\$216,608,590 (Approximate)



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae Multifamily REMIC Trust 1997-M4

The Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates offered hereby (the "Certificates") will represent beneficial ownership interests in one of two trust funds. The Certificates, other than the RL Class, will represent beneficial ownership interests in Fannie Mae Multifamily REMIC Trust 1997-M4 (the "Trust"). The assets of the Trust will consist of the "regular interests" in a separate trust fund (the "Lower Tier REMIC"). The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of certain "fully modified pass-through" mortgage-backed securities (the "GNMA Certificates") guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"). Each of the GNMA Certificates represents an ownership interest in a multifamily mortgage loan (a "Mortgage Loan") that is insured by the Federal Housing Administration (the "FHA"). The Mortgage Loans are fixed-rate and generally are level-pay and fully amortizing. See "Description of the GNMA Certificates and the Mortgage Loans" herein. Certain information with respect to the Mortgage Loans and the Mortgaged Properties is set forth on Exhibit A hereto.

The Certificates will be issued and guaranteed as to timely distribution of principal and interest by Fannie Mae and offered by Fannie Mae pursuant to its Prospectus for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the "Multifamily REMIC Prospectus"), accompanying this Prospectus Supplement. Fannie Mae will not guarantee the payment to Certificateholders of any prepayment penalties. See "Description of the Certificates—General—Fannie Mae Guaranty" herein.

Investors should not purchase the Certificates before reading this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents listed at the bottom of page S-2.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-6 for a discussion of certain risks that should be considered in connection with an investment in the Certificates.

(Cover continued on next page)

THE CERTIFICATES MAY NOT BE SUITABLE INVESTMENTS FOR ALL INVESTORS. NO INVESTOR SHOULD PURCHASE CERTIFICATES UNLESS SUCH INVESTOR UNDERSTANDS AND IS ABLE TO BEAR THE PREPAYMENT, YIELD, LIQUIDITY AND OTHER RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH SUCH CERTIFICATES. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN ANY CLASS OF CERTIFICATES SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER WHETHER SUCH AN INVESTMENT IS APPROPRIATE FOR THEIR INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES. SEE "DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES" HEREIN.

THE CERTIFICATES, TOGETHER WITH ANY INTEREST THEREON, ARE NOT GUARANTEED BY THE UNITED STATES. THE OBLIGATIONS OF FANNIE MAE UNDER ITS GUARANTY OF THE CERTIFICATES ARE OBLIGATIONS SOLELY OF FANNIE MAE AND DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN OBLIGATION OF THE UNITED STATES OR ANY AGENCY OR INSTRUMENTALITY THEREOF OTHER THAN FANNIE MAE. THE CERTIFICATES ARE EXEMPT FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 AND ARE "EXEMPTED SECURITIES" WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

Class	Original Principal Balance(1)	Principal Type(2)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(2)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
A	\$ 10,880,000	SEQ	(3)	WAC	31359P3H7	March 2004
В	37,076,000	AD/SEQ	(3)	WAC	31359P 3 J 3	September 2009
C	112,868,000	AD/SEQ	(3)	WAC	31359P3K0	August 2018
V	23,300,000	AD/SEQ	(4)	WAC	31359P3L8	December 2004
Z	19,959,000	AD/SEQ	(3)	WAC/Z	31359P3M6	March 2025
ZA	12,525,590	SEQ	(3)	WAC/Z	31359P3N4	November 2036
N	(5)	NTL	(6)	WAC/IO	31359P 3P 9	November 2036
R	` ′ 0	NPR	`0´	NPR	31359P3Q7	November 2036
RL	0	NPR	0	NPR	31359P3R5	November 2036

Subject to a permitted variance of plus or minus 5%.

See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" and "—Distributions of Principal" herein.

The A, B, C, Z and ZA Classes will bear interest during each Interest Accrual Period at a variable rate per annum equal to the excess of the weighted average of the passthrough rates on the GNMA Certificates, weighted on the basis of the respective principal balances of the GNMA Certificates (determined as described herein under "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—Principal Distribution Amount") (the "Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate"), over a fixed percentage

Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal Distribution Amount) (the Weighted Average Pass-Inrough Rate), over a fixed percentage amount for each such Class as specified herein.

The V Class will bear interest during each Interest Accrual Period at a variable rate per annum equal to the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate.

The N Class will be a Notional Class, will have no principal balance and will bear interest on its notional principal balance (initially, \$193,308,590 (plus or minus 5%)). The notional principal balance of the N Class will be equal to 100% of the sum of the principal balances of the A, B, C, Z and ZA Classes. See "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest—Notional Class" herein.

The N Class will each bear interest during each Interest Accrual Period at a variable rate per annum equal to the weighted average rate calculated as specified herein.

See "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest—Notional Class" herein.

The Certificates are offered by Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Securities Corporation (the "Dealer") from time to time in negotiated transactions, at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale.

The Certificates are offered by the Dealer, subject to issuance by Fannie Mae and to prior sale or to withdrawal or modification of the offer without notice, when, as and if delivered to and accepted by the Dealer, and subject to approval of certain legal matters by counsel. It is expected that the Certificates, except for the R and RL Classes, will be available through the book-entry system of The Depository Trust Company on or about June 30, 1997 (the "Settlement Date"). It is expected that the R and RL Classes in registered, certificated form will be available for delivery at the offices of the Dealer, 277 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10172 on or about the Settlement Date.

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette

Securities Corporation

The date of this Prospectus Supplement is May 23, 1997.

(Cover continued from previous page)

The yield to investors in each Class of Certificates will be sensitive in varying degrees to, among other things, the rate of principal payments of the related Mortgage Loans, the actual characteristics of such Mortgage Loans and the purchase price paid for the related Classes. The yields to investors in the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes will also be sensitive to fluctuations in the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate of the GNMA Certificates. Accordingly, investors should consider the following risks:

- Subject to the effect of applicable lockouts and mortgage prepayment penalties, the Mortgage Loans may be prepaid by the related borrowers at any time and, accordingly, the rate of principal payments thereon is likely to vary considerably from time to time. Depending on other factors present at the time, Mortgage Loans having prepayment penalties may be less likely to prepay than Mortgage Loans that do not have such penalties. In addition, the full principal balance of a GNMA Certificate may be distributed upon a default of the underlying Mortgage Loan, which could take place during an otherwise applicable lockout or prepayment penalty period.
- Slight variations in Mortgage Loan characteristics could substantially affect the weighted average lives and yields of some or all of the Classes.
- In the case of any Certificates purchased at a discount to their principal amounts, a slower than anticipated rate of principal payments is likely to result in a lower than anticipated yield.
- In the case of any Certificates purchased at a premium to their principal amounts, a faster than anticipated rate of principal payments is likely to result in a lower than anticipated yield.
- In the case of the Notional Class, a faster than anticipated rate of principal payments is likely to result in a lower than anticipated yield and, in certain cases, an actual loss on the investment.
- The allocation to a Class of any prepayment penalties may be insufficient to offset fully the adverse effects on
 the anticipated yield that may arise out of the corresponding principal prepayment. Fannie Mae, however,
 does not guarantee that any prepayment penalties due under any Mortgage Loan will in fact be collected from
 mortgagors or GNMA or paid to holders of the GNMA Certificates and therefore to the Holders of such Classes.
- There will be no reimbursement to investors for any premium paid by such investors, or for any loss in an investor's yield, if such investors receive early payments of principal.

See "Description of the Certificates-Yield Considerations" herein.

In addition, investors should purchase Certificates only after considering the following:

- The actual final payment of any Class may occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the Final Distribution Date for such Class specified on the cover page. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" herein and "Maturity and Prepayment Considerations and Risks—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Dates" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.
- The rate of principal distributions of the Certificates is uncertain and investors may be unable to reinvest the distributions thereon at yields equaling the yields on the Certificates. See "Yield Considerations—Reinvestment Risk" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Yield Considerations" herein.
- Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in certain Classes of the Certificates. Investors should consult their legal advisors to determine whether and to what extent the Certificates constitute legal investments or are subject to restrictions on investment. See "Legal Investment Considerations" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.
- The Dealer intends to make a market for the Certificates but is not obligated to do so. There can be no assurance that a secondary market will develop for the Certificates or, if developed, that it will continue. Thus, investors may not be able to sell their Certificates readily or at prices that will enable them to realize their anticipated yield. No investor should purchase Certificates unless such investor understands and is able to bear the risk that the value of the Certificates will fluctuate over time and that the Certificates may not be readily salable.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus Supplement or the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Elections will be made to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as "real estate mortgage investment conduits" ("REMICs") pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The R and RL Classes will be subject to transfer restrictions. See "Description of the Certificates—Additional Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus, and "Description of the Certificates—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes" and "Certain Additional Federal Income Tax Consequences" herein.

Investors should purchase the Certificates only if they have read and understood this Prospectus Supplement and the following documents (collectively, the "Disclosure Documents"):

- Fannie Mae's Prospectus for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated November 1, 1995 (the "Multifamily REMIC Prospectus"); and
- Fannie Mae's Information Statement dated March 31, 1997 and any supplements thereto (the "Information Statement").

The Information Statement is incorporated herein by reference and may be obtained from Fannie Mae by writing or calling its MBS Helpline at 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S, Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 1-800-BEST-MBS or 202-752-7547). The Information Statement may also be obtained from Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Securities Corporation by writing or calling its Prospectus Department at 277 Park Avenue, 7th Floor, New York New York 10172 (telephone 212-892-4525). Other data specific to the Certificates is available in electronic form by calling Fannie Mae at 1-800-752-6440 or 202-752-6000.

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REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the REMIC transaction and it does not contain complete information about the Certificates. Investors should purchase the Certificates only after reading this Prospectus Supplement and each of the additional Disclosure Documents described herein in their entirety.

Certain Characteristics of the GNMA Certificates and Mortgage Loans (as of June 1, 1997)

The GNMA Certificates and the Mortgage Loans are expected to have the following characteristics (aggregated on the basis of the applicable FHA insurance programs):

Weighted

FHA Insurance Program	Approximate Principal Balance	Number of GNMA Pools	Percent of Total Balance	Weighted Average Mortgage Loan Interest Rate	Weighted Average GNMA Certificate Interest Rate	Weighted Average Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Weighted Average Period from Issuance (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Lockout Period (in months)	Average Term to End of Mortgage Loan Prepayment Penalty Period (in months)
221(d)4	\$ 29,460,016	4	13.60%	7.771%	7.520%	458	443	15	43	93
223(a)7	4,047,186	2	1.87	8.125	7.674	326	321	5	51	82
223(f)	161,586,880	40	74.60	7.905	7.621	419	413	6	70	113
232/223(f)	20,427,546	5	9.43	8.047	7.767	416	414	2	82	118
241(f)	1,086,964	1	0.50	8.250	7.875	480	457	23	49	109
	\$216,608,590		100.00%							

In addition, the table contained on Exhibit A hereto sets forth certain information regarding the characteristics of the individual GNMA Certificates and Mortgage Loans as of June 1, 1997 (the "Issue Date"), including information regarding the applicable FHA program, property location, approximate principal balance, GNMA Certificate interest rate, mortgage interest rate, maturity date, original and remaining terms to maturity, GNMA Certificate age and issue date, and additional information regarding prepayment lockout and prepayment penalty periods applicable to the Mortgage Loans. Certain additional information regarding the GNMA Certificates and the Mortgage Loans may be obtained from Fannie Mae as described under "Description of the GNMA Certificates and Mortgage Loans—General" herein.

For a description of the characteristics and assumptions on the basis of which certain tabular information herein has been prepared, see "Description of the Certificates—Structuring Assumptions" herein.

Prepayment Penalties

In the event that any prepayment penalties are included in the distributions received on the GNMA Certificates with respect to any Distribution Date, (i) the distribution to be made on the N Class on such Distribution Date will include an amount representing 75% of the prepayment penalties so received and (ii) the distribution to be made on the Class currently receiving distributions of principal from the Cash Flow Distribution Amount on such Distribution Date will include an amount representing 25% of the prepayment penalties so received (or, if more than one of the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes are receiving principal distributions from the Cash Flow Distribution Amount on such Distribution Date, the amount representing 25% of the prepayment penalties so received will be allocated among such Classes, pro rata, based on the principal amounts so distributable thereon).

Interest Rates

The Certificates will bear interest at the rates described herein. See "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest—Notional Class" and "—Weighted Average Coupon Classes" herein.

Notional Class

The notional principal balance of the N Class will be equal to 100% of the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the A, B, C, Z and ZA Classes immediately prior to the related Distribution Date. See "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest—Notional Class" herein.

Distribution of Principal

Principal Distribution Amount

Accrual Amount

To the V, B, C and Z Classes, in that order, to zero, and then to the ZA Class.

Cash Flow Distribution Amount

To the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes, in that order, to zero.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

]	Lockout	**		
		CPR Prepayment Assumption					
Class							100%
A	3.7	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.5
B	9.9	5.6	4.7	4.1	3.9	3.7	2.7
C	17.2	10.3	8.3	7.0	6.7	6.3	4.9
V	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	3.9
Z	24.7	15.6	12.3	10.6	10.3	10.0	9.3
ZA	31.9	23.9	17.9	13.8	13.1	12.2	10.0
N	25.6	13.9	10.1	8.1	7.7	7.2	5.6

	Extended Protection**							
		CPR Prepayment Assumption						
Class	$ \begin{array}{c cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						$\underline{100\%}$	
A	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.3	
В	9.9	8.6	8.1	7.5	7.4	7.2	6.2	
C	17.2	12.5	11.3	10.6	10.4	10.2	9.7	
V	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	
Z	24.7	17.3	14.4	12.5	12.1	11.5	10.0	
ZA	31.9	25.1	19.8	15.7	14.9	13.6	10.0	
N	25.6	16.5	13.3	11.5	11.1	10.6	9.2	

^{*} Determined as specified under "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" herein.

^{** &}quot;Lockout" assumes no prepayment through the applicable lockout end dates and "Extended Protection" assumes no prepayment through any applicable prepayment penalty end dates.

RISK FACTORS

Yield Considerations

The effective yield to Certificateholders in the Trust will depend upon the purchase price of the related Certificates, the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the Mortgage Loans, and the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans. In addition, the yields to investors in the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes will be sensitive to fluctuations in the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate of the GNMA Certificates. Generally, if the actual rate of payments on the Mortgage Loans is slower than the rate anticipated by an investor who purchased a Certificate of the A, B, C, V, Z or ZA Class at a discount, the actual yield to such investor will be lower than such investor's anticipated yield. If the actual rate of payment on the Mortgage Loans is faster than the rate anticipated by an investor who purchased a Certificate of the A, B, C, V, Z or ZA Class at a premium, the actual yield to such investor will also be lower than such investor's anticipated yield.

The timing of changes in the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) or, in the case of the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes in the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate, may significantly affect the yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments or the average Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate is consistent with such investor's expectations. In general, the earlier the payment of principal or change in the level of the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate, the greater the effect on an investor's yield to maturity. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal payments (including prepayments) or the level of the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate occurring at a rate or level higher (or lower) than the rate or level anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Settlement Date will not be offset by any subsequent equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) or level of the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate.

The effective yields on the Certificates will be reduced below the yields otherwise produced because principal and interest payable on a Distribution Date will not be distributed earlier than the 17th day following the end of the related Interest Accrual Period and will not bear interest during such delay. No interest at all will be paid on any Certificate after its principal balance has been reduced to zero. As a result of the foregoing, the market values of the Certificates will be lower than would have been the case if there were no such delay. Investors must make their own decisions as to the appropriate assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, to be used in deciding whether to purchase the Certificates.

There will be no reimbursement to investors for any premium paid by investors or for any loss in yield if such investors receive early payments of principal.

Reinvestment Risk

Subject to the effect of the applicable prepayment lockout periods and the payment of any applicable prepayment penalties, the Mortgage Loans may be prepaid at any time. In addition, the full principal balance of a GNMA Certificate may be distributed upon a default of the underlying Mortgage Loan, which could take place during an otherwise applicable lockout or prepayment penalty period. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the rate at which distributions of principal of the Certificates will be received. Since prevailing interest rates are subject to fluctuation, there can be no assurance that investors in the Certificates will be able to reinvest the distributions thereon at yields equaling or exceeding the yields on the Certificates. It is possible that yields on such reinvestments will be lower, and may be significantly lower, than the yields on the Certificates. Prospective investors in the Certificates should carefully consider the related reinvestment risks in light of other investments that may be available to such investors.

Prepayment Considerations and Risks

The rate of distributions of principal of the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes is related directly to the rate of payments of principal of the Mortgage Loans, which may be in the form of scheduled amortization or prepayments (for this purpose, the term "prepayment" includes prepayments and liquidations resulting from default, casualty or condemnation), as well as to the sequential order in which each such Class will receive distributions in respect of principal. Most of the Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayments during specified lockout periods. Such lockout periods have remaining lockout terms that range from approximately 0 to 120 months and with a weighted average remaining lockout term of approximately 67 months. Certain of the Mortgage Loans also provide for payment of a mortgage prepayment penalty in connection with prepayments for a period extending beyond the lockout period. Depending on other factors present at the time, Mortgage Loans having prepayment penalties may be less likely to prepay than Mortgage Loans that do not have such penalties. A prepayment penalty, however, would not be paid in the event that a borrower defaults on payment of its Mortgage Loan and the proceeds of liquidation of such Mortgage Loan are insufficient to allow for allocation of an amount thereof to such prepayment penalty. The liquidation proceeds would be applied to the recovery of all principal, interest and liquidation expenses before any application to a prepayment penalty in respect of the related Mortgage Loan. In addition, certain state laws limit the amount of prepayment penalty payable in connection with the prepayment of a Mortgage Loan, and under the laws of a number of states it is unclear whether the imposition of a prepayment penalty in connection with an involuntary prepayment is enforceable. See "Maturity and Prepayment Considerations and Risks—Early Repayment of Mortgage Loans" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

In the event that any prepayment penalties are included in the distributions received on the GNMA Certificates with respect to any Distribution Date, (i) the distribution to be made on the N Class on such Distribution Date will include an amount representing 75% of the prepayment penalties so received and (ii) the distribution to be made on the Class currently receiving distributions of principal from the Cash Flow Distribution Amount on such Distribution Date will include an amount representing 25% of the prepayment penalties so received (or, if more than one of the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes are receiving principal distributions from the Cash Flow Distribution Amount on such Distribution Date, the amount representing 25% of the prepayment penalties so received will be allocated among such Classes, pro rata, based on the principal amounts so distributable thereon). Fannie Mae, however, does not guarantee that any prepayment penalties due under any Mortgage Loan will in fact be collected from mortgagors or GNMA or paid to holders of the GNMA Certificates and therefore to applicable Certificateholders. Accordingly, Holders of the applicable Classes will receive them only to the extent actually received by Fannie Mae and, even if collected, allocation thereof to such Holders may be insufficient to offset fully the adverse effects on the anticipated yield thereon arising out of the corresponding payment.

In an environment of declining interest rates, lenders servicing mortgage loans often are asked by borrowers to refinance the mortgage loans through issuance of new loans secured by mortgages on the same properties. The resulting prepayments, if they involve the Mortgage Loans, will result in the distribution to Certificateholders of the principal balances of the prepaid Mortgage Loans.

In general, when the level of prevailing interest rates declines sufficiently relative to the interest rate on fixed-rate mortgage loans, the rate of prepayment is likely to increase, although the prepayment rate is influenced by a number of other factors as well, including general economic conditions. In addition, it is increasingly difficult to generalize as to the degree to which interest rates must decline before significant prepayments are likely to be experienced. Increased borrower sophistication regarding the benefits of refinancing and extensive solicitation by lenders may result in an increase in the rate at which the Mortgage Loans are prepaid due to refinancing. On the other hand, lenders may have originated certain Mortgage Loans at above-market interest rates to provide a means for the payment of certain closing costs or interest rate buydown deposits. Such Mortgage

Loans may have been made to borrowers who, for a variety of reasons, may not seek or readily be able to refinance mortgage loans.

Acceleration of mortgage payments as a result of the sale of the related Mortgaged Property is another factor affecting the prepayment rates. Generally, FHA-insured mortgage loans, such as the Mortgage Loans, may with the approval of the FHA be assumed by the transferee of title to the related mortgaged properties.

In addition, multifamily lending is generally viewed as exposing the lender to a greater risk of loss than one- to four-family residential lending. Mortgage Loan defaults may result in distributions of the full principal balance of the related GNMA Certificate, thereby affecting prepayment rates.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The following summaries describing certain provisions of the Certificates do not purport to be complete and are subject to, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to, the remaining provisions of this Prospectus Supplement, the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus and the provisions of the Trust Agreement (as defined below). Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined in this Prospectus Supplement have the respective meanings assigned to such terms in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus (including the Glossary contained therein) or the Trust Agreement (as the context may require).

General

Structure. The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC will be created pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of June 1, 1997 (the "Trust Agreement"), executed by the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae") in its corporate capacity and in its capacity as trustee (the "Trustee"), and the Certificates in the Classes and aggregate original principal balances set forth on the cover hereof will be issued by Fannie Mae pursuant thereto. A description of Fannie Mae and its business, together with certain financial statements and other financial information, is contained in the Information Statement.

The Certificates (other than the R and RL Classes) will be designated as the "regular interests," and the R Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the "Lower Tier Regular Interests") will be designated as the "regular interests," and the RL Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests, and the Certificates, other than the RL Class, will evidence the entire beneficial ownership interest in the distributions of principal and interest on the Lower Tier Regular Interests.

The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of the GNMA Certificates. The Lower Tier Regular Interests and the RL Class (collectively, the "Lower Tier Interests") will in the aggregate evidence the entire beneficial ownership interest in the distribution of principal and interest on the GNMA Certificates. Each GNMA Certificate represents the entire beneficial ownership interest in a single Mortgage Loan. See "The GNMA Certificates and Mortgage Loans" herein.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. Pursuant to its guaranty of the Certificates, Fannie Mae will be obligated to distribute to the Holders of Certificates (i) all interest accrued and distributable on the Certificates as provided herein under "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" and (ii) the Principal Distribution Amount (as defined herein), whether or not sufficient funds are received with respect to the GNMA Certificates. If Fannie Mae were unable to perform these guaranty obligations, distributions to Certificateholders would consist solely of payments and other recoveries on the GNMA Certificates. Fannie Mae will not guarantee the collection or the payment to the Certificateholders of any prepayment penalties. Accordingly, Certificateholders entitled to receive prepayment

penalties will receive them only to the extent actually received in respect of the GNMA Certificates. The guaranty of Fannie Mae is not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States.

Characteristics of Certificates. The Certificates, other than the R and RL Certificates, will be represented by one or more certificates (the "DTC Certificates") to be registered at all times in the name of the nominee of the Depository (as defined herein), which Depository will maintain such Certificates through its book-entry facilities. When used herein with respect to any DTC Certificate, the terms "Holders" and "Certificateholders" refer to the nominee of the Depository.

See "Description of the Certificates—Book-Entry Procedures" herein.

The R and RL Certificates will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. As to any R or RL Certificate, "Holder" or "Certificateholder" refers to the registered owner thereof. The R and RL Certificates will be transferable at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent or at the agency of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. The Transfer Agent initially will be State Street Bank and Trust Company in Boston, Massachusetts ("State Street"). A service charge may be imposed for any registration of transfer of any R or RL Certificate, and Fannie Mae may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "Characteristics of the R and RL Classes" herein.

The distribution to the Holder of the R or RL Certificate of the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust or the Lower Tier REMIC, as applicable, will be made only upon presentation and surrender of the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. The Paying Agent initially will be State Street.

Authorized Denominations. The Certificates, other than the R and RL Certificates, will be issued in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess thereof. Each of the R and RL Certificates will be issued as a single certificate and will not have a principal balance.

Distribution Dates. Distributions on the Certificates will be made on the 17th day of each month or, if such 17th day is not a business day, on the first business day next succeeding such 17th day (each, a "Distribution Date"), commencing in the month following the Settlement Date. See "Distributions of Interest—General" and "—Interest Accrual Period" and "Distributions of Principal—Principal Distribution Amount" herein.

Record Date. Each monthly distribution on the Certificates will be made to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

REMIC Trust Factors. As soon as practicable following the thirteenth calendar day of each month, Fannie Mae will publish or otherwise make available for each Class of Certificates the factor (carried to eight decimal places) which in the case of each such Class, when multiplied by the original principal balance of a Certificate of such Class, will be equal to the amount of principal remaining to be distributed with respect to such Certificate after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the following Distribution Date and any interest to be added as principal to the principal balance of the Accrual Class on such Distribution Date. In the event an adjustment to the Trust Factor is necessary with respect to any Distribution Date, Fannie Mae will publish or otherwise make available an adjusted Trust Factor as soon as practicable following any such adjustment.

Book-Entry Procedures

General

The DTC Certificates will be registered at all times in the name of the nominee of The Depository Trust Company, a New York-chartered limited purpose trust company, or any successor depository selected or approved by Fannie Mae (the "Depository"). In accordance with its normal procedures, the Depository will record the positions held by each Depository participating firm (each, a "Depository Participant") in the DTC Certificates, whether held for its own account or as a nominee

for another person. State Street will act as Paying Agent for, and perform certain administrative functions with respect to, the DTC Certificates.

No person acquiring a beneficial ownership interest in the DTC Certificates (a "beneficial owner" or an "investor") will be entitled to receive a physical certificate representing such ownership interest. An investor's interest in the DTC Certificates will be recorded on the records of the brokerage firm, bank, thrift institution or other financial intermediary (a "financial intermediary") that maintains such investor's account for such purpose. In turn, the financial intermediary's record ownership of such interest will be recorded on the records of the Depository (or of a Depository Participant that acts as an agent for the financial intermediary if such intermediary is not a Depository Participant). Accordingly, an investor will not be recognized by the Trustee or the Depository as a Certificateholder and must rely on the foregoing arrangements to evidence its interest in the DTC Certificates. Beneficial ownership of an investor's interest in the DTC Certificates may be transferred only by compliance with the procedures of an investor's financial intermediary and of Depository Participants. In general, beneficial ownership of an investor's interest in the DTC Certificates will be subject to the rules, regulations and procedures governing the Depository and Depository Participants as in effect from time to time.

Method of Distribution

Each distribution on the DTC Certificates will be distributed by the Trustee to the Depository in immediately available funds. The Depository will be responsible for crediting the amount of such distributions to the accounts of the Depository Participants entitled thereto, in accordance with the Depository's normal procedures. Each Depository Participant and each financial intermediary will be responsible for disbursing such distributions to the beneficial owners of the DTC Certificates that it represents. Accordingly, the beneficial owners may experience some delay in their receipt of distributions.

Distributions of Interest

Categories of Classes. For the purpose of payments of interest, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

Interest Type*	$\underline{\text{Classes}}$
Weighted Average Coupon	A, B, C, V, Z, ZA and N
Accrual	Z and ZA
Interest Only	N
No Payment Residual	R and RL

^{*} See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

General. The interest-bearing Certificates will bear interest at the respective per annum interest rates described herein. Interest on the interest-bearing Certificates is calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months and is distributable monthly on each Distribution Date, commencing in the month after the Settlement Date. Interest to be distributed on each interest-bearing Certificate on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding principal balance of such Certificate immediately prior to such Distribution Date.

In addition, in the event that any prepayment penalties are included in the distributions received on the GNMA Certificates with respect to any Distribution Date, (i) the distribution to be made on the N Class on such Distribution Date will include an amount representing 75% of the prepayment penalties so received and (ii) the distribution to be made on the Class currently receiving distributions of principal from the Cash Flow Distribution Amount on such Distribution Date will include an amount representing 25% of the prepayment penalties so received (or, if more than one of the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes are receiving principal distributions from the Cash Flow Distribution Amount on

such Distribution Date, the amount representing 25% of the prepayment penalties so received will be allocated among such Classes, pro rata, based on the principal amounts so distributable thereon).

Interest Accrual Period. Interest to be distributed on each Distribution Date will accrue on the interest-bearing Certificates during the one-month period set forth below (an "Interest Accrual Period").

Classes

Interest Accrual Period

All interest-bearing Classes

Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See "Description of the Certificates—Yield Considerations" herein.

Accrual Classes. The Z and ZA Classes will be Accrual Classes. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes at the per annum rates as described herein; however, such interest will not be distributed thereon (i) in the case of the Z Class, until the Distribution Date following the Distribution Date on which the principal balance of the C Class or the V Class is reduced to zero, whichever is later, and (ii) in the case of the ZA Class, the Distribution Date following the Distribution Date on which the principal balance of the Z Class is reduced to zero. Interest so accrued and unpaid on the Accrual Classes will be added as principal to the respective principal balances thereof on each Distribution Date. Distributions of principal of the Accrual Classes will be made as described herein.

Notional Class. The N Class will be a Notional Class and will have no principal balance. The N Class will bear interest during each Interest Accrual Period at the rate per annum equal to the weighted average of the percentages set forth below, weighted on the basis of the then outstanding principal balances of the indicated Classes:

CI	ass	
A		0.635%
\mathbf{C}		0.325%
\mathbf{Z}		0.420%
$\mathbf{Z} A$	\	0.270%

For example, during the initial Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Class will bear interest at the interest rate set forth below:

Class	Interest Rate(1)
N	0.36250%

Subject to the permitted variance of plus or minus 5% in the original principal balance of each Class of Certificates.

The notional principal balance of the Notional Class will be equal to the applicable percentage of the outstanding principal balances of the following Classes immediately prior to the related Distribution Date:

Class	Balance of Specified Classes
N	100% of the A, B, C, Z and ZA Classes

The notional principal balance of a Notional Class is used for purposes of the determination of interest distributions thereon and does not represent an interest in the principal distributions of the GNMA Certificates or the underlying Mortgage Loans. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance, a REMIC Trust Factor (as described herein) will be published with respect to any such Class that will be applicable to the notional principal balance thereof, and references herein to

the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall be deemed to refer also to the notional principal balance of any Notional Class.

Weighted Average Coupon Classes. The A, B, C, V, Z, ZA and N Classes will be Weighted Average Coupon Classes. The A, B, C, Z and ZA Classes will each bear interest for each Interest Accrual Period at the rate per annum equal to the excess of the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate of the GNMA Certificates over 0.635% in the case of the A Class, 0.397% in the case of the B Class, 0.325% in the case of the C Class, 0.420% in the case of the Z Class and 0.270% in the case of the ZA Class. The V Class will bear interest for each Interest Accrual Period at the rate per annum equal to the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate of the GNMA Certificates.

For example, the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes will bear interest during the initial Interest Accrual Period at the initial interest rates set forth below:

ate (1)
98802%
22602%
29802%
32302%
20302%
35302%

⁽¹⁾ Subject to the permitted variance of plus or minus 5% in the original principal balance of each Class of Certificates.

The N Class will bear interest during each Interest Accrual Period at a rate per annum equal to the weighted average rate calculated as described above under "—Notional Class." Fannie Mae's determination of the rate of interest for such Class for the related Interest Accrual Period shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding. Each such rate of interest may be obtained by telephoning Fannie Mae at 1-800-BEST-MBS or 202-752-6547.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes. For the purpose of payments of principal, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

Principal Type*	$\underline{\text{Classes}}$
Sequential Pay	A, B, C, V, Z and ZA
Accretion Directed	V, B, C and Z
Notional	N
No Payment Residual	R and RL

^{*} See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, principal will be distributed on the Certificates in an amount (the "Principal Distribution Amount") equal to the sum of (i) the principal distributions reported by GNMA to be receivable on the GNMA Certificates during the month of such Distribution Date and (ii) the amount, if any, of principal distributions received on the GNMA Certificates during the month of the preceding Distribution Date that were not distributed on the Certificates on such preceding Distribution Date (together with the amount specified in clause (i), the "Cash Flow Distribution Amount"), and (iii) any interest accrued and added on such Distribution Date to the principal balances of the Z and ZA Classes (the "Accrual Amount" and, together with the Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the "Principal Distribution Amount"). See "General—REMIC Trust Factors" herein.

Fannie Mae will calculate the amount specified in clause (i) above for each Distribution Date based in part on preliminary GNMA Certificate factors reported on or about the seventh business day

of the month of such Distribution Date. In some months, distributions of principal may be received on the GNMA Certificates in amounts that exceed the amounts reported in such GNMA Certificate factors. In such event, Fannie Mae may at its option include such amounts in the distribution of principal to be made on the Certificates on the applicable Distribution Date. Further, in some months, the factors for some GNMA Certificates may not be reported. In such event, Fannie Mae will calculate the remaining principal balance to which such GNMA Certificate would be reduced on the basis of assumed amortization schedules. Fannie Mae will create those schedules by using available remaining term to maturity and interest rate information and adjusting such remaining term to maturity to the current month. Such calculations will reflect payment factor information previously reported to Fannie Mae and calculated subsequent scheduled amortization (but not prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans. Fannie Mae's determination of the principal payments by the methodology described above will be final.

Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, the Accrual Amount, if any, will be distributed, sequentially, as principal of the V, B, C and Z Classes, in that order, until the respective principal balances thereof are reduced to zero, and thereafter to the ZA Class.

Accretion Directed Classes and Accrual Class

Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, the Cash Flow Distribution Amount will be distributed, sequentially, as principal of the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes, in that order, until the respective principal balances thereof are reduced to zero.

Sequential Pay Classes

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Unless otherwise specified, the information in the tables under "Yield Considerations" and "Decrement Tables" has been prepared on the basis of the actual characteristics of the GNMA Certificates (as described in Exhibit A hereto) and the following assumptions (the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- (i) the Settlement Date for the Certificates is June 30, 1997;
- (ii) all principal payments (including prepayments) on the Mortgage Loans are distributed on the Certificates on the Distribution Date relating to the month in which such payments are received;
- (iii) the Mortgage Loans prepay at the percentages of CPR specified in the related table, provided that no prepayments occur through the applicable lockout end dates or prepayment penalty end dates, as applicable;
- (iv) distributions on the Certificates are always received on the 17th of the month, whether or not a business day; and
 - (v) no prepayment penalties are received on the GNMA Certificates.

CPR Assumptions. Prepayments on mortgage loans may be measured by a prepayment standard or model. The model used herein is the "Constant Prepayment Rate" or "CPR" model. The CPR model represents an assumed constant rate of prepayment each month, expressed as a per annum percentage of the then outstanding principal balance of the pool of mortgage loans. CPR does not purport to be either an historical description of the prepayment experience of any pool of mortgage loans or a prediction of the anticipated rate of prepayment of any pool of mortgage loans, including the Mortgage Loans underlying the GNMA Certificates backing the Certificates. See "—Yield Considerations" and "—Decrement Tables" herein and "Yield Considerations" and "Maturity and Prepayment Considerations and Risks" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

Yield Considerations

General. The yield to maturity for each Certificate will depend upon the purchase price thereof, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments resulting from liquidations of Mortgage Loans due to defaults, casualties or condemnations affecting the Mortgaged Properties) and the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans. There can be no assurance that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any of the rates assumed herein or at any other particular rate, that the pre-tax yields on the Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown herein or that the aggregate purchase prices of the Certificates will be as expected. An investor should purchase Certificates only after performing an analysis of such Certificates based upon the investor's own assumptions as to future rates of prepayment. It is not likely that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the indicated CPR levels until maturity or that all of such Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate.

The timing of changes in the rate of principal prepayments or, in the case of the A, B, C, V, Z and ZA Classes, in the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate of the GNMA Certificates, may significantly affect the actual yield to maturity to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments or the average Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate is consistent with the expectations of such investor. In general, the earlier the payment of principal of the Mortgage Loans or change in the level of the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate, the greater the effect on an investor's yield to maturity. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments or the level of the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate occurring at a rate or level higher (or lower) than the rate or level anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the issuance of the related Certificates will not be offset by a subsequent like reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments or the level of the Weighted Average Pass-Through Rate. For a description of the prepayment provisions of the Mortgage Loans, see Exhibit A hereto.

The effective yields on the interest bearing Classes will be reduced below the yields otherwise produced because principal and interest payable on a Distribution Date will not be distributed until the 17th day following the end of the related Interest Accrual Period and will not bear interest during such delay. No interest will be paid on any Class after its principal balance has been reduced to zero. As a result of the foregoing, the market values of the interest bearing Classes will be lower than would have been the case if there were no such delay. Investors must make their own decisions as to the appropriate assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, to be used in deciding whether to purchase the Certificates.

Prepayment Provisions. The rate of prepayment on the Mortgage Loans will depend on a variety of factors, including the characteristics of such Mortgage Loans, the level of prevailing interest rates or the assessment of prepayment premiums and other economic, geographic and social factors. See "Risk Factors—Prepayment Considerations and Risks" herein.

The table below indicates the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the Interest Only Class to various constant percentages of CPR. The yields set forth in the table were calculated by determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of such assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase price of such Class and converting such monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates. Such calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on the Certificates and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in the Certificates when such reinvestment rates are considered.

The Interest Only Class. As indicated in the tables below, the yield to investors in the Interest Only Class will be highly sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including principal prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans. Subject to certain restrictions, the Mortgage Loans may be prepaid prior to their stated maturities. See "Description of the Mortgage Pools" herein.

On the basis of the assumptions described below including the assumption that no prepayment penalties are received, the yield to maturity on the Interest Only Class would be 0% if prepayments were to occur at a constant rate of approximately 39% CPR, assuming no prepayment through the applicable lockout end dates. If the actual prepayment rate of the Mortgage Loans was to exceed the foregoing level for as little as one month while equaling such level for the remaining months, investors in such Class would not fully recoup their initial investment. There can be no assurance that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any of the rates assumed herein or at any other particular rate, that the pre-tax yields on the Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown herein or that the aggregate purchase price of the N Class will be as assumed below.

The information set forth in the following table was prepared on (i) the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and (ii) the assumption that the aggregate purchase price of the Interest Only Class (expressed as a percentage of original principal balance) will be as follows:

Class	Price*
N	2.65625%

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to such price in calculating the yields set forth in the table below.

Sensitivity of the N Class to Prepayments

				Lock	out*		
			CPR P	repayme	nt Assumpt	ion	
	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	13.1%	8.4%	4.7%	0.8%	(0.2)%	(1.8)%	(7.7)%

			Extend	ed Protec	ction*									
	CPR Prepayment Assumption													
	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%							
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	13.1%	10.9%	9.4%	7.9%	7.6%	7.0%	4.8%							

[&]quot;Lockout" assumes no prepayment through the applicable lockout end dates and "Extended Protection" assumes no prepayment through any applicable prepayment penalty end dates.

A portion of any prepayment penalties actually received will be allocated to the N Class and will increase the yield on such Class. However, any such allocation may be insufficient to offset fully the adverse effects on the anticipated yield arising out of the corresponding principal prepayment.

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by (a) multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of such Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date, (b) summing the results and (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of such Certificate referred to in clause (a). For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see "Maturity and Prepayment Considerations and Risks—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Dates" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

The weighted average lives of the Certificates will depend, in varying degrees, on the rate of payment of principal of the related Mortgage Loans (including the timing of changes in such rate) which, in turn will depend on the characteristics of such Mortgage Loans, the level of prevailing interest rates or the assessment of prepayment penalties and other economic, geographic and social factors.

The interaction of the foregoing factors may have an effect on the Certificates at different times during the lives of the Certificates. Accordingly, no assurance can be given as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the price of a Certificate represents a discount or premium to its respective original principal balance, any variability in the weighted average life of a Certificate in combination with such discount or premium could result in variability in its yield to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average life of a Certificate may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of the original principal balances or notional principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each of the dates shown at the *constant* percentages of CPR and the corresponding weighted average lives of such Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. It is unlikely, however, that prepayments of the Mortgage Loans will conform to any level of CPR, and no representation is made that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the CPRs shown or at any other constant prepayment rate.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding for the A Class

						CPR	Prepay	ment Assu	mption					
	Lockout††									Extend	led Pro	ection	†	
Date	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 1998	88	82	75	64	60	52	0	88	88	88	88	88	88	88
June 1999	76	48	21	0	0	0	0	76	76	76	76	76	76	76
June 2000	62	14	0	0	0	0	0	62	62	62	62	62	62	62
June 2001	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	47	47	47	47	47	47
June 2002	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	30	29	28	27	26	0
June 2003	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	5	0	0	0	0	0
June 2004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2007	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2035	-	-	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	0	0		
June 2036 June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	U	U	U	U	U	0	U	Ü	U	U	U	U	0	U
Life (years)**	3.7	1.9	1 /	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.5	3.7	3.6	26	2 5	2 5	3.5	2.2
Line (years)	0.1	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.5	5.7	0.0	3.6	3.5	3.5	6.6	3.3

^{**} Determined as specified under "Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" herein.

^{†† &}quot;Lockout" assumes no prepayment through the applicable lockout end dates and "Extended Protection" assumes no prepayment through any applicable prepayment penalty end dates.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding for the B Class

CPR	Prepayment Assumption	m

			Т	ockout	++	0110	Тториј	ment 11550		Extend	ed Prot	ection	++	
Date	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 1998	100	100	100	100	100	100	67	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 1999	100	100	100	95	91	84	56	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2000	100	100	92	77	73	65	50	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2001	100	95	79	64	60	54	46	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2002	100	78	53	25	18	3	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	97
June 2003	100	36	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	99	95	93	90	31
June 2004	99	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	89	79	65	61	53	21
June 2005	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	70	55	37	32	23	2
June 2006	69	0	0	0	0	0	0	69	44	25	5	0	0	0
June 2007	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	10	0	0	0	0	0
June 2008	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2009	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2019	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	0	0	Ō	0	0	Õ	Õ	0
June 2020	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	0	0	Ō	0	0	Õ	Õ	0
June 2021	Õ	0	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0
June 2022	ŏ	Õ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	Ö	ő	Ö	Ő	ŏ	Ŏ	Ŏ
June 2023	ŏ	Õ	Ŏ	Õ	Ŏ	ŏ	ő	Ö	Ő	Ö	Ő	ŏ	Ŏ	Ö
June 2024	Õ	Ő	Ő	ő	Ö	Ö	Ő	0	Ö	Ö	Ő	Ő	Õ	Õ
June 2025	ŏ	ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	0	ő	ő	ŏ	ő	ő	ő	ŏ
June 2026	ŏ	ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	0	ő	ő	ŏ	ő	ő	ő	ŏ
June 2027	ő	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ő	0	0	0	0
June 2028	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	0	0	0	0	ő	0	ő	0	ő
June 2029	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	0	0	0	0	ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ	0
June 2030	0	0	ő	0	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2034 June 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	-							-			-	-	-	
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2037	U	U	0	0	0	U	U	Ü	U	U	U	U	U	U
Weighted Average	0.0	F C	4 77	4.1	2.0	9.77	0.7	0.0	0.0	0 1	7 5	77.4	7.0	CO
Life (years)**	9.9	5.6	4.7	4.1	3.9	3.7	2.7	9.9	8.6	8.1	7.5	7.4	7.2	6.2

^{**} Determined as specified under "Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" herein.

†† "Lockout" assumes no prepayment through the applicable lockout end dates and "Extended Protection" assumes no prepayment through any applicable prepayment penalty end dates.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding for the C Class

CPR	Prepayment Assumpti	οn

			I	Lockout	††		1 Topay	ment Hssu		Extend	led Prot	tection '	††	
Date	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 1998	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 1999	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2001	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2002	100	100	100	100	100	100	6	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2003	100	100	93	70	63	51	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2004	100	99	73	44	36	24	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2005	100	85	55	25	18	8	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2006	100	71	37	9	3	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	97	92
June 2007	100	56	21	0	0	0	0	100	100	93	81	78	72	0
June 2008	100	39	0	0	0	0	0	100	80	56	26	17	1	0
June 2009	100	22	0	0	0	0	0	100	59	26	0	0	0	0
June 2010	94	6	0	0	0	0	0	94	39	1	0	0	0	0
June 2011	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	85	21	0	0	0	0	0
June 2012	76	0	0	0	0	0	0	76	3	0	0	0	0	0
June 2013	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	65	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2014	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	55	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2015	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2016	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2017	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2018	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	17.0	10.0	0.0	7.0	C 7	0.0	4.0	17.0	10.5	11.0	10.0	10.4	10.0	0.7
Life (years)**	17.2	10.3	8.3	7.0	6.7	6.3	4.9	17.2	12.5	11.3	10.6	10.4	10.2	9.7

^{**} Determined as specified under "Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" herein.

†† "Lockout" assumes no prepayment through the applicable lockout end dates and "Extended Protection" assumes no prepayment through any applicable prepayment penalty end dates.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding for the V Class

CPR Prepayment Assumption

						CFI	Гтерау	ment Asst		T . 1	1.0			
				ockout	• •						ed Prot			
Date	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 1998	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
June 1999	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
June 2000	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66
June 2001	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
June 2002	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
June 2003	24	24	24	24	24	24	13	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
June 2004	-8	-8	-8	7	7	7	0	-8	-8	-8	-8	-8	-8	-8
June 2005	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
June 2006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2007	Ō	0	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	0	0	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	0
June 2008	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	0
June 2009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0
June 2010	Ō	0	Õ	0	Õ	Ō	0	0	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	0
June 2011	Ō	0	Õ	0	Õ	Ō	0	0	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	0
June 2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0
June 2013	Ŏ	Õ	Ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	ő	Ö	ő	ő	Ő	ŏ	Ŏ	Ö
June 2014	Ō	0	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	0	0	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	0
June 2015	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	Ō	0
June 2016	Ŏ	Õ	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	Ö	Ö	ő	Ő	ŏ	Ŏ	Ö
June 2017	Ō	0	Õ	0	Õ	Ō	0	0	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	0
June 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0
June 2019	Ō	0	Õ	0	Õ	Ō	0	0	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	0
June 2020	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō
June 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2025	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō
June 2026	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō
June 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2028	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō
June 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2034	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō
June 2035	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō
June 2036	Ö	Ö	ő	ő	Ö	Ö	ő	0	ő	ő	Ő	Ö	Ö	Õ
June 2037	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	ő	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Weighted Average	-							· ·		,				-
Life (years)**	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
							0.0							

^{**} Determined as specified under "Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" herein.

†† "Lockout" assumes no prepayment through the applicable lockout end dates and "Extended Protection" assumes no prepayment through any applicable prepayment penalty end dates.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding for the Z Class

CPR	Prepayment A	ssumntion

			I	ockout	††	01 10	Тторау	Extended Protection††							
Date	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%	
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
June 1998	107	$\frac{100}{107}$	$\frac{100}{107}$	$\frac{100}{107}$	$\frac{100}{107}$	100	$\frac{100}{107}$	100	$\frac{100}{107}$	$\frac{100}{107}$	$\frac{100}{107}$	$\frac{100}{107}$	100	$\frac{100}{107}$	
June 1998	$\frac{107}{115}$	107 115	$\frac{107}{115}$	$\frac{107}{115}$	115	115	116	115	$\frac{107}{115}$	107 115	$\frac{107}{115}$		115	$\frac{107}{115}$	
												115			
June 2000	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	
June 2001	133	133	133	133	133	133	134	133	133	133	133	133	133	133	
June 2002	143	143	143	143	143	143	144	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	
June 2003	154	154	154	154	154	154	155	154	154	154	154	154	154	154	
June 2004	165	165	166	166	166	166	160	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	
June 2005	178	178	178	178	178	178	149	178	178	178	178	178	178	178	
June 2006	191	191	191	192	192	166	121	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	
June 2007	205	205	206	172	144	109	0	205	205	205	205	205	205	0	
June 2008	220	221	217	53	22	0	0	220	220	221	221	221	221	0	
June 2009	237	237	130	0	0	0	0	237	237	237	175	120	29	0	
June 2010	254	255	58	0	0	0	0	254	255	255	46	0	0	0	
June 2011	273	226	0	0	0	0	0	273	274	156	0	0	0	0	
June 2012	294	165	0	0	0	0	0	294	294	71	0	0	0	0	
June 2013	316	108	0	0	0	0	0	316	236	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2014	339	54	0	0	0	0	0	339	166	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2015	364	3	0	0	0	0	0	364	102	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2016	391	0	0	0	0	0	0	391	41	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2017	420	0	0	0	0	0	0	420	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2018	452	0	0	0	0	0	0	452	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2019	408	0	0	0	0	0	0	408	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2020	348	0	0	0	0	0	0	348	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2021	283	0	0	0	0	0	0	283	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2022	214	0	0	0	0	0	0	214	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2023	138	0	0	0	0	0	0	138	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2024	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Weighted Average															
Life (years)**	24.7	15.6	12.3	10.6	10.3	10.0	9.3	24.7	17.3	14.4	12.5	12.1	11.5	10.0	

^{**} Determined as specified under "Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" herein.

†† "Lockout" assumes no prepayment through the applicable lockout end dates and "Extended Protection" assumes no prepayment through any applicable prepayment penalty end dates.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding for the ZA Class

CPR Prepayment Assumption

	Lockout††								Extended Protection††							
Date	0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%		0%	10%	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%	
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
June 1998	108	108	108	108	108	108	108		108	108	108	108	108	108	108	
June 1999	116	116	116	116	116	116	116		116	116	116	116	116	116	116	
June 2000	125	125	125	125	125	125	125		125	125	125	125	125	125	125	
June 2001	134	134	134	134	134	134	134		134	134	134	134	134	134	134	
June 2002	144	144	144	144	144	145	145		144	144	144	144	144	144	144	
June 2003	155	155	155	156	156	156	156		155	155	155	155	155	155	155	
June 2004	167	167	167	168	168	168	168		167	167	167	167	167	167	167	
June 2005	180	180	180	180	180	181	181		180	180	180	180	180	180	180	
June 2006	193	194	194	194	194	194	195		193	193	193	194	194	194	194	
June 2007	208	209	209	209	209	209	30		208	208	208	208	208	208	60	
June 2008	224	224	225	225	225	189	0		224	224	224	224	224	224	0	
June 2009	241	242	242	198	154	93	0		241	241	241	241	241	242	0	
June 2010	259	260	261	127	91	46	0		259	260	260	260	256	141	0	
June 2011	279	280	278	81	53	22	0		279	279	280	212	151	69	0	
June 2012	300	301	218	52	31	11	0		300	301	301	135	89	34	0	
June 2013	323	324	170	33	18	5	0		323	323	324	86	52	17	0	
June 2014	348	349	133	21	11	3	0		348	348	253	55	30	8	0	
June 2015	374	376	103	13	6	1	0		374	375	197	35	18	4	0	
June 2016	403	332	80	8	4	1	0		403	403	153	22	10	2	0	
June 2017	433	289	62	5	2	*	0		433	407	118	14	6	1	0	
June 2018	466	250	48	3	1	*	0		466	352	91	9	3	*	0	
June 2019	502	215	36	2	1	*	0		502	303	70	5	2	*	0	
June 2020	540	184	28	1	*	*	0		540	260	53	3	1	*	0	
June 2021	581	156	21	1	*	*	0		581	221	40	2	1	*	0	
June 2022	625	131	16	*	*	*	0		625	186	30	1	*	*	0	
June 2023	672	109	12	*	*	*	0		672	155	22	1	*	*	0	
June 2024	723	90	8	*	*	*	0		723	128	16	*	*	*	0	
June 2025	734	73	6	*	*	*	0		734	104	12	*	*	*	0	
June 2026	649	58	4	*	*	*	0		649	83	8	*	*	*	0	
June 2027	558	45	3	*	*	*	0		558	64	6	*	*	*	0	
June 2028	464	34	2	*	*	*	0		464	48	4	*	*	*	0	
June 2029	370	24	1	*	*	*	0		370	34	2	*	*	*	0	
June 2030	268	15	1	*	*	0	0		268	22	1	*	*	*	0	
June 2031	161	8	*	*	*	0	0		161	12	1	*	*	*	0	
June 2032	55	2	*	*	0	0	0		55	3	*	*	*	0	0	
June 2033	42	1	*	*	0	0	0		42	2	*	*	*	0	0	
June 2034	28	1	*	*	0	0	0		28	1	*	*	*	0	0	
June 2035	14	*	*	0	0	0	0		14	1	*	*	0	0	0	
June 2036	3	*	*	0	0	0	0		3	*	*	*	0	0	0	
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Weighted Average																
Life (years)**	31.9	23.9	17.9	13.8	13.1	12.2	10.0		31.9	25.1	19.8	15.7	14.9	13.6	10.0	

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under "Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" herein.

^{†† &}quot;Lockout" assumes no prepayment through the applicable lockout end dates and "Extended Protection" assumes no prepayment through any applicable prepayment penalty end dates.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding for the N† Class

CPR Prepayment Assumption

			т	ockout	++	CIII	Ттерау	ment Assu		Extend	ed Prot	oction		
Distri	0%	100				F007	1000	0.07						1000
Date	0%	$\frac{10\%}{}$	20%	35%	40%	50%	100%	0%	$\frac{10\%}{}$	20%	35%	40%	50%	$\underline{100\%}$
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 1998	101	100	100	99	99	99	89	101	101	101	101	101	101	101
June 1999	101	100	98	96	95	94	89	101	101	101	101	101	101	101
June 2000	102	99	97	94	93	92	89	102	102	102	102	102	102	102
June 2001	103	99	96	93	92	91	90	103	103	103	103	103	103	103
June 2002	103	97	93	87	86	83	28	103	103	103	103	103	103	101
June 2003	104	91	80	67	63	56	26	104	104	103	103	102	102	90
June 2004	105	86	71	54	49	42	27	105	103	101	99	98	96	90
June 2005	105	80	62	45	41	35	27	105	102	99	95	95	93	89
June 2006	104	74	54	37	34	30	25	104	99	96	92	91	89	86
June 2007	102	67	47	31	28	25	2	102	95	89	82	80	77	4
June 2008	101	60	37	20	17	12	0	101	84	70	53	47	38	0
June 2009	99	53	29	13	10	6	0	99	75	55	34	28	19	0
June 2010	98	47	23	8	6	3	0	98	66	44	22	17	9	0
June 2011	96	41	18	5	3	1	0	96	58	34	14	10	4	0
June 2012	94	37	14	3	2	1	0	94	51	27	9	6	2	0
June 2013	92	32	11	2	1	*	0	92	45	21	6	3	1	0
June 2014	89	28	9	1	1	*	0	89	40	16	4	2	1	0
June 2015	87	25	7	1	*	*	0	87	35	13	2	1	*	0
June 2016	84	22	5	1	*	*	0	84	30	10	1	1	*	0
June 2017	81	19	4	*	*	*	0	81	26	8	1	*	*	0
June 2018	78	16	3	*	*	*	0	78	23	6	1	*	*	0
June 2019	75	14	2	*	*	*	0	75	20	5	*	*	*	0
June 2020	71	12	2	*	*	*	0	71	17	3	*	*	*	0
June 2021	67	10	1	*	*	*	0	67	14	3	*	*	*	0
June 2022	63	9	1	*	*	*	0	63	12	2	*	*	*	0
June 2023	58	7	1	*	*	*	0	58	10	1	*	*	*	0
June 2024	53	6	1	*	*	*	0	53	8	1	*	*	*	0
June 2025	48	5	*	*	*	*	0	48	7	1	*	*	*	Ō
June 2026	42	4	*	*	*	*	Ō	42	5	$\bar{1}$	*	*	*	Ō
June 2027	36	3	*	*	*	*	0	36	4	*	*	*	*	0
June 2028	30	2	*	*	*	*	0	30	3	*	*	*	*	Ō
June 2029	24	$\bar{2}$	*	*	*	*	0	24	$\tilde{2}$	*	*	*	*	Ō
June 2030	$\overline{17}$	$\bar{1}$	*	*	*	0	0	17	1	*	*	*	*	0
June 2031	10	1	*	*	*	ŏ	ŏ	10	ī	*	*	*	*	Õ
June 2032	4	*	*	*	0	Ŏ	Ŏ	4	*	*	*	*	0	Õ
June 2033	3	*	*	*	Ö	Ö	Ő	3	*	*	*	*	Ö	Õ
June 2034	2	*	*	*	ő	ő	ő	2	*	*	*	*	ő	ő
June 2035	$\tilde{1}$	*	*	0	ő	ŏ	ő	$\bar{1}$	*	*	*	0	ő	ő
June 2036	*	*	*	0	ő	0	0	*	*	*	*	0	0	0
June 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	0	J	J	J	J	0	J	O	0	0	J	0	0	J
Life (years)**	25.6	13.9	10.1	8.1	7.7	7.2	5.6	25.6	16.5	13.3	11.5	11.1	10.6	9.2
Life (years)	40.0	10.0	10.1	0.1	1.1	1.4	0.0	20.0	10.0	10.0	11.0	11.1	10.0	0.2

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under "Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" herein.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance

^{†† &}quot;Lockout" assumes no prepayment through the applicable lockout end dates and "Extended Protection" assumes no prepayment through any applicable prepayment penalty end dates.

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. The Holder of the R Class will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the remaining assets of the Trust, if any, after the principal balances of all Classes have been reduced to zero, and the Holder of the RL Class will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, if any, after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Interests have been reduced to zero. It is not anticipated that there will be any material assets remaining in either such circumstance.

The R and RL Classes will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. No transfer of record or beneficial ownership of an R or RL Certificate will be allowed to a "disqualified organization." In addition, no transfer of record or beneficial ownership of an R or RL Certificate will be allowed to any person that is not a "U.S. Person" without the written consent of Fannie Mae. Under regulations issued by the Treasury Department on December 23, 1992 (the "Regulations"), a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" to a U.S. Person will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R Class and the RL Class will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Any transferee of an R or RL Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See "Description of the Certificates—Additional Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. Transferors of an R or RL Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Lower Tier REMIC. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, Fannie Mae will be obligated to provide to such Holders (i) such information as is necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R Class or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

DESCRIPTION OF THE GNMA CERTIFICATES AND THE MORTGAGE LOANS

General

The Government National Mortgage Association is a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States within the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Section 306(g) of Title III of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended (the "Housing Act"), authorizes GNMA to guarantee the timely payment of the principal of, and interest on, certificates that are based on and backed by a pool of mortgage loans insured by the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") under the Housing Act or Title V of the Housing Act of 1949, or partially guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs under the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, or Chapter 37 of Title 38, United States Code.

Section 306(g) of the Housing Act provides that "the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged to the payment of all amounts which may be required to be paid under any guaranty under this subsection." To meet its obligations under such guaranties, GNMA is authorized, under Section 306(d) of the Housing Act, to borrow from the United States Treasury with no limitations as to amount.

Each GNMA Certificate will be a "fully modified pass-through" mortgage-backed security issued and serviced by a mortgage banking company or other financial concern approved by GNMA as a seller-servicer of loans insured by the FHA.

It is expected that 52 Mortgage Loans will underlie the GNMA Certificates. The Mortgage Loans are expected to have an aggregate balance of approximately \$216,608,590 (subject to a permitted variance of plus or minus 5%) as of the Issue Date, after giving effect to all payments of principal due on or before that date. The Mortgage Loans are fixed-rate and generally are level-pay and fully amortizing. Each Mortgage Loan is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust or deed to secure debt that creates a first lien on the applicable borrower's fee simple estate in a multifamily property consisting of five or more dwelling units (a "Mortgaged Property").

Following the issuance of the Certificates, Fannie Mae will prepare a Final Data Statement setting forth, among other information, the unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying the GNMA Certificates as of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement will not accompany this Prospectus but will be made available by Fannie Mae. To request the Final Data Statement, telephone Fannie Mae at 1-800-BEST-MBS or 202-752-6547. The contents of the Final Data Statement and other data specific to the Certificates are available in electronic form by calling Fannie Mae at 1-800-752-6440 or 202-752-6000.

FHA Insurance Programs

FHA multifamily insurance programs generally are designed to assist private and public mortgagors in obtaining insured financing for the construction, purchase or rehabilitation of rental housing pursuant to the Housing Act. Mortgages are provided by FHA-approved institutions, which include mortgage bankers, commercial banks, savings and loan associations, trust companies, insurance companies, pension funds, state and local housing finance agencies and certain other approved entities.

Mortgages for multifamily projects must not exceed either the statutory dollar amount or loan ratio limitations established by the particular section of the Housing Act under which the mortgage is being insured, except that the FHA may increase the dollar amount limitations by up to 110 percent in certain high cost areas and by up to 140 percent on a project-by-project basis. References herein to estimated values and costs associated with maximum mortgage amounts represent estimates made by the FHA.

Mortgages insured under the programs described below will have such maturities and amortization features as the FHA may approve, provided that generally the minimum mortgage term will be at least ten years and the maximum mortgage term will not exceed the lesser of 40 years and 75 percent of the estimated remaining economic life of the improvements on the mortgaged property.

Tenant eligibility for FHA-insured projects generally is not restricted by income, except for projects as to which rental subsidies are made available with respect to some or all of the units therein or to specified tenants.

The following is a summary of the various FHA insurance programs under which the Mortgage Loans are insured.

Section 221(d)(4) (Low and Moderate Income Multifamily Housing Mortgage Insurance)

Section 221(d)(4) of the Housing Act provides for mortgage insurance to assist private industry in the construction or substantial rehabilitation of rental and cooperative housing for low- and moderate-income families and families that have been displaced as a result of urban renewal, governmental actions or disaster.

The maximum mortgage amounts under Section 221(d)(4) are as follows: (i) the maximum per dwelling unit amount; (ii) in the case of new construction, 90 percent of the estimated replacement cost of the property or project with improvements; (iii) in the case of repair or rehabilitation, 90 percent of the sum of the estimated cost of the repair or rehabilitation of the project plus the estimated value of the property before repair or rehabilitation; (iv) if the mortgage involves financing of the purchase of property that has been rehabilitated by a local public agency with federal assistance

pursuant to Section 110(c)(8) of the Housing Act of 1949, the lesser of 90 percent of the appraised value of the property at the time the mortgage is approved for insurance and 90 percent of the actual cost of acquisition.

Section 223(a)(7) (Refinancing of FHA-Insured Mortgages)

Section 223(a)(7) permits the FHA to refinance existing mortgage loans under any section or title of the Housing Act. Such refinancing results in prepayment of the existing insured mortgage. The principal amount of the new, refinanced mortgage loan generally is limited to the lesser of the original principal amount of the existing mortgage loan and the unpaid balance of the existing mortgage loan. The maximum amount for loans previously refinanced under Section 223(f) (described below) is based on the amount that can be amortized by 90 percent of the project's net operating income, which amount can be increased to 95 percent if the borrower is a nonprofit organization.

The term of a new mortgage loan insured under Section 223(a) (7) may not exceed the unexpired term of the existing mortgage loan, except that it may have a term of up to twelve years in excess of the unexpired term of the existing mortgage loan if the FHA determines that such extended term will inure to the benefit of the insurance fund under which the mortgage loan is insured, taking into consideration the outstanding insurance liability under the existing insured loan and the remaining economic life of the related property.

Section 223(f) (Purchase or Refinancing of Existing Projects)

Section 223(f) provides for federal insurance of mortgage loans originated by FHA-approved lenders in connection with the purchase or refinancing of existing multifamily housing complexes that do not require substantial rehabilitation. The principal objective of the Section 223(f) program is to permit the refinancing of mortgages to provide for a lower debt service in order to preserve an adequate supply of affordable rental housing. Such projects may have been financed originally with conventional or FHA-insured mortgages.

To be eligible for insurance under Section 223(f), a project must have rental income sufficient to pay operating expenses and annual debt service, and must have a reserve fund for replacements or provide an operating deficit fund on terms approved by the FHA. The cost of repairs, replacements and improvements may not exceed the greater of 15 percent of the property's value after the improvements and \$6,500 per dwelling unit (adjusted for high-cost areas); and no more than one major building component may be replaced. The project must have been completed at least three years prior to the application for mortgage insurance, and its remaining economic life must be at least ten years.

If the project is to be acquired by the mortgagor and financed in part with the insured mortgage, the maximum mortgage loan amount under Section 223(f) is 85 percent of the cost of acquisition as determined by the FHA (90 percent of such amount for a cooperative multifamily project and for projects financed with state or local assistance or located in older, declining urban areas that meet certain eligibility requirements). If, on the other hand, the property is to be refinanced without a change in ownership, then the maximum mortgage loan amount may not exceed: (a) for rental projects, the greater of 70 percent of the estimated value of the property and the cost of refinancing the existing indebtedness and (b) for cooperative projects, the cost of refinancing the existing indebtedness. In addition to the above limitations, a mortgage loan insured under Section 223(f) may not have a principal amount in excess of the lesser of 85 percent of the estimated value of the project and the statutory per dwelling unit amount.

Secondary financing on multifamily housing projects is permissible under Section 223(f). The secondary debt may be secured by a second lien on the related project and cannot mature prior to the maturity date of the original mortgage loan, but may be prepaid out of surplus cash from operations of the project. If a loan is made to finance the purchase of an existing project, the second mortgage loan

may not exceed 7.5 percent of the lesser of the estimated value of the project and the cost of acquisition. In the case of secondary financing used to refinance an existing project, the second mortgage may not exceed the lesser of 7.5 percent of the estimated value of the project and 50 percent of the difference between the cost of refinancing the project and the maximum mortgage loan amount determined by the FHA.

Section 232/223(f) (Mortgage Insurance for Nursing Homes and Other Care Facilities)

Section 232 provides for federal insurance of private construction mortgage loans to finance new or rehabilitated nursing homes, intermediate care facilities, board and care homes, assisted living for the frail elderly or allowable combinations thereof, including equipment to be used in their operation. Section 232 also provides for supplemental loans to finance the purchase and installation of fire safety equipment in these facilities. However, these loans are governed by different restrictions and limitations than those set forth below for the actual facilities.

The maximum mortgage amount that is insurable under Section 232 for new construction and substantial rehabilitation is, for profit-motivated mortgagors, 90 percent of the estimated value of the project, including the equipment to be used in the operation, when the proposed improvements are completed and the equipment is installed, and 95 percent of such value for private nonprofit mortgagors.

A mortgage executed in connection with the purchase or refinancing of existing projects under Section 232 pursuant to Section 223(f) of the Housing Act must have a principal amount no greater than 85 percent for a profit-motivated mortgagor (90 percent for a private nonprofit mortgagor) of the estimated value of the project, including major equipment and any repairs and improvements. Such mortgage also may not exceed the amount that could be amortized by 85 percent for profit-motivated mortgagors (90 percent for nonprofit) of the net projected project income available for payment of debt service. If the project is to be refinanced by the insured mortgage without a change in ownership, the maximum mortgage may not exceed the cost to refinance the existing indebtedness, as determined by the FHA. If the mortgage insured pursuant to Section 223(f) is to be used in part to finance the acquisition of the project by the mortgagor, in addition to the above-mentioned limits, the maximum loan amount is 85 percent of the cost of acquisition for profit-motivated mortgagors and 90 percent for nonprofit mortgagors.

Section 241(f) (Supplemental Financing and Equity Take Out Loans)

Section 241 provides for FHA insurance to finance property improvements, energy-conserving improvements or additions to any FHA-insured multifamily loan. Pursuant to legislation enacted in 1987, Section 241(f) provides, as a specific element of a "plan of action" approved by the FHA, insurance for second mortgage financing and for loans to facilitate the take out of accumulated equity. The overall purpose of the Section 241 loan program is to provide a project with a means to remain competitive, extend its economic life and finance the replacement of obsolete equipment without the refinancing of the existing mortgage.

Supplemental loans that are insured under Section 241 may be in an amount of up to 90 percent of the value of improvements, additions or equipment financed by the loan; provided that such amount, when added to any outstanding balance of the mortgage covering the project, may not exceed the maximum mortgage amount insurable under the section or title pursuant to which the mortgage covering such project is insured. For supplemental loans relating to the purchase and installation of energy conserving improvements on a property not previously insured by the FHA, the maximum insurable amount is the least of (a) the cost of the improvements, (b) an amount which can be supported by residual income, as determined by FHA, and (c) an amount which when added to the existing indebtedness does not exceed the estimate of the value of the project after installation of the energy-conserving improvements.

An equity loan insured under Section 241(f) may not exceed 90 percent of the owner's equity in the project, nor may it exceed an amount which, when added to the existing indebtedness on the property, can be supported by 90 percent of the projected net operating income of the project. An equity loan made to an owner who agrees to extend the low-income affordability restrictions on the related housing pursuant to a plan of action may not exceed an amount equal to the amount of rehabilitation costs required by the plan and the lesser of (i) 70 percent of the preservation equity in the project and (ii) an amount determined to be supported by the project on the basis of an eight percent return on the extension preservation equity, assuming normal debt service coverages. Such an equity loan must also provide for the lender to deposit ten percent of the loan in an escrow account for five years.

An acquisition loan insured under Section 241(f) may not exceed the amount of rehabilitation costs as determined under an approved plan of action and related charges, plus 95 percent of the transfer preservation equity of the project. If the purchaser is a qualified priority purchaser as defined under FHA regulations, the loan may include any expenses associated with obtaining the loan implementing the plan of action, as approved by the FHA. Acquisition loans have a term of 40 years.

Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans

Lockouts. Except as described below, most of the Mortgage Loans have provisions that prohibit voluntary prepayment for a number of years following origination ("lockout provisions"). Such lockout periods have remaining lockout terms that range from approximately 0 to 120 months and with a weighted average remaining lockout term of approximately 67 months. In the case of mortgage loans insured under Section 232, full or partial prepayments by nonprofit mortgagors cannot be effected without prior written consent from the FHA. The enforceability of these lockout provisions under certain state laws is unclear.

Mortgage Prepayment Penalties. Certain of the Mortgage Loans have a period (a "prepayment penalty period") during which voluntary and involuntary prepayments (except for prepayments resulting from condemnation or casualty losses) must be accompanied by a mortgage prepayment penalty equal to a specified percentage of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan being prepaid. The prepayment penalty period extends beyond the termination of the lockout provision. Exhibit A to this Prospectus Supplement sets forth, for each Mortgage Loan, a description of the related mortgage prepayment penalty and the period during which the mortgage prepayment penalty applies as well as the last month of any applicable lockout provision.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Mortgage Loans must include a provision which allows the FHA to override any lockout and/or prepayment penalty provisions when the Mortgage Loan is in default if the FHA determines that it is in the best interest of the federal government to allow the mortgagor to refinance or partially prepay the Mortgage Loan without restrictions or penalties and thereby avoid or mitigate an FHA insurance claim.

Coinsurance. Certain of the Mortgage Loans may be federally insured under FHA coinsurance programs that provide for the retention by the mortgage lender of a portion of the mortgage insurance risk that otherwise would be assumed by FHA under the applicable FHA insurance program. As part of such coinsurance programs, FHA delegates to mortgage lenders approved by FHA for participation in such coinsurance programs certain underwriting functions generally performed by FHA. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that such mortgage loans were underwritten in conformity with FHA underwriting guidelines applicable to mortgage loans that were solely federally insured or that the default risk with respect to coinsured mortgage loans is comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans generally. As a result, there can be no assurance as to the likelihood of future default or as to the rate of prepayment on the coinsured Mortgage Loans underlying the GNMA Certificates.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus, describes the current federal income tax treatment of investors in the Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules. Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Certificates.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

Elections will be made to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. Arnold & Porter, special tax counsel to Fannie Mae, will deliver its opinion to Fannie Mae that, assuming compliance with the Trust Agreement, the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the "regular interests," and the R Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the "regular interests," and the RL Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the Lower Tier REMIC.

As a consequence of the qualification of the Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC as REMICs, the Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. The Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996 repeals the bad debt reserve method of accounting for mutual savings banks and domestic building and loan associations for tax years beginning after December 31, 1995. As a result, section 593(d) of the Code is no longer applicable to treat the Certificates as "qualifying real property loans." See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Special Tax Attributes" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional, Accrual and Weighted Average Coupon Classes will be issued with original issue discount for federal income tax purposes, which generally will result in recognition of some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to such income. The Prepayment Assumption that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of original issue discount is described below. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Original Issue Discount" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the GNMA Certificates will prepay at that or any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Life" herein and "Maturity and Prepayment Considerations and Risks—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Dates" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes pay interest based on a weighted average of the interest rates on the GNMA Certificates and will not qualify as "variable rate debt instruments" under the OID Regulations. Fannie Mae intends to treat all interest payments on such Classes as included in the stated redemption price at maturity of each such Class. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Original Issue Discount" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumption will be applied on a loan-by-loan basis. The Prepayment Assumption that will be used for the Mortgage Loans will be 0% CPR until the prepayment penalty end date for each such Mortgage Loan and 35% CPR thereafter. The prepayment penalty end dates for the Mortgage Loans are provided on Exhibit A herein. Because the prepayment penalty end date for each Mortgage Loan is not the same, during the period beginning on the earliest prepayment penalty end date of the Mortgage Loans and ending on the last prepayment penalty end date of the Mortgage

Loans, the effective Prepayment Assumption will increase, from 0% CPR to 35% CPR, in proportion to the percentage of Mortgage Loan prepayment penalty end dates that have passed. Such increase in the effective Prepayment Assumption will result in an acceleration in the rate of accrual of original issue discount with respect to the Certificates as each Mortgage Loan reaches its prepayment penalty end date.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

Under the Regulations, neither the R nor the RL Class will have significant value. Special rules regarding the treatment of "excess inclusions" by certain thrift institutions no longer apply because of the amendment of sections 593 and 860E of the Code by the Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—*Excess Inclusions*" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus.

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 8.30% (which is 120% of the "federal long-term rate"). See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Excess Inclusions" and "—Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates" in the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus. The federal income tax consequences of any consideration paid to a transferee on the transfer of an R or RL Certificate are unclear; any transferee receiving such consideration should consult its own tax advisors.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The Dealer will receive the Certificates in exchange for the GNMA Certificates pursuant to a Fannie Mae commitment. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect such transactions to or through dealers.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Fannie Mae by Brown & Wood, LLP; and an opinion with respect to certain tax matters will be delivered to Fannie Mae by Arnold & Porter. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Dealer by Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton.

GNMA Certificates and Mortgage Loans

GNMA Pool Number	FHA Program†	City	State	Approximate Principal Balance as of Issue Date		GNMA Certificate Interest Rate	Maturity Date	GNMA Original Term to Maturity (mos.)	GNMA Remaining Term to Maturity (mos.)	GNMA Certificate Age (mos.)	GNMA Issue Date	Lockout End Date*	Prepayment Penalty End Date*	Lockout / Prepayment Penalty Code**	Remaining Lockout Term	Remaining Prepayment Penalty Term
342923 2	223(f)	Downer's Grove	IL	\$ 10,098,167	7.250%	7.000%	June 2028	421	372	49	May 1993	April 1998	April 2003	2	10	70
421039 2	221(d)4	Inver Grove	MN	7,450,403	7.625	7.370	July 2036	472	469	3	March 1997	July 2001	July 2006	2	49	109
	223(f)	Greenville	SC	2,053,540	7.700	7.375	March 2032	420	417	3	March 1997	March 2002	March 2007	2	57	117
372761 2		Houston	TX	2,748,063	7.625	7.375	April 2032	420	418	2	April 1997	March 2007	March 2007	1	117	117
351001 2		Rochester	NY	2,046,758	7.750	7.500	July 2028	420	373	47	July 1993	June 1998	June 2003	2	12	72
419452 2		Spring Lake	NC	3,668,688	7.875	7.500	April 2032	421	418	3	March 1997	March 2002	March 2007	2	57	117
443162 2 395930 2	223(f)	Burnsville Cedar City	MN UT	2,380,584 908,277	7.750 7.915	7.500 7.500	April 2032 March 2032	$\frac{420}{420}$	418 417	2	April 1997 March 1997	April 2007 February 2002	April 2007 February 2007	1 2	118 56	118 116
414390 2		Omaha	NB	3,147,071	7.750	7.500	April 2032	420	417	2	April 1997	March 2002	March 2007	2	56 57	117
372760 2		Natchitoches	LA	864,220	7.875	7.500	April 2032	420	418	2	April 1997	March 2002	March 2007	2	57	117
421047 2		Boulder	CO	1,227,931	7.750	7.500	May 2032	420	419	1	May 1997	May 2007	May 2007	1	119	119
		Belcamp	MD	4,560,100	7.750	7.500	June 2032	421	420	1	May 1997	May 2002	May 2007	2	59	119
451627 2	223(f)	Lexington	KY	2,606,400	7.750	7.500	June 2032	421	420	1	May 1997	June 2002	June 2007	2	60	120
428645 2	223(f)	Cypress	CA	6,465,269	7.950	7.550	April 2032	419	418	1	May 1997	March 2007	March 2007	1	117	117
421034 2		Chelsea	MA	1,998,250	8.000	7.625	April 2032	420	418	2	April 1997	_	April 2002	4	0	58
421045 2		Milwaukee	WI	3,260,669	8.125	7.625	January 2025	333	331	2	April 1997	May 2002	November 2004	5	59	89
428647 2		San Diego	CA	2,676,368	8.125	7.625	May 2032	420	419	1	May 1997	April 2007	April 2007	1	118	118
428648 2		San Diego	CA	2,912,168	8.125	7.625	May 2032	420	419	1	May 1997	April 2007	April 2007	1	118	118
428649 2 425691 2		San Diego Horsham	CA PA	743,386 25,954,000	8.125 7.900	7.625 7.650	May 2032 May 2032	$\frac{420}{420}$	419 419	1 1	May 1997 May 1997	April 2007 May 2002	April 2007 May 2007	2	118 59	118 119
419449 2		Norfolk	VA	899,003	7.950	7.700	April 2032	420	419	3	March 1997	March 2002	March 2007	2	59 57	117
421041 2		Ventura	CA	13,636,553	8.000	7.700	May 2032	421	419	2	April 1997	May 2002	May 2007	2	59	119
443454 2		Kokomo	IN	1,276,722	8.125	7.750	April 2027	360	358	2	April 1997	March 2002	March 2007	2	57	117
383391 2		West Seneca	NY	4,825,775	8.000	7.750	April 2032	420	418	2	April 1997	March 2002	March 2007	2	57	117
	232/223(f)	Mesa	AZ	1,823,797	8.000	7.750	April 2027	361	358	3	March 1997	February 2007	February 2007	1	116	116
441350 2		Bloomington	MN	762,971	8.000	7.750	April 2027	360	358	2	April 1997	April 2002	April 2007	2	58	118
441351 2		Bloomington	MN	763,071	8.000	7.750	April 2027	360	358	2	April 1997	April 2002	April 2007	2	58	118
416706 2		Rapid City	SD	9,090,185	8.000	7.750	November 2036	475	473	2	April 1997	November 2001		2	53	113
430571 2		Golden Valley	MN	1,550,000	8.150	7.750	June 2027	361	360	1	May 1997	June 2002	June 2007	2	60	120
428651 2		San Antonio	TX	10,918,538	8.000	7.750	May 2032	420	419	1	May 1997	May 2007	May 2007	$\frac{1}{2}$	119	119
436973 2 428650 2		Baltimore San Antonio	MD TX	4,014,449 6,032,369	8.000 8.000	7.750 7.750	May 2032 May 2032	$\frac{420}{420}$	419 419	1 1	May 1997 May 1997	April 2002 May 2007	April 2007 May 2007	1	58 119	118 119
419456 2		Norfolk	VA	1,229,164	8.000	7.750	May 2032	420	419	1	May 1997	April 2002	April 2007	2	58	118
442568 2		Zion	IL	3,131,000	8.000	7.750	June 2032	421	420	1	May 1997	May 2002	May 2007	2	59	119
442569 2		Zion	IL	5,185,000	8.000	7.750	June 2032	421	420	1	May 1997	May 2002	May 2007	2	59	119
421030 2		Warren	RI	1,958,037	8.375	7.875	April 2032	420	418	2	April 1997	_	April 2002	4	0	58
442563 2	223(f)	Jacksonville	FL	1,800,471	8.125	7.875	April 2032	421	418	3	March 1997	April 2002	April 2007	2	58	118
383392 2		Hamburg	NY	4,581,110	8.125	7.875	April 2032	420	418	2	April 1997	March 2002	March 2007	2	57	117
427640 2		New York	NY	786,517	8.125	7.875	November 2020	297	281	16	February 1996	January 1999	January 2002	3	19	55
	232/223(f)	North Augusta	SC	4,059,600	8.250	7.875	June 2032	421	420	1	May 1997	June 2007	June 2007	1	120	120
430567 2	232/223(f)	Okeechobee Baldwin Park	$_{\mathrm{CA}}^{\mathrm{FL}}$	7,882,666 2,667,600	8.125 8.250	7.875 7.900	May 2032 June 2032	$\frac{421}{421}$	419 420	2 1	April 1997 May 1997	April 2002 May 2007	April 2007 May 2007	2	58 119	118 119
428652 2		Ramona	CA	4,054,200	8.250 8.250	8.000	June 2032 June 2032	421	420	1	May 1997 May 1997	May 2007 May 2007	May 2007	1	119	119
340316 2		Chicago	IL	4,905,751	8.830	8.580	July 2024	369	325	44	October 1993	May 2003	May 2003	1	71	71
406877 2		Sioux City	IA	8,013,678	7.000	6.750	July 2035	479	457	22	August 1995	April 1998	April 2003	2	10	70
	232/223(f)	Sunnyvale	CA	2,101,383	8.050	7.750	April 2032	420	418	2	April 1997	April 2007	April 2007	1	118	118
436966 2		Lawrence	MA	1,385,280	7.875	7.625	February 2032	421	416	5	January 1997	January 2007	January 2007	1	115	115
451629 2		Doraville	GA	13,578,800	7.750	7.500	June 2032	421	420	1	May 1997	May 2002	May 2007	2	59	119
409817 2	223(f)	Middletown	NY	3,533,352	7.800	7.550	September 2030	421	399	22	August 1995	August 2005	August 2005	1	98	98
396633 2		Baltimore	MD	999,456	8.000	7.750	October 2029	421	388	33	September 1994	August 1999	August 2002	3	26	62
413906 2		Council Bluffs	IA	1,086,964	8.250	7.875	July 2035	480	457	23	July 1995	July 2001	July 2006	2	49	109
429453 2		Douglas	AK	304,815	8.500	8.250	May 2027	360	359	_1	May 1997	April 2002	April 2007	2	58	118
	Weighted erage			\$216,608,590	7.906%	7.623%		422	416	7					67	110
	3			, ,				=	=	=					=	=

(footnotes on following page)

(footnotes for previous page)

- † Certain of the units included in the Mortgaged Properties may receive project-based Section 8 rent subsidies from HUD.
- * Calculated based on publicly available information. Lockout End Dates and Prepayment Penalty End Dates may be earlier in certain cases. As described herein, the FHA may override any lockout and/or prepayment penalty provision when the related mortgage loan is in default if the FHA determines that it is in the best interest of the federal government to permit a refinancing or partial prepayment without restrictions or penalties.
- ** Lockout/Prepayment Penalty Codes:
 - (1) Lockout through the lockout end date; thereafter no prepayment penalty is imposed.
 - (2) Lockout through the lockout end date; thereafter prepayment penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the lockout end date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually.
 - (3) Lockout through the lockout end date; thereafter prepayment penalty of 3% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the lockout end date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually.
 - (4) Prepayment penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the GNMA Issue Date specified above, declining thereafter by 1% annually.
- (5) Lockout through the lockout end date; thereafter prepayment penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount through the related Prepayment Penalty End Date. NOTE:

The information with respect to the GNMA Certificates and the Mortgage Loans set forth on this Exhibit A has been collected and summarized by Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Securities Corporation and provided to Fannie Mae. Fannie Mae has made no independent verification of such information and, therefore, does not warrant its truth or accuracy.

No dealer, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations in connection with this offering other than those contained in this Prospectus Supplement, the Multifamily REMIC Prospectus and the Information Statement and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized. This Prospectus Supplement and the aforementioned documents do not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any of the Certificates offered hereby in any state to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation in such state. The delivery of this Prospectus Supplement and the aforementioned documents at any time does not imply that the information contained herein or therein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof or thereof.

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\$216,608,590 (Approximate)



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates

Fannie Mae Multifamily REMIC Trust 1997-M4

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Securities Corporation

May 23, 1997