\$520,675,000



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2006-55

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- · interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual class), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We may pay principal at rates that vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are distributed to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixedrate loans.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-10 of this prospectus supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

			r			1	
Class	Group	Original Class Balance	Principal Type	Interest Rate	Interest Type	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
-			71		71		
PA(1)	1	\$ 49,525,000	PAC	6.00%	FIX	31395DYC7	May 2026
PB(1)	1	20,129,000	PAC	6.00	FIX	31395DYD5	June 2029
PC	1	22,690,000	PAC	6.00	FIX	31395DYE3	April 2032
OD(1)	1	24,531,000	PAC	(2)	PO	31395DYF0	August 2034
DI(1)	1	24,531,000(4)	NTL	6.00	FIX/IO	31395DYG8	August 2034
OE(1)	1	22,625,000	PAC	(2)	PO	31395DYH6	June 2036
EI(1)	1	22,625,000(4)	NTL	6.00	FIX/IO	31395DYJ2	June 2036
DA	1	1,999,065	PAC	6.00	FIX	31395DYK9	June 2036
DG	1	5,064,000	PAC	6.00	FIX	31395DYL7	March 2036
DH	1	3,186,000	PAC	6.00	FIX	31395DYM5	June 2036
DB	1	427,988	PAC	6.00	FIX	31395DYN3	June 2036
DJ	1	44,983	PAC	6.00	FIX	31395DYP8	June 2036
DC	1	43,610,350	SUP	6.00	FIX	31395DYQ6	March 2036
DE	1	6,167,614	SUP	6.00	FIX	31395DYR4	June 2036
GB	2	55,163,000	SEQ	5.00	FIX	31395DYS2	August 2023
GE	2	18,387,265	SEQ	5.00	FIX	31395DYT0	June 2026
NC	3	100,000,000	SEQ	5.75	FIX	31395DYU7	December 2024
NF	3	25,000,000	SEQ	(3)	FLT	31395DYV5	December 2024
NS	3	25,000,000(4)	NTL	(3)	INV/IO	31395DYW3	December 2024
NO(1)	3	22,058,823	SEQ	(2)	PO	31395DYX1	June 2026
NI(1)	3	22,058,823(4)	NTL	6.00	FIX/IO	31395DYY9	June 2026
KA(1)	4	57,414,000	SEQ	6.00	FIX	31395DYZ6	March 2031
KO(1)	4	12,632,139	SEQ	(2)	PO	31395DZA0	January 2033
KI(1)	4	12,632,139(4)	NTL	6.00	FIX/IO	31395DZB8	January 2033
KH	4	8,888,888	SEQ/AD	6.00	FIX	31395DZC6	February 2017
OK(1)	4	11,130,885	SEQ/AD	(2)	PO	31395DZD4	November 2024
IK(1)	4	11,130,885(4)	NTL	6.00	FIX/IO	31395DZE2	November 2024
KZ	4	10,000,000	SEQ	6.00	FIX/Z	31395DZF9	June 2036
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	31395DZG7	June 2036
<u>RL</u>		0	NPR	0	NPR	31395DZH5	June 2036

- Exchangeable classes.
- (2) Principal only classes.
- Based on LIBOR.

(4) Notional balances. These classes are interest only classes. See page S-8 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for the corresponding RCR certificates to be issued at the time of the exchange. The QE, QG, QH, IC, PD, PE, ND, KB, KG and KE Classes are the RCR classes, as further described in this prospectus supplement.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be May 30, 2006.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page		Page
AVAILABLE INFORMATION	S- 3	KZ Accrual Amount	S-20
INCORPORATION BY		Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution	
REFERENCE	S- 3	\overline{Amount}	S-20
RECENT DEVELOPMENTS	S- 4	STRUCTURING ASSUMPTIONS	S-20
REFERENCE SHEET	S- 6	Pricing Assumptions	S-20
ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS	S-10	Prepayment Assumptions	S-20
DESCRIPTION OF THE		Structuring Ranges	S-20
CERTIFICATES	S-11	Initial Effective Ranges	S-21
General	S-11	YIELD TABLES	S-21
Structure	S-11	General	S-21
Fannie Mae Guaranty	S-12	The Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes	S-22
Characteristics of Certificates	S-12	The Principal Only Classes	S-23
Authorized Denominations	S-13	The Inverse Floating Rate Class	S-24
Distribution Dates	S-13	WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIVES OF THE	
Record Date	S-13	Certificates	S-25
Class Factors	S-13	Decrement Tables	S-26
No Optional Termination	S-13	CHARACTERISTICS OF THE R AND	
COMBINATION AND RECOMBINATION	S-13	RL Classes	S-32
General	S-13	CERTAIN ADDITIONAL	
Procedures	S-13	FEDERAL INCOME TAX	
Additional Considerations	S-14	CONSEQUENCES	S-33
THE MBS	S-14	U.S. Treasury Circular 230	
Final Data Statement	S-15	Notice	S-33
DISTRIBUTIONS OF INTEREST	S-16	REMIC ELECTIONS AND SPECIAL	~
Categories of Classes	S-16	TAX ATTRIBUTES	S-33
General	S-16	TAXATION OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF	0.04
Interest Accrual Periods	S-17	REGULAR CERTIFICATES	S-34
Accrual Class	S-17	TAXATION OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF RESIDUAL CERTIFICATES	S-34
Notional Classes	S-17	TAXATION OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF	5-54
Floating Rate and Inverse Floating	011	RCR CERTIFICATES	S-34
Rate Classes	S-17	General	S-34
CALCULATION OF LIBOR	S-17	Strip RCR Classes	S-35
DISTRIBUTIONS OF PRINCIPAL	S-18	Combination RCR Classes	S-36
Categories of Classes	S-18	Exchanges	S-36
Principal Distribution Amount	S-18	Tax Return Disclosure	5-50
Group 1 Principal Distribution		REQUIREMENTS	S-36
Amount	S-19	PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	S-37
Group 2 Principal Distribution		General	S-37
Amount	S-19	Increase in Certificates	S-37
Group 3 Principal Distribution		LEGAL MATTERS	S-37
Amount	S-19	SCHEDULE 1	A- 1
Group 4 Principal Distribution		PRINCIPAL BALANCE	11- I
Amount	S-20	SCHEDULES	B- 1

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the "Disclosure Documents"):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated May 1, 2002 (the "REMIC Prospectus");
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated January 1, 2006 (the "MBS Prospectus"); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below under the heading "Incorporation by Reference."

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae MBS Helpline 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 1-800-237-8627).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus by writing or calling the dealer at:

Countrywide Securities Corporation Prospectus Department 4500 Park Grenada Calabasas, California 91302 (telephone 800-669-6091).

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

In this prospectus supplement, we are incorporating by reference the MBS Prospectus described above. In addition, we are incorporating by reference the documents listed below. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to these documents. These documents are considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with these documents.

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus and any applicable supplements or amendments.

We incorporate by reference the following documents we have filed, or may file, with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"):

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 ("Form 10-K");
- all other reports we have filed pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange
 Act of 1934 since the end of the fiscal year covered by the Form 10-K until the date of this
 prospectus supplement, excluding any information "furnished" to the SEC on Form 8-K; and
- all proxy statements that we file with the SEC and all documents that we file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement and prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates, excluding any information we "furnish" to the SEC on Form 8-K.

Any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement is deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus supplement to the extent information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement modifies or supersedes such information. In such case, the information will constitute a part of this prospectus supplement only as so modified or superseded.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can obtain copies of the periodic reports we file with the SEC without charge by calling or writing our Office of Investor Relations, Fannie Mae, 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20016, telephone: (202) 752-7115. The periodic and current reports that we file with the SEC are also available on our Web site. Information appearing on our Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

In addition, you may read our SEC filings and other information about Fannie Mae at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, the Chicago Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange. Our SEC filings are also available at the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov. We are providing the address of the SEC's Web site solely for the information of prospective investors. Information appearing on the SEC's Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Our safety and soundness regulator, the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight ("OFHEO"), announced in July 2003 that it was conducting a special examination of our accounting policies and practices, and in September 2004 issued a preliminary report of its findings to date. OFHEO subsequently identified additional accounting and internal control issues in February 2005, and issued its Report of the Special Examination of Fannie Mae (the "OFHEO Report") on May 23, 2006.

On December 22, 2004, we reported that the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors (the "Board") had determined that our previously filed interim and audited financial statements and the independent auditor's reports thereon for the period from January 2001 through the second quarter of 2004 should no longer be relied upon because such financial statements were prepared using accounting principles that did not comply with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). We have subsequently initiated an extensive restatement and re-audit of our financial statements with our new independent auditor, Deloitte & Touche LLP. We anticipate that the impact of the restatement will be material to Fannie Mae's financial statements for many, if not all, of the periods involved.

Our Board and management have initiated numerous internal and external reviews of our accounting processes and controls, our financial reporting processes, and our application of GAAP. See "Risk Factors—There are numerous ongoing internal reviews and external investigations of Fannie Mae" in the MBS Prospectus. One of these external investigations was conducted by the law firm of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP ("Paul Weiss"), under the direction of former U.S. Senator Warren Rudman. On February 23, 2006, the Paul Weiss report to the Special Committee of the Board was publicly released, and included numerous findings about Fannie Mae's accounting policies, practices and systems, compensation practices, corporate governance, and internal controls. On February 24, 2006, we filed a Form 8-K with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") that includes the Paul Weiss report.

The OFHEO Report presents OFHEO's findings about Fannie Mae's corporate culture, executive compensation programs, accounting policies and internal controls, internal and external auditors, senior management, and the Board. In conjunction with the release of the OFHEO Report, Fannie Mae entered into settlement agreements with both OFHEO and the SEC on May 23, 2006. The settlement agreements require Fannie Mae to pay civil penalties totaling \$400 million. In addition, the

settlement agreement with OFHEO requires Fannie Mae to undertake certain remedial actions within a specified time frame to address the recommendations contained in the OFHEO Report, including an undertaking by Fannie Mae not to increase its "mortgage portfolio" assets except as permitted by a plan to be submitted by Fannie Mae for approval by OFHEO. The settlement agreements constitute comprehensive settlements between Fannie Mae and both OFHEO and the SEC relating to the activities of Fannie Mae during the time period in question. Investigations into our accounting policies and practices and our financial reporting continue with the U.S. Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia. Please refer to our Form 8-K to be filed with the SEC on or about May 25, 2006 for further information about the OFHEO Report and the settlement agreements. A complete copy of the OFHEO Report is available on OFHEO's website at www.ofheo.gov.

We have not filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the third quarter of 2004, the first, second and third quarters of 2005, or the first quarter of 2006, nor have we filed our Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the years ended December 31, 2004 or December 31, 2005. As we most recently reported in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 9, 2006, we estimate that it is unlikely we will complete our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, which will include our restated results, prior to the second half of 2006. See "Risk Factors—There is a lack of financial information about us available in the market" in the MBS Prospectus.

Forms 8-K that we file with the SEC prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to those documents. You should refer to "Incorporation by Reference" above for further details on the information that we incorporate by reference in this prospectus supplement and where to find it.

REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

Group	Assets
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS
3	Group 3 MBS
4	Group 4 MBS

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS (as of May 1, 2006)

	Approximate Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Coupon
Group 1 MBS	\$ 50,000,000(1)	360	358	2	6.500%
_	\$150,000,000	360	357	3	6.500%
Group 2 MBS	\$ 73,550,265	240	231	8	5.500%
Group 3 MBS	\$147,058,823	240	237	3	6.400%
Group 4 MBS	\$ 71,000,000	360	359	1	6.375%
_	\$ 16,818,051(2)	360	358	2	6.625%
	\$ 6,523,000(3)	360	359	1	6.568%
	\$ 5,724,861(4)	360	352	3	6.447%

⁽¹⁾ As further described in this prospectus supplement, the mortgage loans underlying approximately \$50,000,000 principal amount of Group 1 MBS provide for interest only periods that may range from at least 7 to no more than 10 years following origination. The weighted average remaining term to expiration of the interest only period for these mortgage loans is assumed to be approximately 118 months.

(2) As further described in this prospectus supplement, the mortgage loans underlying approximately \$16,818,051 principal amount of Group 4 MBS provide for interest only periods that may range from greater than 10 to no more than 15 years following origination. The weighted average remaining term to expiration of the interest only period for these mortgage loans is assumed to be approximately 178 months.

(3) As further described in this prospectus supplement, the mortgage loans underlying approximately \$6,523,000 principal amount of Group 4 MBS provide for interest only periods that may range from greater than 10 to no more than 15 years following origination. The weighted average remaining term to expiration of the interest only period for these mortgage loans is assumed to be approximately 179 months.

(4) As further described in this prospectus supplement, the mortgage loans underlying approximately \$5,724,861 principal amount of Group 4 MBS provide for interest only periods that may range from greater than 10 to no more than 15 years following origination. The weighted average remaining term to expiration of the interest only period for these mortgage loans is assumed to be approximately 172 months.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, weighted average loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly.

Class Factors

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance of that certificate (after taking into account principal payments in the same month). We publish the class factors on or shortly after the 11th day of each month.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on May 30, 2006.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry	Physical
All classes of certificates other	R and RL Classes
than the R and RL Classes	

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certain certificates, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates as shown on Schedule 1. We will issue the RCR certificates upon such exchange. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We use the principal and interest of the certificates exchanged to pay principal and interest on the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

Class	Initial	Maximum	Minimum	Formula for
	Interest	Interest	Interest	Calculation of
	Rate	<u>Rate</u>	Rate	Interest Rate(1)
NF NS		$7.00\% \ 6.65\%$	$0.35\% \ 0.00\%$	LIBOR + 35 basis points 6.65% - LIBOR

⁽¹⁾ We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method."

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Notional Classes

A notional class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balances will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

Class DI 100% of the OD Class EI 100% of the OE Class IC 8.3333333333 of the sum of the PA and PB Classes NS 100% of the NF Class NI 100% of the NO Class KI 100% of the KO Class IK 100% of the OK Class

Distributions of Principal

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

- 1. To Aggregate Group I to its Planned Balance.
- 2. To Aggregate Group II to its Planned Balance.
- 3. To the DC and DE Classes, in that order, to zero.
- 4. To Aggregate Group II to zero.
- 5. To Aggregate Group I to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Groups I and II, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount" in this prospectus supplement.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

To the GB and GE Classes, in that order, to zero.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

- 1. To the NC and NF Classes, pro rata, to zero.
- 2. To the NO Class to zero.

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

KZ Accrual Amount

To the KH and OK Classes, in that order, to zero, and thereafter to the KZ Class.

Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

To the KA, KO, KH, OK and KZ Classes, in that order, to zero.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
Group 1 Classes	0%	100%	120%	218%	$\underline{250\%}$	350%	500%	600%
PA	11.0	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.3	2.1
PB	18.4	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	4.8	3.6	3.1
PC	21.1	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	4.4	3.8
OD, DI and PD	23.5	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	8.2	5.9	5.0
OE, EI and PE	25.5	17.6	17.6	17.6	17.6	13.5	9.6	8.0
DA	26.6	12.4	3.7	3.7	3.7	2.8	2.1	1.9
DG	26.5	11.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	1.9	1.7
DH	26.9	13.6	5.9	5.9	5.9	3.6	2.4	2.1
DB	27.0	14.4	8.6	8.6	8.6	3.7	2.5	2.2
DJ	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	3.7	2.5	2.2
DC	28.4	20.8	18.2	4.0	2.7	1.7	1.3	1.1
DE	29.9	28.6	28.1	20.1	6.5	3.1	2.2	1.9
QE, QG, QH and IC	13.1	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.3	2.7	2.4
				PSA :	Prepaym	ent Assu	mption	
Group 2 Classes			0%	100%	164%	250%	350%	500%
GB			10.4	5.5	4.3	3.2	2.6	2.0
GE			18.6	15.3	13.4	11.0	8.9	6.6
				PSA	Prepaym	ent Assu	mption	
Group 3 Classes			0%	100%	236%	350%	500%	600%
NC, NF and NS			11.6	6.9	4.3	3.3	2.6	2.3
NO, NI and ND			19.3	17.3	13.7	10.9	8.2	7.0
				PSA	Prepaym	ent Assu	mption	
Group 4 Classes			0%	100%	205%	350%	500%	600%
KA			17.4	6.0	3.6	2.5	2.0	1.8
KO, KI and KB			25.6	14.2	8.2	$\frac{2.3}{5.3}$	$\frac{2.0}{4.0}$	3.4
KH			5.9	5.9	5.8	4.8	3.9	3.5
OK, IK and KE			14.8	14.6	10.9	7.5	5.7	4.9
KZ			28.4	22.6	17.4	12.3	9.1	7.7
KG			18.9	7.5	4.5	3.0	2.4	2.1

^{*} Determined as specified under "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans underlying the related MBS, including prepayments. Because borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty, the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at any of the prepayment rates we assumed in this prospectus supplement, or
- at any constant prepayment rate until maturity.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Certain mortgage loans underlying the Group 1 and Group 4 MBS provide for interest only payments for a lengthy initial period and thus may be more likely to be refinanced than other mortgage loans. As further described in this prospectus supplement under "Description of the Certificates—The MBS," the scheduled monthly payments on certain of the mortgage loans underlying the Group 1 and Group 4 MBS represent accrued interest only during periods that may range from seven to ten years (in the case of the Group 1 MBS) or from ten to fifteen years (in the case of the Group 4 MBS) following origination. Thereafter, the scheduled monthly payments in each case are increased to amounts sufficient to pay current interest and to fully amortize each of these mortgage loans by

its maturity date. As a result, borrowers may be more likely to refinance these mortgage loans on or before the dates on which the scheduled monthly payments increase.

Recent hurricanes in the Gulf Coast region may present risk of increased mortgage loan prepayments. In August and September 2005, Hurricane Katrina and Hurricane Rita and related events caused catastrophic damage to extensive areas along the Gulf Coast of the United States, including portions of coastal and inland Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas. Hundreds of thousands of people have been displaced and interruptions in the regional economy have been significant. Although the long-term effects are unclear, these events could lead to a general economic downturn in the Gulf Coast region, including job losses and declines in real estate values. Accordingly, defaults on any mortgage loans in the affected areas may increase, in turn resulting in early payments of principal of the certificates backed by those mortgage loans. Additionally, casualty losses on mortgage properties with hurricane or flood damage may result in early payment of principal of the related certificates.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Weighted average lives and yields on the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans. We have assumed that the mortgage loans underlying the MBS have certain characteristics. However, the actual mortgage loans probably will have different characteristics from those we assumed. As a result, your yields could be lower than you expect, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant prepayment rates. In addition, slight differences between the assumed mortgage loans could affect the weighted average lives of the classes of certificates.

Level of floating rate index affects yields on certain certificates. The yield on any floating rate or inverse floating rate certificate will be affected by the level of its interest rate index. If the level of the index differs from the level you expect, then your actual yield may be lower than you expect.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since certain classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period, these classes have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. If you assume that the actual final payment will occur on the final distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates. You should obtain legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed market. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small or large amounts of certificates at prices comparable to those available to other investors. You should purchase certificates only if you understand and can tolerate the risk that the value of your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

Terrorist activities and related military and political actions by the U.S. government could cause reductions in investor confidence and substantial market volatility in real estate and securities markets. It is impossible to predict the extent to which terrorist activities may occur or, if they do occur, the extent of the effect on the certificates. Moreover, it is uncertain what effects any past or future terrorist activities or any related military or political actions on the part of the United States government and others will have on the United States and world financial markets, local, regional and national economies, real estate markets across the United States, or particular business sectors, including those affecting the performance of mortgage loan borrowers. Among other things, reduced investor confidence could result in substantial volatility in securities markets and a decline in real estaterelated investments. In addition, defaults on the mortgage loans could increase, causing early payments of principal to you and, regardless of the performance of the underlying mortgage loans, the liquidity and market value of the certificates may be impaired.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the "Trust") and a separate trust (the "Lower Tier REMIC") pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of May 1, 2006 (the "Issue Date"). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the "REMIC Certificates") pursuant to that trust agreement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the "RCR Certificates" and, together

with the REMIC Certificates, the "Certificates") pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the "Trust Agreement"). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the "Trustee"). In general, the term "Classes" includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC each will constitute a "real estate mortgage investment conduit" ("REMIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

- The REMIC Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) will be "regular interests" in the Trust.
- The R Class will be the "residual interest" in the Trust.
- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the "Lower Tier Regular Interests") will be the "regular interests" in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests.

The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of four groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the "Group 1 MBS," "Group 2 MBS," "Group 3 MBS" and "Group 4 MBS" and, together, the "MBS").

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family ("single-family"), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the "Mortgage Loans") having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that we will distribute to Certificateholders:

- · required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class of Certificates no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS.

In addition, we guarantee that we will distribute to each holder of an MBS:

- scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying Mortgage Loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and
- the full principal balance of any foreclosed Mortgage Loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guarantees are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. See "Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the MBS Prospectus.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are "Holders" or "Certificateholders." A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. See "Description of Certificates—Denominations and Form" in the REMIC Prospectus.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association ("US Bank") in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes" below.

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. US Bank will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

<u>Classes</u> <u>Denominations</u>

The Principal Only, Interest Only and \$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments Inverse Floating Rate Classes

All other Classes (except the R and \$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments RL Classes)

We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Dates. We will make monthly payments on the Certificates on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to each of these dates as a "Distribution Date." We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

Record Date. On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the eleventh calendar day of each month, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each Class of Certificates. When the applicable class factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of any Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month (as well as any addition to principal in the case of the Accrual Class).

No Optional Termination. We have no option to effect an early termination of the Lower Tier REMIC or the Trust. Further, we will not repurchase the Mortgage Loans underlying any MBS in a "clean-up call." See "Description of the Certificates—Termination" in the MBS Prospectus.

Combination and Recombination

General. You are permitted to exchange all or a portion of the PA, PB, OD, DI, OE, EI, NO, NI, KA, KO, KI, OK and IK Classes of REMIC Certificates for a proportionate interest in the related RCR Certificates in the combinations shown on Schedule 1. You also may exchange all or a portion of the RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificates in the same manner. This process may occur repeatedly.

Holders of RCR Certificates will be the beneficial owners of a proportionate interest in the related REMIC Certificates and will receive a proportionate share of the distributions on the related REMIC Certificates.

The Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates that are outstanding at any given time, and the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of these Classes, will depend upon any related distributions of principal, as well as any exchanges that occur. REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates may be exchanged only in the proportions shown on Schedule 1.

Procedures. If a Certificateholder wishes to exchange Certificates, the Certificateholder must notify our Structured Transactions Department through one of our "REMIC Dealer Group" dealers in writing or by telefax no later than two business days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any business day other than the first or last business day of the month subject to our approval. The notice must include the outstanding principal balance of both the Certificates to be exchanged and the Certificates to be received, and the proposed exchange date. After receiving the

Holder's notice, we will telephone the dealer with delivery and wire payment instructions. Notice becomes irrevocable on the second business day before the proposed exchange date.

In connection with each exchange, the Holder must pay us a fee equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional principal balance) of the Certificates to be exchanged. In no event, however, will our fee be less than \$2,000.

We will make the first distribution on a REMIC Certificate or an RCR Certificate received in an exchange transaction on the Distribution Date in the following month. We will make that distribution to the Holder of record as of the close of business on the last day of the month of the exchange.

Additional Considerations. The characteristics of RCR Certificates will reflect the characteristics of the REMIC Certificates used to form those RCR Certificates. You should also consider a number of factors that will limit a Certificateholder's ability to exchange REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates or vice versa:

- At the time of the proposed exchange, a Certificateholder must own Certificates of the related Class or Classes in the proportions necessary to make the desired exchange.
- A Certificateholder that does not own the Certificates may be unable to obtain the necessary REMIC Certificates or RCR Certificates.
- If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange.
- The Certificateholder of needed Certificates may refuse to sell them at a reasonable price (or any price) or may be unable to sell them.
- Certain Certificates may have been purchased and placed into other financial structures and thus be unavailable.
- Principal distributions will decrease the amounts available for exchange over time.
- Only the combinations listed on Schedule 1 are permitted.

The MBS

The following table contains certain information about the MBS. The MBS included in each specified Group will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years in the case of the Group 1 and Group 4 MBS, and up to 20 years in the case of the Group 2 and Group 3 MBS.

In addition, in the case of approximately 25.0% of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 MBS (by principal balance at the Issue Date), the scheduled monthly payments on those loans represent accrued interest only for periods that may range from at least seven to no more than ten years following origination. Further, in the case of approximately 29.0% of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 4 MBS (by principal balance at the Issue Date), the scheduled monthly payments on those loans represent accrued interest only for periods that may range from greater than ten to no more than fifteen years following origination. Beginning with the first monthly payment following the expiration of the applicable interest only period, the scheduled monthly payment on each of these Mortgage Loans will be increased by an amount sufficient to pay accrued interest and to fully amortize the Mortgage Loan by its scheduled maturity date.

See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

We expect the characteristics of the MBS and the related Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Group 1 MBS Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance MBS Pass-Through Rate Range of WACs (annual percentages) Range of WAMs Approximate Weighted Average WAM Approximate Weighted Average WALA (weighted average loan age)	\$200,000,000 6.00% 6.25% to 8.50% 241 months to 360 months 357 months*
Group 2 MBS Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance MBS Pass-Through Rate Range of WACs (annual percentages) Range of WAMs Approximate Weighted Average WAM Approximate Weighted Average WALA	\$73,550,265 5.00% 5.25% to 7.50% 181 months to 240 months 231 months 8 months
Group 3 MBS Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance MBS Pass-Through Rate Range of WACs (annual percentages) Range of WAMs Approximate Weighted Average WAM Approximate Weighted Average WALA	\$147,058,823 6.00% 6.25% to 8.50% 181 months to 240 months 237 months 3 months
Group 4 MBS Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance MBS Pass-Through Rate Range of WACs (annual percentages) Range of WAMs Approximate Weighted Average WAM Approximate Weighted Average WALA	\$100,065,912 6.00% 6.25% to 8.50% 241 months to 360 months 358 months** 1 month

^{*} As described above, approximately 25.0% of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 MBS (by principal balance at the Issue Date) provide for interest only periods that may range from at least 7 to no more than 10 years following origination. The approximate weighted average remaining term to expiration of the interest only periods for those Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 118 months.

* As described above, approximately 29.0% of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 4 MBS (by principal balance at the Issue Date) provide for interest only periods that may range from greater than 10 to no more than

Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the Pool number, the current WAC (or original WAC, if the current WAC is not available) and the current WAM (or Adjusted WAM, if the current WAM is not available) of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement also will include the weighted averages of all the current or original WACs and the weighted averages of all the current or Adjusted WAMs, based on the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by

^{**} As described above, approximately 29.0% of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 4 MBS (by principal balance at the Issue Date) provide for interest only periods that may range from greater than 10 to no more than 15 years following origination. The approximate weighted average remaining term to expiration of the interest only periods for approximately \$16,818,051, \$6,523,000 and \$5,724,861, respectively, in principal amount of those Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 178 months, 179 months and 172 months, respectively.

telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627. In addition, the Final Data Statement is available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

Distributions of Interest

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

Interest Type* Classes

Group 1 Classes

Fixed Rate PA, PB, PC, DI, EI, DA, DG, DH, DB, DJ, DC and DE

Interest Only DI and EI Principal Only OD and OE

RCR** QE, QG, QH, IC, PD and PE

Group 2 Classes

GB and GE Fixed Rate

Group 3 Classes

Fixed Rate NC and NI

Floating Rate NF Inverse Floating Rate NS

Interest Only NS and NI

Principal Only NO. RCR* ND

Group 4 Classes

Fixed Rate KA, KI, KH, IK and KZ

Interest Only KI and IK KO and OK Principal Only

Accrual KZ

RCR** KB, KG and KE

R and RL No Payment Residual

General. We will pay interest on the Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates specified on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest based on an assumed 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly (except in the case of the Accrual Class) on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Class) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Class, see "-Accrual Class" below.

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

Interest Accrual Periods. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the Certificates during the applicable one-month periods set forth below (each, an "Interest Accrual Period").

Classes

Interest Accrual Periods

All Fixed Rate Classes (collectively, the "Delay Classes")

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

One-month period beginning on the 25th day of the month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See "Additional Risk Factors—Delay classes have lower yields and market values" in this prospectus supplement.

The Dealer will treat the Principal Only Classes as Delay Classes for the sole purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Class. The KZ Class is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class at the applicable annual rate specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay interest on the Accrual Class until the Distribution Date following the Distribution Date on which the principal balance of the OK Class is reduced to zero. On each Distribution Date when interest is not paid on the Accrual Class, interest accrued on that Class will instead be added as principal to its principal balance. We will pay principal on the Accrual Class as described under "—Distributions of Principal" below.

Notional Classes. The Notional Classes will not have principal balances. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Classes will bear interest on their notional principal balances at their applicable interest rates. The notional principal balances of the Notional Classes will be calculated as specified under "Reference Sheet—Notional Classes" in this prospectus supplement.

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for that Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall refer also to the notional principal balances of the Notional Classes.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes During each Interest Accrual Period, the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at rates determined as described under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement.

Changes in the specified interest rate index (the "Index") will affect the yields with respect to the related Classes. These changes may not correspond to changes in mortgage interest rates. Lower mortgage interest rates could occur while an increase in the level of the Index occurs. Similarly, higher mortgage interest rates could occur while a decrease in the level of the Index occurs.

Our establishment of each Index value and our determination of the interest rate for each applicable Class for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627.

Calculation of LIBOR

On each Index Determination Date, we will calculate LIBOR for the related Interest Accrual Period. We will calculate LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method," as described in the REMIC Prospectus under "Description of Certificates—Indexes for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes—*LIBOR*."

If we are unable to calculate LIBOR on the initial Index Determination Date, LIBOR for the following Interest Accrual Period will be equal to 5.08%.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes fall into the following categories:

Principal Type* Classes

Group 1 Classes

PAC PA, PB, PC, OD, OE, DA, DG, DH, DB and DJ

Support DC and DE Notional DI and EI

RCR** QE, QG, QH, IC, PD and PE

Group 2 Classes

Sequential Pay GB and GE

Group 3 Classes

Sequential Pay NC, NF and NO Notional NS and NI

RCR** ND

Group 4 Classes

Sequential Pay KA, KO, KH, OK and KZ

Notional KI and IK
Accretion Directed KH and OK
RCR** KB, KG and KE

No Payment Residual R and RL

Principal Distribution Amount

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an aggregate amount (the "Principal Distribution Amount") equal to the sum of

- the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS (the "Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS (the "Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS (the "Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount"), and
- the principal then paid on the Group 4 MBS (the "Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount") plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the KZ Class (the "KZ Accrual Amount," and together with the Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the "Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount").

^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

^{**} See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 1 Classes as follows:

- (i) to Aggregate Group I (described below), until the Aggregate I Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;
- PAC Groups
- (ii) to Aggregate Group II (described below), until the Aggregate II Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;
- (iii) sequentially, to the DC and DE Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero;

Support Classes

- (iv) to Aggregate Group II, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate II Balance is reduced to zero; and
- (v) to Aggregate Group I, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate I Balance is reduced to zero.

PAC Groups

"Aggregate Group I" consists of the PA, PB, PC, OD and OE Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group I, sequentially, to the PA, PB, PC, OD and OE Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate I Balance" is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes in Aggregate Group I.

"Aggregate Group II" consists of the DA, DG, DH, DB and DJ Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group II as follows:

- first, (a) 19.5048523939% of such amount to the DA Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero, and
- (b) 80.4951476061% of such amount, sequentially to the DG and DH Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero; and

second, sequentially, to the DB and DJ Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate II Balance" is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes in Aggregate Group II.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount, sequentially, as principal of the GB and GE Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

Sequential Pay Classes

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 3 Classes in the following priority:

- (i) concurrently, to the NC and NF Classes, pro rata (or 80% and 20%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero; and
 - (ii) to the NO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

Sequential Pay Classes Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

KZ Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the KZ Accrual Amount, sequentially, as principal of the KH and OK Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero. Thereafter, we will pay the KZ Accrual Amount as principal of the KZ Class.

Accretion Directed Classes and Accrual Class

Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, sequentially, as principal of the KA, KO, KH, OK and KZ Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.



We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (collectively, the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, WALAs and interest rates specified under "Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related tables;
- the settlement date for the Certificates is May 30, 2006; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this prospectus supplement with respect to all Classes and Principal Balances Schedules is The Bond Market Association's standard prepayment model ("PSA"). To assume a specified rate of PSA is to assume a specified rate of prepayment each month of the then-outstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans computed as described under "Description of Certificates—Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus.

It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any *constant* PSA rate or at any other *constant* rate.

Structuring Ranges. The Principal Balance Schedules are found beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges set forth below.

Schedule References	Related Groups (1)	Structuring Ranges
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group I	Between 100% and 250% PSA
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group II	Between 120% and 250% PSA

⁽¹⁾ The Structuring Ranges for the Aggregate Groups are associated with the related Aggregate Balances but not with the individual balances of the related Classes.

We cannot assure you that the balance of either Group listed above will conform on any Distribution Date to the specified balance in the Principal Balance Schedules. As a result, we cannot assure you that payments of principal of either Group listed above will begin or

end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules. We will distribute any excess of principal payments over the amount needed to reduce a Group to its scheduled balance on a Distribution Date. Accordingly, the ability to reduce a Group to its scheduled balance will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal payments from month to month. In addition, even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within the applicable Structuring Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Groups to their scheduled balances if the prepayments do not occur at a *constant* PSA rate. Moreover, because of the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the related Mortgage Loans, which may include recently originated Mortgage Loans, the Groups specified above may not be reduced to their scheduled balances, even if prepayments occur at a *constant* rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges specified above.

Initial Effective Ranges. The Effective Range for a Group is the range of prepayment rates (measured by constant PSA rates) which would reduce that Group to its scheduled balance on each Distribution Date. The Initial Effective Ranges shown in the table below are based upon the assumed characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Groups	Initial Effective Ranges		
Aggregate Group I	Between 100% and 250% PSA		
Aggregate Group II	Between 120% and 250% PSA		

The actual Effective Ranges at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. The actual Effective Ranges calculated on the basis of the actual characteristics are likely to differ from the Initial Effective Ranges. As a result, the applicable Groups might not be reduced to their scheduled balances even if prepayments were to occur at a constant PSA rate within the Initial Effective Ranges. This is so particularly if the rate were at the lower or higher end of this range. In addition, even if prepayments occur at rates falling within the actual Effective Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Groups to their scheduled balances if such prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. It is highly unlikely that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA rate. In general, the actual Effective Ranges may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time.

The stability in principal payment of the Classes specified below will be supported by the corresponding supporting Classes as indicated in the following table:

Classes	Supporting Classes

Group 1

Aggregate Group I Aggregate Group II and Support

Aggregate Group II Support

When the supporting Classes are retired, the Classes they support, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be more sensitive to prepayments.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash
flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the

assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes, and

converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes. The yields to investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes would be 0% if prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans were to occur at the constant rates shown in the table below:

Class	% PSA
DI	436% PSA
EI	585% PSA
NI	498% PSA
KI	264% PSA
IK	409% PSA
IC	305% PSA

For any Fixed Rate Interest Only Class, if the actual prepayment rate of the related Mortgage Loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling that level for the remaining months, the investors in the applicable Class would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of the original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
DI	39.62500%
EI	49.00000%
NI	49.15625%
KI	39.62500%
IK	39.37500%
IC	20.52500%

^{*} The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the DI Class to Prepayments

		PSA Prepayment Assumption									
	50%	100%	$\underline{120\%}$	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%			
Pre-Tax Yields to											
Maturity	13.3%	10.1%	10.1%	10.1%	10.1%	5.1%	(4.1)%	(10.8)%			

Sensitivity of the EI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption									
	50%	100%	120%	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%		
Pre-Tax Yields to										
Maturity	10.8%	10.1%	10.1%	10.1%	10.1%	7.8%	3.2%	(0.6)%		

Sensitivity of the NI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption								
	50%	100%	236%	350%	500%	600%			
Pre-Tax Yields to									
Maturity	10.4%	10.1%	8.1%	5.1%	(0.1)%	(4.2)%			

Sensitivity of the KI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption									
	50%	100%	205%	350%	500%	600%				
Pre-Tax Yields to										
Maturity	14.4%	12.7%	5.3%	(8.1)%	(22.4)%	(31.4)%				

Sensitivity of the IK Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	50%	100%	205%	350%	500%	600%		
Pre-Tax Yields to								
Maturity	13.0%	12.9%	10.1%	3.2%	(5.3)%	(11.4)%		

Sensitivity of the IC Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption									
	50 %	100%	120%	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%		
Pre-Tax Yields to										
Maturity	15.2%	1.6%	1.6%	1.6%	1.6%	(3.2)%	(16.3)%	(24.9)%		

The Principal Only Classes. The Principal Only Classes will not bear interest. As indicated in the tables below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on

the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yields to investors in the Principal Only Classes.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Principal Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price
OD	53.75000%
OE	
NO	53.75625%
KO	44.75000%
OK	58.62500%

Sensitivity of the OD Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	50 %	100%	$\underline{120\%}$	218%	$\boldsymbol{250\%}$	350%	$\overline{500\%}$	600%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	4.1%	5.7%	5.7%	5.7%	5.7%	7.8%	10.9%	12.9%

Sensitivity of the OE Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	50%	100%	$\underline{120\%}$	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	3.8%	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%	5.6%	7.9%	9.5%

Sensitivity of the NO Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	50%	100%	236%	350%	500%	600%		
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	3.4%	3.6%	4.6%	5.9%	7.9%	9.3%		

Sensitivity of the KO Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption								
	50 %	100%	205%	350%	500 %	600%			
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	4.2%	5.7%	10.0%	15.8%	21.4%	24.9%			

Sensitivity of the OK Class to Prepayments

			PSA Prepaym	ent Assumption	on	
	50 %	100%	205%	350%	500%	600%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	3.7%	3.7%	5.0%	7.3%	9.7%	11.3%

The Inverse Floating Rate Class. The yield on the Inverse Floating Rate Class will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable table below, it is possible that investors in the Inverse Floating

Rate Class would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the yield table has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rate for the Inverse Floating Rate Class for the initial Interest Accrual Period is the rate listed in the table under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of the Index, and
- the aggregate purchase price of that Class (expressed as a percentage of original principal balance) is as follows:

Class	Price*
NS	3.96875%

The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table below.

Sensitivity of the NS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

		P	SA Prepaymo	ent Assumpti	on	
LIBOR	50%	100%	236%	350%	500%	600%
1.08%	165.9%	163.4%	156.3%	150.2%	141.9%	136.2%
3.08%	97.1%	94.4%	86.8%	80.2%	71.1%	64.8%
5.08%	35.2%	32.0%	22.5%	13.8%	1.9%	(6.1)%
6.65%	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

- (a) multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of the Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of the Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal payments,
- the priority sequences of payments of principal of the Classes, and
- in the case of the Group 1 Classes, the payment of principal of certain Classes in accordance with the Principal Balance Schedules.

See "—Distributions of Principal" above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. However, in the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that the underlying Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below	Original Terms to Maturity	Remaining Terms to Maturity	Interest Rates
Group 1 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%
Group 2 MBS	240 months	240 months	7.50%
Group 3 MBS	240 months	240 months	8.50%
Group 4 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%

In addition, in the case of the information set forth for each Group 1 Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that 25.0% of the related Mortgage Loans have an original and a remaining interest only period of 120 months (measured by principal balance at the Issue Date).

Finally, in the case of the information set forth for each Group 4 Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that 23.33% of the related Mortgage Loans have an original and a remaining interest only period of 180 months, and 5.72% of the related Mortgage Loans have an original and a remaining interest only period of 175 months (in each case measured by principal balance at the Issue Date).

It is unlikely

- that all of the underlying Mortgage Loans will have the interest rates, WALAs or remaining terms to maturity assumed or
- that the underlying Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates. This is the case even if the dispersion of weighted average remaining terms to maturity and the weighted average WALAs of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the dispersion specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

				PA	Class							PB	Class			
				PSA Pr Assu	epayme mption	nt							repayme imption	nt		
Date	0%	100%	$\underline{120\%}$	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%	0%	100%	$\underline{120\%}$	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	98	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2008	95	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2009	93	43	43	43	43	43	15	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	64
May 2010	90	19	19	19	19	12	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0
May 2011	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	91	91	91	91	25	0	0
May 2012	83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	38	38	38	38	0	0	0
May 2013	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2014	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2015	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2016	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2017	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2018	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2019	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2020	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2021	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2022	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	96	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																
Life (years)**	11.0	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.3	2.1	18.4	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	4.8	3.6	3.1

				PC	Class						OD), DI† aı	nd PD C	lasses		
					epayme mption	nt							epayme mption	nt		
Date	0%	100%	$\underline{120\%}$	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%	0%	100%	$\underline{120\%}$	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2009	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2010	100	100	100	100	100	100	90	23	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2011	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	43
May 2012	100	100	100	100	100	50	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	40	0
May 2013	100	89	89	89	89	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	93	0	0
May 2014	100	48	48	48	48	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	52	0	0
May 2015	100	9	9	9	9	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	20	0	0
May 2016	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	75	75	75	75	0	0	0
May 2017	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	46	46	46	46	0	0	0
May 2018	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	22	22	22	22	0	0	0
May 2019	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
May 2020	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2021	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2022	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2023	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2024	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2025	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																
Life (years)**	21.1	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	4.4	3.8	23.5	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	8.2	5.9	5.0

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

			OE	, EI† ar	nd PE C	lasses							DA	Class			
				PSA Pı Assu	epayme mption	nt								epayme mption	nt		
Date	0%	100%	120%	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%		0%	100%	120%	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	93	93	93	93	93	93
May 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	77	77	77	77	77	51
		100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	58	58	58	58	0	0
May 2010	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	41	41	41	0	0	0
	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	28	28	28	0	0	0
May 2012	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	93		100	100	17	17	17	0	0	0
May 2013	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	58		100	100	8	8	8	0	0	0
May 2014	100	100	100	100	100	100	68	37		100	100	1	1	1	0	0	0
May 2015	100	100	100	100	100	100	47	23		100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2016	100	100	100	100	100	94	32	15		100	97	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2017	100	100	100	100	100	73	22	9		100	83	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2018	100	100	100	100	100	56	15	6		100	62	0	0	0	0	0	0
		100	100	100	100	43	10	4		100	37	0	0	0	0	0	0
	100	84	84	84	84	33	7	2		100	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
		69	69	69	69	25	5	1		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2022	100	56	56	56	56	19	3	1		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2023	100	45	45	45	45	14	2	1		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2024	100	36	36	36	36	11	1	*		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2025	100	29	29	29	29	8	1			100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	100	23	23	23	23	6	1	*		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	100	18	18	18	18	4	*	*		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	100	14	14	14	14	3	*	*		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	100	11	11	11	11	2	*	*		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030		8	8	8	8	2	*	*		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	75	6	6	6	6	1	*	*		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	17	4	4	4	4	1	*	*		100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	2	2	2	2	2	*	*	*		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2034	Ţ	1	1	1	1	*	*	*		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	U	U	0	U	0	0	0	U		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Weighted Average Life (years)**	25.5	17.6	17.6	17.6	17.6	13.5	9.6	8.0	2	6.6	12.4	3.7	3.7	3.7	2.8	2.1	1.9

				DG	Class							DH	Class			
				PSA Pr Assu	epayme mption	nt							epayme mption	nt		
Date	0%	100%	$\boldsymbol{120\%}$	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%	0%	100%	120%	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	100	100	88	88	88	88	88	88	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2008	100	100	63	63	63	63	63	20	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2009	100	100	31	31	31	31	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0
May 2010	100	100	5	5	5	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2011	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	72	72	72	0	0	0
May 2012	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	43	43	43	0	0	0
May 2013	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	20	20	20	0	0	0
May 2014	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	2	2	2	0	0	0
May 2015	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2016	100	95	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2017	100	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2018	100	38	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ō	Õ	100	100	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ō
May 2019	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	95	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2020	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	21	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2021	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2022	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2023	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2024	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2025	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																
Life (years)**	26.5	11.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	1.9	1.7	26.9	13.6	5.9	5.9	5.9	3.6	2.4	2.1

 $^{^*}$ Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

					Class									Class			
				PSA Pı Assu	epayme mption	nt							PSA Pr Assu	epayme mption	nt		
Date	0%	100%	120%	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%		0%	100%	120%	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2009	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0
May 2010	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2011	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2012	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2013	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2014	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2015	100	100	6	6	6	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2016	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2017	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2018		100	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2019		100	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2020		100	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2021	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2022	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2023	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2024	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2025	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2026	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2027		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2028		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2029	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2030	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2031		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2032	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	27.0	14.4	8.6	8.6	8.6	3.7	2.5	2.2	-	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7	3.7	2.5	2.2

				DC	Class							DE	Class			
					epayme mption	nt							repayme imption	nt		
Date	0%	100%	$\underline{120\%}$	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%	0%	100%	120%	218%	250%	350%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	100	100	100	92	89	81	68	59	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2008	100	100	100	74	66	40	3	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0
May 2009	100	100	100	54	39	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	77	0	0
May 2010	100	100	100	38	19	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2011	100	100	100	26	5	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0
May 2012	100	100	100	18	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	67	0	0	0
May 2013	100	100	100	12	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	25	0	0	0
May 2014	100	100	100	9	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	4	0	0	0
May 2015	100	100	100	8	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	*	0	0	0
May 2016	100	100	98	7	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	*	0	0	0
May 2017	100	100	95	5	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	*	0	0	0
May 2018	100	100	90	4	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	*	0	0	0
May 2019	100	100	84	2	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	*	0	0	0
May 2020	100	100	78	*	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	*	0	0	0
May 2021	100	95	72	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	92	*	0	0	0
May 2022	100	88	65	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	81	*	0	0	0
May 2023	100	80	58	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	71	*	0	0	0
May 2024	100	71	51	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	62	*	0	0	0
May 2025	100	63	44	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	53	*	0	0	0
May 2026	100	55	37	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	45	*	0	0	0
May 2027	100	47	31	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	38	*	0	0	0
May 2028	100	39	25	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	31	*	0	0	0
May 2029	100	31	19	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	25	*	0	0	0
May 2030	100	24	13	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	20	*	0	0	0
May 2031	100	17	8	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	15	*	0	0	0
May 2032	100	10	3	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	11	*	0	0	0
May 2033	100	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	84	8	*	0	0	0
May 2034	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	76	52	4	*	0	0	0
May 2035	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	32	22	2	*	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	28 1	20.8	18.2	4.0	2.7	1.7	1.3	1.1	29.9	28.6	28.1	20.1	6.5	3.1	2.2	1.9
ine (years)	40.4	20.0	10.2	4.0	4.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	40.0	20.0	40.1	20.1	0.0	0.1	4.4	1.0

 $^{^{*}}$ Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{**}}$ Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

QE, QG, QH and IC† Classes GB Class PSA Prepayment Assumption PSA Prepayment Assumption Date 0% 100% 120% 218% 250% 350% 500% 600% 0% 100% 350% 500% 164% 250% Initial Percent 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 83 58 36 20 92 78 60 92 78 60 90 76 61 87 67 49 98 97 92929297 92 78 60 78 60 78 60 $\frac{78}{40}$ 78 19 $\frac{45}{20}$ 94 90 87 83 78 68 63 57 51 44 37 29 $\frac{82}{71}$ 42 26 42 26 11 49 37 27 42 26 37 7 34 22 May 2010. 93 90 88 85 82 79 75 70 42 0 61 $\frac{26}{11}$ $_{0}^{0}$ 0 51 43 $_{0}^{0}$ 34 26 19 12 6 0 0 0 19 0 0 0 $\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ 0 May 2016 . May 2017 . 0 0 0 0 May 2018. 65 58 52 44 36 28 18 8 May 2019 . May 2020 . $\begin{array}{c}
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\$ 0 ŏ May 2021 . May 2022. 11 0 May 2025. 0 0 0 May 2027 0 May 2028. 0 0 0 ŏ 0 0 0 0 0 May 2031. 0 0 0 0 May 2032 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ŏ 0 0 Õ Õ 0 0 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.3 2.4 10.4 5.5 4.3 3.2 2.6 2.0

			\mathbf{GE}	Class				NC,	NF and	l NS† (Classes			NO,	NI† ar	d ND (Classes	
		1		epayme mption]	PSA Pr Assu	epayme mption]		epayme mption		
Date	0%	100%	$\underline{164\%}$	$\underline{250\%}$	350%	500%	0%	100%	236%	350%	500 %	600%	0%	100%	$\underline{236\%}$	350%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	95	92	89	86	84	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	95	87	78	71	61	55	100	100	100	100	100	100
	100	100	100	100	100	100	92	78	62	50	36	28	100	100	100	100	100	100
	100	100	100	100	100	100	89	69	48	34	19	10	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2011		100	100	100	100	72	86	60	37	22	7	0	100	100	100	100	100	98
May 2012		100	100	100	90	48	82	53	27	12	0	0	100	100	100	100	93	60
May 2013	100	100	100	100	68	32	79	45	19	5	0	0	100	100	100	100	62	37
May 2014	100	100	100	86	50	21	74	38	12	0	0	0	100	100	100	95	41	22
May 2015		100	100	68	37	14	70	32	6	0	0	0	100	100	100	70	27	13
		100	93	54	27	9	65	26	2	0	0	0	100	100	100	52	18	8
	100	100	77	42	20	6	59	20	0	0	0	0	100	100	87	38	11	5
May 2018	100	100	62	32	14	4	53	15	0	0	0	0	100	100	68	27	7	3
May 2019	100	83	50	24	10	2	47	10	0	0	0	0	100	100	52	19	5	2
May 2020	100	67	39	18	7	1	40	5	0	0	0	0	100	100	39	13	3	1
May 2021	100	53	29	12	4	1	32	*	0	0	0	0	100	100	29	9	2	*
May 2022	100	39	20	8	3	*	24	0	0	0	0	0	100	78	20	6	1	*
May 2023	100	26	13	5	2	*	15	0	0	0	0	0	100	56	13	3	1	*
May 2024	72	14	7	2	1	*	5	0	0	0	0	0	100	34	7	2	*	*
May 2025	37	3	1	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	66	14	3	1	*	*
May 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																		
Life (years)**	18.6	15.3	13.4	11.0	8.9	6.6	11.6	6.9	4.3	3.3	2.6	2.3	19.3	17.3	13.7	10.9	8.2	7.0

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

			KA	Class				KO,	KI† ar	d KB (Classes				KH	Class		
]		repayme mption					PSA Pı Assu	epayme mption					PSA Pı Assu	epayme mption		
Date	0%	100%	205%	350%	500%	600%	0%	100%	205%	350%	500%	600%	0%	100%	205%	350%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100
May 2007	99	96	93	89	85	82	100	100	100	100	100	100	93		93	93	93	93
May 2008	98	88	78	65	52	44	100	100	100	100	100	100	86		86	86	86	86
May 2009	97	77	59	36	14	2	100	100	100	100	100	100	78	78	78	78	78	78
May 2010	96	66	41	12	0	0	100	100	100	100	42	0	70	70	70	70	70	43
May 2011	94	56	26	0	0	0	100	100	100	67	0	0	61	61	61	61	0	0
May 2012	93	47	12	0	0	0	100	100	100	*	0	0	51	. 51	51	51	0	0
May 2013	91	38	1	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	41	41	41	0	0	0
May 2014	90	30	0	0	0	0	100	100	57	0	0	0	31	31	31	0	0	0
May 2015	88	22	0	0	0	0	100	100	17	0	0	0	20	20	20	0	0	0
May 2016	86	15	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	8	8	0	0	0	0
May 2017	84	8	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2018	81	2	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2019	79	0	0	0	0	0	100	81	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2020	76	0	0	0	0	0	100	55	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2021	73	0	0	0	0	0	100	30	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2022	68	0	0	0	0	0	100	4	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2023	62	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	100	0	0	Ō	0	0	Ċ	0	0	0	0	Ō
May 2024	56	Õ	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	100	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ċ	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Õ
May 2025	50	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	43	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	35	Õ	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	100	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Õ	Č	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Õ
May 2028	26	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	17	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	7	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	83	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	Õ	Õ	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Õ	Č	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Õ
May 2034	Ō	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	0	0	0	Ō	0	Ō	Ċ	0	0	Ō	0	Õ
May 2035	Ō	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	0	0	0	Ō	0	Ō	Ċ	0	0	Ō	0	Õ
May 2036	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Č		ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Weighted Average																		
Life (years)**	17.4	6.0	3.6	2.5	2.0	1.8	25.6	14.2	8.2	5.3	4.0	3.4	5.9	5.9	5.8	4.8	3.9	3.5

	OK, IK† and KE Classes						KZ Class						KG Class					
	PSA Prepayment Assumption						PSA Prepayment Assumption PSA Prepayment Assumption											
Date	0%	100%	$\underline{205\%}$	350%	500%	600%	0%	100%	$\underline{205\%}$	350%	500 %	600%	0%	100%	$\underline{205\%}$	350%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	106	106	106	106	106	106	99	97	94	91	88	85
May 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	113	113	113	113	113	113	98	90	82	71	61	54
May 2009	100	100	100	100	100	100	120	120	120	120	120	120	97	81	66	47	30	19
May 2010		100	100	100	100	100	127	127	127	127	127	127	97	72	52	28	7	0
May 2011		100	100	100	98	36	135	135	135	135	135	135	95	64	39	12	0	0
May 2012	100	100	100	100	23	0	143	143	143	143	143	111	94	57	28	*	0	0
May 2013	100	100	100	74	0	0	152	152	152	152	117	70	93	49	19	0	0	0
May 2014	100	100	100	19	0	0	161	161	161	161	81	44	92	43	10	0	0	0
May 2015	100	100	100	0	0	0	171	171	171	142	56	28	90	36	3	0	0	0
May 2016	100	100	86	0	0	0	182	182	182	111	38	17	88	30	0	0	0	0
May 2017	96	96	42	0	0	0	193	193	193	86	26	11	87	25	0	0	0	0
May 2018	85	85	1	0	0	0	205	205	205	67	18	7	85	20	0	0	0	0
May 2019	74	74	0	0	0	0	218	218	177	51	12	4	83	15	0	0	0	0
May 2020	62	62	0	0	0	0	231	231	152	40	8	3	80	10	0	0	0	0
May 2021	49	49	0	0	0	0	245	245	129	31	6	2	78	5	0	0	0	0
May 2022	36	36	0	0	0	0	261	261	109	23	4	1	74	1	0	0	0	0
May 2023	21	0	0	0	0	0	277	273	91	17	3	1	69	0	0	0	0	0
May 2024	6	0	0	0	0	0	294	244	76	13	2	*	64	0	0	0	0	0
May 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	216	63	10	1	*	59	0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	189	51	7	1	*	53	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	165	42	5	*	*	47	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	141	33	4	*	*	40	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	120	26	3	*	*	32	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	99	20	2	*	*	24	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	79	15	1	*	*	15	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	61	11	1	*	*	5	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	263	44	7	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	183	28	4	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	95	12	2	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																		
Life (years)**	14.8	14.6	10.9	7.5	5.7	4.9	28.4	22.6	17.4	12.3	9.1	7.7	18.9	7.5	4.5	3.0	2.4	2.1

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Trust remain after the principal balances of all Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the R Class the proceeds from those assets. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Regular Interests are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the RL Class. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to a "disqualified organization." In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to any person that is not a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of a Residual Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See "Description of Certificates-Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences— Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of a Residual Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the "Regulations") provide that a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had "improper knowledge").

As discussed under the caption "Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has amended the Regulations to provide additional requirements that a transferor must satisfy to avail itself of the safe harbor regarding the presumed lack of improper knowledge. For transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002, a transferor of a Residual Certificate is presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions discussed in the REMIC Prospectus, both (i) the transferee represents that it will not cause income from the Residual Certificate to be attributed to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of the transferee or another taxpayer and (ii) the transfer satisfies either the "asset test" or the "formula test." The representation described in (i) will be included in the affidavit discussed above. See "Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

A transfer satisfies the asset test if (i) the transferee's gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfer and at the close of each of the transferee's two fiscal years preceding the year of transfer), (ii) the transferee is an "eligible corporation" and the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the Residual Certificate will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor and satisfy the asset test, and (iii) the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the

taxes associated with the Residual Certificate will not be paid. A transfer satisfies the formula test if the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The Regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Lower Tier REMIC. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The tax discussions contained in the REMIC Prospectus (including the sections entitled "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" and "ERISA Considerations") and this prospectus supplement were not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. These discussions were written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this prospectus supplement. You should seek advice based on your particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The REMIC Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the "regular interests," and the R Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the "regular interests" and the RL Class will be designated as the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, as "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes*" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Classes, the Principal Only Classes and the Accrual Class will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

Group	Prepayment Assumption
1	218% PSA
2	164% PSA
3	236% PSA
4	205% PSA

See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 5.89% (which is 120% of the "federal long-term rate"). See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions" and "—Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Treasury Department recently issued Regulations providing that, to clearly reflect income, an inducement fee paid to a transferee of a noneconomic residual interest in a REMIC must be included in income over a period that is reasonably related to the period during which the applicable REMIC is expected to generate taxable income or net loss allocable to the transferee. The Regulations set forth two safe harbor methods under which a taxpayer's accounting for the inducement fee will be considered to clearly reflect income for these purposes. In addition, under the Regulations an inducement fee shall be treated as income from sources within the United States. The Regulations, which are effective for taxable years ending on or after May 11, 2004, contain additional details regarding their application. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to the transfer of a Residual Certificate.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

General. The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The REMIC Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest in those REMIC Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of REMIC Certificates, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The RCR Classes will represent the beneficial ownership of the underlying REMIC Certificates set forth in Schedule 1. The ownership interest represented by RCR Certificates will be one of two types. A Certificate of a Strip RCR Class (a "Strip RCR Certificate") will represent the right to receive a disproportionate part of the principal or interest payments on one or more underlying REMIC Certificates. A Certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a "Combination RCR Certificate") will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying REMIC Certificates.

The QE, IC and QG Classes are Strip RCR Classes. The other RCR Classes are Combination RCR Classes.

Strip RCR Classes. The tax consequences to a beneficial owner of a Strip RCR Certificate will be determined under section 1286 of the Code, except as discussed below. Under section 1286, a beneficial owner of a Strip RCR Certificate will be treated as owning "stripped bonds" to the extent of its share of principal payments and "stripped coupons" to the extent of its share of interest payments on the underlying REMIC Certificates. If a Strip RCR Certificate entitles the holder to payments of principal and interest on an underlying REMIC Certificate, the IRS could contend that the Strip RCR Certificate should be treated (i) as an interest in the underlying REMIC Certificate to the extent that the Strip RCR Certificate represents an equal pro rata portion of principal and interest on the underlying REMIC Certificate, and (ii) with respect to the remainder, as an installment obligation consisting of "stripped bonds" to the extent of its share of principal payments or "stripped coupons" to the extent of its share of interest payments. For purposes of information reporting, however, Fannie Mae intends to treat each Strip RCR Certificate as a single debt instrument, regardless of whether it entitles the holder to payments of principal and interest. You should consult your own tax advisors as to the proper treatment of a Strip RCR Certificate in this regard.

Under section 1286, the beneficial owner of a Strip RCR Certificate must treat the Strip RCR Certificate as a debt instrument originally issued on the date the owner acquires it and as having OID equal to the excess, if any, of its "stated redemption price at maturity" over the price paid by the owner to acquire it. The stated redemption price at maturity for a Strip RCR Certificate is determined in the same manner as described with respect to Regular Certificates under "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus.

If a Strip RCR Certificate has OID, the beneficial owner must include the OID in its ordinary income for federal income tax purposes as the OID accrues, which may be prior to the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. Although the matter is not entirely clear, a beneficial owner should accrue OID using a method similar to that described with respect to the accrual of OID on a Regular Certificate under "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. A beneficial owner, however, determines its yield to maturity based on its purchase price. For a particular beneficial owner, it is not clear whether the prepayment assumption used for calculating OID would be one determined at the time the Strip RCR Certificate is acquired or would be the original Prepayment Assumption for the underlying REMIC Certificates. For purposes of information reporting, Fannie Mae will use the original yield to maturity of the Strip RCR Certificate, calculated based on the original Prepayment Assumption. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the proper method for accruing OID on a Strip RCR Certificate.

The rules of section 1286 of the Code also apply if (i) a beneficial owner of REMIC Certificates exchanges them for Strip RCR Certificates, (ii) the beneficial owner sells some, but not all, of the Strip RCR Certificates, and (iii) the combination of retained Strip RCR Certificates cannot be exchanged for the related REMIC Certificates. As of the date of such a sale, the beneficial owner must allocate its basis in the REMIC Certificates between the part of the REMIC Certificates underlying the Strip RCR Certificates sold and the part of the REMIC Certificates underlying the Strip RCR Certificates retained in proportion to their relative fair market values. Section 1286 of the Code treats

the beneficial owner as purchasing the Strip RCR Certificates retained for the amount of the basis allocated to the retained Certificates, and the beneficial owner must then accrue any OID with respect to the retained Certificates as described above. Section 1286 does not apply, however, if a beneficial owner exchanges REMIC Certificates for the related RCR Certificates and retains all the RCR Certificates, see "—Exchanges" below.

Upon the sale of a Strip RCR Certificate, a beneficial owner will realize gain or loss on the sale in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized and its adjusted basis in the Certificate. The owner's adjusted basis generally is equal to the owner's cost of the Certificate (or portion of the cost of REMIC Certificates allocable to the RCR Certificate), increased by income previously included, and reduced (but not below zero) by distributions previously received and by any amortized premium. If the beneficial owner holds the Certificate as a capital asset, any gain or loss realized will be capital gain or loss, except to the extent provided under "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Sales and Other Dispositions of Regular Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Although the matter is not free from doubt, if a beneficial owner acquires in one transaction (other than an exchange described under "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates—*Exchanges*") a combination of Strip RCR Certificates that may be exchanged for underlying REMIC Certificates, the owner should be treated as owning the underlying REMIC Certificates, in which case section 1286 would not apply. If a beneficial owner acquires such a combination in separate transactions, the law is unclear as to whether the combination should be aggregated or each Strip RCR Certificate should be treated as a separate debt instrument. You should consult your tax advisors regarding the proper treatment of Strip RCR Certificates in this regard. For the treatment of Strip RCR Certificates received in exchange for REMIC Certificates, see "—*Exchanges*" below.

Combination RCR Classes. A beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate will be treated as the beneficial owner of a proportionate interest in the REMIC Certificates underlying that Combination RCR Certificate. Except in the case of a beneficial owner that acquires a Combination RCR Certificate in an exchange described under "—Exchanges" below, a beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate must allocate its cost to acquire that Certificate among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of acquisition. Such an owner should account for its ownership interest in each underlying REMIC Certificate as described under "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" above and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. When a beneficial owner sells a Combination RCR Certificate, the owner must allocate the sale proceeds among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of sale.

Exchanges. If a beneficial owner exchanges one or more REMIC Certificates for the related RCR Certificate or Certificates in the manner described under "Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination" in this prospectus supplement, the exchange will not be taxable. Likewise, if a beneficial owner exchanges one or more RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificate or Certificates in the manner described in that discussion, the exchange will not be a taxable exchange. In each of these cases, the beneficial owner will be treated as continuing to own after the exchange the same combination of interests in the related REMIC Certificates (or the same interest in the related REMIC Certificate) that it owned immediately prior to the exchange.

Tax Return Disclosure Requirements

Treasury Department Regulations that are directed at "tax shelters" could be read to apply to transactions generally not considered to be tax shelters. These Regulations require that taxpayers that participate in a "reportable transaction" disclose such transaction on their tax returns by attaching IRS Form 8886 and retain information related to the transaction. A transaction may be a "reportable transaction" based upon any of several indicia, one or more of which may be present with respect to

the Certificates. You should consult your own tax advisor concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to your investment in the Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General. We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Countrywide Securities Corporation (the "Dealer") in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

Increase in Certificates. Before the Settlement Date, we and the Dealer may agree to offer Classes in addition to those contemplated as of the date of this prospectus supplement. In this event, we will increase the related MBS in principal balance, but we expect that all these additional MBS will have the same characteristics as described under "Description of the Certificates—The MBS" in this prospectus supplement. The proportion that the original principal balance of each Group 1, 2, 3 or 4 Classes bears to the aggregate original principal balance of all Group 1, 2, 3 or 4 Classes, respectively, will remain the same. In addition, the dollar amounts shown in the Principal Balance Schedules will be increased to correspond to the increase of the principal balances of the applicable Classes.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Available Recombinations (1) (2)

	Final Distribution Date	June 2029 June 2029	June 2029 June 2029	June 2029	August 2034	June 2036	June 2026	January 2033	January 2033	November 2024
	CUSIP Number	$31395 \mathrm{DZ} \mathrm{J} 1$ $31395 \mathrm{DZM4}$	$31395\mathrm{DZK8}\\31395\mathrm{DZM4}$	$31395 \mathrm{DZL} 6$	$31395 \mathrm{DZN}2$	$31395 \mathrm{DZP7}$	$31395\mathrm{DZQ5}$	$31395 \mathrm{DZR}3$	$31395\mathrm{DZ}\mathrm{S}\mathrm{1}$	$31395 \mathrm{DZ}\mathrm{T9}$
icates	$\frac{\text{Principal}}{\text{Type}(3)}$	PAC NTL	PAC NTL	PAC	PAC	PAC	SEQ	SEQ	SEQ	SEQ/AD
RCR Certificates	$\frac{\text{Interest}}{\text{Type}(3)}$	FIX FIX/IO	FIX FIX/IO	FIX	FIX	FIX	FIX	FIX	FIX	FIX
	Interest Rate	5.50% 6.00	5.75 6.00	00.9	00.9	00.9	00.9	00.9	6.00	6.00
	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	\$69,654,000 5,804,500(4)	69,654,000 $2,902,250(4)$	69,654,000	24,531,000	22,625,000	22,058,823	12,632,139	70,046,139	11,130,885
	RCR Classes	QE IC	9G IC	фН	PD	PE	ND	KB	KG	KE
REMIC Certificates	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	ation 1 \$49,525,000 20,129,000	ation z 49,525,000 20,129,000	49,525,000 20,129,000	24,531,000 (4)	22,625,000 22,625,000(4)	22,058,823 22,058,823(4)	12,632,139 12,632,139(4)	57,414,000 12,632,139 12,632,139(4)	11,130,885 11,130,885(4)
REMIC	Classes	Recombination 1 PA \$49, PB 20,	Recombination 2 PA 49, PB 20,	PA 49, PB 20,	DI 24,6	OE 22,6 BI 22,6	NO 22, NI 22, Recombination 7	KI 12,0	KA 57,7 KO 12,0 KI 12,0	Necomonic OK IK

(1) In any exchange under Recombination 1, 2, 3 or 8, the relative proportions of the REMIC Certificates to be delivered (or if applicable, received) in such exchange will equal the proportions shown in this Schedule 1.

exchange only in the proportions shown in this Schedule 1.

(2) If as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Description of the Certificates—General—Authorized Denominations, in this prospectus supplement.

(3) Is description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations, in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest," and "—Distributions of Principal" in this prospectus supplement.

Principal Balance Schedules

Aggregate Group I Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$139,500,000.00	August 2010	\$ 96,516,983.84	November 2014	\$ 53,512,486.13
June 2006	139,236,460.55	September 2010	95,561,454.90	December 2014	52,776,263.31
July 2006	138,938,910.49	October 2010	94,610,803.89	January 2015	52,043,790.06
August 2006	138,607,429.69	November 2010	93,665,005.70	February 2015	51,315,047.08
September 2006	138,242,115.47	December 2010	92,724,035.38	March 2015	50,590,015.19
October 2006	137,843,082.60	January 2011	91,787,868.07	April 2015	49,868,675.28
November 2006	137,410,463.26	February 2011	90,856,479.07	May 2015	49,151,008.37
December 2006	136,944,406.96	March 2011	89,929,843.80	June 2015	48,436,995.54
January 2007	136,445,080.50	April 2011	89,007,937.80	July 2015	47,726,618.01
February 2007	135,912,667.91	May 2011	88,090,736.73	August 2015	47,019,857.06
March 2007	135,347,370.30	June 2011	87,178,216.40	September 2015	46,321,690.39
April 2007	134,749,405.78	July 2011	86,270,352.71	October 2015	45,633,442.89
May 2007	134,119,009.35	August 2011	85,367,121.71	November 2015	44,954,976.84
June 2007	133,456,432.72	September 2011	84,468,499.57	December 2015	44,286,156.41
July 2007	132,761,944.20	October 2011	83,574,462.57	January 2016	43,626,847.66
August 2007	132,035,828.50	November 2011	82,684,987.12	February 2016	42,976,918.45
September 2007	131,278,386.55	December 2011	81,800,049.76	March 2016	42,336,238.47
October 2007	130,489,935.30	January 2012	80,919,627.13	April 2016	41,680,417.28
November 2007	129,670,807.54	February 2012	80,043,696.01	May 2016	41,034,113.12
December 2007	128,821,351.63	March 2012	79,172,233.29	June 2016	40,397,192.34
January 2008	127,941,931.29	April 2012	78,305,215.97	July 2016	39,769,523.11
February 2008	127,032,925.31	May 2012	77,442,621.19	August 2016	39,150,975.45
March 2008	126,094,727.35	June 2012	76,584,426.19	September 2016	38,541,421.15
April 2008	125,127,745.60	July 2012	75,730,608.33	October 2016	37,940,733.79
May 2008	124,132,402.51	August 2012	74,881,145.10	November 2016	37,348,788.66
June 2008	123,109,134.49	September 2012	74,036,014.09	December 2016	36,765,462.81
July 2008	122,058,391.58	October 2012	73,195,193.01	January 2017	36,190,634.97
August 2008	120,980,637.13	November 2012	72,358,659.68	February 2017	35,624,185.55
September 2008	119,900,161.63	December 2012	71,526,392.05	March 2017	35,065,996.59
October 2008	118,825,206.88	January 2013	70,698,368.16	April 2017	34,515,951.79
November 2008	117,755,744.45	February 2013	69,874,566.19	May 2017	33,973,936.44
December 2008	116,691,746.11	March 2013	69,054,964.40	June 2017	33,439,837.42
January 2009	115,633,183.74	April 2013	68,239,541.19	July 2017	32,913,543.17
February 2009	114,580,029.37	May 2013	67,428,275.06	August 2017	32,394,943.67
March 2009	113,532,255.19	June 2013	66,621,144.62	September 2017	31,883,930.42
April 2009	112,489,833.50	July 2013	65,818,128.59	October 2017	31,380,396.43
May 2009	111,452,736.78	August 2013	65,019,205.80	November 2017	30,884,236.19
June 2009	110,420,937.63	September 2013	64,224,355.20	December 2017	30,395,345.63
	109,394,408.79	•	63,433,555.82	January 2018	, ,
July 2009 August 2009	108,373,123.15	October 2013	62,646,786.82	February 2018	29,913,622.13
		December 2013		March 2018	29,438,964.50
September 2009	107,357,053.75		61,864,027.48	April 2018	28,971,272.94
October 2009	106,346,173.73	January 2014	61,085,257.14	=	28,510,449.03
	105,340,456.40	February 2014	60,310,455.30	May 2018	28,056,395.71
December 2009	104,339,875.20	March 2014	59,539,601.54 58,772,675,53	June 2018	27,609,017.27
January 2010 February 2010	103,344,403.72	April 2014	58,772,675.53 58,009,657.07	July 2018	27,168,219.32
March 2010	102,354,015.65 101,368,684.84	June 2014	57,250,526.05	August 2018 September 2018	26,733,908.79
			, , ,	October 2018	26,305,993.88
April 2010	100,388,385.29	July 2014	56,495,262.48 55,743,846,44	November 2018	25,884,384.07
May 2010	99,413,091.09	_	55,743,846.44		25,468,990.09
June 2010	98,442,776.51	September 2014	54,996,258.15	December 2018	25,059,723.93
July 2010	97,477,415.92	October 2014	54,252,477.91	January 2019	24,656,498.76

$Aggregate\ Group\ I\ (Continued)$

DistributionDate	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
February 2019	\$ 24,259,228.99	July 2023	\$ 9,860,583.61	December 2027	\$ 3,520,155.66
March 2019	23,867,830.19	August 2023	9,685,464.90	January 2028	3,445,001.45
April 2019	23,482,219.11	September 2023	9,513,041.36	February 2028	3,371,078.72
May 2019	23,102,313.67	October 2023	9,343,273.98	March 2028	3,298,369.11
June 2019	22,728,032.90	November 2023	9,176,124.31	April 2028	3,226,854.55
July 2019	22,359,296.98	December 2023	9,011,554.42	May 2028	3,156,517.18
August 2019	21,996,027.18	January 2024	8,849,526.93	June 2028	3,087,339.43
September 2019	21,638,145.87	February 2024	8,690,004.96	July 2028	3,019,303.97
October 2019	21,285,576.48	March 2024	8,532,952.17	August 2028	2,952,393.72
November 2019	20,938,243.55	April 2024	8,378,332.73	September 2028	2,886,591.84
December 2019	20,596,072.61	May 2024	8,226,111.30	October 2028	2,821,881.72
January 2020	20,258,990.26	June 2024	8,076,253.04	November 2028	2,758,247.02
February 2020	19,926,924.11	July 2024	7,928,723.61	December 2028	2,695,671.59
March 2020	19,599,802.77	August 2024	7,783,489.15	January 2029	2,634,139.55
April 2020	19,277,555.86	September 2024	7,640,516.25	February 2029	2,573,635.22
May 2020	18,960,113.96	October 2024	7,499,772.01	March 2029	2,514,143.16
June 2020	18,647,408.62	November 2024	7,361,223.97	April 2029	2,455,648.13
July 2020	18,339,372.34	December 2024	7,224,840.13	May 2029	2,398,135.14
August 2020	18,035,938.56	January 2025	7,090,588.94	June 2029	2,341,589.39
September 2020	17,737,041.66	February 2025	6,958,439.29	July 2029	2,285,996.30
October 2020	17,442,616.92	March 2025	6,828,360.53	August 2029	2,231,341.50
November 2020	17,152,600.50	April 2025	6,700,322.41	September 2029	2,177,610.82
December 2020	16,866,929.49	May 2025	6,574,295.12	October 2029	2,124,790.30
January 2021	16,585,541.82	June 2025	6,450,249.28	November 2029	2,072,866.18
February 2021	16,308,376.31	July 2025	6,328,155.92	December 2029	2,021,824.88
March 2021	16,035,372.62	August 2025	6,207,986.46	January 2030	1,971,653.05
April 2021	15,766,471.25	September 2025	6,089,712.74	February 2030	1,922,337.50
May 2021	15,501,613.52	October 2025	5,973,307.01	March 2030	1,873,865.24
June 2021	15,240,741.59	November 2025	5,858,741.88	April 2030	1,826,223.47
July 2021	14,983,798.41	December 2025	5,745,990.36	May 2030	1,779,399.58
August 2021	14,730,727.73	January 2026	5,635,025.86	June 2030	1,733,381.11
September 2021	14,481,474.09	February 2026	5,525,822.14	July 2030	1,688,155.83
October 2021	14,235,982.78	March 2026	5,418,353.35	August 2030	1,643,711.64
November 2021	13,994,199.88	April 2026	5,312,593.97	September 2030	1,600,036.63
December 2021	13,756,072.21	May 2026	5,208,518.90	October 2030	1,557,119.08
January 2022	13,521,547.35	June 2026	5,106,103.34	November 2030	1,514,947.40
February 2022	13,290,573.57	July 2026	5,005,322.86	December 2030	1,473,510.22
March 2022	13,063,099.90	August 2026	4,906,153.40	January 2031	1,432,796.28
April 2022	12,839,076.07	September 2026	4,808,571.19	February 2031	1,392,794.51
May 2022	12,618,452.51	October 2026	4,712,552.85	March 2031	1,353,494.00
June 2022	12,401,180.35	November 2026	4,618,075.29	April 2031	1,314,884.00
July 2022	12,187,211.39	December 2026	4,525,115.77	May 2031	1,276,953.90
August 2022	11,976,498.12	January 2027	4,433,651.86	June 2031	1,239,693.26
September 2022	11,768,993.67	February 2027	4,343,661.47	July 2031	1,203,091.77
October 2022	11,564,651.85	March 2027	4,255,122.78	August 2031	1,167,139.30
November 2022	11,363,427.10	April 2027	4,168,014.33	September 2031	1,131,825.83
December 2022	11,165,274.52	May 2027	4,082,314.93	October 2031	1,097,141.52
January 2023	10,970,149.80	June 2027	3,998,003.71	November 2031	1,063,076.66
February 2023	10,778,009.28	July 2027	3,915,060.07	December 2031	1,029,621.66
March 2023	10,588,809.90	August 2027	3,833,463.74	January 2032	996,767.10
April 2023	10,402,509.21	September 2027	3,753,194.71	February 2032	964,503.68
May 2023	10,219,065.35	October 2027	3,674,233.27	March 2032	932,822.23
June 2023	10,038,437.05	November 2027	3,596,559.97	April 2032	901,713.74

Aggregate Group I (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
May 2032	\$ 871,169.30	August 2033	\$ 475,019.43	November 2034	\$ 177,876.94
June 2032	841,180.14	September 2033	452,389.97	December 2034	161,041.90
July 2032	811,737.63	October 2033	430,191.69	January 2035	144,545.52
August 2032	782,833.25	November 2033	408,417.76	February 2035	128,382.32
September 2032	754,458.60	December 2033	387,061.45	March 2035	112,546.94
October 2032	726,605.43	January 2034	366,116.13	April 2035	97,034.06
November 2032	699,265.57	February 2034	345,575.27	•	,
December 2032	672,431.01	March 2034	325,432.43	May 2035	81,838.45
January 2033	646,093.83	April 2034	305,681.28	June 2035	66,954.98
February 2033	620,246.24	May 2034	286,315.56	July 2035	52,378.56
March 2033	594,880.54	June 2034	267,329.12	August 2035	38,104.20
April 2033	569,989.17	July 2034	248,715.89	September 2035	24,126.98
May 2033	545,564.67	August 2034	230,469.91	October 2035	10,442.04
June 2033	521,599.70	September 2034	212,585.28	November 2035 and	,
July 2033	498,086.99	October 2034	195,056.19	thereafter	0.00

Aggregate Group II Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$10,722,036.00	February 2009	\$ 6,877,444.66	November 2011	\$ 2,717,305.86
June 2006	10,696,861.43	March 2009	6,718,345.32	December 2011	2,623,051.07
July 2006	10,664,995.60	April 2009	6,561,503.96	January 2012	2,530,475.47
August 2006	10,626,458.25	May 2009	6,406,900.77	February 2012	2,439,563.75
September 2006	10,581,276.66	June 2009	6,254,516.08	March 2012	2,350,300.70
October 2006	10,529,485.65	July 2009	6,104,330.41	April 2012	2,262,671.26
November 2006	10,471,127.57	August 2009	5,956,324.41	May 2012	2,176,660.46
December 2006	10,406,252.29	September 2009	5,810,478.86	June 2012	2,092,253.45
January 2007	10,334,917.17	October 2009	5,666,774.72	July 2012	2,009,435.52
February 2007	10,257,186.95	November 2009	5,525,193.09	August 2012	1,928,192.05
March 2007	10,173,133.80	December 2009	5,385,715.20	September 2012	1,848,508.55
April 2007	10,082,837.20	January 2010	5,248,322.42	October 2012	1,770,370.63
May 2007	9,986,383.82	February 2010	5,112,996.31	November 2012	1,693,764.04
June 2007	9,883,867.55	March 2010	4,979,718.54	December 2012	1,618,674.60
July 2007	9,775,389.26	April 2010	4,848,470.88	January 2013	1,545,088.28
August 2007	9,661,056.80	May 2010	4,719,235.34	February 2013	1,472,991.14
September 2007	9,540,984.86	June 2010	4,591,993.97	March 2013	1,402,369.36
October 2007	9,415,294.82	July 2010	4,466,729.02	April 2013	1,333,209.23
November 2007	9,284,114.59	August 2010	4,343,422.85	May 2013	1,265,497.13
December 2007	9,147,578.55	September 2010	4,222,057.99	June 2013	1,199,219.58
January 2008	9,005,827.28	October 2010	4,102,617.05	July 2013	1,134,363.16
February 2008	8,859,007.51	November 2010	3,985,082.82	August 2013	1,070,914.61
March 2008	8,707,271.83	December 2010	3,869,438.21	September 2013	1,008,860.72
April 2008	8,550,778.59	January 2011	3,755,666.28	October 2013	948,188.45
May 2008	8,389,691.67	February 2011	3,643,750.18	November 2013	888,884.80
June 2008	8,224,180.29	March 2011	3,533,673.22	December 2013	830,936.89
July 2008	8,054,418.80	April 2011	3,425,418.84	January 2014	774,331.98
August 2008	7,880,586.46	May 2011	3,318,970.61	February 2014	719,057.37
September 2008	7,707,514.77	June 2011	3,214,312.21	March 2014	665,100.52
October 2008	7,536,823.12	July 2011	3,111,427.47	April 2014	612,448.95
November 2008	7,368,490.81	August 2011	3,010,300.33	May 2014	561,090.29
December 2008	7,202,497.21	September 2011	2,910,914.86	June 2014	511,012.28
January 2009	7,038,821.91	October 2011	2,813,255.27	July 2014	462,202.74

Aggregate Group II (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
August 2014	\$ 414,649.60	January 2019	\$ 44,982.46	June 2023	\$ 44,982.46
September 2014	368,340.87	February 2019	44,982.46	July 2023	44,982.46
October 2014	323,264.68	March 2019	44,982.46	August 2023	44,982.46
November 2014	279,409.23	April 2019	44,982.46	September 2023	44,982.46
December 2014	236,762.83	May 2019	44,982.46	October 2023	44,982.46
January 2015	195,313.88	June 2019	44,982.46	November 2023	44,982.46
February 2015	155,050.87	July 2019	44,982.46	December 2023	44,982.46
March 2015	119,400.25	August 2019	44,982.46	January 2024	44,982.46
April 2015	90,844.18	September 2019	44,982.46	February 2024	44,982.46
May 2015	69,252.04	October 2019	44,982.46	March 2024	44,982.46
June 2015	54,495.22	November 2019	44,982.46	April 2024	44,982.46
July 2015	46,446.96	December 2019	44,982.46	May 2024	44,982.46
August 2015	44,982.46	January 2020	44,982.46	June 2024	44,982.46
September 2015	44,982.46	February 2020	44,982.46	July 2024	44,982.46
October 2015	44,982.46	March 2020	44,982.46	August 2024	44,982.46
November 2015	44,982.46	April 2020	44,982.46	September 2024	44,982.46
December 2015	44,982.46	May 2020	44,982.46	October 2024	44,982.46
January 2016	44,982.46	June 2020	44,982.46	November 2024	44,982.46
February 2016	44,982.46	July 2020	44,982.46	December 2024	44,982.46
March 2016	44,982.46	August 2020	44,982.46	January 2025	44,982.46
April 2016	44,982.46	September 2020	44,982.46	February 2025	44,982.46
May 2016	44,982.46	October 2020	44,982.46	March 2025	44,982.46
June 2016	44,982.46	November 2020	44,982.46	April 2025	44,982.46
July 2016	44,982.46	December 2020	44,982.46	May 2025	44,982.46
August 2016	44,982.46	January 2021	44,982.46	June 2025	44,982.46
September 2016	44,982.46	February 2021	44,982.46	July 2025	44,982.46
October 2016	44,982.46	March 2021	44,982.46	August 2025	44,982.46
November 2016	44,982.46	April 2021	44,982.46	September 2025	44,982.46
December 2016	44,982.46	May 2021	44,982.46	October 2025	44,982.46
January 2017	44,982.46	June 2021	44,982.46	November 2025	44,982.46
February 2017	44,982.46	July 2021	44,982.46	December 2025	44,982.46
March 2017	44,982.46	August 2021	44,982.46	January 2026	44,982.46
April 2017	44,982.46	September 2021	44,982.46	February 2026	44,982.46
May 2017	44,982.46	October 2021	44,982.46	March 2026	44,982.46
June 2017	44,982.46	November 2021	44,982.46	April 2026	44,982.46
July 2017	44,982.46	December 2021	44,982.46	May 2026	44,982.46
August 2017	44,982.46	January 2022	44,982.46	June 2026	44,982.46
September 2017	44,982.46	February 2022	44,982.46	July 2026	44,982.46
October 2017	44,982.46	March 2022	44,982.46	August 2026	44,982.46
November 2017	44,982.46	April 2022	44,982.46	September 2026	44,982.46
December 2017	44,982.46	May 2022	44,982.46	October 2026	44,982.46
January 2018	44,982.46	June 2022	44,982.46	November 2026	44,982.46
February 2018	44,982.46	July 2022	44,982.46	December 2026	44,982.46
March 2018	44,982.46	August 2022	44,982.46	January 2027	44,982.46
April 2018	44,982.46	September 2022	44,982.46	February 2027	44,982.46
May 2018	44,982.46	October 2022	44,982.46	March 2027	44,982.46
June 2018	44,982.46	November 2022	44,982.46	April 2027	44,982.46
July 2018	44,982.46	December 2022	44,982.46	May 2027	44,982.46
August 2018	44,982.46	January 2023	44,982.46	June 2027	44,982.46
September 2018	44,982.46	February 2023	44,982.46	July 2027	44,982.46
October 2018	44,982.46	March 2023	44,982.46	August 2027	44,982.46
November 2018	44,982.46	April 2023	44,982.46	September 2027	44,982.46
December 2018	44,982.46	May 2023	44,982.46	October 2027	44,982.46

$Aggregate\ Group\ II\ (Continued)$

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
November 2027	\$ 44,982.46	September 2030	\$ 44,982.	46 July 2033	\$ 44,982.46
December 2027	44,982.46	October 2030	44,982.	46 August 2033	44,982.46
January 2028	44,982.46	November 2030	44,982.	46 September 2033	44,982.46
February 2028	44,982.46	December 2030	44,982.	46 October 2033	44,982.46
March 2028	44,982.46	January 2031	44,982.	46 November 2033	44,982.46
April 2028	44,982.46	February 2031	44,982.	46 December 2033	44,982.46
May 2028	44,982.46	March 2031	44,982.	46 January 2034	44,982.46
June 2028	44,982.46	April 2031	44,982.	46 February 2034	44,982.46
July 2028	44,982.46	May 2031	44,982.	46 March 2034	44,982.46
August 2028	44,982.46	June 2031	44,982.	46 April 2034	44,982.46
September 2028	44,982.46	July 2031	44,982.	46 May 2034	44,982.46
October 2028	44,982.46	August 2031	44,982.	46 June 2034	44,982.46
November 2028	44,982.46	September 2031	44,982.	46 July 2034	44,982.46
December 2028	44,982.46	October 2031	44,982.	46 August 2034	44,982.46
January 2029	44,982.46	November 2031	44,982.	46 September 2034	44,982.46
February 2029	44,982.46	December 2031	44,982.	46 October 2034	44,982.46
March 2029	44,982.46	January 2032	44,982.	46 November 2034	44,982.46
April 2029	44,982.46	February 2032	44,982.	46 December 2034	44,982.46
May 2029	44,982.46	March 2032	44,982.	46 January 2035	44,982.46
June 2029	44,982.46	April 2032	44,982.	· ·	44,982.46
July 2029	44,982.46	May 2032	44,982.	·	44,982.46
August 2029	44,982.46	June 2032	44,982.		44,982.46
September 2029	44,982.46	July 2032	44,982.	•	44,982.46
October 2029	44,982.46	August 2032	44,982.	·	44,982.46
November 2029	44,982.46	September 2032	44,982.		44,982.46
December 2029	44,982.46	October 2032	44,982.	2	44,982.46
January 2030	44,982.46	November 2032	44,982.		44,982.46
February 2030	44,982.46	December 2032	44,982.		44,982.46
March 2030	44,982.46	January 2033	44,982.		42,027.09
April 2030	44,982.46	February 2033	44,982.		
May 2030	44,982.46	March 2033	44,982.		28,912.47 16,076.02
June 2030	44,982.46	April 2033	44,982.	46	
July 2030	44,982.46	May 2033	44,982.	February 2036	3,513.17
August 2030	44,982.46	June 2033	44,982.		0.00

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

\$520,675,000



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates

Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2006-55

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

Table of Contents..... S- 2 Incorporation by Reference..... S- 3 Recent Developments S- 4 Additional Risk Factors..... S-10 Description of the Certificates S-11 Certain Additional Federal Income Tax Consequences S-33 S-37 Legal Matters S-37 Principal Balance Schedules B- 1

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Countrywide Securities Corporation

May 4, 2006