

\$623,115,667



FannieMae®

**Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2010-6**

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this cover.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual classes), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We will pay principal at rates that may vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are available for distribution to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

Class	Group	Original Class Balance	Principal Type(1)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(1)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
DG	1	\$145,000,000	SEQ	5.0%	FIX	31398GB73	November 2037
VC(2) . . .	1	14,683,000	SEQ/AD	5.0	FIX	31398GB81	October 2022
ZC(2) . . .	1	16,766,000	SEQ	5.0	FIX/Z	31398GB99	February 2040
PO(2) . . .	2	53,528,000	PAC	0.0	PO	31398GC23	December 2039
FI(2) . . .	2	34,410,857(3)	NTL	(4)	FLT/IO	31398GC31	December 2039
SG(2) . . .	2	34,410,857(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31398GC49	December 2039
TG(2) . . .	2	34,410,857(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31398GC56	December 2039
PL	2	927,000	PAC	4.5	FIX	31398GC64	February 2040
HF	2	7,850,357	SUP	(4)	FLT	31398GC72	February 2040
SH(2) . . .	2	4,361,310	SUP	(4)	INV	31398GC80	February 2040
SI(2) . . .	2	218,064(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31398GC98	February 2040
FA	2	100,000,000	PT	(4)	FLT	31398GD22	February 2040
SA	2	100,000,000(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31398GD30	February 2040
A	3	150,000,000	SEQ	5.0	FIX	31398GD48	January 2038
VA	3	7,253,000	SEQ/AD	5.0	FIX	31398GD55	February 2021
VB	3	12,747,000	SEQ/AD	5.0	FIX	31398GD63	March 2032
Z	3	10,000,000	SEQ	5.0	FIX/Z	31398GD71	February 2040
KA(2) . . .	4	15,000,000	PAC	4.0	FIX	31398GD89	April 2039
EI(2) . . .	4	1,666,666(3)	NTL	4.5	FIX/IO	31398GD97	April 2039
DA(2) . . .	4	7,370,000	PAC	4.5	FIX	31398GE21	April 2039
EB	4	1,899,000	PAC	4.5	FIX	31398GE39	February 2040
C	4	15,731,000	SUP	4.5	FIX	31398GE47	February 2040
BF	4	60,000,000	PT	(4)	FLT	31398GE54	February 2040
BS	4	60,000,000(3)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31398GE62	February 2040
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	31398GE70	February 2040
RL		0	NPR	0	NPR	31398GE88	February 2040

- (1) See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC prospectus. (3) Notional balances. These classes are interest only classes. See page S-8 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.
- (2) Exchangeable classes. (4) Based on LIBOR.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for certificates of the corresponding RCR classes to be delivered at the time of exchange. The DY, FG, FD, SD, PA, PB, PC, PD, PI, HS and EA Classes are the RCR classes. For a more detailed description of the RCR classes, see Schedule 1 attached to this prospectus supplement and "Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination" in the REMIC prospectus.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be January 29, 2010.

Carefully consider the risk factors on page S-9 of this prospectus supplement and starting on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.



Deutsche Bank Securities

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the “Disclosure Documents”):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated August 1, 2007 (the “REMIC Prospectus”);
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated
 - June 1, 2009, for all MBS issued on or after January 1, 2009,
 - April 1, 2008, for all MBS issued on or after June 1, 2007 and prior to January 1, 2009, or
 - January 1, 2006, for all other MBS(as applicable, the “MBS Prospectus”); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below and under the heading “Incorporation by Reference” in the REMIC Prospectus.

For a description of current servicing policies generally applicable to existing Fannie Mae MBS pools, see “Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations” in the MBS Prospectus dated June 1, 2009.

The MBS Prospectus is incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that we are disclosing information in that document by referring you to it. That document is considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with that document.

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae
MBS Helpline
3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S
Washington, D.C. 20016
(telephone 1-800-237-8627).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus by writing or calling the dealer at:

Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.
Syndicate Operations
60 Wall Street
New York, NY 10005
(telephone 212-469-5000).

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

The Regulatory Reform Act, which became effective on July 30, 2008, established the Federal Housing Finance Agency, or FHFA, as an independent agency with general supervisory and regulatory authority over Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and the 12 Federal Home Loan Banks. FHFA assumed the duties of our former regulators, the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, or HUD, with respect to safety, soundness and mission oversight of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. HUD remains our regulator with respect to fair lending matters.

On September 6, 2008, the Director of FHFA placed Fannie Mae into conservatorship and appointed FHFA as the conservator. Upon its appointment, FHFA immediately succeeded to all of our rights, titles, powers and privileges and those of any stockholder, officer, or director of Fannie Mae with respect to us and our assets. The conservator has the authority to take over our assets and operate our business with all the powers of our stockholders, directors and officers, and to conduct all business of the company. Under the Regulatory Reform Act, FHFA, as conservator, may take “such action as may be necessary to put the regulated entity in a sound and solvent condition.” We have no control over FHFA’s actions or the actions it may direct us to take. The conservatorship has no specified termination date; we do not know when or how it will be terminated. In addition, our board of directors does not have any duties to any person or entity except to the conservator. Accordingly, our board of directors is not obligated to consider the interests of Fannie Mae or the holders of the Certificates unless specifically directed to do so by the conservator.

On September 7, 2008, Fannie Mae, through our conservator, entered into two agreements with Treasury. The first agreement is the Stock Purchase Agreement, which provided us with Treasury’s commitment (the “Commitment”) to provide up to \$100 billion in funding under specified conditions. This agreement was amended and restated on September 26, 2008 and was further amended on May 6, 2009 to increase the size of Treasury’s Commitment from \$100 billion to \$200 billion. On December 24, 2009, the Stock Purchase Agreement was amended (the “December 2009 Amendment”) to increase the Commitment from \$200 billion to the greater of (i) \$200 billion or (ii) \$200 billion plus the cumulative amount of our net worth deficit (the amount by which our total liabilities exceed our total assets) as of the end of any and each calendar quarter in 2010, 2011 and 2012, less any positive net worth as of December 31, 2012. We issued 1,000,000 shares of Senior Preferred Stock pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement. The other agreement is the Warrant, which allows Treasury to purchase, for a nominal price, shares of common stock equal to 79.9% of the outstanding common stock of Fannie Mae. The Senior Preferred Stock and the Warrant were issued to Treasury as an initial commitment fee for Treasury’s Commitment. The December 2009 Amendment changed the date on which we are scheduled to begin paying a periodic commitment fee from March 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011. The amount of the commitment fee will be determined by the mutual agreement of Treasury and Fannie Mae on or before December 31, 2010, and will be reset every five years. Additional information about the conservatorship, the Stock Purchase Agreement, the Warrant and the Commitment is included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 (the “2008 Form 10-K”) and our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2009, June 30, 2009, September 30, 2009, and our current report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on December 30, 2009, respectively, which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement.

We generally may draw funds under the Commitment on a quarterly basis when our total liabilities exceed our total assets on our consolidated balance sheet prepared in accordance with GAAP as of the end of the preceding quarter. Through September 30, 2009, we had received a total of \$44.9 billion from Treasury under the Commitment. On November 4, 2009, the Acting Director of FHFA submitted a request to Treasury on our behalf for an additional \$15.0 billion to eliminate our net worth deficit as of September 30, 2009, and requested receipt of those funds on or before December 31, 2009. If we have a negative net worth as of the end of future fiscal quarters, we expect that FHFA will request additional funds from Treasury under the Stock Purchase Agreement.

All funds drawn on the Commitment are added to the liquidation preference on the Senior Preferred Stock, which currently has a 10% annual dividend rate. Upon the receipt of the additional \$15.0 billion in funds from Treasury that have been requested, the aggregate liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock, including the initial liquidation preference of \$1.0 billion, will be \$60.9 billion, and the annualized dividend on the Senior Preferred Stock, based on the 10% dividend rate, will be \$6.1 billion. If we do not pay the dividend quarterly and in cash, the dividend rate would increase to 12% annually, and the unpaid dividend would accrue and be added to the liquidation preference of the Senior Preferred Stock.

On September 19, 2008, we entered into a lending agreement with Treasury (the “Credit Facility”) under which we were permitted to request loans from Treasury until December 31, 2009. The Credit Facility terminated on December 31, 2009, in accordance with its terms. We did not borrow any funds under the Credit Facility.

The Stock Purchase Agreement, the Warrant, and the Credit Facility contain covenants that significantly restrict our business activities. These covenants, which are summarized in our 2008 Form 10-K and our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009, include prohibitions on the following activities unless we have prior written consent from Treasury: the issuance of equity securities (except in limited instances), the payment of dividends or other distributions on our equity securities (other than the Senior Preferred Stock or the Warrant), and the issuance of subordinated debt securities. The covenants also limit the amount of debt securities that we may have outstanding.

Certain rights provided to certificateholders under the trust documents may not be enforced against FHFA, or enforcement of such rights may be delayed, during the conservatorship or if we are placed into receivership. The trust documents provide that upon the occurrence of a guarantor event of default, which includes the appointment of a conservator or receiver, certificateholders have the right to replace Fannie Mae as trustee if the requisite percentage of certificateholders consent. The Regulatory Reform Act prevents certificateholders from enforcing their rights to replace Fannie Mae as trustee if the event of default arises solely because a conservator or receiver has been appointed.

We are continuing to operate as a going concern while in conservatorship and remain liable for all of our obligations, including our guaranty obligations, associated with mortgage-backed securities issued by us. The Stock Purchase Agreement and the Credit Facility are intended to enhance our ability to meet our obligations. However, certificateholders have certain limited rights to bring proceedings against Treasury if we fail to pay under our guaranty.

SUMMARY

This summary contains only limited information about the certificates. Statistical information in this summary is provided as of January 1, 2010. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3. In particular, please see the discussion of risk factors that appears in each of those additional disclosure documents.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

Group	Assets
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS
3	Group 3 MBS
4	Group 4 MBS

Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4

Characteristics of the MBS

	Approximate Principal Balance	Pass- Through Rate	Range of Weighted Average Coupons or WACs (annual percentages)	Range of Weighted Average Remaining Terms to Maturity or WAMs (in months)
Group 1 MBS	\$176,449,000	5.00%	5.25% to 7.50%	241 to 360
Group 2 MBS	\$166,666,667	6.00%	6.25% to 8.50%	241 to 360
Group 3 MBS	\$180,000,000	5.00%	5.25% to 7.50%	241 to 360
Group 4 MBS	\$100,000,000	6.00%	6.25% to 8.50%	241 to 360

Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans

	Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Loan Age (in months)	Interest Rate
Group 1 MBS	\$176,449,000	360	356	3	5.340%
Group 2 MBS	\$166,666,667	360	345	14	6.500%
Group 3 MBS	\$180,000,000	360	283	68	5.478%
Group 4 MBS	\$100,000,000	360	335	22	6.505%

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans underlying the MBS will differ from those shown above, perhaps significantly.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on January 29, 2010.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Record Date

On each distribution date, we will make each monthly payment on the certificates to holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

<u>Fed Book-Entry</u>	<u>Physical</u>
All classes other than the R and RL Classes	R and RL Classes

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certificates of a class designated as “exchangeable” on the cover of this prospectus supplement, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We will deliver the RCR certificates upon such exchange.

We will apply principal and interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During each subsequent interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Initial Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maximum Interest Rate</u>	<u>Minimum Interest Rate</u>	<u>Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate(1)</u>
FI	0.75000%	7.0000%	0.50%	LIBOR + 50 basis points
SG	6.15000%	6.4000%	0.00%	6.4% – LIBOR
TG	0.10000%	0.1000%	0.00%	6.5% – LIBOR
HF	1.50000%	7.0000%	1.25%	LIBOR + 125 basis points
SH	9.62500%	10.0625%	0.00%	10.0625% – (1.75 × LIBOR)
SI	5.50000%	5.7500%	0.00%	5.75% – LIBOR
FA	0.90000%	7.0000%	0.65%	LIBOR + 65 basis points
SA	6.10000%	6.3500%	0.00%	6.35% – LIBOR
BF	0.99344%	7.0000%	0.76%	LIBOR + 76 basis points
BS	6.00656%	6.2400%	0.00%	6.24% – LIBOR
FG	0.85000%	7.0000%	0.60%	LIBOR + 60 basis points
FD	0.75000%	7.0000%	0.50%	LIBOR + 50 basis points
SD	6.25000%	6.5000%	0.00%	6.5% – LIBOR
HS	9.90000%	10.3500%	0.00%	10.35% – (1.8 × LIBOR)

(1) We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the “BBA Method.”

Notional Classes

The notional principal balances of the notional classes will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

FI	64.2857140188% of the PO Class
SG	64.2857140188% of the PO Class
TG	64.2857140188% of the PO Class
SI	4.9999656067% of the SH Class
SA	100% of the FA Class
EI	11.1111066667% of the KA Class
BS	100% of the BF Class
SD	64.2857140188% of the PO Class
PI	74.9999981318% of the PO Class

Distributions of Principal

For a description of the principal payment priorities, see “Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal” in this prospectus supplement.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

<u>Group 1 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>					
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>806%</u>	<u>1200%</u>	<u>1600%</u>
DG	18.3	8.2	3.1	1.9	1.4	1.2
VC	7.0	7.0	5.6	3.5	2.5	2.0
ZC	28.9	23.7	11.0	5.7	3.7	2.6
DY	28.9	23.7	10.2	5.1	3.4	2.4

<u>Group 2 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
PO, FI, SG, TG, FG, FD, SD, PA, PB, PC, PD and PI . . .	18.8	7.6	4.8	4.8	4.8	3.4	1.8	1.2
PL	27.8	18.5	17.6	17.6	17.6	14.2	7.1	4.0
HF, SH, SI and HS	29.0	23.2	15.4	7.2	2.8	0.8	0.4	0.2
FA and SA	20.8	10.6	6.9	5.4	4.6	3.0	1.6	1.1

<u>Group 3 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>285%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>700%</u>
A	18.5	6.8	3.0	1.7	1.2
VA	6.0	6.0	5.6	4.0	2.9
VB	17.0	15.6	9.6	5.8	4.1
Z	29.0	20.4	14.3	9.2	6.4

<u>Group 4 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>						
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>125%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>700%</u>	<u>1000%</u>
KA, EI, DA and EA	15.7	4.6	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.3	1.5
EB	24.3	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	7.3	4.5
C	27.6	17.9	15.9	4.6	1.7	0.7	0.4
BF and BS	20.8	10.3	9.1	4.7	3.5	1.9	1.2

* Determined as specified under “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTOR

“Jumbo-conforming” and “high-balance” mortgage loans, which have original principal balances that exceed our traditional conforming loan limits, may prepay at different rates than conforming balance mortgage loans generally. The pools underlying the Group 1 MBS have been designated as pools that include “jumbo-conforming” or “high-balance” mortgage loans. There is limited historical performance data regarding prepayment rates for jumbo-conforming and high-balance mortgage loans. If prevailing mortgage rates decline, borrowers with jumbo-conforming and high-balance mortgage loans may be more likely to refinance their mortgage loans than borrowers with conforming balance loans. This is because a relatively small reduction in the interest rate of a jumbo-conforming and high-balance mortgage loan can have a greater impact on the borrower’s monthly payment than a similar interest rate change for a conforming balance loan.

Furthermore, jumbo-conforming and high-balance mortgage loans tend to be concentrated in certain geographic areas, which may

experience relatively high rates of default in the event of adverse economic conditions. Defaults on jumbo-conforming and high-balance mortgage loans will result in larger prepayments to investors than defaults on conforming balance loans.

On the other hand, if any of the statutes authorizing our purchase of jumbo-conforming and high-balance mortgage loans are allowed to expire, or new legislation is enacted by the federal government that removes this authority, borrowers with jumbo-conforming and high-balance mortgage loans may find refinancing these loans more difficult. In such event, borrowers with jumbo-conforming and high-balance mortgage loans may be less likely to refinance their mortgage loans than borrowers with conforming balance loans.

As a result of these factors, the Group 1 Classes may receive payments of principal more quickly or more slowly than expected, and the weighted average lives and yields of those Classes may be affected, perhaps significantly.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading describes the principal features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the “Trust”) pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of August 1, 2007 and a supplement thereto dated as of January 1, 2010 (the “Issue Date”). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the “REMIC Certificates”) pursuant to that trust agreement and supplement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the “RCR Certificates” and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the “Certificates”) pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of August 1, 2007 and a supplement thereto dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement and supplement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the “Trust Agreement”). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the “Trustee”). In general, the term “Classes” includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The assets of the Trust will include four groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the “Group 1 MBS,” “Group 2 MBS,” “Group 3 MBS” and “Group 4 MBS,” and together, the “MBS”).

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one-to four-family (“single-family”), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the “Mortgage Loans”) having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

The Trust will include the “Lower Tier REMIC” and “Upper Tier REMIC” as “real estate mortgage investment conduits” (each, a “REMIC”) under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

The following chart contains information about the assets, the “regular interests” and the “residual interests” of each REMIC. The REMIC Certificates other than the R and RL Classes are collectively referred to as the “Regular Classes” or “Regular Certificates,” and the R and RL Classes are collectively referred to as the “Residual Classes” or “Residual Certificates.”

<u>REMIC Designation</u>	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Regular Interests</u>	<u>Residual Interest</u>
Lower Tier REMIC	MBS	Interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the “Lower Tier Regular Interests”)	RL
Upper Tier REMIC	Lower Tier Regular Interests	All Classes of REMIC Certificates other than the R and RL Classes	R

Fannie Mae Guaranty. For a description of our guaranties of the Certificates and the MBS, see the applicable discussions appearing under the heading “Fannie Mae Guaranty” in the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus. Our guaranties are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States.

Characteristics of Certificates. Except as specified below, we will issue the Certificates in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are “Holders” or “Certificateholders.”

We will issue the Residual Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The “Holder” or “Certificateholder” of a Residual Certificate is its registered owner. A Residual Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association (“US Bank”) in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of a Residual Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also “—Characteristics of the Residual Classes” below.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Denominations</u>
Interest Only, Principal Only and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments
All other Classes (except the R and RL Classes)	\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

The MBS

The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years.

In addition, the pools underlying the Group 1 MBS include “jumbo-conforming” or “high balance” mortgage loans as described further under “The Mortgage Loans—Special Feature Mortgage Loans—*Loans with Original Principal Balances that Exceed our Traditional Conforming Loan Limits*” in the MBS Prospectus dated June 1, 2009. For additional information about the pools underlying the Group 1 MBS, see the Final Data Statement for the Trust and the related prospectus supplement for each MBS. See also “Additional Risk Factors—“*Jumbo-conforming*” and “*high-balance*” mortgage loans, which have original principal balances that exceed our traditional conforming loan limits, may prepay at different rates than conforming balance mortgage loans generally” in this prospectus supplement.

For additional information, see “Summary—Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4—Characteristics of the MBS” and “—Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans” in this prospectus supplement and “The Mortgage Pools” and “Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations” in the MBS Prospectus.

Distributions of Interest

General. The Certificates will bear interest at the rates specified in this prospectus supplement on a 30/360 basis. Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Classes) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month’s interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Classes, see “—*Accrual Classes*” below.

Delay Classes and No-Delay Classes. The “delay” Classes and “no-delay” Classes are set forth in the following table:

<u>Delay Classes</u>	<u>No-Delay Classes</u>
Fixed Rate Classes	Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

See “Description of the Certificates—Distributions on Certificates—*Interest Distributions*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Dealer will treat the Principal Only Class as a delay Class solely for the purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Classes. The ZC and Z Classes are Accrual Classes. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes at the applicable annual rates specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Classes. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Classes will be added as principal to their principal balances on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Classes as described under “—Distributions of Principal” below.

Distributions of Principal

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will make payments of principal on the Certificates as described below.

- *Group 1*

The ZC Accrual Amount to VC until retired, and thereafter to ZC.

} Accretion
Directed
Class and
Accrual Class

The Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount to DG, VC and ZC, in that order, until retired.

} Sequential
Pay Classes

The “ZC Accrual Amount” is any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the ZC Class.

The “Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount” is the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS.

- *Group 2*

The Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount as follows:

- 59.99999988% to FA until retired, and } Pass-Through Class
- 40.00000012% in the following priority:
 - first*, to Aggregate Group I to its Planned Balance; } PAC Group
 - second*, HF and SH, pro rata, until retired; and } Support Classes
 - third*, to Aggregate Group I to zero. } PAC Group

The “Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount” is the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS.

“Aggregate Group I” consists of the PO and PL Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group I to PO and PL, in that order, until retired.

Aggregate Group I has a principal balance equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes included in Aggregate Group I.

- *Group 3*

The Z Accrual Amount to VA and VB, in that order, until retired, and thereafter to Z. } Accretion Directed Classes and Accrual Class

The Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount to A, VA, VB and Z, in that order, until retired. } Sequential Pay Classes

The “Z Accrual Amount” is any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the Z Class.

The “Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount” is the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS.

- *Group 4*

The Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount as follows:

- 60% to BF until retired, and } Pass-Through Class
- 40% in the following priority:
 - first*, to Aggregate Group II to its Planned Balance; } PAC Group
 - second*, to C until retired; and } Support Class
 - third*, to Aggregate Group II to zero. } PAC Group

The “Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount” is the principal then paid on the Group 4 MBS.

“Aggregate Group II” consists of the KA, DA and EB Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group II as follows:

- first*, to KA and DA, pro rata, until retired; and
- second*, to EB until retired.

Aggregate Group II has a principal balance equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes included in Aggregate Group II.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (collectively, the “Pricing Assumptions”):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and interest rates specified under “Summary—Group 1, Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4—Assumed Characteristics of the Underlying Mortgage Loans” in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related tables;
- the settlement date for the Certificates is January 29, 2010; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. The prepayment model used in this prospectus supplement is PSA. For a description of PSA, see “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Prepayment Models” in the REMIC Prospectus. It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any *constant* PSA rate or at any other *constant* rate.

Principal Balance Schedules. The Principal Balance Schedules are set forth beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules were prepared based on the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans prepay at a *constant* rate within the applicable “Structuring Ranges” specified in the chart below. The “Effective Range” for an Aggregate Group is the range of prepayment rates (measured by *constant* PSA rates) that would reduce that Aggregate Group to its scheduled balance each month based on the Pricing Assumptions. We have not provided separate schedules for the individual Classes included in the Aggregate Groups. However, those Classes are designed to receive principal distributions in the same fashion as if separate schedules had been provided (with schedules based on the same underlying assumptions that apply to the related Aggregate Group schedules). If such separate schedules had been provided for the individual Classes included in the Aggregate Groups, we expect that the effective ranges for those Classes would not be narrower than those shown below for the related Aggregate Groups.

<u>Groups</u>	<u>Structuring Ranges</u>	<u>Initial Effective Ranges</u>
Aggregate Group I Planned Balances	Between 200% and 325% PSA	Between 200% and 325% PSA
Aggregate Group II Planned Balances	Between 125% and 400% PSA	Between 125% and 400% PSA

The Aggregate Groups listed above consist of the following Classes:

Aggregate Group I	PO and PL
Aggregate Group II	KA, DA and EB

See “—Decrement Tables” below for the percentages of original principal balances of the individual Classes included in the Aggregate Groups that would be outstanding at various *constant* PSA rates, including the upper and lower bands of the applicable Structuring Ranges, based on the Pricing Assumptions.

We cannot assure you that the balance of either Aggregate Group will conform on any Distribution Date to the balance specified in the Principal Balance Schedules or that distributions of principal of either Aggregate Group will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules.

If you are considering the purchase of a PAC Class, you should first take into account the considerations set forth below.

- We will distribute any excess of principal distributions over the amount necessary to reduce an Aggregate Group to its scheduled balance in any month. As a result, the likelihood of reducing an Aggregate Group to its scheduled balance each month will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal distributions from month to month.
- Even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within a Structuring Range or an Effective Range, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Aggregate Group to its scheduled balance each month if prepayments do not occur at a *constant* PSA rate.
- The actual Effective Ranges at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. As a result, the actual Effective Ranges will likely differ from the Initial Effective Ranges specified above. For the same reason, the Aggregate Groups might not be reduced to their schedule balances each month even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at a *constant* PSA rate within the applicable Initial Effective Ranges. This is so particularly if the rates fall at the lower or higher end of the applicable ranges.
- The actual Effective Ranges may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time.
- The principal payment stability of each Class that has scheduled balances will be supported by one or more other Classes. When the supporting Classes are retired, the Classes receiving the benefit of that support, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be much more sensitive to prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the Index. **The tables below are provided for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a forecast or prediction of the actual yields on the applicable Classes.** We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes, and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments

on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Principal Only Class. **The Principal Only Class will not bear interest. As indicated in the table below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yield to investors in the Principal Only Class.**

The information shown in the following yield table has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase price of the Principal Only Class (expressed as a percentage of original principal balance) is as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price</u>
PO	91.0%

Sensitivity of the PO Class to Prepayments

	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
Pre-Tax Yield to Maturity	0.9%	1.3%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.9%	5.3%	8.0%

The Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the FI Class. **The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the FI Class will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable tables below, it is possible that investors in the FI, SG, TG, SI, SA, BS and SD Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.**

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the following yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate Classes and the FI Class for the initial Interest Accrual Period are the rates listed in the table under “Summary—Interest Rates” in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified levels of the Index, and

- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price*</u>
FI	8.750000%
SG	11.500000%
TG	0.312500%
SH	98.000000%
SI	2.125000%
SA	10.500000%
BS	10.500000%
SD	11.812500%
HS	98.109375%

* The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

In the following yield tables, the symbol * is used to represent a yield of less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the FI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
0.125%	(3.1)%	(9.3)%	(20.3)%	(20.3)%	(20.3)%	(35.1)%	(77.8)%	*
0.250%	(0.9)%	(6.8)%	(17.7)%	(17.7)%	(17.7)%	(32.1)%	(74.0)%	*
2.250%	26.5%	22.0%	12.4%	12.4%	12.4%	1.6%	(33.7)%	(76.8)%
4.250%	52.4%	48.1%	38.8%	38.8%	38.8%	30.1%	(2.4)%	(44.3)%
6.500%	82.9%	78.5%	69.2%	69.2%	69.2%	62.3%	31.5%	(9.8)%

Sensitivity of the SG Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
0.125%	54.8%	50.4%	41.2%	41.2%	41.2%	32.7%	0.4%	(41.3)%
0.250%	53.5%	49.1%	39.9%	39.9%	39.9%	31.3%	(1.1)%	(42.9)%
2.250%	33.1%	28.7%	19.1%	19.1%	19.1%	9.0%	(25.3)%	(68.0)%
4.250%	12.9%	7.9%	(2.2)%	(2.2)%	(2.2)%	(14.5)%	(52.4)%	(96.4)%
6.400% and above ..	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Sensitivity of the TG Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
6.40% and below ...	27.8%	23.3%	13.7%	13.7%	13.7%	3.1%	(32.1)%	(75.1)%
6.45%	9.3%	4.1%	(6.2)%	(6.2)%	(6.2)%	(18.9)%	(57.8)%	*
6.50%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

**Sensitivity of the SH Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
0.125%	10.3%	10.3%	10.3%	10.6%	11.1%	12.9%	15.9%	19.1%
0.250%	10.0%	10.0%	10.1%	10.3%	10.9%	12.6%	15.7%	18.9%
2.250%	6.4%	6.4%	6.4%	6.7%	7.3%	9.3%	12.7%	16.3%
4.250%	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%	3.1%	3.7%	6.0%	9.7%	13.7%
5.750%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	1.0%	3.5%	7.5%	11.7%

**Sensitivity of the SI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
0.125%	457.1%	457.1%	457.1%	415.1%	379.0%	246.7%	(7.9)%	*
0.250%	444.0%	444.0%	444.0%	402.5%	366.9%	235.9%	(14.0)%	*
2.250%	252.4%	252.4%	252.4%	220.0%	190.2%	77.2%	*	*
4.250%	95.8%	95.8%	95.7%	72.0%	43.6%	(61.1)%	*	*
5.750%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

**Sensitivity of the SA Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
0.125%	62.0%	58.7%	52.0%	47.2%	43.3%	30.6%	(1.7)%	(41.0)%
0.250%	60.6%	57.3%	50.6%	45.8%	41.9%	29.2%	(3.1)%	(42.3)%
2.250%	38.1%	34.9%	28.4%	23.7%	20.0%	7.6%	(24.1)%	(63.1)%
4.250%	16.3%	13.2%	6.9%	2.3%	(1.3)%	(13.4)%	(44.6)%	(84.2)%
6.350%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

**Sensitivity of the BS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>						
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>125%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>700%</u>	<u>1000%</u>
0.12500%	60.2%	56.4%	54.6%	40.9%	32.7%	6.0%	(25.1)%
0.23344%	58.9%	55.2%	53.3%	39.7%	31.6%	4.9%	(26.1)%
2.23344%	36.6%	33.1%	31.4%	18.6%	11.0%	(14.0)%	(43.1)%
4.23344%	14.9%	11.7%	10.0%	(1.8)%	(9.0)%	(32.2)%	(59.6)%
6.24000%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

**Sensitivity of the SD Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
0.125%	54.0%	49.7%	40.4%	40.4%	40.4%	31.9%	(0.5)%	(42.2)%
0.250%	52.8%	48.4%	39.2%	39.2%	39.2%	30.5%	(1.9)%	(43.7)%
2.250%	32.9%	28.5%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	8.9%	(25.5)%	(68.2)%
4.250%	13.3%	8.3%	(1.8)%	(1.8)%	(1.8)%	(14.0)%	(51.8)%	(95.8)%
6.500%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

**Sensitivity of the HS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
0.125%	10.6%	10.6%	10.6%	10.8%	11.4%	13.0%	15.9%	18.9%
0.250%	10.3%	10.3%	10.4%	10.6%	11.1%	12.8%	15.7%	18.7%
2.250%	6.6%	6.6%	6.6%	6.8%	7.4%	9.3%	12.6%	16.0%
4.250%	2.8%	2.9%	2.9%	3.1%	3.7%	5.9%	9.5%	13.3%
5.750%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	1.0%	3.4%	7.3%	11.3%

The Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes. **The yields to investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on each Fixed Rate Interest Only Class would be 0% if prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans were to occur at the following constant rates:**

<u>Class</u>	<u>% PSA</u>
EI	710%
PI	575%

For either Fixed Rate Interest Only Class, if the actual prepayment rate of the related Mortgage Loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling that level for the remaining months, the investors in the applicable Class would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the following yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of the original principal balance) are as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price*</u>
EI	10.00000%
PI	17.21875%

* The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the EI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>125%</u>	<u>300%</u>	<u>400%</u>	<u>700%</u>	<u>1000%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity . . .	37.2%	28.6%	24.1%	24.1%	24.1%	1.1%	(36.5)%

Sensitivity of the PI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>270%</u>	<u>325%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>900%</u>	<u>1300%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity . . .	30.2%	25.7%	16.1%	16.1%	16.1%	5.8%	(29.0)%	(71.9)%

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

For a description of how the weighted average life of a Certificate is determined, see “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal distributions, and
- the priority sequences of distributions of principal of the Classes.

See “—Distributions of Principal” above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions.

In the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, however, we assumed that the Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

<u>Mortgage Loans Backing Trust Assets Specified Below</u>	<u>Original and Remaining Terms to Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>
Group 1 MBS	360 months	7.50%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	8.50%
Group 3 MBS	360 months	7.50%
Group 4 MBS	360 months	8.50%

It is unlikely that all of the Mortgage Loans will have the loan ages, interest rates or remaining terms to maturity assumed, or that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates, even if the weighted average remaining term to maturity and the weighted average loan age of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the weighted averages specified in the Pricing Assumptions. This is the case because pools of loans with identical weighted averages are nonetheless likely to reflect differing dispersions of the related characteristics.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

Date	DG Class						VC Class						ZC Class						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption						PSA Prepayment Assumption						PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	400%	806%	1200%	1600%	0%	100%	400%	806%	1200%	1600%	0%	100%	400%	806%	1200%	1600%	
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2011	99	96	89	80	70	61	94	94	94	94	94	94	105	105	105	105	105	105	105
January 2012	98	89	69	43	22	2	88	88	88	88	88	88	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
January 2013	96	81	46	12	0	0	82	82	82	82	0	0	116	116	116	116	105	9	
January 2014	95	73	29	0	0	0	75	75	75	27	0	0	122	122	122	122	29	*	
January 2015	93	66	16	0	0	0	68	68	68	0	0	0	128	128	128	74	8	*	
January 2016	92	59	6	0	0	0	60	60	60	0	0	0	135	135	135	37	2	*	
January 2017	90	52	0	0	0	0	52	52	44	0	0	0	142	142	142	19	1	*	
January 2018	88	46	0	0	0	0	44	44	0	0	0	0	149	149	134	10	*	0	
January 2019	86	41	0	0	0	0	35	35	0	0	0	0	157	157	99	5	*	0	
January 2020	84	35	0	0	0	0	26	26	0	0	0	0	165	165	73	2	*	0	
January 2021	82	30	0	0	0	0	16	16	0	0	0	0	173	173	54	1	*	0	
January 2022	79	26	0	0	0	0	6	6	0	0	0	0	182	182	40	1	*	0	
January 2023	76	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	188	29	*	*	0	
January 2024	73	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	188	21	*	*	0	
January 2025	70	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	188	16	*	*	0	
January 2026	67	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	188	11	*	*	0	
January 2027	63	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	188	8	*	*	0	
January 2028	59	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	188	6	*	*	0	
January 2029	55	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	188	4	*	*	0	
January 2030	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	165	3	*	*	0	
January 2031	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	142	2	*	*	0	
January 2032	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	121	1	*	*	0	
January 2033	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	101	1	*	*	0	
January 2034	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	83	1	*	*	0	
January 2035	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	66	*	*	*	0	
January 2036	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	50	*	*	*	0	
January 2037	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	188	35	*	*	*	0	
January 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	21	*	*	*	0	
January 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	85	8	*	*	*	0	
January 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Weighted Average Life (years)**	18.3	8.2	3.1	1.9	1.4	1.2	7.0	7.0	5.6	3.5	2.5	2.0	28.9	23.7	11.0	5.7	3.7	2.6	

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Date	DY Class						PO, FI†, SG†, TG†, FG, FD, SD†, PA, PB, PC, PD and PI† Classes							
	PSA Prepayment Assumption						PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	0%	100%	400%	806%	1200%	1600%	0%	100%	200%	270%	325%	500%	900%	1300%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2011	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	93	88	88	88	88	76	55
January 2012	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	85	74	74	74	66	34	11
January 2013	100	100	100	100	56	5	97	77	61	61	61	45	14	1
January 2014	100	100	100	78	15	*	96	69	49	49	49	31	6	0
January 2015	100	100	100	39	4	*	94	62	39	39	39	21	2	0
January 2016	100	100	100	20	1	*	93	56	31	31	31	14	0	0
January 2017	100	100	96	10	*	*	91	49	24	24	24	9	0	0
January 2018	100	100	71	5	*	0	90	43	18	18	18	5	0	0
January 2019	100	100	53	3	*	0	88	38	14	14	14	3	0	0
January 2020	100	100	39	1	*	0	86	32	10	10	10	2	0	0
January 2021	100	100	29	1	*	0	84	28	7	7	7	1	0	0
January 2022	100	100	21	*	*	0	81	23	5	5	5	0	0	0
January 2023	100	100	16	*	*	0	79	19	3	3	3	0	0	0
January 2024	100	100	11	*	*	0	76	14	2	2	2	0	0	0
January 2025	100	100	8	*	*	0	73	11	1	1	1	0	0	0
January 2026	100	100	6	*	*	0	69	7	*	*	*	0	0	0
January 2027	100	100	4	*	0	0	66	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2028	100	100	3	*	0	0	62	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2029	100	100	2	*	0	0	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2030	100	88	2	*	0	0	53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2031	100	76	1	*	0	0	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2032	100	65	1	*	0	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2033	100	54	1	*	0	0	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2034	100	44	*	*	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2035	100	35	*	*	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2036	100	27	*	*	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2037	100	19	*	*	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2038	87	11	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2039	45	4	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	28.9	23.7	10.2	5.1	3.4	2.4	18.8	7.6	4.8	4.8	4.8	3.4	1.8	1.2

Date	PL Class								HF, SH, SI† and HS Classes							
	PSA Prepayment Assumption								PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	0%	100%	200%	270%	325%	500%	900%	1300%	0%	100%	200%	270%	325%	500%	900%	1300%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2011	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	84	72	33	0	0
January 2012	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	67	42	0	0	0
January 2013	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	55	22	0	0	0
January 2014	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	35	100	100	100	47	11	0	0	0
January 2015	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	8	100	100	100	43	5	0	0	0
January 2016	100	100	100	100	100	100	86	2	100	100	100	42	4	0	0	0
January 2017	100	100	100	100	100	100	39	*	100	100	98	40	4	0	0	0
January 2018	100	100	100	100	100	100	18	*	100	100	93	37	4	0	0	0
January 2019	100	100	100	100	100	100	8	*	100	100	87	34	4	0	0	0
January 2020	100	100	100	100	100	100	4	*	100	100	81	31	4	0	0	0
January 2021	100	100	100	100	100	100	2	*	100	100	74	28	4	0	0	0
January 2022	100	100	100	100	100	89	1	*	100	100	67	25	4	0	0	0
January 2023	100	100	100	100	100	60	*	*	100	100	60	22	4	0	0	0
January 2024	100	100	100	100	100	41	*	*	100	100	53	20	4	0	0	0
January 2025	100	100	100	100	100	27	*	*	100	100	47	17	4	0	0	0
January 2026	100	100	100	100	100	18	*	0	100	100	41	15	4	0	0	0
January 2027	100	100	64	64	64	12	*	0	100	100	36	13	4	0	0	0
January 2028	100	100	34	34	34	8	*	0	100	100	31	12	4	0	0	0
January 2029	100	11	11	11	11	5	*	0	100	95	27	10	4	0	0	0
January 2030	100	0	0	0	0	3	*	0	100	83	23	9	4	0	0	0
January 2031	100	0	0	0	0	2	*	0	100	71	18	7	3	0	0	0
January 2032	100	0	0	0	0	1	*	0	100	60	14	5	2	0	0	0
January 2033	100	0	0	0	0	1	*	0	100	49	11	4	1	0	0	0
January 2034	100	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	100	40	8	3	1	0	0	0
January 2035	100	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	100	30	6	2	1	0	0	0
January 2036	100	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	100	22	4	1	*	0	0	0
January 2037	100	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	100	13	2	1	*	0	0	0
January 2038	0	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	92	6	1	*	*	0	0	0
January 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	27.8	18.5	17.6	17.6	17.6	14.2	7.1	4.0	29.0	23.2	15.4	7.2	2.8	0.8	0.4	0.2

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Date	FA and SA† Classes								A Class					VA Class				
	PSA Prepayment Assumption								PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption				
	0%	100%	200%	270%	325%	500%	900%	1300%	0%	100%	285%	500%	700%	0%	100%	285%	500%	700%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2011	99	95	91	88	86	78	62	45	99	90	77	62	48	93	93	93	93	93
January 2012	98	88	79	73	68	55	29	10	98	81	59	36	19	86	86	86	86	86
January 2013	98	81	68	60	54	38	13	2	96	73	44	18	2	78	78	78	78	78
January 2014	97	75	59	50	43	26	6	*	95	65	31	6	0	70	70	70	70	0
January 2015	95	70	51	41	34	18	3	*	94	58	21	0	0	61	61	61	15	0
January 2016	94	64	44	34	27	12	1	*	92	51	13	0	0	52	52	52	0	0
January 2017	93	59	38	28	21	8	1	*	90	44	7	0	0	42	42	42	0	0
January 2018	92	54	33	23	17	6	*	*	88	38	1	0	0	32	32	32	0	0
January 2019	90	50	28	19	13	4	*	*	86	32	0	0	0	22	22	0	0	0
January 2020	89	46	24	15	10	3	*	*	84	27	0	0	0	11	11	0	0	0
January 2021	87	42	21	12	8	2	*	*	82	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2022	85	38	18	10	6	1	*	*	79	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2023	83	35	15	8	5	1	*	0	77	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2024	81	31	13	7	4	1	*	0	74	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2025	78	28	11	5	3	*	*	0	71	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2026	75	25	9	4	2	*	*	0	67	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2027	72	23	8	3	2	*	*	0	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2028	69	20	6	3	1	*	*	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2029	66	17	5	2	1	*	*	0	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2030	62	15	4	2	1	*	*	0	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2031	58	13	3	1	1	*	*	0	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2032	53	11	3	1	*	*	*	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2033	49	9	2	1	*	*	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2034	43	7	2	*	*	*	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2035	37	6	1	*	*	*	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2036	31	4	1	*	*	*	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2037	24	2	*	*	*	*	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2038	17	1	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2039	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	20.8	10.6	6.9	5.4	4.6	3.0	1.6	1.1	18.5	6.8	3.0	1.7	1.2	6.0	6.0	5.6	4.0	2.9

Date	VB Class					Z Class					KA, EI†, DA and EA Classes						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	285%	500%	700%	0%	100%	285%	500%	700%	0%	100%	125%	300%	400%	700%	1000%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2011	100	100	100	100	100	105	105	105	105	105	99	88	85	85	85	85	70
January 2012	100	100	100	100	100	110	110	110	110	110	97	76	71	71	71	53	22
January 2013	100	100	100	100	100	116	116	116	116	116	96	64	58	58	58	27	4
January 2014	100	100	100	100	49	122	122	122	122	122	94	53	45	45	45	12	0
January 2015	100	100	100	100	0	128	128	128	128	104	92	43	34	34	34	3	0
January 2016	100	100	100	36	0	135	135	135	135	58	90	34	24	24	24	0	0
January 2017	100	100	100	0	0	142	142	142	122	33	88	25	15	15	15	0	0
January 2018	100	100	100	0	0	149	149	149	82	18	85	16	9	9	9	0	0
January 2019	100	100	75	0	0	157	157	157	55	10	83	8	5	5	5	0	0
January 2020	100	100	27	0	0	165	165	165	37	6	80	1	1	1	1	0	0
January 2021	100	100	0	0	0	173	173	157	24	3	76	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2022	93	93	0	0	0	182	182	123	16	2	73	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2023	85	85	0	0	0	191	191	95	11	1	69	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2024	78	78	0	0	0	201	201	73	7	*	65	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2025	70	70	0	0	0	211	211	56	4	*	61	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2026	61	61	0	0	0	222	222	42	3	*	56	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2027	52	23	0	0	0	234	234	31	2	*	51	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2028	43	0	0	0	0	246	215	22	1	*	45	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2029	33	0	0	0	0	258	170	16	1	*	39	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2030	23	0	0	0	0	271	128	10	*	*	32	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2031	12	0	0	0	0	285	89	6	*	*	25	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2032	*	0	0	0	0	300	53	3	*	*	17	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2033	0	0	0	0	0	300	19	1	*	*	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2034	0	0	0	0	0	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2035	0	0	0	0	0	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2036	0	0	0	0	0	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2037	0	0	0	0	0	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2038	0	0	0	0	0	280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2039	0	0	0	0	0	145	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	17.0	15.6	9.6	5.8	4.1	29.0	20.4	14.3	9.2	6.4	15.7	4.6	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.3	1.5

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Date	EB Class							C Class							BF and BS† Classes						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	125%	300%	400%	700%	1000%	0%	100%	125%	300%	400%	700%	1000%	0%	100%	125%	300%	400%	700%	1000%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2011	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	76	62	20	0	99	93	92	82	77	60	44
January 2012	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	56	33	0	0	98	86	84	67	58	35	17
January 2013	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	43	16	0	0	98	80	76	54	43	20	7
January 2014	100	100	100	100	100	100	56	100	100	100	34	5	0	0	97	74	69	43	32	11	3
January 2015	100	100	100	100	100	100	22	100	100	100	28	1	0	0	95	68	63	35	24	6	1
January 2016	100	100	100	100	100	77	9	100	100	100	26	*	0	0	94	63	57	28	18	4	*
January 2017	100	100	100	100	100	44	3	100	100	98	23	*	0	0	93	58	52	23	13	2	*
January 2018	100	100	100	100	100	25	1	100	100	94	21	*	0	0	92	53	47	18	10	1	*
January 2019	100	100	100	100	100	14	1	100	100	89	18	*	0	0	90	49	42	14	7	1	*
January 2020	100	100	100	100	100	8	*	100	99	83	15	*	0	0	89	44	38	11	5	*	*
January 2021	100	84	84	84	84	4	*	100	93	76	13	*	0	0	87	41	34	9	4	*	*
January 2022	100	62	62	62	62	2	*	100	86	70	11	*	0	0	85	37	30	7	3	*	*
January 2023	100	45	45	45	45	1	*	100	79	63	9	*	0	0	83	33	27	6	2	*	*
January 2024	100	33	33	33	33	1	*	100	72	57	7	*	0	0	81	30	24	4	2	*	*
January 2025	100	24	24	24	24	*	*	100	66	51	6	*	0	0	78	27	21	4	1	*	*
January 2026	100	17	17	17	17	*	*	100	59	45	5	*	0	0	75	24	19	3	1	*	*
January 2027	100	12	12	12	12	*	*	100	53	40	4	*	0	0	72	21	16	2	1	*	*
January 2028	100	9	9	9	9	*	*	100	47	35	3	*	0	0	69	19	14	2	*	*	*
January 2029	100	6	6	6	6	*	*	100	41	30	2	*	0	0	66	16	12	1	*	*	*
January 2030	100	4	4	4	4	*	*	100	35	25	2	*	0	0	62	14	10	1	*	*	0
January 2031	100	3	3	3	3	*	*	100	30	21	1	*	0	0	58	12	8	1	*	*	0
January 2032	100	2	2	2	2	*	*	100	25	17	1	*	0	0	53	10	7	*	*	*	0
January 2033	100	1	1	1	1	*	0	100	20	14	1	*	0	0	49	8	5	*	*	*	0
January 2034	83	1	1	1	1	*	0	100	15	10	*	*	0	0	43	6	4	*	*	*	0
January 2035	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	95	11	7	*	*	0	0	37	4	3	*	*	*	0
January 2036	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	79	7	5	*	*	0	0	31	3	2	*	*	*	0
January 2037	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	62	3	2	*	*	0	0	24	1	1	*	*	*	0
January 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	24.3	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	7.3	4.5	27.6	17.9	15.9	4.6	1.7	0.7	0.4	20.8	10.3	9.1	4.7	3.5	1.9	1.2

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Characteristics of the Residual Classes

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. See “Description of the Certificates—Special Characteristics of the Residual Certificates” and “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Treasury Department regulations (the “Regulations”) provide that a transfer of a “noneconomic residual interest” will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. A Residual Certificate will constitute a noneconomic residual interest under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate had “improper knowledge” at the time of the transfer. See “Description of the Certificates—Special Characteristics of the Residual Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial

owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The tax discussions contained in the REMIC Prospectus (including the sections entitled “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences” and “ERISA Considerations”) and this prospectus supplement were not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. These discussions were written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this prospectus supplement. You should seek advice based on your particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will make a REMIC election with respect to each REMIC set forth in the table under “Description of the Certificates—General—*Structure*.” The Regular Classes will be designated as “regular interests” and the Residual Classes will be designated as the “residual interests” in the REMICs as set forth in that table. Thus, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as “regular or residual interests in a REMIC” for domestic building and loan associations, as “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the Residual Classes, as “qualified mortgages” for other REMICs. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Classes, the Principal Only Class and the Accrual Classes will be issued with original issue discount (“OID”), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—*Treatment of Original Issue Discount*” in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—*Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

<u>Group</u>	<u>Prepayment Assumption</u>
1	806% PSA
2	270% PSA
3	285% PSA
4	300% PSA

See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—*Treatment of Original Issue Discount*” in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or any other rate. See “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” in this prospectus supplement and “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations—Weighted Average Lives and Final Distribution Dates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

The Holder of a Residual Certificate will be considered to be the holder of the “residual interest” in the related REMIC. Such Holder generally will be required to report its daily portion of the taxable income or net loss of the REMIC to which that Certificate relates. In certain periods, a Holder of a Residual Certificate may be required to recognize taxable income without being entitled to receive a corresponding amount of cash. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to the Holder of a Residual Certificate (i) information necessary to enable it to prepare its federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the Residual Class that may be required under the Code. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The Regular Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates set forth in Schedule 1 (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest of the underlying Regular Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Regular Certificates, see “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Generally, the ownership interest represented by an RCR certificate will be one of two types. A certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a “Combination RCR Certificate”) will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in one or more underlying Regular Certificates. A certificate of a Strip RCR Class (a “Strip RCR Certificate”) will represent the right to receive a disproportionate part of the principal or interest payments on one or more underlying Regular Certificates. All the Classes of RCR Certificates are Combination RCR Certificates. See “Material Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus for a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of RCR Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. (the “Dealer”) in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealer.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Sonnenschein Nath & Rosenthal LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Available Recombinations(1)

REMIC Certificates		RCR Certificates						
Classes	Original Balances	RCR Classes	Original Balances	Principal Type(2)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(2)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Recombination 1								
VC	\$14,683,000	DY(3)	\$31,449,000	SEQ	5.0%	FIX	31398GE96	February 2040
ZC	16,766,000							
Recombination 2								
PO	34,410,856	FG	34,410,856	PAC	(4)	FLT	31398GF20	December 2039
FI	34,410,857(5)							
TG	34,410,857(5)							
Recombination 3								
PO	34,410,856	FD	34,410,856	PAC	(4)	FLT	31398GF38	December 2039
FI	34,410,857(5)							
Recombination 4								
SG	34,410,857(5)	SD	34,410,857(5)	NTL	(4)	INV/IO	31398GF46	December 2039
TG	34,410,857(5)							
Recombination 5								
PO	53,528,000	PA	53,528,000	PAC	3.0	FIX	31398GF53	December 2039
FI	22,940,571(5)							
SG	22,940,571(5)							
TG	22,940,571(5)							
Recombination 6								
PO	53,528,000	PB	53,528,000	PAC	3.5	FIX	31398GF61	December 2039
FI	26,763,997(5)							
SG	26,763,997(5)							
TG	26,763,997(5)							
Recombination 7								
PO	53,528,000	PC	53,528,000	PAC	4.0	FIX	31398GF79	December 2039
FI	30,587,428(5)							
SG	30,587,428(5)							
TG	30,587,428(5)							

REMIC Certificates		RCR Certificates						
Classes	Original Balances	RCR Classes	Original Balances	Principal Type(2)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(2)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Recombination 8								
PO	\$53,528,000	PD	\$53,528,000	PAC	4.5%	FIX	31398GF87	December 2039
FI	34,410,857(5)							
SG	34,410,857(5)							
TG	34,410,857(5)							
Recombination 9								
FI	34,410,857(5)	PI	40,145,999(5)	NTL	6.0	FIX/IO	31398GF95	December 2039
SG	34,410,857(5)							
TG	34,410,857(5)							
Recombination 10								
SH	4,361,310	HS	4,361,310	SUP	(4)	INV	31398GG29	February 2040
SI	218,064(5)							
Recombination 11								
DA	7,370,000	EA	22,370,000	PAC	4.5	FIX	31398GG37	April 2039
KA	15,000,000							
EI	1,666,666(5)							

- (1) REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates in each Recombination may be exchanged only in the proportions of *original* principal balances for the related Classes shown in this Schedule 1 (disregarding any retired Classes). For example, if a particular Recombination includes two REMIC Classes and one RCR Class whose *original* principal balances shown in the schedule reflect a 1:1:2 relationship, the same 1:1:2 relationship among the *original* principal balances of those REMIC and RCR Classes must be maintained in any exchange. This is true even if, as a result of the applicable payment priority sequence, the relationship between their *current* principal balances has changed over time. Moreover, if as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange. See "Description of the Certificates—General—*Authorized Denominations*" in this prospectus supplement.
- (2) See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.
- (3) Principal payments on the REMIC Certificates in Recombination 1 from the ZC Accrual Amount will be paid as interest on the related RCR Certificates and thus will not reduce the principal balances of those RCR Certificates.
- (4) For a description of these interest rates, see "Summary—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement.
- (5) Notional balances. These Classes are Interest Only Classes. See page S-8 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.

Principal Balance Schedules

Aggregate Group I Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$54,455,000.00	May 2014	\$25,456,132.02	September 2018	\$ 8,926,672.84
February 2010	54,046,347.10	June 2014	25,004,814.33	October 2018	8,738,151.30
March 2010	53,616,221.51	July 2014	24,558,552.18	November 2018	8,553,244.01
April 2010	53,165,131.00	August 2014	24,117,290.58	December 2018	8,371,883.24
May 2010	52,693,443.09	September 2014	23,680,975.12	January 2019	8,194,002.51
June 2010	52,201,546.48	October 2014	23,249,551.97	February 2019	8,019,536.57
July 2010	51,689,850.55	November 2014	22,822,967.88	March 2019	7,848,421.38
August 2010	51,158,784.79	December 2014	22,401,170.17	April 2019	7,680,594.06
September 2010	50,608,798.25	January 2015	21,984,106.74	May 2019	7,515,992.92
October 2010	50,040,358.86	February 2015	21,571,726.02	June 2019	7,354,557.40
November 2010	49,453,952.84	March 2015	21,163,977.03	July 2019	7,196,228.06
December 2010	48,850,084.00	April 2015	20,760,809.31	August 2019	7,040,946.56
January 2011	48,229,272.98	May 2015	20,362,172.95	September 2019	6,888,655.62
February 2011	47,592,056.55	June 2015	19,968,018.57	October 2019	6,739,299.06
March 2011	46,938,986.82	July 2015	19,578,297.34	November 2019	6,592,821.70
April 2011	46,270,630.42	August 2015	19,192,960.94	December 2019	6,449,169.41
May 2011	45,587,567.69	September 2015	18,811,961.56	January 2020	6,308,289.04
June 2011	44,912,074.73	October 2015	18,435,471.55	February 2020	6,170,128.43
July 2011	44,244,069.59	November 2015	18,066,100.11	March 2020	6,034,636.41
August 2011	43,583,471.21	December 2015	17,703,715.01	April 2020	5,901,762.72
September 2011	42,930,199.37	January 2016	17,348,186.43	May 2020	5,771,458.05
October 2011	42,284,174.75	February 2016	16,999,386.95	June 2020	5,643,674.01
November 2011	41,645,318.83	March 2016	16,657,191.51	July 2020	5,518,363.09
December 2011	41,013,553.96	April 2016	16,321,477.31	August 2020	5,395,478.67
January 2012	40,388,803.34	May 2016	15,992,123.83	September 2020	5,274,975.00
February 2012	39,770,990.94	June 2016	15,669,012.75	October 2020	5,156,807.17
March 2012	39,160,041.59	July 2016	15,352,027.94	November 2020	5,040,931.11
April 2012	38,555,880.91	August 2016	15,041,055.39	December 2020	4,927,303.55
May 2012	37,958,435.31	September 2016	14,735,983.21	January 2021	4,815,882.04
June 2012	37,367,632.00	October 2016	14,436,701.53	February 2021	4,706,624.92
July 2012	36,783,398.96	November 2016	14,143,102.53	March 2021	4,599,491.30
August 2012	36,205,664.96	December 2016	13,855,080.36	April 2021	4,494,441.03
September 2012	35,634,359.50	January 2017	13,572,531.13	May 2021	4,391,434.73
October 2012	35,069,412.87	February 2017	13,295,352.85	June 2021	4,290,433.75
November 2012	34,510,756.08	March 2017	13,023,445.40	July 2021	4,191,400.14
December 2012	33,958,320.91	April 2017	12,756,710.52	August 2021	4,094,296.67
January 2013	33,412,039.83	May 2017	12,495,051.75	September 2021	3,999,086.80
February 2013	32,871,846.08	June 2017	12,238,374.41	October 2021	3,905,734.67
March 2013	32,337,673.57	July 2017	11,986,585.55	November 2021	3,814,205.08
April 2013	31,809,456.96	August 2017	11,739,593.94	December 2021	3,724,463.49
May 2013	31,287,131.58	September 2017	11,497,310.05	January 2022	3,636,476.00
June 2013	30,770,633.47	October 2017	11,259,645.96	February 2022	3,550,209.35
July 2013	30,259,899.35	November 2017	11,026,515.40	March 2022	3,465,630.89
August 2013	29,754,866.61	December 2017	10,797,833.68	April 2022	3,382,708.57
September 2013	29,255,473.33	January 2018	10,573,517.68	May 2022	3,301,410.95
October 2013	28,761,658.25	February 2018	10,353,485.79	June 2022	3,221,707.18
November 2013	28,273,360.75	March 2018	10,137,657.93	July 2022	3,143,566.96
December 2013	27,790,520.88	April 2018	9,925,955.47	August 2022	3,066,960.59
January 2014	27,313,079.32	May 2018	9,718,301.26	September 2022	2,991,858.90
February 2014	26,840,977.39	June 2018	9,514,619.55	October 2022	2,918,233.26
March 2014	26,374,157.05	July 2018	9,314,836.00	November 2022	2,846,055.59
April 2014	25,912,560.86	August 2018	9,118,877.64	December 2022	2,775,298.32

Aggregate Group I (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
January 2023	\$ 2,705,934.40	May 2025	\$ 1,234,045.39	September 2027	\$ 400,605.47
February 2023	2,637,937.30	June 2025	1,195,325.29	October 2027	378,856.06
March 2023	2,571,280.95	July 2025	1,157,384.85	November 2027	357,556.60
April 2023	2,505,939.80	August 2025	1,120,209.01	December 2027	336,698.26
May 2023	2,441,888.76	September 2025	1,083,783.00	January 2028	316,272.40
June 2023	2,379,103.22	October 2025	1,048,092.34	February 2028	296,270.51
July 2023	2,317,559.01	November 2025	1,013,122.80	March 2028	276,684.28
August 2023	2,257,232.43	December 2025	978,860.45	April 2028	257,505.54
September 2023	2,198,100.23	January 2026	945,291.60	May 2028	238,726.27
October 2023	2,140,139.56	February 2026	912,402.82	June 2028	220,338.62
November 2023	2,083,328.04	March 2026	880,180.93	July 2028	202,334.87
December 2023	2,027,643.67	April 2026	848,613.01	August 2028	184,707.47
January 2024	1,973,064.90	May 2026	817,686.38	September 2028	167,448.98
February 2024	1,919,570.55	June 2026	787,388.60	October 2028	150,552.13
March 2024	1,867,139.85	July 2026	757,707.45	November 2028	134,009.79
April 2024	1,815,752.42	August 2026	728,630.97	December 2028	117,814.95
May 2024	1,765,388.27	September 2026	700,147.40	January 2029	101,960.74
June 2024	1,716,027.76	October 2026	672,245.21	February 2029	86,440.43
July 2024	1,667,651.65	November 2026	644,913.09	March 2029	71,247.40
August 2024	1,620,241.03	December 2026	618,139.94	April 2029	56,375.16
September 2024	1,573,777.37	January 2027	591,914.89	May 2029	41,817.37
October 2024	1,528,242.47	February 2027	566,227.24	June 2029	27,567.78
November 2024	1,483,618.48	March 2027	541,066.52	July 2029	13,620.28
December 2024	1,439,887.88	April 2027	516,422.45	August 2029	0.01
January 2025	1,397,033.49	May 2027	492,284.95	September 2029 and thereafter	0.00
February 2025	1,355,038.44	June 2027	468,644.11		
March 2025	1,313,886.18	July 2027	445,490.24		
April 2025	1,273,560.47	August 2027	422,813.80		

Aggregate Group II Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$24,269,000.00	November 2011	\$18,298,316.44	September 2013	\$12,925,378.43
February 2010	24,029,922.08	December 2011	18,036,590.85	October 2013	12,699,427.14
March 2010	23,783,254.27	January 2012	17,776,605.21	November 2013	12,474,983.07
April 2010	23,529,130.71	February 2012	17,518,348.21	December 2013	12,252,036.40
May 2010	23,267,690.12	March 2012	17,261,808.59	January 2014	12,030,577.39
June 2010	22,999,075.67	April 2012	17,006,975.19	February 2014	11,810,596.37
July 2010	22,723,434.90	May 2012	16,753,836.92	March 2014	11,592,083.71
August 2010	22,440,919.53	June 2012	16,502,382.73	April 2014	11,375,029.85
September 2010	22,151,685.35	July 2012	16,252,601.69	May 2014	11,159,425.31
October 2010	21,864,370.00	August 2012	16,004,482.91	June 2014	10,945,260.64
November 2010	21,578,961.01	September 2012	15,758,015.57	July 2014	10,732,526.48
December 2010	21,295,445.98	October 2012	15,513,188.93	August 2014	10,521,213.52
January 2011	21,013,812.59	November 2012	15,269,992.32	September 2014	10,311,312.49
February 2011	20,734,048.62	December 2012	15,028,415.13	October 2014	10,102,814.23
March 2011	20,456,141.90	January 2013	14,788,446.83	November 2014	9,895,709.58
April 2011	20,180,080.36	February 2013	14,550,076.95	December 2014	9,689,989.49
May 2011	19,905,852.00	March 2013	14,313,295.09	January 2015	9,485,644.93
June 2011	19,633,444.90	April 2013	14,078,090.91	February 2015	9,282,666.95
July 2011	19,362,847.21	May 2013	13,844,454.17	March 2015	9,081,046.66
August 2011	19,094,047.18	June 2013	13,612,374.64	April 2015	8,880,775.21
September 2011	18,827,033.10	July 2013	13,381,842.21	May 2015	8,681,843.83
October 2011	18,561,793.37	August 2013	13,152,846.81	June 2015	8,484,243.79

Aggregate Group II (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
July 2015	\$ 8,287,966.42	February 2020	\$ 2,109,174.51	September 2024	\$ 503,939.10
August 2015	8,093,003.11	March 2020	2,056,346.59	October 2024	490,570.82
September 2015	7,899,345.30	April 2020	2,004,801.88	November 2024	477,538.77
October 2015	7,707,790.32	May 2020	1,954,509.83	December 2024	464,834.75
November 2015	7,520,790.41	June 2020	1,905,440.61	January 2025	452,450.78
December 2015	7,338,238.70	July 2020	1,857,565.08	February 2025	440,379.05
January 2016	7,160,030.80	August 2020	1,810,854.80	March 2025	428,611.94
February 2016	6,986,064.75	September 2020	1,765,281.98	April 2025	417,142.01
March 2016	6,816,240.97	October 2020	1,720,819.51	May 2025	405,962.01
April 2016	6,650,462.18	November 2020	1,677,440.89	June 2025	395,064.86
May 2016	6,488,633.37	December 2020	1,635,120.25	July 2025	384,443.63
June 2016	6,330,661.74	January 2021	1,593,832.35	August 2025	374,091.57
July 2016	6,176,456.64	February 2021	1,553,552.51	September 2025	364,002.10
August 2016	6,025,929.55	March 2021	1,514,256.65	October 2025	354,168.80
September 2016	5,878,993.99	April 2021	1,475,921.26	November 2025	344,585.37
October 2016	5,735,565.49	May 2021	1,438,523.37	December 2025	335,245.69
November 2016	5,595,561.57	June 2021	1,402,040.56	January 2026	326,143.78
December 2016	5,458,901.64	July 2021	1,366,450.95	February 2026	317,273.82
January 2017	5,325,507.01	August 2021	1,331,733.14	March 2026	308,630.09
February 2017	5,195,300.82	September 2021	1,297,866.27	April 2026	300,207.04
March 2017	5,068,207.99	October 2021	1,264,829.96	May 2026	291,999.25
April 2017	4,944,155.18	November 2021	1,232,604.30	June 2026	284,001.41
May 2017	4,823,070.80	December 2021	1,201,169.86	July 2026	276,208.36
June 2017	4,704,884.88	January 2022	1,170,507.67	August 2026	268,615.05
July 2017	4,589,529.11	February 2022	1,140,599.21	September 2026	261,216.56
August 2017	4,476,936.77	March 2022	1,111,426.38	October 2026	254,008.09
September 2017	4,367,042.69	April 2022	1,082,971.52	November 2026	246,984.93
October 2017	4,259,783.22	May 2022	1,055,217.40	December 2026	240,142.53
November 2017	4,155,096.19	June 2022	1,028,147.17	January 2027	233,476.40
December 2017	4,052,920.89	July 2022	1,001,744.39	February 2027	226,982.20
January 2018	3,953,198.03	August 2022	975,993.02	March 2027	220,655.66
February 2018	3,855,869.69	September 2022	950,877.38	April 2027	214,492.64
March 2018	3,760,879.31	October 2022	926,382.17	May 2027	208,489.08
April 2018	3,668,171.65	November 2022	902,492.46	June 2027	202,641.03
May 2018	3,577,692.77	December 2022	879,193.66	July 2027	196,944.63
June 2018	3,489,389.98	January 2023	856,471.54	August 2027	191,396.12
July 2018	3,403,211.81	February 2023	834,312.18	September 2027	185,991.82
August 2018	3,319,108.01	March 2023	812,702.02	October 2027	180,728.15
September 2018	3,237,029.50	April 2023	791,627.80	November 2027	175,601.60
October 2018	3,156,928.35	May 2023	771,076.59	December 2027	170,608.77
November 2018	3,078,757.74	June 2023	751,035.76	January 2028	165,746.33
December 2018	3,002,471.95	July 2023	731,492.98	February 2028	161,011.01
January 2019	2,928,026.35	August 2023	712,436.20	March 2028	156,399.65
February 2019	2,855,377.31	September 2023	693,853.67	April 2028	151,909.16
March 2019	2,784,482.27	October 2023	675,733.93	May 2028	147,536.51
April 2019	2,715,299.64	November 2023	658,065.77	June 2028	143,278.76
May 2019	2,647,788.79	December 2023	640,838.25	July 2028	139,133.03
June 2019	2,581,910.08	January 2024	624,040.70	August 2028	135,096.51
July 2019	2,517,624.76	February 2024	607,662.69	September 2028	131,166.48
August 2019	2,454,895.02	March 2024	591,694.06	October 2028	127,340.25
September 2019	2,393,683.91	April 2024	576,124.87	November 2028	123,615.23
October 2019	2,333,955.36	May 2024	560,945.42	December 2028	119,988.86
November 2019	2,275,674.15	June 2024	546,146.25	January 2029	116,458.67
December 2019	2,218,805.87	July 2024	531,718.11	February 2029	113,022.25
January 2020	2,163,316.92	August 2024	517,652.00	March 2029	109,677.22

Aggregate Group II (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
April 2029	\$ 106,421.28	March 2032	\$ 34,246.13	February 2035	\$ 7,893.83
May 2029	103,252.19	April 2032	33,052.35	March 2035	7,482.24
June 2029	100,167.76	May 2032	31,892.60	April 2035	7,083.78
July 2029	97,165.83	June 2032	30,766.02	May 2035	6,698.09
August 2029	94,244.34	July 2032	29,671.72	June 2035	6,324.82
September 2029	91,401.24	August 2032	28,608.85	July 2035	5,963.62
October 2029	88,634.54	September 2032	27,576.60	August 2035	5,614.16
November 2029	85,942.32	October 2032	26,574.15	September 2035	5,276.11
December 2029	83,322.67	November 2032	25,600.72	October 2035	4,949.15
January 2030	80,773.75	December 2032	24,655.55	November 2035	4,632.98
February 2030	78,293.78	January 2033	23,737.87	December 2035	4,327.28
March 2030	75,880.98	February 2033	22,846.98	January 2036	4,031.76
April 2030	73,533.66	March 2033	21,982.15	February 2036	3,746.14
May 2030	71,250.13	April 2033	21,142.70	March 2036	3,470.14
June 2030	69,028.78	May 2033	20,327.95	April 2036	3,203.48
July 2030	66,868.02	June 2033	19,537.25	May 2036	2,945.90
August 2030	64,766.29	July 2033	18,769.94	June 2036	2,697.15
September 2030	62,722.08	August 2033	18,025.42	July 2036	2,456.97
October 2030	60,733.93	September 2033	17,303.06	August 2036	2,225.11
November 2030	58,800.39	October 2033	16,602.28	September 2036	2,001.34
December 2030	56,920.06	November 2033	15,922.50	October 2036	1,785.42
January 2031	55,091.57	December 2033	15,263.15	November 2036	1,577.14
February 2031	53,313.59	January 2034	14,623.68	December 2036	1,376.26
March 2031	51,584.83	February 2034	14,003.56	January 2037	1,182.58
April 2031	49,904.00	March 2034	13,402.26	February 2037	995.88
May 2031	48,269.88	April 2034	12,819.28	March 2037	815.97
June 2031	46,681.25	May 2034	12,254.13	April 2037	642.65
July 2031	45,136.95	June 2034	11,706.31	May 2037	475.71
August 2031	43,635.81	July 2034	11,175.35	June 2037	314.99
September 2031	42,176.73	August 2034	10,660.81	July 2037	160.28
October 2031	40,758.62	September 2034	10,162.22	August 2037	11.42
November 2031	39,380.40	October 2034	9,679.16	September 2037 and thereafter	0.00
December 2031	38,041.04	November 2034	9,211.20		
January 2032	36,739.53	December 2034	8,757.92		
February 2032	35,474.88	January 2035	8,318.93		

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

\$623,115,667



**Guaranteed REMIC
Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2010-6**

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

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January 22, 2010