### Supplement

(To Prospectus Supplement dated March 6, 2006)



### Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2006-27

This is a supplement to the prospectus supplement dated March 6, 2006 (the "Prospectus Supplement"). If we use a capitalized term in this supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the Prospectus Supplement.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in the Prospectus Supplement, the interest type designation of the TF Class appearing on the cover should be "FLT/INV/T" and the TF Class should be characterized as a "Floating Rate/Inverse Floating Rate" Class as well as a "Toggle" Class where it appears under the heading "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest—Categories of Classes" on page S-16 of the Prospectus Supplement.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-10 of the Prospectus Supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC Prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

The certificates, together with any interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.

The date of this Supplement is March 31, 2006

### \$580,385,668



### Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2006-27

### The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

### Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual classes), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We may pay principal at rates that vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

### The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are distributed to investors on time.

#### The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own

- underlying REMIC and RCR certificates backed by Fannie Mae MBS, and
- · Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

Class	Group	Original Class Balance	Principal Type	Interest Rate	Interest Type	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
FA(1)	1	\$ 18,447,300	SC/TAC/AD	(2)	FLT	31395BYZ0	April 2026
PO	1	20,568,678	SC/PT	(3)	PO	31395BZA4	November 2035
SA(1)	1	18,447,300(4)	NTL	(2)	INV/IO	31395BZB2	April 2026
VB(1)	1	47,435,915	SC/TAC/AD	5.75%	FIX	31395BZC0	April 2026
ZA	1	27,610,775	SC/SUP	6.10	FIX/Z	31395BZD8	November 2035
DG	2	23,000,000	SC/PT	5.50	FIX	31395BZE6	July 2035
BF(1)	3	176,518,285	PAC	(2)	FLT	31395BZF3	April 2036
BT(1)	3	176,518,285(4)	NTL	(2)	INV/IO	31395BZG1	April 2036
BZ	3	3,951,667	SUP	6.00	FIX/Z	31395BZH9	April 2036
KF(1)	3	200,000,000(4)	NTL	(2)	FLT/T/IO	31395BZJ5	April 2036
OB(1)	3	33,333,333	TAC/AD	(3)	PO	31395BZK2	April 2036
OH(1)	3	29,419,715	PAC	(3)	PO	31395BZL0	April 2036
SD(1)	3	176,518,285(4)	NTL	(2)	INV/IO	31395BZM8	April 2036
SE(1)	3	199,999,998(4)	NTL	(2)	INV/IO	31395BZN6	April 2036
TF	3	200,000,000	TAC/AD	(2)	INV/T	31395BZP1	April 2036
XZ	3	100,000	SUP	6.00	FIX/Z	31395BZQ9	April 2036
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	31395BZR7	April 2036
RL		0	NPR	0	NPR	31395BZS5	April 2036

- (1) Exchangeable classes.
- (2) Based on LIBOR.
- (3) Principal only classes.
- (4) Notional balances. These classes are interest only classes.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for the corresponding RCR certificates to be issued at the time of the exchange. The VC, VK, XF, YF, SB, SP, SH and EF Classes are the RCR classes, as further described in this prospectus supplement.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be March 30, 2006.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-10 of this prospectus supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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#### AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the "Disclosure Documents"):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated May 1, 2002 (the "REMIC Prospectus");
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated January 1, 2006 (the "MBS Prospectus");
- if you are purchasing any Group 1 or Group 2 Class or the R or RL Class, the disclosure documents relating to the applicable underlying REMIC or RCR certificates (the "Underlying Disclosure Documents"); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below under the heading "Incorporation by Reference."

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae MBS Helpline 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 1-800-237-8627).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents, except the Underlying Disclosure Documents, by writing or calling the dealer at:

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. c/o ADP Financial Services Prospectus Department 1155 Long Island Avenue Edgewood, New York 11717 (telephone 631-254-7106).

### INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

In this prospectus supplement, we are incorporating by reference the MBS Prospectus and the Underlying Disclosure Documents described above. In addition, we are incorporating by reference the documents listed below. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to these documents. These documents are considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with these documents.

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus and any applicable supplements or amendments.

We incorporate by reference the following documents we have filed, or may file, with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"):

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 ("Form 10-K");
- all other reports we have filed pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 since the end of the fiscal year covered by the Form 10-K until the date of this prospectus supplement, excluding any information "furnished" to the SEC on Form 8-K; and

• all proxy statements that we file with the SEC and all documents that we file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement and prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates, excluding any information we "furnish" to the SEC on Form 8-K.

Any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement is deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus supplement to the extent information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement modifies or supersedes such information. In such case, the information will constitute a part of this prospectus supplement only as so modified or superseded.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can obtain copies of the periodic reports we file with the SEC without charge by calling or writing our Office of Investor Relations, Fannie Mae, 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20016, telephone: (202) 752-7115. The periodic and current reports that we file with the SEC are also available on our Web site. Information appearing on our Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

In addition, you may read our SEC filings and other information about Fannie Mae at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, the Chicago Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange. Our SEC filings are also available at the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov. We are providing the address of the SEC's Web site solely for the information of prospective investors. Information appearing on the SEC's Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

#### RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Our safety and soundness regulator, the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight ("OFHEO"), announced in July 2003 that it was conducting a special examination of our accounting policies and practices, and in September 2004 issued a preliminary report of its findings to date. This report raised questions about Fannie Mae's application of certain accounting practices. OFHEO subsequently identified additional accounting and internal control issues in February 2005.

On December 22, 2004, we reported that the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors (the "Board") had determined that our previously filed interim and audited financial statements and the independent auditor's reports thereon for the period from January 2001 through the second quarter of 2004 should no longer be relied upon because such financial statements were prepared using accounting principles that did not comply with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). We have subsequently initiated an extensive restatement and re-audit of our financial statements with our new independent auditor, Deloitte & Touche LLP. We anticipate that the impact of the restatement will be material to Fannie Mae's financial statements for many, if not all, of the periods involved.

Our Board and management have initiated numerous internal and external reviews of our accounting processes and controls, our financial reporting processes, and our application of GAAP. Investigations into our accounting policies and practices and our financial reporting also continue to be ongoing with OFHEO, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), and the U.S. Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia. See "Risk Factors—There are numerous ongoing internal reviews and external investigations of Fannie Mae" in the MBS Prospectus. One of these external investigations was conducted by the law firm of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP ("Paul Weiss"), under the direction of former U.S. Senator Warren Rudman. On February 23, 2006, the Paul Weiss report to the Special Committee of the Board was publicly released, and included numerous findings about Fannie Mae's accounting policies, practices and systems, compensation practices, corporate governance, and internal controls. On February 24, 2006, we filed a Form 8-K with the SEC that includes the Paul Weiss report.

We have not filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the third quarter of 2004 or the first, second and third quarters of 2005, nor have we filed our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the years ended December 31, 2004 or December 31, 2005. As we most recently reported in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 13, 2006, we estimate that it is unlikely we will complete our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, which will include our restated results, prior to the second half of 2006. See "Risk Factors—There is a lack of financial information about us available in the market" in the MBS Prospectus.

Forms 8-K that we file with the SEC prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to those documents. You should refer to "Incorporation by Reference" above for further details on the information that we incorporate by reference in this prospectus supplement and where to find it.

#### REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

### **Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes**

Group	Assets
1	Class 2005-86-ZU REMIC Certificate Class 2005-86-ZQ REMIC Certificate Class 2005-86-YZ REMIC Certificate Class 2005-86-TA REMIC Certificate Class 2005-86-LZ REMIC Certificate Class 2005-86-LF REMIC Certificate Class 2005-97-ZU REMIC Certificate Class 2005-97-ZQ REMIC Certificate Class 2005-97-A REMIC Certificate Class 2005-97-BR RCR Certificate
2	Class 2005-62-DG RCR Certificate Class 2005-86-KA REMIC Certificate Class 2005-86-AS REMIC Certificate
3	Group 3 MBS

### Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Group 3 MBS (as of March 1, 2006)

Approximate Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Coupon
\$443,323,000	360	354	4	6.517%

The actual remaining terms to maturity, weighted average loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly.

### Characteristics of the Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates

Exhibit A describes the underlying REMIC and RCR certificates, including certain information about the related mortgage loans. To learn more about the underlying REMIC and RCR certificates, you should obtain from us the current class factors and the related disclosure documents as described on page S-3.

#### **Class Factors**

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance of that certificate (after taking into account principal payments in the same month). We publish the class factors on or shortly after the 11th day of each month.

### **Settlement Date**

We expect to issue the certificates on March 30, 2006.

#### **Distribution Dates**

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

### **Book-Entry and Physical Certificates**

We will issue the book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry	Physical
All classes of certificates other than	R and RL Classes
the R and RL Classes	

### **Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination**

If you own certain certificates, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates as shown on Schedule 1. We will issue the RCR certificates upon such exchange. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We use the principal and interest of the certificates exchanged to pay principal and interest on the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates.

#### **Interest Rates**

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate, inverse floating rate and toggle classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate, inverse floating rate and toggle classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

Class	Initial Interest Rate	Maximum Interest Rate	Minimum Interest Rate	Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate(1)
FA	4.93000%	7.00000%	0.30000%	LIBOR + 30 basis points
SA	2.07000%	6.70000%	0.00000%	$6.7\%-\mathrm{LIBOR}$
BF	4.97000%	7.00000%	0.30000%	LIBOR + 30 basis points
$BT \dots$	1.07000%	1.07000%	0.00000%	$6.7\%-\mathrm{LIBOR}$
KF	0.00000%	6.90000%	0.00000%	(2)
$SD \dots$	0.96000%	5.63000%	0.00000%	5.63% - LIBOR
SE	0.96000%	5.63000%	0.00000%	5.63% - LIBOR
$\mathrm{TF}\ldots$	6.04000%	7.00000%	0.10000%	(3)
$SB \dots$	0.96000%	5.63000%	0.00000%	5.63% - LIBOR
$SH \dots$	2.03000%	6.70000%	0.00000%	6.7% - LIBOR
SP	7.44333%	24.56667%	0.00000%	$24.56667\% - (3.66666667 \times LIBOR)$
XF	0.00000%	46.00000%	0.00000%	(4)
$YF \dots$	0.00000%	41.40000%	0.00000%	(5)
EF	0.16337%	0.23011%	0.00986%	$(0.032873418 \times LIBOR) + 0.00986\%$

<sup>(1)</sup> We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method."

(2) For the first 84 interest accrual periods, the interest rate for the KF Class will be equal to 0.00%. For each interest accrual period thereafter, the applicable interest rate for the KF Class will be determined as follows:

If LIBOR is: Applicable Rate

Less than or equal to 6.5% 0.00% Greater than 6.5% 6.90%

(3) For the first 84 interest accrual periods, the applicable formula for the TF Class will be LIBOR + 137 basis points. For each interest accrual period thereafter, the applicable interest rate for the TF Class will be determined as follows:

If LIBOR is: Applicable Formula or Rate

Less than or equal to 6.5% LIBOR + 137 basis points

Greater than 6.5% 0.10%

(4) For the first 84 interest accrual periods, the interest rate for the XF Class will be equal to 0.00%. For each interest accrual period thereafter, the applicable interest rate for the XF Class will be determined as follows:

If LIBOR is: Applicable Rate

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Less than or equal to } 6.5\% & 0.00\% \\ \text{Greater than } 6.5\% & 46.00\% \\ \end{array}$ 

(5) For the first 84 interest accrual periods, the interest rate for the YF Class will be equal to 0.00%. For each interest accrual period thereafter, the applicable interest rate for the YF Class will be determined as follows:

If LIBOR is: Applicable Rate

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Less than or equal to } 6.5\% & 0.00\% \\ \text{Greater than } 6.5\% & 41.40\% \\ \end{array}$ 

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

### **Notional Classes**

A notional class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balances will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

Class	
-------	--

SA	100% of the FA Class
BT	100% of the BF Class
SH	100% of the BF Class
SD	100% of the BF Class
SB	38.8888888888% of the BF Class <i>plus</i>
	99.999990000% of the TF Class
KF	100% of the TF Class
SE	99.9999990000% of the TF Class

### **Distributions of Principal**

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

18.0327870290% of that amount to the PO Class to zero.

ZA Accrual Amount and Remaining Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

- 1. To Aggregate Group I to its Targeted Balance.
- 2. To Aggregate Group I and the ZA Class, in proportion to their then current balances, to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group I, see "Description of the Certificates — Distributions of Principal—Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount" in this prospectus supplement.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

To the DG Class to zero.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

To Aggregate Group II to its Planned Balance.

BZ Accrual Amount, XZ Accrual Amount and Remaining Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

- 1. To Aggregate Group III to its Targeted Balance.
- 2. To the BZ Class to zero.
- 3. To Aggregate Group III to zero.
- 4. To the XZ Class to zero.
- 5. To Aggregate Group II to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group II and Aggregate Group III, see "Description of the Certificates—Distribution of Principal—*Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount*" in this prospectus supplement.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

### Weighted Average Lives (years)\*

		F	PSA Prep	ayment A	Assumpti	on
Group 1 Classes		0%	100%	155%	350%	500%
FA, SA, VB, VC and VK		11.6	7.6	4.0	0.9	0.5
PO		27.1	15.9	9.3	0.9	0.5
ZA		27.5	19.9	17.4	1.0	0.6
		E	SA Prep	ayment	Assumpti	on
Group 2 Class		0%	$\underline{100\%}$	185%	350%	500%
DG		25.5	17.7	17.7	13.3	9.4
		PSA	Prepaym	ent Assu	mption	
Group 3 Classes	0%	100%	135%	$\underline{261\%}$	400%	600%
BF, BT, OH, SD, SH, SP and EF	15.0	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	4.8
BZ	29.7	27.9	26.9	21.6	0.3	0.2
KF, OB, SE, TF, XF and YF	24.9	14.2	11.2	5.0	2.4	1.6
XZ	30.0	29.5	29.4	28.6	13.2	3.0
SB	22.3	12.2	10.0	5.4	3.5	2.4

<sup>\*</sup> Determined as specified under "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement.

### ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans underlying the related MBS, including prepayments. Because borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty, the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at any of the prepayment rates we assumed in this prospectus supplement, or
- at any constant prepayment rate until maturity.

Payments on the Group 1 and Group 2 Classes also will be affected by the payment priorities governing the related underlying REMIC or RCR certificates. If you invest in any Group 1 or Group 2 Classes, the rate at which you receive payments also will be affected by the applicable priority sequences governing principal payments on the related underlying REMIC or RCR certificates.

In particular, as described in the related underlying disclosure documents, principal payments on certain of the underlying REMIC or RCR certificates are governed by principal balance schedules. As a result, those underlying certificates may receive principal payments at rates faster or slower than would otherwise have been the case. In some cases, those underlying certificates may receive no principal payments for extended periods. Prepayments on the related mortgage loans may have occurred at rates faster or slower than the rates initially assumed. This prospectus supplement contains no information as to whether

- those underlying certificates have adhered to the related principal balance schedules,
- any related support classes remain outstanding, or
- those underlying certificates otherwise have performed as originally anticipated.

In addition, as described in the related underlying disclosure document, certain of the Group 1 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates are support classes. A support class is entitled to receive principal payments on any distribution date only if scheduled payments of principal have been made on certain other classes in the related underlying REMIC trust. Accordingly, a support class may receive no principal payments for extended periods or may receive principal payments that vary widely from period to period.

Moreover, as described in the related underlying disclosure document, certain of the Group 1 Underlying REMIC and RCR Certificates are also jump classes. The weighted average life of a jump class is especially sensitive to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related mortgage loans, although this sensitivity is not necessarily proportional to changes in prepayment rates. In some scenarios, small changes in prepayment rates may have a dramatic effect on the weighted average life of a jump class.

You may obtain additional information about the underlying REMIC and RCR certificates by reviewing their current class factors in light of other information available in the related disclosure documents. You may obtain those documents from us as described on page S-3.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Recent hurricanes in the Gulf Coast region may present risk of increased mortgage loan prepayments. In August and September 2005, Hurricane Katrina and Hurricane Rita and related events caused catastrophic damage to extensive areas along the Gulf Coast of the United

States, including portions of coastal and inland Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas. Hundreds of thousands of people have been displaced and interruptions in the regional economy have been significant. Although the long-term effects are unclear, these events could lead to a general economic downturn in the Gulf Coast region, including job losses and declines in real estate values. Accordingly, defaults on any mortgage loans in the affected areas may increase, in turn resulting in early payments of principal of the certificates backed by those mortgage loans. Additionally, casualty losses on mortgage properties with hurricane or flood damage may result in early payment of principal of the related certificates.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Weighted average lives and yields on the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans. We have assumed that the mortgage loans underlying the Group 3 MBS have certain characteristics. However, the actual mortgage loans probably will have different characteristics from those we assumed. As a result, your yields could be lower than you expect, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant prepayment rates. In addition, slight differences between the assumed mortgage loans could affect the weighted average lives of the classes of certificates.

Level of floating rate index affects yields on certain certificates. The yield on any floating rate or inverse floating rate certificate will be affected by the level of its interest rate index. If the level of the index differs from the level you expect, then your actual yield may be lower than you expect.

Slight changes in LIBOR may significantly affect the interest rates of the toggle classes. The toggle classes may be extremely sensitive to certain changes in monthly LIBOR values. In particular, they may experience dramatic declines in their interest rates and yields as a result of certain changes in LIBOR, even if those changes are slight. For an illustration of this sensitivity, see the related yield tables in

this prospectus supplement. Furthermore, in the case of the KF, XF and YF Classes, the interest rate for the first 84 interest accrual periods will be 0%.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since certain classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period, these classes have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. If you assume that the actual final payment will occur on the final distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates. You should obtain legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed market. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small or large amounts of certificates at prices comparable to those available to other investors. You should purchase certificates only if you understand and can tolerate the risk that the value of your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

Terrorist activities and related military and political actions by the U.S. government could cause reductions in investor confidence and sub-

stantial market volatility in real estate and securities markets. It is impossible to predict the extent to which terrorist activities may occur or, if they do occur, the extent of the effect on the certificates. Moreover, it is uncertain what effects any past or future terrorist activities or any related military or political actions on the part of the United States government and others will have on the United States and world financial markets, local, regional and national economies, real estate markets across the United States, or

particular business sectors, including those affecting the performance of mortgage loan borrowers. Among other things, reduced investor confidence could result in substantial volatility in securities markets and a decline in real estaterelated investments. In addition, defaults on the mortgage loans could increase, causing early payments of principal to you and, regardless of the performance of the underlying mortgage loans, the liquidity and market value of the certificates may be impaired.

### DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

### General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the "Trust") and a separate trust (the "Lower Tier REMIC") pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of March 1, 2006 (the "Issue Date"). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the "REMIC Certificates") pursuant to that trust agreement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the "RCR Certificates" and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the "Certificates") pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the "Trust Agreement"). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the "Trustee"). In general, the term "Classes" includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC each will constitute a "real estate mortgage investment conduit" ("REMIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

- The REMIC Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) will be "regular interests" in the Trust.
- The R Class will be the "residual interest" in the Trust.
- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the "Lower Tier Regular Interests") will be the "regular interests" in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests.

The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of

- two groups of previously issued REMIC and RCR certificates (the "Group 1 Underlying REMIC Certificates" and "Group 2 Underlying REMIC Certificates" and, together, the "Underlying REMIC Certificates") evidencing beneficial ownership interests in the related Fannie Mae REMIC trusts (the "Underlying REMIC Trusts") as further described in Exhibit A. and
- certain Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the "Group 3 MBS").

The assets of the Underlying REMIC Trusts evidence direct or indirect beneficial ownership interests in certain Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (together with the Group 3 MBS, the "MBS").

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family ("single-family"), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the "Mortgage Loans") having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that we will distribute to Certificateholders:

- required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class of Certificates no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS.

In addition, we guarantee that we will distribute to each holder of an MBS:

- scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying Mortgage Loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and
- the full principal balance of any foreclosed Mortgage Loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guaranty obligations with respect to the Underlying REMIC Certificates are described in the Underlying Disclosure Documents. Our guarantees are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. See "Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the REMIC Prospectus, "Description of the Certificates-Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the MBS Prospectus, and "Description of the Certificates—General—Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the Underlying Disclosure Documents.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are "Holders" or "Certificateholders." A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. See "Description of Certificates—Denominations and Form" in the REMIC Prospectus.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association ("US Bank") in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes" below.

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. US Bank will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

$\underline{\text{Classes}}$	<u>Denomination</u>
The Interest Only, Principal Only, Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes	\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments
All other Classes (except the R and RL Classes)	\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Dates. We will make monthly payments on the Certificates on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to each of these dates as a "Distribution Date." We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

*Record Date.* On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the eleventh calendar day of each month, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each Class of Certificates. When the applicable class factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of any Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month (as well as any addition to principal in the case of the Accrual Classes).

No Optional Termination. We have no option to effect an early termination of the Lower Tier REMIC or the Trust. Further, we will not repurchase the Mortgage Loans underlying any MBS in a "clean-up call." See "Description of the Certificates—Termination" in the MBS Prospectus.

Voting the Underlying REMIC Certificates. Holders of the Underlying REMIC Certificates may be asked to vote on issues arising under the related trust agreements. If so, the Trustee will vote each related Underlying REMIC Certificate, as instructed by Holders of Certificates of the related Classes. The Trustee must receive instructions from Holders of Certificates having principal balances totaling at least 51% of the aggregate principal balance of the related Classes.

### **Combination and Recombination**

General. You are permitted to exchange all or a portion of the FA, SA, VB, BF, BT, KF, OB, OH, SD and SE Classes of REMIC Certificates for a proportionate interest in the related RCR Certificates in the combinations shown on Schedule 1. You also may exchange all or a portion of the RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificates in the same manner. This process may occur repeatedly.

Holders of RCR Certificates will be the beneficial owners of a proportionate interest in the related REMIC Certificates and will receive a proportionate share of the distributions on the related REMIC Certificates.

The Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates that are outstanding at any given time, and the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of these Classes, will depend upon any related distributions of principal, as well as any exchanges that occur. REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates may be exchanged only in the proportions shown on Schedule 1.

Procedures. If a Certificateholder wishes to exchange Certificates, the Certificateholder must notify our Structured Transactions Department through one of our "REMIC Dealer Group" dealers in writing or by telefax no later than two business days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any business day other than the first or last business day of the month subject to our approval. The notice must include the outstanding principal balance of both the Certificates to be exchanged and the Certificates to be received, and the proposed exchange date. After receiving the Holder's notice, we will telephone the dealer with delivery and wire payment instructions. Notice becomes irrevocable on the second business day before the proposed exchange date.

In connection with each exchange, the Holder must pay us a fee equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional principal balance) of the Certificates to be exchanged. In no event, however, will our fee be less than \$2,000.

We will make the first distribution on a REMIC Certificate or an RCR Certificate received in an exchange transaction on the Distribution Date in the following month. We will make that distribution to the Holder of record as of the close of business on the last day of the month of the exchange.

Additional Considerations. The characteristics of RCR Certificates will reflect the characteristics of the REMIC Certificates used to form those RCR Certificates. You should also consider a number of factors that will limit a Certificateholder's ability to exchange REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates or vice versa:

- At the time of the proposed exchange, a Certificateholder must own Certificates of the related Class or Classes in the proportions necessary to make the desired exchange.
- A Certificateholder that does not own the Certificates may be unable to obtain the necessary REMIC Certificates or RCR Certificates.
- If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange.
- The Certificateholder of needed Certificates may refuse to sell them at a reasonable price (or any price) or may be unable to sell them.
- Certain Certificates may have been purchased and placed into other financial structures and thus be unavailable.
- · Principal distributions will decrease the amounts available for exchange over time.
- Only the combinations listed on Schedule 1 are permitted.

### The Underlying REMIC Certificates

The Underlying REMIC Certificates represent beneficial ownership interests in the related Underlying REMIC Trusts. The assets of those trusts evidence direct or indirect beneficial ownership interests in certain MBS having the general characteristics set forth in the MBS Prospectus. Distributions on the Underlying REMIC Certificates will be passed through monthly, beginning in the month after we issue the Certificates. The general characteristics of the Underlying REMIC Certificates are described in the Underlying Disclosure Documents. See Exhibit A for additional information about the Underlying REMIC Certificates.

Each MBS evidences beneficial ownership interests in a pool of conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties, as described under "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

For further information about the Underlying REMIC Certificates, telephone us at 1-800-237-8627. There may have been material changes in facts and circumstances since the dates we prepared the Underlying Disclosure Documents. These may include changes in prepayment speeds, prevailing interest rates and other economic factors. As a result, the usefulness of the information set forth in those documents may be limited.

### The Group 3 MBS

The following table contains certain information about the Group 3 MBS. The Group 3 MBS will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The Group 3 MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 3 MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. The Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years. See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

We expect the characteristics of the Group 3 MBS and the related Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$443,323,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	354 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	4 months

### Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the principal balances of the Underlying REMIC Certificates as of the Issue Date and, with respect to the Group 3 MBS, the Pool number, the current WAC (or original WAC, if the current WAC is not available) and the current WAM (or Adjusted WAM, if the current WAM is not available) of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the Group 3 MBS as of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement also will include the weighted averages of all the current or original WACs and the weighted averages of all the current or Adjusted WAMs, based on the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the Group 3 MBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627. In addition, the Final Data Statement is available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

#### Distributions of Interest

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

Interest Type*	$\underline{\text{Classes}}$
Group 1 Classes	
Fixed Rate	VB and ZA
Floating Rate	FA
Inverse Floating Rate	SA
Accrual	ZA
Interest Only	SA
Principal Only	PO
RCR**	VC and VK
Group 2 Class	
Fixed Rate	DG
Group 3 Classes	
Fixed Rate	BZ and XZ
Floating Rate	BF and KF
Inverse Floating Rate	BT, SD, SE and TF
Toggle†	KF and TF
Accrual	BZ and XZ
Interest Only	BT, KF, SD and SE
Principal Only	OB and OH
RCR**	XF, YF, SB, SP, SH and EF
No Payment Residual	R and RL

<sup>\*</sup> See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

\* See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

† The "Toggle" or "T" designation refers to a Floating Rate or Inverse Floating Rate class whose interest rate changes significantly if the designated index meets one or more thresholds. For example, when the index meets a threshold, the interest rate may shift from a predetermined rate or formula to a different predetermined rate or formula. Accordingly, the change in interest rate may not be a continuous function of changes in the index.

General. We will pay interest on the Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates specified on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest based on an assumed 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly (except in the case of the Accrual Classes) on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Classes) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Classes, see "—Accrual Classes" below.

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Accrual Periods. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the Certificates during the applicable one-month periods set forth below (each, an "Interest Accrual Period").

#### Classes

### **Interest Accrual Periods**

All Fixed Rate Classes (collectively, the "Delay Classes") All Floating Rate, Inverse Floating

All Floating Rate, Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes (collectively, the "No-Delay Classes") Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

One-month period beginning on the 25th day of the month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See "Additional Risk Factors—Delay classes have lower yields and market values" in this prospectus supplement.

The Dealer will treat the PO Class as a Delay Class, and the OB and OH Classes as No-Delay Classes, for the sole purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Classes. The ZA, BZ and XZ Classes are Accrual Classes. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes at the applicable annual rates specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Classes. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Classes will be added as principal to their respective principal balances on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Classes as described under "—Distributions of Principal" below.

Notional Classes. The Notional Classes will not have principal balances. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Classes will bear interest on their notional principal balances at their applicable interest rates. The notional principal balances of the Notional Classes will be calculated as specified under "Reference Sheet—Notional Classes" in this prospectus supplement.

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for that Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall refer also to the notional principal balances of the Notional Classes.

Floating Rate, Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Floating Rate, Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes will bear interest at rates determined as described under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement.

Changes in the specified interest rate index (the "Index") will affect the yields with respect to the related Classes. These changes may not correspond to changes in mortgage interest rates. Lower mortgage interest rates could occur while an increase in the level of the Index occurs. Similarly, higher mortgage interest rates could occur while a decrease in the level of the Index occurs.

Our establishment of each Index value and our determination of the interest rate for each applicable Class for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627.

#### Calculation of LIBOR

On each Index Determination Date, we will calculate LIBOR for the related Interest Accrual Period. We will calculate LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method," as described in the REMIC Prospectus under "Description of Certificates—Indexes for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes—*LIBOR*."

If we are unable to calculate LIBOR on the initial Index Determination Date, LIBOR for the following Interest Accrual Period will be equal to 4.63% in the case of the FA and SA Classes; and 4.67% in the case of all other Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes.

### **Distributions of Principal**

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes fall into the following categories:

Principal Type*	Classes
Group 1 Classes	
Structured Collateral/TAC	FA and VB
Structured Collateral/Support	ZA
Structured Collateral/Pass-Through	PO
Accretion Directed	FA and VB
Notional	SA
RCR**	VC and VK
Group 2 Class	
Structured Collateral/Pass-Through	DG
Group 3 Classes	
PAC	BF and OH
TAC	OB and TF
Support	BZ and XZ
Notional	BT, KF, SD and SE
Accretion Directed	OB and TF
RCR**	XF, YF, SB, SP, SH and EF
No Payment Residual	R and RL

<sup>\*</sup> See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

\*\* See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

Principal Distribution Amount

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an aggregate amount (the "Principal Distribution Amount") equal to the sum of

- the principal then paid on the Group 1 Underlying REMIC Certificates (the "Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount") plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the ZA Class (the "ZA Accrual Amount," and together with the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the "Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 2 Underlying REMIC Certificates (the "Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount"), and

• the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS (the "Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount") plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balances of the BZ and XZ Classes (the "BZ Accrual Amount" and "XZ Accrual Amount," respectively, and together with the Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the "Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount").

### Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution

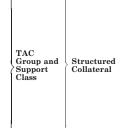
On each Distribution Date, we will pay 18.0327870290% of the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the PO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

Class

ZA Accrual Amount and Remaining Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZA Accrual Amount, together with the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount remaining after the distribution specified above under "—Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount," as principal of the Group 1 Classes in the following priority:

- (i) to Aggregate Group I (described below), until the Aggregate I Balance (described below) is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date; and
- (ii) concurrently, to Aggregate Group I and the ZA Class, in proportion to the then Aggregate I Balance and the principal balance of the ZA Class, without regard to the Targeted Balance of Aggregate Group I and until the Aggregate I Balance and the principal balance of the ZA Class are reduced to



"Aggregate Group I" consists of the FA and VB Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group I, concurrently, to the FA and VB Classes, pro rata (or 27.999996964% and 72.0000003036%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate I Balance" is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes in Aggregate Group I.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the DG Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

Structured Collateral / Pass-Through Class

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of Aggregate Group II (described below), until the Aggregate II Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date.

Group

BZ Accrual Amount, XZ Accrual Amount and Remaining Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the BZ Accrual Amount and XZ Accrual Amount, together with the Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount remaining after the distribution specified above under "—Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount," as principal of the Group 3 Classes in the following priority:

(i) to Aggregate Group III (described below), until the Aggregate III Balance (described below) is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date;

(ii) to the BZ Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero;

(iii) to Aggregate Group III, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until the Aggregate III Balance is reduced to zero;

(iv) to the XZ Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and

(v) to Aggregate Group II, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate II Balance is reduced to zero.

PAC Group

"Aggregate Group II" consists of the BF and OH Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group II, concurrently, to the BF and OH Classes, pro rata (or 85.7142853674% and 14.2857146326%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate II Balance" is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes in Aggregate Group II.

"Aggregate Group III" consists of the OB and TF Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group III, concurrently, to the OB and TF Classes, pro rata (or 14.2857141633% and 85.7142858367%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate III Balance" is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes in Aggregate Group III.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

### **Structuring Assumptions**

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the actual characteristics of each pool of Mortgage Loans backing the Underlying REMIC Certificates, the priority sequences affecting principal payments on the Underlying REMIC Certificates, and the following assumptions (such characteristics and assumptions, collectively, the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 3 MBS have the original term to maturity, remaining term to maturity, WALA and interest rate specified under "Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Group 3 MBS" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related tables;
- the settlement date for the sale of the Certificates is March 30, 2006;
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this prospectus supplement is The Bond Market Association's standard prepayment model ("PSA"). To assume a specified rate of PSA is to assume a

specified rate of prepayment each month of the then-outstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans computed as described under "Description of Certificates-Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus. It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any constant PSA rate, or at any other *constant* rate.

Structuring Range and Rates. The Principal Balance Schedules are found beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate within the Structuring Range or at the applicable PSA rates set forth below.

Related Groups (1)	Structuring Range and Rates
Aggregate Group I	(2)
Aggregate Group II	(3)
Aggregate Group III	(4)
	Aggregate Group II

- (1) The Structuring Range and Rates for the Aggregate Groups are associated with the related Aggregate Balances but not with the individual balances of the related Classes.
- The Targeted Balances for Aggregate Group I have been structured at 155% PSA but do not hold at any constant rate
- The Planned Balances for Aggregate Group II have been structured between 100% and 400% PSA but only hold
- between 102% and 400% PSA.
  The Targeted Balances for Aggregate Group III have been structured at 261% PSA but do not hold at any

We cannot assure you that the balance of any Group listed above will conform on any Distribution Date to the specified balance in the Principal Balance Schedules. As a result, we cannot assure you that payments of principal of any Group listed above will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules. We will distribute any excess of principal payments over the amount needed to reduce a Group to its scheduled balance on a Distribution Date. Accordingly, the ability to reduce a Group to its scheduled balance will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal payments from month to month. In addition, even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within the Structuring Range, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Group to its scheduled balances if the prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. Moreover, because of the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the related Mortgage Loans, which may include recently originated Mortgage Loans, the Groups specified above may not be reduced to their scheduled balances, even if prepayments occur at a constant rate within the Structuring Range or at the applicable PSA rates specified above.

Initial Effective Range. The Effective Range for a Group is the range of prepayment rates (measured by constant PSA rates) which would reduce that Group to its scheduled balance on each Distribution Date. The Initial Effective Range shown in the table below is based upon the assumed characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

> **Initial Effective Range** Group Aggregate Group II Between 102% and 400% PSA

The actual Effective Range at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. The actual Effective Range calculated on the basis of the actual characteristics is likely to differ from the Initial Effective Range. As a result, the applicable Group might not be reduced to its scheduled balances even if prepayments were to occur at a constant PSA rate within the Initial Effective Range. This is so particularly if the rate were at the lower or higher end of this range. In addition, even if prepayments occur at rates falling within the actual Effective Range, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Group to its scheduled balances if such prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. It is highly unlikely that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA rate. In general, the actual Effective Range may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time.

The stability in principal payment of the Classes specified below will be supported by the corresponding supporting Classes as indicated in the follow table:

Classes	Supporting Classes
Group 3	
PAC	TAC and Support

When the supporting Classes are retired, the Classes they support, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be more sensitive to prepayments.

### **Yield Tables**

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash
  flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the
  assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes,
  and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- · all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Principal Only Classes. The Principal Only Classes will not bear interest. As indicated in the tables below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yields to investors in the Principal Only Classes.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Principal Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price
PO	72.2500%
OB	75.8125%
OH	75.8125%

### Sensitivity of the PO Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption				
	50%	100%	155%	350%	500%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	1.6%	2.1%	4.1%	41.5%	75.0%

### Sensitivity of the OB Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption					
	<b>50</b> %	100%	$\underline{135\%}$	$\underline{261\%}$	400%	600%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	1.5%	2.0%	2.7%	6.4%	12.6%	18.7%

### Sensitivity of the OH Class to Prepayments

		PSA Prepayment Assumption					
	<b>50</b> %	100%	135%	$\underline{261\%}$	400%	600%	
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	3.5%	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%	6.0%	

The Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the KF, TF, XF and YF Classes. The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the KF, TF, XF and YF Classes will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable tables below, it is possible that investors in the SA, BT, KF, SD, SE, SB, SH, SP and XF Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

• the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the KF, TF, XF and YF Classes for the initial Interest Accrual Period are the rates listed in the table under "Reference Sheet— Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of the Index, and • the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
SA	3.890625%
BT	4.781250%
KF	3.752344%
SD	3.252927%
SE	2.763047%
TF	101.000000%
SB	2.143750%
SH	7.937500%
SP	101.359375%
XF	100.828125%
YF	98.326564%
EF	76.607626%

<sup>\*</sup> The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

# Sensitivity of the SA Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

elus to maturity)

	rsa Frepayment Assumption							
LIBOR	50%	100%	155%	350%	500%			
2.63%	107.8%	99.1%	80.6%	(9.2)%	(93.6)%			
4.63%	48.9%	44.1%	28.5%	(66.3)%	*			
6.63%	(18.4)%	(25.9)%	(41.3)%	*	*			
6.70%	*	*	*	*	*			

<sup>\*</sup> The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

# Sensitivity of the BT Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	<b>50</b> %	100%	135%	261%	400%	600%	
5.63%	14.9%	10.5%	10.5%	10.5%	10.5%	2.4%	
6.00%	4.0%	(0.7)%	(0.7)%	(0.7)%	(0.7)%	(10.5)%	
6.70%	*	*	*	*	*	*	

<sup>\*</sup> The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

# Sensitivity of the KF Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	<b>50</b> %	100%	135%	261%	400%	600%	
6.5% and below	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Above 6.5%	27.3%	25.1%	22.2%	8.7%	(59.5)%	*	

<sup>\*</sup> The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

# Sensitivity of the SD Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	135%	261%	400%	600%	
2.67%	102.7%	101.1%	101.1%	101.1%	101.1%	99.2%	
4.67%	24.4%	20.4%	20.4%	20.4%	20.4%	13.5%	
5.63%	*	*	*	*	*	*	

<sup>\*</sup> The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

# Sensitivity of the SE Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

		PSA Prepayment Assumption									
LIBOR	50%	100%	135%	261%	400%	600%					
2.67%	120.4%	117.0%	113.8%	101.2%	88.0%	63.5%					
4.67%	34.1%	32.0%	28.9%	15.6%	(10.6)%	(45.9)%					
5.63%	*	*	*	*	*	*					

<sup>\*</sup> The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

# Sensitivity of the TF Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption											
LIBOR	<b>50</b> %	100%	$\overline{135\%}$	<b>261</b> %	400%	600%						
0.67%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.9%	1.7%	1.6%						
2.67%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	3.9%	3.7%	3.5%						
4.67%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	5.9%	5.6%	5.4%						
6.50%	7.0%	7.0%	6.9%	6.8%	6.6%	6.4%						
Above 6.50%	2.9%	3.5%	4.0%	5.5%	6.6%	6.4%						

# Sensitivity of the SB Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption										
LIBOR	50%	100%	135%	261%	400%	600%					
2.67%	165.5%	162.6%	160.2%	151.5%	143.8%	129.4%					
4.67%	45.1%	42.7%	40.2%	30.5%	19.2%	4.1%					
5.63%	*	*	*	*	*	*					

<sup>\*</sup> The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

# Sensitivity of the SH Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption											
LIBOR	50%	100%	135%	261%	400%	600%						
2.67%	50.9%	48.1%	48.1%	48.1%	48.1%	43.8%						
4.67%	19.2%	15.0%	15.0%	15.0%	15.0%	7.4%						
6.67%	(34.0)%	(35.0)%	(35.0)%	(35.0)%	(35.0)%	(47.8)%						
6.70%	*	*	*	*	*	*						

<sup>\*</sup> The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

# Sensitivity of the SP Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption										
LIBOR	50%	100%	135%	261%	400%	600%					
2.67%	14.8%	14.7%	14.7%	14.7%	14.7%	14.6%					
4.67%	7.3%	7.3%	7.3%	7.3%	7.3%	7.2%					
6.67%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	(0.1)%					
6.70%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.2)%					

# Sensitivity of the XF Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption										
LIBOR	50%	100%	135%	261%	400%	600%					
6.5% and below	0.0%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.2)%	(0.3)%	(0.5)%					
Above 6.6%	15.0%	13.7%	12.5%	7.5%	(0.3)%	(0.5)%					

# Sensitivity of the YF Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

		I	PSA Prepaymer	nt Assumption		
LIBOR	50%	100%	135%	<b>261</b> %	400%	600%
6.5% and below	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	0.7%	1.1%
Above 6.6%	14.3%	13.2%	12.1%	7.5%	0.7%	1.1%

# Sensitivity of the EF Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption										
LIBOR	<b>50</b> %	100%	$\overline{135\%}$	261%	400%	600%					
2.67%	3.5%	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%	5.9%					
4.67%	3.6%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	6.0%					
6.67%	3.6%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	6.1%					
6.70%	3.6%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	6.1%					

### Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

- (a) multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of the Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of the Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal payments,
- the priority sequences of payments of principal of the Group 1 and Group 3 Classes
- in the case of the Group 1 and Group 3 Classes, the payment of principal of certain Classes in accordance with the Principal Balance Schedules, and
- in the case of the Group 1 and Group 2 Classes, the priority sequences affecting principal payments on the applicable Underlying REMIC Certificates.

See "—Distributions of Principal" above and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal" in the Underlying Disclosure Documents.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

### **Decrement Tables**

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. However, in the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, we

assumed that the underlying Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below	Original Terms to Maturity	Remaining Terms to Maturity	Interest Rates
Group 1 Underlying REMIC Certificates	360 months	(1)	7.50%
Group 2 Underlying REMIC Certificates	360 months	351 months	8.00%
Group 3 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%

<sup>(1)</sup> The Mortgage Loans backing the Group 1 Underlying REMIC Certificates are assumed to have the following remaining terms to maturity:

Class 2005-86	 354 months
Class 2005-97	 355 months

### It is unlikely

- that all of the underlying Mortgage Loans will have the interest rates, WALAs or remaining terms to maturity assumed or
- that the underlying Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA rate.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates. This is the case even if the dispersion of weighted average remaining terms to maturity and the weighted average WALAs of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the dispersion specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

### Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

		and	SA†, V VK Cl	asses				PO Cla					ZA Cla					OG Cla		
			Prepay sumpt				PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption			
Date	0%	100%	155%	350%	500%	0%	100%	155%	350%	500%	0%	100%	155%	350%	500%	0%	100%	185%	350%	500%
Initial Percent March 2007 March 2008 March 2008 March 2010 March 2011 March 2011 March 2011 March 2013 March 2014 March 2015 March 2016 March 2016 March 2017 March 2017 March 2018 March 2019 March 2020 March 2021 March 2021 March 2021 March 2021 March 2021 March 2022 March 2023 March 2024 March 2025 March 2025 March 2026 March 2026 March 2027 March 2028 March 2029 March 2029 March 2030 March 2031 March 2031 March 2031 March 2032 March 2030 March 2031 March 2032 March 2030 March 2031 March 2032 March 2032 March 2033	95 92 89 86 83 79 67 63 58 53 47 41 35 29 22 21 4 7 0 0 0 0	100 79 77 74 70 67 63 60 56 51 45 34 23 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1000 700 588 488 411 334 229 225 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	1000 400 88 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	100 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	100 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98	100 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 62 62 62 61 61 61 61 62 62 62 62 62 62 63 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	100 77 70 59 55 53 52 50 48 46 42 29 25 22 21 19 6 5 3 3 11 1 9 6 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1000 411 90 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	100 13 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	100 106 113 120 128 136 144 153 163 173 184 195 208 221 234 249 265 281 233 333 333 333 333 333 278 207 207	100 106 113 120 128 136 144 153 163 173 184 195 208 221 226 206 187 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 16	100 96 97 99 102 106 111 116 122 123 133 129 97 86 75 55 45 37 29 22 15 9 4 **	100 44 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	100 14 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 63 43 29 20 13 9 6 4 4 3 2 1 1 *** ** ** ** ** ** **
March 2035	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	14 0	0 0	0	0	0 0	46 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0
Life (years)**	11.6	7.6	4.0	0.9	0.5	27.1	15.9	9.3	0.9	0.5	27.5	19.9	17.4	1.0	0.6	25.5	17.7	17.7	13.3	9.4

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

<sup>†</sup> In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

BF, BT†, OH, SD†, SH†, SP and EF Classes KF†, OB, SE†, TF, XF and YF Classes BZ Class PSA Prepayment PSA Prepayment PSA Prepayment Assumption Assumption 261% 400% 600% Date 0%  $\boldsymbol{100\,\%}$ 135% 261%  $400\,\%$ 600% 0% 100%  $135\,\%$ 0%  $\boldsymbol{100\,\%}$ 135%261% 400% 600% Initial Percent . . . . . . . March 2007 . . . . . . . . . . . March 2008 March 2009 86 72 60 48 37 27 20 15 86 97 83 76 29 86 72 60 48 37 27 20 15  $\begin{matrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$ 72 53 March 2010 . . . . . . . . . . . . 143 152 91 48 37 27 20 15  $\frac{34}{21}$  $\frac{135}{143}$  $\frac{135}{143}$ 96 83 69 29 37 March 2013 . . . . . . . . . . . . 171 182 21 March 2014 March 2015 82 79 75 71 66  $\frac{161}{171}$  $\frac{161}{171}$ 171 96 62 79 75 70 65 5 2 1  $\frac{1}{20}$ March 2016 8 6 8 6 March 2017 March 2018 8 6 8 6  $\frac{193}{205}$ 205  $\begin{array}{c} 193 \\ 205 \end{array}$ 95 49  $_{0}^{0}$  $\frac{15}{12}$ 95 94 March 2019 7 5 3 2 \* 56 March 2020 March 2021  $\frac{231}{245}$  $\frac{231}{245}$  $\frac{231}{245}$ 50  $\frac{39}{34}$  $\frac{4}{2}$   $\frac{2}{1}$ 26 22 March 2022 39 35 30 25 21 17 13 9  $\frac{277}{294}$ March 2023 March 2024  $\frac{44}{37}$ 94 93 93 March 2025 0 0 0 0 March 2026 March 2027  $\frac{331}{351}$  $\frac{331}{351}$  $\frac{331}{351}$  $\frac{14}{11}$ 85 75 396 396 March 2028  $\begin{array}{c}
 8 \\
 5 \\
 2 \\
 0
 \end{array}$ March 2029 March 2030 . . . . . . . . . . . 23  $\frac{474}{378}$ 38 March 2033 . . . . . . . . . . . . 567 Weighted Average Life (years)\*\*

			XZ	Class						SB†	Class		
				epayment mption			-				epayment mption		
Date	0%	100%	135%	261%	400%	600%	(	)%	100%	135%	261%	400%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100		.00	100	100	100	100	100
March 2007	106	106	106	106	106	106		99	95	94	91	88	82
March 2008	113	113	113	113	113	113		98	87	84	74	63	48
March 2009	120	120	120	120	120	0		97	84	78	60	43	22
March 2010	127	127	127	127	127	0		96	80	73	49	29	14
March 2011	135	135	135	135	135	0		96	77	68	40	20	9
March 2012	143	143	143	143	143	0		95	74	63	34	13	5
March 2013	152	152	152	152	152	0		94	71	60	29	9	3
March 2014	161	161	161	161	161	0		93	67	56	24	7	2
March 2015	171	171	171	171	171	0		92	64	51	21	5	1
March 2016	182	182	182	182	182	0		91	60	47	17	4	1
March 2017	193	193	193	193	135	0		90	55	43	14	3	1
March 2018	205	205	205	205	99	Ō		89	51	38	11	2	*
March 2019	218	218	218	218	73	0		88	46	34	9	2	*
March 2020	231	231	231	231	54	Ō		86	42	30	7	1	*
March 2021	245	245	245	245	39	Ō		85	38	26	5	ī	*
March 2022	261	261	261	261	28	0		83	34	23	3	1	*
March 2023	277	277	277	277	21	Ō		81	30	19	2	*	*
March 2024	294	294	294	294	15	Ō		79	26	16	*	*	*
March 2025	312	312	312	312	11	0		77	22	13	*	*	*
March 2026	331	331	331	331	8	Ō		75	19	11	*	*	*
March 2027	351	351	351	351	5	Ō		72	16	8	*	*	*
March 2028	373	373	373	373	4	0		69	12	6	*	*	*
March 2029	396	396	396	396	3	0		63	9	4	*	*	*
March 2030	421	421	421	421	2	Ō		56	6	$\overline{2}$	*	*	*
March 2031	446	446	446	446	1	0		47	4	*	*	*	*
March 2032	474	474	474	474	ī	Ō		38	ī	*	*	*	*
March 2033	503	503	503	503	1	Ō		28	*	*	*	*	*
March 2034	534	534	534	452	*	0		17	*	*	*	*	*
March 2035	567	567	567	132	*	0		5	*	*	*	*	*
March 2036	0	0	0	0	0	ŏ		Õ	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average													
Life (years)**	30.0	29.5	29.4	28.6	13.2	3.0	25	2.3	12.2	10.0	5.4	3.5	2.4

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

...... 15.0

6.6

6.6

6.6

6.6

4.8

29.7

27.9

26.9

21.6

0.3

0.2

24.9

14.2

11.2

5.0

2.4

1.6

<sup>\*\*</sup> Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

<sup>†</sup> In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

### Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Trust remain after the principal balances of all Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the R Class the proceeds from those assets. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Regular Interests are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the RL Class. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case.

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to a "disqualified organization." In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to any person that is not a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of a Residual Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See "Description of Certificates— Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences— Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of a Residual Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the "Regulations") provide that a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had "improper knowledge").

As discussed under the caption "Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has amended the Regulations to provide additional requirements that a transferor must satisfy to avail itself of the safe harbor regarding the presumed lack of improper knowledge. For transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002, a transferor of a Residual Certificate is presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions discussed in the REMIC Prospectus, both (i) the transferee represents that it will not cause income from the Residual Certificate to be attributed to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of the transferee or another taxpayer and (ii) the transfer satisfies either the "asset test" or the "formula test." The representation described in (i) will be included in the affidavit discussed above. See "Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

A transfer satisfies the asset test if (i) the transferee's gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfer and at the close of each of the transferee's two fiscal years preceding the year of transfer), (ii) the transferee is an "eligible corporation" and the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the Residual Certificate will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor and satisfy the asset test, and (iii) the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the taxes associated with the Residual Certificate will not be paid. A transfer satisfies the formula test if

the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The Regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Lower Tier REMIC. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

### CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

### U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The tax discussions contained in the REMIC Prospectus (including the sections entitled "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" and "ERISA Considerations") and this prospectus supplement were not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. These discussions were written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this prospectus supplement. You should seek advice based on your particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

### REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The REMIC Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the "regular interests," and the R Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the "regular interests" and the RL Class will be designated as the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, as "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes*" in the REMIC Prospectus.

### Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Classes, the Accrual Classes and the Principal Only Classes will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with

OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

Group	Prepayment Assumption
1	155% PSA
2	185% PSA
3	135% PSA

See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

#### **Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates**

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 5.52% (which is 120% of the "federal long-term rate"). See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions" and "—Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Treasury Department recently issued Regulations providing that, to clearly reflect income, an inducement fee paid to a transferee of a noneconomic residual interest in a REMIC must be included in income over a period that is reasonably related to the period during which the applicable REMIC is expected to generate taxable income or net loss allocable to the transferee. The Regulations set forth two safe harbor methods under which a taxpayer's accounting for the inducement fee will be considered to clearly reflect income for these purposes. In addition, under the Regulations an inducement fee shall be treated as income from sources within the United States. The Regulations, which are effective for taxable years ending on or after May 11, 2004, contain additional details regarding their application. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to the transfer of a Residual Certificate.

### Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

General. The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The REMIC Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest in those REMIC Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of REMIC Certificates, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The RCR Classes (each, a "Combination RCR Class") will represent the beneficial ownership of the underlying REMIC Certificates set forth in Schedule 1. Each Certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a "Combination RCR Certificate") will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying REMIC Certificates.

Combination RCR Classes. A beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate will be treated as the beneficial owner of a proportionate interest in the REMIC Certificates underlying that Combination RCR Certificate. Except in the case of a beneficial owner that acquires a Combination RCR Certificate in an exchange described under "—Exchanges" below, a beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate must allocate its cost to acquire that Certificate among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of acquisition. Such an owner should account for its ownership interest in each underlying REMIC Certificate as described under "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" above and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. When a beneficial owner sells a Combination RCR Certificate, the owner must allocate the sale proceeds among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of sale.

Exchanges. If a beneficial owner exchanges one or more REMIC Certificates for the related RCR Certificate or Certificates in the manner described under "Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination" in this prospectus supplement, the exchange will not be taxable. Likewise, if a beneficial owner exchanges one or more RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificate or Certificates in the manner described in that discussion, the exchange will not be a taxable exchange. In each of these cases, the beneficial owner will be treated as continuing to own after the exchange the same combination of interests in the related REMIC Certificates (or the same interest in the related REMIC Certificate) that it owned immediately prior to the exchange.

### Tax Return Disclosure Requirements

Treasury Department Regulations that are directed at "tax shelters" could be read to apply to transactions generally not considered to be tax shelters. These Regulations require that taxpayers that participate in a "reportable transaction" disclose such transaction on their tax returns by attaching IRS Form 8886 and retain information related to the transaction. A transaction may be a "reportable transaction" based upon any of several indicia, one or more of which may be present with respect to the Certificates. You should consult your own tax advisor concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to your investment in the Certificates.

### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General. We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. (the "Dealer") in exchange for the Underlying REMIC Certificates and the Group 3 MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

Increase in Certificates. Before the Settlement Date, we and the Dealer may agree to offer Group 3 Classes in addition to those contemplated as of the date of this prospectus supplement. In this event, we will increase the Group 3 MBS in principal balance, but we expect that all these additional Group 3 MBS will have the same characteristics as described under "Description of the Certificates—The Group 3 MBS" in this prospectus supplement. The proportion that the original principal balance of each Group 3 Class bears to the aggregate original principal balance of all Group 3 Classes, will remain the same. In addition, the dollar amounts shown in the Principal Balance Schedules will be increased to correspond to the increase of the principal balances of the applicable Classes.

### LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Underlying REMIC Certificates

Approximate Weighted Average WALA (in months)	32	32	32	32	32	32	(3)	(3)	(3)	30	13	97	(4)
Approximate Weighted Average WAM (in months)	322	322	322	322	322	322	(3)	(3)	(3)	324	344	(F)	( <del>1</del> )
Approximate Weighted Average WAC%	5.498	5.498	5.498	5.498	5.498	5.498	(3)	(3)	(3)	5.491	6 970	(1)	(4)
Principal Balance in the Lower Tier REMIC	\$ 3,586,491	25,632	26,699	24,999,368	4,539,166	24,999,342	3,586,490	25,525	24,999,475	27,274,481	000 000 8	10 319 500	4,687,500
March 2006 Class Factor	0.42233077	1.02526187	1.02526187	0.99997474	0.47201033	0.99997369	0.48181094	1.02100767	0.99997899	0.85677870	1 00000000	1,00000000	1.00000000
Original Principal Balance of Class	\$ 16,984,274	20,000	26,041	50,000,000	9,616,667	25,000,000	7,443,770	25,000	25,000,000	132,203,701	49 381 000	10 319 500	4,687,500
Principal Type (1)	SUP/AD/JMP	SUP/AD	SUP/AD	TAC/AD/JMP	SUP/AD/JMP	TAC/AD/JMP	SC/SUP/AD/JMP	SC/SEQ	SC/TAC/AD/JMP	SUP	DAG	SC/DT	SC/PT
Final Distribution Date	October 2035	October 2035	October 2035	October 2035	October 2035	October 2035	October 2035	October 2035	October 2035	November 2035		4 0	July 2035
Interest Type (1)	FIX/Z	FIX/Z	FIX/Z	FIX	FIX/Z	FIX	FIX/Z	FIX/Z	FIX	FIX	FIX	TV /T	FLT/T
Interest Rate	5.0%	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	η η	6.6	(2)
CUSIP Number	31394UBV3	31394 UBT8	31394UBN1	$31394 \mathrm{UBG6}$	31394 UAY8	31394UAX $0$	31394UMT6	31394UMR0	31394UMQ2	31394UNZ $1$	31394FDL6	31304IIBV7	31394UBX9
Date of Issue	September 2005	September 2005	September 2005	September 2005	September 2005	September 2005	October 2005	October 2005	October 2005	October 2005	June 9005	Sontomber 2005	September 2005
Class	ZO	ΖQ	XZ	TA	ΓZ	LF	ZO	ZG	A	BR	5	2 7	AS
Underlying REMIC Trust	<b>Group 1</b> 2005-086	2005-086	2005-086	2005-086	2005-086	2005-086	2005-097	2005-097	2005-097	2005-097	Group 2	200-2002	2005-086

(1) See "Description of the Certificates—Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.
 (2) These Classes bear interest during their respective interest accrual periods, subject to the applicable maximum and minimum interest rates, as further described in the related Underlying REMIC Disclosure Documents.
 (3) These Classes are backed by the following Fannie Mae certificates:

2005-86-TA REMIC Certificate 2005-86-ZQ REMIC Certificate 2005-86-ZR REMIC Certificate 2005-86-ZU REMIC Certificate

See table above for related information.

(4) These Classes are backed by the following Fannie Mae certificate:

2005-62-DG RCR Certificate

See table above for related information.

Available Recombinations (1) (2)

	Final Distribution Date	April 2026	April 2026	April 2036	April 2036	April 2036	April 2036	April 2036	April 2036
	CUSIP Number	$31395 \mathbf{BZT}3$	$31395 \mathrm{BZU}0$	$31395 \mathrm{BZY2}$	$31395 \mathbf{BZZ} 9$	$31395 \mathbf{BZV8}$	$31395 \mathrm{BZX4}$	$31395 \mathrm{BZW}6$	31395BA29
cates	Principal Type(3)	SC/TAC/AD	SC/TAC/AD	TAC/AD	TAC/AD	NTL	PAC	NTL	PAC
RCR Certificates	Interest Type (3)	FIX	FIX	FLT/T	FLT/T	OI/ANI	INV	OI/ANI	FLT
	Interest Rate	6.1%	6.0	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(2)
	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	\$ 65,883,215	59,294,891	30,000,000	33,333,333	268,645,998(4)	29,419,715	176,518,285(4)	30,419,715
	RCR Classes	VC	VK	XF	m YF	$_{ m SB}$	$_{ m SP}$	$^{ m KS}$	EF.
REMIC Certificates	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	ation 1 \$ 47,435,915 18,447,300 18,447,300(4)	ation 2 47,435,915 11,858,976 11,858,976(4)	<b>ation 3</b> 200,000,000(4) 30,000,000	<b>ation 4</b> 200,000,000(4) 33,333,333	<b>ation 5</b> 68,646,000(4) 199,999,998(4)	ation 6 107,872,285(4) 29,419,715 107,872,285(4)	ation 7 176,518,285(4) 176,518,285(4)	ation 8 29,419,715 1,000,000
REMIC	Classes	Recombination 1 VB \$ 47,4 FA 18,4 SA 18,4	Recombination 2 VB 47,4 FA 11,8 SA 11,8	Recombination 3           KF         200,0           OB         30,0	Recombination 4           KF         200,0           OB         33,3	Recombination 5 SD 68,6, SE 199,96	Recombination 6 BT 107,87 OH 29,41 SD 107,87	Recombination 7 BT 176,51 SD 176,51	Recombination 8 OH 29,4 BF 1,0

<sup>(1)</sup> REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates in any Recombination (other than Recombination 5) may be exchanged only in the proportions shown in this Schedule 1. In any exchange under Recombination 5 the relative proportions of the REMIC Certificates to be delivered (or if applicable, received) in such exchange will equal the proportions reflected by the outstanding principal or notional principal balances of the related REMIC Classes at the time of exchange.

(2) If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange. See "Description of the Certificates—General—Authorized Denominations" in this prospectus

supplement.
See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest," and "—Distributions of Principal" in this prospectus supplement.
Notional principal behance.
For a description of these interest rates, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest," in this prospectus supplement. (£) (£)

### **Principal Balance Schedules**

### Aggregate Group I Targeted Balances

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
Initial Balance	\$65,883,215.00	January 2010	\$27,564,413.35	November 2013	\$14,501,772.67
April 2006	63,327,848.37	February 2010	27,159,246.75	December 2013	14,251,926.60
May 2006	60,794,530.73	March 2010	26,760,932.31	January 2014	13,996,546.10
June 2006	58,283,078.68	April 2010	26,369,380.35	February 2014	13,735,761.08
July 2006	55,793,310.33	May 2010	25,984,501.99	March 2014	13,469,699.06
August 2006	53,325,045.28	June 2010	25,606,209.19	April 2014	13,198,485.22
September 2006	50,878,104.61	July 2010	25,234,414.72	May 2014	12,922,242.44
October 2006	49,766,533.00	August 2010	24,869,032.12	June 2014	12,641,091.31
November 2006	49,014,493.98	September 2010	24,509,975.76	July 2014	12,355,150.20
December 2006	48,273,534.63	October 2010	24,157,160.78	August 2014	12,064,535.26
January 2007	47,543,526.59	November 2010	23,810,503.11	September 2014	11,769,360.50
February 2007	46,824,342.66	December 2010	23,469,919.44	October 2014	11,469,737.76
March 2007	46,115,856.81	January 2011	23,135,327.22	November 2014	11,165,776.81
April 2007	45,417,944.13	February 2011	22,806,644.69	December 2014	10,857,585.35
May 2007	44,730,480.87	March 2011	22,483,790.82	January 2015	10,545,269.02
June 2007	44,053,344.42	April 2011	22,166,685.31	February 2015	10,228,931.49
July 2007	43,386,413.27	May 2011	21,855,248.64	March 2015	9,908,674.44
August 2007	42,729,567.03	June 2011	21,549,401.97	April 2015	9,584,597.61
September 2007	42,082,686.39	July 2011	21,249,067.24	May 2015	9,256,798.83
October 2007	41,445,653.15	August 2011	20,954,167.06	June 2015	8,925,374.05
November 2007	40,818,350.19	September 2011	20,664,624.79	July 2015	8,590,417.38
December 2007	40,200,661.45	October 2011	20,380,364.46	August 2015	8,252,021.10
January 2008	39,592,471.94	November 2011	20,101,310.82	September 2015	7,910,275.70
February 2008	38,993,667.70	December 2011	19,827,389.31	October 2015	7,565,269.90
March 2008	38,404,135.84	January 2012	19,558,526.06	November 2015	7,217,090.69
April 2008	37,823,764.48	February 2012	19,294,647.87	December 2015	6,865,823.35
May 2008	37,252,442.78	March 2012	19,035,682.21	January 2016	6,511,551.48
June 2008	36,690,060.91	April 2012	18,781,557.23	February 2016	6,154,357.03
July 2008	36,136,510.03	May 2012	18,532,201.73	March 2016	5,794,320.30
August 2008	35,591,682.31	June 2012	18,287,545.18	April 2016	5,431,520.02
September 2008	35,055,470.91	July 2012	18,047,517.68	May 2016	5,066,033.31
October 2008	34,527,769.95	August 2012	17,812,049.99	June 2016	4,697,935.77
November 2008	34,008,474.55	September 2012	17,581,073.49	July 2016	4,327,301.44
December 2008	33,497,480.77	October 2012	17,354,520.21	August 2016	3,954,202.88
January 2009	32,994,685.61	November 2012	17,132,322.79	September 2016	3,578,711.17
February 2009	32,499,987.05	December 2012	16,914,414.49	October 2016	3,200,895.92
March 2009	32,013,283.97	January 2013	16,700,729.19	November 2016	2,820,825.31
April 2009	31,534,476.19	February 2013	16,491,201.38	December 2016	2,438,566.14
May 2009	31,063,464.45	March 2013	16,285,766.16	January 2017	2,054,183.79
June 2009	30,600,150.40	April 2013	16,084,301.30	February 2017	1,667,742.29
July 2009	30,144,436.60	May 2013	15,877,041.69	March 2017	1,279,304.31
August 2009	29,696,226.48	June 2013	15,663,268.40	April 2017	888,931.24
September 2009	29,255,424.39	July 2013	15,443,129.08	May 2017	496,683.13
October 2009	28,821,935.51	August 2013	15,216,768.74	June 2017	102,618.77
November 2009	28,395,665.95	September 2013	14,984,329.77	July 2017 and	
December 2009	27,976,522.63	October 2013	14,745,951.99	thereafter	0.00

### Aggregate Group II Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance		May 2012	\$ 94,653,200.41	August 2016	\$ 27,378,483.89
through March 2008	\$205,938,000.00	June 2012	92,703,035.75	September 2016	26,700,302.90
April 2008	203,469,667.01	July 2012	90,762,785.40	October 2016	26,038,479.02
May 2008		August 2012	88,832,398.34	November 2016	25,392,624.70
June 2008	200,989,563.93	September 2012	86,911,823.81	December 2016	24,762,361.48
	198,498,014.24	October 2012	85,001,011.32	January 2017	24,147,319.73
July 2008	196,019,164.65 193,552,949.83	November 2012	83,099,910.64	February 2017	23,547,138.50
August 2008	191,099,304.75	December 2012	81,208,471.77	March 2017	22,961,465.27
October 2008	188,658,164.74	January 2013	79,326,645.01	April 2017	22,389,955.79
November 2008	186,229,465.47	February 2013	77,454,380.88	May 2017	21,832,273.87
December 2008	183,813,142.91	March 2013	75,591,630.17	June 2017	21,288,091.18
January 2009		April 2013	73,761,511.28	July 2017	20,757,087.13
February 2009	181,409,133.38 179,017,373.53	May 2013	71,974,864.84	August 2017	20,238,948.60
March 2009	176,637,800.33	June 2013	70,230,671.71	September 2017	19,733,369.82
April 2009	174,270,351.06	July 2013	68,527,936.43	October 2017	19,240,052.22
=	171,914,963.35	August 2013	66,865,686.65	November 2017	18,758,704.20
May 2009		September 2013	65,242,972.62	December 2017	18,289,041.01
June 2009 July 2009	169,571,575.14	October 2013	63,658,866.66	January 2018	17,830,784.60
	167,240,124.68 164,920,550.54	November 2013	62,112,462.64	February 2018	17,383,663.42
August 2009		December 2013	60,602,875.49	March 2018	16,947,412.31
September 2009 October 2009	162,612,791.61 160,316,787.10	January 2014	59,129,240.73	April 2018	16,521,772.35
November 2009	158,032,476.53	February 2014	57,690,713.98	May 2018	16,106,490.67
December 2009	155,759,799.72	March 2014	56,286,470.48	June 2018	15,701,320.37
	153,498,696.81	April 2014	54,915,704.66	July 2018	15,306,020.33
January 2010 February 2010	151,249,108.25	May 2014	53,577,629.70	August 2018	14,920,355.12
March 2010	149,010,974.78	June 2014	52,271,477.08	September 2018	14,544,094.83
April 2010	146,784,237.47	July 2014	50,996,496.17	October 2018	14,177,014.97
May 2010	144,568,837.67	August 2014	49,751,953.80	November 2018	13,818,896.31
June 2010	142,364,717.04	September 2014	48,537,133.87	December 2018	13,469,524.79
July 2010	140,171,817.55	October 2014	47,351,336.97	January 2019	13,128,691.40
August 2010	137,990,081.45	November 2014	46,193,879.97	February 2019	12,796,192.04
September 2010	135,819,451.31	December 2014	45,064,095.63	March 2019	12,471,827.40
October 2010	133,659,869.96	January 2015	43,961,332.28	April 2019	12,155,402.89
November 2010	131,511,280.56	February 2015	42,884,953.43	May 2019	11,846,728.49
December 2010	129,373,626.55	March 2015	41,834,337.41	June 2019	11,545,618.66
January 2011	127,246,851.65	April 2015	40,808,877.06	July 2019	11,251,892.24
February 2011	125,130,899.89	May 2015	39,807,979.35	August 2019	10,965,372.34
March 2011	123,025,715.56	June 2015	38,831,065.11	September 2019	10,685,886.22
April 2011	120,931,243.27	July 2015	37,877,568.64	October 2019	10,413,265.26
May 2011	118,847,427.89	August 2015	36,946,937.47	November 2019	10,147,344.77
June 2011	116,774,214.58	September 2015	36,038,632.00	December 2019	9,887,963.97
July 2011	114,711,548.79	October 2015	35,152,125.23	January 2020	9,634,965.89
August 2011	112,659,376.23	November 2015	34,286,902.44	February 2020	9,388,197.24
September 2011	110,617,642.91	December 2015	33,442,460.96	March 2020	9,147,508.37
October 2011	108,586,295.12	January 2016	32,618,309.83	April 2020	8,912,753.14
November 2011	106,565,279.40	February 2016	31,813,969.56	May 2020	8,683,788.91
December 2011	104,554,542.60	March 2016	31,028,971.88	June 2020	8,460,476.37
January 2012	102,554,031.81	April 2016	30,262,859.42	July 2020	8,242,679.52
February 2012	100,563,694.41	May 2016	29,515,185.54	August 2020	8,030,265.58
March 2012	98,583,478.06	June 2016	28,785,514.01	September 2020	7,823,104.90
April 2012	96,613,330.66	July 2016	28,073,418.82	October 2020	7,621,070.92

### Aggregate Group II (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
November 2020	\$ 7,424,040.06	April 2025	\$ 1,756,368.21	September 2029	\$ 342,988.74
December 2020	7,231,891.67	May 2025	1,707,021.87	October 2029	331,410.02
January 2021	7,044,507.95	June 2025	1,658,957.86	November 2029	320,159.15
February 2021	6,861,773.91	July 2025	1,612,144.31	December 2029	309,227.59
March 2021	6,683,577.27	August 2025	1,566,550.11	January 2030	298,606.98
April 2021	6,509,808.42	September 2025	1,522,144.90	February 2030	288,289.19
May 2021	6,340,360.36	October 2025	1,478,899.06	March 2030	278,266.29
June 2021	6,175,128.59	November 2025	1,436,783.70	April 2030	268,530.55
July 2021	6,014,011.14	December 2025	1,395,770.61	May 2030	259,074.43
August 2021	5,856,908.43	January 2026	1,355,832.28	June 2030	249,890.58
September 2021	5,703,723.24	February 2026	1,316,941.84	July 2030	240,971.82
October 2021	5,554,360.69	March 2026	1,279,073.11	August 2030	232,311.18
November 2021	5,408,728.13	April 2026	1,242,200.52	September 2030	223,901.83
December 2021	5,266,735.12	May 2026	1,206,299.11	October 2030	215,737.14
January 2022	5,128,293.36	June 2026	1,171,344.57	November 2030	207,810.63
February 2022	4,993,316.67	July 2026	1,137,313.13	December 2030	200,115.99
March 2022	4,861,720.91	August 2026	1,104,181.64	January 2031	192,647.06
April 2022	4,733,423.93	September 2026	1,071,927.47	February 2031	185,397.86
May 2022	4,608,345.57	October 2026	1,040,528.59	March 2031	178,362.52
June 2022	4,486,407.54	November 2026	1,009,963.47	April 2031	171,535.34
July 2022	4,367,533.43	December 2026	980,211.11	May 2031	164,910.79
August 2022	4,251,648.67	January 2027	951,251.04	June 2031	158,483.42
September 2022	4,138,680.45	February 2027	923,063.28	July 2031	152,247.98
October 2022	4,028,557.69	March 2027	895,628.32	August 2031	146,199.31
November 2022	3,921,211.02	April 2027	868,927.14	September 2031	140,332.39
December 2022	3,816,572.71	May 2027	842,941.20	October 2031	134,642.35
January 2023	3,714,576.68	June 2027	817,652.40	November 2031	129,124.41
February 2023	3,615,158.38	July 2027	793,043.06	December 2031	123,773.93
March 2023	3,518,254.84	August 2027	769,095.98	January 2032	118,586.39
April 2023	3,423,804.59	September 2027	745,794.34	February 2032	113,557.37
May 2023	3,331,747.61	October 2027	723,121.74	March 2032	108,682.59
June 2023	3,242,025.34	November 2027	701,062.21	April 2032	103,957.84
July 2023	3,154,580.60	December 2027	679,600.14	May 2032	99,379.05
August 2023	3,069,357.59	January 2028	658,720.31	June 2032	94,942.25
September 2023	2,986,301.84	February 2028	638,407.88	July 2032	90,643.55
October 2023	2,905,360.20	March 2028	618,648.37	August 2032	86,479.18
November 2023	2,826,480.78	April 2028	599,427.67	September 2032	82,445.46
December 2023	2,749,612.93	May 2028	580,731.99	October 2032	78,538.80
January 2024	2,674,707.23	June 2028	562,547.90	November 2032	74,755.72
February 2024	2,601,715.42	July 2028	544,862.30	December 2032	71,092.81
March 2024	2,530,590.44	August 2028	527,662.40	January 2033	67,546.74
April 2024	2,461,286.32	September 2028	510,935.74	February 2033	64,114.30
May 2024	2,393,758.21	October 2028	494,670.15	March 2033	60,792.33
June 2024	2,327,962.34	November 2028	478,853.78	April 2033	57,577.76
July 2024	2,263,856.00	December 2028	463,475.07	May 2033	54,467.61
August 2024	2,201,397.47	January 2029	448,522.72	June 2033	51,458.98
September 2024	2,140,546.09	February 2029	433,985.75	July 2033	48,549.01
October 2024	2,081,262.13	March 2029	419,853.41	August 2033	45,734.96
November 2024	2,023,506.84	April 2029	406,115.26	September 2033	43,014.14
December 2024	1,967,242.41	May 2029	392,761.08	October 2033	40,383.91
January 2025	1,912,431.91	June 2029	379,780.92	November 2033	37,841.74
February 2025	1,859,039.34	July 2029	367,165.08	December 2033	35,385.14
March 2025	1,807,029.54	August 2029	354,904.10	January 2034	33,011.68

### Aggregate Group II (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
February 2034	\$ 30,719.00	September 2034	\$ 16,746.88	April 2035	\$ 5,921.60
March 2034	28,504.82	October 2034	15,022.72	May 2035	4,596.28
April 2034	26,366.90	November 2034	13,360.72	June 2035	3,321.44
May 2034	24,303.05	December 2034	11,759.08	July 2035	2,095.59
June 2034	22,311.17	January 2035	10,216.04	August 2035	917.26
July 2034	20,389.17	February 2035	8,729.88	September 2035 and	
August 2034	18,535.07	March 2035	7,298.94	thereafter	0.00

### Aggregate Group III Targeted Balances

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
Initial Balance	\$233,333,333.00	August 2009	\$107,210,562.40	January 2013	\$ 60,772,711.60
April 2006	231,858,806.62	September 2009	105,254,861.26	February 2013	60,321,447.58
May 2006	230,188,854.97	October 2009	103,349,928.83	March 2013	59,894,866.11
June 2006	228,324,620.44	November 2009	101,494,916.65	April 2013	59,469,346.19
July 2006	226,267,507.64	December 2009	99,688,988.95	May 2013	59,033,551.83
August 2006	224,019,182.70	January 2010	97,931,322.49	June 2013	58,588,013.91
September 2006	221,581,571.88	February 2010	96,221,106.39	July 2013	58,133,246.67
October 2006	218,956,859.66	March 2010	94,557,541.91	August 2013	57,669,748.14
November 2006	216,147,486.17	April 2010	92,939,842.32	September 2013	57,198,000.58
December 2006	213,156,144.15	May 2010	91,367,232.69	October 2013	56,718,470.91
January 2007	209,985,775.20	June 2010	89,838,949.75	November 2013	56,231,611.11
February 2007	206,639,565.54	July 2010	88,354,241.70	December 2013	55,737,858.62
March 2007	203,120,941.12	August 2010	86,912,368.03	January 2014	55,237,636.77
April 2007	199,433,562.30	September 2010	85,512,599.41	February 2014	54,731,355.10
May 2007	195,581,317.78	October 2010	84,154,217.47	March 2014	54,219,409.79
June 2007	191,568,318.16	November 2010	82,836,514.67	April 2014	53,702,184.01
July 2007	187,398,888.87	December 2010	81,558,794.13	May 2014	53,180,048.23
August 2007	183,077,562.63	January 2011	80,320,369.51	June 2014	52,653,360.65
September 2007	178,609,071.38	February 2011	79,120,564.80	July 2014	52,122,467.45
October 2007	173,998,337.73	March 2011	77,958,714.21	August 2014	51,587,703.18
November 2007	169,250,466.02	April 2011	76,834,162.02	September 2014	51,049,391.05
December 2007	164,370,732.80	May 2011	75,746,262.41	October 2014	50,507,843.26
January 2008	159,364,577.07	June 2011	74,694,379.35	November 2014	49,963,361.30
February 2008	154,237,589.99	July 2011	73,677,886.42	December 2014	49,416,236.22
March 2008	148,995,504.25	August 2011	72,696,166.71	January 2015	48,866,748.95
April 2008	146,112,516.21	September 2011	71,748,612.65	February 2015	48,315,170.60
May 2008	143,256,420.20	October 2011	70,834,625.87	March 2015	47,761,762.67
June 2008	140,428,134.86	November 2011	69,953,617.12	April 2015	47,206,777.38
July 2008	137,665,003.92	December 2011	69,105,006.07	May 2015	46,650,457.89
August 2008	134,965,964.31	January 2012	68,288,221.22	June 2015	46,093,038.59
September 2008	132,329,968.76	February 2012	67,502,699.75	July 2015	45,534,745.30
October 2008	129,755,985.58	March 2012	66,747,887.42	August 2015	44,975,795.59
November 2008	127,242,998.43	April 2012	66,023,238.43	September 2015	44,416,398.90
December 2008	124,790,006.12	May 2012	65,328,215.27	October 2015	43,856,756.89
January 2009	122,396,022.37	June 2012	64,662,288.66	November 2015	43,297,063.57
February 2009	120,060,075.60	July 2012	64,024,937.38	December 2015	42,737,505.58
March 2009	117,781,208.71	August 2012	63,415,648.16	January 2016	42,178,262.37
April 2009	115,558,478.89	September 2012	62,833,915.60	February 2016	41,619,506.41
May 2009	113,390,957.41	October 2012	62,279,241.99	March 2016	41,061,403.38
June 2009	111,277,729.39	November 2012	61,751,137.27	April 2016	40,504,112.42
July 2009	109,217,893.63	December 2012	61,249,118.87	May 2016	39,947,786.25

### Aggregate Group III (Continued)

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
June 2016	\$ 39,392,571.39	March 2019	\$ 22,356,708.19	November 2021	\$ 9,232,012.76
July 2016	38,838,608.35	April 2019	21,892,331.44	December 2021	8,878,322.50
August 2016	38,286,031.80	May 2019	21,431,428.16	January 2022	8,527,880.69
September 2016	37,734,970.71	June 2019	20,974,012.23	February 2022	8,180,665.76
October 2016	37,185,548.58	July 2019	20,520,095.64	March 2022	7,836,655.62
November 2016	36,637,883.54	August 2019	20,069,688.52	April 2022	7,495,827.73
December 2016	36,092,088.55	September 2019	19,622,799.29	May 2022	7,158,159.09
January 2017	35,548,271.54	October 2019	19,179,434.62	June 2022	6,823,626.28
February 2017	35,006,535.55	November 2019	18,739,599.57	July 2022	6,492,205.51
March 2017	34,466,978.90	December 2019	18,303,297.60	August 2022	6,163,872.56
April 2017	33,929,695.32	January 2020	17,870,530.66	September 2022	5,838,602.92
May 2017	33,394,774.08	February 2020	17,441,299.23	October 2022	5,516,371.69
June 2017	32,862,300.15	March 2020	17,015,602.36	November 2022	
July 2017	32,332,354.30	April 2020	16,593,437.77		5,197,153.70
August 2017	31,805,013.26	May 2020	16,174,801.84	December 2022	4,880,923.46
September 2017	31,280,349.82	June 2020	15,759,689.70	January 2023	4,567,655.23
October 2017	30,758,432.95	July 2020	15,348,095.28	February 2023	4,257,322.99
November 2017	30,239,327.97	August 2020	14,940,011.33	March 2023	3,949,900.50
December 2017	29,723,096.58	September 2020	14,535,429.48	April 2023	3,645,361.31
January 2018	29,209,797.03	October 2020		May 2023	3,343,678.73
February 2018	28,699,484.23		14,134,340.31	June 2023	3,044,825.93
March 2018	28,192,209.82	November 2020	13,736,733.33	July 2023	2,748,775.87
April 2018	27,688,022.32	December 2020	13,342,597.08	August 2023	2,455,501.37
May 2018	27,186,967.18	January 2021	12,951,919.15	September 2023	2,164,975.12
June 2018	26,689,086.92	February 2021	12,564,686.23	October 2023	1,877,169.66
July 2018	26,194,421.19	March 2021	12,180,884.10	November 2023	1,592,057.44
August 2018	25,703,006.91	April 2021	11,800,497.75	December 2023	1,309,610.78
September 2018	25,214,878.30	May 2021	11,423,511.33	January 2024	1,029,801.93
October 2018	24,730,067.03	June 2021	11,049,908.26	February 2024	752,603.08
November 2018	24,248,602.23	July 2021	10,679,671.20	March 2024	477,986.31
December 2018	23,770,510.66	August 2021	10,312,782.13	April 2024	205,923.70
January 2019	23,295,816.72	September 2021	9,949,222.35	May 2024 and	, <del>.</del>
February 2019	22,824,542.58	October 2021	9,588,972.54	thereafter	0.00

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

\$580,385,668



Guaranteed
REMIC Pass-Through
Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2006-27

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### PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.

March 6, 2006