

\$258,423,273 (Approximate)



**Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae Multifamily REMIC Trust 2003-M2**

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-6 of this prospectus supplement and on page 11 of the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae"), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate, and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We may pay principal at rates that vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are distributed to investors on time. **We will not guarantee the payment to certificateholders of any prepayment premiums or yield maintenance charges.**

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first, second or third lien, multifamily, fixed-rate loans. In addition, the mortgage loans are either fully amortizing or provide for balloon payments at maturity.

Class	Original Class Balance(1)	Principal Type	Interest Rate	Interest Type	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
A	\$105,720,000	SEQ	2.92%	FIX	31393B6M2	May 2009
B	89,333,000	SEQ	3.48	FIX	31393B6N0	October 2011
C	23,704,000	SEQ	4.09	FIX	31393B6P5	May 2015
D	39,666,273	SEQ	4.68 (3)	WAC	31393B6Q3	January 2033
X	258,423,273 (2)	NTL	(4)	WAC/IO	31393B6R1	January 2033
R	0	NPR	0	NPR	31393B6S9	January 2033
RL	0	NPR	0	NPR	31393B6T7	January 2033

- (1) Subject to a permitted variance of plus or minus 5%.
- (2) Notional balance. This class is an interest only class.
- (3) This class will bear interest at an annual rate equal to the *lesser* of (i) the applicable rate listed above and (ii) the weighted average of the MBS pass-through rates, weighted on the basis of their principal balances (after giving effect to all payments thereon during that Interest Accrual Period).
- (4) Variable interest rate. During the initial interest accrual period, the X Class will bear interest at the annual rate of 2.79264%.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be May 30, 2003.

COUNTRYWIDE SECURITIES CORPORATION

May 1, 2003

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the “Disclosure Documents”):

- our Prospectus for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated January 1, 1999 (the “Multifamily REMIC Prospectus”);
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Multifamily Residential Mortgage Loans) dated August 1, 2002 (the “MBS Prospectus”); and
- any Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K that we file with the SEC during the period specified in the final paragraph of this page.

You can obtain the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae
MBS Helpline
3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S
Washington, D.C. 20016
(telephone 1-800-237-8627 or 202-752-6547).

Most of the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate web site at www.fanniemae.com and our business to business web site at www.efanniemae.com.

You can also obtain the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling the dealer at:

Countrywide Securities Corporation
Prospectus Department
4500 Park Granada
Calabasas, California 91302
(telephone: 800-669-6091).

In the first quarter of 2003, we began filing periodic reports with the SEC under the Exchange Act. These filings will include Form 10-K's, Form 10-Q's and Form 8-K's. Our SEC filings are available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. You may also read and copy any document we file with the SEC by visiting the SEC's Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the operation of the Public Reference Room. We are providing the address of the SEC's Internet site solely for the information of prospective investors. We do not intend the Internet address to be an active link.

Information contained in any Form 10-K, Form 10-Q and Form 8-K that we file with the SEC prior to the termination of the offering of the certificates is hereby incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. In cases where we “furnish” information to the SEC on Form 8-K, as provided under the Exchange Act, that information is not incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement.

REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

Certain Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS (as of May 1, 2003)

Exhibit A contains certain information about the individual MBS and related mortgage loans as of May 1, 2003, including information about the original yield maintenance terms applicable to the mortgage loans. To learn more about the MBS and the related mortgage loans, you should obtain the final data statement from us as described on page S-9.

Prepayment Premiums

The mortgage loans provide for the payment of prepayment premiums in the form of yield maintenance charges. If any yield maintenance charges are included in the distributions received on the MBS with respect to any distribution date, we will allocate these yield maintenance charges among the classes of certificates as described in this prospectus supplement.

Class Factors

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance of that certificate (after taking into account payments in the same month). We publish the class factors on or shortly after the 11th day of each month.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on May 30, 2003.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the classes of certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We issue book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

<u>Fed Book-Entry</u>	<u>Physical</u>
All classes other than the R and RL Classes	R and RL Classes

Interest Rates

The certificates will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates specified on the cover and described in this prospectus supplement.

Notional Class

The X Class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balance of the X Class will equal the percentage of the outstanding balance specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

Class

X 100% of the A, B, C and D Classes

Distributions of Principal

Principal Distribution Amount

To the A, B, C and D Classes, in that order, to zero.

Weighted Average Lives (years) *

<u>Classes</u>	<u>CPR Prepayment Assumption**</u>				
	<u>0%</u>	<u>25%</u>	<u>50%</u>	<u>75%</u>	<u>100%</u>
A	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.5
B	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.2
C	9.5	9.4	9.3	9.2	8.8
D	20.7	16.6	15.4	14.9	14.4
X	8.3	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.0

* Determined as specified under “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” in this prospectus supplement.

** Assumes no prepayment during any applicable yield maintenance or prepayment premium periods. See “Additional Risk Factors” in this prospectus supplement.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans underlying the related MBS, including prepayments.

The mortgage loans provide for the payment of prepayment premiums in the form of yield maintenance charges. Subject to any applicable yield maintenance charges, the mortgage loans may be prepaid at any time. Therefore, the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at the prepayment rates we assumed, or
- at a constant prepayment rate until maturity.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Defaults may increase the risk of prepayment. Multifamily lending is generally viewed as exposing the lender to a greater risk of loss than single family lending. Mortgage loan defaults may result in distributions of the full principal balance of the related MBS, thereby affecting prepayment rates.

Yield maintenance charges and other prepayment premiums may reduce the prepayment rate of the related mortgage loans. The mortgage loans impose a yield maintenance charge in connection with prepayments occurring on or prior to the applicable Last Day of Call Protection Term specified in Exhibit A of this prospectus supplement. A yield maintenance charge

would not be imposed, however, if a borrower defaults on its mortgage loan. We will allocate to certificateholders any yield maintenance charges that are actually received with respect to the MBS.

The mortgage loans also impose an additional prepayment premium in connection with prepayments occurring after the applicable yield maintenance end dates generally until 90 days before maturity of the related mortgage loan. These prepayment premiums generally will equal 1% of the outstanding principal balance of the mortgage loan. These prepayment premiums will not be allocated to certificateholders.

Mortgage loans having yield maintenance charges and additional prepayment premiums may be less likely to prepay than mortgage loans without such charges.

Allocation of yield maintenance charges to certain classes may not offset the adverse effect on yields of the corresponding prepayments. If any yield maintenance charges are included in the payments received on the MBS with respect to any distribution date, we will include these amounts in the payments to be made on certain classes, including the X Class, on that distribution date. We do not, however, guarantee that any yield maintenance charges will in fact be collected from mortgagors, or paid to holders of the MBS. Accordingly, holders of the applicable classes will receive yield maintenance charges only to the extent we receive them. Moreover, even if we pay the yield maintenance charges to the holders of these classes, the additional amounts may not offset the reductions in yield caused by the related prepayments. We will not pass through to certificateholders the additional prepayment premiums discussed in the two preceding paragraphs.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since the classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period, they have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page. If you assumed the actual final payment will occur on the final distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates.

You should get legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed market. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small or large amounts of certificates at prices comparable to those available to other investors. You should purchase certificates only if you understand and can tolerate the risk that the value of your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of such term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae Multifamily REMIC Trust specified on the cover (the “Trust”) and a separate trust (the “Lower Tier REMIC”) pursuant to a trust agreement (the “Trust Agreement”) dated as of May 1, 2003 (the “Issue Date”). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the “Trustee”). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the “Certificates” or “Classes”) pursuant to the Trust Agreement.

The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC each will constitute a “real estate mortgage investment conduit” (“REMIC”) under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

- The Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) will be “regular interests” in the Trust.
- The R Class will be the “residual interest” in the Trust.
- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the “Lower Tier Regular Interests”) will be the “regular interests” in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the “residual interest” in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests. The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of certain Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the “MBS”).

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in one or more first, second or third lien, multifamily mortgage loans (the “Mortgage Loans”) having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement and in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that we will distribute to Certificateholders:

- required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class of Certificates no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS.

In addition, we guarantee that we will distribute to each holder of an MBS:

- scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying Mortgage Loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and
- the full principal balance of any foreclosed Mortgage Loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guaranties are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. *We will not guarantee the collection or the payment to the Certificateholders of any prepayment premiums or yield maintenance charges.* Accordingly, Certificateholders entitled to receive yield maintenance charges will receive them only to the extent actually received in respect of the MBS. See “Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae’s Guaranty” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus and “Description of Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty” in the MBS Prospectus.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are “Holders” or “Certificateholders.” A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. See “Description of the Certificates—Denominations and Form” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The “Holder” or “Certificateholder” of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association (“US Bank”) in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also “Characteristics of the R and RL Classes.”

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. US Bank will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates, other than the R and RL Certificates, in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and whole dollar increments. We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Date. We will make monthly payments on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to such date as the “Distribution Date.” We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

Record Date. On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the eleventh calendar day of each month, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each Class of Certificates. When the factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of that Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month.

No Optional Termination. We will not effect an early termination of the Lower Tier REMIC or the Trust. Further, we will not repurchase the Mortgage Loans underlying any MBS in a “clean up call.”

The MBS

The following table contains certain information about the MBS. The MBS will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and weighted average Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The MBS will provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans will be passed through monthly, beginning in the month after we issue the MBS. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional mortgage loans.

In addition, the Mortgage Loans have the following characteristics:

- approximately 96% of the Mortgage Loans are secured by first mortgages;
- approximately 4% of the Mortgage Loans are secured by junior mortgages or deeds of trust on multifamily residential properties (in which case, Fannie Mae also holds the related senior lien or liens);
- approximately 0.4% of the Mortgage Loans are cross-collateralized with other similar mortgage loans involving the same borrowers;
- approximately 21% of the Mortgage Loans are fully amortizing, and approximately 79% of the Mortgage Loans provide for a balloon payment at maturity (with approximately 8% of the Mortgage Loans being “interest only” balloon payment loans);
- approximately 4% of the Mortgage Loans are “senior housing” loans; and
- one Mortgage Loan (representing approximately 1.5% of the Mortgage Loans) is a “cooperative blanket” loan.

All of the percentages in this paragraph are percentages of the aggregate principal balance of the Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date.

See “Multifamily Mortgage Loan Pools” and “Yield Considerations” in the MBS Prospectus.

We expect the characteristics of the MBS and the related Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$258,423,273
Weighted Average MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.186%
WAC (annual percentage)	6.948%
WAM	291 months
Weighted Average Certificate Age	31 months

Exhibit A contains certain information about the individual MBS and related mortgage loans as of the Issue Date, including information about yield maintenance charges applicable to the mortgage loans.

Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627 or 202-752-6547. The contents of the Final Data Statement and other data specific to the Certificates are available in electronic form by calling us at 1-800-752-6440 or 202-752-6000. In addition, the Final Data Statement is available on our corporate web site at www.fanniemae.com and our business to business web site at www.efanniemae.com.

Distributions of Interest

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

<u>Interest Type*</u>	<u>Classes</u>
Fixed Rate	A, B and C
Weighted Average Coupon	D and X
Interest Only	X
No Payment Residual	R and RL

* See “Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

General. We will pay interest on the interest-bearing Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates shown on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest based on a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate on a Distribution Date will consist of one month’s interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date.

Interest Accrual Period. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the interest-bearing Certificates during the one-month period set forth below (the “Interest Accrual Period”).

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Interest Accrual Period</u>
All Classes of interest-bearing Certificates (collectively, the “Delay Classes”)	Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See “Additional Risk Factors” in this prospectus supplement.

Notional Class. The Notional Class will not have a principal balance. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Class will bear interest on its notional principal balance at its applicable interest rate. The notional principal balance of the Notional Class will be calculated as specified under “Reference Sheet—Notional Class.”

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for that Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally will refer also to the notional principal balance of the Notional Class.

Weighted Average Coupon Classes

The D Class will bear interest during each Interest Accrual Period at an annual rate equal to the lesser of

- the applicable rate listed on the cover for the D Class

and

- the weighted average of the MBS Pass-Through Rates, weighted on the basis of their principal balances (after giving effect to all payments thereon during that Interest Accrual Period).

During the initial Interest Accrual Period, the D Class will bear interest at an annual rate of 4.68%.

The X Class will bear interest during each Interest Accrual Period at an annual rate equal to the excess, if any, of

- the weighted average of the MBS Pass-Through Rates on the MBS, weighted on the basis of their principal balances (after giving effect to all payments thereon during that Interest Accrual Period)

over

- the weighted average of the interest rates of the A, B, C and D Classes, weighted on the basis of their principal balances (after giving effect to all payments on those Classes during that Interest Accrual Period).

For purposes of calculating the weighted average of the interest rates on the MBS, interest accruing on the Mortgage Loans on an actual/360 basis will be converted to a 30/360 equivalent rate.

During the initial Interest Accrual Period, the X Class will bear interest at the annual rate specified on the cover.

Our determination of the rates of interest for the X Class for the related Interest Accrual Periods shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding. You may obtain each such rate of interest by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627 or 202-752-6547. In addition, each such rate of interest is available on our corporate web site at www.fanniemae.com and our business to business web site at www.efanniemae.com.

Allocation of Certain Prepayment Premiums

The Mortgage Loans provide for the payment of certain prepayment premiums in the form of yield maintenance charges*. On each Distribution Date, we will pay any yield maintenance charges that are included in the distributions on the MBS on that date to the X, A, B, C and D Classes in pro rata proportions reflecting the following amounts:

- in the case of the X Class, an amount equal to any positive result of *subtracting*
 - (A) the present value (discounted at the applicable Class Discount Rate, as defined below) of the aggregate interest that would have been paid in respect of the X Class from the Distribution Date in the following month until the notional principal balance of the X Class would be reduced to zero after taking into account the related prepayment

from

- (B) the present value (discounted at the applicable Class Discount Rate) of the aggregate interest that would have been paid in respect of the X Class from the Distribution Date in the following month until the notional principal balance of the X Class would have been reduced to zero had the related prepayment not occurred, and
- in the case of each of the A, B, C and D Classes, any positive result of *subtracting*
 - (A) the sum of (i) the Class Prepayment Amount (defined below) paid in respect of such Class and (ii) the present value (discounted at the applicable Class Discount Rate) of the aggregate principal and interest that would have been paid in respect of such Class from the Distribution Date in the following month until the principal balance of such Class is to be reduced to zero after taking into account receipt of the applicable Class Prepayment Amount

from

- (B) the present value (discounted at the applicable Class Discount Rate) of the aggregate principal and interest that would have been paid in respect of such Class from the

*The Mortgage Loans having yield maintenance charges also provide for the payment of additional prepayment premiums (generally equal to 1% of the outstanding principal balance of the related Mortgage Loan) in connection with prepayments received after the applicable yield maintenance end date specified in Exhibit A. We will not include these additional prepayment premiums in payments to Certificateholders.

Distribution Date in the following month until the principal balance of such Class would have been reduced to zero had the related prepayment not occurred.

The foregoing calculations will be made on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions except that it will be assumed that no prepayments of the Mortgage Loans occur following the end of the period in which any prepayment was received.

The “Class Prepayment Amount” for each Class and Distribution Date is the sum of all prepayments, including both principal and interest, but exclusive of any yield maintenance charges, paid in respect of that Class on that Distribution Date.

For each Class and each computation of present value, (i) the “Class Discount Rate” is the rate which, when compounded monthly, is equivalent to the Class Treasury Rate when compounded semi-annually and (ii) the “Class Treasury Rate” is the yield calculated by the linear interpolation of the yields, as reported in Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 — Selected Interest Rates under the heading “U.S. government securities/Treasury constant maturities” for the week ending on or before the Determination Date relating to the Distribution Date on which the yield maintenance charge will be paid, of U.S. Treasury constant maturities with a maturity date (one longer and one shorter) most nearly approximating the projected remaining weighted average life of such Class. If Release H.15 is no longer published, the Trustee will select a comparable publication to determine the Treasury Rate.

Solely for purposes of determining the Class Treasury Rate, the “Determination Date” for any Distribution Date is the date in any calendar month on which Fannie Mae calculates payments on the Certificates for such Distribution Date.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes fall into the following categories:

<u>Principal Type*</u>	<u>Classes</u>
Sequential Pay	A, B, C and D
Notional	X
No Payment Residual	R and RL

* See “Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

Principal Distribution Amount

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an amount (the “Principal Distribution Amount”) equal to the aggregate of the principal then paid on the MBS.

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Principal Distribution Amount, sequentially, as principal of the A, B, C and D Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero. } Sequential Pay Classes

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the actual characteristics of the MBS (as described in Exhibit A) and the following assumptions (such characteristics and assumptions, collectively, the “Pricing Assumptions”):

- we pay all payments (including prepayments) on the Mortgage Loans on the Distribution Date relating to the month in which we receive them;

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS prepay at the percentages of CPR specified in the related tables, provided that no prepayments occur during the related call protection periods;
- payments on the Certificates are always received on the 25th of the month, whether or not a business day;
- no yield maintenance charges are received on the MBS; and
- the settlement date for the sale of the Certificates is May 30, 2003.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used here is the “Constant Prepayment Rate” or “CPR” model. The CPR model represents an assumed constant rate of prepayment each month, expressed as an annual percentage of the then outstanding principal balance of the pool of mortgage loans.

It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any particular level of CPR, or at any other *constant* rate.

Yield Table

General. The table below illustrates the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yield to maturity of the applicable Class to various constant percentages of CPR. We calculated the yields set forth in the table by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present values of such assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase price of such Class, and
- converting such monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when such reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant percentage of CPR until maturity or at any other constant rate, or
- all of such Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate.

The Interest Only Class. As indicated in the table below, the yield to investors in the X Class will be highly sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans. Subject to certain restrictions, the Mortgage Loans may be prepaid prior to their stated maturities.

The information shown in the yield table has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase price of the X Class (expressed as a percentage of original principal balance) is as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price*</u>
X	13.76641%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to such price in calculating the yields shown in the table below.

Sensitivity of the X Class to Prepayments*

	CPR Prepayment Assumption				
	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	7.5%	6.9%	6.6%	6.3%	5.0%

* Assumes no prepayment during any applicable yield maintenance periods. See “Additional Risk Factors” in this prospectus supplement.

A portion of any yield maintenance charge actually received may be allocated to the X Class and will increase the yield on such Class. However, any such allocation may be insufficient to offset fully the adverse effects on the anticipated yield arising out of the corresponding principal prepayment.

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

- (a) multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of such Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of such Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in such rate of principal payments, and
- the priority sequence of payments of principal of the Certificates.

See “Distributions of Principal” above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of such Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at the constant percentages of CPR and the corresponding weighted average lives of such Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions.

It is unlikely that the underlying Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* CPR level. We do not represent that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the CPRs shown or at any other constant prepayment rate.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding††

Date	A Class					B Class					C Class				
	CPR Prepayment Assumption					CPR Prepayment Assumption					CPR Prepayment Assumption				
	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2004	97	97	97	97	97	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2005	93	93	93	93	93	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2006	90	90	90	90	90	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2007	86	86	85	85	83	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2008	66	64	62	58	41	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2009	0	0	0	0	0	96	91	85	77	47	100	100	100	100	100
May 2010	0	0	0	0	0	16	16	15	15	13	100	100	100	100	100
May 2011	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	*	0	100	100	100	100	77
May 2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	48	46	45	43
May 2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	13	11	10	10
May 2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	5	4	3	3
May 2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.5	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.2	9.5	9.4	9.3	9.2	8.8

Date	D Class					X† Class				
	CPR Prepayment Assumption					CPR Prepayment Assumption				
	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2004	100	100	100	100	100	99	99	99	99	99
May 2005	100	100	100	100	100	97	97	97	97	97
May 2006	100	100	100	100	100	96	96	96	96	96
May 2007	100	100	100	100	100	94	94	94	94	93
May 2008	100	100	100	100	100	86	85	84	83	76
May 2009	100	100	100	100	100	58	56	54	51	41
May 2010	100	100	100	100	100	30	30	30	30	29
May 2011	100	100	100	100	100	26	25	25	25	22
May 2012	100	100	100	100	100	20	20	20	19	19
May 2013	100	100	100	100	100	17	17	16	16	16
May 2014	100	100	100	100	100	16	16	16	16	16
May 2015	100	98	97	97	96	15	15	15	15	15
May 2016	94	93	92	91	91	14	14	14	14	14
May 2017	88	87	86	86	86	13	13	13	13	13
May 2018	83	72	60	45	3	13	11	9	7	*
May 2019	77	51	29	12	0	12	8	4	2	0
May 2020	71	35	13	3	0	11	5	2	*	0
May 2021	61	23	6	1	0	9	3	1	*	0
May 2022	55	15	3	*	0	8	2	*	*	0
May 2023	49	10	1	*	0	8	2	*	*	0
May 2024	45	7	1	*	0	7	1	*	*	0
May 2025	41	5	*	*	0	6	1	*	*	0
May 2026	37	3	*	*	0	6	*	*	*	0
May 2027	32	2	*	*	0	5	*	*	*	0
May 2028	27	1	*	*	0	4	*	*	*	0
May 2029	22	1	*	*	0	3	*	*	0	0
May 2030	17	*	*	0	0	3	*	*	0	0
May 2031	12	*	*	0	0	2	*	*	0	0
May 2032	7	*	*	0	0	1	*	*	0	0
May 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	20.7	16.6	15.4	14.9	14.4	8.3	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.0

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” above.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

†† Assumes no prepayment before any applicable yield maintenance charge end dates.

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Trust remain after the principal balances of all Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the R Class the proceeds from those assets. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Regular Interests are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the RL Class. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case.

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to a “disqualified organization.” In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to any person that is not a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of a Residual Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See “Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates*” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of a Residual Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the “Regulations”) provide that a transfer of a “noneconomic residual interest” will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had “improper knowledge”).

As discussed under the caption “Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has amended the Regulations to provide additional requirements that a transferor must satisfy to avail itself of the safe harbor regarding the presumed lack of improper knowledge. For transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002, a transferor of a Residual Certificate is presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions discussed in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus, both (i) the transferee represents that it will not cause income from the Residual Certificate to be attributed to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of the transferee or another taxpayer and (ii) the transfer satisfies either the “asset test” or the “formula test.” The representation described in (i) will be included in the affidavit discussed above. See “Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates*” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

A transfer satisfies the asset test if (i) the transferee’s gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfer and at the close of each of the transferee’s two fiscal years preceding the year of transfer), (ii) the transferee is an “eligible corporation” and the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the Residual Certificate will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor and satisfy the asset test, and (iii) the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the

taxes associated with the Residual Certificate will not be paid. A transfer satisfies the formula test if the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The Regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the “residual interest” in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the “residual interest” in the REMIC constituted by the Lower Tier REMIC. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the “regular interests,” and the R Class will be designated as the “residual interest,” in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the “regular interests” and the RL Class will be designated as the “residual interest” in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs, the Certificates generally will be treated as “regular or residual interests in a REMIC” for domestic building and loan associations, as “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as “qualified mortgages” for other REMICs. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes*” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Class will be issued with original issue discount (“OID”), and certain other Classes of Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*—Treatment of Original Issue Discount” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumption that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be applied on a pool-by-pool basis. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—*Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount*” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. The Prepayment Assumption that will be used for each pool will be 0% CPR until the yield maintenance end date for each such pool and 100% CPR thereafter. The yield maintenance end dates are provided on Exhibit A. Because the yield maintenance end date for each pool is not the same, during the period beginning on the earliest yield maintenance end date of the pools and ending on the last yield maintenance end date of the pools, the effective Prepayment Assumption will increase, from 0% CPR to 100% CPR, as each pool reaches its yield maintenance end date. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at the rate reflected in the Prepayment Assumption or any other rate. See “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” in this prospectus supplement and “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 5.64% (which is 120% of the “federal long-term rate”). See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates*—Treatment of Excess Inclusions” and “—*Foreign Investors*—Residual Certificates” in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

Tax Return Disclosure Requirements

The Treasury Department recently issued Regulations directed at “tax shelters” that could be read to apply to transactions generally not considered to be tax shelters. These Regulations require that taxpayers who participate in a “reportable transaction” disclose such transaction on their tax returns by attaching IRS Form 8886 and retain information related to the transaction. A transaction may be a “reportable transaction” based upon any of several indicia, one or more of which may be present with respect to the Certificates. You should consult your own tax advisor concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to your investment in the Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Countrywide Securities Corporation (the “Dealer”) in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. McKee Nelson LLP will also provide legal representation for the Dealer.

The MBS and the Mortgage Loans

Exhibit A

Pool Number	City	State	Approximate Principal Balance as of Issue Date†	MBS Pass-Through Rate (%)	Mortgage Interest Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Original Amortization Term (mos.)	Remaining Amortization Term (mos.)	Remaining Term to Balloon (mos.)	Original Call Protection Term (mos.)	MBS Age (mos.)	Issue Date	Last Day of Call Protection Term††	Remaining Call Protection Term (mos.)
323491(1)	various	various	\$ 7,078,115	5.952	6.764	1/1/2009	353	300	68	114	53	12/1/1998	5/1/2008	60
375368	Dallas	TX	3,651,067	6.690	7.390	9/1/2007	360	292	52	114	68	9/1/1997	2/1/2007	45
375608	Durham	NC	2,500,000	6.400	6.950	12/1/2007	Int Only	Int Only	55	114	65	12/1/1997	5/1/2007	48
380019	Overland Park	KS	1,813,260	6.520	7.310	12/1/2007	300	235	55	114	65	12/1/1997	5/1/2007	48
380147	Odessa	TX	1,756,194	6.115	7.015	3/1/2008	360	298	58	114	62	3/1/1998	8/1/2007	51
380235	Fremont	CA	1,176,494	6.390	6.740	4/1/2008	360	299	59	114	61	4/1/1998	9/1/2007	52
380323	Denver	CO	948,388	6.650	7.625	6/1/2016	360	301	157	180	59	6/1/1998	3/1/2011	94
380331(2)	Louisville	KY	675,674	6.460	7.360	6/1/2008	360	301	61	114	59	6/1/1998	11/1/2007	54
380331(2)	Louisville	KY	1,216,212	6.460	7.360	6/1/2008	360	301	61	114	59	6/1/1998	11/1/2007	54
380335	Stone Mountain	GA	1,818,777	6.445	7.345	6/1/2009	360	301	73	126	59	6/1/1998	11/1/2008	66
380337	Naples	FL	1,882,328	6.419	6.869	6/1/2008	360	301	61	114	59	6/1/1998	11/1/2007	54
380379	New Orleans	LA	5,709,860	6.270	6.820	6/1/2008	360	301	61	114	59	6/1/1998	11/1/2007	54
380400	Huntsville	AL	283,138	6.335	7.135	6/1/2008	360	301	61	114	59	6/1/1998	11/1/2007	54
380478(3)	Medford	OR	235,677	6.265	6.945	6/1/2008	359	301	61	114	58	7/1/1998	11/1/2007	54
380503	Greensboro	NC	660,897	6.285	6.935	8/1/2008	360	303	63	114	57	8/1/1998	1/1/2008	56
380696	Winston-Salem	NC	978,064	6.100	6.650	9/1/2008	Int Only	Int Only	64	114	56	9/1/1998	2/1/2008	57
380696	Cary	NC	1,931,936	6.100	6.650	9/1/2008	Int Only	Int Only	64	114	56	9/1/1998	2/1/2008	57
380775*	Redondo Beach	CA	2,683,689	5.850	6.530	11/1/2008	360	306	66	114	54	11/1/1998	3/1/2008	58
380791	Austin	TX	941,963	5.850	6.470	10/1/2008	360	305	65	114	55	10/1/1998	3/1/2008	58
380803(2)*	Costa Mesa	CA	554,058	5.420	5.950	11/1/2008	360	306	66	114	54	11/1/1998	3/1/2008	58
380803(2)*	Anaheim	CA	268,549	5.420	5.950	11/1/2008	360	306	66	114	54	11/1/1998	3/1/2008	58
380803(2)*	Fullerton	CA	808,473	5.420	5.720	11/1/2008	360	306	66	114	54	11/1/1998	4/1/2008	59
380803(2)*	Westminster	CA	519,288	5.420	5.720	11/1/2008	360	306	66	114	54	11/1/1998	4/1/2008	59
380803(2)*	Laguna Hills	CA	318,725	5.420	5.720	11/1/2008	360	306	66	114	54	11/1/1998	4/1/2008	59
380803(2)*	Laguna Hills	CA	258,089	5.420	5.720	11/1/2008	360	306	66	114	54	11/1/1998	4/1/2008	59
380803(2)*	Orange	CA	93,285	5.420	5.720	11/1/2008	360	306	66	114	54	11/1/1998	4/1/2008	59
380843	Riverside	CA	4,419,936	5.695	6.315	10/1/2008	360	305	65	114	55	10/1/1998	3/1/2008	58
380859(4)	Santa Barbara	CA	946,963	6.095	6.745	12/1/2008	360	307	67	114	54	11/1/1998	5/1/2008	60
380876	Holland	MI	1,795,954	5.935	6.685	11/1/2008	360	306	66	114	54	11/1/1998	4/1/2008	59
381050	Tukwila	WA	1,171,489	6.070	6.820	12/1/2008	300	247	67	114	53	12/1/1998	5/1/2008	60
381208	Bellevue	WA	2,292,831	5.710	6.460	1/1/2009	360	308	68	114	52	1/1/1999	6/1/2008	61
381216(4)	Philadelphia	PA	3,215,899	6.375	7.125	1/1/2009	360	308	68	114	53	12/1/1998	6/1/2008	61
381405	San Jose	CA	1,909,243	6.500	7.250	3/1/2029	360	310	—	240	50	3/1/1999	2/1/2019	189
381419(5)	New York	NY	3,843,606	5.889	6.589	3/1/2009	360	310	70	114	50	3/1/1999	8/1/2008	63
381554*	Mesa	AZ	5,354,555	6.190	7.140	4/1/2009	360	311	71	114	49	4/1/1999	9/1/2008	64
381630	Washington	DC	5,864,586	6.200	7.050	5/1/2009	360	312	72	114	48	5/1/1999	10/1/2008	65
381637(6)	Cambridge	MA	956,865	6.200	7.270	5/1/2009	360	312	72	114	48	5/1/1999	10/1/2008	65
381658(3)*	Dallas	TX	931,173	6.500	7.350	5/1/2009	359	312	72	114	47	6/1/1999	10/1/2008	65
381695*	Joliet	IL	2,437,079	6.280	7.130	6/1/2009	360	313	73	114	47	6/1/1999	11/1/2008	66
381703(2)	San Antonio	TX	588,064	6.585	7.435	6/1/2009	360	313	73	114	47	6/1/1999	11/1/2008	66
381703(2)	San Antonio	TX	980,106	6.585	7.435	6/1/2009	360	313	73	114	47	6/1/1999	11/1/2008	66
381714*	Van Nuys	CA	2,136,662	6.510	7.260	6/1/2009	360	313	73	114	47	6/1/1999	11/1/2008	66
381732	Southfield	MI	1,053,847	6.540	7.290	6/1/2009	360	313	73	114	47	6/1/1999	11/1/2008	66

Pool Number	City	State	Approximate Principal Balance as of Issue Date†	MBS Pass-Through Rate (%)	Mortgage Interest Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Original Amortization Term (mos.)	Remaining Amortization Term (mos.)	Remaining Term to Balloon (mos.)	Original Call Protection Term (mos.)	MBS Age (mos.)	Issue Date	Last Day of Call Protection Term††	Remaining Call Protection Term (mos.)
381741*	San Antonio	TX	3,033,269	6.450	7.420	7/1/2009	360	314	74	114	46	7/1/1999	12/1/2008	67
381753(4)	Orange	CA	962,949	6.990	7.840	7/1/2009	360	314	74	114	47	6/1/1999	12/1/2008	67
381826	Baltimore	MD	2,079,957	6.930	7.700	8/1/2009	360	315	75	114	45	8/1/1999	1/1/2009	68
381831*	Fremont	CA	7,675,268	6.800	7.570	8/1/2009	360	315	75	114	45	8/1/1999	1/1/2009	68
381850	Manchester	NH	2,265,212	6.930	7.850	8/1/2009	300	255	75	114	45	8/1/1999	1/1/2009	68
381855*	San Jose	CA	7,241,788	6.950	7.520	7/1/2009	360	314	74	114	46	7/1/1999	12/1/2008	67
382064(7)	St Louis	MO	8,034,946	7.030	7.950	11/1/2009	300	258	78	114	42	11/1/1999	4/1/2009	71
382202(4)*	Hagerstown	MD	1,718,981	7.270	7.990	2/1/2010	360	321	81	114	40	1/1/2000	7/1/2009	74
382385*	Fresno	CA	16,990,388	7.260	7.980	5/1/2010	360	324	84	114	36	5/1/2000	10/1/2009	77
382735	Cambridge	MA	2,609,252	7.120	7.840	9/1/2010	360	328	88	114	32	9/1/2000	2/1/2010	81
382911(4)(7)*	Bel Air	MD	6,381,920	7.180	8.000	1/1/2008	360	332	56	78	29	12/1/2000	6/1/2007	49
382969*	Sunnyvale	CA	1,955,814	7.010	7.280	12/1/2010	360	331	91	114	29	12/1/2000	5/1/2010	84
383013*	Lynnwood	WA	979,753	6.810	7.530	1/1/2011	360	332	92	114	28	1/1/2001	6/1/2010	85
383525*	Chaska	MN	2,936,483	6.000	6.720	4/1/2011	360	335	95	114	25	4/1/2001	9/1/2010	88
383562	Chicago	IL	977,717	6.360	6.930	4/1/2011	360	335	95	114	25	4/1/2001	9/1/2010	88
384172*	New Orleans	LA	1,477,642	6.290	7.290	9/1/2011	360	340	100	114	20	9/1/2001	2/1/2011	93
384179(3)	North Beach	MD	850,281	6.830	8.875	9/1/2031	359	340	—	180	19	10/1/2001	3/1/2015	142
384446	Houston	TX	1,595,000	5.400	6.020	11/1/2008	Int Only	Int Only	66	78	18	11/1/2001	4/1/2008	59
384565(4)*	Vista	CA	918,475	5.790	7.110	1/1/2009	360	344	68	78	17	12/1/2001	6/1/2008	61
384659	Mission Viejo	CA	1,369,534	6.190	6.650	1/1/2012	300	284	104	114	16	1/1/2002	6/1/2011	97
384758(2)(7)*	Willowbrook	IL	11,279,478	5.860	7.140	1/1/2009	300	284	68	78	16	1/1/2002	6/1/2008	61
384778(2)*	Evansville	IN	5,928,391	6.190	7.030	2/1/2013	360	345	117	126	15	2/1/2002	7/1/2012	110
385063	Houston	TX	5,125,000	6.055	6.715	5/1/2009	Int Only	Int Only	72	78	12	5/1/2002	10/1/2008	65
385130	Concord	CA	2,028,546	6.385	6.845	5/1/2012	360	348	108	114	12	5/1/2002	10/1/2011	101
385152(3)*	West Covina	CA	2,506,936	5.890	6.830	5/1/2012	359	348	108	114	11	6/1/2002	10/1/2011	101
385153(3)*	Los Angeles	CA	1,395,453	6.050	7.460	5/1/2013	359	348	120	126	11	6/1/2002	10/1/2012	113
385173	Baltimore	MD	1,361,326	6.270	7.110	5/1/2012	360	348	108	114	12	5/1/2002	10/1/2011	101
385365	Castle Rock	CO	6,265,000	4.970	5.590	8/1/2009	Int Only	Int Only	75	78	9	8/1/2002	1/1/2009	68
385629*	Forestville	MD	17,908,955	5.890	6.740	11/1/2032	360	354	—	180	6	11/1/2002	10/1/2017	173
385631*	Berkeley	CA	2,058,444	4.580	5.300	12/1/2009	360	355	79	78	5	12/1/2002	5/1/2009	72
385718*	Chico	CA	7,292,426	4.500	5.400	1/1/2010	347	343	80	78	4	1/1/2003	6/1/2009	73
385736	Costa Mesa	CA	7,947,673	5.560	5.980	2/1/2023	240	237	—	180	3	2/1/2003	1/1/2018	176
385739	Santa Rosa	CA	5,179,841	5.760	6.180	1/1/2033	360	356	—	180	4	1/1/2003	12/1/2017	175
385755(3)	Sweeny	TX	2,016,735	5.540	6.580	1/1/2021	359	356	212	180	3	2/1/2003	12/1/2017	175
385804	Brookline	MA	3,984,434	5.740	6.160	1/1/2033	360	356	—	180	4	1/1/2003	12/1/2017	175
385814(3)*	Hayward	CA	3,287,401	5.600	6.260	1/1/2033	359	356	—	180	3	2/1/2003	12/1/2017	175
385876	Eagan	MN	3,396,364	5.570	6.470	11/1/2021	225	222	—	180	3	2/1/2003	1/1/2018	176
385928	Catonsville	MD	3,684,076	5.350	6.070	3/1/2023	240	238	—	180	2	3/1/2003	2/1/2018	177
386013	Lauderhill	FL	3,489,623	5.420	5.840	3/1/2028	300	298	—	180	2	3/1/2003	2/1/2018	177
386080	Philadelphia	PA	1,349,706	4.540	6.200	12/1/2009	360	359	79	75	1	4/1/2003	6/1/2007	49
460371	Glendale	AZ	3,199,500	6.530	6.900	2/1/2012	Int Only	Int Only	105	120	26	3/1/2001	2/1/2011	93
535684(8)*	various	various	978,288	6.476	7.201	2/1/2011	360	332	93	114	28	1/1/2001	6/1/2010	85

Pool Number	City	State	Approximate Principal Balance as of Issue Date†	MBS Pass-Through Rate (%)	Mortgage Interest Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Original Amortization Term (mos.)	Remaining Amortization Term (mos.)	Remaining Term to Balloon (mos.)	Original Call Protection Term (mos.)	MBS Age (mos.)	Issue Date	Last Day of Call Protection Term††	Remaining Call Protection Term (mos.)
535755(9) *	various	various	218,495	6.300	7.014	3/1/2011	360	334	94	114	26	3/1/2001	7/1/2010	86
555081(10) *	various	various	818,417	6.329	7.009	3/1/2012	317	311	106	114	6	11/1/2002	6/1/2010	85
73353	Irvine	CA	182,291	6.720	7.370	1/1/2016	360	272	152	180	88	1/1/1996	12/1/2010	91
73464	Nashville	TN	1,516,322	7.320	8.395	5/1/2016	240	156	—	180	84	5/1/1996	4/1/2011	95
73667(4)	Orlando	FL	1,308,465	7.285	8.360	10/1/2011	360	281	101	174	80	9/1/1996	3/1/2011	94
			\$ 258,423,273	6.186	6.948									

NOTES

† Since the principal balances of the MBS have been rounded to the nearest dollar, the sum of those balances may not equal the total.

†† For modeling purposes, the MBS can prepay the month following the “Last Day of Call Protection Term” without yield maintenance or a prepayment premium.

* Mortgage Loans bear interest on the basis of a 360-day year and actual days elapsed.

Int Only: These MBS receive only interest until the maturity date, at which time all principal becomes due.

(1) This pool is a MEGA, which is backed by a series of pools and which have a range of Last Day of Call Protection Terms. The earliest Last Day of Call Protection Term is May 1, 2008 and the latest Last Day of Call Protection Term is June 1, 2008.

(2) The MBS is backed by multiple Mortgage Loans.

(3) The Mortgage Loan underlying the related MBS amortized 1 month before pooling.

(4) The first monthly payment consisted of interest only.

(5) This pool is backed by a “co-operative blanket” loan. See “Multifamily Mortgage Loan Pools” in the Multifamily Prospectus.

(6) This loan contains a “cross-collateralization” provision. See “Multifamily Mortgage Loan Pools” in the Multifamily Prospectus.

(7) This pool is backed by “senior housing” loans. See “Multifamily Mortgage Loan Pools” in the Multifamily Prospectus.

(8) This pool is a MEGA, which is backed by a series of pools and which have a range of Last Day of Call Protection Terms. The earliest Last Day of Call Protection Term is June 1, 2010 and the latest Last Day of Call Protection Term is July 1, 2010.

(9) This pool is a MEGA, which is backed by a series of pools and which have a range of Last Day of Call Protection Terms. The earliest Last Day of Call Protection Term is July 1, 2010 and the latest Last Day of Call Protection Term is August 1, 2010.

(10) This pool is a MEGA, which is backed by a series of pools and which have a range of Last Day of Call Protection Terms. The earliest Last Day of Call Protection Term is June 1, 2010 and the latest Last Day of Call Protection Term is August 1, 2011.

NOTE:

Except for the column entitled “Last Day of Call Protection Term,” the information with respect to the MBS and the Mortgage Loans set forth on this Exhibit A has been collected and summarized by the Dealer and provided to Fannie Mae. Fannie Mae has verified and provided the information under “Last Day of Call Protection Term.”

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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\$258,423,273
(Approximate)



FannieMae®

**Guaranteed REMIC
Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae Multifamily
REMIC Trust 2003-M2**

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Countrywide Securities Corporation

May 1, 2003