	7	*	*	*	*	*	*
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	19.8	11.8	1.8	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	26.0	19.5	11.0	9.8	6.0	1.7	1.1	0.9

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” above.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Trust remain after the principal balances of all Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the R Class the proceeds from those assets. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Regular Interests are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the RL Class. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case.

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to a “disqualified organization.” In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to any person that is not a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of a Residual Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See “Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of a Residual Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the “Regulations”) provide that a transfer of a “noneconomic residual interest” will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had “improper knowledge”).

As discussed under the caption “Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has amended the Regulations to provide additional requirements that a transferor must satisfy to avail itself of the safe harbor regarding the presumed lack of improper knowledge. For transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002, a transferor of a Residual Certificate is presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions discussed in the REMIC Prospectus, both (i) the transferee represents that it will not cause income from the Residual Certificate to be attributed to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of the transferee or another taxpayer and (ii) the transfer satisfies either the “asset test” or the “formula test.” The representation described in (i) will be included in the affidavit discussed above. See “Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

A transfer satisfies the asset test if (i) the transferee’s gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfer and at the close of each of the transferee’s two fiscal years preceding the year of transfer), (ii) the transferee is an “eligible corporation” and the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the Residual Certificate will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor and satisfy the asset test, and (iii) the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the

taxes associated with the Residual Certificate will not be paid. A transfer satisfies the formula test if the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The Regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the “residual interest” in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the “residual interest” in the REMIC constituted by the Lower Tier REMIC. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The tax discussions contained in the REMIC Prospectus (including the sections entitled “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” and “ERISA Considerations”) and this prospectus supplement were not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. These discussions were written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this prospectus supplement. You should seek advice based on your particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The REMIC Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the “regular interests,” and the R Class will be designated as the “residual interest,” in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the “regular interests” and the RL Class will be designated as the “residual interest” in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as “regular or residual interests in a REMIC” for domestic building and loan associations, as “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as “qualified mortgages” for other REMICs. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Classes, the Accrual Classes, the Principal Only Classes and the SA Class will be issued with original issue discount (“OID”), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount*” in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

<u>Group</u>	<u>Prepayment Assumption</u>
1	172% PSA
2	330% PSA

See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount*” in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at either of those rates or any other rate. See “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” in this prospectus supplement and “Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 5.89% (which is 120% of the “federal long-term rate”). See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions*” and “—*Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Treasury Department recently issued Regulations providing that, to clearly reflect income, an inducement fee paid to a transferee of a noneconomic residual interest in a REMIC must be included in income over a period that is reasonably related to the period during which the applicable REMIC is expected to generate taxable income or net loss allocable to the transferee. The Regulations set forth two safe harbor methods under which a taxpayer’s accounting for the inducement fee will be considered to clearly reflect income for these purposes. In addition, under the Regulations an inducement fee shall be treated as income from sources within the United States. The Regulations, which are effective for taxable years ending on or after May 11, 2004, contain additional details regarding their application. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to the transfer of a Residual Certificate.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

General. The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The REMIC Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest in those REMIC Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of REMIC Certificates, see “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The RCR Classes (each, a “Combination RCR Class”) will represent the beneficial ownership of the underlying REMIC Certificates set forth in Schedule 1. Each Certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a “Combination RCR Certificate”) will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying REMIC Certificates.

Combination RCR Classes. A beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate will be treated as the beneficial owner of a proportionate interest in the REMIC Certificates underlying that Combination RCR Certificate. Except in the case of a beneficial owner that acquires a Combination RCR Certificate in an exchange described under “—*Exchanges*” below, a beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate must allocate its cost to acquire that Certificate among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of acquisition. Such an owner should account for its ownership interest in each underlying REMIC Certificate as described under “—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates” above and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus. When a beneficial owner sells a Combination RCR Certificate, the owner must allocate the sale proceeds among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of sale.

Exchanges. If a beneficial owner exchanges one or more REMIC Certificates for the related RCR Certificate or Certificates in the manner described under “Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination” in this prospectus supplement, the exchange will not be taxable. Likewise, if a beneficial owner exchanges one or more RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificate or Certificates in the manner described in that discussion, the exchange will not be a taxable exchange. In each of these cases, the beneficial owner will be treated as continuing to own after the exchange the same combination of interests in the related REMIC Certificates (or the same interest in the related REMIC Certificate) that it owned immediately prior to the exchange.

Tax Return Disclosure Requirements

Treasury Department Regulations that are directed at “tax shelters” could be read to apply to transactions generally not considered to be tax shelters. These Regulations require that taxpayers that participate in a “reportable transaction” disclose such transaction on their tax returns by attaching IRS Form 8886 and retain information related to the transaction. A transaction may be a “reportable transaction” based upon any of several indicia, one or more of which may be present with respect to the Certificates. You should consult your own tax advisor concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to your investment in the Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General. We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Barclays Capital Inc. (the “Dealer”) in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

Increase in Certificates. Before the Settlement Date, we and the Dealer may agree to offer Classes in addition to those contemplated as of the date of this prospectus supplement. In this event, we will increase the related MBS in principal balance, but we expect that all these additional MBS will have the same characteristics as described under “Description of the Certificates—The MBS” in this prospectus supplement. The proportion that the original principal balance of each Group 1 or 2 Class bears to the aggregate original principal balance of all Group 1 or 2 Classes, respectively, will remain the same. In addition, the dollar amounts shown in the Principal Balance Schedules will be increased to correspond to the increase of the principal balances of the applicable Classes.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Available Recombinations (1) (2)

REMIC Certificates		RCR Certificates						
Classes	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	RCR Class	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balance	Interest Rate	Interest Type (3)	Principal Type (3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Recombination 1								
EO	\$24,812,000	PE	\$ 24,812,000	5.50%	FIX	PAC	31395DB73	June 2036
EI	24,812,000 (4)							
Recombination 2								
PO	98,961,000	AB	98,961,000	6.50	FIX	PAC/AD	31395DB81	June 2036
FI	91,892,357 (4)							
SI	91,892,357 (4)							
Recombination 3								
PO	98,961,000	AC	98,961,000	6.00	FIX	PAC/AD	31395DB99	June 2036
FI	84,823,714 (4)							
SI	84,823,714 (4)							
Recombination 4								
PO	98,961,000	AD	98,961,000	5.75	FIX	PAC/AD	31395DC23	June 2036
FI	81,289,393 (4)							
SI	81,289,393 (4)							
Recombination 5								
PO	91,892,357	FB	91,892,357	(5)	FLT	PAC/AD	31395DC31	June 2036
FI	91,892,357 (4)							
Recombination 6								
FI	91,892,357 (4)	AI	98,961,000 (4)	6.50	FIX/IO	NTL	31395DC49	June 2036
SI	91,892,357 (4)							

(1) REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates may be exchanged only in the proportions shown in this Schedule 1.

(2) If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange. See “Description of the Certificates—General—*Authorized Denominations*” in this prospectus supplement.

(3) See “Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations” in the REMIC Prospectus and “Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest” and “—Distributions of Principal” in this prospectus supplement.

(4) Notional balances. These classes are Interest Only Classes. See page S-7 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.

(5) For a description of this interest rate, see “Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest” in this prospectus supplement.

Principal Balance Schedules

Aggregate Group I Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$202,908,000.00	January 2011	\$119,433,490.26	September 2015	\$ 54,326,444.55
June 2006	201,658,883.15	February 2011	118,068,152.46	October 2015	53,464,208.51
July 2006	200,383,739.12	March 2011	116,709,902.45	November 2015	52,614,694.61
August 2006	199,082,789.62	April 2011	115,358,703.77	December 2015	51,777,722.14
September 2006	197,756,271.57	May 2011	114,014,520.16	January 2016	50,953,112.85
October 2006	196,404,437.02	June 2011	112,677,315.50	February 2016	50,140,691.00
November 2006	195,027,552.89	July 2011	111,347,053.91	March 2016	49,340,283.29
December 2006	193,625,900.86	August 2011	110,023,699.65	April 2016	48,551,718.82
January 2007	192,199,777.12	September 2011	108,707,217.18	May 2016	47,774,829.08
February 2007	190,749,492.15	October 2011	107,397,571.17	June 2016	47,009,447.91
March 2007	189,275,370.52	November 2011	106,094,726.42	July 2016	46,255,411.44
April 2007	187,777,750.65	December 2011	104,798,647.95	August 2016	45,512,558.11
May 2007	186,256,984.52	January 2012	103,509,300.95	September 2016	44,780,728.58
June 2007	184,713,437.46	February 2012	102,226,650.78	October 2016	44,059,765.77
July 2007	183,147,487.82	March 2012	100,950,662.99	November 2016	43,349,514.74
August 2007	181,559,526.73	April 2012	99,681,303.31	December 2016	42,649,822.75
September 2007	179,967,406.55	May 2012	98,418,537.62	January 2017	41,960,539.16
October 2007	178,371,237.46	June 2012	97,162,332.00	February 2017	41,281,515.45
November 2007	176,771,135.14	July 2012	95,912,652.70	March 2017	40,612,605.16
December 2007	175,167,220.65	August 2012	94,669,466.15	April 2017	39,953,663.87
January 2008	173,559,620.32	September 2012	93,432,738.93	May 2017	39,304,549.18
February 2008	171,948,465.64	October 2012	92,202,437.82	June 2017	38,665,120.69
March 2008	170,333,893.14	November 2012	90,978,529.75	July 2017	38,035,239.93
April 2008	168,716,044.25	December 2012	89,760,981.83	August 2017	37,414,770.37
May 2008	167,095,065.19	January 2013	88,549,761.33	September 2017	36,803,577.41
June 2008	165,482,489.13	February 2013	87,344,835.71	October 2017	36,201,528.30
July 2008	163,878,272.84	March 2013	86,146,172.56	November 2017	35,608,492.17
August 2008	162,282,373.31	April 2013	84,953,739.68	December 2017	35,024,339.94
September 2008	160,694,747.77	May 2013	83,767,505.00	January 2018	34,448,944.37
October 2008	159,115,353.63	June 2013	82,587,436.64	February 2018	33,882,179.99
November 2008	157,544,148.56	July 2013	81,413,502.87	March 2018	33,323,923.07
December 2008	155,981,090.42	August 2013	80,245,672.12	April 2018	32,774,051.62
January 2009	154,426,137.31	September 2013	79,083,913.00	May 2018	32,232,445.34
February 2009	152,879,247.51	October 2013	77,928,194.27	June 2018	31,698,985.65
March 2009	151,340,379.56	November 2013	76,778,484.83	July 2018	31,173,555.58
April 2009	149,809,492.18	December 2013	75,634,753.79	August 2018	30,656,039.83
May 2009	148,286,544.31	January 2014	74,496,970.37	September 2018	30,146,324.71
June 2009	146,771,495.11	February 2014	73,365,103.98	October 2018	29,644,298.10
July 2009	145,264,303.94	March 2014	72,239,124.17	November 2018	29,149,849.48
August 2009	143,764,930.38	April 2014	71,119,000.65	December 2018	28,662,869.85
September 2009	142,273,334.20	May 2014	70,010,221.97	January 2019	28,183,251.75
October 2009	140,789,475.39	June 2014	68,917,658.43	February 2019	27,710,889.23
November 2009	139,313,314.15	July 2014	67,841,080.80	March 2019	27,245,677.81
December 2009	137,844,810.87	August 2014	66,780,263.02	April 2019	26,787,514.48
January 2010	136,383,926.16	September 2014	65,734,982.17	May 2019	26,336,297.69
February 2010	134,930,620.82	October 2014	64,705,018.41	June 2019	25,891,927.29
March 2010	133,484,855.85	November 2014	63,690,154.96	July 2019	25,454,304.54
April 2010	132,046,592.47	December 2014	62,690,178.06	August 2019	25,023,332.09
May 2010	130,615,792.07	January 2015	61,704,876.89	September 2019	24,598,913.97
June 2010	129,192,416.27	February 2015	60,734,043.58	October 2019	24,180,955.52
July 2010	127,776,426.86	March 2015	59,777,473.13	November 2019	23,769,363.45
August 2010	126,367,785.85	April 2015	58,834,963.39	December 2019	23,364,045.75
September 2010	124,966,455.42	May 2015	57,906,315.03	January 2020	22,964,911.71
October 2010	123,572,397.97	June 2015	56,991,331.46	February 2020	22,571,871.90
November 2010	122,185,576.08	July 2015	56,089,818.84	March 2020	22,184,838.15
December 2010	120,805,952.52	August 2015	55,201,586.04	April 2020	21,803,723.51

Aggregate Group I (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
May 2020	\$ 21,428,442.26	March 2025	\$ 7,251,096.36	January 2030	\$ 1,775,113.30
June 2020	21,058,909.91	April 2025	7,104,148.80	February 2030	1,721,200.37
July 2020	20,695,043.12	May 2025	6,959,600.17	March 2030	1,668,269.30
August 2020	20,336,759.75	June 2025	6,817,414.60	April 2030	1,616,304.67
September 2020	19,983,978.80	July 2025	6,677,556.72	May 2030	1,565,291.33
October 2020	19,636,620.41	August 2025	6,539,991.67	June 2030	1,515,214.30
November 2020	19,294,605.86	September 2025	6,404,685.09	July 2030	1,466,058.87
December 2020	18,957,857.52	October 2025	6,271,603.12	August 2030	1,417,810.52
January 2021	18,626,298.86	November 2025	6,140,712.37	September 2030	1,370,454.93
February 2021	18,299,854.44	December 2025	6,011,979.93	October 2030	1,323,978.03
March 2021	17,978,449.86	January 2026	5,885,373.38	November 2030	1,278,365.92
April 2021	17,662,011.79	February 2026	5,760,860.75	December 2030	1,233,604.91
May 2021	17,350,467.92	March 2026	5,638,410.53	January 2031	1,189,681.55
June 2021	17,043,746.97	April 2026	5,517,991.67	February 2031	1,146,582.53
July 2021	16,741,778.65	May 2026	5,399,573.55	March 2031	1,104,294.78
August 2021	16,444,493.68	June 2026	5,283,126.00	April 2031	1,062,805.41
September 2021	16,151,823.75	July 2026	5,168,619.30	May 2031	1,022,101.70
October 2021	15,863,701.50	August 2026	5,056,024.13	June 2031	982,171.16
November 2021	15,580,060.55	September 2026	4,945,311.61	July 2031	943,001.45
December 2021	15,300,835.44	October 2026	4,836,453.26	August 2031	904,580.42
January 2022	15,025,961.63	November 2026	4,729,421.03	September 2031	866,896.11
February 2022	14,755,375.50	December 2026	4,624,187.25	October 2031	829,936.72
March 2022	14,489,014.33	January 2027	4,520,724.67	November 2031	793,690.65
April 2022	14,226,816.29	February 2027	4,419,006.42	December 2031	758,146.45
May 2022	13,968,720.42	March 2027	4,319,006.02	January 2032	723,292.84
June 2022	13,714,666.62	April 2027	4,220,697.39	February 2032	689,118.72
July 2022	13,464,595.63	May 2027	4,124,054.79	March 2032	655,613.15
August 2022	13,218,449.06	June 2027	4,029,052.88	April 2032	622,765.35
September 2022	12,976,169.32	July 2027	3,935,666.68	May 2032	590,564.71
October 2022	12,737,699.65	August 2027	3,843,871.57	June 2032	559,000.75
November 2022	12,502,984.07	September 2027	3,753,643.28	July 2032	528,063.19
December 2022	12,271,967.43	October 2027	3,664,957.89	August 2032	497,741.86
January 2023	12,044,595.34	November 2027	3,577,791.84	September 2032	468,026.77
February 2023	11,820,814.18	December 2027	3,492,121.90	October 2032	438,908.07
March 2023	11,600,571.09	January 2028	3,407,925.18	November 2032	419,316.35
April 2023	11,383,813.98	February 2028	3,325,179.12	December 2032	400,104.89
May 2023	11,170,491.47	March 2028	3,243,861.48	January 2033	381,267.58
June 2023	10,960,552.92	April 2028	3,163,950.37	February 2033	362,798.38
July 2023	10,753,948.43	May 2028	3,085,424.17	March 2033	344,691.38
August 2023	10,550,628.78	June 2028	3,008,261.62	April 2033	326,940.73
September 2023	10,350,545.46	July 2028	2,932,441.74	May 2033	309,540.67
October 2023	10,153,650.66	August 2028	2,857,943.87	June 2033	292,485.53
November 2023	9,959,897.22	September 2028	2,784,747.64	July 2033	275,769.74
December 2023	9,769,238.69	October 2028	2,712,832.98	August 2033	259,387.77
January 2024	9,581,629.26	November 2028	2,642,180.12	September 2033	243,334.22
February 2024	9,397,023.76	December 2028	2,572,769.56	October 2033	227,603.74
March 2024	9,215,377.69	January 2029	2,504,582.10	November 2033	212,191.08
April 2024	9,036,647.17	February 2029	2,437,598.81	December 2033	197,091.05
May 2024	8,860,788.93	March 2029	2,371,801.04	January 2034	182,298.54
June 2024	8,687,760.35	April 2029	2,307,170.42	February 2034	167,808.54
July 2024	8,517,519.39	May 2029	2,243,688.82	March 2034	153,616.08
August 2024	8,350,024.62	June 2029	2,181,338.40	April 2034	139,716.29
September 2024	8,185,235.20	July 2029	2,120,101.59	May 2034	126,104.37
October 2024	8,023,110.87	August 2029	2,059,961.04	June 2034	112,775.58
November 2024	7,863,611.95	September 2029	2,000,899.68	July 2034	99,725.25
December 2024	7,706,699.32	October 2029	1,942,900.69	August 2034	86,948.80
January 2025	7,552,334.43	November 2029	1,885,947.48	September 2034	74,441.70
February 2025	7,400,479.26	December 2029	1,830,023.72	October 2034	62,199.50

Aggregate Group I (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
November 2034	\$ 50,217.81	April 2035	\$ 25,495.41	August 2035	\$ 7,537.40
December 2034	45,062.00	May 2035	20,859.28	September 2035	3,286.89
January 2035	40,013.60	June 2035	16,321.99	October 2035 and thereafter	0.00
February 2035	35,070.86	July 2035	11,881.90		
March 2035	30,232.04				

Aggregate Group II Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$10,679,000.00	May 2010	\$ 3,307,587.16	May 2014	\$ 302.67
June 2006	10,537,861.15	June 2010	3,194,273.15	June 2014	302.67
July 2006	10,393,629.28	July 2010	3,083,021.97	July 2014	302.67
August 2006	10,246,356.09	August 2010	2,973,815.16	August 2014	302.67
September 2006	10,096,098.11	September 2010	2,866,634.43	September 2014	302.67
October 2006	9,942,916.56	October 2010	2,761,461.59	October 2014	302.67
November 2006	9,786,877.36	November 2010	2,658,278.61	November 2014	302.67
December 2006	9,628,050.95	December 2010	2,557,067.60	December 2014	302.67
January 2007	9,466,512.24	January 2011	2,457,810.80	January 2015	302.67
February 2007	9,302,340.55	February 2011	2,360,490.58	February 2015	302.67
March 2007	9,135,619.45	March 2011	2,265,089.46	March 2015	302.67
April 2007	8,966,436.65	April 2011	2,171,590.09	April 2015	302.67
May 2007	8,794,883.96	May 2011	2,079,975.22	May 2015	302.67
June 2007	8,621,057.06	June 2011	1,990,227.79	June 2015	302.67
July 2007	8,445,055.47	July 2011	1,902,330.81	July 2015	302.67
August 2007	8,266,982.35	August 2011	1,816,267.47	August 2015	302.67
September 2007	8,089,559.40	September 2011	1,732,021.07	September 2015	302.67
October 2007	7,912,808.14	October 2011	1,649,575.01	October 2015	302.67
November 2007	7,736,751.73	November 2011	1,568,912.86	November 2015	302.67
December 2007	7,561,415.00	December 2011	1,490,018.30	December 2015	302.67
January 2008	7,386,824.38	January 2012	1,412,875.12	January 2016	302.67
February 2008	7,213,007.81	February 2012	1,337,467.27	February 2016	302.67
March 2008	7,039,994.71	March 2012	1,263,778.77	March 2016	302.67
April 2008	6,867,815.94	April 2012	1,191,793.81	April 2016	302.67
May 2008	6,696,503.69	May 2012	1,121,496.69	May 2016	302.67
June 2008	6,527,764.13	June 2012	1,052,871.83	June 2016	302.67
July 2008	6,361,574.97	July 2012	985,903.76	July 2016	302.67
August 2008	6,197,914.07	August 2012	920,577.12	August 2016	302.67
September 2008	6,036,759.46	September 2012	856,876.70	September 2016	302.67
October 2008	5,878,089.36	October 2012	794,787.38	October 2016	302.67
November 2008	5,721,882.12	November 2012	734,294.18	November 2016	302.67
December 2008	5,568,116.27	December 2012	675,382.21	December 2016	302.67
January 2009	5,416,770.49	January 2013	618,036.72	January 2017	302.67
February 2009	5,267,823.65	February 2013	562,243.05	February 2017	302.67
March 2009	5,121,254.73	March 2013	507,986.68	March 2017	302.67
April 2009	4,977,042.92	April 2013	455,253.17	April 2017	302.67
May 2009	4,835,167.54	May 2013	404,028.22	May 2017	302.67
June 2009	4,695,608.06	June 2013	354,297.63	June 2017	302.67
July 2009	4,558,344.11	July 2013	306,047.31	July 2017	302.67
August 2009	4,423,355.49	August 2013	259,263.27	August 2017	302.67
September 2009	4,290,622.13	September 2013	213,931.65	September 2017	302.67
October 2009	4,160,124.14	October 2013	170,038.68	October 2017	302.67
November 2009	4,031,841.73	November 2013	127,570.71	November 2017	302.67
December 2009	3,905,755.33	December 2013	86,514.18	December 2017	302.67
January 2010	3,781,845.44	January 2014	48,300.84	January 2018	302.67
February 2010	3,660,092.78	February 2014	21,335.25	February 2018	302.67
March 2010	3,540,478.17	March 2014	5,405.44	March 2018	302.67
April 2010	3,422,982.59	April 2014	302.67	April 2018	302.67

Aggregate Group II (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
May 2018	\$ 302.67	March 2023	\$ 302.67	January 2028	\$ 302.67
June 2018	302.67	April 2023	302.67	February 2028	302.67
July 2018	302.67	May 2023	302.67	March 2028	302.67
August 2018	302.67	June 2023	302.67	April 2028	302.67
September 2018	302.67	July 2023	302.67	May 2028	302.67
October 2018	302.67	August 2023	302.67	June 2028	302.67
November 2018	302.67	September 2023	302.67	July 2028	302.67
December 2018	302.67	October 2023	302.67	August 2028	302.67
January 2019	302.67	November 2023	302.67	September 2028	302.67
February 2019	302.67	December 2023	302.67	October 2028	302.67
March 2019	302.67	January 2024	302.67	November 2028	302.67
April 2019	302.67	February 2024	302.67	December 2028	302.67
May 2019	302.67	March 2024	302.67	January 2029	302.67
June 2019	302.67	April 2024	302.67	February 2029	302.67
July 2019	302.67	May 2024	302.67	March 2029	302.67
August 2019	302.67	June 2024	302.67	April 2029	302.67
September 2019	302.67	July 2024	302.67	May 2029	302.67
October 2019	302.67	August 2024	302.67	June 2029	302.67
November 2019	302.67	September 2024	302.67	July 2029	302.67
December 2019	302.67	October 2024	302.67	August 2029	302.67
January 2020	302.67	November 2024	302.67	September 2029	302.67
February 2020	302.67	December 2024	302.67	October 2029	302.67
March 2020	302.67	January 2025	302.67	November 2029	302.67
April 2020	302.67	February 2025	302.67	December 2029	302.67
May 2020	302.67	March 2025	302.67	January 2030	302.67
June 2020	302.67	April 2025	302.67	February 2030	302.67
July 2020	302.67	May 2025	302.67	March 2030	302.67
August 2020	302.67	June 2025	302.67	April 2030	302.67
September 2020	302.67	July 2025	302.67	May 2030	302.67
October 2020	302.67	August 2025	302.67	June 2030	302.67
November 2020	302.67	September 2025	302.67	July 2030	302.67
December 2020	302.67	October 2025	302.67	August 2030	302.67
January 2021	302.67	November 2025	302.67	September 2030	302.67
February 2021	302.67	December 2025	302.67	October 2030	302.67
March 2021	302.67	January 2026	302.67	November 2030	302.67
April 2021	302.67	February 2026	302.67	December 2030	302.67
May 2021	302.67	March 2026	302.67	January 2031	302.67
June 2021	302.67	April 2026	302.67	February 2031	302.67
July 2021	302.67	May 2026	302.67	March 2031	302.67
August 2021	302.67	June 2026	302.67	April 2031	302.67
September 2021	302.67	July 2026	302.67	May 2031	302.67
October 2021	302.67	August 2026	302.67	June 2031	302.67
November 2021	302.67	September 2026	302.67	July 2031	302.67
December 2021	302.67	October 2026	302.67	August 2031	302.67
January 2022	302.67	November 2026	302.67	September 2031	302.67
February 2022	302.67	December 2026	302.67	October 2031	302.67
March 2022	302.67	January 2027	302.67	November 2031	302.67
April 2022	302.67	February 2027	302.67	December 2031	302.67
May 2022	302.67	March 2027	302.67	January 2032	302.67
June 2022	302.67	April 2027	302.67	February 2032	302.67
July 2022	302.67	May 2027	302.67	March 2032	302.67
August 2022	302.67	June 2027	302.67	April 2032	302.67
September 2022	302.67	July 2027	302.67	May 2032	302.67
October 2022	302.67	August 2027	302.67	June 2032	302.67
November 2022	302.67	September 2027	302.67	July 2032	302.67
December 2022	302.67	October 2027	302.67	August 2032	302.67
January 2023	302.67	November 2027	302.67	September 2032	302.67
February 2023	302.67	December 2027	302.67	October 2032	302.67

Aggregate Group II (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
November 2032	\$ 302.67	December 2033	\$ 302.67	December 2034	\$ 302.67
December 2032	302.67	January 2034	302.67	January 2035	302.67
January 2033	302.67	February 2034	302.67	February 2035	302.67
February 2033	302.67	March 2034	302.67	March 2035	302.67
March 2033	302.67	April 2034	302.67	April 2035	302.67
April 2033	302.67	May 2034	302.67	May 2035	302.67
May 2033	302.67	June 2034	302.67	June 2035	302.67
June 2033	302.67	July 2034	302.67	July 2035	302.67
July 2033	302.67	August 2034	302.67	August 2035	302.67
August 2033	302.67	September 2034	302.67	September 2035	302.67
September 2033	302.67	October 2034	302.67	October 2035 and	
October 2033	302.67	November 2034	302.67	thereafter	0.00
November 2033	302.67				

Aggregate Group III Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$99,011,000.00	September 2009	\$41,541,620.38	January 2013	\$12,095,440.45
June 2006	97,865,810.78	October 2009	40,376,856.92	February 2013	11,722,496.23
July 2006	96,794,783.80	November 2009	39,232,029.77	March 2013	11,360,916.16
August 2006	95,665,985.68	December 2009	38,106,803.04	April 2013	11,010,356.98
September 2006	94,480,762.11	January 2010	37,000,846.46	May 2013	10,670,485.73
October 2006	93,240,547.40	February 2010	35,913,835.28	June 2013	10,340,979.43
November 2006	91,946,861.74	March 2010	34,845,450.15	July 2013	10,021,524.83
December 2006	90,601,308.25	April 2010	33,795,377.06	August 2013	9,711,818.04
January 2007	89,205,569.83	May 2010	32,764,445.79	September 2013	9,411,564.32
February 2007	87,761,405.72	June 2010	31,764,679.89	October 2013	9,120,477.77
March 2007	86,270,647.85	July 2010	30,795,143.63	November 2013	8,838,281.08
April 2007	84,735,197.07	August 2010	29,854,929.25	December 2013	8,564,705.29
May 2007	83,157,019.07	September 2010	28,943,156.08	January 2014	8,299,489.48
June 2007	81,538,140.19	October 2010	28,058,969.79	February 2014	8,042,380.61
July 2007	79,880,643.05	November 2010	27,201,541.54	March 2014	7,793,133.21
August 2007	78,186,662.02	December 2010	26,370,067.30	April 2014	7,551,509.23
September 2007	76,458,378.48	January 2011	25,563,767.03	May 2014	7,317,277.73
October 2007	74,698,016.09	February 2011	24,781,884.04	June 2014	7,090,214.75
November 2007	72,967,603.43	March 2011	24,023,684.22	July 2014	6,870,103.06
December 2007	71,266,637.80	April 2011	23,288,455.45	August 2014	6,656,731.94
January 2008	69,594,624.83	May 2011	22,575,506.88	September 2014	6,449,897.04
February 2008	67,951,078.38	June 2011	21,884,168.33	October 2014	6,249,400.14
March 2008	66,335,520.44	July 2011	21,213,789.65	November 2014	6,055,049.00
April 2008	64,747,480.91	August 2011	20,563,740.15	December 2014	5,866,657.15
May 2008	63,186,497.57	September 2011	19,933,408.02	January 2015	5,684,043.74
June 2008	61,652,115.84	October 2011	19,322,199.73	February 2015	5,507,033.39
July 2008	60,143,888.77	November 2011	18,729,539.53	March 2015	5,335,455.95
August 2008	58,661,376.81	December 2011	18,154,868.90	April 2015	5,169,146.45
September 2008	57,204,147.75	January 2012	17,597,646.04	May 2015	5,007,944.86
October 2008	55,771,776.58	February 2012	17,057,345.37	June 2015	4,851,695.97
November 2008	54,363,845.37	March 2012	16,533,457.03	July 2015	4,700,249.27
December 2008	52,979,943.16	April 2012	16,025,486.47	August 2015	4,553,458.77
January 2009	51,619,665.82	May 2012	15,532,953.91	September 2015	4,411,182.89
February 2009	50,282,615.98	June 2012	15,055,393.96	October 2015	4,273,284.30
March 2009	48,968,402.87	July 2012	14,592,355.17	November 2015	4,139,629.85
April 2009	47,676,642.25	August 2012	14,143,399.63	December 2015	4,010,090.37
May 2009	46,406,956.28	September 2012	13,708,102.53	January 2016	3,884,540.62
June 2009	45,158,973.41	October 2012	13,286,051.82	February 2016	3,762,859.10
July 2009	43,932,328.31	November 2012	12,876,847.79	March 2016	3,644,928.02
August 2009	42,726,661.73	December 2012	12,480,102.69	April 2016	3,530,633.12

Aggregate Group III (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
May 2016	\$ 3,419,863.60	March 2021	\$ 518,836.95	January 2026	\$ 69,505.66
June 2016	3,312,512.00	April 2021	501,835.08	February 2026	67,008.92
July 2016	3,208,474.12	May 2021	485,373.52	March 2026	64,595.88
August 2016	3,107,648.90	June 2021	469,435.47	April 2026	62,263.85
September 2016	3,009,938.32	July 2021	454,004.60	May 2026	60,010.21
October 2016	2,915,247.36	August 2021	439,065.11	June 2026	57,832.43
November 2016	2,823,483.84	September 2021	424,601.67	July 2026	55,728.05
December 2016	2,734,558.38	October 2021	410,599.43	August 2026	53,694.69
January 2017	2,648,384.30	November 2021	397,044.00	September 2026	51,730.06
February 2017	2,564,877.55	December 2021	383,921.43	October 2026	49,831.92
March 2017	2,483,956.62	January 2022	371,218.18	November 2026	47,998.11
April 2017	2,405,542.47	February 2022	358,921.15	December 2026	46,226.55
May 2017	2,329,558.44	March 2022	347,017.63	January 2027	44,515.20
June 2017	2,255,930.20	April 2022	335,495.32	February 2027	42,862.11
July 2017	2,184,585.69	May 2022	324,342.27	March 2027	41,265.38
August 2017	2,115,455.01	June 2022	313,546.92	April 2027	39,723.17
September 2017	2,048,470.37	July 2022	303,098.06	May 2027	38,233.70
October 2017	1,983,566.06	August 2022	292,984.83	June 2027	36,795.25
November 2017	1,920,678.36	September 2022	283,196.70	July 2027	35,406.15
December 2017	1,859,745.46	October 2022	273,723.46	August 2027	34,064.78
January 2018	1,800,707.45	November 2022	264,555.22	September 2027	32,769.57
February 2018	1,743,506.22	December 2022	255,682.39	October 2027	31,519.02
March 2018	1,688,085.43	January 2023	247,095.70	November 2027	30,311.66
April 2018	1,634,390.45	February 2023	238,786.14	December 2027	29,146.06
May 2018	1,582,368.31	March 2023	230,744.99	January 2028	28,020.85
June 2018	1,531,967.65	April 2023	222,963.79	February 2028	26,934.71
July 2018	1,483,138.66	May 2023	215,434.36	March 2028	25,886.33
August 2018	1,435,833.07	June 2023	208,148.75	April 2028	24,874.49
September 2018	1,390,004.04	July 2023	201,099.27	May 2028	23,897.96
October 2018	1,345,606.18	August 2023	194,278.47	June 2028	22,955.58
November 2018	1,302,595.46	September 2023	187,679.14	July 2028	22,046.21
December 2018	1,260,929.23	October 2023	181,294.26	August 2028	21,168.78
January 2019	1,220,566.08	November 2023	175,117.06	September 2028	20,322.20
February 2019	1,181,465.91	December 2023	169,140.96	October 2028	19,505.46
March 2019	1,143,589.80	January 2024	163,359.60	November 2028	18,717.57
April 2019	1,106,900.06	February 2024	157,766.82	December 2028	17,957.55
May 2019	1,071,360.10	March 2024	152,356.62	January 2029	17,224.49
June 2019	1,036,934.48	April 2024	147,123.23	February 2029	16,517.49
July 2019	1,003,588.83	May 2024	142,061.02	March 2029	15,835.66
August 2019	971,289.82	June 2024	137,164.57	April 2029	15,178.17
September 2019	940,005.14	July 2024	132,428.60	May 2029	14,544.21
October 2019	909,703.47	August 2024	127,848.01	June 2029	13,932.97
November 2019	880,354.44	September 2024	123,417.85	July 2029	13,343.70
December 2019	851,928.62	October 2024	119,133.34	August 2029	12,775.67
January 2020	824,397.45	November 2024	114,989.83	September 2029	12,228.14
February 2020	797,733.27	December 2024	110,982.83	October 2029	11,700.43
March 2020	771,909.25	January 2025	107,107.98	November 2029	11,191.88
April 2020	746,899.39	February 2025	103,361.06	December 2029	10,701.83
May 2020	722,678.48	March 2025	99,737.99	January 2030	10,229.65
June 2020	699,222.06	April 2025	96,234.79	February 2030	9,774.74
July 2020	676,506.46	May 2025	92,847.64	March 2030	9,336.51
August 2020	654,508.70	June 2025	89,572.82	April 2030	8,914.40
September 2020	633,206.52	July 2025	86,406.73	May 2030	8,507.84
October 2020	612,578.33	August 2025	83,345.88	June 2030	8,116.33
November 2020	592,603.21	September 2025	80,386.89	July 2030	7,739.33
December 2020	573,260.87	October 2025	77,526.50	August 2030	7,376.35
January 2021	554,531.66	November 2025	74,761.52	September 2030	7,026.91
February 2021	536,396.51	December 2025	72,088.90	October 2030	6,690.54

Aggregate Group III (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
November 2030	\$ 6,366.80	February 2032	\$ 2,761.01	April 2033	\$ 895.28
December 2030	6,055.25	March 2032	2,588.79	May 2033	799.93
January 2031	5,755.47	April 2032	2,423.45	June 2033	708.69
February 2031	5,467.04	May 2032	2,264.76	July 2033	621.42
March 2031	5,189.59	June 2032	2,112.48	August 2033	537.96
April 2031	4,922.72	July 2032	1,966.38	September 2033	458.17
May 2031	4,666.07	August 2032	1,826.23	October 2033	381.93
June 2031	4,419.28	September 2032	1,691.83	November 2033	309.08
July 2031	4,182.01	October 2032	1,562.96	December 2033	239.52
August 2031	3,953.93	November 2032	1,439.43	January 2034	173.11
September 2031	3,734.71	December 2032	1,321.04	February 2034	109.74
October 2031	3,524.04	January 2033	1,207.61	March 2034	49.28
November 2031	3,321.62	February 2033	1,098.95	April 2034 and	
December 2031	3,127.16	March 2033	994.90	thereafter	0.00
January 2032	2,940.39				

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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\$407,900,000



**Guaranteed REMIC
Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2006-57**

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Barclays Capital

May 12, 2006
