\$932,067,110



Guaranteed Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae Trust 2002-14

This is a supplement to the prospectus supplement dated January 23, 2002 (the "Prospectus Supplement"). If we use a capitalized term in this supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the Prospectus Supplement.

The Principal Balance Schedules for the Group 1 MBS First Targeted Balances and Group 1 MBS Second Targeted Balances, beginning on page B-3 of the Prospectus Supplement, have been replaced by the following pages.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-9 of the Prospectus Supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC Prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the Certificates.

The certificates, together with any interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Principal Balance Schedules

Group 1 MBS First Targeted Balance

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
Initial Balance	\$300,000,000.00	May 2006	\$123,953,055.32	August 2010	\$ 37,244,189.93
March 2002	297,651,496.58	June 2006	121,365,314.63	September 2010	36,238,790.35
April 2002	295,168,422.45	July 2006	118,823,335.84	October 2010	35,252,736.83
May 2002	292,553,507.85	August 2006	116,326,366.49	November 2010	34,285,698.56
June 2002	289,809,677.72	September 2006	113,873,666.02	December 2010	33,337,350.05
July 2002	286,940,046.62	October 2006	111,464,505.62	January 2011	32,407,371.10
August 2002	283,947,913.23	November 2006	109,098,168.01	February 2011	31,495,446.69
September 2002	280,836,754.33	December 2006	106,773,947.27	March 2011	30,601,266.88
October 2002	277,610,218.30	January 2007	104,491,148.69	April 2011	29,724,526.78
November 2002	274,272,118.25	February 2007	102,249,088.57	May 2011	28,864,926.41
December 2002	270,826,424.61	March 2007	100,047,094.04	June 2011	28,022,170.67
January 2003	267,277,257.37	April 2007	97,884,502.94	July 2011	27,195,969.26
February 2003	263,628,877.92	May 2007	95,760,663.58	August 2011	26,386,036.57
March 2003	259,885,680.52	June 2007	93,674,934.65	September 2011	25,592,091.64
April 2003	256,052,183.37	July 2007	91,626,685.03	October 2011	24,813,858.06
May 2003	252,133,019.42	August 2007	89,615,293.61	November 2011	24,051,063.94
June 2003	248,132,926.88	September 2007	87,640,149.17	December 2011	23,303,441.80
July 2003	244,056,739.36	October 2007	85,700,650.19	January 2012	22,570,728.49
August 2003	239,909,375.92	November 2007	83,796,204.76	February 2012	21,852,665.19
September 2003	235,695,830.75	December 2007	81,926,230.34	March 2012	21,148,997.26
October 2003	231,421,162.78	January 2008	80,090,153.71	April 2012	20,459,474.23
November 2003	227,090,485.10	February 2008	78,287,410.76	May 2012	19,783,849.71
December 2003	222,758,256.61	March 2008	76,517,446.37	June 2012	19,121,881.32
January 2004	218,459,453.02	April 2008	74,779,714.26	July 2012	18,473,330.66
February 2004	214,230,092.39	May 2008	73,073,676.88	August 2012	17,837,963.20
March 2004	210,073,246.17	June 2008	71,398,805.25	September 2012	17,215,548.27
April 2004	205,987,740.50	July 2008	69,754,578.83	October 2012	16,605,858.96
May 2004	201,972,419.92	August 2008	68,140,485.37	November 2012	16,008,672.06
June 2004	198,026,147.14	September 2008	66,556,020.85	December 2012	15,423,768.03
July 2004	194,147,802.71	October 2008	65,000,689.26	January 2013	14,850,930.94
August 2004	190,336,284.77	November 2008	63,474,002.53	February 2013	14,289,948.38
September 2004	186,590,508.77	December 2008	61,975,480.41	March 2013	13,740,611.42
October 2004	182,909,407.20	January 2009	60,504,650.32	April 2013	13,202,714.59
November 2004	179,291,929.33	February 2009	59,061,047.24	May 2013	12,676,055.76
December 2004	175,737,040.96	March 2009	57,644,213.62	June 2013	12,160,436.14
January 2005	172,243,724.16	April 2009	56,253,699.20	July 2013	11,655,660.21
February 2005	168,810,976.99	May 2009	54,889,060.97	August 2013	11,161,535.67
March 2005	165,437,813.32	June 2009	53,549,863.01	September 2013	10,677,873.37
April 2005	162,123,262.51	July 2009	52,235,676.38	October 2013	10,204,487.29
May 2005	158,866,369.23	August 2009	50,946,079.05	November 2013	9,741,194.47
June 2005	155,666,193.18	September 2009	49,680,655.74	December 2013	9,287,814.98
July 2005	152,521,808.90	October 2009	48,438,997.86	January 2014	8,844,171.85
August 2005	149,432,305.49	November 2009	47,220,703.37	February 2014	8,410,091.03
September 2005	146,396,786.44	December 2009	46,025,376.68	March 2014	7,985,401.36
October 2005	143,414,369.37	January 2010	44,852,628.61	April 2014	7,569,934.51
November 2005	140,484,185.81	February 2010	43,702,076.18	May 2014	7,163,524.91
December 2005	137,605,381.02	March 2010	42,573,342.63	June 2014	6,766,009.77
January 2006	134,777,113.74	April 2010	41,466,057.23	July 2014	6,377,228.98
February 2006	131,998,556.00	May 2010	40,379,855.24	August 2014	5,997,025.08
March 2006	129,268,892.91	June 2010	39,314,377.80	September 2014	5,625,243.23
April 2006	126,587,322.46	July 2010	38,269,271.82	October 2014	5,261,731.16

Group 1 MBS First (Continued)

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance		tribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distributio Date	n —	Targeted Balance
November 2014	\$ 4,906,339.14	June 201	5	\$ 2,633,891.44	January 2016		\$ 709,826.45
December 2014	4,558,919.92	July 2015	5	2,338,359.91	February 2016.		464,034.55
January 2015	4,219,328.70	August 2	015	2,049,708.23	March 2016		226,135.35
February 2015	3,887,423.09	Septembe	er 2015	1,767,809.84	April 2016		84,390.82
March 2015	3,563,063.10	October 2	2015	1,492,540.33	May 2016		7,881.16
April 2015	3,246,111.03	Novembe	er 2015	1,223,777.35	June 2016 and		ŕ
May 2015	2,936,431.52	Decembe	r 2015	963,481.68	thereafter		0.00

Group 1 MBS Second Targeted Balance

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
Initial Balance	\$300,000,000.00	July 2005	\$175,980,460.31	December 2008	\$ 85,564,019.63
March 2002	298,003,516.30	August 2005	173,172,116.89	January 2009	83,899,803.77
April 2002	295,907,574.76	September 2005	170,398,582.93	February 2009	82,257,260.92
May 2002	293,713,914.04	October 2005	167,659,461.96	March 2009	80,636,139.52
June 2002	291,424,378.29	November 2005	164,954,361.88	April 2009	79,036,190.81
July 2002	289,040,914.72	December 2005	162,282,894.91	May 2009	77,457,168.79
August 2002	286,565,570.97	January 2006	159,644,677.50	June 2009	75,898,830.19
September 2002	284,000,492.32	February 2006	157,039,330.36	July 2009	74,360,934.41
October 2002	281,347,918.66	March 2006	154,466,478.34	August 2009	72,843,243.55
November 2002	278,610,181.35	April 2006	151,925,750.44	September 2009	71,345,522.35
December 2002	275,789,699.83	May 2006	149,416,779.72	October 2009	69,867,538.14
January 2003	272,888,978.15	June 2006	146,939,203.30	November 2009	68,409,060.84
February 2003	269,910,601.23	July 2006	144,492,662.28	December 2009	66,969,862.95
March 2003	266,857,231.10	August 2006	142,076,801.72	January 2010	65,549,719.45
April 2003	263,731,602.85	September 2006	139,691,270.58	February 2010	64,148,407.87
May 2003	260,536,520.57	October 2006	137,335,721.69	March 2010	62,765,708.17
June 2003	257,274,853.08	November 2006	135,009,811.71	April 2010	61,401,402.78
July 2003	253,949,529.57	December 2006	132,713,201.08	May 2010	60,055,276.55
August 2003	250,563,535.13	January 2007	130,445,553.98	June 2010	58,727,116.70
September 2003	247,119,906.18	February 2007	128,206,538.29	July 2010	57,416,712.85
October 2003	243,621,725.76	March 2007	125,995,825.55	August 2010	56,123,856.93
November 2003	240,072,118.85	April 2007	123,813,090.94	September 2010	54,848,343.20
December 2003	236,510,497.94	May 2007	121,658,013.20	October 2010	53,589,968.21
January 2004	232,962,399.28	June 2007	119,530,274.62	November 2010	52,348,530.78
February 2004	229,454,427.07	July 2007	117,429,561.01	December 2010	51,123,831.96
March 2004	225,989,202.69	August 2007	115,355,561.62	January 2011	49,915,675.02
April 2004	222,566,242.58	September 2007	113,307,969.15	February 2011	48,723,865.43
May 2004	219,185,068.45	October 2007	111,286,479.69	March 2011	47,548,210.82
June 2004	215,845,207.28	November 2007	109,290,792.69	April 2011	46,388,520.96
July 2004	212,546,191.22	December 2007	107,320,610.90	May 2011	45,244,607.75
August 2004	209,287,557.56	January 2008	105,375,640.38	June 2011	44,116,285.19
September 2004	206,068,848.67	February 2008	103,455,590.42	July 2011	43,003,369.35
October 2004	202,889,611.91	March 2008	101,560,173.53	August 2011	41,905,678.36
November 2004	199,749,399.63	April 2008	99,689,105.40	September 2011	40,823,032.36
December 2004	196,647,769.09	May 2008	97,842,104.85	October 2011	39,755,253.53
January 2005	193,584,282.39	June 2008	96,018,893.82	November 2011	38,702,166.02
February 2005	190,558,506.46	July 2008	94,219,197.34	December 2011	37,663,595.94
March 2005	187,570,012.97	August 2008	92,442,743.44	January 2012	36,639,371.34
April 2005	184,618,378.28	September 2008	90,689,263.22	February 2012	35,629,322.21
May 2005	181,703,183.44	October 2008	88,958,490.69	March 2012	34,633,280.44
June 2005	178,824,014.05	November 2008	87,250,162.87	April 2012	33,651,079.77

Group 1 MBS Second (Continued)

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
May 2012	\$ 32,682,555.85	October 2013	\$ 18,159,519.36	March 2015	\$ 6,829,991.86
June 2012	31,727,546.12	November 2013	17,411,071.64	April 2015	6,249,655.40
July 2012	30,785,889.88	December 2013	16,673,505.19	May 2015	5,678,160.84
August 2012	29,857,428.20	January 2014	15,946,688.86	June 2015	5,115,400.04
September 2012	28,942,003.94	February 2014	15,230,492.96	July 2015	4,561,266.11
October 2012	28,039,461.74	March 2014	14,524,789.28	August 2015	4,015,653.35
November 2012	27,149,647.95	April 2014	13,829,451.05	September 2015	3,478,457.26
December 2012	26,272,410.66	May 2014	13,144,352.91	October 2015	2,949,574.54
January 2013	25,407,599.67	June 2014	12,469,370.93	November 2015	2,428,903.05
February 2013	24,555,066.45	July 2014	11,804,382.59	December 2015	1,920,491.52
March 2013	23,714,664.14	August 2014	11,149,266.72	January 2016	1,420,869.95
April 2013	22,886,247.54	September 2014	10,503,903.55	February 2016	932,653.16
May 2013	22,069,673.07	October 2014	9,868,174.65	March 2016	456,078.69
June 2013	21,264,798.76	November 2014	9,241,962.92	April 2016	170,832.95
July 2013	20,471,484.25	December 2014	8,625,152.59	May 2016	16,040.54
August 2013	19,689,590.74	January 2015	8,017,629.20	June 2016 and	,
September 2013	18,918,981.01	February 2015	7,419,279.59	thereafter	0.00

\$932,067,110 (Approximate)



Guaranteed Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae Trust 2002-14

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae"), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- · interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual class), and
- · principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We may pay principal at rates that vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are distributed to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own

- · Fannie Mae MBS,
- · Fannie Mae Stripped MBS, and
- · two groups of single-family mortgage loans insured by the FHA or partially guaranteed by the VA, one group bearing fixed rates of interest and the other bearing adjustable rates of interest, and each having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS and Fannie Mae Stripped MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

Class	Group	Original Class Balance(1)	Principal Type	Interest Rate	Interest Type	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
PA	1	\$ 97,864,000	PAC	5.0%	FIX	31392CAA2	September 2010
PB	1	28,018,000	PAC	5.5	FIX	31392CAB0	April 2012
PC	1	50,473,000	PAC	6.0	FIX	31392CAC8	October 2014
PD	1	23,764,000	PAC	6.0	FIX	31392CAD6	October 2015
PE	1	38,767,000	PAC	6.0	FIX	31392CAE4	March 2017
PI	1	18,645,500(2)	NTL	6.0	FIX/IO	31392 CAF1	April 2012
В	1	47,588,000	TAC/AD/NSJ	6.0	FIX	31392CAG9	March 2017
Z	1	13,526,000	SUP/NSJ	6.0	FIX/Z	31392CAH7	March 2017
F	2	100,000,000	PT	(3)	FLT	31392 C A J 3	March 2032
SB(4)	2	100,000,000(2)	NTL	(3)	INV/IO	31392CAK0	March 2032
SC(4)	2	100,000,000(2)	NTL	(3)	INV/IO	31392CAL8	March 2032
SD(4)	2	100,000,000(2)	NTL	(3)	INV/IO	31392CAM6	March 2032
FA	3	44,848,440	PT	(3)	FLT	31392CAN4	March 2032
SG(4)	3	44,848,440(2)	NTL	(3)	INV/IO	31392CAP9	March 2032
SH(4)	3	44,848,440(2)	NTL	(3)	INV/IO	31392CAQ7	March 2032
OG	3	17,249,400	PT	(5)	PO	31392CAR5	March 2032
SN(4)	4	72,000,000(2)	NTL	(3)	INV/IO	31392CAS3	March 2017
FG(4)	4	72,000,000	PT	(3)	FLT	31392CAT1	March 2017
SP	4	30,000,000	PT	(3)	INV	31392CAU8	March 2017
A1	5	206,422,988	PT	7.0	FIX	31392CAV6	(6)
A2	5	142,369,074	PT	7.5	FIX	31392CAW4	(6)
IO	5	353,093,539(2)	NTL	(7)	WAC/IO	31392CAX2	(6)
P0	5	4,301,477	PT	(5)	PO	31392CAY0	(6)
A3	6	14,875,731	PT	(8)	WAC	31392CAZ7	(9)
R	(10)	0	NPR	0	NPR	31392CBA1	March 2032
RL	(10)	0	NPR	0	NPR	31392CBB9	March 2032

- (1) Approximate. May vary by plus or minus 5%.(2) Notional balances. These classes are interest only
- classes. Based on LIBOR.
- (4) Exchangeable classes.(5) Principal only classes.
- (6) The assumed maturity date for the Group 5 Classes is January 2032. However, we will **not** guarantee payment in full of the principal balances of the Group 5 Classes on their assumed maturity date. We will guarantee payment in full of the principal balances of the Group 5 Classes on their Final Distribution Date of January 2042.
- (7) The IO Class will bear interest as described in this prospectus supplement. The A3 Class will bear interest as described in this
- prospectus supplement.
- The assumed maturity date for the Group 6 Class is October 2030. However, we will **not** guarantee payment in full of the principal balance of the Group 6 Class on its assumed maturity date. We will guarantee payment in full of the principal balance of the Group 6 Class on its Final Distribution Date of October 2018 tion Date of October 2040. (10) The R and RL Classes relate to Groups 1, 2, 3

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for the corresponding RCR certificates to be issued at the time of the exchange. The S, SE, SA and FP Classes are the RCR classes, as further described in this prospectus supplement.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be February 28, 2002.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-9 of this prospectus supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page		Page
AVAILABLE INFORMATION	S- 3	Pricing Assumptions	S-32
REFERENCE SHEET.	S- 4	Prepayment Assumptions	S-32
ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS	S- 9	Structuring Range and Rates	S-32
DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES	S-11	Initial Effective Ranges	S-33
GENERAL	S-11	Group 1 MBS First and Second Targeted	2 00
Structure	S-11	Balances	S-34
Fannie Mae Guaranty	S-12	YIELD TABLES	S-34
Characteristics of Certificates	S-12	General	S-34
Authorized Denominations	S-13	The Inverse Floating Rate Classes	S-35
Distribution Date	S-13	The PI and IO Classes	S-38
Record Date	S-13	The Principal Only Classes	S-38
Class Factors	S-13	WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIVES OF THE	
Optional Repurchases of the Group 5 and	0 10	Certificates	S-39
Group 6 Mortgage Loans	S-13	Decrement Tables	S-40
Optional Termination of the REMICs	S-13	Characteristics of the R and RL Classes	S-46
Voting the Group 2 SMBS	S-13	ADDITIONAL TRUST AGREEMENT	
Combination and Recombination	S-13	PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE GROUP 5 AND GROUP 6 CLASSES	S-47
General	S-13	Transfer of FHA/VA Loans to the Trust	S-47
Procedures	S-14	Servicing Through Lenders	S-47
Additional Considerations	S-14	SERVICING COMPENSATION AND PAYMENT OF	5-47
BOOK-ENTRY PROCEDURES	S-14	CERTAIN EXPENSES BY FANNIE MAE	S-48
General	S-14	COLLECTION AND OTHER SERVICING	0 10
Method of Payment	S-15	Procedures	S-48
The Trust MBS	S-15	REPURCHASE OF FHA/VA LOANS BY SERVICER	
The Group 2 SMBS	S-16	IF MORTGAGE LOANS ARE MODIFIED	S-49
The Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans		REPURCHASE OF FHA/VA LOANS BY SELLER OR	~
(FHA/VA Loans)	S-16	Fannie Mae	S-49
General	S-16	TERMINATION	S-49
The Group 5 Mortgage Loans	S-17	Additional Fannie Mae Matters	S-49
The Group 6 Mortgage Loans	S-20	CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL	S-50
Fannie Mae Mortgage Purchase Program	S-23	INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES	S-50
General	S-23	TAXATION OF THE TRUST	5-50
Eligible Lenders	S-23	ATTRIBUTES	S-50
Eligible Mortgage Loans	S-23	Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular	2 00
$Additional\ Considerations$	S-23	CERTIFICATES	S-51
Final Data Statement	S-24	TAXATION OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF RESIDUAL	
Distributions of Interest	S-24	Certificates	S-51
Categories of Classes	S-24	Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR	0.54
General	S-24	Certificates	S-51
Interest Accrual Periods	S-25	General	S-51
Accrual Class	S-25	Combination RCR Classes	S-51
Notional Classes	S-25	Exchanges	S-52
Weighted Average Coupon Classes	S-25	Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Certificates of the Group 5 and Group 6	
Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate	0.00	CLASSES	S-52
Classes	S-26	Group 5 Classes	S-52
CALCULATION OF LIBOR	S-27	Group 6 Class	S-53
DISTRIBUTIONS OF PRINCIPAL	S-27	Expenses of the Trust	S-54
Categories of Classes	S-27	Sales and Other Dispositions of Certificates of	
Principal Distribution Amount	S-27	Group 5 and Group 6 Classes	S-55
Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount	S-28	Special Tax Attributes	S-55
Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount Z Accrual Amount and Remaining Group 1	S-28	Modifications of FHA/VA Loans	S-55
Cash Flow Distribution Amount	S-28	Information Reporting and Backup	
Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount	S-28 S-29	Withholding	S-55
Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount	S-29	Foreign Investors	S-56
Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount	S-29 S-29	PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	S-56
Group 5 Principal Distribution Amount	S-29	General	S-56
Group 6 Principal Distribution Amount	S-29 S-29	Increase in Certificates	S-56
CERTAIN DEFINITIONS RELATING TO PAYMENTS	0-40	LEGAL MATTERS	S-57
ON THE GROUP 5 AND GROUP 6 CLASSES	S-30	EXHIBIT A	A- 1
STRUCTURING ASSUMPTIONS	S-32	SCHEDULE 1	A- 3
		PRINCIPAL RALANCE SCUEDIU ES	R 1

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the "Disclosure Documents"):

- our Information Statement dated March 30, 2001 and its supplements (the "Information Statement");
- if you are purchasing any Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 or Group 4 Class or the R or RL Class, our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated September 18, 1998 (the "REMIC Prospectus");
- if you are purchasing any Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 or Group 4 Class or the R or RL Class, our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates dated October 1, 1999 (the "MBS Prospectus");
- if you are purchasing any Group 2 Class or the R or RL Class, our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Stripped Mortgage-Backed Securities dated March 30, 2000 (the "SMBS Prospectus"); and
- if you are purchasing any Group 5 or Group 6 Class, the portions of the REMIC Prospectus under the headings "Fannie Mae," "Additional Information About Fannie Mae," "Risk Factors," and "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations," "Legal Investment Considerations," "Legal Opinion" and "ERISA Considerations."

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae MBS Helpline 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 1-800-237-8627 or 202-752-6547).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our website located at http://www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents, by writing or calling the dealer at:

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. Prospectus Department One Metro Tech Center North Brooklyn, New York 11201 (telephone 212-272-1581).

REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

Group	Assets
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 SMBS
3	Group 3 MBS
4	Group 4 MBS
5	Group 5 Mortgage Loans
6	Group 6 Mortgage Loans

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust MBS and the Group 2 SMBS (as of February 1, 2002)

	Approximate Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Coupon
Group 1 MBS	\$300,000,000	180	169	8	6.600%
Group 2 SMBS*	\$100,000,000	360	355	5	6.575%
Group 3 MBS	\$ 62,097,840	360	268	75	7.022%
Group 4 MBS	\$102,000,000	180	178	2	6.650%

^{*} The Group 2 SMBS will represent ownership of (i) payments at a pass-through rate of 6.00% on an initial notional principal amount of \$150,000,000 and (ii) principal payments on an initial principal amount of \$100,000,000 of MBS. See "Description of the Certificates—The Group 2 SMBS" in this prospectus supplement.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, weighted average loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly.

Certain Characteristics of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans

Each of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans was originated in accordance with the underwriting guidelines of the FHA or VA. All of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans were included in Ginnie Mae pools and subsequently repurchased after a delinquency was not cured for at least 90 days. The mortgage loans are now reperforming as and to the extent described in the section of this prospectus supplement entitled "Description of the Certificates — The Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans (FHA/VA Loans)."

The tables appearing in Exhibit A set forth certain summary information regarding the assumed characteristics of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans.

Class Factors

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance or notional balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance or notional balance of that certificate (after taking into account principal payments in the same month). We will publish the class factors for the Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes on or shortly after the 11th day of each month and for the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes on or shortly after the 23rd day of each month.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on February 28, 2002.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks and DTC, as applicable, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry	DTC Book-Entry	Physical
All Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes and the	All Group 5 and Group 6 Classes	R and RL Classes
RCR Classes		

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certain certificates, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates as shown on Schedule 1. We will issue the RCR certificates upon such exchange. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We use the principal and interest of the certificates exchanged to pay principal and interest on the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists all the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement.

During the initial interest accrual period, the IO and A3 Classes will bear interest at the rates described in this prospectus supplement. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the IO and A3 Classes will bear interest at the rates calculated as described in this prospectus supplement.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

Class	Initial Interest Rate	Maximum Interest Rate	Minimum Interest Rate	Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate(1)
F	2.35%	9.00%	0.60%	LIBOR + 60 basis points
SB	0.40%	0.40%	0.00%	8.4% - LIBOR
SC	1.00%	1.00%	0.00%	8% – LIBOR
SD	5.25%	7.00%	0.00%	7% – LIBOR
FA	2.73%	9.00%	0.90%	LIBOR + 90 basis points
SG	0.60%	0.60%	0.00%	8.1% - LIBOR
SH	5.67%	7.50%	0.00%	7.5% - LIBOR
SN	0.05%	0.05%	0.00%	8.05% - LIBOR
FG	2.28%	8.50%	0.45%	LIBOR + 45 basis points

Class	Initial Interest Rate	Maximum Interest Rate	Minimum Interest Rate	Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate (1)
SP	14.808%	19.20%	0.00%	$19.2\% - (2.4 \times LIBOR)$
S	6.650%	8.40%	0.00%	8.4% - LIBOR
SE	6.250%	8.00%	0.00%	8% - LIBOR
SA	6.270%	8.10%	0.00%	8.1% - LIBOR
FP	2.330%	8.50%	0.50%	LIBOR + 50 basis points

⁽¹⁾ We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method."

We will apply interest payments from exchanged trust certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Notional Classes

A notional class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balances will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

Class	
PI	16.666666667% of the PA Class
	8.3333333333% of the PB Class
SB	100% of the F Class
SC	100% of the F Class
SD	100% of the F Class
S	100% of the F Class
SE	100% of the F Class
SG	100% of the FA Class
SH	100% of the FA Class
SA	100% of the FA Class
SN	100% of the FG Class
IO	100% of the A1, A2 and PO Classes

Distributions of Principal

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

To the PA, PB, PC, PD and PE Classes, in that order, to their Planned Balances.

Z Accrual Amount and Remaining Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

- 1. If and only if the principal balance of the Group 1 MBS is less than the Group 1 MBS First Targeted Balance, to the Z and B Classes, in that order, to zero.
- 2. If and only if the principal balance of the Group 1 MBS is less than the Group 1 MBS Second Targeted Balance, as follows:

first, 74.55% to the B Class to zero, and

second, any remaining amount to the Z and B Classes, in that order, to zero.

- 3. To the B Class to its Targeted Balance.
- 4. To the Z Class to zero.
- 5. To the B Class to zero.

6. To the PA, PB, PC, PD and PE Classes, in that order, to zero.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

To the F Class to zero.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

To the FA and OG Classes, pro rata, to zero.

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

To the FG and SP Classes, pro rata, to zero.

Group 5 Principal Distribution Amount

The Category 1 Principal Distribution Amount and Non-PO Principal Distribution Amount to the A1 Class to zero.

The Category 2 Principal Distribution Amount to the A2 Class to zero.

The PO Principal Distribution Amount to the PO Class to zero.

For a description of the Category 1 Principal Distribution Amount, the Non-PO Principal Distribution Amount, the Category 2 Principal Distribution Amount and the PO Principal Distribution Amount, see "Description of the Certificates—Certain Definitions Relating to Payments on the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes" in this prospectus supplement.

Group 6 Principal Distribution Amount

To the A3 Class to zero.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged trust certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Averag	e Lives	s (year	s)*								
				PSA	Prepaym	ent Assu	mption				
0%	100%	200%	201%	202%	215%	233%	250%	275%	276%	277%	500%
4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.6
7.9	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	2.8
											3.7
											4.9
											7.6
											1.7
											1.1
14.6	12.8	10.1	10.1	5.2	4.1	2.7	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.3
							P	SA Prepa	ayment A	Assumpti	on
ses							0%	100%	180%	$\underline{350\%}$	$\boldsymbol{500\%}$
SD, S a	nd SE.						20.8	11.2	7.9	4.8	3.5
							P	SA Prepa	ayment A	Assumpti	on
ses							0%	100%	$\boldsymbol{279\%}$	400%	600%
, OG aı	nd SA.						21.1	8.9	4.7	3.3	2.2
							P	SA Prepa	ayment A	Assumpti	on
ses							0%	100%	233%	350%	500%
and FI	P						9.1	6.8	5.1	4.1	3.3
							CI	R Prepa	ayment A	Assumption	on
ses							0%	9%	18%	27%	36%
							17.4	8.0	4.6	3.0	2.2
											$\frac{2.2}{2.2}$
							11.0	1.0	7.0	0.0	
							179	8 N	16	3.0	
							17.2	8.0	4.6	3.0	2.2
							17.2 17.2	8.0 8.0	4.6 4.6	$\frac{3.0}{3.0}$	
							17.2 CPR	8.0 Prepay	4.6	3.0 sumption	2.2 2.2
							17.2	8.0	4.6	3.0	$\frac{2.2}{2.2}$
	9.8 11.3 12.5 4.5 11.5 14.6 SES SD, S a ses and FI ses	0% 100% 4.0 2.0 7.9 4.3 9.8 6.0 11.3 8.0 12.5 11.0 4.5 2.3 11.5 8.5 14.6 12.8 Sees SD, S and SE. Sees and FP sees and FP sees	0% 100% 200% 4.0 2.0 2.0 7.9 4.3 4.3 9.8 6.0 6.0 11.3 8.0 8.0 12.5 11.0 11.0 4.5 2.3 2.3 11.5 8.5 2.3 14.6 12.8 10.1 Sees God and SA OG and SA Sees and FP Sees Sees	4.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 7.9 4.3 4.3 4.3 9.8 6.0 6.0 6.0 11.3 8.0 8.0 8.0 12.5 11.0 11.0 11.0 4.5 2.3 2.3 2.3 11.5 8.5 2.3 2.2 14.6 12.8 10.1 10.1 Ses SD, S and SE OG and SA Ses and FP	PSA 0% 100% 200% 201% 202%	PSA Prepaym 0% 100% 200% 201% 202% 215%	PSA Prepayment Assu 0% 100% 200% 201% 202% 215% 233% 4.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 7.9 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 9.8 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 11.3 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 12.5 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 4.5 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 11.5 8.5 2.3 2.2 4.3 3.7 3.0 14.6 12.8 10.1 10.1 5.2 4.1 2.7 See Se SD, S and SE and FP	PSA Prepayment Assumption 0% 100% 200% 201% 202% 215% 233% 250% 4.0 2.0 <td< td=""><td> PSA Prepayment Assumption </td><td> PSA Prepayment Assumption </td><td> PSA Prepayment Assumption </td></td<>	PSA Prepayment Assumption	PSA Prepayment Assumption	PSA Prepayment Assumption

^{*} Determined as specified under "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement.

(1) Assumes the exercise of the 5% optional clean-up call for the Group 6 Mortgage Loans.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the related underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the related underlying mortgage loans, including scheduled amortization payments, balloon payments or prepayments. Because borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty, the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at any of the prepayment rates we assumed in this prospectus supplement, or
- at any constant prepayment rate until maturity.

The rates of prepayment of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans will be affected by additional FHA and VA considerations. In addition to the factors described above, the rates of prepayment of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans are likely to vary considerably from time to time as a result of the liquidation of foreclosed mortgage loans and the receipt of FHA insurance payments and VA guarantee payments, as well as because borrowers generally may prepay their loans at any time without penalty. Prepayment rates also may be influenced by changes in FHA or VA program guidelines. In addition, both the FHA and VA have historically permitted borrowers to sell a mortgaged property without requiring the buyer to assume the mortgage and, at times, without verifying the buyer's creditworthiness. In this manner, property sales by borrowers can affect the rate of prepayment.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

In addition, if you buy certificates of the IO Class and a disproportionately high rate of prepayments occurs on Group 5 Mortgage Loans with interest rates higher than the rate paid on the IO Class, the yield on your certificates will decrease and may be lower than you expect. Similarly, if you buy certificates of the A3 Class and a disproportionately high rate of prepayments occurs on Group 6 Mortgage Loans with interest rates higher than the rate paid on the A3 Class, the yield on your certificates will decrease and may be lower than you expect.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Weighted average lives and yields on the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans. We have assumed that the mortgage loans underlying the Trust MBS and the Group 2 SMBS, as well as the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans, have certain characteristics. However, the actual mortgage loans probably will have different characteristics from those we assumed. As a result, your yields could be lower than you expect, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant prepayment rates. In addition, slight differences between the assumed mortgage loan characteristics and the actual mortgage loans could affect the weighted average lives of the related classes of certificates.

Weighted average lives of the Non-Sticky Jump classes are especially sensitive to prepayments under certain scenarios. The weighted average lives of the Non-Sticky Jump Classes are sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related mortgage loans. For an illustration of this sensitivity, see the related decrement tables for these classes in this prospectus supplement.

The weighted average lives of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes may be extended if the

servicer takes certain actions. The servicer has the right under certain circumstances to recast the amortization schedule (based on a 30-year term) and/or extend the scheduled date of final payment on Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loans (but not beyond January 2042 or October 2040, respectively). To the extent that the servicer recasts the amortization schedule or extends the term of a Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan, the weighted average lives of the Group 5 Classes or Group 6 Class, as applicable, could be extended.

Exercise of the optional clean-up calls on the Group 5 and/or Group 6 Mortgage Loans will result in the prepayment in full of the Group 5 Classes and for Group 6 Class. Once the aggregate principal balance of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans or the Group 6 Mortgage Loans is reduced to 5% or less of its respective aggregate balance as of the Issue Date, the servicer may purchase all the remaining Group 5 Mortgage Loans or Group 6 Mortgage Loans, as applicable. If the servicer does not purchase the Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loans, Fannie Mae may do so. If the Group 5 Mortgage Loans or Group 6 Mortgage Loans are purchased in this way, it would have the same effect as a prepayment in full of all the Group 5 Mortgage Loans or Group 6 Mortgage Loans, applicable.

Repurchases of delinquent Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans will have the same effect as borrower prepayments. Under the circumstances described in this prospectus supplement, EMC Mortgage Corporation will be required to repurchase from the trust delinquent Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans. A repurchase of loans will have the same effect on the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes as borrower prepayments of those loans.

Repurchases of certain modified Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans will have the same effect as borrower prepayments. If the Servicer modifies any Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan that is 120 or more days "contractually delinquent" as of February 1, 2002, it must repurchase that loan from the trust. Further, under certain limited circumstances, we have the option to repurchase from the trust any Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan whose interest rate has been reduced. A repurchase of

Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loans will have the same effect on the Group 5 Classes or Group 6 Class, as applicable, as borrower prepayments of those loans.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. If you assume that the actual final payment will occur on the final distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Level of floating rate index affects yields on certain certificates. The yield on any floating rate or inverse floating rate certificate will be affected by the level of its interest rate index. If the level of the index differs from the level you expect, then your actual yield may be lower than you expect.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since certain classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period, these classes have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates. You should obtain legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed market. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small or large amounts of certificates at prices compa-

rable to those available to other investors. You should purchase certificates only if you understand and can tolerate the risk that the value of

your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the "Trust") and a separate trust (the "Upper Tier REMIC") pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of February 1, 2002 (the "Issue Date"). We will issue the Guaranteed Pass-Through Certificates (the "Trust Certificates") pursuant to that trust agreement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable Certificates (the "RCR Certificates" and, together with the Trust Certificates, the "Certificates") pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement relating to the Trust Certificates, the "Trust Agreement"). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the "Trustee"). In general, the term "Classes" includes the Classes of Trust Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The assets of the Trust will consist of

- three groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the "Group 1 MBS," "Group 3 MBS" and "Group 4 MBS" and, together, the "Trust MBS"),
- certain Fannie Mae Stripped Mortgage-Backed Securities (the "Group 2 SMBS"),
- certain fixed-rate mortgage loans that are insured by the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") or partially guaranteed by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs ("VA") and that, as a result of past delinquency, have been repurchased from Ginnie Mae pools (the "Group 5 Mortgage Loans"), and
- certain adjustable-rate mortgage loans that are insured by the FHA or partially guaranteed by the VA and that, as a result of past delinquency, have been repurchased from Ginnie Mae pools (the "Group 6 Mortgage Loans" and, together with the Group 5 Mortgage Loans, the "FHA/VA Loans").

The Group 2 SMBS represent beneficial ownership interests in certain interest and principal distributions on certain Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (together with the Trust MBS, the "MBS").

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family ("single-family"), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

The assets of the Upper Tier REMIC will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests. The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of the Trust MBS and the Group 2 SMBS. The Lower Tier REMIC will not include the FHA/VA Loans.

We will designate the Upper Tier REMIC and a portion of the Trust (the "Lower Tier REMIC") as "real estate mortgage investment conduits" (each, a "REMIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

- The Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes will be the "regular interests" in the Upper Tier REMIC.
- The R Class will be the "residual interest" in the Upper Tier REMIC.
- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the "Lower Tier Regular Interests") will be the "regular interests" in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that we will distribute to Certificateholders:

- required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS or the FHA/VA Loans, as applicable.

In addition, we guarantee that we will distribute to each holder of an MBS:

- scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying mortgage loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and
- the full principal balance of any foreclosed mortgage loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guarantees are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. See "Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the REMIC Prospectus, "Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the MBS Prospectus and "The SMBS Certificates—Fannie Mae Obligations" in the SMBS Prospectus.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates of the Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes and the related RCR Classes in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the "Fed Book-Entry Certificates"). Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Fed Book-Entry Certificates deposited in their accounts are "Holders" or "Certificateholders."

The Group 5 and Group 6 Classes will be represented by one or more certificates (the "DTC Certificates") to be registered at all times in the name of the nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), a New York-chartered limited purpose trust company, or any successor depository selected or approved by Fannie Mae. We refer to the nominee of DTC as the "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of the DTC Certificates. DTC will maintain the DTC Certificates through its book-entry facilities.

A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. State Street Bank and Trust Company in Boston, Massachusetts ("State Street") will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes" below.

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Upper Tier REMIC, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. State Street will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and whole dollar increments. We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Date. We will make monthly payments on the Certificates on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th day is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to each such date as a "Distribution Date." We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

Record Date. On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the 11th calendar day of each month in the case of the Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes, and on or shortly after the 23rd calendar day of each month in the case of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each related Class of Certificates. When the factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of any Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month (as well as any addition to principal in the case of the Accrual Class).

Optional Repurchases of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans. Either the servicer or we may purchase the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans from the Trust under the circumstances described in this prospectus supplement under "Additional Trust Agreement Provisions Relating to the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes—Termination."

Optional Termination of the REMICs. We will not terminate the Lower Tier REMIC and the Upper Tier REMIC by exercising our right to repurchase the mortgage loans underlying any MBS unless

- · only one mortgage loan remains in the related pool, or
- the principal balance of the pool is less than one percent of its original level.

Termination of the Lower Tier REMIC and the Upper Tier REMIC will result in a final payment on the Group 1, Group 3, Group 4, R and RL Classes. See "Description of Certificates—Termination" in the MBS Prospectus.

Voting the Group 2 SMBS. Holders of the Group 2 SMBS may be asked to vote on issues arising under the related trust indenture. If so, the Trustee will vote the Group 2 SMBS, as instructed by Holders of Certificates of the Classes backed by the Group 2 SMBS. The Trustee must receive instructions from Holders of Certificates having principal balances totaling at least 51% of the aggregate principal balance of the related Classes. In the absence of such instructions, the Trustee will vote in a manner consistent, in its sole judgment, with the best interests of Certificateholders.

Combination and Recombination

General. You are permitted to exchange all or a portion of the SB, SC, SD, SG, SH, SN and FG Classes of Trust Certificates for a proportionate interest in the related Combinable and Recombinable Certificates ("RCR Certificates") in the combinations shown on Schedule 1. You also may exchange all or a portion of the RCR Certificates for the related Trust Certificates in the same manner. This process may occur repeatedly.

Holders of RCR Certificates will be the beneficial owners of a proportionate interest in the related Trust Certificates and will receive a proportionate share of the distributions on the related Trust Certificates.

The Classes of Trust Certificates and RCR Certificates that are outstanding at any given time, and the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of these Classes, will depend

upon any related distributions of principal, as well as any exchanges that occur. Trust Certificates and RCR Certificates in any combination may only be exchanged in the proportions shown on Schedule 1.

Procedures. If a Certificateholder wishes to exchange Certificates, the Certificateholder must notify our Structured Transactions Department through one of our "REMIC Dealer Group" dealers in writing or by telefax no later than two business days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any business day other than the first or last business day of the month subject to our approval. The notice must include the outstanding principal balance of both the Certificates to be exchanged and the Certificates to be received, and the proposed exchange date. After receiving the Holder's notice, we will telephone the dealer with delivery and wire payment instructions. Notice becomes irrevocable on the second business day before the proposed exchange date.

In connection with each exchange, the Holder must pay us a fee equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional principal balance) of the Certificates to be exchanged. In no event, however, will our fee be less than \$2,000.

We will make the first distribution on a Trust Certificate or an RCR Certificate received in an exchange transaction on the Distribution Date in the following month. We will make that distribution to the Holder of record as of the close of business on the last day of the month of the exchange.

Additional Considerations. The characteristics of RCR Certificates will reflect the characteristics of the Trust Certificates used to form those RCR Certificates. You should also consider a number of factors that will limit a Certificateholder's ability to exchange Trust Certificates for RCR Certificates or vice versa:

- At the time of the proposed exchange, a Certificateholder must own Certificates of the related Class or Classes in the proportions necessary to make the desired exchange.
- A Certificateholder that does not own the Certificates may be unable to obtain the necessary Trust Certificates or RCR Certificates.
- The Certificateholder of needed Certificates may refuse to sell them at a reasonable price (or any price) or may be unable to sell them.
- Certain Certificates may have been purchased and placed into other financial structures and thus be unavailable.
- · Principal distributions will decrease the amounts available for exchange over time.
- Only the combinations listed on Schedule 1 are permitted.

Book-Entry Procedures

General. The Fed Book-Entry Certificates will be issued and maintained only on the book-entry system of the Federal Reserve Banks. The Fed Book-Entry Certificates may be held of record only by entities eligible to maintain book-entry accounts with the Federal Reserve Banks. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Fed Book-Entry Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. A Holder that is not the beneficial owner of a Fed Book-Entry Certificate, and each other financial intermediary in the chain to the beneficial owner, will have to establish and maintain accounts for their respective customers. A beneficial owner's rights with respect to the Federal Reserve Banks and Fannie Mae may be exercised only through the Holder of such Certificate. Neither the Federal Reserve Banks nor Fannie Mae will have any direct obligation to a beneficial owner of a Fed Book-Entry Certificate that is not the Holder of that Certificate. The Federal Reserve Banks will act only upon the instructions of the Holder in recording transfers of a Fed Book-Entry Certificate. See "Description of Certificates—Denominations and Form" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The DTC Certificates will be registered at all times in the name of the nominee of DTC. Under its normal procedures DTC will record the amount of DTC Certificates held by each firm which

participates in the book-entry system of DTC (each, a "DTC Participant"), whether held for its own account or on behalf of another person.

A "beneficial owner" or an "investor" is anyone who acquires a beneficial ownership interest in the DTC Certificates. As an investor, you will not receive a physical certificate. Instead, your interest will be recorded on the records of the brokerage firm, bank, thrift institution or other financial intermediary (a "financial intermediary") that maintains an account for you. In turn, the record ownership of the financial intermediary that holds your DTC Certificates will be recorded by DTC. If the intermediary is not a DTC Participant, the record ownership of the intermediary will be recorded by a DTC Participant acting on its behalf. Therefore, you must rely on these various arrangements to record your ownership of the DTC Certificates and to relay the payments to your account. You may transfer your beneficial ownership interest in the DTC Certificates only under the procedures of your financial intermediary and of DTC Participants. In general, ownership of DTC Certificates will be subject to the prevailing rules, regulations and procedures governing DTC and DTC Participants.

Method of Payment. Our fiscal agent for the Fed Book-Entry Certificates is the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. On each applicable Distribution Date, the Federal Reserve Banks will make payments on the Fed Book-Entry Certificates on our behalf by crediting Holders' accounts at the Federal Reserve Banks.

We will direct payments on the DTC Certificates to DTC in immediately available funds. In turn, DTC will credit the payments to the accounts of the appropriate DTC Participants, in accordance with the DTC's procedures. These procedures currently provide for payments made in same-day funds to be settled through the New York Clearing House. DTC Participants and financial intermediaries will direct the payments to the investors in DTC Certificates that they represent.

The Trust MBS

The following table contains certain information about the Trust MBS. The Trust MBS included in each specified Group will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The Trust MBS provide that principal and interest on the related mortgage loans are passed through monthly. The mortgage loans underlying the Trust MBS are conventional Level Payment mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These mortgage loans have original maturities of up to 15 years, in the case of the Group 1 and Group 4 MBS, and up to 30 years, in the case of the Group 3 MBS. See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus. We expect the characteristics of the Trust MBS and the related mortgage loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Group 1 MBS

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$300,000,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	121 months to 180 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	169 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	
(Weighted Average Loan Age)	8 months
Group 3 MBS	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$62,097,840
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.75% to 9.00%
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	268 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	75 months

Group 4 MBS

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$102,000,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (per annum percentages)	
Range of WAMs	121 months to 180 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	178 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	2 months

The Group 2 SMBS

The Group 2 SMBS represent ownership of:

- interest payments at a pass-through rate of 6.00% on an initial notional principal amount of \$150,000,000, and
- principal payments on an initial principal amount of \$100,000,000 of MBS.

The Group 2 SMBS provide that certain payments on the related MBS will be passed through monthly. We expect the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2 SMBS as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	355 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	5 months

The general characteristics of the Group 2 SMBS are described in the SMBS Prospectus. The general characteristics of the MBS are described in the MBS Prospectus. Each MBS evidences beneficial ownership interests in a pool of conventional Level Payment Mortgage Loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years. See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

The Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans (FHA/VA Loans)

General

We expect that the Trust will include approximately 4,375 Group 5 Mortgage Loans and 165 Group 6 Mortgage Loans, having aggregate principal balances of approximately \$353,093,539 and \$14,875,731, respectively, as of the Issue Date. These aggregate amounts may vary by plus or minus 5%. Fannie Mae and EMC Mortgage Corporation, as seller (the "Seller") and servicer (in such capacity, together with its subservicers, the "Servicer") will be parties to a sale and servicing agreement dated as of the Issue Date (the "Sale and Servicing Agreement").

The Group 5 Mortgage Loans are first lien, single-family, fully amortizing, fixed-rate mortgage loans and the Group 6 Mortgage Loans are first lien, single-family, fully amortizing, adjustable-rate mortgage loans. All of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans are insured by the FHA or partially guaranteed by the VA. Each FHA/VA Loan is evidenced by a promissory note or similar evidence of indebtedness (a "Mortgage Note") that is secured by a first mortgage or deed of trust on a single-family residential property. Each Mortgage Note requires the borrower to make monthly payments of principal and interest. We refer to the property that secures repayment of an FHA/VA Loan as the "Mortgaged Property."

The FHA/VA Loans generally have terms not more than 30 years in length, although the Servicer has the right under certain circumstances to extend their terms (but not beyond January 2042, in the case of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans, and October 2040, in the case of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans).

Each FHA/VA Loan provides that the obligor on the related Mortgage Note (the "borrower") must make payments by a scheduled day of each month. This day is fixed at the time of origination. In addition, each FHA/VA Loan provides that the borrower must pay interest on the outstanding principal balance at the rate specified or described in the related Mortgage Note (the "Mortgage Interest Rate"). Interest is calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. If a borrower makes a payment earlier or later than the scheduled due date, the amortization schedule will not change, nor will the relative application of such payment to principal and interest.

The information shown on Exhibit A summarizes certain assumed characteristics of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date. The information in the tables is presented in aggregated form, on the basis of the characteristics specified in the tables, and does not reflect actual or assumed characteristics of any individual Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan. The information in the tables does not give effect to prepayments received on the Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loans on or after the Issue Date.

Each of the FHA/VA Loans was originated in accordance with the underwriting guidelines of the FHA or VA, as the case may be, and was eligible to be included in a Ginnie Mae pool at the time of origination as permitted by Ginnie Mae's rules. Each of the FHA/VA Loans was pooled with Ginnie Mae and then repurchased when the loan had a delinquency that was not cured for at least 90 days.

The table below shows the contractual delinquency of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date. An FHA/VA Loan is "contractually delinquent" as of the Issue Date if delinquencies that occurred at any time during the term of the related loan have not been cured.

Contractually Delinquent	Group 5 Mortgage Loans	Group 6 Mortgage Loans
Less than 30 days	33.83%	17.69%
30-59 days	28.32%	29.44%
60-89 days		20.03%
90–119 days	10.45%	11.30%
120–149 days	9.31%	8.73%
150-179 days		12.80%

As of the Issue Date, no Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan was more than 179 days contractually delinquent. Neither the Servicer nor Fannie Mae has the right to repurchase an FHA/VA Loan from the Trust based upon the Issue Date contractual delinquency of that loan. However, if at any time the aggregate principal balance of the FHA/VA Loans which are 90 days or more delinquent ("90+ Delinquent Loans") exceeds 49.00% of the aggregate principal balance of the FHA/VA Loans taken as a whole, the Seller is required to repurchase sufficient 90+ Delinquent Loans to cause the percentage of 90+ Delinquent Loans to be less than or equal to 49.00% (but not less than 45.00%).

The Group 5 Mortgage Loans

The Group 5 Mortgage Loans are fixed-rate mortgage loans. The following tables set forth certain information, as of the Issue Date, as to the Group 5 Mortgage Loans. References to "Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding" mean the aggregate of the Stated Principal Balances of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date. The sum of the columns in the following tables may not equal the totals due to rounding.

Issue Date Principal Balances (1)

Issue Date Principal Balances	Number of Group 5 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 5 Mortgage Loans
\$ 1-\$ 50,000	927	\$ 31,669,035	8.97%
\$ 50,001-\$100,000	2,233	163,597,048	46.33
\$100,001-\$150,000	998	120,391,744	34.10
\$150,001-\$200,000	196	32,857,318	9.31
\$200,001-\$250,000	18	3,791,323	1.07
\$250,001-\$300,000	3	787,071	0.22
Total	4,375	\$353,093,539	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the average principal balance of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately \$80,707.

Mortgage Interest Rates (1)

Mortgage Interest Rates (%)	Number of Group 5 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 5 Mortgage Loans
7.000 or Less	257	\$ 23,613,072	6.69%
7.001- 7.500	907	83,542,503	23.66
7.501- 8.000	1,227	103,568,890	29.33
8.001- 8.500	1,035	82,236,582	23.29
8.501- 9.000	515	38,288,481	10.84
9.001- 9.500	241	14,221,575	4.03
9.501–10.000	89	3,575,514	1.01
10.001-10.500	53	2,259,602	0.64
10.501-11.000	14	737,973	0.21
11.001 or Greater	<u>37</u>	1,049,348	0.30
Total	4,375	\$353,093,539	$\underline{100.00}\%$

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the weighted average mortgage interest rate of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 8.072%.

Net Mortgage Rates (1)

Net Mortgage Rates (%)	Number of Group 5 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 5 Mortgage Loans
6.500 or Less	259	\$ 23,719,796	6.72%
6.501- 7.000	905	83,435,779	23.63
7.001- 7.500	1,227	103,568,890	29.33
7.501- 8.000	1,035	82,236,582	23.29
8.001- 8.500	515	38,288,481	10.84
8.501- 9.000	241	14,221,575	4.03
9.001- 9.500	89	3,575,514	1.01
9.501–10.000	53	2,259,602	0.64
10.001–10.500	14	737,973	0.21
10.501 or Greater	37	1,049,348	0.30
Total	4,375	\$353,093,539	100.00 %

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the weighted average Net Mortgage Rate of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 7.462%.

Original Terms to Stated Maturity(1)

Original Terms to Stated Maturity (Months)	Number of Group 5 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 5 Mortgage Loans	
61–120	2	\$ 63,572	0.02%	
121-180	73	3,384,625	0.96	
181-240	51	3,774,304	1.07	
241-300	43	3,272,711	0.93	
301–360	4,203	342,423,349	96.98	
361-420	3	174,979	0.05	
Total	4,375	\$353,093,539	100.00%	

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the weighted average original term to stated maturity of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 355 months.

Remaining Terms to Stated Maturity (1)

Remaining Terms to Stated Maturity (Months)	Number of Group 5 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 5 Mortgage Loans
60 or Less	46	\$ 362,918	0.10%
61–120	123	2,537,786	0.72
121–180	179	8,574,440	2.43
181–240	309	16,358,250	4.63
241–300	932	65,492,354	18.55
301-360	2,786	259,767,792	73.57
Total	4,375	\$353,093,539	<u>100.00</u> %

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the weighted average remaining term to stated maturity of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 312 months.

Geographic Distribution

State	Number of Group 5 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 5 Mortgage Loans
California	342	\$ 36,073,009	10.22%
Florida	413	31,543,772	8.93
Maryland	249	25,731,361	7.29
Texas	418	25,117,943	7.11
Illinois	195	17,844,755	5.05
North Carolina	200	17,711,964	5.02
Virginia	204	16,982,798	4.81
Georgia	202	15,877,070	4.50
New Jersey	156	15,530,108	4.40
Pennsylvania	230	15,495,987	4.39
Michigan	210	14,735,915	4.17
New York	123	12,307,979	3.49
Ohio	140	10,927,952	3.09
Other (39 States)	1,293	97,212,927	27.53
Total	4,375	\$353,093,539	100.00%

The Group 6 Mortgage Loans

Each Group 6 Mortgage Loan has a Mortgage Interest Rate which is subject to adjustment on the dates (each such date, an "Interest Adjustment Date") specified in the related Mortgage Note to equal the sum of the index, which is the weekly average yield on United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year ("1 Year CMT"), plus a fixed percentage amount specified in the Mortgage Note (the "Interest Rate Margin"), subject to the limitations described in this paragraph. Generally, the index value used will be the value most recently published thirty days prior to the applicable Interest Adjustment Date. The Mortgage Interest Rate on each Group 6 Mortgage Loan will not increase or decrease by more than 1% (the "Mortgage Interest Rate Periodic Cap") on any Interest Adjustment Date. The Mortgage Interest Rate on each Group 6 Mortgage Loan will not exceed a specified maximum mortgage interest rate over the life of that loan (the "Mortgage Interest Rate Life Cap") or be less than a minimum Mortgage Interest Rate over the life of that loan equal to its Interest Rate Margin.

The following tables set forth certain information, as of the Issue Date, as to the Group 6 Mortgage Loans. References to "Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding" mean the aggregate of the Stated Principal Balances of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date. The sum of the percentage columns in the following tables may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Issue Date Principal Balances (1)

Issue Date Principal Balances	Number of Group 6 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 6 Mortgage Loans
\$ 1-\$ 50,000	8	\$ 337,627	2.27%
50,001- 100,000	102	7,696,049	51.74
100,001- 150,000	47	5,542,358	37.26
150,001- 200,000	8	1,299,697	8.74
Total	<u>165</u>	\$14,875,731	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the average principal balance of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately \$90,156.

Mortgage Interest Rates (1)

Mortgage Interest Rates (%)	Number of Group 6 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Group 6 Mortgage Loans
7.000 or Less	17	\$ 1,410,180	9.48%
7.001–7.500	77	7,112,027	47.81
7.501-8.000	22	2,149,486	14.45
8.001-8.500	15	1,335,200	8.98
8.501-9.000	34	2,868,838	19.29
Total	165	\$14,875,731	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the weighted average Mortgage Interest Rate of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 7.694%.

Net Mortgage Rates (1)

Net Mortgage Rates (%)	Number of Group 6 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 6 Mortgage Loans
6.500 or Less	17	\$ 1,410,180	9.48%
6.501-7.000	77	7,112,027	47.81
7.001–7.500	22	2,149,486	14.45
7.501-8.000	15	1,335,200	8.98
8.001-8.500	_34	2,868,838	19.29
Total	165	\$14,875,731	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the weighted average Net Mortgage Rate of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 7.074%.

Original Terms to Stated Maturity

Original Terms to Stated Maturity (Months)	Number of Group 6 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 6 Mortgage Loans
360	165	\$14,875,731	100.00%
Total	165	\$14,875,731	100.00%

Remaining Terms to Stated Maturity (1)

Remaining Terms to Stated Maturity (Months)	Number of Group 6 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Group 6 Mortgage Loans
121–180	2	\$ 78,176	0.53%
241-300	70	6,012,707	40.42
301–360	93	8,784,849	59.05
Total	165	\$14,875,731	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the weighted average remaining term to stated maturity of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 303 months.

Mortgage Interest Rate Life Caps (1)

Mortgage Interest Rate Life Caps (%)	Number of Group 6 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 6 Mortgage Loans
9.001- 9.500	1	\$ 97,849	0.66%
9.501– 10.000	5	366,136	2.46
10.001-10.500	22	2,022,353	13.59
10.501-11.000	40	3,574,611	24.03
11.001-11.500	45	4,140,648	27.83
11.501–12.000	32	2,996,489	20.14
12.001 or Greater	20	1,677,646	11.28
Total	<u>165</u>	\$14,875,731	<u>100.00</u> %

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the weighted average Mortgage Interest Rate Life Cap of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 10.789%.

Next Interest Adjustment Dates

Next Interest Adjustment Dates	Number of Group 6 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 6 Mortgage Loans
March 2002	1	\$ 82,725	0.56%
April 2002	40	3,704,249	24.90
May 2002	1	57,464	0.39
June 2002	4	338,296	2.27
July 2002	19	1,729,015	11.62
August 2002	5	422,472	2.84
September 2002	3	230,382	1.55
October 2002	31	2,828,447	19.01
November 2002	4	353,775	2.38
December 2002	2	188,679	1.27
January 2003	52	4,781,025	32.14
February 2003	3	159,202	1.07
Total	<u>165</u>	\$14,875,731	$\underline{100.00}\%$

Interest Rate Margins (1)

Interest Rate Margins (%)	Number of Group 6 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 6 Mortgage Loans
1.501-2.000	31	\$ 2,691,777	18.10%
2.001-2.500	117	10,536,644	70.83
2.501-3.000	<u>17</u>	1,647,311	11.07
Total	<u>165</u>	\$14,875,731	<u>100.00</u> %

⁽¹⁾ As of the Issue Date, the weighted average Interest Rate Margin of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans is expected to be approximately 2.437%.

Geographic Distribution

State	Number of Group 6 Mortgage Loans	Aggregate Principal Balance Outstanding	Percent of Group 6 Mortgage Loans
Maryland	29	\$ 2,745,323	18.46%
North Carolina	19	1,830,832	12.31
Illinois	18	1,804,188	12.13
Pennsylvania	23	1,755,230	11.80
New Jersey	8	968,351	6.51
Virginia	11	963,091	6.47
Ohio	11	932,352	6.27
Texas	10	821,512	5.52
Tennessee	8	587,341	3.95
Other (14 States)	_28	2,467,511	16.59
Total	<u>165</u>	\$14,875,731	100.00%

Fannie Mae Mortgage Purchase Program

General. We summarize below certain aspects of our program for purchasing residential mortgage loans for inclusion in a given pool. We may grant exceptions to the requirements of the program for a particular transaction. In several instances, the characteristics of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans do not match the criteria described below. For more specific details regarding the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans, see "The Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans (FHA/VA Loans)" above.

Eligible Lenders. We purchase mortgage loans from the following types of eligible institutions:

- federally and state-chartered savings and loan associations, mutual savings banks, commercial banks and similar financial institutions whose accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or the National Credit Union Administration ("NCUA");
- · state-insured financial institutions; and
- financial institutions, principally mortgage bankers, and finance companies that are Fannie Mae-approved mortgage sellers.

We determine whether to approve a particular financial institution as a lender under our purchase program by applying certain criteria which generally include depth of mortgage origination experience, servicing experience and financial capacity.

We will enter into a Fannie Mae Mortgage Selling and Servicing Contract with each approved lender.

Eligible Mortgage Loans. We may include both residential property loans and cooperative share loans in a given pool. Unless we make an exception, each mortgage loan that we include in a pool will comply with the terms of our current Selling Guide and, if underwritten through Desktop Underwriter*, our Guide to Underwriting with Desktop Underwriter (or any of our multifamily guides in the case of a Mortgage Loan secured by a multifamily property). Generally, we do not include construction loans or land development loans in our pools.

A "residential property loan" is a mortgage loan that is secured by a mortgage or similar instrument on (1) a single-family residence (including a unit in a condominium project or planned unit development) or a manufactured home or (2) a multifamily project with five or more apartments. A "cooperative share loan" is a mortgage loan secured by the stock, shares, membership agreement or other contractual agreements that evidence the borrower's ownership in the cooperative as well as the assignment of the occupancy rights to the borrower's dwelling unit in the cooperative. Each mortgage loan will be documented by an FHA or VA mortgage or other instrument that we accept. Each mortgage loan also will comply with all applicable federal and local laws, including laws covering usury, equal credit opportunity and disclosure.

We do not require that payments on every mortgage loan that we can include in a pool be due on the first day of the month.

In general, no mortgage loan can have a maturity date later than 30 years after origination.

Additional Considerations. Our Selling Guide requires that each lender that sells us conventional mortgage loans under our purchase program assume responsibility for underwriting these loans using the same underwriting criteria that we apply to our portfolio purchases. (We can, however, grant exceptions to these criteria.) Using a random selection process, we review the quality of the credit and property underwriting applied to these loans.

^{*} Desktop Underwriter® is our automated underwriting software application.

Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the pool number, the current WAC (or original WAC, if the current WAC is not available) and the current WAM (or Adjusted WAM, if the current WAM is not available) of the mortgage loans underlying the Trust MBS and the Group 2 SMBS as of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement also will include the weighted averages of all the current or original WACs and the weighted averages of all the current or Adjusted WAMs, based on the current unpaid principal balances of the mortgage loans underlying each of the Trust MBS and the Group 2 SMBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627 or 202-752-6547. The contents of the Final Data Statement and other data specific to the Certificates are available in electronic form by calling us at 1-800-752-6440 or 202-752-6000.

Distributions of Interest

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

Interest Type*	Classes
Group 1 Classes	
Fixed Rate	PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PI, B and Z
Accrual	Z
Interest Only	PI
Group 2 Classes	
Floating Rate	F
Inverse Floating Rate	SB, SC and SD
Interest Only	SB, SC and SD
RCR**	S and SE
Group 3 Classes	
Floating Rate	FA
Inverse Floating Rate	SG and SH
Interest Only	SG and SH
Principal Only	OG
RCR**	SA
Group 4 Classes	
Floating Rate	FG
Inverse Floating Rate	SN and SP
Interest Only	SN
RCR**	FP
Group 5 Classes	
Fixed Rate	A1 and A2
Weighted Average Coupon	IO
Interest Only	IO
Principal Only	PO
Group 6 Class	
Weighted Average Coupon	A3
No Payment Residual	R and RL

General. We will pay interest on the Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates specified or described on the cover or otherwise described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest

^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

based on a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly (except in the case of the Accrual Class) on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Class) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Class, see "—Accrual Class" below.

We will apply interest payments on exchangeable Trust Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Accrual Periods. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the Certificates during the applicable one-month periods set forth below (each, an "Interest Accrual Period").

Classes

All Fixed Rate Classes and the IO and A3 Classes (collectively, the "Delay Classes")

All Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

Interest Accrual Periods

Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

One-month period beginning on the 25th day of the month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See "Additional Risk Factors—Delay classes have lower yields and market values" in this prospectus supplement.

The Dealer will treat the OG and PO Classes as Delay Classes for the sole purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Class. The Z Class is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class at the applicable annual rate specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Class. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Class will be added as principal to its principal balance on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Class as described under "—Distributions of Principal" below.

Notional Classes. The Notional Classes will not have principal balances. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Classes will bear interest on their notional principal balances at their applicable interest rates. The notional principal balances of the Notional Classes will be calculated as specified under "Reference Sheet—Notional Classes" in this prospectus supplement.

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for each Notional Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall refer also to the notional principal balances of the Notional Classes.

Weighted Average Coupon Classes. During the initial Interest Accrual Period, the IO Class is expected to bear interest at the approximate annual rate of 0.34590%. During each subsequent Interest Accrual Period, the IO Class will bear interest, expressed as an annual rate, equal to the aggregate amount of interest accrued during that period on

• the Category 1 Loans (as defined under "—Certain Definitions Relating to Payments on the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes") at their weighted average Net Mortgage Rate, weighted on the basis of their Stated Principal Balances as of the beginning of that period, minus 7.00%,

• the Category 2 Loans (as defined under "—Certain Definitions Relating to Payments on the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes") at their weighted average Net Mortgage Rate, weighted on the basis of their Stated Principal Balances as of the beginning of that period, *minus* 7.50%.

During the initial Interest Accrual Period, the A3 Class is expected to bear interest at the approximate annual rate of 7.07403%. During each subsequent Interest Accrual Period, the A3 Class will bear interest at an annual rate equal to the weighted average of the Net Mortgage Rates of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans during that period, weighted on the basis of their Stated Principal Balances at the beginning of that period.

Our determination of the interest rates for the IO and A3 Classes for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627 or 202-752-6547.

The "Net Mortgage Rate" for any Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan is the Mortgage Interest Rate for that loan less the applicable servicing fee rate and guaranty fee rate. As of the Issue Date, the Mortgage Interest Rates of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans ranged from 5.500% to 16.500%, with a weighted average of 8.072%, weighted on the basis of their Stated Principal Balances as of the Issue Date. As of the Issue Date, the combined servicing and guaranty fee rates for the Group 5 Mortgage Loans ranged from 0.600% to 0.620%, with a weighted average of 0.610%, weighted on the basis of their Stated Principal Balances as of the Issue Date. As of the Issue Date, the Mortgage Interest Rates of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans ranged from 6.000% to 8.750%, with a weighted average of 7.694%, and the Interest Rate Margins of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans ranged from 2.000% to 3.000%, with a weighted average of 2.437%, in each case weighted on the basis of their Stated Principal Balances as of the Issue Date. As of the Issue Date, the combined servicing and guaranty fee rate for the Group 6 Mortgage Loans was 0.620%.

The "Stated Principal Balance" of any FHA/VA Loan is the unpaid principal balance of that loan (or, if delinquent, its scheduled unpaid principal balance) as of the Issue Date, reduced by all amounts representing principal received or advanced by the Servicer and previously paid to Certificateholders with respect to that loan.

As a result of the above calculations, a disproportionately high rate of prepayments of Group 5 Mortgage Loans with Net Mortgage Rates above the sum of the current interest rate for the IO Class plus 7.00% relative to Group 5 Mortgage Loans with Net Mortgage Rates below that sum will have the effect of reducing the rate at which interest accrues on the IO Class during each related Interest Accrual Period. Similarly, a disproportionately high rate of prepayments of Group 6 Mortgage Loans with Net Mortgage Rates above the current interest rate for the A3 Class relative to Group 6 Mortgage Loans with Net Mortgage Rates below that rate will have the effect of reducing the rate at which interest accrues on the A3 Class during the related Interest Accrual Period.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at rates determined as described under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement.

Changes in the specified interest rate index (the "Index") will affect the yields with respect to the related Classes. These changes may not correspond to changes in mortgage interest rates. Lower mortgage interest rates could occur while an increase in the level of the Index occurs. Similarly, higher mortgage interest rates could occur while a decrease in the level of the Index occurs.

Our establishment of each Index value and our determination of the interest rate for each applicable Class for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627 or 202-752-6547.

Calculation of LIBOR

On each Index Determination Date, we will calculate LIBOR for the related Interest Accrual Period. We will calculate LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method", as described in the REMIC Prospectus under "Description of Certificates—Indexes for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes—*LIBOR*."

If we are unable to calculate LIBOR on the initial Index Determination Date, LIBOR for the following Interest Accrual Period will be equal to 1.75% in the case of the F, SB, SC, SD, SE and S Classes and 1.83% in the case of the FA, SG, SH, SN, FG, SP, SA and FP Classes.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes fall into the following categories:

Principal Type*	Classes
Group 1 Classes	
PAC	PA, PB, PC, PD and PE
TAC	В
Support	${f Z}$
Non-Sticky Jump	B and Z
Accretion Directed	В
Notional	PI
Group 2 Classes	
Pass-Through	${f F}$
Notional	SB, SC and SD
RCR**	S and SE
Group 3 Classes	
Pass-Through	FA and OG
Notional	SG and SH
RCR**	SA
Group 4 Classes	
Pass-Through	FG and SP
Notional	SN
RCR**	FP
Group 5 Classes	
Pass-Through	A1, A2 and PO
Notional	IO
Group 6 Class	
Pass-Through	A3
No Payment Residual	R and RL

^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.
** See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

Principal Distribution Amount

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an aggregate amount (the "Principal Distribution Amount") equal to the sum of

• the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS (the "Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount") plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the Z Class (the "Z Accrual

Amount" and, together with the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the "Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount"),

- the principal then paid on the Group 2 SMBS (the "Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS (the "Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 4 MBS (the "Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- an aggregate amount (the "Group 5 Principal Distribution Amount") equal to the sum of the Category 1 Principal Distribution Amount, the Category 2 Principal Distribution Amount, the Non-PO Principal Distribution Amount and the PO Principal Distribution Amount (each as defined under "—Certain Definitions Relating to Payments on the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes" below), and
- the Group 6 Principal Distribution Amount, calculated as specified under "—Certain Definitions Relating to Payments on the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes" below.

We will include principal payments (including prepayments and liquidation proceeds) on the FHA/VA Loans in amounts paid as principal of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes as long as the Servicer provides us information about these principal payments in time for the published class factors to reflect these payments. See "Reference Sheet—Class Factors" in this prospectus supplement. If we do not receive the information on time, we will pay those principal payments on the next Distribution Date. For purposes of payments, we consider an FHA/VA Loan to be prepaid in full if, in our judgment, the full amount finally recoverable on that loan has been received, even if that amount is not equal to the principal balance of that loan.

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, sequentially, as principal of the PA, PB, PC, PD and PE Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to their Planned Balances for that Distribution Date.

PAC Classes

Z Accrual Amount and Remaining Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Z Accrual Amount, together with the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount remaining after giving effect to the preceding paragraph, as principal of the Group 1 Classes in the following priority:

- (i) if and only if the principal balance of the Group 1 MBS on that Distribution Date (after giving effect to distributions on that date) is less than the Group 1 MBS First Targeted Balance for that date, sequentially, to the Z and B Classes, in that order, without regard to the Targeted Balance of the B Class and until their principal balances are reduced to zero;
- (ii) if and only if the principal balance of the Group 1 MBS on that Distribution Date (after giving effect to distributions on that date) is less than the Group 1 MBS Second Targeted Balance for that date, as follows:

Non-Sticky Jump Classes

first, 74.55% to the B Class, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero, and

second, any remaining amount, sequentially, to the Z and B Classes, in that order, without regard to the Targeted Balance of the B Class and until their principal balances are reduced to zero:

- (iii) to the B Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date;
- TAC Class
- (iv) to the Z Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero;

Support Class

(v) to the B Class, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and

TAC Class

(vi) sequentially, to the PA, PB, PC, PD and PE Classes, in that order, without regard to their Planned Balances and until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

PAC Classes

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the F Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

| | Pass-Through | Class

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount, concurrently, as principal of the FA and OG Classes, pro rata (or 72.222222222% and 27.77777778%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

| | Pass-Through | Classes

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount, concurrently, as principal of the FG and SP Classes, pro rata (or 70.5882352941% and 29.4117647059%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

Pass-Through Classes

Group 5 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Category 1 Principal Distribution Amount and the Non-PO Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the A1 Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Category 2 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the A2 Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

Pass-Through Classes

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the PO Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the PO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

For definitions of the terms "Category 1 Principal Distribution Amount," "Non-PO Principal Distribution Amount," "Category 2 Principal Distribution Amount," and "PO Principal Distribution Amount," see "—Certain Definitions Relating to Payments on the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes" below.

Group 6 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 6 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the A3 Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

| Pass | Pass | Class | Class | Class | Class | Pass | Pass

Class

We will apply principal payments on exchangeable Trust Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Certain Definitions Relating to Payments on the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes

Category 1 Loans. Group 5 Mortgage Loans having Net Mortgage Rates which are both equal to or greater than 7.00% and less than or equal to 7.50%.

Category 1 Principal Distribution Amount. For any Distribution Date, the sum of the following, without duplication:

- all monthly payments of principal due on each Category 1 Loan during the related Due Period, plus
- the Stated Principal Balance of each Category 1 Loan that Fannie Mae or the Servicer repurchases during the related Due Period, plus
- for each Category 1 Loan that was reported as having become a Liquidated Loan during the related Due Period, the Stated Principal Balance of that loan, *plus*
- all partial and full principal prepayments of the Category 1 Loans that were reported as having been received during the related Due Period.

In the case of some Group 5 Mortgage Loans, the related subservicer may apply the foregoing amounts in respect of unscheduled principal received during the calendar month immediately preceding the Distribution Date rather than during the related Due Period.

Category 2 Loans. Group 5 Mortgage Loans having Net Mortgage Rates greater than 7.50%.

Category 2 Principal Distribution Amount. For any Distribution Date, the sum of the following, without duplication:

- all monthly payments of principal due on each Category 2 Loan during the related Due Period, plus
- the Stated Principal Balance of each Category 2 Loan that Fannie Mae or the Servicer repurchases during the related Due Period, plus
- for each Category 2 Loan that was reported as having become a Liquidated Loan during the related Due Period, the Stated Principal Balance of that loan, *plus*
- all partial and full principal prepayments of the Category 2 Loans that were reported as having been received during the related Due Period.

In the case of some Group 5 Mortgage Loans, the related subservicer may apply the foregoing amounts in respect of unscheduled principal received during the calendar month immediately preceding the Distribution Date rather than during the related Due Period.

Discount Loans. Group 5 Mortgage Loans having Net Mortgage Rates lower than 7.00%.

Due Date. For any Distribution Date, the first day of the calendar month in which that Distribution Date occurs.

Due Period. For any Distribution Date, the period beginning on the second day of the month immediately preceding the month in which that Distribution Date occurs and ending on the first day of the month in which that Distribution Date occurs.

Group 6 Principal Distribution Amount. For any Distribution Date, the sum of the following, without duplication:

- all monthly payments of principal due on each Group 6 Mortgage Loan during the related Due Period, plus
- the Stated Principal Balance of each Group 6 Mortgage Loan that Fannie Mae or the Servicer repurchases during the related Due Period, plus

- for each Group 6 Mortgage Loan that was reported as having become a Liquidated Loan during the related Due Period, the Stated Principal Balance of that loan, *plus*
- all partial and full principal prepayments of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans that were reported as having been received during the related Due Period.

In the case of some Group 6 Mortgage Loans, the related subservicer may apply the foregoing amounts in respect of unscheduled principal received during the calendar month immediately preceding the Distribution Date rather than during the related Due Period.

Liquidated Loan. A defaulted Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan with respect to which the Servicer has concluded that the full amount finally recoverable on account of that loan has been received, whether or not this amount is equal to the principal balance of that loan.

Net Mortgage Rate. For any Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan, the Mortgage Interest Rate of that loan *minus* the sum of (i) the Servicing Fee Rate and (ii) the rate at which the Guaranty Fee is calculated with respect to that loan.

Non-PO Percentage. For any Discount Loan, the related Net Mortgage Rate *divided by* 7.00%, expressed as a percentage.

Non-PO Principal Distribution Amount. For any Distribution Date, the sum of the Non-PO Percentage of the following, without duplication:

- all monthly payments of principal due on each Discount Loan during the related Due Period, plus
- the Stated Principal Balance of each Discount Loan that is purchased by Fannie Mae or the Servicer during the related Due Period, plus
- for each Discount Loan that was reported as having become a Liquidated Loan during the related Due Period, the Stated Principal Balance of that loan, plus
- all partial and full prepayments of the Discount Loans that were reported as having been received from borrowers during the related Due Period.

In the case of some Group 5 Mortgage Loans, the related subservicer may apply the foregoing amounts in respect of unscheduled principal received during the calendar month immediately preceding the Distribution Date rather than during the related Due Period.

PO Percentage. For any Discount Loan, 7.00% minus the related Net Mortgage Rate, divided by 7.00%, expressed as a percentage.

PO Principal Distribution Amount. For any Distribution Date, the sum of the PO Percentage of the following, without duplication:

- all monthly payments of principal due on each Discount Loan during the related Due Period, plus
- the Stated Principal Balance of each Discount Loan that is purchased by Fannie Mae or the Servicer during the related Due Period, plus
- for each Discount Loan that was reported as having become a Liquidated Loan during the related Due Period, the Stated Principal Balance of that loan, plus
- all partial and full principal prepayments of the Discount Loans that were reported as having been received from borrowers during the related Due Period.

In the case of some Group 5 Mortgage Loans, the related subservicer may apply the foregoing amounts in respect of unscheduled principal received during the calendar month immediately preceding the Distribution Date rather than during the related Due Period.

Servicing Fee Rate. The percentage identified for each Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan on the Mortgage Loan Schedule.

Stated Principal Balance. The unpaid principal balance of a Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan (or the scheduled unpaid principal balance thereof, in the case of Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loans that are delinquent) as of the Issue Date reduced by all amounts representing principal received or advanced by the Servicer and previously paid to Certificateholders with respect to that loan.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions, collectively, the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- the mortgage loans underlying the Trust MBS and the Group 2 SMBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, WALAs and interest rates specified under "Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust MBS and the Group 2 SMBS";
- the final Group 1 MBS First and Second Targeted Balances are identical to the corresponding Targeted Balances set forth in the Principal Balance Schedules beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement;
- the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans have the respective assumed characteristics set forth in Exhibit A and payments on all Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans are due and received on the first day of each month;
- the mortgage loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA or CPR specified in the related table:
- the settlement date for the sale of the Certificates is February 28, 2002;
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month:
- in the case of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans, neither the Servicer nor Fannie Mae exercises its option to purchase those loans;
- in the case of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans, either the Servicer or Fannie Mae exercises its option to purchase those loans; and
- the Fannie Mae option to repurchase mortgage loans underlying any MBS is not exercised.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this prospectus supplement with respect to the Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes is The Bond Market Association's standard prepayment model ("PSA"). To assume a specified rate of PSA is to assume a specified rate of prepayment each month of the then-outstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans computed as described under "Description of Certificates—Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus. The model used in this prospectus supplement with respect to the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes is the constant prepayment rate model ("CPR") which represents the annual rate of prepayments relative to the then outstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans. Thus, "0% CPR" means no prepayments, "15% CPR" means an annual prepayment rate of 15%, and so forth

It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any *constant* PSA or CPR rate or at any other *constant* rate.

Structuring Range and Rates. The Principal Balance Schedules are found beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules have been prepared on the basis of the

Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related mortgage loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate within the applicable Structuring Range or at the applicable rates set forth below.

Principal Balance Schedule References Related Classes and Group		Structuring Range and Rates
Planned Balances	PA, PB, PC, PD and PE	Between 100% and 250%
Targeted Balances	В	(1)
First Targeted Balances	Group 1 MBS	(1)
Second Targeted Balances	Group 1 MBS	201%

⁽¹⁾ The Targeted Balances relating to the B Class and First Targeted Balances relating to the Group 1 MBS have not been structured to hold at any *constant* percentage of PSA.

We cannot assure you that the balance of any Class listed above will conform on any Distribution Date to the specified balance in the Principal Balance Schedules. As a result, we cannot assure you that payments of principal of any Class listed above will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules. We will distribute any excess of principal payments over the amount needed to reduce a Class to its scheduled balance on a Distribution Date. Accordingly, the ability to reduce a Class to its scheduled balance will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal payments from month to month. In addition, even if the related mortgage loans prepay at rates falling within the applicable Structuring Range, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Classes to their scheduled balances if the prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. Moreover, because of the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the related mortgage loans, which may include recently originated mortgage loans, the Classes specified above may not be reduced to their scheduled balances, even if prepayments occur at a constant rate within the applicable Structuring Range or at the applicable rates specified above.

Initial Effective Ranges. The Effective Range for a Class is the range of prepayment rates (measured by constant PSA rates) which would reduce that Class to its scheduled balance on each Distribution Date. The Initial Effective Ranges shown in the table below are based upon the assumed characteristics of the related mortgage loans specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Classes	Initial Effective Ranges
PA	Between 100% and 273%
PB	Between 100% and 254%
PC	Between 100% and 250%
PD	Between 94% and 250%
PE	Between 75% and 250%

The actual Effective Ranges at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related mortgage loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. The actual Effective Ranges calculated on the basis of the actual characteristics are likely to differ from the Initial Effective Ranges. As a result, the applicable Classes might not be reduced to their scheduled balances even if prepayments were to occur at a constant PSA rate within the Initial Effective Ranges. This is so particularly if the rate were at the lower or higher end of those ranges. In addition, even if prepayments occur at rates falling within the actual Effective Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Classes to their scheduled balances if such prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. It is highly unlikely that the related mortgage loans will prepay at any constant PSA rate. In general, the actual Effective Ranges may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time. The stability in principal payment of the PAC Classes will be supported in part by the related TAC and Support Classes. When the related TAC and Support Classes are retired, the PAC Classes, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be more sensitive to prepayments.

Group 1 MBS First and Second Targeted Balances. We may recalculate the Group 1 MBS First and Second Targeted Balances based upon the actual characteristics of the Group 1 MBS delivered to the Lower Tier REMIC (the "Settlement Characteristics"), which may vary from the characteristics assumed in preparing the Group 1 MBS First and Second Targeted Balances set forth in the Principal Balance Schedules beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. If recalculated, the Group 1 MBS First and Second Targeted Balances will reflect the aggregate unpaid principal amount of the Group 1 MBS for each Distribution Date assuming that the related Mortgage Loans prepay at a constant rate of approximately 276% PSA, in the case of the Group 1 MBS First Targeted Balances, and 201% PSA, in the case of the Group 1 MBS Second Targeted Balances, and that all of the Mortgage Loans underlying each related pool have the same interest rate and remaining term as the WAC (or current WAC, if available) and Adjusted WAM (or current WAM, if available) of that pool. If recalculated, the Group 1 MBS First and Second Targeted Balances will be included in the Final Data Statement to be made available shortly after the Settlement Date. Any such recalculation of the Group 1 MBS First and Second Targeted Balances will be final and binding regardless of any alleged defect in the methodology or information used in making the calculation. Investors should note that the Settlement Characteristics are likely to vary from the characteristics assumed in preparing the Group 1 MBS First and Second Targeted Balances set forth in the Principal Balance Schedules in this prospectus supplement.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA or CPR, as applicable, and, where specified, to changes in the Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash
 flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the
 assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes,
 and
- · converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the mortgage loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA or CPR, as applicable. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- all of the mortgage loans will prepay at a constant PSA or CPR rate, as applicable, until
 maturity,
- all of the mortgage loans will prepay at the same rate or
- · the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related mortgage loans and to the level of the Index. The mortgage loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the mortgage loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable tables below, it is possible that investors in the SB, SC, SD, SG, SH, SN, SP, S, SE and SA Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate Classes for the initial Interest Accrual Period are the rates listed in the table under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of the Index, and
- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of their original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
SB	1.50000%
SC	3.50000%
SD	9.68750%
SG	1.75000%
SH	9.46875%
SN	0.28125%
SP	104.31250%
S	14.68750%
SE	13.12500%
SA	11.21875%

Sensitivity of the SB Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

LIBOR	PSA Prepayment Assumption					
	50 %	100%	180%	350%	500%	
8.0% and below	23.8%	21.0%	16.6%	6.8%	(2.1)%	
8.2%	8.5%	5.7%	1.1%	(9.0)%	(18.4)%	
8.4%	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SC Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

LIBOR	PSA Prepayment Assumption					
	50 %	100%	180%	350%	500%	
7.00% and below	25.9%	23.2%	18.8%	9.1%	0.2%	
7.75%	0.5%	(2.4)%	(7.0)%	(17.2)%	(26.7)%	
8.00% and above	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SD Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

LIBOR	PSA Prepayment Assumption					
	50 %	100%	180%	350%	500%	
0.75%	69.3%	66.8%	62.7%	53.8%	45.7%	
1.75%	56.7%	54.1%	50.0%	40.9%	32.6%	
3.75%	32.3%	29.6%	25.3%	15.7%	7.0%	
5.75%	8.3%	5.5%	0.9%	(9.2)%	(18.6)%	
7.00% and above	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SG Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption				
LIBOR	50%	100%	279%	400%	600%
7.50% and below	30.5%	27.0%	13.9%	4.6%	(11.8)%
7.83%	8.7%	5.5%	(6.4)%	(15.0)%	(30.0)%
8.10%	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SH Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

LIBOR	PSA Prepayment Assumption					
	50%	100%	279%	400%	600%	
0.83%	74.4%	70.3%	55.1%	44.3%	25.1%	
1.83%	61.4%	57.5%	43.0%	32.6%	14.2%	
3.83%	36.4%	32.9%	19.5%	10.0%	(6.8)%	
5.83%	11.8%	8.6%	(3.5)%	(12.2)%	(27.4)%	
7.50% and above	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SN Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

LIBOR	PSA Prepayment Assumption				
	50 %	100%	233%	350%	500%
8.000% and below	6.7%	4.2%	(2.5)%	(8.6)%	(16.7)%
8.025%	(6.9)%	(9.4)%	(16.1)%	(22.3)%	(30.5)%
$8.050\%\dots$	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SP Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

PSA Prepayment Assumption LIBOR **50**% 100% 500% $\mathbf{233}\%$ 350%16.6% 16.6% 16.3% 16.1% 15.8% 14.2%14.1%13.9% 13.7%13.5% 3.83% 9.4%9.3%9.1% 9.0% 8.7% 5.83% 4.7%4.6%4.4%4.3%4.1%7.83% (0.0)%(0.1)%(0.2)%(0.4)%(0.6)%8.00% and above (0.4)%(0.5)%(0.6)%(0.8)%(0.9)%

Sensitivity of the S Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption				
LIBOR	50%	100%	180%	350%	500%
0.75%	53.8%	51.2%	47.0%	37.8%	29.5%
1.75%	45.7%	43.1%	38.8%	29.5%	21.1%
3.75%	29.9%	27.2%	22.8%	13.2%	4.4%
5.75%	14.3%	11.5%	7.0%	(3.0)%	(12.3)%
7.75%	(3.9)%	(6.7)%	(11.3)%	(21.5)%	(31.0)%
8.40%	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SE Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption				
LIBOR	50 %	100%	180%	350%	500%
0.75%	57.6%	55.1%	50.9%	41.8%	33.6%
1.75%	48.5%	45.9%	41.7%	32.5%	24.1%
3.75%	30.8%	28.1%	23.7%	14.1%	5.4%
5.75%	13.3%	10.5%	5.9%	(4.1)%	(13.3)%
7.75%	(9.9)%	(12.6)%	(17.2)%	(27.3)%	(36.7)%
8.00% and above	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SA Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption				
LIBOR	50%	100%	279%	400%	600%
0.83%	67.2%	63.2%	48.4%	37.8%	19.0%
1.83%	56.4%	52.6%	38.3%	28.0%	10.0%
3.83%	35.5%	31.9%	18.6%	9.1%	(7.6)%
5.83%	14.9%	11.6%	(0.7)%	(9.4)%	(24.9)%
7.83%	(13.0)%	(15.9)%	(26.7)%	(34.4)%	(47.9)%
8.10%	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

The PI and IO Classes. The yields to investors in the PI and IO Classes will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related mortgage loans. The mortgage loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on the PI and IO Classes would be 0% if prepayments of the related mortgage loans were to occur at constant rates of 519% PSA and 27% CPR, respectively. If the actual prepayment rate of the related mortgage loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling such level for the remaining months, the investors in the PI and IO Classes would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the PI and IO Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of their original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
PI	9.87500%
IO	1.03125%

^{*} The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the PI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption														
	50%	100%	200%	201%	202%	215%	233%	250%	275%	276%	277%	500%			
Pre-Tax Yields to															
Maturity	33.3%	21.6%	21.6%	21.6%	21.6%	21.6%	21.6%	21.6%	21.3%	21.3%	21.2%	2.0%			

Sensitivity of the IO Class to Prepayments

		CPR	Prepayment Ass	umption	
	3%	9%	18%	27%	36%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	29.5%	22.4%	11.4%	(0.3)%	(12.7)%

The Principal Only Classes. The Principal Only Classes will not bear interest. As indicated in the tables below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yields to investors in the Principal Only Classes.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Principal Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of the original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price
OG	78.0%
P0	77.0%

Sensitivity of the OG Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption												
	50 %	100%	279 %	400%	600%								
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.4%	3.0%	6.0%	8.5%	13.4%								

Sensitivity of the PO Class to Prepayments

	CPR Prepayment Assumption												
	3%	9%	18%	27%	36%								
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.1%	3.6%	6.5%	10.0%	14.0%								

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

- (a) multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of the Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of the Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related mortgage loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal payments,
- the priority sequence of payments of principal of the Group 1 Classes, and
- in the case of the Group 1 Classes, the payment of principal of certain Classes in accordance with the Principal Balance Schedules.

See "—Distributions of Principal" above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA or CPR rates and the corresponding weighted average lives of such Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. However, in the case of the information set forth for each Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 or Group 4 Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that the underlying mortgage loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below	Original Terms to Maturity	Remaining Terms to <u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rates
Group 1 MBS	180 months	180 months	8.5%
Group 2 SMBS	360 months	360 months	8.5%
Group 3 MBS	360 months	360 months	9.0%
Group 4 MBS	180 months	180 months	8.5%

It is unlikely

- that all of the underlying mortgage loans will have the interest rates, WALAs or remaining terms to maturity assumed or
- that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any constant PSA or CPR level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the mortgage loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA or CPR rates. This is the case even if the dispersion of weighted average remaining terms to maturity and the weighted average WALAs of the mortgage loans are identical to the dispersion specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

PA Class

PSA Prepayment Assumption Date 0% 100% 200% 201% 202% 233% 250% 275% 276% 277% 500% 215% 100 78 49 21 Initial Percent 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 78 49 21 78 49 21 78 49 21 89 78 78 78 78 78 65 $\frac{49}{21}$ 49 21 $\frac{49}{21}$ $\frac{49}{21}$ $\frac{49}{21}$ 49 21 31 February 2006 . . February 2007 . . February 2008 . . 52 37 21 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 February 2009 . . February 2010 . . February 2011 . . 3 0 0 February 2012 February 2013. February 2014. February 2015 . February 2016 . February 2017 . 0 0 0 February 2018 0 0 February 2019. 0 February 2020 0 0 February 2021. February 2022. 0 0 February 2023 0 0 February 2024 . February 2025 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 February 2026 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 February 2029 0 February 2030 February 2031 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 February 2032. 0 0 0 Õ 0 0 0 Weighted Average Life (years)** 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.6

	PB Class													
						PSA PI	repayment imption							
Date	0%	100%	200%	201%	202%	215%	233%	250%	275%	276%	277%	500%		
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2003	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2004	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2005	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1		
February 2006	100	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	68	67	66	0		
February 2007	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2008	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2009		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2010	44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Weighted Average														
Life (years)**	7.9	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	2.8		

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

PSA Prepayment Assumption 0% 100% 200% 201% 202% 233% 250% 275% 276% 277% 500% Date 215% Initial Percent $\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ 79 31 $100 \\ 93 \\ 47 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 0$ 47 7 0 47 7 47 7 0 31 47 7 0 0 100 Õ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 February 2015 February 2016 February 2017 Õ ŏ February 2018. February 2019 0 0 February 2020 February 2021 February 2022 0 0 0 0 0 February 2023 February 2024 February 2025 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 February 2026 February 2027 February 2028 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 February 2029 February 2030 February 2031 February 2032 Õ Weighted Average Life (years)**

PC Class

	PSA Prepayment													
						Assu	mption							
Date	0%	100%	200%	201%	202%	215%	233%	250%	275%	276%	277%	500%		
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2003	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2004	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2005	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2006	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	40		
February 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0		
February 2009	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	86	84	83	0		
February 2010	100	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	21	20	19	0		
February 2011	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2012	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2013	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Weighted Average														
Life (years)**	11.3	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.6	7.6	7.5	4.9		

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

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PD Class

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PSA Prepayment Assumption 100% 0% 200% 201% 202% 233% 250% 275% 276% 277% 500% Date 215% Initial Percent February 2003 February 2004 February 2005 $\frac{100}{100}$ February 2006 February 2007 February 2008 $\frac{100}{100}$ 50 31 19 February 2009 100 100 100 100 94 66 44 26 12 100 100 100 February 2010 February 2011 66 44 26 56 37 21 66 44 26 12 56 36 21 44 26 6 3 36 February 2012 February 2013. February 2014. $\frac{44}{26}$ $\frac{44}{26}$ $\frac{44}{26}$ February 2015. February 2016. February 2017. $\begin{array}{c}
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PE Class

	PI† Class													
							repayment imption							
Date	0%	100%	200%	201%	202%	215%	233%	250%	275%	276%	277%	500%		
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
February 2003	91	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81		
February 2004	81	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	40		
February 2005	70	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	*		
February 2006	58	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	8	8	0		
February 2007	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2008	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2009	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2010	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
February 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Weighted Average														
Life (years)**	4.5	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.7		

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

PSA Prepayment Assumption 275% 0% 100% 200% 201% 202% 233% 250% 276% 277% 500% Date 215% Initial Percent 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 81 52 27 February 2003 98 81 81 79 76 76 76 February 2004 February 2005 52 28 54 33 $\frac{49}{25}$ $\frac{41}{14}$ $\frac{41}{13}$ 96 96 64 47 35 28 26 24 21 17 60 $\frac{41}{14}$ 41 28 21 19 92 90 11 February 2006 92 11 19 10 $\begin{array}{c}
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 \end{array}$ February 2007 February 2008 90 12 2 88 85 83 February 2009 80 17 February 2010. February 2011. 68 $\frac{15}{12}$ 8 7 6 80 77 74 70 65 5 0 February 2012. February 2013. February 2014. 13 9 5 32 10 February 2015. February 2016. February 2017. 0 0 0 February 2018 0 0 February 2019 0 0 0 0 February 2020 0 February 2021 0 0 February 2022 0 February 2023 0 0 February 2024 0 February 2025 0 0 0 0 0 0 February 2026 0 0 February 2027. February 2028. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 February 2029 February 2030 February 2031 February 2032 February 2032 February 2032 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Weighted Average Life (years)** 8.5 2.3 2.2 4.3 3.7 3.0 2.2 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.1

B Class

	Z Class														†, SC†, I SE† C	SD†, S lasses	†
							repayme imption	ent							A Prepa Assumpt		
Date	0%	100%	200%	201%	202%	215%	$\underline{233\%}$	250%	275%	276%	277%	500%	0%	100%	180%	350%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
February 2003	106	106	106	106	88	86	83	81	77	76	76	0	99	97	95	91	87
February 2004	113	113	113	113	68	62	55	48	39	38	38	0	98	91	86	75	66
February 2005	120	120	120	120	50	42	31	22	7	7	6	0	98	84	75	58	46
February 2006	127	127	127	127	39	29	16	5	0	0	0	0	97	78	66	45	31
February 2007	135	135	135	135	33	22	9	0	0	0	0	0	95	72	58	35	22
February 2008	143	143	129	126	32	21	7	0	0	0	0	0	94	67	51	27	15
February 2009	152	152	120	117	31	20	6	0	0	0	0	0	93	62	45	21	10
February 2010	161	161	106	104	29	19	5	0	0	0	0	0	92	57	39	17	7
February 2011	171	171	90	88	26	17	4	0	0	0	0	0	90	52	34	13	5
February 2012	182	182	72	71	23	14	3	0	0	0	0	0	89	48	30	10	3
February 2013	193	193	54	53	20	12	1	0	0	0	0	0	87	44	26	8	2
February 2014	205	158	36	35	16	9	*	0	0	0	0	0	85	40	22	6	2
February 2015	218	84	18	18	12	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	83	36	19	4	1
February 2016	231	6	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	81	33	17	3	1
February 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	78	30	14	3	*
February 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	75	27	12	2	*
February 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72	24	10	1	*
February 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	69	21	9	1	*
February 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	66	19	7	1	*
February 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62	17	6	1	*
February 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	58	14	5	*	*
February 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	53	12	4	*	*
February 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	10	3	*	*
February 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	9	3	*	*
February 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	7	2	*	*
February 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	5	1	*	*
February 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	4	1	*	*
February 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	2	1	*	*
February 2031	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	0	Õ	Õ	0	0	0	Ō	9	1	*	*	*
February 2032	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ō	Õ	Õ	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																	
Life (years)**	14.6	12.8	10.1	10.1	5.2	4.1	2.7	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.3	20.8	11.2	7.9	4.8	3.5

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

	FA, SG†, SH†, OG and SA† Classes SN†, FG, SP and FP Classes									A	A1 Cla	ss		A2 Class							
			Prepa; sumpt	yment ion				Prepay sumpt					Prepa sumpt				CPR Prepayment Assumption				
Date	0%	100%	279%	400%	600%	0%	100%	233%	350%	500%	0%	9%	18%	27%	36%	0%	9%	18%	27%	36%	
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
February 2003	99	92	82	75	63	97	94	92	90	88	99	90	81	72	63	99	90	81	72	63	
February 2004	99	85	67	55	39	93	86	79	74	66	97	81	66	52	40	97	81	66	52	40	
February 2005	98	78	54	41	25	89	77	65	55	44	96	72	53	37	25	96	72	53	37	25	
February 2006	97	71	44	31	15	84	68	53	41	29	94	65	43	27	16	94	65	43	27	16	
February 2007	96	65	36	23	10	79	60	42	31	19	93	58	34	19	10	93	58	34	19	10	
February 2008	95	59	29	17	6	74	52	34	22	12	91	52	28	14	6	91	52	28	14	6	
February 2009	94	54	23	12	4	68	45	27	16	8	89	46	22	10	4	89	46	22	10	4	
February 2010	92	49	19	9	2	62	38	21	11	5	87	41	18	7	2	87	41	18	7	2	
February 2011	91	44	15	6	1	55	31	16	8	3	85	36	14	5	2	84	36	14	5	2	
February 2012	89	39	12	5	1	48	25	11	5	2	82	32	11	4	1	82	32	11	4	1	
February 2013	88	35	9	3	1	40	19	8	3	1	80	28	9	2	1	79	28	9	2	1	
February 2014	86	31	7	2	*	31	14	5	2	1	77	25	7	2	*	75	24	7	2	*	
February 2015	84	27	6	2	*	22	9	3	1	*	74	22	6	1	*	72	21	5	1	*	
February 2016	82	24	4	1	*	11	4	1	*	*	71	19	4	1	*	68	18	4	1	*	
February 2017	79	20	3	1	*	0	0	0	0	0	67	16	3	1	*	64	16	3	1	*	
February 2018	77	17	2	1	*	0	0	0	0	0	63	14	3	*	*	59	13	2	*	*	
February 2019	74	14	2	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	59	12	2	*	*	55	11	2	*	*	
February 2020	71	11	1	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	55	10	2	*	*	50	9	1	*	*	
February 2021	67	8	1	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	50	8	1	*	*	45	8	1	*	*	
February 2022	64	6	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	45	7	1	*	*	40	6	1	*	*	
February 2023	59	3	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	39	5	1	*	*	34	5	1	*	*	
February 2024	55	1	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	33	4	*	*	*	29	4	*	*	*	
February 2025	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	3	*	*	*	23	3	*	*	*	
February 2026	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	2	*	*	*	16	2	*	*	*	
February 2027	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	1	*	*	*	11	1	*	*	*	
February 2028	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	*	*	*	*	7	1	*	*	*	
February 2029	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	*	*	*	*	3	*	*	*	*	
February 2030	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	*	*	*	*	
February 2031	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
February 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)**	21.1	8.9	4.7	3.3	2.2	9.1	6.8	5.1	4.1	3.3	17.4	8.0	4.6	3.0	2.2	17.0	7.9	4.6	3.0	2.2	

	IO† Class												A3†† Cla	ıss		
			R Prepay Assumpti						R Prepay Ssumpti			-		R Prepay Assumpti		
Date	0%	9%	18%	27%	36%		0%	9%	18%	27%	36%	0%	9%	18%	27%	36%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
February 2003	99	90	81	72	63		99	90	81	72	63	99	90	81	72	63
February 2004	97	81	66	52	40		97	81	65	52	40	97	80	65	52	40
February 2005	96	72	53	37	25		96	72	53	37	25	95	71	52	37	25
February 2006	94	65	43	27	16		94	65	43	27	16	92	63	42	26	15
February 2007	93	58	34	19	10		92	58	34	19	10	90	56	33	19	10
February 2008	91	52	28	14	6		91	51	28	14	6	87	49	26	13	6
February 2009	89	46	22	10	4		88	46	22	10	4	84	43	21	9	0
February 2010	87	41	18	7	2		86	41	18	7	2	81	38	17	7	0
February 2011	85	36	14	5	2		84	36	14	5	2	78	33	13	0	0
February 2012	82	32	11	4	1		81	32	11	4	1	75	29	10	0	0
February 2013	79	28	9	2	1		79	28	9	2	1	71	25	8	0	0
February 2014	76	25	7	2	*		76	24	7	2	*	67	22	6	0	0
February 2015	73	21	6	1	*		73	21	6	1	*	64	19	0	0	0
February 2016	70	19	4	1	*		69	19	4	1	*	60	16	0	0	0
February 2017	66	16	3	1	*		66	16	3	1	*	56	14	0	0	0
February 2018	62	14	3	*	*		62	14	3	*	*	51	11	0	0	0
February 2019	57	12	2	*	*		58	12	2	*	*	47	9	0	0	0
February 2020	53	10	1	*	*		53	10	1	*	*	42	8	0	0	0
February 2021	48	8	1	*	*		49	8	1	*	*	37	6	0	0	0
February 2022	43	6	1	*	*		43	7	1	*	*	32	0	0	0	0
February 2023	37	5	1	*	*		38	5	1	*	*	26	0	0	0	0
February 2024	31	4	*	*	*		32	4	*	*	*	21	0	0	0	0
February 2025	25	3	*	*	*		25	3	*	*	*	15	0	0	0	0
February 2026	18	2	*	*	*		19	2	*	*	*	8	0	0	0	0
February 2027	12	1	*	*	*		11	1	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0
February 2028	6	1	*	*	*		3	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0
February 2029	2	*	*	*	*		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
February 2030	*	*	*	*	*		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
February 2031	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
February 2032	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																
Life (years)**	17.2	8.0	4.6	3.0	2.2		17.2	8.0	4.6	3.0	2.2	15.2	7.4	4.3	2.9	2.1

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{**}}$ Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

 $[\]dagger\dagger$ Assumes the exercise of the 5% optional clean-up call for the Group 6 Mortgage Loans.

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Upper Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the R Class. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the RL Class the proceeds from those assets. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case.

The R and RL Classes will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of an R or RL Certificate to a "disqualified organization." In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of an R or RL Certificate to any person that is not a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of an R or RL Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See "Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of an R or RL Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the "Regulations") provide that a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had "improper knowledge").

As discussed under the caption "Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has proposed an amendment to the Regulations that would add a third condition, effective February 4, 2000. According to the proposed amendment, a transferor of a Residual Certificate would be presumed not to have improper knowledge only if the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The application of the proposed amendment to an actual transfer is uncertain, and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding its effect on the transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The IRS has since issued a Revenue Procedure creating a safe harbor that may be used for transfers of noneconomic residual interests pending the finalization of the proposed amendment. Under this safe harbor, a transferor of a noneconomic residual interest will be presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions contained in the Regulations, either (i) the terms of the proposed amendment are complied with or (ii) the transferee's gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfere and at the close of each of the transferee's two fiscal years preceding the year of transfer), the transferee is

an "eligible corporation" as defined in section 860L(a)(2) of the Code, the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the residual interest will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor, and the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the taxes associated with the residual interest will not be paid. The Revenue Procedure contains additional details regarding its application, and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Revenue Procedure to an actual transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Upper Tier REMIC, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Lower Tier REMIC. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

ADDITIONAL TRUST AGREEMENT PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE GROUP 5 AND GROUP 6 CLASSES

Certain provisions of the Trust Agreement are summarized under the heading "The Trust Agreement" in the REMIC Prospectus. We summarize below certain additional provisions of the Trust Agreement applicable to the FHA/VA Loans and to Holders of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes (as well as to Holders of the R and RL Classes).

Transfer of FHA/VA Loans to the Trust

The Trust Agreement will contain a mortgage loan schedule that will identify the FHA/VA Loans that are being transferred to the Trust. As Trustee, we will hold on behalf of the Certificateholders the original Mortgage Notes, endorsed in blank, and assignments of the mortgage instruments to us in recordable form. Usually assignments are in a form suitable for recording but they are not recorded. However, a blanket assignment may be used for the transfer of a large number of mortgage loans, even if the properties are not located in the same recording jurisdiction, depending on the applicable Lender's servicing experience and its financial condition.

At our option, we may choose to maintain the documents described above with one or more custodial institutions supervised and regulated by the Comptroller of the Currency, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Office of Thrift Supervision, the FDIC or the NCUA. We will review the mortgage loan schedule before we issue the Certificates and will conduct random spot checks after issuing the Certificates to confirm that we have all the documents we need. We may change these document custody requirements at any time, as long as we determine that any such change will not have a materially adverse effect on the interests of Certificateholders.

If a liquidation, reorganization, or similar proceeding involving our assets or the assets of a Lender were to occur, it is not clear what law would be applicable. As a result, we cannot render a legal opinion about the Certificateholders' rights to the FHA/VA Loans in the event of a proceeding of this type.

Servicing Through Lenders

Under the Trust Agreement, we are responsible for servicing and administering the FHA/VA Loans. We are permitted, in our discretion, to contract with the originator of each FHA/VA Loan, or another eligible servicing institution, to perform those functions under our supervision as more fully described below (each, a "Lender"). Any servicing contract or arrangement by us with a Lender for the direct servicing of FHA/VA Loans is a contract solely between us and the Lender. Therefore, Certificateholders will not be deemed to be parties to the contract and will have no claims, rights, obligations, duties, or liabilities with respect to the Lender.

Unless we agree otherwise, Lenders will be obligated to perform diligently all services and duties customary to the servicing of mortgages in accordance with the applicable guide. We will monitor each Lender's performance and we have the right to remove any Lender for cause at any time we consider its removal to be in the best interest of Certificateholders. The duties performed by Lenders include general loan servicing responsibilities, collection and remittance of principal and interest payments, administration of mortgage escrow accounts, collection of insurance claims, and, if necessary, foreclosure.

Servicing Compensation and Payment of Certain Expenses by Fannie Mae

We will be entitled to retain an amount based on the principal balance of each FHA/VA Loan for Trust expenses and as compensation for our activities and obligations under the Trust Agreement. In addition, we may retain a portion of the proceeds from the liquidation of an FHA/VA Loan that exceeds (i) the principal balance of that loan and (ii) interest owed through the end of the month of such liquidation at the applicable Mortgage Interest Rate. We will pay all expenses incurred in connection with our servicing activities, including the fees to Lenders and any payments to cover mortgage insurance premiums, and we are not entitled to be reimbursed for those expenses out of Trust assets.

We will retain as additional servicing compensation any prepayment premiums, assumption fees, late payment charges and similar charges to the extent they are collected from borrowers.

Collection and Other Servicing Procedures

We are responsible for servicing the FHA/VA Loans and may, as set forth above, conduct servicing through Lenders or through other mortgage servicers that we approve. In connection with our servicing activities, we have full power to do anything we deem necessary or appropriate, including the foreclosure or comparable conversion of defaulted FHA/VA Loans.

With respect to each FHA/VA Loan, the applicable Lender makes certain warranties to Fannie Mae concerning the following matters:

- the recordation of the original mortgage,
- the validity of the FHA/VA Loan as a first lien on the Mortgaged Property, and
- compliance by the FHA/VA Loan with applicable state and federal laws.

In the event of a material breach of any warranty or a material defect in the mortgage loan documentation, we may withdraw the FHA/VA Loan from the Trust at a price equal to its stated principal balance together with interest thereon at the Net Mortgage Rate.

Subject to the limitations discussed below, we may:

- enforce or waive enforcement of any term of any FHA/VA Loan.
- enter into an agreement to modify any term of any FHA/VA Loan, or
- take any action or refrain from taking any action in servicing any FHA/VA Loan.

We may waive any assumption fee or late payment charge, or may exercise or refrain from exercising any "call option rider." If we decide to take or refrain from taking any of the actions discussed above, our decision must be consistent with the then-current policies or practices that we follow for comparable mortgage loans held in our own portfolio. In making our decisions, we may not take into account the ownership status of the related FHA/VA Loan.

Each FHA/VA Loan either will contain a standard "due-on-sale" clause or will be assumable upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property, subject generally to the purchaser's compliance with credit and underwriting guidelines.

If for any reason we do not have to accelerate the maturity of an FHA/VA Loan upon the transfer, or prospective transfer, of title to the related mortgaged property, we may release the

borrower from liability on the related loan and impose that liability on the transferee, provided that no such transaction will provide for reduction of the mortgage interest rate.

Repurchase of Certain FHA/VA Loans by Servicer If Mortgage Loans Are Modified

Under certain circumstances, the terms of the FHA/VA Loans may be modified by the Servicer. If the Servicer modifies the terms of any FHA/VA Loan that is 120 days or more contractually delinquent as of the Issue Date, it must repurchase that loan from the Trust at a price equal to the outstanding Stated Principal Balance plus one month's interest at the applicable Mortgage Interest Rate.

In the event that the Servicer fails to repurchase any such modified Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan, Fannie Mae, acting in its corporate capacity, has the option to repurchase that loan at a price equal to its outstanding Stated Principal Balance.

Repurchase of FHA/VA Loans by Seller or Fannie Mae

Under the circumstances described above under "Description of the Certificates—The Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans (FHA/VA Loans)—General," the Seller is required to repurchase from the Trust certain FHA/VA Loans that are 90 days or more delinquent. In addition, under certain limited circumstances, the Mortgage Interest Rates on the FHA/VA Loans may be reduced. In the event of any such reduction, the Seller will be obligated to pay the difference between the original Mortgage Interest Rate and the Mortgage Interest Rate as modified. If the Seller defaults in this obligation, Fannie Mae will have the option of repurchasing from the Trust the related FHA/VA Loan. Any such repurchase of an FHA/VA Loan from the Trust by the Seller or Fannie Mae will occur at a price equal to its outstanding Stated Principal Balance plus one month's interest at the applicable Mortgage Interest Rate.

Termination

The Servicer has the right to purchase all of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans or all of the Group 6 Mortgage Loans remaining in the Trust if the aggregate principal balance of the remaining Group 5 Mortgage Loans or Group 6 Mortgage Loans is less than 5% of the aggregate principal balance of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans or Group 6 Mortgage Loans, as applicable, as of the Issue Date. The purchase price for any such optional purchase will be equal to the aggregate outstanding Stated Principal Balance of the Group 5 Mortgage Loans or Group 6 Mortgage Loans, as applicable plus, in each case, one month's interest at the applicable Mortgage Interest Rates.

If the Servicer chooses not to exercise its option to purchase the Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loans, we may do so. However, we do not intend to exercise this option if (i) we have knowledge that any related Certificate has been pledged to secure an issue of cash flow obligations or is included in assets underlying an issue of cash flow obligations and (ii) the exercise of this option would take place prior to the earliest date upon which the issuer of such cash flow obligations can exercise an option to redeem the obligations or purchase the Certificates without a premium.

If an option to repurchase the Group 5 Mortgage Loans is exercised, the A1, A2, IO and PO Classes will be paid in full, and the Trust Agreement will terminate with respect to those Classes. If an option to repurchase the Group 6 Mortgage Loans is exercised, the A3 Class will be paid in full, and the Trust Agreement will terminate with respect to that Class.

Additional Fannie Mae Matters

In the event that we are unable to fulfill our continuing guaranty obligations, the Trust Agreement may be modified to provide for monthly distributions to be made from then-available Group 5 or Group 6 Mortgage Loan payments, as applicable, and other recoveries in a manner similar to practices and procedures followed in the servicing of comparable whole loans for institutional investors. See "The Trust Agreement—Rights upon Event of Default" in the REMIC Prospectus.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following discussion describes certain U.S. federal income tax consequences to beneficial owners of Certificates. The discussion is general and does not purport to deal with all aspects of federal taxation that may be relevant to particular investors. This discussion may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the following, or other, reasons:

- This discussion is based on federal tax laws in effect as of the date of this prospectus supplement. Changes to any of these laws after the date of this prospectus supplement may affect the tax consequences discussed below.
- This discussion addresses only Certificates acquired at original issuance and held as "capital assets" (generally, property held for investment).
- This discussion does not address tax consequences to beneficial owners subject to special rules, such as dealers in securities, certain traders in securities, banks, tax-exempt organizations, life insurance companies, persons that hold Certificates as part of a hedging transaction or as a position in a straddle or conversion transaction, or persons whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar.
- This discussion does not address taxes imposed by any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

For these reasons, you should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

The discussions under the captions "—REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes," "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" and "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" supplement the discussion under the caption "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, these discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates of the Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes and the R and RL Classes (the "REMIC Certificates"). For a discussion of the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes, see "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Certificates of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes" below.

Taxation of the Trust

Arnold & Porter, special tax counsel to Fannie Mae, will deliver its opinion that, assuming compliance with the Trust Agreement, the Trust will be classified as a trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code and not as an association taxable as a corporation.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Upper Tier REMIC as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The REMIC Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the "regular interests," and the R Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the REMIC constituted by the Upper Tier REMIC. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the "regular interests" and the RL Class will be designated as the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Upper Tier REMIC will qualify as REMICs, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, as "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes*" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Accrual Class, the OG Class and the Notional Classes will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID with respect to Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes will be as follows:

Group	Prepayment Assumption
1	215% PSA
2	180% PSA
3	279% PSA
4	233% PSA

See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the mortgage loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Upper Tier REMIC (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 6.57% (which is 120% of the "federal long-term rate"). See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions" and "—Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

General. The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The REMIC Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest in those REMIC Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of REMIC Certificates, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The RCR Classes (each, a "Combination RCR Class") will represent the beneficial ownership of the underlying REMIC Certificates set forth in Schedule 1. Each Certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a "Combination RCR Certificate") will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying REMIC Certificates.

Combination RCR Classes. A beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate will be treated as the beneficial owner of a proportionate interest in the REMIC Certificates underlying that Combination RCR Certificate. Except in the case of a beneficial owner that acquires a Combination RCR Certificate in an exchange described under "—Exchanges" below, a beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate must allocate its cost to acquire that Certificate among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of acquisition. Such an owner should account for its ownership interest in each underlying REMIC Certificate as described

under "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. When a beneficial owner sells a Combination RCR Certificate, the owner must allocate the sale proceeds among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of sale.

Exchanges. If a beneficial owner exchanges one or more REMIC Certificates for the related RCR Certificate or Certificates in the manner described under "Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination" in this prospectus supplement, the exchange will not be taxable. Likewise, if a beneficial owner exchanges one or more RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificate or Certificates in the manner described in that discussion, the exchange will not be a taxable exchange. In each of these cases, the beneficial owner will be treated as continuing to own after the exchange the same combination of interests in the related REMIC Certificates (or the same interest in the related REMIC Certificate) that it owned immediately prior to the exchange.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Certificates of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes

Group 5 Classes. A beneficial owner of a Certificate of a Group 5 Class will be treated as owning, pursuant to section 1286 of the Code, "stripped bonds" to the extent of its share of principal payments and "stripped coupons" to the extent of its share of interest payments. Fannie Mae intends to treat each Certificate of a Group 5 Class as a single debt instrument representing rights to future cashflows from the Group 5 Mortgage Loans for purposes of information reporting. You should consult your own tax advisor as to the proper treatment of a Certificate of a Group 5 Class in this regard.

Under section 1286 of the Code, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of a Group 5 Class must treat the Certificate as a debt instrument originally issued on the date the owner acquires it and as having OID equal to the *excess*, if any, of its "stated redemption price at maturity" *over* the price paid by the owner to acquire it. For information reporting purposes, we intend to treat all amounts to be distributed on each Certificate of a Group 5 Class as included in the stated redemption price at maturity and, as a result, each Certificate of a Group 5 Class will be treated as if issued with OID.

The beneficial owner of a Certificate of a Group 5 Class must include in its ordinary income for federal income tax purposes, generally in advance of receipt of the cash attributable to that income, the sum of the "daily portions" of OID on its Certificate for each day during its taxable year on which it held that Certificate. The daily portions of OID are determined as follows:

- first, the portion of OID that accrued during each "accrual period" is calculated;
- then, the OID accruing during an accrual period is allocated ratably to each day during the period to determine the daily portion of OID.

Final regulations issued by the Treasury Department relating to the tax treatment of debt instruments with OID (the "OID Regulations") provide that a holder of a debt instrument may use an accrual period of any length, up to one year, as long as each distribution of principal or interest occurs on either the final day or the first day of an accrual period. We intend to report OID based on accrual periods of one month. Each of these accrual periods will begin on a Distribution Date and end on the day before the next Distribution Date.

Although the matter is not entirely clear, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of a Group 5 Class should determine the amount of OID accruing during any accrual period with respect to that Certificate using the method described in section 1272(a)(6) of the Code. Under section 1272(a)(6), the portion of OID treated as accruing with respect to a Certificate of a Group 5 Class for any accrual period equals the *excess*, if any, of

• the sum of (A) the present values of all the distributions remaining to be made on that Certificate, if any, as of the end of the accrual period; and (B) the distributions made on that Certificate during the accrual period of amounts included in the stated redemption price at maturity;

• the sum of the present values of all the distributions remaining to be made on that Certificate as of the beginning of the accrual period.

The present values of the remaining distributions with respect to a Certificate of a Group 5 Class are calculated based on the following:

- an assumption that the Group 5 Mortgage Loans prepay at a specified rate (the "Prepayment Assumption"),
- · the yield to maturity of the Certificate giving effect to the Prepayment Assumption, and
- events (including actual prepayments) that have occurred prior to the end of the accrual period.

Each beneficial owner of a Certificate of a Group 5 Class determines its yield to maturity based on its purchase price. For a particular beneficial owner of a Certificate of a Group 5 Class, it is not clear whether the Prepayment Assumption used for calculating OID would be one determined at the time that Certificate is acquired or would be the original Prepayment Assumption for that Certificate. For information reporting purposes, we will use the original yield to maturity of that Certificate, calculated based on the original Prepayment Assumption. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the proper method for accruing OID on a Certificate of a Group 5 Class.

The Code requires that the Prepayment Assumption be determined in the manner prescribed in Treasury Regulations. To date, no such regulations have been promulgated. For information reporting purposes, we will assume a Prepayment Assumption equal to 18% CPR. We make no representation, however, that the Group 5 Mortgage Loans will prepay at that rate or any other rate. You must make your own decision as to the appropriate prepayment assumption to be used in deciding whether or not to purchase a Certificate of a Group 5 Class.

Group 6 Class. Interest paid on a Certificate of the Group 6 Class is taxable as ordinary interest income. A beneficial owner of a Certificate of the Group 6 Class must report this income when it accrues or is paid, consistent with the beneficial owner's method of accounting.

A beneficial owner that acquires a Certificate of the Group 6 Class for less than its principal amount generally has market discount in the amount of the difference between the principal amount and the beneficial owner's basis in that Certificate. In general, three consequences arise if a beneficial owner acquires an interest in a Certificate of the Group 6 Class with market discount. First, the beneficial owner must treat any principal payment with respect to that Certificate as ordinary income to the extent of the market discount that accrued while the beneficial owner held an interest in that Certificate. Second, the beneficial owner must treat gain on the disposition or retirement of that Certificate as ordinary income under the circumstances discussed below under "-Sales and Other Dispositions of Certificates of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes." Third, if the beneficial owner incurs or continues indebtedness to acquire that Certificate the beneficial owner may be required to defer the deduction of all or a portion of the interest on the indebtedness until the corresponding amount of market discount is included in income. Alternatively, a beneficial owner may elect to include market discount in income on a current basis as it accrues, in which case the three consequences discussed above will not apply. If a beneficial owner makes this election, the beneficial owner must also apply the election to all debt instruments acquired by the beneficial owner on or after the beginning of the first taxable year to which the election applies. A beneficial owner may revoke the election only with the consent of the IRS.

A beneficial owner of a Certificate of the Group 6 Class must determine the amount of accrued market discount for a period using a straight-line method, based on the maturity of that Certificate, unless the beneficial owner elects to determine accrued market discount using a constant yield method. The IRS has authority to provide regulations for determining the accrual of market discount in the case of debt instruments that provide for more than one principal payment, but has not yet issued such regulations. In addition, the legislative history to the Tax Reform Act of 1986 states that market discount on certain types of debt instruments may be treated as accruing in proportion to remaining accruals of OID, if any, or if none, in proportion to remaining distributions of interest. You should

consult your own tax advisors regarding the method a beneficial owner should use to determine accrued market discount.

Notwithstanding the above rules, market discount on a Certificate of the Group 6 Class is considered to be zero if the discount is less than 0.25% of the principal balance of that Certificate multiplied by the number of complete years from the date the beneficial owner acquires that Certificate to the maturity of that Certificate ("de minimis market discount"). The IRS has authority to provide regulations to adjust the computation of de minimis market discount in the case of debt instruments that provide for more than one principal payment, but has not yet issued such regulations. The IRS could assert, nonetheless, that de minimis market discount should be calculated using the remaining weighted average life of that Certificate rather than its final maturity. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the ability to compute de minimis market discount based on the final maturity of a Certificate of the Group 6 Class.

If a beneficial owner acquires a Certificate of the Group 6 Class for more than its principal amount, the beneficial owner generally will have premium with respect to that Certificate in the amount of the excess. In that event, the beneficial owner may elect to treat such premium as "amortizable bond premium." If the election is made, a beneficial owner must also apply the election to all debt instruments the interest on which is not excludible from gross income ("fully taxable bonds") held by the beneficial owner at the beginning of the first taxable year to which the election applies and to all fully taxable bonds thereafter acquired by the beneficial owner. A beneficial owner may revoke the election only with the consent of the IRS.

If a beneficial owner makes this election, the beneficial owner reduces the amount of any interest payment that must be included in the beneficial owner's income by the portion of the premium allocable to the period based on the yield to maturity of that Certificate. Correspondingly, a beneficial owner must reduce its basis in that Certificate by the amount of premium applied to reduce any interest income. The amount of premium to be allocated among the interest payments on a Certificate of the Group 6 Class is determined by reference to an equivalent fixed rate debt instrument constructed as of the date the beneficial owner acquires an interest in that Certificate.

If a beneficial owner does not elect to amortize premium, (i) the beneficial owner must include the full amount of each interest payment in income, and (ii) the premium must be allocated to the principal distributions on that Certificate and, when each principal distribution is received, a loss equal to the premium allocated to that distribution will be recognized. Any tax benefit from premium not previously recognized will be taken into account in computing gain or loss upon the sale or disposition of that Certificate. See "—Sales and Other Dispositions of Certificates of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes."

A beneficial owner may elect to include in income its entire return on a Certificate of the Group 6 Class (*i.e.*, the *excess* of all remaining payments to be received on the Group 6 Certificate *over* the amount of the beneficial owner's basis in that Certificate) based on the compounding of interest at a constant yield. Such an election for a Certificate of the Group 6 Class with amortizable bond premium (or market discount) will result in a deemed election to amortize premium for all the beneficial owner's debt instruments with amortizable bond premium (or to accrue market discount currently for all the beneficial owner's debt instruments with market discount) as discussed above.

Expenses of the Trust. Each beneficial owner of a Certificate of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes will be required to include in income its allocable share of the expenses paid by the Trust with respect to the related FHA/VA Loans. Each beneficial owner of a Certificate of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes can deduct its allocable share of such expenses as provided in section 162 or section 212 of the Code, consistent with its method of accounting. Fannie Mae intends to allocate expenses to beneficial owners in each monthly period in proportion to the respective amounts of income (including any OID) accrued for each Class of Certificates. A beneficial owner's ability to deduct its share of these expenses is limited under section 67 of the Code in the case of (i) estates and trusts, and (ii) individuals owning an interest in a Certificate of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes directly or through an investment in a "pass-through entity" (other than in connection with such individual's

trade or business). Pass-through entities include partnerships, S corporations, grantor trusts and non-publicly offered regulated investment companies, but do not include estates, non-grantor trusts, cooperatives, real estate investment trusts and publicly offered regulated investment companies. Generally, such a beneficial owner can deduct its share of these costs only to the extent that these costs, when aggregated with certain of the beneficial owner's other miscellaneous itemized deductions, exceed 2% of the beneficial owner's adjusted gross income. For this purpose, an estate or nongrantor trust computes adjusted gross income in the same manner as in the case of an individual, except that deductions for administrative expenses of the estate or trust that would not have been incurred if the property were not held in the trust or estate are treated as allowable in arriving at adjusted gross income. In addition, section 68 of the Code may provide for certain limitations on certain itemized deductions otherwise allowable for a beneficial owner who is an individual. Further, a beneficial owner may not be able to deduct any portion of these costs in computing its alternative minimum tax liability.

Sales and Other Dispositions of Certificates of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes. Upon the sale, exchange or other disposition of a Certificate of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes, a beneficial owner generally will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized upon the disposition and the beneficial owner's adjusted basis in that Certificate. The adjusted basis of a Certificate of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes generally will equal the cost of that Certificate to the beneficial owner, increased by any amounts of OID and market discount included in the beneficial owner's gross income with respect to that Certificate, and reduced by distributions on that Certificate previously received by the beneficial owner as principal (or as amounts constituting stated redemption price at maturity in the case of a Certificate of a Group 5 Class) and by any premium that has reduced the beneficial owner's interest income with respect to that Certificate. Any such gain or loss generally will be capital gain or loss, except (i) as provided in section 582(c) of the Code (which generally applies to banks) or (ii) to the extent any gain represents OID or accrued market discount not previously included in income (to which extent such gain would be treated as ordinary income). Any capital gain (or loss) recognized upon the sale, exchange or other disposition of a Certificate of the Group 5 or Group 6 Classes will be long-term capital gain (or loss) if at the time of disposition the beneficial owner held that Certificate for more than one year. The ability to deduct capital losses is subject to limitations.

Special Tax Attributes. A Certificate of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes may not constitute:

- a "real estate asset" within the meaning of section 856(c)(5)(B) of the Code,
- a "qualified mortgage" within the meaning of section 860G(a)(3) of the Code or a "permitted investment" within the meaning of section 860G(a)(5) of the Code, or
- an asset described in section 7701(a)(19)(c)(ix) of the Code.

In addition, distributions of interest may not constitute income described in section 856(c)(3)(B) of the Code with respect to a real estate investment trust. As a result, Certificates of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes may not be a suitable investment for real estate investment trusts and generally will not be a suitable investment for REMICs.

Modifications of FHA/VA Loans. FHA/VA Loans that are in default (or FHA/VA Loans for which a default is reasonably foreseeable) may be modified. If a modification is a "significant modification" under section 1001 of the Code, the Trust will be deemed to have exchanged the old unmodified FHA/VA Loan for the new modified FHA/VA Loan. Gain or loss may be recognized by beneficial owners of the Certificates of the Group 5 Classes or the Group 6 Class, as applicable, upon such exchange. Information will be made available to assist Holders in determining their share of any gain or loss due to a significant modification of an FHA/VA Loan or to enable Holders to make such information available to beneficial owners or other financial intermediaries for which Holders hold Certificates as nominees.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding. Within a reasonable time after the end of each calendar year, we will furnish or make available to each Holder of a Certificate of the Group 5 and

Group 6 Classes that received a distribution on that Certificate during that year a statement setting forth such information as is required by the Code or Treasury Regulations and such other information as we deem necessary or desirable to assist Holders in preparing their federal income tax returns, or to enable Holders to make such information available to beneficial owners or other financial intermediaries for which the Holders hold Certificates as nominees.

Payments of interest and principal, as well as payments of proceeds from the sale of Certificates of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes, may be subject to the "backup withholding tax" under section 3406 of the Code if recipients of the payments fail to furnish to the payor certain information, including their taxpayer identification numbers, or otherwise fail to establish an exemption from this tax. Any amounts deducted and withheld from a payment to a recipient would be allowed as a credit against the recipient's federal income tax. The IRS may impose certain penalties on a recipient of payments required to supply information who does not do so in the proper manner.

Foreign Investors. Additional rules apply to a beneficial owner of a Certificate of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes that is not a U.S. Person (a "Non-U.S. Person"). The term "U.S. Person" means:

- · a citizen or resident of the United States,
- a corporation, partnership or other entity created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any of its political subdivisions,
- an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income tax regardless of the source of its income, or
- a trust if a court within the United States can exercise primary supervision over its administration and at least one U.S. Person has the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.

Payments on a Certificate of the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes to, or on behalf of, a beneficial owner that is a Non-U.S. Person generally will be exempt from U.S. federal income and withholding taxes, provided the following conditions are satisfied:

- the beneficial owner is not subject to U.S. tax as a result of a connection to the United States other than ownership of that Certificate,
- the beneficial owner signs a statement under penalties of perjury that certifies that the beneficial owner is a Non-U.S. Person, and provides for the name and address of the beneficial owner, and
- the last U.S. Person in the chain of payment to the beneficial owner receives the statement from the beneficial owner or a financial institution holding on its behalf and does not have actual knowledge that the statement is false.

You should be aware that the IRS might take the position that this exemption does not apply to a beneficial owner that also owns 10% or more of the voting stock of Fannie Mae, or to a beneficial owner that is a "controlled foreign corporation" described in section 881(c)(3)(C) of the Code.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General. We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. (the "Dealer") in exchange for the Trust MBS, the Group 2 SMBS and the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

Increase in Certificates. Before the Settlement Date, we and the Dealer may agree to offer Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 or Group 4 Classes in addition to those contemplated as of the date of this prospectus supplement. In this event, we will increase the related Trust MBS or Group 2 SMBS, as applicable, in principal balance, but we expect that all these additional Trust MBS or Group 2 SMBS,

as applicable, will have the same characteristics as described under "Description of the Certificates—The Trust MBS" and "—The Group 2 SMBS." The proportion that the original principal balance of each Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 or Group 4 Class bears to the aggregate original principal balance of all Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 or Group 4 Classes, respectively, will remain the same. In addition, the dollar amounts shown in the Principal Balance Schedules will be increased to correspond to the increase of the principal balances of the applicable Classes.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Certain Assumed Characteristics of the Group 5 and Group 6 Mortgage Loans (As of February 1, 2002)

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Weighted	Average Original Term (in months)	353	346	360	356	360	355	360	356	360	356	358	356	360	360	360	352	357	360	360	360	350	358	352	354	358	360	360	359	360	354	347	359	359	357	360	360	357
Weighted	Average Loan Age ("WALA") (in months)	35	12	64	29	63	19	64	31	14	19	17	30	19	18	157	18	62	89	18	20	119	157	36	26	36	85	124	28	116	09	27	38	21	99	22	159	36
Weighted Average Remaining	Term to Maturity ("WARM") (in months)	318	334	296	327	297	335	296	325	346	337	341	326	341	341	203	334	295	291	342	340	231	201	316	328	322	278	236	331	244	294	320	321	338	291	338	201	321
	Weighted Average Mortgage Rate	7.46502%	7.62500	7.65000	7.75000	7.87000	7.87500	7.90000	8.00000	8.12500	8.25000	8.37500	8.50000	8.62500	8.75000	8.83000	8.87500	9.00000	9.12500	9.25000	9.37500	9.50000	10.33376	7.15727	7.62500	7.75000	7.79000	7.80000	7.87500	7.95000	8.00000	8.12500	8.25000	8.37500	8.50000	8.62500	8.70000	8.75000
Fixed Rate	Weighted Average Net Mortgage Rate	6.86502%	7.02500	7.05000	7.15000	7.27000	7.27500	7.30000	7.40000	7.52500	7.65000	7.77500	7.90000	8.02500	8.15000	8.23000	8.27500	8.40000	8.52500	8.65000	8.77500	8.90000	9.73376	6.53727	7.00500	7.13000	7.17000	7.18000	7.25500	7.33000	7.38000	7.50500	7.63000	7.75500	7.88000	8.00500	8.08000	8.13000
Group 5—F	Issue Date Unpaid Principal Balance	\$59,416,502.26	1,283,182.62	111,903.17	17,505,394.06	82,889.39	8,127,509.37	63,822.23	30,710,060.79	1,846,229.01	9,473,861.98	6,006,887.52	23,019,134.65	885,884.47	5,268,969.94	28,337.03	2,772,158.70	10,471,270.06	431,490.89	1,175,163.91	57,071.88	2,864,872.24	1,207,024.31	47,739,072.62	4,967,659.98	9,642,804.55	66,645.81	37,542.27	2,762,434.64	31,169.23	28,175,872.22	1,271,073.31	8,749,840.98	4,235,815.07	27,633,739.13	2,052,448.67	28,085.20	4,935,735.71

											Weighted Average Next Interest Adjustment Date (in months)	7
											Mortgage Interest Rate Periodic Cap	1.0%
											Weighted Average Net Mortgage Rate Life Cap	10.78859%
											Weighted Average Interest Rate Margin	2.43681%
Weighted Average Original Term	360	3560 358	360	357	360	355	360	358	358		Weighted Average Original Term (in months)	360
Weighted Average Loan Age ("WALA") (in months)	156	$\begin{array}{c} 151 \\ 25 \end{array}$	158	72	159	39	72	114	165		WALA (in months)	57
Weighted Average Remaining Term Term to Maturity ("WARM")	204	200 333	202	285	201	316	288	245	194		WARM (in months)	303
Weighted Average Mortgage Rate	8.80000%	8.83000	8.95000	9.00000	9.12500	9.25000	9.37500	9.50000	10.58884	ar CMT)	Weighted Average Mortgage Rate	7.69403%
Weighted Average Net Mortgage Rate	8.18000%	8.21000	8.33000	8.38000	8.50500	8.63000	8.75500	8.88000	9.96884	Group 6—ARMs (1 Year CM	Weighted Average Net Mortgage Rate	
Issue Date Unpaid Principal Balance	\$ 21,580.21	47,909.90 $1.927.660.39$	60,451.36	9,787,989.39	69,525.20	1,595,909.33	273,649.78	7,753,891.36	6,415,412.60	Group 6—4	Issue Date Unpaid Principal Balance	\$14,875,731

Available Recombinations (1)

	Final Distribution Date	March 2032	March 2032	March 2032	March 2017
	CUSIP Number	31392CBD5	31392CBC7	31392CBE3	$31392 \mathrm{CBF0}$
icates	Principal Type(2)	NTL	NTL	NTL	PT
RCR Certificates	Interest Type (2)	INV/IO	INV/IO	INV/IO	FLT
	Interest Rate	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	\$100,000,000(4)	\$100,000,000(4)	\$ 44,848,440(4)	\$ 72,000,000
	RCR Classes	SE	∞	$_{ m SA}$	FP
ificates	Original Principal or Notional Principal	\$100,000,000(4) \$100,000,000(4)	\$100,000,000(4) \$100,000,000(4) \$100,000,000(4)	\$ 44,848,440(4) \$ 44,848,440(4)	\$ 72,000,000(4) \$ 72,000,000
Trust Certificates	Classes	Recombination 1 SC SD	Recombination 2 SB SC SD	Recombination 3 SG SH	Recombination 4 SN FG

(1) Trust Certificates and RCR Certificates in any recombination may be exchanged only in the proportions shown above.
(2) See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal" in this prospectus supplement.
(3) For a description of these interest rates, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" in this prospectus supplement.
(4) Notional principal balance.

Principal Balance Schedules

PA Class Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$97,864,000.00	June 2003	\$67,486,440.42	October 2004	\$29,423,772.21
March 2002	96,331,186.32	July 2003	65,213,100.49	November 2004	27,101,623.13
April 2002	94,745,954.34	August 2003	62,901,545.58	December 2004	24,791,045.06
May 2002	93,108,996.27	September 2003	60,552,854.26	January 2005	22,491,978.36
June 2002	91,421,033.13	October 2003	58,168,122.92	February 2005	20,204,363.71
July 2002	89,682,814.22	November 2003	55,748,464.94	March 2005	17,928,142.08
August 2002	87,895,116.65	December 2003	53,295,009.78	April 2005	15,663,254.77
September 2002	86,058,744.73	January 2004	50,853,802.28	May 2005	13,409,643.35
October 2002	84,174,529.38	February 2004	48,424,779.33	June 2005	11,167,249.71
November 2002	82,243,327.58	March 2004	46,007,878.13	July 2005	8,936,016.04
December 2002	80,266,021.67	April 2004	43,603,036.23	August 2005	6,715,884.81
January 2003	78,243,518.76	May 2004	41,210,191.47	September 2005	4,506,798.81
February 2003	76,176,749.96	June 2004	38,829,282.04	October 2005	2,308,701.11
March 2003	74,066,669.77	July 2004	36,460,246.43	November 2005	121,535.07
April 2003	71,914,255.29	August 2004	34,103,023.46	December 2005 and	,
May 2003	69,720,505.48	September 2004	31,757,552.24	thereafter	0.00

PB Class Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance		April 2006	\$17,365,717.82	October 2006	\$ 4,786,288.97
through November 2005	\$28,018,000.00	May 2006	15,242,968.59	November 2006	2.725.989.81
December 2005	25,963,244.34	June 2006	13,130,762.66	110Vember 2000	2,720,000.01
January 2006	23,797,772.87	July 2006	11,029,045.65	December 2006	675,912.00
February 2006	21,643,064.90	August 2006	8,937,763.52	January 2007 and	
March 2006	19,499,064.95	September 2006	6,856,862.46	thereafter	0.00

PC Class Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance		October 2007	\$31,198,849.80	September 2008	\$11,445,622.83
through December 2006	\$50,473,000.00	November 2007	29,257,788.26	October 2008	9,821,598.46
January 2007	49,109,002.87	December 2007	27,341,380.16	November 2008	8,224,467.79
February 2007	47,079,210.00	January 2008	25,456,222.45	December 2008	6,653,828.51
March 2007	45,059,481.22	February 2008	23,601,850.83	January 2009	5,109,284.08
April 2007	43,049,764.65	March 2008	21,777,807.62	•	, ,
May 2007	41,050,008.69	April 2008	19,983,641.64	February 2009	3,590,443.63
June 2007	39,060,161.98	May 2008	18,218,908.11	March 2009	2,096,921.83
July 2007	37,080,173.42	June 2008	16,483,168.60	April 2009	628,338.87
August 2007	35,109,992.21	July 2008	14,775,990.91	May 2009 and	
September 2007	33,149,567.77	August 2008	13,096,948.98	thereafter	0.00

PD Class Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance		May 2009	\$22,948,320.38	August 2009	\$18,759,987.56
through	400 F04 000 00	June 2009	21,528,497.30	September 2009	17,410,588.90
April 2009	\$23,764,000.00	July 2009	20.132.505.89	October 2009	16.083.961.52

PD Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
November 2009	\$14,779,762.03	April 2010	\$ 8,583,504.57	September 2010	\$ 2,899,183.79
December 2009	13,497,651.95	May 2010	7,406,931.79	October 2010	1,820,385.63
January 2010	12,237,297.66	June 2010	6,250,517.05	November 2010	760,259.23
February 2010	10,998,370.32	July 2010	5,113,954.44	December 2010 and	
March 2010	9,780,545.78	August 2010	3,996,942.41	thereafter	0.00

PE Class Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance		September 2012	\$20,393,679.41	July 2014	\$ 7,643,889.31
through November 2010	\$38,767,000.00	October 2012	19,692,179.15	August 2014	7,183,293.20
December 2010	38,485,520.03	November 2012	19,003,543.78	September 2014	6,731,764.38
January 2011	37,461,887.58	December 2012	18,327,572.70	October 2014	6,289,157.83
February 2011	36,456,085.43	January 2013	17,664,068.27	November 2014	5,855,330.67
March 2011	35,467,841.16	February 2013	17,012,835.70	December 2014	5,430,142.11
April 2011	34,496,886.25	March 2013	16,373,683.07	January 2015	5,013,453.47
May 2011	33,542,956.06	April 2013	15,746,421.23	February 2015	4,605,128.08
June 2011	32,605,789.75	May 2013	15,130,863.80	March 2015	4,205,031.30
July 2011	31,685,130.27	June 2013	14,526,827.10	April 2015	3,813,030.49
August 2011	30,780,724.27	July 2013	13,934,130.17	May 2015	3,428,994.97
September 2011	29,892,322.05	August 2013	13,352,594.66	June 2015	3,052,795.96
October 2011	29,019,677.52	September 2013	12,782,044.83	July 2015	2,684,306.63
November 2011	28,162,548.18	October 2013	12,222,307.53	August 2015	2,323,402.01
January 2012	27,320,694.99 26,493,882.39	November 2013	11,673,212.12	September 2015	1,969,958.97
February 2012	25,681.878.24	December 2013	11,134,590.46	October 2015	1,623,856.21
March 2012	24,884,453.75	January 2014	10,606,276.90	November 2015	1,284,974.26
April 2012	24,101,383.44	February 2014	10,088,108.17	December 2015	953,195.37
May 2012	23,332,445.12	March 2014	9,579,923.44	January 2016	628,403.59
June 2012	22,577,419.80	April 2014	9,081,564.21	February 2016	310,484.67
July 2012	21,836,091.67	May 2014	8,592,874.32	March 2016 and	==0,101101
August 2012	21,108,248.06	June 2014	8,113,699.88	thereafter	0.00

B Class Targeted Balances

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
Initial Balance	\$47,588,000.00	June 2003	\$31,319,773.66	September 2004	\$11,205,493.26
March 2002	46,974,760.91	July 2003	29,942,269.36	October 2004	10,128,234.56
April 2002	46,299,394.64	August 2003	28,537,101.95	November 2004	9,088,556.01
May 2002	45,563,348.55	September 2003	27,107,019.08	December 2004	8,085,856.88
June 2002	44,768,181.57	October 2003	25,654,805.95	January 2005	7,119,544.69
July 2002	43,915,561.36	November 2003	24,183,279.36	February 2005	6,189,035.14
August 2002	43,007,261.10	December 2003	22,695,281.52	March 2005	5,293,751.94
September 2002	42,045,156.06	January 2004	21,251,350.24	April 2005	4,433,126.78
October 2002	41,031,219.89	February 2004	19,850,795.93	•	, ,
November 2002	39,967,520.69	March 2004	18,492,938.42	May 2005	3,606,599.17
December 2002	38,856,216.79	April 2004	17,177,106.86	June 2005	2,813,616.35
January 2003	37,699,552.36	-	, ,	July 2005	2,053,633.21
February 2003	36,499,852.76	May 2004	15,902,639.55	August 2005	1,326,112.18
March 2003	35,259,519.64	June 2004	14,668,883.83	September 2005	630,523.10
April 2003	33,981,025.98	July 2004	13,475,196.02	October 2005 and	
May 2003	32,666,910.78	August 2004	12,320,941.22	thereafter	0.00

Group 1 MBS First Targeted Balances

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
Initial Balance	\$300,000,000.00	May 2006	\$122,151,624.29	August 2010	\$ 36,289,665.02
March 2002	297,498,386.23	June 2006	119,587,084.97	September 2010	35,295,562.93
April 2002	294,863,745.87	July 2006	117,067,974.40	October 2010	34,320,653.18
May 2002	292,099,026.45	August 2006	114,593,545.19	November 2010	33,364,607.22
June 2002	289,207,367.05	September 2006	112,163,061.78	December 2010	32,427,101.83
July 2002	286,192,092.71	October 2006	109,775,800.24	January 2011	31,507,819.01
August 2002	283,056,708.43	November 2006	107,431,048.15	February 2011	30,606,445.93
September 2002	279,804,892.56	December 2006	105,128,104.34	March 2011	29,722,674.79
October 2002	276,440,489.87	January 2007	102,866,278.78	April 2011	28,856,202.81
November 2002	272,967,504.13	February 2007	100,644,892.38	May 2011	28,006,732.11
December 2002	269,390,090.23	March 2007	98,463,276.82	June 2011	27,173,969.61
January 2003	265,712,546.00	April 2007	96,320,774.40	July 2011	26,357,627.04
February 2003	261,939,303.52	May 2007	94,216,737.84	August 2011	25,557,420.77
March 2003	258,074,920.21	June 2007	92,150,530.15	September 2011	24,773,071.80
April 2003	254,124,069.51	July 2007	90,121,524.48	October 2011	24,004,305.65
May 2003	250,091,531.25	August 2007	88,129,103.91	November 2011	23,250,852.31
June 2003	245,982,181.82	September 2007	86,172,661.36	December 2011	22,512,446.17
July 2003	241,800,983.98	October 2007	84,251,599.39	January 2012	21,788,825.93
August 2003	237,552,976.59	November 2007	82,365,330.08	February 2012	21,079,734.56
September 2003	233,243,264.00	December 2007	80,513,274.85	March 2012	20,384,919.21
October 2003	228,877,005.40	January 2008	78,694,864.34	April 2012	19,704,131.16
November 2003	224,459,404.03	February 2008	76,909,538.27	May 2012	19,037,125.74
December 2003	220,117,415.20	March 2008	75,156,745.29	June 2012	18,383,662.29
January 2004	215,849,816.29	April 2008	73,435,942.82	July 2012	17,743,504.06
February 2004	211,655,403.81	May 2008	71,746,596.97	August 2012	17,116,418.19
March 2004	207,532,993.18	June 2008	70,088,182.32	September 2012	16,502,175.61
April 2004	203,481,418.39	July 2008	68,460,181.89	October 2012	15,900,551.02
May 2004	199,499,531.72	August 2008	66,862,086.91	November 2012	15,311,322.78
June 2004	195,586,203.49	September 2008	65,293,396.77	December 2012	14,734,272.91
July 2004	191,740,321.75	October 2008	63,753,618.84	January 2013	14,169,186.98
August 2004	187,960,792.00	November 2008	62,242,268.38	February 2013	13,615,854.10
September 2004	184,246,536.95	December 2008	60,758,868.40	March 2013	13,074,066.83
October 2004	180,596,496.26	January 2009	59,302,949.54	April 2013	12,543,621.12
November 2004	177,009,626.22	February 2009	57,874,049.96	May 2013	12,024,316.30
December 2004	173,484,899.57	March 2009	56,471,715.20	June 2013	11,515,954.99
January 2005	170,021,305.18	April 2009	55,095,498.10	July 2013	11,018,343.05
February 2005	166,617,847.86	May 2009	53,744,958.66	August 2013	10,531,289.54
March 2005	163,273,548.05	June 2009	52,419,663.93	September 2013	10,054,606.68
April 2005	159,987,441.65	July 2009	51,119,187.93	October 2013	9,588,109.77
May 2005	156,758,579.72	August 2009	49,843,111.49	November 2013	9,131,617.15
June 2005	153,586,028.28	September 2009	48,591,022.17	December 2013	8,684,950.18
July 2005	150,468,868.05	October 2009	47,362,514.19	January 2014	8,247,933.15
August 2005	147,406,194.28	November 2009	46,157,188.24	February 2014	7,820,393.27
September 2005	144,397,116.46	December 2009	44,974,651.48	March 2014	7,402,160.60
October 2005	141,440,758.13	January 2010	43,814,517.36	April 2014	6,993,068.02
November 2005	138,536,256.66	February 2010	42,676,405.55	May 2014	6,592,951.15
December 2005	135,682,763.04	March 2010	41,559,941.87	June 2014	6,201,648.38
January 2006	132,879,441.67	April 2010	40,464,758.13	July 2014	5,819,000.74
February 2006	130,125,470.15	May 2010	39,390,492.11	August 2014	5,444,851.91
March 2006	127,420,039.06	June 2010	38,336,787.40	September 2014	5,079,048.19
April 2006	124,762,351.78	July 2010	37,303,293.37	October 2014	4,721,438.39

Group 1 MBS First (Continued)

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date		Targeted Balance
November 2014	\$ 4,371,873.88	May 2015	\$ 2,435,419.96	November 2015	\$	753,783.77
December 2014	4,030,208.47	June 2015	2,138,213.07	December 2015		496,354.20
January 2015	3,696,298.41	July 2015	1,847,948.07	December 2015		430,334.20
February 2015	3,370,002.37	August 2015	1,564,497.20	January 2016		245,131.41
March 2015	3,051,181.34	September 2015	1,287,734.86	February 2016 and		
April 2015	2,739,698.67	October 2015	1,017,537.53	thereafter		0.00

Group 1 MBS Second Targeted Balances

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
Initial Balance	\$300,000,000.00	August 2005	\$172,999,172.24	February 2009	\$ 81,943,827.62
March 2002	298,002,766.13	September 2005	170,221,384.62	March 2009	80,320,210.95
April 2002	295,905,969.54	October 2005	167,478,059.23	April 2009	78,717,801.83
May 2002	293,711,349.94	November 2005	164,768,803.58	May 2009	77,136,353.95
June 2002	291,420,752.78	December 2005	162,093,229.48	June 2009	75,575,623.75
July 2002	289,036,126.75	January 2006	159,450,953.02	July 2009	74,035,370.35
August 2002	286,559,521.23	February 2006	156,841,594.50	August 2009	72,515,355.57
September 2002	283,993,083.43	March 2006	154,264,778.40	September 2009	71,015,343.84
October 2002	281,339,055.42	April 2006	151,720,133.33	October 2009	69,535,102.23
November 2002	278,599,770.91	May 2006	149,207,291.99	November 2009	68,074,400.37
December 2002	275,777,651.94	June 2006	146,725,891.10	December 2009	66,633,010.46
January 2003	272,875,205.30	July 2006	144,275,571.41	January 2010	65,210,707.25
February 2003	269,895,018.93	August 2006	141,855,977.60	February 2010	63,807,267.94
March 2003	266,839,758.00	September 2006	139,466,758.27	March 2010	62,422,472.26
April 2003	263,712,160.97	October 2006	137,107,565.88	April 2010	61,056,102.35
May 2003	260,515,035.46	November 2006	134,778,056.73	May 2010	59,707,942.78
June 2003	257,251,254.00	December 2006	132,477,890.89	June 2010	58,377,780.53
July 2003	253,923,749.65	January 2007	130,206,732.20	July 2010	57,065,404.92
August 2003	250,535,511.52	February 2007	127,964,248.18	August 2010	55,770,607.64
September 2003	247,089,580.19	March 2007	125,750,110.02	September 2010	54,493,182.69
October 2003	243,589,043.03	April 2007	123,563,992.53	October 2010	53,232,926.35
November 2003	240,037,029.45	May 2007	121,405,574.13	November 2010	51,989,637.18
December 2003	236,436,706.04	June 2007	119,274,536.75	December 2010	50,763,115.97
January 2004	232,880,171.88	July 2007	117,170,565.85	January 2011	49,553,165.75
February 2004	229,366,932.15	August 2007	115,093,350.36	February 2011	48,359,591.72
March 2004	225,896,497.50	September 2007	113,042,582.63	March 2011	47,182,201.27
April 2004	222,468,383.89	October 2007	111,017,958.42	April 2011	46,020,803.92
May 2004	219,082,112.61	November 2007	109,019,176.84	May 2011	44,875,211.32
June 2004	215,737,210.20	December 2007	107,045,940.32	June 2011	43,745,237.23
July 2004	212,433,208.37	January 2008	105,097,954.58	July 2011	42,630,697.47
August 2004	209,169,643.97	February 2008	103,174,928.59	August 2011	41,531,409.92
September 2004	205,946,058.92	March 2008	101,276,574.53	September 2011	40,447,194.50
October 2004	202,762,000.19	April 2008	99,402,607.77	October 2011	39,377,873.14
November 2004	199,617,019.67	May 2008	97,552,746.81	November 2011	38,323,269.74
December 2004	196,510,674.21	June 2008	95,726,713.29	December 2011	37,283,210.19
January 2005	193,442,525.50	July 2008	93,924,231.89	January 2012	36,257,522.31
February 2005	190,412,140.03	August 2008	92,145,030.37	February 2012	35,246,035.86
March 2005	187,419,089.06	September 2008	90,388,839.47	March 2012	34,248,582.47
April 2005	184,462,948.55	October 2008	88,655,392.94	April 2012	33,264,995.69
May 2005	181,543,299.13	November 2008	86,944,427.46	May 2012	32,295,110.92
June 2005	178,659,726.00	December 2008	85,255,682.62	June 2012	31,338,765.39
July 2005	175,811,818.94	January 2009	83,588,900.89	July 2012	30,395,798.15

Group 1 MBS Second (Continued)

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
August 2012	\$ 29,466,050.07	November 2013	\$ 17,003,202.89	February 2015	\$ 6,999,708.80
September 2012	28,549,363.80	December 2013	16,264,714.66	March 2015	6,409,795.40
October 2012	27,645,583.73	January 2014	15,536,997.61	April 2015	5,828,851.55
November 2012	26,754,556.01	February 2014	14,819,921.85	May 2015	5,256,767.72
December 2012	25,876,128.53	March 2014	14,113,358.99	June 2015	4,693,435.60
January 2013	25,010,150.84	April 2014	13,417,182.05	July 2015	4,138,748.11
February 2013	24,156,474.22	May 2014	12,731,265.49	August 2015	3,592,599.39
March 2013	23,314,951.60	June 2014	12,055,485.21	September 2015	3,054,884.78
April 2013	22,485,437.57	July 2014	11,389,718.46	October 2015	2,525,500.79
May 2013	21,667,788.33	August 2014	10,733,843.93	November 2015	2,004,345.13
June 2013	20,861,861.72	September 2014	10,087,741.63	December 2015	1,491,316.65
July 2013	20,067,517.16	October 2014	9,451,292.96	January 2016	986,315.36
August 2013	19,284,615.66	November 2014	8,824,380.63	February 2016	489,242.39
September 2013	18,513,019.78	December 2014	8,206,888.71	March 2016 and	,
October 2013	17,752,593.65	January 2015	7,598,702.55	thereafter	0.00

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Table of Contents	S- 2
Available Information	S- 3
Reference Sheet	S- 4
Additional Risk Factors	S- 9
Description of the Certificates	S-11
Additional Trust Agreement Provisions Relating to the Group 5 and Group 6 Classes	S-47
Certain Additional Federal Income Tax Consequences	S-50
Plan of Distribution	S-56
Legal Matters	S-57
Exhibit A	A- 1
Schedule 1	A - 3
Principal Balance Schedules	B- 1

\$932,067,110 (Approximate)



Guaranteed
Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae Trust 2002-14

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.

January 23, 2002