Mortgage Lender Sentiment Survey® Special Topics Report

COVID-19 Challenges and Its Impact on Lenders' Business Priorities

Second Quarter 2020



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Executive Summary

The health and safety of staff, gaining clarification on loan eligibility and forbearance, and supply chain disruptions were the three biggest challenges cited by lenders and servicers in response to COVID-19. As the virus continues to disrupt business operations, lenders are prioritizing streamlining processes and optimizing consumer-facing technology to keep up with the evolving conditions.

Lenders' Top COVID-19 Related Challenges

(Combined biggest and second biggest challenge %)

Loan Origination



36%

said gaining clarity from secondary-market investors on loan eligibility guidelines





34%

said supply chain disruption



said health and safety of staff









Mortgage Servicing*



44%

said understanding and navigating **post-forbearance options** for distressed borrowers



33%

said gaining clarifications on forbearance programs





Servicing questions are asked among lenders who self-reported that they obtain Mortgage Servicing Rights (MSRs).

Lenders' Top Two Business Priorities to Maintain or Improve Competitiveness for 2020

(Combined most and second most important priority %)

Business process streamlining and consumer-facing technology have remained the **top two priorities** for **four** consecutive years



39%

said **business process streamlining** is a top priority

This priority up +10% compared to 2019





33%

said **consumer-facing technology** is a top priority

All digital applications have seen consistent or increased usage during COVID-19





Business Context

Business Context and Research Questions

Business Context

The COVID-19 outbreak has disrupted how we conduct businesses and live our lives. In the U.S., it has left many Americans dealing with reduced income or unemployment. The federal government enacted the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act on March 27, 2020. The CARES Act includes provisions that provide assistance to some affected mortgage borrowers and renters.

In early May, we surveyed more than 200 senior mortgage executives via the Fannie Mae Mortgage Lender Sentiment Survey® to understand the biggest challenges lenders and servicers have faced for mortgage origination and servicing in response to COVID-19. Additionally, we asked mortgage executives to identify their top business priorities for 2020, the same question asked in the second quarter the previous three years.

Research Questions

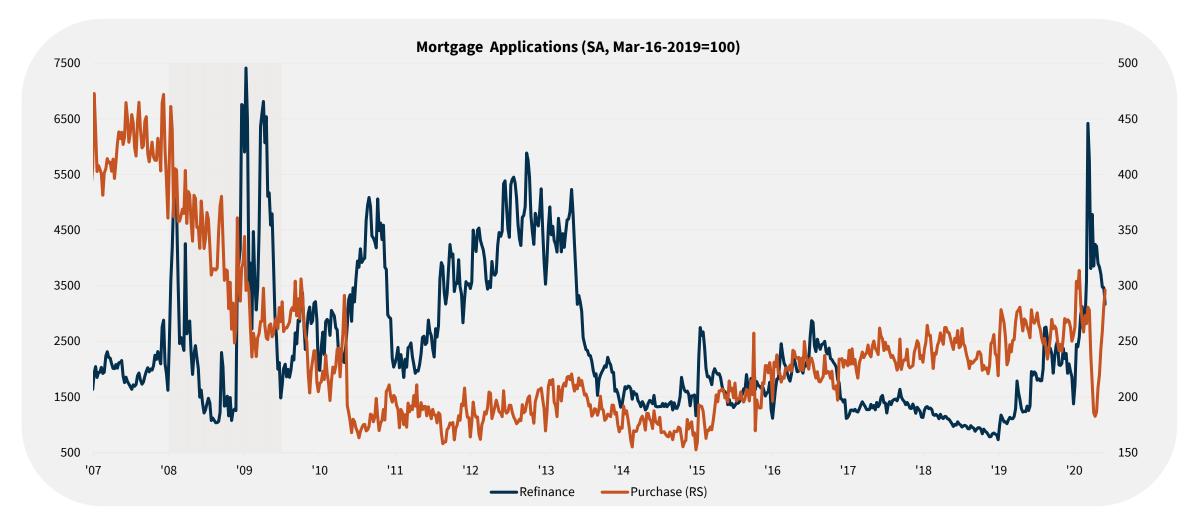
- What are lenders' most important business priorities in 2020 to maintain or improve their competitiveness in the marketplace? And how are their 2020 top business priorities different from those in the prior three years? What has changed? To what extent does COVID-19 influence the priorities?
- 2. If cost-cutting is an important business priority for lenders, in which areas do lenders expect to cut costs? And, how are their 2020 cost-cutting areas different from last year (2019)?
- 3. What are the biggest challenges lenders have faced in response to COVID-19 for loan origination?
- 4. What are the biggest challenges servicers have faced in response to COVID-19 for mortgage servicing?



^{1.} According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the unemployment rate has hovered around 3.6 percent over the past few years and slightly climbed to 4.4 percent in March. In April, it sharply jumped to 14.7 percent and declined slightly to 13.3 percent. Over the 11-week period ending May 30, about 42.6 million unemployment insurance claims have been filed.

Mortgage Applications as of May 29

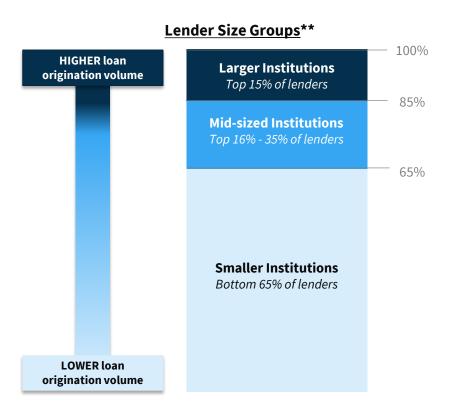
Refinance volumes remain elevated as mortgage rates reach historic lows, while purchase applications have rebounded from the recent trough in April, reflecting industry players' resilient efforts to keep the industry functioning in response to COVID-19.



Source: Mortgage Bankers Association

Q2 2020 Respondent Sample and Groups

The current analysis is based on second quarter 2020 data collection. For Q2 2020, a total of 254 senior executives completed the survey between May 5-18, representing 229 lending institutions.*



Sample Q2	2020	Sample Size
	g Institutions ata throughout this report is an average of the means of the three lender-size groups	229
	Larger Institutions Lenders in the Fannie Mae database who were in the top 15% of lending institutions based on their total 2019 loan origination volume (above \$1.25 billion)	71
Lender Size Groups	Mid-sized Institutions Lenders in the Fannie Mae database who were in the next 20% (16%-35%) of lending institutions based on their total 2019 loan origination volume (between \$379 million and \$1.25 billion)	62
	Smaller Institutions Lenders in the Fannie Mae database who were in the bottom 65% of lending institutions based on their total 2019 loan origination volume (less than \$379 million)	96
	Mortgage Banks (non-depository)	89
Institution Type***	Depository Institutions	89
- 76	Credit Unions	46

^{*} The results of the Mortgage Lender Sentiment Survey are reported at the lending institution parent-company level. If more than one individual from the same institution completes the survey, their responses are weighted to represent their parent institution.

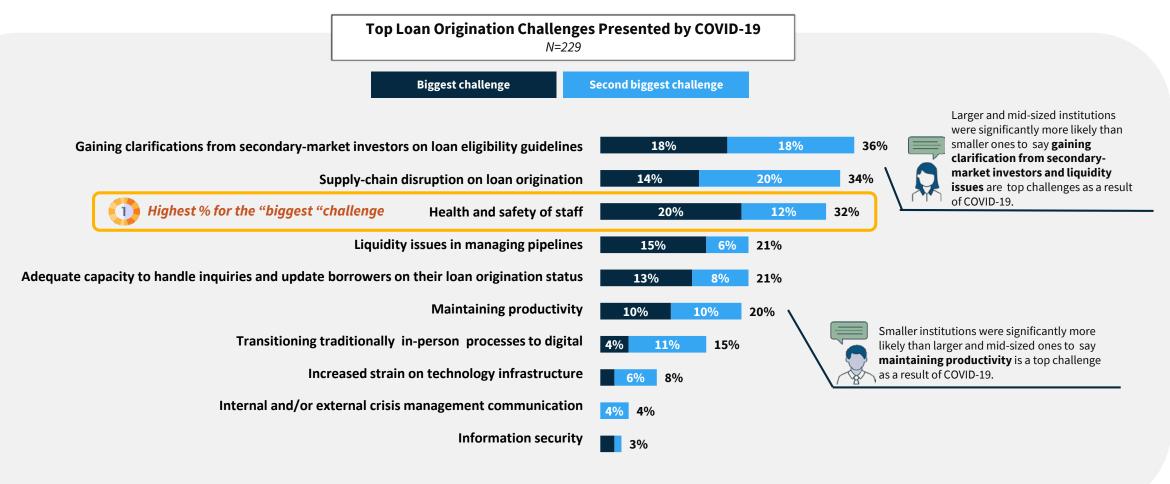
^{**} The 2019 total loan volume per lender used here includes the best available annual origination information from Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Marketrac. Lenders in the Fannie Mae database are sorted by their firm's total 2019 loan origination volume and then assigned into the size groups, with the top 15% of lenders being the "larger" group, the next 20% of lenders being the "mid-sized" group and the rest being the "small" group.

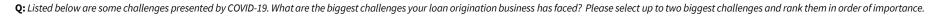
^{***} Lenders that are not classified into mortgage banks or depository institutions or credit unions are mostly housing finance agencies or investment banks.

COVID-19 Challenges

Top Loan Origination Challenges Presented by COVID-19

The "health and safety of staff" was the "biggest" challenge cited by lenders in response to COVID-19 for loan origination. "Gaining clarifications from secondary-market investors on loan eligibility" was most frequently cited as either the "biggest" or "second biggest" challenge, while "supply-chain disruption on loan origination" rounded out the top three.







Reasons for Top COVID-19 Related Challenges for Loan Origination

Lenders pointed to delays in getting employment verification, appraisals, titles, and closings completed due to office closures, reduced staff or hours, and fear of virus contagion. Lenders also commented that there were many policy changes within a short period of time, making it difficult to keep up with and manage.

Why is this a top COVID-19-Related Challenge for Loan Origination?

Asked of Those Who Listed the issue as one of top 2 challenges

Gaining clarifications from secondary-market investors on loan eligibility guidelines

"There is so much information to review and convey to employees. Policies need to be changed daily to keep up." - Mid-sized Institution

"Many investors were making significant changes to guidelines. The changes were different from investor to investor and the timing of effective dates was also different. Very difficult to manage." - Mid-sized Institution

"Changes have been fast, causing everyone on the chain to play defense and disrupting the flow of credit." - Smaller Institution

Supply-chain disruption on loan origination such as employment verification, appraisals, and titles

"It is taking more time to get the verifications, appraisals, and title policies. Appraisers do not want to go out in the field, and borrowers do not want to let strangers in their homes." - Larger Institution

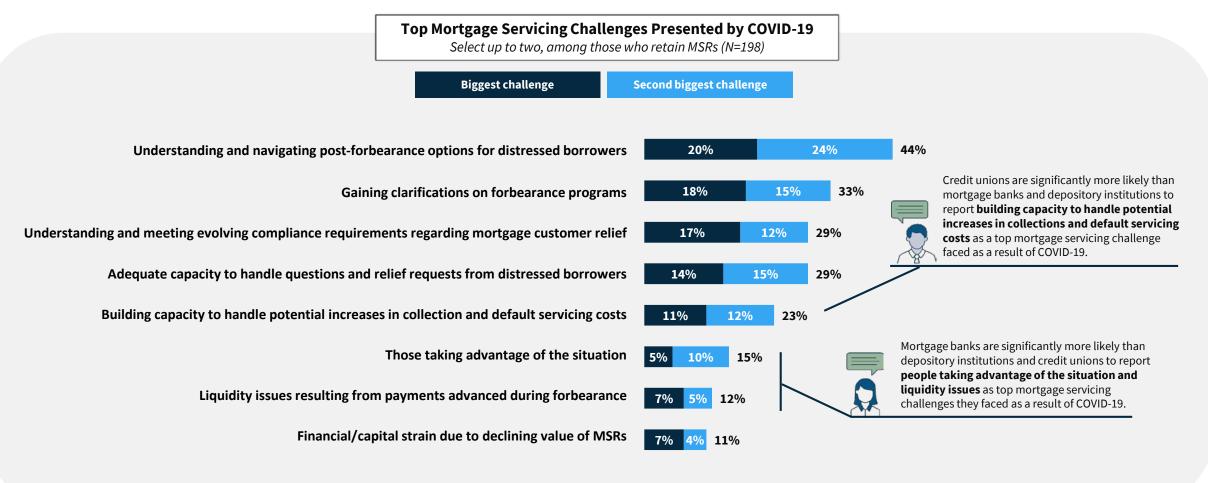
"Turn around time for items such as VVOE's, appraisals, etc. have faced pressure due to work schedules, volume, and remote working." – Larger Institution

"Appraisals are taking longer and delaying the process. I believe this is due to the increase in volume as well as the complications of Covid-19. Employment verification requirements are more difficult with Covid-19 and many HR people working from home."

- Smaller Institution



Top Mortgage Servicing Challenges Presented by COVID-19For mortgage servicers, forbearance-related issues were at the forefront. Lenders said "understanding and navigating post-forbearance options for distressed borrowers" was the biggest challenge, followed by "gaining clarifications on forbearance programs" and "understanding and meeting evolving compliance requirements regarding mortgage customer relief."







Reasons for Top COVID-19-Related Mortgage Servicing ChallengesWith the policy and compliance landscape changing rapidly, lenders expressed concern with navigating post-forbearance options for borrowers and sought clarity on the programs so they could stabilize workflows.

Why Is This a top COVID-19-related Challenge for Mortgage Servicing?

Asked of those who retain MSRs and listed the issue as one of top 2 challenges

Understanding and navigating post-forbearance options for distressed borrowers

"The landscape is constantly evolving and not yet to a steady state so it's hard to plan and **staff**." - Larger Institution

"The new forbearance policies are making it extremely easy for a borrower to request forbearance. That is a good thing since many people are impacted directly or indirectly by COVID-19. However, how a customer exits forbearance will not be easy for the customer and will be complicated for servicers. There needs to be an easy exit approach for consumers to reestablish their loan with no downstream impacts." - Mid-sized Institution

"Aggregators implemented guidelines differently." - Mid-sized Institution

Gaining clarifications on forbearance programs

"It was hard to build workflows and customer notifications as requirements and clarifications continued to be issued. I think as an industry, we all had the same challenges with this issue." - Mid-sized Institution

"We found it difficult because we have not used many of these forbearance forms before." - Smaller Institution

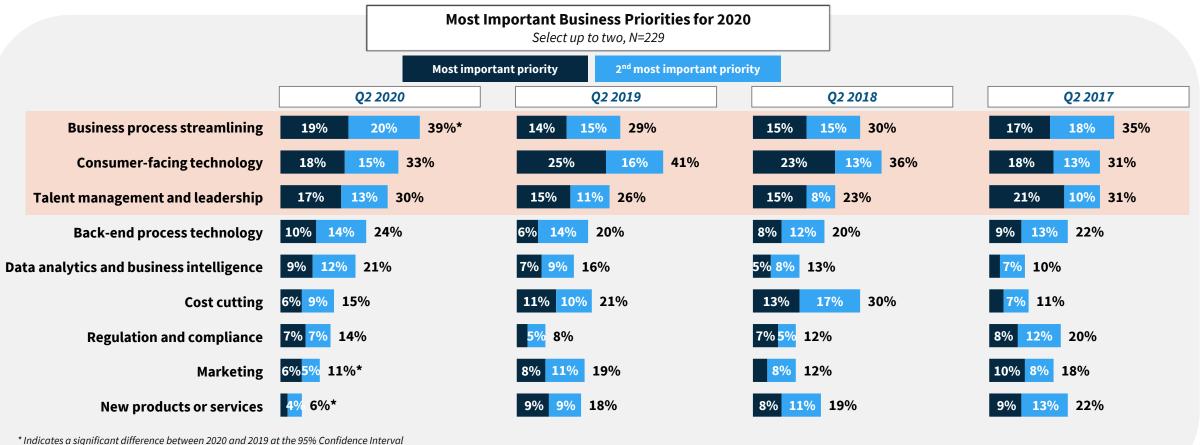
"We use a subservicer. Ensuring accurate reporting to properly manage and report deferrals [was a challenge]." - Smaller Institution



Business Priorities in 2020

Top Business Priorities in 2020

"Business process streamlining" and "consumer-facing technology" have remained the top two business priorities for four consecutive years, with the importance of "business process streamlining" growing significantly from 2019. "Talent management and leadership" also remained one of the most important priorities for 2020.



maleutes a significant amerence between 2020 and 2015 at the 35% confidence interval



Q: To maintain or improve your competitiveness in the marketplace, what are your firm's two most important business priorities for 2020? Please select up to two most important priorities and rank them in order of importance.

Reasons for Firms' Top Business Priorities in 2020

The top two business priorities have remained the same for four consecutive years, but COVID-19 has created a new urgency to streamline business process and enhance consumer-facing technology to ensure continuity and efficiency amid rapid changes.

What Are They Hoping To Achieve?

Asked of Those Who Listed Top Priority, Showing Top 2 Priorities

BUSINESS PROCESS STREAMLINING

"We were already moving towards primarily on-line applications and verifications. We want to continue that for seamless and efficient customer experience." – Larger Institution

"Plan to **reduce the cost to originate, process, close and deliver loans** by 25% or more, invested in **auto bot technology, increase productivity per employee**. We will reduce office space requirements, **utilize work from home**." – Larger Institution

"For loss mitigation and forbearance programs, we want to have an efficient and compliant process in dealing with state and investor requirements. We also work on managing cash advances and being prepared for the onslaught of loss mitigation programs. The goal is to educate the borrower." – Larger Institution

"With the demand on us to respond to increased threat of repurchase, margin calls, etc., businesses need to be as efficient as possible in compliance and other areas to keep up with the changing conditions." – Mid-sized Institution

CONSUMER-FACING TECHNOLOGY

"Broker or borrower facing portals that would make it easier for loan documentation to be submitted." – Larger Institution

"Enhancing the consumer online portal for a better customer experience and more automation." – Mid-sized Institution

"We want to go **paperless and develop remote processing work**. COVID-19 is the main reason." – Smaller Institution

"Make it as easy for a member to get a mortgage (remotely). COVID-19 has made it more difficult because some members have been laid off." – Smaller Institution

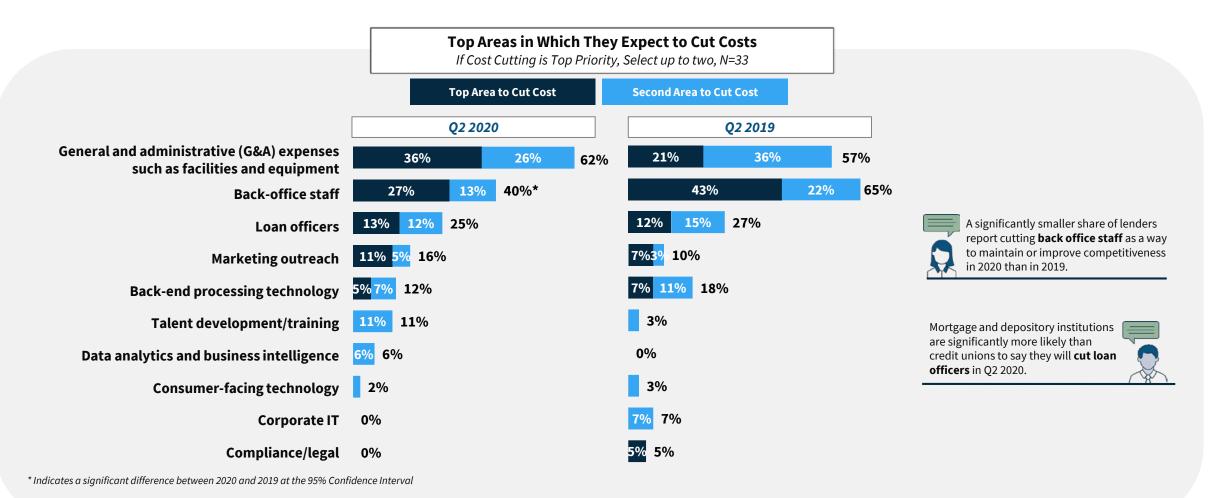
"We continue to leverage our **Point of Sale system to work more consistently with our Loan Origination System**. We are looking at implementing **technologies that sync well with our LOS to reduce hours of labor**."

– Smaller Institution



Top Areas for Cost Cutting (if cost cutting is selected as a top priority)

Most lenders who expect to cut costs cited general and administrative expenses as the top area. Some lenders also plan to cut back-office staff, though a significantly smaller share compared to 2019.



Q: You mentioned that cost cutting would be a top priority for your organization to maintain or improve competitiveness. In which areas do you expect to cut costs? Please select up to two areas.

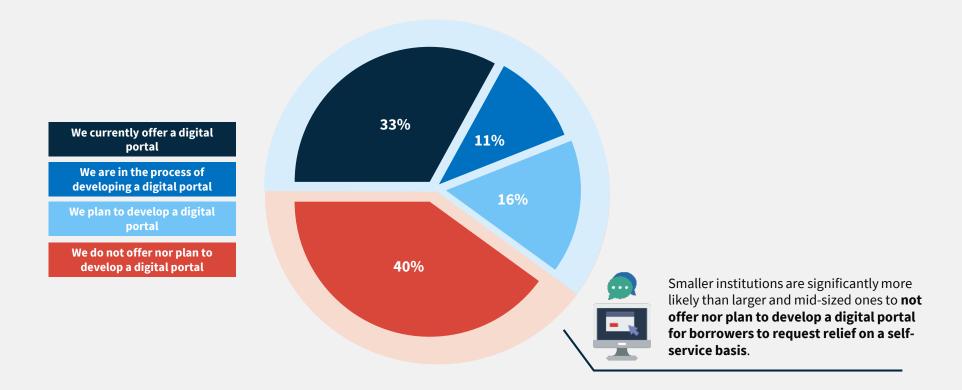


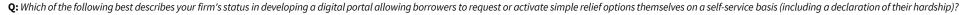
Impact of COVID-19 on Digital Applications

Status of Digital Portal for Relief OptionsLenders are split on their digital portal offering, but the majority offer or are developing a digital portal for requesting or activating simple relief options for borrowers.



Among Those Who Retain MSRs (N=198)

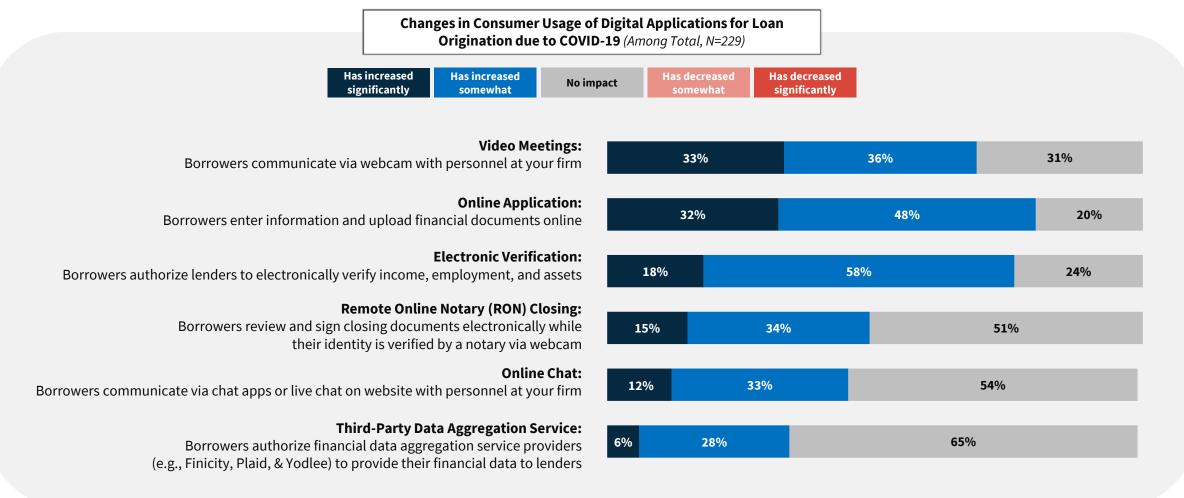






Impact of COVID-19 on Consumer Usage of Digital Applications for Loan Origination

Through the COVID-19 period surveyed, all digital applications saw increased or consistent usage. Lenders reported the most significant increases in consumer usage of video meetings and online loan applications.



Q: Listed below are some digital applications for loan origination. For each, please indicate the degree to which your firm has seen consumers' usage increase or decrease in response to the COVID-19 outbreak...



Appendix

Objectives of Mortgage Lender Sentiment Survey®

The Mortgage Lender Sentiment Survey® (MLSS), which debuted in March 2014, is a quarterly online survey among senior executives in the mortgage industry. The survey is unique because it is used not only to track lenders' current impressions of the mortgage industry, but also their insights into the future.

Tracks insights and provides benchmarks into current and future mortgage lending activities and practices.

Quarterly Regular Questions

- Consumer Mortgage Demand
- Credit Standards
- Profit Margin Outlook

Featured Specific Topic Analyses

- Impact of Technology on Lender Workforce Management
- Digital Transformation Efforts
- Business Priorities and Industry Competition
- APIs and Mortgage Lending
- Housing Supply and Affordability
- Artificial Intelligence for Mortgage Lending

The MLSS is a quarterly 10-15 minute online survey of senior executives, such as CEOs and CFOs, of Fannie Mae's lending institution customers. The results are reported at the lending institution parent-company level. If more than one individual from the same institution completes the survey, their responses are averaged to represent their parent company.



Methodology of Mortgage Lender Sentiment Survey®

Survey Methodology

- A quarterly, 10- to 15-minute online survey among senior executives, such as CEOs and CFOs, of Fannie Mae's lending institution partners.
- To ensure that the survey results represent the behavior and output of organizations rather than individuals, the Fannie Mae Mortgage Lender Sentiment Survey is structured and conducted as an establishment survey.
- Each respondent is asked 40-75 questions.

Sample Design

• Each quarter, a random selection of approximately 3,000 senior executives among Fannie Mae's approved lenders are invited to participate in the study.

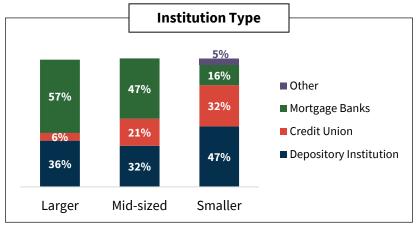
Data Weighting

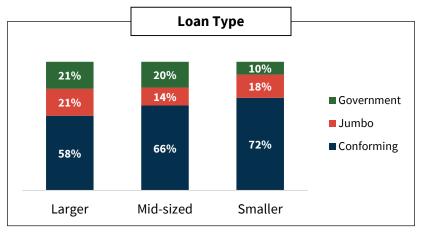
• The results of the Mortgage Lender Sentiment Survey are reported at the institution parent-company level. If more than one individual from the same parent institution completes the survey, their responses are averaged to represent their parent institution.

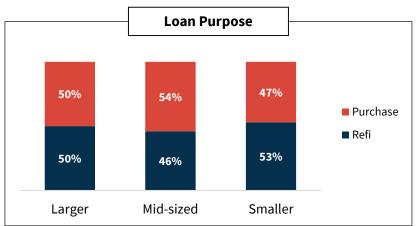


Lending Institution Characteristics

Fannie Mae's customers invited to participate in the Mortgage Lender Sentiment Survey represent a broad base of different lending institutions that conducted business with Fannie Mae in 2019. Institutions were divided into three groups based on their 2019 total industry loan volume – Larger (top 15%), Mid-sized (top 16%-35%), and Smaller (bottom 65%). The data below further describe the composition and loan characteristics of the three groups of institutions.







Note: Government loans include FHA loans, VA loans and other non-conventional loans from Marketrac.

Q2 2020 Cross-Subgroup Sample Sizes

	Total	Larger Lenders	Mid-Sized Lenders	Smaller Lenders
Total	229	71	62	96
Mortgage Banks (non-depository)	89	39	32	18
Depository Institutions	89	30	17	42
Credit Unions	46	2	13	31

How to Read Significance Testing

On slides where significant differences between three groups are shown:

- Each group is assigned a letter (L/M/S, M/D/C).
- If a group has a significantly higher % than another group at the 95% confidence level, a letter will be shown next to the % for that metric. The letter denotes which group the % is significantly higher than.

Example:

Listed below are some digital applications for loan origination. For each, please indicate the degree to which your firm has seen consumers' usage increase or decrease in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Showing Video Meetings: Borrowers communicate via webcam with personnel at your firm

			LOAN VOLUME		INSTITUTION TYPE			
	Total	Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)	
N=	229	71	62	96	89	89	46	
Has increased significantly	33%	49% ^{M,S}	30%	21%	44% ^D	21%	33%	
Has increased somewhat	36%	38%	42%	27%	39%	35%	24%	
No impact	31%	13%	28% ^L	52% ^{L,M}	17%	43% ^M	43% ^M	
Has decreased somewhat	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	

52% is significantly higher than 13% (larger institutions) and 28% (midsized institutions)

44% is significantly higher than 21% (depository institutions)

Calculation of the "Total"

The "Total" data presented in this report is an average of the means of the three loan origination volume groups (see an illustrated example below). Please note that percentages are based on the number of financial institutions that gave responses other than "Not Applicable." Percentages below may add not sum to 100% due to rounding.

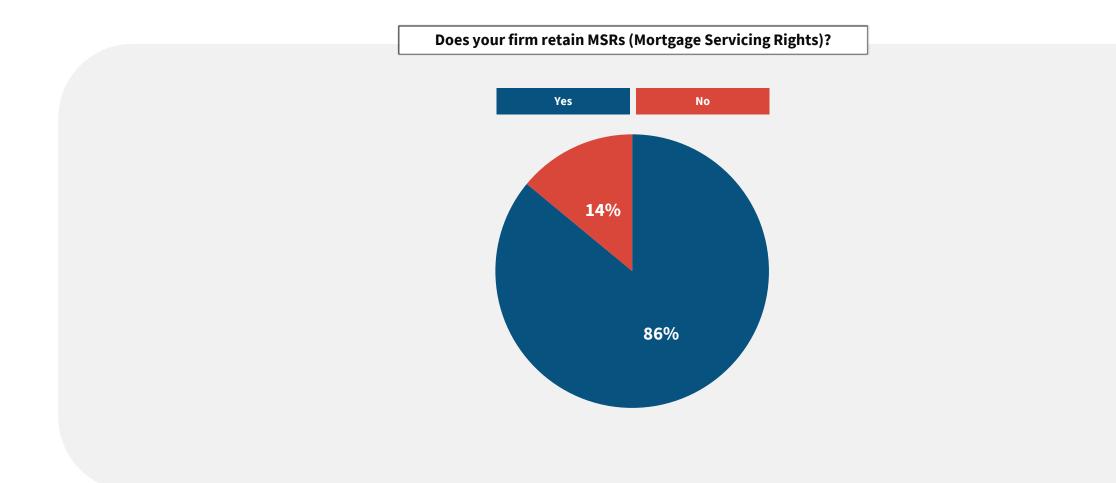
Example:

Which of the following best describes your firm's status in developing a digital portal allowing borrowers to request or activate simple relief options themselves on a self-service basis (including a declaration of their hardship)?

	- 1		LOAN VOLUME	
	Total	Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)
N=	198	65	50	83
We currently offer a digital portal	33%	33%	39%	27%
We are in the process of developing a digital portal	11%	18% ^s	14% ^S	1%
We plan to develop a digital portal	16%	17%	16%	16%
We do not offer nor plan to develop a digital portal	40%	32%	30%	56% ^{L,M}

"Total" of 33% is (33% + 39% + 27%) / 3

Servicing-related questions in the study are asked only among lenders who self-reported that they retain MSRs (Mortgage Servicing Rights).





Top Loan Origination Challenges Presented by COVID-19

Listed below are some challenges presented by COVID-19. What are the biggest challenges your loan origination business has faced? Please select up to three biggest challenges and rank them in order of importance.

Showing biggest challenge + second biggest challenge

			LOAN VOLUME		11	ISTITUTION TYP	E
	Total	Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)
N=	229	71	62	96	89	89	46
Gaining clarifications from secondary-market investors on loan eligibility guidelines	36%	46% ^s	38% ^s	22%	53% ^{D,C}	27% ^c	8%
Supply-chain disruption on loan origination such as employment verification, appraisals, and titles	34%	30%	36%	37%	29%	34%	42%
Health and safety of staff	32%	29%	28%	37%	27%	39%	33%
Liquidity issues in managing pipelines	21%	30% ^s	27% ^s	7%	43% ^{D,C}	6%	0%
Adequate capacity to handle inquiries and update borrowers on their loan origination status	21%	16%	20%	26%	6%	25% ^M	47% ^{M,D}
Maintaining productivity (e.g., remote working constraints or staggering work schedules and people placement to achieve social distancing)	20%	17%	13%	31% ^{L,M}	11%	29% ^M	28% ^M
Transitioning traditionally in-person processes to digital (e.g., financial data collection and verification, and closing)	15%	4%	22% ^L	21% ^L	9%	17%	27% ^M
Increased strain on technology infrastructure	8%	13%	7%	5%	9%	7%	10%
Internal and/or external crisis management communication	4%	2%	6%	4%	5%	4%	2%
Information security	3%	3%	2%	5%	2%	6%	0%
Other	4%	8%	0%	2%	4%	4%	0%

 $L/M/S - Denote\ a\ \%\ is\ significantly\ higher\ than\ the\ annual\ loan\ origination\ volume\ group\ that\ the\ letter\ represents\ at\ the\ 95\%\ confidence\ level$

M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Top Mortgage Servicing Challenges Presented by COVID-19

Listed below are some challenges presented by COVID-19 for mortgage servicing. What are the two biggest challenges your servicing business has faced? Please select up to two biggest challenges and rank them in order of importance.

Among firms which retain MSRs (Mortgage Servicing Rights), Showing biggest challenge + second biggest challenge

			LOAN VOLUME		11	ISTITUTION TYP	PE
	Total	Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)
N=	198	65	50	83	68	80	46
Understanding and navigating post-forbearance options for distressed borrowers	44%	50%	34%	45%	39%	44%	53%
Gaining clarifications on forbearance programs	33%	35%	31%	31%	36%	37%	23%
Understanding and meeting evolving compliance requirements regarding mortgage customer relief	29%	24%	22%	38%	25%	35%	28%
Adequate capacity to handle questions and relief requests from distressed borrowers	29%	19%	39% ^L	30%	10%	37% ^M	41% ^M
Building capacity to handle potential increases in collection and default servicing costs	23%	20%	25%	23%	15%	20%	38% ^{M,D}
Those taking advantage of the situation	15%	17%	13%	14%	27% ^{D,C}	8%	7%
Liquidity issues resulting from payments advanced during forbearance	12%	13%	16%	7%	26% ^{D,C}	4%	2%
Financial/capital strain due to declining value of MSRs (Mortgage Servicing Rights)	11%	15%	12%	7%	16%	9%	4%
Other	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%

 $L/M/S - Denote\ a\ \%\ is\ significantly\ higher\ than\ the\ annual\ loan\ origination\ volume\ group\ that\ the\ letter\ represents\ at\ the\ 95\%\ confidence\ level$



M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Top Business Priorities for Firms in 2020

To maintain or improve your competitiveness in the marketplace, what are your firm's two most important business priorities for 2020? Please select up to two most important priorities and rank them in order of importance.

Showing Most important priority + Second most important priority

		LOAN VOLUME			INSTITUTION TYPE		
	Total	Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)
N=	229	71	62	96	89	89	46
Business process streamlining	39%	41%	37%	40%	42%	35%	42%
Consumer-facing technology	33%	31%	30%	38%	26%	39%	32%
Talent management and leadership	30%	36% ^M	17%	37% ^M	32%	34%	27%
Back-end process technology	24%	22%	22%	27%	20%	26%	30%
Data analytics and business intelligence	21%	25% ^s	30% ^s	7%	24%	15%	18%
Cost cutting	15%	12%	16%	14%	13%	12%	24%
Regulation and compliance	14%	12%	18%	11%	17%	15%	4%
Marketing	11%	5%	11%	15%	10%	8%	15%
New products or services	6%	5%	6%	7%	7%	6%	4%
Other	8%	9%	11%	3%	8%	8%	2%

 $L/M/S - Denote\ a\ \%\ is\ significantly\ higher\ than\ the\ annual\ loan\ origination\ volume\ group\ that\ the\ letter\ represents\ at\ the\ 95\%\ confidence\ level$



M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Top Areas Firms Expect to Cut Costs

You mentioned that cost cutting would be a top priority for your organization to maintain or improve competitiveness. In which areas do you expect to cut costs? Please select up to two areas.

Among those who selected "Cost cutting" as a top business priority, showing top area to cut cost + second area to cut costs

			LOAN VOLUME			INSTITUTION TYPE	:
	Total	Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)
N=	33	8	10	14	12	10	11
General and administrative (G&A) expenses such as facilities and equipment	62%	71%	62%	58%	74%	57%	54%
Back-office staff	40%	29%	57%	29%	39%	38%	36%
Loan officers	25%	53% ^s	20%	7%	34% ^c	33% ^c	0%
Marketing outreach	16%	0%	10%	35%	0%	19%	36% ^M
Back-end processing technology	12%	24%	15%	0%	21%	10%	0%
Talent development/training	11%	0%	10%	21%	0%	19%	18%
Data analytics and business intelligence	6%	0%	10%	7%	0%	0%	18%
Consumer-facing technology	2%	0%	0%	7%	0%	10%	0%
Corporate IT	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Compliance/legal	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Other	20%	24%	10%	28%	30%	15%	18%

 $L/M/S - Denote\ a\ \%\ is\ significantly\ higher\ than\ the\ annual\ loan\ origination\ volume\ group\ that\ the\ letter\ represents\ at\ the\ 95\%\ confidence\ level$

M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Status of Digital Portal for Relief Options

Which of the following best describes your firm's status in developing a digital portal allowing borrowers to request or activate simple relief options themselves on a self-service basis (including a declaration of their hardship)?

	- 1	LOAN VOLUME				INSTITUTION TYPE			
	Total	Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)		
N=	198	65	50	83	68	80	46		
We currently offer a digital portal	33%	33%	39%	27%	40%	30%	26%		
We are in the process of developing a digital portal	11%	18% ^s	14% ^s	1%	15%	7%	9%		
We plan to develop a digital portal	16%	17%	16%	16%	12%	14%	26%		
We do not offer nor plan to develop a digital portal	40%	32%	30%	56% ^{L,M}	33%	48%	39%		

L/M/S - Denote a % is significantly higher than the annual loan origination volume group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Changes in Consumer Usage – Online Application

Listed below are some digital applications for loan origination. For each, please indicate the degree to which your firm has seen consumers' usage increase or decrease in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Showing Online Application: Borrowers enter information and upload financial documents online

		LOAN VOLUME			INSTITUTION TYPE			
	Total	Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)	
N=	229	71	62	96	89	89	46	
Has increased significantly	32%	33%	22%	42% ^M	38%	27%	43%	
Has increased somewhat	48%	43%	61% ^{L,S}	40%	44%	51%	50%	
No impact	20%	24%	17%	18%	19%	22% ^c	7%	
Has decreased somewhat	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Has decreased significantly	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	



L/M/S - Denote a % is significantly higher than the annual loan origination volume group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Changes in Consumer Usage – Electronic Verification

Listed below are some digital applications for loan origination. For each, please indicate the degree to which your firm has seen consumers' usage increase or decrease in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Showing Electronic Verification: Borrowers authorize lenders to electronically verify income, employment, and assets

		LOAN VOLUME			INSTITUTION TYPE			
	Total	Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)	
N=	229	71	62	96	89	89	46	
Has increased significantly	18%	18%	20%	17%	21%	12%	26% ^D	
Has increased somewhat	58%	61%	56%	56%	58%	62%	50%	
No impact	24%	20%	24%	27%	21%	25%	24%	
Has decreased somewhat	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	
Has decreased significantly	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	



L/M/S - Denote a % is significantly higher than the annual loan origination volume group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Changes in Consumer Usage – Video Meetings

Listed below are some digital applications for loan origination. For each, please indicate the degree to which your firm has seen consumers' usage increase or decrease in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Showing Video Meetings: Borrowers communicate via webcam with personnel at your firm

	Total	LOAN VOLUME			INSTITUTION TYPE		
		Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)
N=	229	71	62	96	89	89	46
Has increased significantly	33%	49% ^{M,S}	30%	21%	44% ^D	21%	33%
Has increased somewhat	36%	38%	42%	27%	39%	35%	24%
No impact	31%	13%	28% ^L	52% ^{L,M}	17%	43% ^M	43% ^M
Has decreased somewhat	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Has decreased significantly	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%



L/M/S - Denote a % is significantly higher than the annual loan origination volume group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Changes in Consumer Usage – Remote Online Notary (RON) Closing

Listed below are some digital applications for loan origination. For each, please indicate the degree to which your firm has seen consumers' usage increase or decrease in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Showing Remote Online Notary (RON) Closing: Borrowers review and sign closing documents electronically while their identity is verified by a notary via webcam

	Total	LOAN VOLUME			INSTITUTION TYPE		
		Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)
N=	229	71	62	96	89	89	46
Has increased significantly	15%	17%	20%	9%	19%	11%	13%
Has increased somewhat	34%	37%	39%	26%	35%	38% ^c	20%
No impact	51%	46%	41%	65% ^{L,M}	46%	51%	67% ^M
Has decreased somewhat	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Has decreased significantly	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%



L/M/S - Denote a % is significantly higher than the annual loan origination volume group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Changes in Consumer Usage – Online Chat

Listed below are some digital applications for loan origination. For each, please indicate the degree to which your firm has seen consumers' usage increase or decrease in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Showing Online Chat: Borrowers communicate via chat apps or live chat on website with personnel at your firm

	Total	LOAN VOLUME			INSTITUTION TYPE		
		Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)
N=	229	71	62	96	89	89	46
Has increased significantly	12%	12%	12%	11%	17% ^D	4%	16% ^D
Has increased somewhat	33%	30%	45% ^s	26%	40% ^D	23%	36%
No impact	54%	57%	43%	63% ^M	42%	72% ^{M,C}	48%
Has decreased somewhat	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%
Has decreased significantly	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%



L/M/S - Denote a % is significantly higher than the annual loan origination volume group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Changes in Consumer Usage – Third-Party Data Aggregation Service

Listed below are some digital applications for loan origination. For each, please indicate the degree to which your firm has seen consumers' usage increase or decrease in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Showing Third-Party Data Aggregation Service: Borrowers authorize financial data aggregation service providers (e.g., Finicity, Plaid, & Yodlee) to provide their financial data to lenders

	Total	LOAN VOLUME			INSTITUTION TYPE		
		Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)
N=	229	71	62	96	89	89	46
Has increased significantly	6%	10%	2%	6%	6%	8%	3%
Has increased somewhat	28%	37% ^s	27%	20%	30%	28%	23%
No impact	65%	51%	71% ^L	74% ^L	63%	63%	74%
Has decreased somewhat	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%
Has decreased significantly	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%



L/M/S - Denote a % is significantly higher than the annual loan origination volume group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Retention of MSRs (Mortgage Servicing Rights)

Does your firm retain MSRs (Mortgage Servicing Rights), servicing loans either in-house or via a sub-servicer?

	Total	LOAN VOLUME			INSTITUTION TYPE		
		Larger (L)	Mid-sized (M)	Smaller (S)	Mortgage Banks (M)	Depository Institutions (D)	Credit Unions (C)
N=	229	71	62	96	89	89	46
Yes	86%	92% ^M	80%	86%	76%	90% ^M	100% ^{M,D}
No	14%	8%	20% ^L	14%	24% ^{D,C}	10% ^c	0%



L/M/S - Denote a % is significantly higher than the annual loan origination volume group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level M/D/C - Denote a % is significantly higher than the institution type group that the letter represents at the 95% confidence level

Question Text

QR391A-B: To maintain or improve your competitiveness in the marketplace, what are your firm's two most important business priorities for 2020? Please select up to two most important priorities and rank them in order of importance.

QR392A-I: You mentioned [INSERT FROM QR391A-B] is a top priority for your firm. Could you please share some details about why it is a top priority? What do you want to achieve? Has COVID-19 had an impact on making this a priority?

QR393A-B: You mentioned that cost cutting would be a top priority for your organization to maintain or improve competitiveness. In which areas do you expect to cut costs? Please select up to two areas.

QR394-399: Listed below are some digital applications for loan origination. For each, please indicate the degree to which your firm has seen consumers' usage increase or decrease in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

- QR394: Video Meetings: Borrowers communicate via webcam with personnel at your firm
- QR395: Online Chat: Borrowers communicate via chat apps or live chat on website with personnel at your firm
- QR396: Online Application: Borrowers enter information and upload financial documents online
- QR397: Third-Party Data Aggregation Service: Borrowers authorize financial data aggregation service providers (e.g., Finicity, Plaid, & Yodlee) to provide their financial data to lenders
- QR398: Electronic Verification: Borrowers authorize lenders to electronically verify income, employment, and assets
- QR399: Remote Online Notary (RON) Closing: Borrowers review and sign closing documents electronically while their identity is verified by a notary via webcam

QR400A-C: Listed below are some challenges presented by COVID-19. What are the biggest challenges your loan origination business has faced? Please select up to three biggest challenges and rank them in order of importance.

QR401: You mentioned that [INSERT FROM QR400A] is the biggest challenge for your firm. Could you please share some details about why? (Optional)

QR402: Does your firm retain MSRs (Mortgage Servicing Rights), servicing loans either in-house or via a sub-servicer?

QR403A-B: Listed below are some challenges presented by COVID-19 for mortgage servicing. What are the two biggest challenges your servicing business has faced? Please select up to two biggest challenges and rank them in order of importance.

QR404: You mentioned that [INSERT FROM QR403A] is the biggest challenge for your firm. Could you please share some details about why? (Optional)

QR405: Which of the following best describes your firm's status in developing a digital portal allowing borrowers to request or activate simple relief options themselves on a self-service basis (including a declaration of their hardship)?

