

\$1,556,598,648



FannieMae®

**Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2006-63**

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual classes), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We may pay principal at rates that vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are distributed to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

<i>Class</i>	<i>Group</i>	<i>Original Class Balance</i>	<i>Principal Type</i>	<i>Interest Rate</i>	<i>Interest Type</i>	<i>CUSIP Number</i>	<i>Final Distribution Date</i>
PT	1	\$120,000,000	PAC	5.5%	FIX	31395NPX9	July 2036
EA	1	5,750,000	PAC	5.5	FIX	31395NPY7	July 2036
EB	1	15,000,000	TAC / AD	5.5	FIX	31395NPZ4	September 2034
FE	1	18,652,017	TAC / AD	(1)	FLT	31395NQA8	July 2036
SE	1	4,917,351	TAC / AD	(1)	INV	31395NQB6	July 2036
TE	1	1,865,201	TAC / AD	(1)	INV	31395NQC4	July 2036
EZ	1	10,000	TAC / AD	5.5	FIX / Z	31395NQD2	July 2036
ZE	1	2,350,000	SUP	5.5	FIX / Z	31395NQE0	July 2036
AB	2	254,000,000	SEQ	6.5	FIX	31395NQF7	October 2033
AE	2	193,260,000	SEQ	6.5	FIX	31395NQG5	October 2033
VG	2	37,297,600	SEQ / AD	6.5	FIX	31395NQH3	August 2015
VH	2	53,323,850	SEQ / AD	6.5	FIX	31395NQJ9	March 2023
ZH	2	46,772,145	SEQ	6.5	FIX / Z	31395NQK6	July 2036
FD	3	453,771,843	PT	(1)	FLT	31395NQL4	July 2036
QO(2) ...	3	53,653,793	PAC	(3)	PO	31395NQM2	July 2036
SQ(2) ...	3	321,922,755 (4)	NTL	(1)	INV / IO	31395NQN0	July 2036
SC	3	21,974,848	SUP	(1)	INV	31395NQP5	July 2036
QB(2) ...	4	86,478,000	PAC	5.5	FIX	31395NQQ3	September 2027
QD(2) ...	4	22,527,000	PAC	5.5	FIX	31395NQR1	February 2030
QE	4	31,740,000	PAC	5.5	FIX	31395NQS9	November 2032
QG	4	28,240,000	PAC	5.5	FIX	31395NQT7	December 2034
QH	4	26,150,182	PAC	5.5	FIX	31395NQU4	July 2036
DB	4	10,330,000	PAC / AD	5.5	FIX	31395NQV2	July 2036
DC	4	17,400,000	TAC / AD	5.5	FIX	31395NQW0	April 2034
ZC	4	2,050,000	SUP	5.5	FIX / Z	31395NQX8	May 2034
DO	4	7,551,511	SUP	(3)	PO	31395NQY6	July 2036
IA(2) ...	4	1,957,573 (4)	NTL	5.5	FIX / IO	31395NQZ3	November 2017
VA(2) ...	4	21,533,307	SUP / AD	6.0	FIX	31395NRA7	November 2017
ZB	4	20,000,000	SUP	6.5	FIX / Z	31395NRB5	July 2036
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	31395NRC3	July 2036
RL		0	NPR	0	NPR	31395NRD1	July 2036

(1) Based on LIBOR.

(2) Exchangeable classes.

(3) Principal only classes.

(4) Notional balances. These classes are interest only classes. See page S-7 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for the corresponding RCR certificates to be issued at the time of the exchange. The SP, QA and VB Classes are the RCR classes, as further described in this prospectus supplement.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be June 30, 2006.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-11 of this prospectus supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.



Deutsche Bank Securities

The date of this Prospectus Supplement is May 21, 2006.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>		<u>Page</u>
AVAILABLE INFORMATION	S- 3	<i>Group 3 Principal Distribution</i>	
INCORPORATION BY		<i>Amount</i>	S-21
REFERENCE	S- 3	<i>Group 4 Principal Distribution</i>	
RECENT DEVELOPMENTS	S- 4	<i>Amount</i>	S-21
REFERENCE SHEET	S- 6	<i>ZC Accrual Amount</i>	S-21
ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS	S-11	<i>ZB Accrual Amount</i>	S-21
DESCRIPTION OF THE		<i>Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution</i>	
CERTIFICATES	S-12	<i>Amount</i>	S-21
GENERAL	S-12	STRUCTURING ASSUMPTIONS	S-22
<i>Structure</i>	S-12	<i>Pricing Assumptions</i>	S-22
<i>Fannie Mae Guaranty</i>	S-13	<i>Prepayment Assumptions</i>	S-22
<i>Characteristics of Certificates</i>	S-13	<i>Structuring Ranges and Rates</i>	S-23
<i>Authorized Denominations</i>	S-14	<i>Initial Effective Ranges</i>	S-23
<i>Distribution Dates</i>	S-14	YIELD TABLES	S-24
<i>Record Date</i>	S-14	<i>General</i>	S-24
<i>Class Factors</i>	S-14	<i>The Fixed Rate Interest Only Class</i> ..	S-24
<i>No Optional Termination</i>	S-14	<i>The Principal Only Classes</i>	S-25
COMBINATION AND RECOMBINATION ..	S-14	<i>The Inverse Floating Rate Classes</i> ..	S-26
<i>General</i>	S-14	WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIVES OF THE	
<i>Procedures</i>	S-14	CERTIFICATES	S-27
<i>Additional Considerations</i>	S-15	DECREMENT TABLES	S-28
THE MBS	S-15	CHARACTERISTICS OF THE R AND	
FINAL DATA STATEMENT	S-16	RL CLASSES	S-33
DISTRIBUTIONS OF INTEREST	S-16	CERTAIN ADDITIONAL	
<i>Categories of Classes</i>	S-16	FEDERAL INCOME TAX	
<i>General</i>	S-17	CONSEQUENCES	S-34
<i>Interest Accrual Periods</i>	S-17	U.S. TREASURY CIRCULAR 230	
<i>Accrual Classes</i>	S-17	NOTICE	S-34
<i>Notional Classes</i>	S-18	REMIC ELECTIONS AND SPECIAL	
<i>Floating Rate and Inverse Floating</i>		TAX ATTRIBUTES	S-34
<i>Rate Classes</i>	S-18	TAXATION OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF	
CALCULATION OF LIBOR	S-18	REGULAR CERTIFICATES	S-35
DISTRIBUTIONS OF PRINCIPAL	S-18	TAXATION OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF	
<i>Categories of Classes</i>	S-18	RESIDUAL CERTIFICATES	S-35
<i>Principal Distribution Amount</i>	S-19	TAXATION OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF	
<i>Group 1 Principal Distribution</i>		RCR CERTIFICATES	S-35
<i>Amount</i>	S-19	<i>General</i>	S-35
<i>ZE Accrual Amount</i>	S-19	<i>Combination RCR Classes</i>	S-36
<i>EZ Accrual Amount</i>	S-19	<i>Exchanges</i>	S-36
<i>Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution</i>		TAX RETURN DISCLOSURE	
<i>Amount</i>	S-20	REQUIREMENTS	S-36
<i>Group 2 Principal Distribution</i>		PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	S-36
<i>Amount</i>	S-20	<i>General</i>	S-36
<i>ZH Accrual Amount</i>	S-20	<i>Increase in Certificates</i>	S-36
<i>Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution</i>		LEGAL MATTERS	S-36
<i>Amount</i>	S-20	SCHEDULE 1	A- 1
		PRINCIPAL BALANCE	
		SCHEDULES	B- 1

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the “Disclosure Documents”):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated May 1, 2002 (the “REMIC Prospectus”);
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated January 1, 2006 (the “MBS Prospectus”); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below under the heading “Incorporation by Reference.”

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae
MBS Helpline
3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S
Washington, D.C. 20016
(telephone 1-800-237-8627).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus by writing or calling the dealer at:

Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.
Syndicate Operations
Prospectus Department
60 Wall Street
New York, New York 10005
(telephone 212-469-5000).

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

In this prospectus supplement, we are incorporating by reference the MBS Prospectus described above. In addition, we are incorporating by reference the documents listed below. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to these documents. These documents are considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with these documents.

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus and any applicable supplements or amendments.

We incorporate by reference the following documents we have filed, or may file, with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”):

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 (“Form 10-K”);
- all other reports we have filed pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 since the end of the fiscal year covered by the Form 10-K until the date of this prospectus supplement, excluding any information “furnished” to the SEC on Form 8-K; and
- all proxy statements that we file with the SEC and all documents that we file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement and prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates, excluding any information we “furnish” to the SEC on Form 8-K.

Any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement is deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus supplement to the extent information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement modifies or supersedes such information. In such case, the information will constitute a part of this prospectus supplement only as so modified or superseded.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can obtain copies of the periodic reports we file with the SEC without charge by calling or writing our Office of Investor Relations, Fannie Mae, 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20016, telephone: (202) 752-7115. The periodic and current reports that we file with the SEC are also available on our Web site. Information appearing on our Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

In addition, you may read our SEC filings and other information about Fannie Mae at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, the Chicago Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange. Our SEC filings are also available at the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov. We are providing the address of the SEC's Web site solely for the information of prospective investors. Information appearing on the SEC's Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Our safety and soundness regulator, the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight ("OFHEO"), announced in July 2003 that it was conducting a special examination of our accounting policies and practices, and in September 2004 issued a preliminary report of its findings to date. OFHEO subsequently identified additional accounting and internal control issues in February 2005, and issued its Report of the Special Examination of Fannie Mae (the "OFHEO Report") on May 23, 2006.

On December 22, 2004, we reported that the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors (the "Board") had determined that our previously filed interim and audited financial statements and the independent auditor's reports thereon for the period from January 2001 through the second quarter of 2004 should no longer be relied upon because such financial statements were prepared using accounting principles that did not comply with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). We have subsequently initiated an extensive restatement and re-audit of our financial statements with our new independent auditor, Deloitte & Touche LLP. We anticipate that the impact of the restatement will be material to Fannie Mae's financial statements for many, if not all, of the periods involved.

Our Board and management have initiated numerous internal and external reviews of our accounting processes and controls, our financial reporting processes, and our application of GAAP. See "Risk Factors—There are numerous ongoing internal reviews and external investigations of Fannie Mae" in the MBS Prospectus. One of these external investigations was conducted by the law firm of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP ("Paul Weiss"), under the direction of former U.S. Senator Warren Rudman. On February 23, 2006, the Paul Weiss report to the Special Committee of the Board was publicly released, and included numerous findings about Fannie Mae's accounting policies, practices and systems, compensation practices, corporate governance, and internal controls. On February 24, 2006, we filed a Form 8-K with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") that includes the Paul Weiss report.

The OFHEO Report presents OFHEO's findings about Fannie Mae's corporate culture, executive compensation programs, accounting policies and internal controls, internal and external auditors, senior management, and the Board. In conjunction with the release of the OFHEO Report, Fannie Mae entered into settlement agreements with both OFHEO and the SEC on May 23, 2006. The settlement agreements require Fannie Mae to pay civil penalties totaling \$400 million. In addition, the

settlement agreement with OFHEO requires Fannie Mae to undertake certain remedial actions within a specified time frame to address the recommendations contained in the OFHEO Report, including an undertaking by Fannie Mae not to increase its “mortgage portfolio” assets except as permitted by a plan to be submitted by Fannie Mae for approval by OFHEO. The settlement agreements constitute comprehensive settlements between Fannie Mae and both OFHEO and the SEC relating to the activities of Fannie Mae during the time period in question. Investigations into our accounting policies and practices and our financial reporting continue with the U.S. Attorney’s Office for the District of Columbia. Please refer to our Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 30, 2006 for further information about the OFHEO Report and the settlement agreements. A complete copy of the OFHEO Report is available on OFHEO’s website at www.ofheo.gov.

We have not filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the third quarter of 2004, the first, second and third quarters of 2005, or the first quarter of 2006, nor have we filed our Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the years ended December 31, 2004 or December 31, 2005. As we most recently reported in the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 15, 2006, we currently estimate that we will complete our financial restatement by the end of 2006. See “Risk Factors—There is a lack of financial information about us available in the market” in the MBS Prospectus.

Forms 8-K that we file with the SEC prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to those documents. You should refer to “Incorporation by Reference” above for further details on the information that we incorporate by reference in this prospectus supplement and where to find it.

REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

<u>Group</u>	<u>Assets</u>
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS
3	Group 3 MBS
4	Group 4 MBS

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS (as of June 1, 2006)

	<u>Approximate Principal Balance</u>	<u>Original Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)</u>	<u>Approximate Weighted Average Coupon</u>
Group 1 MBS	\$168,544,569	360	335	20	5.950%
Group 2 MBS	\$584,653,595	360	357	2	7.050%
Group 3 MBS	\$529,400,484	360	330	25	6.460%
Group 4 MBS	\$ 20,120,666	360	352	6	6.017%
	\$100,828,318	360	353	7	6.055%
	\$ 33,093,048	360	350	9	6.002%
	\$ 94,890,915	360	335	21	5.936%
	\$ 7,428,500	360	334	25	5.900%
	\$ 15,873,568	360	319	36	5.916%
	\$ 1,764,985	360	292	56	5.996%

The actual remaining terms to maturity, weighted average loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly.

Class Factors

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance of that certificate (after taking into account principal payments in the same month). We publish the class factors on or shortly after the 11th day of each month.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on June 30, 2006.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

<u>Fed Book-Entry</u>	<u>Physical</u>
All classes of certificates other than the R and RL Classes	R and RL Classes

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certain certificates, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates as shown on Schedule 1. We will issue the RCR certificates upon such exchange. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We use the principal and interest of the certificates exchanged to pay principal and interest on the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Initial Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maximum Interest Rate</u>	<u>Minimum Interest Rate</u>	<u>Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate (1)</u>
FE	5.60000%	7.50000%	0.50%	LIBOR + 50 basis points
SE	3.41379%	22.75862%	0.00%	$22.75862\% - (3.79310293 \times \text{LIBOR})$
TE	10.00000%	10.00000%	0.00%	$70\% - (10 \times \text{LIBOR})$
FD	5.56000%	7.00000%	0.45%	LIBOR + 45 basis points
SQ	1.44000%	6.55000%	0.00%	$6.55\% - \text{LIBOR}$
SC	8.64000%	39.30000%	0.00%	$39.3\% - (6 \times \text{LIBOR})$
SP	8.64000%	39.30000%	0.00%	$39.3\% - (6 \times \text{LIBOR})$

(1) We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method."

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Notional Classes

A notional class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balances will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

<u>Class</u>	
SQ	599.9999944086% of the QO Class
IA	9.0909090909% of the VA Class

Distributions of Principal

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

ZE Accrual Amount

To Aggregate Group I to its Targeted Balance, and thereafter to the ZE Class.

EZ Accrual Amount

To the FE, SE and TE Classes, pro rata, to zero, and thereafter to the EZ Class.

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

1. To the PT Class to its Planned Balance.
2. To the EA Class to its Planned Balance.
3. To Aggregate Group I to its Targeted Balance.
4. To the ZE Class to zero.
5. To Aggregate Group I to zero.
6. To the EA Class to zero.
7. To the PT Class to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group I, see “Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—*Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount*” in this prospectus supplement.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

ZH Accrual Amount

To the VG and VH Classes, in that order, to zero, and thereafter to the ZH Class.

Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

1. To the AB and AE Classes, pro rata, to zero.
2. To the VG, VH and ZH Classes, in that order, to zero.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

(a) 85.7142856333% of that amount to the FD Class to zero, and

(b) 14.2857143667% of that amount as follows:

first, to the QO Class to its Planned Balance;

second, to the SC Class to zero; and

third, to the QO Class to zero.

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

ZC Accrual Amount

1. To the DB Class to its Planned Balance.
2. To the DC Class to its Targeted Balance.
3. Thereafter to the ZC Class.

ZB Accrual Amount

To the VA Class to zero, and thereafter to the ZB Class.

Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

1. To Aggregate Group II to its Planned Balance.
2. To the DB Class to its Planned Balance.
3. To the DC Class to its Targeted Balance.
4. To the ZC Class to zero.
5. To the DC Class to zero.
6. To the DO, VA and ZB Classes, in proportion to their then current principal balances, to zero.
7. To the DB Class to zero.
8. To Aggregate Group II to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group II, see “Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—*Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount*” in this prospectus supplement.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Weighted Average Lives (years) *

<u>Group 1 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>						
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>118%</u>	<u>166%</u>	<u>175%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>
PT	17.4	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	3.7
EA	26.5	10.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.2
EB	21.6	13.0	10.1	1.9	1.9	0.9	0.3
FE, SE and TE	28.3	20.0	18.4	12.2	13.7	3.5	0.9
EZ	29.2	24.1	23.2	19.7	25.5	7.6	1.3
ZE	29.6	26.0	25.4	23.3	11.4	0.2	0.1
<u>Group 2 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>						
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>311%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>600%</u>		
AB and AE	18.7	7.9	3.5	2.5	2.2		
VG	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.0	3.6		
VH	13.2	13.2	8.7	6.0	5.2		
ZH	28.7	23.0	13.7	9.4	8.0		
<u>Group 3 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>						
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>215%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>		
FD	20.8	10.1	6.2	5.4	2.7		
QO, SQ and SP	17.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	3.6		
SC	28.3	18.4	4.8	2.2	0.6		

<u>Group 4 Classes</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>						
	<u>0%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>122%</u>	<u>169%</u>	<u>175%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>
QB	11.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	1.9
QD	19.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	3.3
QE	21.4	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	4.2
QG	23.7	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	5.7
QH	25.5	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.4	9.4
DB	19.8	9.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.4
DC	26.9	14.1	9.0	1.6	1.6	0.8	0.3
ZC	27.6	16.4	13.2	3.5	1.6	0.2	0.1
DO	28.9	22.4	20.5	14.1	13.1	3.5	1.1
IA, VA and VB.....	6.3	6.3	6.3	5.8	5.6	3.0	1.1
ZB	28.9	22.4	20.5	17.7	17.0	3.7	1.1
QA	12.6	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	2.2

* Determined as specified under “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” in this prospectus supplement.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans underlying the related MBS, including prepayments. Because borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty, the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at any of the prepayment rates we assumed in this prospectus supplement, or
- at any constant prepayment rate until maturity.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Recent hurricanes in the Gulf Coast region may present risk of increased mortgage loan prepayments. In August and September 2005, Hurricane Katrina and Hurricane Rita and related events caused catastrophic damage to extensive areas along the Gulf Coast of the United States, including portions of coastal and inland Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas. Hundreds of thousands of people have been displaced and interruptions in the regional economy have been significant. Although the long-term effects are unclear, these events could lead to a general economic downturn in the Gulf Coast region, including job losses and declines in real estate values. Accordingly, defaults on any mortgage loans in the affected areas may increase, in turn resulting in early payments of

principal of the certificates backed by those mortgage loans. Additionally, casualty losses on mortgage properties with hurricane or flood damage may result in early payment of principal of the related certificates.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Weighted average lives and yields on the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans. We have assumed that the mortgage loans underlying the MBS have certain characteristics. However, the actual mortgage loans probably will have different characteristics from those we assumed. As a result, your yields could be lower than you expect, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant prepayment rates. In addition, slight differences between the assumed mortgage loan characteristics and the actual mortgage loans could affect the weighted average lives of the classes of certificates.

Level of floating rate index affects yields on certain certificates. The yield on any floating rate or inverse floating rate certificate will be affected by the level of its interest rate index. If the level of the index differs from the level you expect, then your actual yield may be lower than you expect.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since certain classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period, those classes have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page of this pro-

spectus supplement. If you assume that the actual final payment will occur on the final distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates. You should obtain legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed market. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small or large amounts of certificates at prices comparable to those available to other investors. You should purchase certificates only if you understand and can tolerate the risk that the value of your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

Terrorist activities and related military and political actions by the U.S. government could cause reductions in investor confidence and substantial market volatility in real estate and securities markets. It is impossible to predict the extent to which terrorist activities may occur or, if they do occur, the extent of the effect on the certificates. Moreover, it is uncertain what effects any past or future terrorist activities or any related military or political actions on the part of the United States government and others will have on the United States and world financial markets, local, regional and national economies, real estate markets across the United States, or particular business sectors, including those affecting the performance of mortgage loan borrowers. Among other things, reduced investor confidence could result in substantial volatility in securities markets and a decline in real estate-related investments. In addition, defaults on the mortgage loans could increase, causing early payments of principal to you and, regardless of the performance of the underlying mortgage loans, the liquidity and market value of the certificates may be impaired.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the “Trust”) and a separate trust (the “Lower Tier REMIC”) pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of June 1, 2006 (the “Issue Date”). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the “REMIC Certificates”) pursuant to that trust agreement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the “RCR Certificates” and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the “Certificates”) pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the “Trust Agreement”). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the “Trustee”). In general, the term “Classes” includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC each will constitute a “real estate mortgage investment conduit” (“REMIC”) under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

- The REMIC Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) will be “regular interests” in the Trust.
- The R Class will be the “residual interest” in the Trust.
- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the “Lower Tier Regular Interests”) will be the “regular interests” in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the “residual interest” in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests.

The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of four groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the “Group 1 MBS,” “Group 2 MBS,” “Group 3 MBS” and “Group 4 MBS” and, together, the “MBS”).

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family (“single-family”), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the “Mortgage Loans”) having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that we will distribute to Certificateholders:

- required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class of Certificates no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS.

In addition, we guarantee that we will distribute to each holder of an MBS:

- scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying Mortgage Loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and
- the full principal balance of any foreclosed Mortgage Loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guarantees are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. See “Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty” in the REMIC Prospectus and “Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty” in the MBS Prospectus.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are “Holders” or “Certificateholders.” A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. See “Description of Certificates—Denominations and Form” in the REMIC Prospectus.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The “Holder” or “Certificateholder” of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association (“US Bank”) in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also “—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes” below.

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. US Bank will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Denominations</u>
The Principal Only, Interest Only and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments
All other Classes (except the R and RL Classes)	\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Dates. We will make monthly payments on the Certificates on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to each of these dates as a “Distribution Date.” We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

Record Date. On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the eleventh calendar day of each month, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each Class of Certificates. When the applicable class factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of any Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month (as well as any addition to principal in the case of the Accrual Classes).

No Optional Termination. We have no option to effect an early termination of the Lower Tier REMIC or the Trust. Further, we will not repurchase the Mortgage Loans underlying any MBS in a “clean-up call.” See “Description of the Certificates—Termination” in the MBS Prospectus.

Combination and Recombination

General. You are permitted to exchange all or a portion of the QO, SQ, QB, QD, IA and VA Classes of REMIC Certificates for a proportionate interest in the related RCR Certificates in the combinations shown on Schedule 1. You also may exchange all or a portion of the RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificates in the same manner. This process may occur repeatedly.

Holders of RCR Certificates will be the beneficial owners of a proportionate interest in the related REMIC Certificates and will receive a proportionate share of the distributions on the related REMIC Certificates.

The Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates that are outstanding at any given time, and the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of these Classes, will depend upon any related distributions of principal, as well as any exchanges that occur. REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates may be exchanged only in the proportions shown on Schedule 1.

Procedures. If a Certificateholder wishes to exchange Certificates, the Certificateholder must notify our Structured Transactions Department through one of our “REMIC Dealer Group” dealers in writing or by telefax no later than two business days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any business day other than the first or last business day of the month subject to our approval. The notice must include the outstanding principal balance of both the Certificates to be exchanged and the Certificates to be received, and the proposed exchange date. After receiving the Holder’s notice, we will telephone the dealer with delivery and wire payment instructions. Notice becomes irrevocable on the second business day before the proposed exchange date.

In connection with each exchange, the Holder must pay us a fee equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional principal balance) of the Certificates to be exchanged. In no event, however, will our fee be less than \$2,000.

We will make the first distribution on a REMIC Certificate or an RCR Certificate received in an exchange transaction on the Distribution Date in the following month. We will make that distribution to the Holder of record as of the close of business on the last day of the month of the exchange.

Additional Considerations. The characteristics of RCR Certificates will reflect the characteristics of the REMIC Certificates used to form those RCR Certificates. You should also consider a number of factors that will limit a Certificateholder's ability to exchange REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates or vice versa:

- At the time of the proposed exchange, a Certificateholder must own Certificates of the related Class or Classes in the proportions necessary to make the desired exchange.
- A Certificateholder that does not own the Certificates may be unable to obtain the necessary REMIC Certificates or RCR Certificates.
- If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange.
- The Certificateholder of needed Certificates may refuse to sell them at a reasonable price (or any price) or may be unable to sell them.
- Certain Certificates may have been purchased and placed into other financial structures and thus be unavailable.
- Principal distributions will decrease the amounts available for exchange over time.
- Only the combinations listed on Schedule 1 are permitted.

The MBS

The following table contains certain information about the MBS. The MBS included in each specified Group will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years. See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

We expect the characteristics of the MBS and the related Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Group 1 MBS

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$168,544,569
MBS Pass-Through Rate	5.50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.75% to 8.00%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	335 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA (weighted average loan age)	20 months

Group 2 MBS

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$584,653,595
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.75% to 9.00%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	357 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	2 months

Group 3 MBS

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$529,400,484
MBS Pass-Through Rate	6.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	6.25% to 8.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	330 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	25 months

Group 4 MBS

Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$274,000,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	5.50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.75% to 8.00%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	343 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	15 months

Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the Pool number, the current WAC (or original WAC, if the current WAC is not available) and the current WAM (or Adjusted WAM, if the current WAM is not available) of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement also will include the weighted averages of all the current or original WACs and the weighted averages of all the current or Adjusted WAMs, based on the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627. In addition, the Final Data Statement is available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

Distributions of Interest*Categories of Classes*

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

Interest Type***Classes****Group 1 Classes**

Fixed Rate	PT, EA, EB, EZ and ZE
Floating Rate	FE
Inverse Floating Rate	SE and TE
Accrual	EZ and ZE

Group 2 Classes

Fixed Rate	AB, AE, VG, VH and ZH
Accrual	ZH

Interest Type***Classes****Group 3 Classes**

Floating Rate	FD
Inverse Floating Rate	SQ and SC
Interest Only	SQ
Principal Only	QO
RCR**	SP

Group 4 Classes

Fixed Rate	QB, QD, QE, QG, QH, DB, DC, ZC, IA, VA and ZB
Interest Only	IA
Principal Only	DO
Accrual	ZC and ZB
RCR**	QA and VB

No Payment Residual	R and RL
----------------------------	----------

* See “Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations” in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See “—Combination and Recombination” above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

General. We will pay interest on the Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates specified on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest based on an assumed 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly (except in the case of the Accrual Classes) on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Classes) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month’s interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Classes, see “—*Accrual Classes*” below.

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Accrual Periods. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the Certificates during the applicable one-month periods set forth below (each, an “Interest Accrual Period”).

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Interest Accrual Periods</u>
All Fixed Rate Classes (collectively, the “Delay Classes”)	Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs
All Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes (collectively, the “No-Delay Classes”)	One-month period beginning on the 25th day of the month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See “Additional Risk Factors—*Delay classes have lower yields and market values*” in this prospectus supplement.

The Dealer will treat the DO Class as a Delay Class and the QO Class as a No-Delay Class, for the sole purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Classes. The EZ, ZE, ZH, ZC and ZB Classes are Accrual Classes. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes at the applicable annual rates specified on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Classes. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Classes will be added as principal to their respective principal balances on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Classes as described under “—Distributions of Principal” below.

Notional Classes. The Notional Classes will not have principal balances. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Classes will bear interest on their notional principal balances at their applicable interest rates. The notional principal balances of the Notional Classes will be calculated as specified under “Reference Sheet—Notional Classes” in this prospectus supplement.

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for that Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall refer also to the notional principal balances of the Notional Classes.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes During each Interest Accrual Period, the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at rates determined as described under “Reference Sheet—Interest Rates” in this prospectus supplement.

Changes in the specified interest rate index (the “Index”) will affect the yields with respect to the related Classes. These changes may not correspond to changes in mortgage interest rates. Lower mortgage interest rates could occur while an increase in the level of the Index occurs. Similarly, higher mortgage interest rates could occur while a decrease in the level of the Index occurs.

Our establishment of each Index value and our determination of the interest rate for each applicable Class for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627.

Calculation of LIBOR

On each Index Determination Date, we will calculate LIBOR for the related Interest Accrual Period. We will calculate LIBOR on the basis of the “BBA Method,” as described in the REMIC Prospectus under “Description of Certificates—Indexes for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes—LIBOR.”

If we are unable to calculate LIBOR on the initial Index Determination Date, LIBOR for the following Interest Accrual Period will be equal to 5.10% in the case of the FE, SE and TE Classes, and 5.11% in the case of the FD, SQ, SC and SP Classes.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes fall into the following categories:

<u>Principal Type*</u>	<u>Classes</u>
Group 1 Classes	
PAC	PT and EA
TAC	EB, FE, SE, TE and EZ
Support	ZE
Accretion Directed	EB, FE, SE, TE and EZ
Group 2 Classes	
Sequential Pay	AB, AE, VG, VH and ZH
Accretion Directed	VG and VH
Group 3 Classes	
Pass-Through	FD
PAC	QO
Support	SC
Notional	SQ
RCR**	SP

<u>Principal Type*</u>	<u>Classes</u>
Group 4 Classes	
PAC	QB, QD, QE, QG, QH and DB
TAC	DC
Support	ZC, DO, VA and ZB
Accretion Directed	DB, DC and VA
Notional	IA
RCR**	QA and VB
No Payment Residual	R and RL

* See “Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations” in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See “—Combination and Recombination” above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

Principal Distribution Amount

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an aggregate amount (the “Principal Distribution Amount”) equal to the sum of

- the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS (the “Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount”) plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balances of the ZE and EZ Classes (the “ZE Accrual Amount” and “EZ Accrual Amount,” respectively, and together with the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the “Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount”),
- the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS (the “Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount”) plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the ZH Class (the “ZH Accrual Amount,” and together with the Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the “Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount”),
- the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS (the “Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount”), and
- the principal then paid on the Group 4 MBS (the “Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount”) plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balances of the ZC and ZB Classes (the “ZC Accrual Amount” and “ZB Accrual Amount,” respectively, and together with the Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the “Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount”).

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

ZE Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZE Accrual Amount as principal of Aggregate Group I (described below), until the Aggregate I Balance (described below) is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date. Thereafter, we will pay the ZE Accrual Amount as principal of the ZE Class.

} Accretion
Directed/TAC
Group and
Accrual Class

EZ Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the EZ Accrual Amount, concurrently, as principal of the FE, SE and TE Classes, pro rata (or 73.3333322849%, 19.3333372388% and 7.3333304763%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero. Thereafter, we will pay the EZ Accrual Amount as principal of the EZ Class.

} Accretion
Directed Classes
and Accrual
Class

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 1 Classes as follows:

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| (i) to the PT Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; | } | PAC Classes |
| (ii) to the EA Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; | | |
| (iii) to Aggregate Group I, until the Aggregate I Balance is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date; | } | TAC Group |
| (iv) to the ZE Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; | | |
| (v) to Aggregate Group I, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until the Aggregate I Balance is reduced to zero; | } | TAC Group |
| (vi) to the EA Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the principal balance of the EA Class is reduced to zero; and | | |
| (vii) to the PT Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero. | } | PAC Classes |

“Aggregate Group I” consists of the EB, FE, SE, TE and EZ Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group I as follows:

- first*, to the EB Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero;
- second*, concurrently, to the FE, SE and TE Classes, pro rata, until their principal balances are reduced to zero; and
- third*, to the EZ Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

The “Aggregate I Balance” is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes in Aggregate Group I. For determining principal balances on a Distribution Date, the Aggregate I Balance will include any increase in the principal balance of the EZ Class on that date.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

ZH Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZH Accrual Amount, sequentially, as principal of the VG and VH Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero. Thereafter, we will pay the ZH Accrual Amount as principal of the ZH Class.

Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 2 Classes in the following priority:

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| (i) concurrently, to the AB and AE Classes, pro rata (or 56.7902338684% and 43.2097661316%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero; and | } | Sequential Pay Classes |
| (ii) sequentially, to the VG, VH and ZH Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero. | | |

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 3 Classes as follows:

- (a) 85.7142856333% of that amount to the FD Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero, and } Pass-Through Class
- (b) 14.2857143667% of that amount as follows:
 - first*, to the QO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; } PAC Class
 - second*, to the SC Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and } Support Class
 - third*, to the QO Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero. } PAC Class

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

ZC Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZC Accrual Amount as principal of the Classes specified below in the following priority:

- (i) to the DB Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; } PAC Class
- (ii) to the DC Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date; and } TAC Class
- (iii) thereafter to the ZC Class. } Accrual Class

ZB Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZB Accrual Amount as principal of the VA Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero. Thereafter, we will pay the ZB Accrual Amount as principal of the ZB Class. } Accretion Directed Class and Accrual Class

Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 4 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 4 Classes in the following priority:

- (i) to Aggregate Group II (described below), until the Aggregate II Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; } PAC Group
- (ii) to the DB Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; } PAC Class

- | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| (iii) to the DC Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date; | } TAC Class |
| (iv) to the ZC Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; | } Support Class |
| (v) to the DC Class, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero; | } TAC Class |
| (vi) concurrently, to the DO, VA and ZB Classes, in proportion to their then current principal balances, until their principal balances are reduced to zero; | } Support Classes |
| (vii) to the DB Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and | } PAC Class |
| (viii) to Aggregate Group II, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate II Balance is reduced to zero. | } PAC Group |

“Aggregate Group II” consists of the QB, QD, QE, QG and QH Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group II, sequentially, to the QB, QD, QE, QG and QH Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The “Aggregate II Balance” is equal to the aggregate principal balance of the Classes in Aggregate Group II.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (collectively, the “Pricing Assumptions”):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, WALAs and interest rates specified under “Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS” in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related tables;
- the settlement date for the Certificates is June 30, 2006; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this prospectus supplement with respect to all Classes and Principal Balances Schedules is The Bond Market Association’s standard prepayment model (“PSA”). To assume a specified rate of PSA is to assume a specified rate of prepayment each month of the then-outstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans computed as described under “Description of Certificates—Prepayment Models” in the REMIC Prospectus.

It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any *constant* PSA rate or at any other *constant* rate.

Structuring Ranges and Rates. The Principal Balance Schedules are found beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges or at the applicable PSA rates set forth below.

<u>Principal Balance Schedule References</u>	<u>Related Classes and Groups (1)</u>	<u>Structuring Ranges and Rates</u>
Planned Balances	PT Class	Between 100% and 250% PSA
Planned Balances	EA Class	Between 118% and 250% PSA
Targeted Balances	Aggregate Group I	166% PSA
Planned Balances	QO Class	Between 100% and 250% PSA
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group II	Between 100% and 250% PSA
Planned Balances	DB Class	Between 122% and 250% PSA
Targeted Balances	DC Class	169% PSA

(1) The Structuring Range and Rate for the Aggregate Groups are associated with the related Aggregate Balances but not with the individual balances of the related Classes.

We cannot assure you that the balance of any Class or Group listed above will conform on any Distribution Date to the specified balance in the Principal Balance Schedules. As a result, we cannot assure you that payments of principal of any Class or Group listed above will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules. We will distribute any excess of principal payments over the amount needed to reduce a Class or Group to its scheduled balance on a Distribution Date. Accordingly, the ability to reduce a Class or Group to its scheduled balance will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal payments from month to month. In addition, even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within the applicable Structuring Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Classes and Group to their scheduled balances if the prepayments do not occur at a *constant* PSA rate. Moreover, because of the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the related Mortgage Loans, which may include recently originated Mortgage Loans, the Classes and Groups specified above may not be reduced to their scheduled balances, even if prepayments occur at a *constant* rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges or at the applicable PSA rates specified above.

Initial Effective Ranges. The Effective Range for a Class or Group is the range of prepayment rates (measured by *constant* PSA rates) which would reduce that Class or Group to its scheduled balance on each Distribution Date. The Initial Effective Ranges shown in the table below are based upon the assumed characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

<u>Classes and Group</u>	<u>Initial Effective Ranges</u>
PT Class	Between 100% and 250% PSA
EA Class	Between 118% and 280% PSA
QO Class	Between 100% and 250% PSA
Aggregate Group II	Between 100% and 250% PSA
DB Class	Between 122% and 296% PSA

The actual Effective Ranges at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. The actual Effective Ranges calculated on the basis of the actual characteristics are likely to differ from the Initial Effective Ranges. As a result, the applicable Classes and Group might not be reduced to their scheduled balances even if prepayments were to occur at a *constant* PSA rate within the Initial Effective Ranges. This is so particularly if the rate were at the lower or higher end of this range. In addition, even if prepayments occur at rates falling within the actual Effective Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Classes and Group to their

scheduled balances if such prepayments do not occur at a *constant* PSA rate. It is highly unlikely that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA rate. In general, the actual Effective Ranges may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time.

The stability in principal payment of the Classes specified below will be supported by the corresponding supporting Classes as indicated in the following table:

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Supporting Classes</u>
Group 1	
PT	EA, TAC and Support
EA	TAC and Support
Group 3	
PAC	Support
Group 4	
Aggregate Group II	DB, TAC and Support
DB	TAC and Support

When the supporting Classes are retired, the Classes they support, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be more sensitive to prepayments.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes, and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Fixed Rate Interest Only Class. **The yield to investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of**

the related Mortgage Loans. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class would be 0% if prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans were to occur at the following constant rate:

<u>Class</u>	<u>% PSA</u>
IA	249% PSA

If the actual prepayment rate of the related Mortgage Loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling that level for the remaining months, the investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the yield table has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase price of the Fixed Rate Interest Only Class (expressed as a percentage of the original principal balance) is as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price*</u>
IA	16.3984375%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table below.

Sensitivity of the IA Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>122%</u>	<u>169%</u>	<u>175%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	23.5%	23.5%	23.5%	21.9%	21.1%	(0.7)%	*

* The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

The Principal Only Classes. **The Principal Only Classes will not bear interest. As indicated in the tables below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yields to investors in the Principal Only Classes.**

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Principal Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price</u>
QO	71.12109375%
DO	54.34375000%

Sensitivity of the QO Class to Prepayments

	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>215%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	4.0%	5.7%	5.7%	5.7%	10.7%

Sensitivity of the DO Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>122%</u>	<u>169%</u>	<u>175%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>
Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity	2.4%	2.8%	3.0%	4.8%	5.2%	19.5%	65.4%

The Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable table below, it is possible that investors in the SQ Class would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate Classes for the initial Interest Accrual Period are the rates listed in the table under “Reference Sheet—Interest Rates” in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of the Index, and
- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Price*</u>
SE.....	66.12890625%
TE	98.25000000%
SQ.....	4.35937500%
SC.....	91.15625000%
SP.....	100.76171875%

* The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the SE Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>118%</u>	<u>166%</u>	<u>175%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.1%	29.3%	29.4%	29.4%	30.5%	30.4%	39.1%	77.9%
3.1%	17.3%	17.4%	17.6%	18.9%	18.7%	28.0%	66.5%
5.1%	6.2%	6.5%	6.7%	8.1%	7.8%	17.5%	55.5%
6.0%	1.8%	2.1%	2.3%	3.6%	3.2%	12.9%	50.7%

Sensitivity of the TE Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>						
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>118%</u>	<u>166%</u>	<u>175%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>
6.0%	10.4%	10.4%	10.4%	10.5%	10.5%	10.9%	12.3%
6.5%	5.2%	5.2%	5.2%	5.3%	5.3%	5.7%	7.4%
7.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.7%	2.7%

**Sensitivity of the SQ Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>215%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.11%	140.8%	133.7%	133.7%	133.7%	126.2%
3.11%	81.1%	74.9%	74.9%	74.9%	64.4%
5.11%	27.1%	21.4%	21.4%	21.4%	6.5%
6.55%	*	*	*	*	*

* The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

**Sensitivity of the SC Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>215%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.11%	37.9%	37.9%	40.2%	41.4%	51.1%
3.11%	23.5%	23.6%	25.9%	27.4%	37.8%
5.11%	9.8%	9.9%	12.1%	14.0%	25.1%
6.55%	0.4%	0.5%	2.3%	4.6%	16.2%

**Sensitivity of the SP Class to Prepayments and LIBOR
(Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)**

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption</u>				
	<u>50%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>215%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>500%</u>
1.11%	33.9%	33.8%	33.8%	33.8%	33.5%
3.11%	21.1%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	20.8%
5.11%	8.7%	8.6%	8.6%	8.6%	8.5%
6.55%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

- (a) multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of the Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of the Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see “Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date” in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal payments,
- the priority sequences of payments of principal of the Classes, and
- in the case of the Group 1, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes, the payment of principal of certain Classes in accordance with the Principal Balance Schedules.

See “—Distributions of Principal” above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. However, in the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that the underlying Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

<u>Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below</u>	<u>Original Terms to Maturity</u>	<u>Remaining Terms to Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>
Group 1 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.00%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	360 months	9.00%
Group 3 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%
Group 4 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.00%

It is unlikely

- that all of the underlying Mortgage Loans will have the interest rates, WALAs or remaining terms to maturity assumed or
- that the underlying Mortgage Loans will prepay at any *constant* PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates. This is the case even if the dispersion of weighted average remaining terms to maturity and the weighted average WALAs of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the dispersion specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

Date	PT Class							EA Class							EB Class						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	118%	166%	175%	250%	500%	0%	100%	118%	166%	175%	250%	500%	0%	100%	118%	166%	175%	250%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2007	99	91	91	91	91	91	91	100	100	73	73	73	73	73	99	99	99	71	71	39	0
June 2008	98	81	81	81	81	81	70	100	100	46	46	46	46	0	98	98	98	44	44	0	0
June 2009	96	72	72	72	72	72	48	100	100	24	24	24	24	0	97	97	97	22	22	0	0
June 2010	95	63	63	63	63	63	33	100	100	6	6	6	6	0	96	96	96	5	5	0	0
June 2011	93	55	55	55	55	55	23	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	95	95	92	0	0	0	0
June 2012	91	47	47	47	47	47	16	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	94	94	86	0	0	0	0
June 2013	89	40	40	40	40	40	11	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	93	93	82	0	0	0	0
June 2014	87	34	34	34	34	34	7	100	99	0	0	0	0	0	91	91	78	0	0	0	0
June 2015	85	28	28	28	28	28	5	100	89	0	0	0	0	0	90	90	71	0	0	0	0
June 2016	83	23	23	23	23	23	3	100	66	0	0	0	0	0	89	89	61	0	0	0	0
June 2017	80	19	19	19	19	19	2	100	34	0	0	0	0	0	87	87	47	0	0	0	0
June 2018	77	15	15	15	15	15	2	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	85	84	32	0	0	0	0
June 2019	74	13	13	13	13	13	1	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	84	65	15	0	0	0	0
June 2020	71	10	10	10	10	10	1	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	82	45	0	0	0	0	0
June 2021	67	8	8	8	8	8	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	80	25	0	0	0	0	0
June 2022	64	7	7	7	7	7	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	78	3	0	0	0	0	0
June 2023	59	5	5	5	5	5	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	76	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2024	55	4	4	4	4	4	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	74	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2025	50	3	3	3	3	3	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	71	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2026	44	3	3	3	3	3	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	69	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2027	39	2	2	2	2	2	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	66	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2028	32	1	1	1	1	1	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	63	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2029	26	1	1	1	1	1	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2030	18	1	1	1	1	1	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	57	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2031	10	*	*	*	*	*	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	54	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2032	2	*	*	*	*	*	*	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2033	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	17.4	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	3.7	26.5	10.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.2	21.6	13.0	10.1	1.9	1.9	0.9	0.3

Date	FE, SE and TE Classes							EZ Class							ZE Class						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	118%	166%	175%	250%	500%	0%	100%	118%	166%	175%	250%	500%	0%	100%	118%	166%	175%	250%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	37	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	72	0	0
June 2008	100	100	100	100	100	83	0	112	112	112	112	112	112	0	112	112	112	112	48	0	0
June 2009	100	100	100	100	100	53	0	118	118	118	118	118	118	0	118	118	118	118	31	0	0
June 2010	100	100	100	100	100	32	0	125	125	125	125	125	125	0	125	125	125	125	22	0	0
June 2011	100	100	100	94	94	17	0	132	132	132	132	132	132	0	132	132	132	132	18	0	0
June 2012	100	100	100	86	86	6	0	139	139	139	139	139	139	0	139	139	139	139	18	0	0
June 2013	100	100	100	80	80	1	0	147	147	147	147	147	147	0	147	147	147	147	19	0	0
June 2014	100	100	100	76	77	0	0	155	155	155	155	155	*	0	155	155	155	155	20	0	0
June 2015	100	100	100	72	74	0	0	164	164	164	164	164	*	0	164	164	164	164	21	0	0
June 2016	100	100	100	66	69	0	0	173	173	173	173	173	*	0	173	173	173	173	22	0	0
June 2017	100	100	100	60	64	0	0	183	183	183	183	183	*	0	183	183	183	183	23	0	0
June 2018	100	100	100	53	59	0	0	193	193	193	193	193	*	0	193	193	193	193	25	0	0
June 2019	100	100	100	46	53	0	0	204	204	204	204	204	*	0	204	204	204	204	26	0	0
June 2020	100	100	98	39	48	0	0	216	216	216	216	216	*	0	216	216	216	216	28	0	0
June 2021	100	100	87	32	42	0	0	228	228	228	228	228	*	0	228	228	228	228	29	0	0
June 2022	100	100	76	25	37	0	0	241	241	241	241	241	*	0	241	241	241	241	31	0	0
June 2023	100	89	64	18	32	0	0	254	254	254	254	254	*	0	254	254	254	254	33	0	0
June 2024	100	76	53	11	27	0	0	269	269	269	269	269	*	0	269	269	269	269	34	0	0
June 2025	100	63	42	4	22	0	0	284	284	284	284	284	*	0	284	284	284	284	36	0	0
June 2026	100	50	31	0	18	0	0	300	300	300	0	300	*	0	300	300	300	282	39	0	0
June 2027	100	37	21	0	14	0	0	317	317	317	0	317	*	0	317	317	317	234	41	0	0
June 2028	100	25	11	0	10	0	0	334	334	334	0	334	*	0	334	334	334	189	43	0	0
June 2029	100	13	1	0	7	0	0	353	353	353	0	353	*	0	353	353	353	149	45	0	0
June 2030	100	1	0	0	4	0	0	373	373	0	0	373	*	0	373	373	281	112	48	0	0
June 2031	100	0	0	0	1	0	0	394	0	0	0	394	*	0	394	278	202	79	51	0	0
June 2032	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	417	0	0	0	0	*	0	417	178	128	49	40	0	0
June 2033	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	440	0	0	0	0	*	0	440	83	59	22	18	0	0
June 2034	64	0	0	0	0	0	0	465	0	0	0	0	0	0	465	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2035	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	491	0	0	0	0	0	0	491	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	28.3	20.0	18.4	12.2	13.7	3.5	0.9	29.2	24.1	23.2	19.7	25.5	7.6	1.3	29.6	26.0	25.4	23.3	11.4	0.2	0.1

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” above.

Date	AB and AE Classes					VG Class					VH Class					ZH Class				
	PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption				
	0%	100%	311%	500%	600%	0%	100%	311%	500%	600%	0%	100%	311%	500%	600%	0%	100%	311%	500%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2007	99	96	92	88	85	92	92	92	92	92	100	100	100	100	100	107	107	107	107	107
June 2008	98	90	75	62	56	83	83	83	83	83	100	100	100	100	100	114	114	114	114	114
June 2009	97	81	55	34	24	73	73	73	73	73	100	100	100	100	100	121	121	121	121	121
June 2010	96	73	38	14	4	63	63	63	63	63	100	100	100	100	100	130	130	130	130	130
June 2011	95	66	24	*	0	52	52	52	52	0	100	100	100	100	63	138	138	138	138	138
June 2012	93	58	13	0	0	40	40	40	0	0	100	100	100	49	0	148	148	148	148	132
June 2013	92	52	4	0	0	28	28	28	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	157	157	157	140	83
June 2014	90	45	0	0	0	15	15	0	0	0	100	100	88	0	0	168	168	168	96	52
June 2015	88	39	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	100	100	30	0	0	179	179	179	66	33
June 2016	86	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	90	0	0	0	191	191	170	45	21
June 2017	84	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	79	79	0	0	0	204	204	135	31	13
June 2018	82	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67	67	0	0	0	218	218	107	21	8
June 2019	79	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	54	54	0	0	0	232	232	84	14	5
June 2020	76	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	40	0	0	0	248	248	66	10	3
June 2021	73	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	26	0	0	0	264	264	52	7	2
June 2022	70	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	0	0	0	282	282	41	4	1
June 2023	66	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	294	32	3	1
June 2024	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	281	24	2	*
June 2025	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	249	19	1	*
June 2026	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	219	14	1	*
June 2027	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	191	11	1	*
June 2028	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	164	8	*	*
June 2029	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	139	6	*	*
June 2030	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	115	4	*	*
June 2031	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	92	3	*	*
June 2032	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	71	2	*	*
June 2033	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	294	50	1	*	*
June 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	220	31	1	*	*
June 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	115	13	*	*	*
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	18.7	7.9	3.5	2.5	2.2	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.0	3.6	13.2	13.2	8.7	6.0	5.2	28.7	23.0	13.7	9.4	8.0

Date	FD Class					QO, SQ† and SP Classes					SC Class				
	PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption					PSA Prepayment Assumption				
	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%	0%	100%	215%	250%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2007	99	93	86	84	70	99	90	90	90	90	100	100	77	70	21
June 2008	98	86	74	71	48	98	80	80	80	68	100	100	59	47	0
June 2009	98	80	63	59	33	97	71	71	71	47	100	100	45	29	0
June 2010	97	74	54	49	23	95	63	63	63	32	100	100	34	17	0
June 2011	95	68	46	41	16	94	55	55	55	22	100	100	26	8	0
June 2012	94	62	40	34	11	92	47	47	47	15	100	100	21	3	0
June 2013	93	57	34	28	7	90	40	40	40	10	100	100	19	*	0
June 2014	92	53	29	24	5	88	33	33	33	7	100	100	17	*	0
June 2015	90	48	24	20	3	86	28	28	28	5	100	99	16	*	0
June 2016	89	44	21	16	2	84	23	23	23	3	100	96	15	*	0
June 2017	87	40	17	13	2	81	19	19	19	2	100	92	14	*	0
June 2018	85	36	15	11	1	79	15	15	15	2	100	87	13	*	0
June 2019	83	33	12	9	1	76	13	13	13	1	100	82	11	*	0
June 2020	81	29	10	7	*	73	10	10	10	1	100	77	10	*	0
June 2021	78	26	8	6	*	69	8	8	8	*	100	71	9	*	0
June 2022	75	23	7	5	*	65	7	7	7	*	100	65	8	*	0
June 2023	72	21	6	4	*	61	5	5	5	*	100	58	7	*	0
June 2024	69	18	5	3	*	57	4	4	4	*	100	52	6	*	0
June 2025	66	16	4	2	*	52	3	3	3	*	100	46	5	*	0
June 2026	62	13	3	2	*	46	3	3	3	*	100	40	4	*	0
June 2027	58	11	2	1	*	41	2	2	2	*	100	34	3	*	0
June 2028	53	9	2	1	*	34	1	1	1	*	100	28	2	*	0
June 2029	49	7	1	1	*	27	1	1	1	*	100	23	2	*	0
June 2030	43	6	1	*	*	20	1	1	1	*	100	17	1	*	0
June 2031	37	4	1	*	*	12	*	*	*	*	100	12	1	*	0
June 2032	31	2	*	*	*	3	*	*	*	*	100	7	*	*	0
June 2033	24	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	84	2	*	*	0
June 2034	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	58	0	0	0	0
June 2035	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	0
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	20.8	10.1	6.2	5.4	2.7	17.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	3.6	28.3	18.4	4.8	2.2	0.6

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” above.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Date	QB Class							QD Class							QE Class						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	122%	169%	175%	250%	500%	0%	100%	122%	169%	175%	250%	500%	0%	100%	122%	169%	175%	250%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2007	97	83	83	83	83	83	83	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2008	94	63	63	63	63	63	53	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2009	91	42	42	42	42	42	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	92	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2010	88	22	22	22	22	22	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	60
June 2011	84	4	4	4	4	4	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0
June 2012	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	47	47	47	47	47	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0
June 2013	76	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	89	89	89	89	89	0
June 2014	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	47	47	47	47	47	0
June 2015	67	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	10	10	10	10	10	0
June 2016	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2017	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2018	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2019	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2020	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2021	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2022	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2023	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	11.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	1.9	19.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	3.3	21.4	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	4.2

Date	QG Class							QH Class							DB Class						
	PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption							PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	0%	100%	122%	169%	175%	250%	500%	0%	100%	122%	169%	175%	250%	500%	0%	100%	122%	169%	175%	250%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
June 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	99	77	77	77	77	77
June 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	98	49	49	49	49	0
June 2009	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	96	96	23	23	23	23	0
June 2010	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	95	95	2	2	2	2	0
June 2011	100	100	100	100	100	100	86	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	94	94	0	0	0	0	0
June 2012	100	100	100	100	100	100	30	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	92	92	0	0	0	0	0
June 2013	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	91	91	91	0	0	0	0	0
June 2014	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	62	89	89	0	0	0	0	0
June 2015	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	42	87	82	0	0	0	0	0
June 2016	100	76	76	76	76	76	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	29	85	64	0	0	0	0	0
June 2017	100	46	46	46	46	46	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	20	84	36	0	0	0	0	0
June 2018	100	21	21	21	21	21	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	13	82	2	0	0	0	0	0
June 2019	100	1	1	1	1	1	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	9	79	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2020	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	82	82	82	82	82	6	77	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2021	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	67	67	67	67	67	4	75	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2022	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	54	54	54	54	54	3	72	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2023	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	43	43	43	43	43	2	69	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2024	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	35	35	35	35	35	1	67	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2025	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	27	27	27	27	27	1	64	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2026	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	21	21	21	21	21	*	60	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2027	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	17	17	17	17	17	*	57	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2028	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	13	13	13	13	13	*	53	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2029	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	9	9	9	9	9	*	50	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2030	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	7	7	7	7	7	*	46	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	78	5	5	5	5	5	*	42	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	3	3	3	3	3	*	37	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
June 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)**	23.7	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	5.7	25.5	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.4	9.4	19.8	9.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.4

* Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under “—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” above.

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Trust remain after the principal balances of all Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the R Class the proceeds from those assets. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Regular Interests are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the RL Class. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case.

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to a “disqualified organization.” In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to any person that is not a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of a Residual Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See “Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a “U.S. Person” or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of a Residual Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the “Regulations”) provide that a transfer of a “noneconomic residual interest” will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had “improper knowledge”).

As discussed under the caption “Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has amended the Regulations to provide additional requirements that a transferor must satisfy to avail itself of the safe harbor regarding the presumed lack of improper knowledge. For transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002, a transferor of a Residual Certificate is presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions discussed in the REMIC Prospectus, both (i) the transferee represents that it will not cause income from the Residual Certificate to be attributed to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of the transferee or another taxpayer and (ii) the transfer satisfies either the “asset test” or the “formula test.” The representation described in (i) will be included in the affidavit discussed above. See “Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates” and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

A transfer satisfies the asset test if (i) the transferee’s gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfer and at the close of each of the transferee’s two fiscal years preceding the year of transfer), (ii) the transferee is an “eligible corporation” and the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the Residual Certificate will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor and satisfy the asset test, and (iii) the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the

taxes associated with the Residual Certificate will not be paid. A transfer satisfies the formula test if the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The Regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the “residual interest” in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the “residual interest” in the REMIC constituted by the Lower Tier REMIC. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The tax discussions contained in the REMIC Prospectus (including the sections entitled “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” and “ERISA Considerations”) and this prospectus supplement were not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. These discussions were written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this prospectus supplement. You should seek advice based on your particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The REMIC Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the “regular interests,” and the R Class will be designated as the “residual interest,” in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the “regular interests” and the RL Class will be designated as the “residual interest” in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as “regular or residual interests in a REMIC” for domestic building and loan associations, as “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as “qualified mortgages” for other REMICs. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes*” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Classes, the Principal Only Classes, the Accrual Classes and the SE Class will be issued with original issue discount (“OID”), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*—Treatment of Original Issue Discount” in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

<u>Group</u>	<u>Prepayment Assumption</u>
1	175% PSA
2	311% PSA
3	215% PSA
4	175% PSA

See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—*Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount*” in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or any other rate. See “Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates” in this prospectus supplement and “Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date” in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 6.25% (which is 120% of the “federal long-term rate”). See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates*—Treatment of Excess Inclusions” and “—*Foreign Investors*—Residual Certificates” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Treasury Department recently issued Regulations providing that, to clearly reflect income, an inducement fee paid to a transferee of a noneconomic residual interest in a REMIC must be included in income over a period that is reasonably related to the period during which the applicable REMIC is expected to generate taxable income or net loss allocable to the transferee. The Regulations set forth two safe harbor methods under which a taxpayer’s accounting for the inducement fee will be considered to clearly reflect income for these purposes. In addition, under the Regulations an inducement fee shall be treated as income from sources within the United States. The Regulations, which are effective for taxable years ending on or after May 11, 2004, contain additional details regarding their application. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to the transfer of a Residual Certificate.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

General. The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The REMIC Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest in those REMIC Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of REMIC Certificates, see “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the REMIC Prospectus.

The RCR Classes (each, a “Combination RCR Class”) will represent the beneficial ownership of the underlying REMIC Certificates set forth in Schedule 1. Each Certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a “Combination RCR Certificate”) will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying REMIC Certificates.

Combination RCR Classes. A beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate will be treated as the beneficial owner of a proportionate interest in the REMIC Certificates underlying that Combination RCR Certificate. Except in the case of a beneficial owner that acquires a Combination RCR Certificate in an exchange described under “—*Exchanges*” below, a beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate must allocate its cost to acquire that Certificate among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of acquisition. Such an owner should account for its ownership interest in each underlying REMIC Certificate as described under “—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates” above and “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*” in the REMIC Prospectus. When a beneficial owner sells a Combination RCR Certificate, the owner must allocate the sale proceeds among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of sale.

Exchanges. If a beneficial owner exchanges one or more REMIC Certificates for the related RCR Certificate or Certificates in the manner described under “Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination” in this prospectus supplement, the exchange will not be taxable. Likewise, if a beneficial owner exchanges one or more RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificate or Certificates in the manner described in that discussion, the exchange will not be a taxable exchange. In each of these cases, the beneficial owner will be treated as continuing to own after the exchange the same combination of interests in the related REMIC Certificates (or the same interest in the related REMIC Certificate) that it owned immediately prior to the exchange.

Tax Return Disclosure Requirements

Treasury Department Regulations that are directed at “tax shelters” could be read to apply to transactions generally not considered to be tax shelters. These Regulations require that taxpayers that participate in a “reportable transaction” disclose such transaction on their tax returns by attaching IRS Form 8886 and retain information related to the transaction. A transaction may be a “reportable transaction” based upon any of several indicia, one or more of which may be present with respect to the Certificates. You should consult your own tax advisor concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to your investment in the Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General. We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. (the “Dealer”) in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

Increase in Certificates. Before the Settlement Date, we and the Dealer may agree to offer Classes in addition to those contemplated as of the date of this prospectus supplement. In this event, we will increase the related MBS in principal balance, but we expect that all these additional MBS will have the same characteristics as described under “Description of the Certificates—The MBS” in this prospectus supplement. The proportion that the original principal balance of each Group 1, 2, 3 or 4 Class bears to the aggregate original principal balance of all Group 1, 2, 3 or 4 Classes, respectively, will remain the same. In addition, the dollar amounts shown in the Principal Balance Schedules will be increased to correspond to the increase of the principal balances of the applicable Classes.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. McKee Nelson LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Available Recombinations (1) (2)

REMIC Certificates		RCR Certificates						
Classes	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	RCR Classes	Original Principal Balances	Interest Rate	Interest Type (3)	Principal Type (3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Recombination 1								
QO	\$ 53,653,793	SP	\$ 53,653,793	(3)	INV	PAC	31395NRE9	July 2036
SQ	321,922,755 (4)							
Recombination 2								
QB	86,478,000	QA	109,005,000	5.5%	FIX	PAC	31395NRF6	February 2030
QD	22,527,000							
Recombination 3								
IA	1,957,573 (4)	VB	21,533,307	6.5	FIX	SUP/AD	31395NRG4	November 2017
VA	21,533,307							

(1) REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates in Recombinations 1 and 3 may be exchanged only in the proportions shown in this Schedule 1. In any exchange under Recombination 2, the relative proportions of the REMIC Certificates to be delivered (or if applicable, received) in such exchange will equal the proportions reflected by the outstanding principal or notional principal balances of the related REMIC Classes at the time of exchange.

(2) If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange. See "Description of the Certificates—General—*Authorized Denominations*" in this prospectus supplement.

(3) See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" and "—Distributions of Principal" in this prospectus supplement.

(4) Notional balances. These Classes are Interest Only Classes. See page S-7 for a description of how their notional balances are calculated.

Principal Balance Schedules

PT Class Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$120,000,000.00	September 2010	\$ 73,226,492.80	December 2014	\$ 36,578,468.24
July 2006	119,202,177.74	October 2010	72,404,833.24	January 2015	36,003,804.95
August 2006	118,377,860.99	November 2010	71,587,440.55	February 2015	35,437,579.18
September 2006	117,527,408.83	December 2010	70,774,292.79	March 2015	34,879,671.38
October 2006	116,651,193.48	January 2011	69,965,368.10	April 2015	34,329,963.65
November 2006	115,749,600.01	February 2011	69,160,644.77	May 2015	33,788,339.73
December 2006	114,823,026.06	March 2011	68,360,101.17	June 2015	33,254,684.99
January 2007	113,871,881.58	April 2011	67,563,715.80	July 2015	32,728,886.37
February 2007	112,896,588.49	May 2011	66,771,467.26	August 2015	32,210,832.39
March 2007	111,897,580.42	June 2011	65,983,334.28	September 2015	31,700,413.13
April 2007	110,875,302.33	July 2011	65,199,295.67	October 2015	31,197,520.18
May 2007	109,858,323.26	August 2011	64,419,330.37	November 2015	30,702,046.64
June 2007	108,846,615.95	September 2011	63,643,417.43	December 2015	30,213,887.12
July 2007	107,840,153.28	October 2011	62,871,535.98	January 2016	29,732,937.65
August 2007	106,838,908.26	November 2011	62,103,665.30	February 2016	29,259,095.76
September 2007	105,842,854.06	December 2011	61,339,784.74	March 2016	28,792,260.37
October 2007	104,851,963.96	January 2012	60,579,873.77	April 2016	28,332,331.80
November 2007	103,866,211.40	February 2012	59,823,911.98	May 2016	27,879,211.79
December 2007	102,885,569.95	March 2012	59,071,879.03	June 2016	27,432,803.43
January 2008	101,910,013.31	April 2012	58,323,754.72	July 2016	26,993,011.16
February 2008	100,939,515.33	May 2012	57,579,518.93	August 2016	26,559,740.74
March 2008	99,974,049.97	June 2012	56,839,151.67	September 2016	26,132,899.25
April 2008	99,013,591.35	July 2012	56,102,633.01	October 2016	25,712,395.09
May 2008	98,058,113.71	August 2012	55,369,943.17	November 2016	25,298,137.89
June 2008	97,107,591.42	September 2012	54,641,062.43	December 2016	24,890,038.57
July 2008	96,161,998.99	October 2012	53,915,971.21	January 2017	24,488,009.29
August 2008	95,221,311.05	November 2012	53,194,650.00	February 2017	24,091,963.42
September 2008	94,285,502.37	December 2012	52,477,079.41	March 2017	23,701,815.54
October 2008	93,354,547.86	January 2013	51,763,240.14	April 2017	23,317,481.45
November 2008	92,428,422.53	February 2013	51,053,112.99	May 2017	22,938,878.09
December 2008	91,507,101.54	March 2013	50,346,678.85	June 2017	22,565,923.57
January 2009	90,590,560.17	April 2013	49,643,918.73	July 2017	22,198,537.14
February 2009	89,678,773.84	May 2013	48,944,813.73	August 2017	21,836,639.18
March 2009	88,771,718.07	June 2013	48,249,345.03	September 2017	21,480,151.20
April 2009	87,869,368.54	July 2013	47,557,493.92	October 2017	21,128,995.76
May 2009	86,971,701.02	August 2013	46,869,241.80	November 2017	20,783,096.55
June 2009	86,078,691.43	September 2013	46,184,570.15	December 2017	20,442,378.30
July 2009	85,190,315.81	October 2013	45,503,460.53	January 2018	20,106,766.79
August 2009	84,306,550.31	November 2013	44,825,894.63	February 2018	19,776,188.86
September 2009	83,427,371.22	December 2013	44,151,854.21	March 2018	19,450,572.34
October 2009	82,552,754.93	January 2014	43,481,321.12	April 2018	19,129,846.08
November 2009	81,682,677.98	February 2014	42,814,277.33	May 2018	18,813,939.95
December 2009	80,817,117.01	March 2014	42,150,704.88	June 2018	18,502,784.77
January 2010	79,956,048.78	April 2014	41,494,438.33	July 2018	18,196,312.34
February 2010	79,099,450.19	May 2014	40,847,763.91	August 2018	17,894,455.41
March 2010	78,247,298.22	June 2014	40,210,546.06	September 2018	17,597,147.68
April 2010	77,399,570.01	July 2014	39,582,651.07	October 2018	17,304,323.76
May 2010	76,556,242.80	August 2014	38,963,947.12	November 2018	17,015,919.20
June 2010	75,717,293.94	September 2014	38,354,304.17	December 2018	16,731,870.43
July 2010	74,882,700.91	October 2014	37,753,594.04	January 2019	16,452,114.78
August 2010	74,052,441.29	November 2014	37,161,690.29	February 2019	16,176,590.47

PT Class (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
March 2019	\$ 15,905,236.56	August 2023	\$ 6,166,304.47	January 2028	\$ 1,998,256.22
April 2019	15,637,992.98	September 2023	6,049,569.68	February 2028	1,949,954.25
May 2019	15,374,800.50	October 2023	5,934,694.42	March 2028	1,902,485.41
June 2019	15,115,600.73	November 2023	5,821,651.19	April 2028	1,855,836.92
July 2019	14,860,336.07	December 2023	5,710,412.91	May 2028	1,809,996.19
August 2019	14,608,949.76	January 2024	5,600,952.85	June 2028	1,764,950.82
September 2019	14,361,385.82	February 2024	5,493,244.68	July 2028	1,720,688.57
October 2019	14,117,589.06	March 2024	5,387,262.45	August 2028	1,677,197.39
November 2019	13,877,505.06	April 2024	5,282,980.56	September 2028	1,634,465.41
December 2019	13,641,080.18	May 2024	5,180,373.80	October 2028	1,592,480.92
January 2020	13,408,261.50	June 2024	5,079,417.29	November 2028	1,551,232.39
February 2020	13,178,996.88	July 2024	4,980,086.52	December 2028	1,510,708.46
March 2020	12,953,234.90	August 2024	4,882,357.35	January 2029	1,470,897.92
April 2020	12,730,924.84	September 2024	4,786,205.94	February 2029	1,431,789.74
May 2020	12,512,016.73	October 2024	4,691,608.82	March 2029	1,393,373.04
June 2020	12,296,461.28	November 2024	4,598,542.85	April 2029	1,355,637.10
July 2020	12,084,209.89	December 2024	4,506,985.23	May 2029	1,318,571.37
August 2020	11,875,214.67	January 2025	4,416,913.45	June 2029	1,282,165.43
September 2020	11,669,428.37	February 2025	4,328,305.37	July 2029	1,246,409.03
October 2020	11,466,804.43	March 2025	4,241,139.14	August 2029	1,211,292.06
November 2020	11,267,296.93	April 2025	4,155,393.21	September 2029	1,176,804.57
December 2020	11,070,860.60	May 2025	4,071,046.36	October 2029	1,142,936.75
January 2021	10,877,450.83	June 2025	3,988,077.67	November 2029	1,109,678.92
February 2021	10,687,023.59	July 2025	3,906,466.52	December 2029	1,077,021.55
March 2021	10,499,535.52	August 2025	3,826,192.58	January 2030	1,044,955.27
April 2021	10,314,943.85	September 2025	3,747,235.80	February 2030	1,013,470.81
May 2021	10,133,206.40	October 2025	3,669,576.45	March 2030	982,559.07
June 2021	9,954,281.61	November 2025	3,593,195.05	April 2030	952,211.07
July 2021	9,778,128.49	December 2025	3,518,072.41	May 2030	922,417.94
August 2021	9,604,706.63	January 2026	3,444,189.63	June 2030	893,170.98
September 2021	9,433,976.20	February 2026	3,371,528.05	July 2030	864,461.59
October 2021	9,265,897.93	March 2026	3,300,069.32	August 2030	836,281.31
November 2021	9,100,433.09	April 2026	3,229,795.31	September 2030	808,621.80
December 2021	8,937,543.50	May 2026	3,160,688.17	October 2030	781,474.84
January 2022	8,777,191.55	June 2026	3,092,730.32	November 2030	754,832.32
February 2022	8,619,340.12	July 2026	3,025,904.42	December 2030	728,686.28
March 2022	8,463,952.64	August 2026	2,960,193.37	January 2031	703,028.85
April 2022	8,310,993.04	September 2026	2,895,580.32	February 2031	677,852.29
May 2022	8,160,425.78	October 2026	2,832,048.68	March 2031	653,148.96
June 2022	8,012,215.82	November 2026	2,769,582.08	April 2031	628,911.36
July 2022	7,866,328.59	December 2026	2,708,164.39	May 2031	605,132.06
August 2022	7,722,730.04	January 2027	2,647,779.72	June 2031	581,803.78
September 2022	7,581,386.59	February 2027	2,588,412.40	July 2031	558,919.33
October 2022	7,442,265.13	March 2027	2,530,046.98	August 2031	536,471.62
November 2022	7,305,333.04	April 2027	2,472,668.26	September 2031	514,453.67
December 2022	7,170,558.12	May 2027	2,416,261.23	October 2031	492,858.61
January 2023	7,037,908.68	June 2027	2,360,811.12	November 2031	471,679.67
February 2023	6,907,353.45	July 2027	2,306,303.34	December 2031	450,910.17
March 2023	6,778,861.59	August 2027	2,252,723.55	January 2032	430,543.54
April 2023	6,652,402.73	September 2027	2,200,057.60	February 2032	410,573.29
May 2023	6,527,946.90	October 2027	2,148,291.53	March 2032	390,993.06
June 2023	6,405,464.59	November 2027	2,097,411.61	April 2032	371,796.56
July 2023	6,284,926.68	December 2027	2,047,404.29	May 2032	352,977.59

PT Class (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
June 2032	\$ 334,530.06	March 2033	\$ 184,254.26	November 2033	\$ 72,261.19
July 2032	316,447.95	April 2033	169,204.93	December 2033	59,553.90
August 2032	298,725.35	May 2033	154,465.64	January 2034	47,118.01
September 2032	281,356.42	June 2033	140,031.32	February 2034	34,949.00
October 2032	264,335.42	July 2033	125,896.95	March 2034	23,042.43
November 2032	247,656.69	August 2033	112,057.58	April 2034	11,393.93
December 2032	231,314.66	September 2033	98,508.34	May 2034 and thereafter	0.00
January 2033	215,303.84	October 2033	85,244.46		
February 2033	199,618.81				

EA Class Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$5,750,000.00	January 2008	\$3,247,371.73	July 2009	\$1,265,550.75
July 2006	5,639,285.36	February 2008	3,122,025.76	August 2009	1,171,600.73
August 2006	5,524,226.53	March 2008	2,998,559.05	September 2009	1,079,250.79
September 2006	5,404,944.50	April 2008	2,876,955.05	October 2009	988,486.54
October 2006	5,281,565.03	May 2008	2,757,197.35	November 2009	899,293.68
November 2006	5,154,218.47	June 2008	2,639,269.65	December 2009	811,658.02
December 2006	5,023,039.65	July 2008	2,523,155.79	January 2010	725,565.49
January 2007	4,888,167.67	August 2008	2,408,839.74	February 2010	641,002.11
February 2007	4,749,745.77	September 2008	2,296,305.57	March 2010	557,954.05
March 2007	4,607,921.06	October 2008	2,185,537.47	April 2010	476,407.54
April 2007	4,462,844.47	November 2008	2,076,519.78	May 2010	396,348.93
May 2007	4,319,819.67	December 2008	1,969,236.94	June 2010	317,764.69
June 2007	4,178,828.81	January 2009	1,863,673.51	July 2010	240,641.37
July 2007	4,039,854.17	February 2009	1,759,814.16	August 2010	164,965.66
August 2007	3,902,878.17	March 2009	1,657,643.71	September 2010	90,724.30
September 2007	3,767,883.36	April 2009	1,557,147.05	October 2010	17,904.20
October 2007	3,634,852.44	May 2009	1,458,309.22	November 2010 and thereafter	0.00
November 2007	3,503,768.21	June 2009	1,361,115.37		
December 2007	3,374,613.61				

Aggregate Group I Targeted Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$40,444,569.00	September 2007	\$35,015,752.87	December 2008	\$30,316,755.81
July 2006	40,134,563.96	October 2007	34,660,305.29	January 2009	30,048,820.98
August 2006	39,813,320.50	November 2007	34,311,206.50	February 2009	29,786,161.85
September 2006	39,481,247.08	December 2007	33,968,379.67	March 2009	29,528,712.65
October 2006	39,138,768.04	January 2008	33,631,748.75	April 2009	29,276,408.27
November 2006	38,786,322.97	February 2008	33,301,238.46	May 2009	29,029,184.33
December 2006	38,424,365.98	March 2008	32,976,774.33	June 2009	28,786,977.04
January 2007	38,053,364.97	April 2008	32,658,282.61	July 2009	28,549,723.34
February 2007	37,673,800.90	May 2008	32,345,690.33	August 2009	28,317,360.80
March 2007	37,286,167.02	June 2008	32,038,925.30	September 2009	28,089,827.64
April 2007	36,890,968.01	July 2008	31,737,916.04	October 2009	27,867,062.71
May 2007	36,502,595.81	August 2008	31,442,591.79	November 2009	27,649,005.51
June 2007	36,120,968.67	September 2008	31,152,882.57	December 2009	27,435,596.18
July 2007	35,746,005.71	October 2008	30,868,719.10	January 2010	27,226,775.47
August 2007	35,377,626.87	November 2008	30,590,032.80	February 2010	27,022,484.76

Aggregate Group I (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>
March 2010	\$26,822,666.02	August 2014	\$19,229,434.54	January 2019	\$12,553,576.63
April 2010	26,627,261.84	September 2014	19,147,201.80	February 2019	12,402,762.55
May 2010	26,436,215.42	October 2014	19,062,351.91	March 2019	12,251,626.58
June 2010	26,249,470.54	November 2014	18,974,953.36	April 2019	12,100,192.39
July 2010	26,066,971.59	December 2014	18,885,073.37	May 2019	11,948,483.10
August 2010	25,888,663.50	January 2015	18,792,777.91	June 2019	11,796,521.32
September 2010	25,714,491.83	February 2015	18,698,131.79	July 2019	11,644,329.19
October 2010	25,544,402.66	March 2015	18,601,198.58	August 2019	11,491,928.30
November 2010	25,324,835.00	April 2015	18,502,040.72	September 2019	11,339,339.79
December 2010	25,092,734.83	May 2015	18,400,719.48	October 2019	11,186,584.28
January 2011	24,865,941.35	June 2015	18,297,294.98	November 2019	11,033,681.96
February 2011	24,644,390.14	July 2015	18,191,826.26	December 2019	10,880,652.50
March 2011	24,428,017.48	August 2015	18,084,371.24	January 2020	10,727,515.17
April 2011	24,216,760.25	September 2015	17,974,986.76	February 2020	10,574,288.75
May 2011	24,010,555.98	October 2015	17,863,728.59	March 2020	10,420,991.57
June 2011	23,809,342.80	November 2015	17,750,651.49	April 2020	10,267,641.58
July 2011	23,613,059.50	December 2015	17,635,809.12	May 2020	10,114,256.24
August 2011	23,421,645.44	January 2016	17,519,254.22	June 2020	9,960,852.61
September 2011	23,235,040.61	February 2016	17,401,038.43	July 2020	9,807,447.37
October 2011	23,053,185.62	March 2016	17,281,212.49	August 2020	9,654,056.73
November 2011	22,876,021.62	April 2016	17,159,826.14	September 2020	9,500,696.56
December 2011	22,703,490.41	May 2016	17,036,928.17	October 2020	9,347,382.30
January 2012	22,535,534.35	June 2016	16,912,566.44	November 2020	9,194,129.03
February 2012	22,372,096.36	July 2016	16,786,787.86	December 2020	9,040,951.44
March 2012	22,213,119.98	August 2016	16,659,638.50	January 2021	8,887,863.82
April 2012	22,058,549.27	September 2016	16,531,163.49	February 2021	8,734,880.16
May 2012	21,908,328.88	October 2016	16,401,407.08	March 2021	8,582,014.03
June 2012	21,762,404.01	November 2016	16,270,412.68	April 2021	8,429,278.66
July 2012	21,620,720.42	December 2016	16,138,222.84	May 2021	8,276,686.96
August 2012	21,483,224.41	January 2017	16,004,879.27	June 2021	8,124,251.47
September 2012	21,349,862.84	February 2017	15,870,422.87	July 2021	7,971,984.41
October 2012	21,220,583.06	March 2017	15,734,893.75	August 2021	7,819,897.66
November 2012	21,095,333.00	April 2017	15,598,331.16	September 2021	7,668,002.79
December 2012	20,974,061.09	May 2017	15,460,773.63	October 2021	7,516,311.02
January 2013	20,856,716.30	June 2017	15,322,258.90	November 2021	7,364,833.32
February 2013	20,743,248.11	July 2017	15,182,823.95	December 2021	7,213,580.31
March 2013	20,633,606.50	August 2017	15,042,505.02	January 2022	7,062,562.28
April 2013	20,527,741.98	September 2017	14,901,337.61	February 2022	6,911,789.30
May 2013	20,425,605.54	October 2017	14,759,356.51	March 2022	6,761,271.08
June 2013	20,327,148.68	November 2017	14,616,595.79	April 2022	6,611,017.10
July 2013	20,232,323.39	December 2017	14,473,088.83	May 2022	6,461,036.52
August 2013	20,141,082.15	January 2018	14,328,868.33	June 2022	6,311,338.23
September 2013	20,053,377.90	February 2018	14,183,966.28	July 2022	6,161,930.87
October 2013	19,969,164.12	March 2018	14,038,414.06	August 2022	6,012,822.80
November 2013	19,888,394.68	April 2018	13,892,242.37	September 2022	5,864,022.12
December 2013	19,811,023.99	May 2018	13,745,481.26	October 2022	5,715,536.68
January 2014	19,737,006.91	June 2018	13,598,160.15	November 2022	5,567,374.06
February 2014	19,666,298.72	July 2018	13,450,307.85	December 2022	5,419,541.64
March 2014	19,598,855.20	August 2018	13,301,952.57	January 2023	5,272,046.50
April 2014	19,530,780.15	September 2018	13,153,121.88	February 2023	5,124,895.50
May 2014	19,459,726.23	October 2018	13,003,842.81	March 2023	4,978,095.30
June 2014	19,385,768.44	November 2018	12,854,141.77	April 2023	4,831,652.30
July 2014	19,308,980.44	December 2018	12,704,044.61	May 2023	4,685,572.68

Aggregate Group I (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>
June 2023	\$ 4,539,862.39	June 2024	\$ 2,822,032.55	June 2025	\$ 1,165,615.25
July 2023	4,394,527.17	July 2024	2,681,572.70	July 2025	1,030,507.06
August 2023	4,249,572.57	August 2024	2,541,544.60	August 2025	895,857.78
September 2023	4,105,003.90	September 2024	2,401,951.38	September 2025	761,668.77
October 2023	3,960,826.28	October 2024	2,262,795.96	October 2025	627,941.24
November 2023	3,817,044.64	November 2024	2,124,081.14	November 2025	494,676.29
December 2023	3,673,663.66	December 2024	1,985,809.52	December 2025	361,874.87
January 2024	3,530,687.91	January 2025	1,847,983.59	January 2026	229,537.84
February 2024	3,388,121.70	February 2025	1,710,605.66	February 2026	97,665.94
March 2024	3,245,969.18	March 2025	1,573,677.90	March 2026 and thereafter	0.00
April 2024	3,104,234.32	April 2025	1,437,202.35		
May 2024	2,962,920.90	May 2025	1,301,180.88		

Aggregate Group II Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$195,135,182.00	June 2009	\$144,717,219.78	June 2012	\$ 96,760,136.76
July 2006	194,139,629.37	July 2009	143,260,389.53	July 2012	95,551,907.18
August 2006	193,102,714.60	August 2009	141,811,106.31	August 2012	94,349,945.70
September 2006	192,024,813.25	September 2009	140,369,331.29	September 2012	93,154,220.08
October 2006	190,906,321.62	October 2009	138,935,025.86	October 2012	91,964,698.23
November 2006	189,747,657.07	November 2009	137,508,151.59	November 2012	90,781,348.25
December 2006	188,550,528.98	December 2009	136,088,670.24	December 2012	89,604,138.37
January 2007	187,315,373.66	January 2010	134,676,543.79	January 2013	88,433,037.01
February 2007	186,042,647.13	February 2010	133,271,734.40	February 2013	87,268,012.74
March 2007	184,732,824.77	March 2010	131,874,204.42	March 2013	86,109,034.30
April 2007	183,402,304.68	April 2010	130,483,916.41	April 2013	84,956,070.58
May 2007	182,051,320.78	May 2010	129,100,833.11	May 2013	83,809,090.64
June 2007	180,680,119.50	June 2010	127,724,917.46	June 2013	82,668,063.70
July 2007	179,288,959.66	July 2010	126,356,132.58	July 2013	81,532,959.12
August 2007	177,878,112.24	August 2010	124,994,441.80	August 2013	80,403,746.44
September 2007	176,447,860.19	September 2010	123,639,808.60	September 2013	79,280,395.34
October 2007	174,998,498.22	October 2010	122,292,196.70	October 2013	78,162,875.68
November 2007	173,530,332.57	November 2010	120,951,569.96	November 2013	77,051,157.44
December 2007	172,043,680.77	December 2010	119,617,892.45	December 2013	75,945,210.79
January 2008	170,538,871.41	January 2011	118,291,128.42	January 2014	74,845,006.02
February 2008	169,016,243.87	February 2011	116,971,242.31	February 2014	73,750,513.59
March 2008	167,476,148.06	March 2011	115,658,198.72	March 2014	72,661,704.13
April 2008	165,924,250.31	April 2011	114,351,962.47	April 2014	71,578,548.39
May 2008	164,360,828.19	May 2011	113,052,498.52	May 2014	70,501,017.27
June 2008	162,802,260.70	June 2011	111,759,772.04	June 2014	69,429,081.86
July 2008	161,251,763.61	July 2011	110,473,748.37	July 2014	68,362,713.34
August 2008	159,709,295.41	August 2011	109,194,393.02	August 2014	67,303,648.12
September 2008	158,174,814.79	September 2011	107,921,671.69	September 2014	66,260,018.44
October 2008	156,648,280.67	October 2011	106,655,550.25	October 2014	65,231,606.52
November 2008	155,129,652.16	November 2011	105,395,994.75	November 2014	64,218,197.60
December 2008	153,618,888.59	December 2011	104,142,971.40	December 2014	63,219,579.91
January 2009	152,115,949.51	January 2012	102,896,446.61	January 2015	62,235,544.58
February 2009	150,620,794.66	February 2012	101,656,386.93	February 2015	61,265,885.65
March 2009	149,133,384.00	March 2012	100,422,759.11	March 2015	60,310,400.03
April 2009	147,653,677.68	April 2012	99,195,530.06	April 2015	59,368,887.42
May 2009	146,181,636.09	May 2012	97,974,666.86	May 2015	58,441,150.32

Aggregate Group II (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
June 2015	\$ 57,526,993.93	November 2019	\$ 24,266,284.91	April 2024	\$ 9,425,967.79
July 2015	56,626,226.20	December 2019	23,859,239.88	May 2024	9,247,963.59
August 2015	55,738,657.71	January 2020	23,458,357.76	June 2024	9,072,790.48
September 2015	54,864,101.68	February 2020	23,063,549.78	July 2024	8,900,406.68
October 2015	54,002,373.91	March 2020	22,674,728.44	August 2024	8,730,770.95
November 2015	53,153,292.78	April 2020	22,291,807.43	September 2024	8,563,842.69
December 2015	52,316,679.16	May 2020	21,914,701.67	October 2024	8,399,581.84
January 2016	51,492,356.43	June 2020	21,543,327.28	November 2024	8,237,948.91
February 2016	50,680,150.40	July 2020	21,177,601.53	December 2024	8,078,905.00
March 2016	49,879,889.33	August 2020	20,817,442.88	January 2025	7,922,411.74
April 2016	49,091,403.84	September 2020	20,462,770.91	February 2025	7,768,431.30
May 2016	48,314,526.91	October 2020	20,113,506.36	March 2025	7,616,926.43
June 2016	47,549,093.83	November 2020	19,769,571.04	April 2025	7,467,860.36
July 2016	46,794,942.20	December 2020	19,430,887.90	May 2025	7,321,196.86
August 2016	46,051,911.86	January 2021	19,097,380.95	June 2025	7,176,900.25
September 2016	45,319,844.87	February 2021	18,768,975.26	July 2025	7,034,935.31
October 2016	44,598,585.52	March 2021	18,445,596.98	August 2025	6,895,267.35
November 2016	43,887,980.22	April 2021	18,127,173.28	September 2025	6,757,862.17
December 2016	43,187,877.55	May 2021	17,813,632.34	October 2025	6,622,686.05
January 2017	42,498,128.18	June 2021	17,504,903.39	November 2025	6,489,705.78
February 2017	41,818,584.85	July 2021	17,200,916.62	December 2025	6,358,888.58
March 2017	41,149,102.38	August 2021	16,901,603.22	January 2026	6,230,202.16
April 2017	40,489,537.58	September 2021	16,606,895.34	February 2026	6,103,614.72
May 2017	39,839,749.25	October 2021	16,316,726.09	March 2026	5,979,094.86
June 2017	39,199,598.19	November 2021	16,031,029.52	April 2026	5,856,611.67
July 2017	38,568,947.11	December 2021	15,749,740.61	May 2026	5,736,134.67
August 2017	37,947,660.64	January 2022	15,472,795.25	June 2026	5,617,633.81
September 2017	37,335,605.29	February 2022	15,200,130.24	July 2026	5,501,079.49
October 2017	36,732,649.44	March 2022	14,931,683.28	August 2026	5,386,442.50
November 2017	36,138,663.29	April 2022	14,667,392.92	September 2026	5,273,694.07
December 2017	35,553,518.86	May 2022	14,407,198.61	October 2026	5,162,805.86
January 2018	34,977,089.96	June 2022	14,151,040.64	November 2026	5,053,749.90
February 2018	34,409,252.15	July 2022	13,898,860.13	December 2026	4,946,498.65
March 2018	33,849,882.71	August 2022	13,650,599.04	January 2027	4,841,024.95
April 2018	33,298,860.67	September 2022	13,406,200.17	February 2027	4,737,302.03
May 2018	32,756,066.71	October 2022	13,165,607.09	March 2027	4,635,303.51
June 2018	32,221,383.20	November 2022	12,928,764.20	April 2027	4,535,003.38
July 2018	31,694,694.14	December 2022	12,695,616.67	May 2027	4,436,376.03
August 2018	31,175,885.14	January 2023	12,466,110.44	June 2027	4,339,396.18
September 2018	30,664,843.44	February 2023	12,240,192.23	July 2027	4,244,038.94
October 2018	30,161,457.81	March 2023	12,017,809.50	August 2027	4,150,279.78
November 2018	29,665,618.62	April 2023	11,798,910.45	September 2027	4,058,094.50
December 2018	29,177,217.73	May 2023	11,583,444.04	October 2027	3,967,459.27
January 2019	28,696,148.54	June 2023	11,371,359.92	November 2027	3,878,350.60
February 2019	28,222,305.92	July 2023	11,162,608.47	December 2027	3,790,745.32
March 2019	27,755,586.22	August 2023	10,957,140.76	January 2028	3,704,620.62
April 2019	27,295,887.25	September 2023	10,754,908.58	February 2028	3,619,954.00
May 2019	26,843,108.23	October 2023	10,555,864.37	March 2028	3,536,723.30
June 2019	26,397,149.79	November 2023	10,359,961.26	April 2028	3,454,906.67
July 2019	25,957,913.96	December 2023	10,167,153.05	May 2028	3,374,482.57
August 2019	25,525,304.15	January 2024	9,977,394.19	June 2028	3,295,429.79
September 2019	25,099,225.09	February 2024	9,790,639.76	July 2028	3,217,727.40
October 2019	24,679,582.88	March 2024	9,606,845.51	August 2028	3,141,354.81

Aggregate Group II (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
September 2028.....	\$ 3,066,291.68	March 2031	\$ 1,334,692.31	August 2033	\$ 378,263.70
October 2028	2,992,518.01	April 2031.....	1,291,788.83	September 2033.....	354,932.66
November 2028	2,920,014.06	May 2031	1,249,675.20	October 2033	332,070.93
December 2028	2,848,760.38	June 2031	1,208,338.98	November 2033	309,670.87
January 2029	2,778,737.82	July 2031	1,167,767.93	December 2033	287,724.96
February 2029	2,709,927.49	August 2031	1,127,949.96	January 2034	266,225.78
March 2029	2,642,310.77	September 2031.....	1,088,873.18	February 2034	245,166.04
April 2029.....	2,575,869.33	October 2031	1,050,525.86	March 2034	224,538.54
May 2029	2,510,585.09	November 2031	1,012,896.46	April 2034.....	204,336.21
June 2029	2,446,440.24	December 2031	975,973.59	May 2034	185,039.74
July 2029	2,383,417.22	January 2032	939,746.04	June 2034	172,382.73
August 2029	2,321,498.73	February 2032	904,202.76	July 2034	159,982.28
September 2029.....	2,260,667.74	March 2032	869,332.87	August 2034	147,834.20
October 2029	2,200,907.43	April 2032.....	835,125.65	September 2034.....	135,934.38
November 2029	2,142,201.25	May 2032	801,570.53	October 2034	124,278.76
December 2029	2,084,532.90	June 2032	768,657.10	November 2034	112,863.33
January 2030	2,027,886.29	July 2032	736,375.11	December 2034	101,684.16
February 2030	1,972,245.57	August 2032	704,714.46	January 2035	90,737.37
March 2030	1,917,595.15	September 2032.....	673,665.19	February 2035	80,019.13
April 2030.....	1,863,919.64	October 2032	643,217.49	March 2035	69,525.69
May 2030	1,811,203.88	November 2032	613,361.71	April 2035.....	59,253.33
June 2030	1,759,432.93	December 2032	584,088.33	May 2035	49,198.40
July 2030	1,708,592.07	January 2033	555,387.97	June 2035	39,357.30
August 2030	1,658,666.79	February 2033	528,547.97	July 2035	29,726.50
September 2030.....	1,609,642.82	March 2033	502,234.07	August 2035	20,302.50
October 2030	1,561,506.06	April 2033.....	476,437.80	September 2035.....	12,990.01
November 2030	1,514,460.13	May 2033	451,150.81	October 2035	5,835.57
December 2030	1,468,269.09	June 2033	426,364.84	November 2035 and thereafter	0.00
January 2031	1,422,919.53	July 2033	402,071.80		
February 2031	1,378,398.28				

DB Class Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$10,330,000.00	December 2007	\$ 6,532,515.98	May 2009	\$ 2,575,270.33
July 2006	10,164,803.53	January 2008	6,288,040.81	June 2009	2,371,405.73
August 2006	9,993,870.69	February 2008	6,041,511.55	July 2009	2,170,890.99
September 2006.....	9,817,491.07	March 2008	5,793,065.69	August 2009	1,973,695.53
October 2006	9,635,961.23	April 2008.....	5,543,992.93	September 2009.....	1,779,789.01
November 2006	9,447,386.84	May 2008	5,294,398.76	October 2009	1,589,141.34
December 2006	9,251,325.50	June 2008	5,047,861.31	November 2009	1,401,722.63
January 2007	9,047,952.19	July 2008	4,805,059.97	December 2009	1,217,503.29
February 2007	8,837,450.79	August 2008	4,565,961.14	January 2010	1,036,453.90
March 2007	8,620,013.96	September 2008.....	4,330,531.51	February 2010	858,545.29
April 2007.....	8,399,421.04	October 2008	4,098,737.98	March 2010	683,748.55
May 2007	8,175,757.51	November 2008	3,870,547.77	April 2010.....	512,034.95
June 2007	7,949,114.73	December 2008	3,645,928.30	May 2010	343,376.01
July 2007	7,719,589.82	January 2009	3,424,847.27	June 2010	177,743.48
August 2007.....	7,487,285.49	February 2009	3,207,272.64	July 2010	15,109.32
September 2007.....	7,252,309.90	March 2009	2,993,172.60	August 2010 and thereafter	0.00
October 2007	7,014,776.53	April 2009.....	2,782,515.60		
November 2007	6,774,804.02				

DC Class Targeted Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Targeted Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$17,400,000.00	August 2007	\$11,385,538.21	October 2008	\$ 4,444,132.70
July 2006	17,062,850.73	September 2007	10,893,712.13	November 2008	3,990,899.58
August 2006	16,708,157.87	October 2007	10,397,963.46	December 2008	3,546,848.04
September 2006	16,336,310.29	November 2007	9,898,595.22	January 2009	3,111,863.62
October 2006	15,947,724.20	December 2007	9,395,923.69	February 2009	2,685,833.11
November 2006	15,542,842.54	January 2008	8,890,277.77	March 2009	2,268,644.50
December 2006	15,122,773.33	February 2008	8,381,998.36	April 2009	1,860,186.94
January 2007	14,687,982.73	March 2008	7,871,437.67	May 2009	1,460,350.80
February 2007	14,238,961.07	April 2008	7,361,388.83	June 2009	1,069,027.61
March 2007	13,776,222.13	May 2008	6,852,114.06	July 2009	686,110.05
April 2007	13,308,051.47	June 2008	6,351,213.01	August 2009	311,491.95
May 2007	12,834,661.29	July 2008	5,860,084.41	September 2009 and thereafter	0.00
June 2007	12,356,280.14	August 2008	5,378,607.58		
July 2007	11,873,152.48	September 2008	4,906,663.06		

QO Class Planned Balances

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
Initial Balance	\$53,653,793.00	February 2009	\$39,796,634.47	October 2011	\$27,916,972.66
July 2006	53,234,947.56	March 2009	39,395,246.45	November 2011	27,576,110.51
August 2006	52,804,723.58	April 2009	38,995,904.97	December 2011	27,236,983.51
September 2006	52,363,311.55	May 2009	38,598,599.51	January 2012	26,899,582.71
October 2006	51,910,907.37	June 2009	38,203,319.60	February 2012	26,563,899.25
November 2006	51,447,712.26	July 2009	37,810,054.80	March 2012	26,229,924.28
December 2006	50,986,881.68	August 2009	37,418,794.76	April 2012	25,897,649.02
January 2007	50,528,403.46	September 2009	37,029,529.16	May 2012	25,567,064.71
February 2007	50,072,265.50	October 2009	36,642,247.74	June 2012	25,238,162.67
March 2007	49,618,455.76	November 2009	36,256,940.29	July 2012	24,910,934.22
April 2007	49,166,962.27	December 2009	35,873,596.65	August 2012	24,585,370.77
May 2007	48,717,773.10	January 2010	35,492,206.72	September 2012	24,261,463.74
June 2007	48,270,876.40	February 2010	35,112,760.45	October 2012	23,939,204.61
July 2007	47,826,260.38	March 2010	34,735,247.84	November 2012	23,618,584.91
August 2007	47,383,913.31	April 2010	34,359,658.94	December 2012	23,299,596.19
September 2007	46,943,823.51	May 2010	33,985,983.85	January 2013	22,982,230.07
October 2007	46,505,979.37	June 2010	33,614,212.73	February 2013	22,666,478.19
November 2007	46,070,369.33	July 2010	33,244,335.78	March 2013	22,352,332.26
December 2007	45,636,981.90	August 2010	32,876,343.25	April 2013	22,039,784.00
January 2008	45,205,805.66	September 2010	32,510,225.46	May 2013	21,728,825.20
February 2008	44,776,829.21	October 2010	32,145,972.74	June 2013	21,419,447.67
March 2008	44,350,041.24	November 2010	31,783,575.52	July 2013	21,111,643.29
April 2008	43,925,430.51	December 2010	31,423,024.23	August 2013	20,805,403.96
May 2008	43,502,985.79	January 2011	31,064,309.39	September 2013	20,500,721.62
June 2008	43,082,695.95	February 2011	30,707,421.54	October 2013	20,197,588.26
July 2008	42,664,549.91	March 2011	30,352,351.29	November 2013	19,895,995.92
August 2008	42,248,536.63	April 2011	29,999,089.28	December 2013	19,595,936.66
September 2008	41,834,645.15	May 2011	29,647,626.21	January 2014	19,297,402.59
October 2008	41,422,864.53	June 2011	29,297,952.82	February 2014	19,000,385.87
November 2008	41,013,183.94	July 2011	28,950,059.91	March 2014	18,705,813.31
December 2008	40,605,592.55	August 2011	28,603,938.32	April 2014	18,415,520.66
January 2009	40,200,079.63	September 2011	28,259,578.92	May 2014	18,129,447.76

QO Class (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
June 2014	\$17,847,535.30	November 2018	\$ 7,565,867.33	April 2023	\$ 2,951,231.75
July 2014	17,569,724.76	December 2018	7,439,629.69	May 2023	2,895,670.67
August 2014	17,295,958.45	January 2019	7,315,289.33	June 2023	2,840,986.12
September 2014	17,026,179.46	February 2019	7,192,819.12	July 2023	2,787,165.25
October 2014	16,760,331.68	March 2019	7,072,192.29	August 2023	2,734,195.42
November 2014	16,498,359.75	April 2019	6,953,382.45	September 2023	2,682,064.13
December 2014	16,240,209.11	May 2019	6,836,363.57	October 2023	2,630,759.08
January 2015	15,985,825.93	June 2019	6,721,109.99	November 2023	2,580,268.14
February 2015	15,735,157.13	July 2019	6,607,596.41	December 2023	2,530,579.35
March 2015	15,488,150.37	August 2019	6,495,797.88	January 2024	2,481,680.92
April 2015	15,244,754.02	September 2019	6,385,689.80	February 2024	2,433,561.22
May 2015	15,004,917.17	October 2019	6,277,247.91	March 2024	2,386,208.79
June 2015	14,768,589.62	November 2019	6,170,448.28	April 2024	2,339,612.33
July 2015	14,535,721.85	December 2019	6,065,267.34	May 2024	2,293,760.71
August 2015	14,306,265.05	January 2020	5,961,681.83	June 2024	2,248,642.95
September 2015	14,080,171.05	February 2020	5,859,668.81	July 2024	2,204,248.21
October 2015	13,857,392.38	March 2020	5,759,205.68	August 2024	2,160,565.84
November 2015	13,637,882.20	April 2020	5,660,270.13	September 2024	2,117,585.30
December 2015	13,421,594.34	May 2020	5,562,840.20	October 2024	2,075,296.24
January 2016	13,208,483.26	June 2020	5,466,894.19	November 2024	2,033,688.41
February 2016	12,998,504.05	July 2020	5,372,410.74	December 2024	1,992,751.76
March 2016	12,791,612.42	August 2020	5,279,368.78	January 2025	1,952,476.33
April 2016	12,587,764.69	September 2020	5,187,747.52	February 2025	1,912,852.34
May 2016	12,386,917.80	October 2020	5,097,526.48	March 2025	1,873,870.12
June 2016	12,189,029.27	November 2020	5,008,685.46	April 2025	1,835,520.17
July 2016	11,994,057.22	December 2020	4,921,204.54	May 2025	1,797,793.09
August 2016	11,801,960.34	January 2021	4,835,064.07	June 2025	1,760,679.64
September 2016	11,612,697.90	February 2021	4,750,244.70	July 2025	1,724,170.70
October 2016	11,426,229.73	March 2021	4,666,727.33	August 2025	1,688,257.28
November 2016	11,242,516.24	April 2021	4,584,493.13	September 2025	1,652,930.52
December 2016	11,061,518.34	May 2021	4,503,523.56	October 2025	1,618,181.68
January 2017	10,883,197.53	June 2021	4,423,800.29	November 2025	1,584,002.16
February 2017	10,707,515.82	July 2021	4,345,305.30	December 2025	1,550,383.46
March 2017	10,534,435.76	August 2021	4,268,020.78	January 2026	1,517,317.22
April 2017	10,363,920.40	September 2021	4,191,929.20	February 2026	1,484,795.20
May 2017	10,195,933.31	October 2021	4,117,013.26	March 2026	1,452,809.25
June 2017	10,030,438.59	November 2021	4,043,255.91	April 2026	1,421,351.38
July 2017	9,867,400.81	December 2021	3,970,640.34	May 2026	1,390,413.67
August 2017	9,706,785.04	January 2022	3,899,149.96	June 2026	1,359,988.34
September 2017	9,548,556.83	February 2022	3,828,768.44	July 2026	1,330,067.72
October 2017	9,392,682.23	March 2022	3,759,479.66	August 2026	1,300,644.23
November 2017	9,239,127.74	April 2022	3,691,267.73	September 2026	1,271,710.43
December 2017	9,087,860.32	May 2022	3,624,116.98	October 2026	1,243,258.96
January 2018	8,938,847.42	June 2022	3,558,011.99	November 2026	1,215,282.57
February 2018	8,792,056.91	July 2022	3,492,937.50	December 2026	1,187,774.12
March 2018	8,647,457.13	August 2022	3,428,878.53	January 2027	1,160,726.58
April 2018	8,505,016.85	September 2022	3,365,820.25	February 2027	1,134,132.99
May 2018	8,364,705.27	October 2022	3,303,748.09	March 2027	1,107,986.52
June 2018	8,226,492.03	November 2022	3,242,647.65	April 2027	1,082,280.43
July 2018	8,090,347.18	December 2022	3,182,504.74	May 2027	1,057,008.08
August 2018	7,956,241.20	January 2023	3,123,305.39	June 2027	1,032,162.90
September 2018	7,824,144.97	February 2023	3,065,035.81	July 2027	1,007,738.46
October 2018	7,694,029.79	March 2023	3,007,682.40	August 2027	983,728.37

QO Class (Continued)

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>	<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Planned Balance</u>
September 2027.....	\$ 960,126.37	November 2029	\$ 471,162.53	January 2032	\$ 166,384.19
October 2027	936,926.28	December 2029	456,509.09	February 2032	157,422.73
November 2027	914,122.00	January 2030	442,120.47	March 2032	148,636.56
December 2027	891,707.53	February 2030	427,992.54	April 2032.....	140,022.86
January 2028	869,676.94	March 2030	414,121.27	May 2032	131,578.88
February 2028	848,024.41	April 2030.....	400,502.64	June 2032	123,301.90
March 2028	826,744.18	May 2030	387,132.73	July 2032	115,189.24
April 2028.....	805,830.59	June 2030	374,007.65	August 2032	107,238.24
May 2028	785,278.04	July 2030	361,123.59	September 2032.....	99,446.32
June 2028	765,081.03	August 2030	348,476.78	October 2032	91,810.90
July 2028	745,234.14	September 2030.....	336,063.50	November 2032	84,329.47
August 2028	725,732.02	October 2030	323,880.09	December 2032	76,999.53
September 2028.....	706,569.39	November 2030	311,922.96	January 2033	69,818.62
October 2028	687,741.06	December 2030	300,188.55	February 2033	62,784.34
November 2028	669,241.92	January 2031	288,673.36	March 2033	55,894.31
December 2028	651,066.91	February 2031	277,373.95	April 2033.....	49,146.18
January 2029	633,211.06	March 2031	266,286.91	May 2033	42,537.64
February 2029	615,669.47	April 2031.....	255,408.89	June 2033	36,066.41
March 2029	598,437.32	May 2031	244,736.60	July 2033	29,730.26
April 2029.....	581,509.83	June 2031	234,266.79	August 2033	23,526.97
May 2029	564,882.32	July 2031	223,996.25	September 2033.....	17,454.38
June 2029	548,550.17	August 2031	213,921.83	October 2033	11,510.34
July 2029	532,508.81	September 2031.....	204,040.41	November 2033	5,692.73
August 2029	516,753.76	October 2031	194,348.94	December 2033 and thereafter	0.00
September 2029.....	501,280.60	November 2031	184,844.38		
October 2029	486,084.95	December 2031	175,523.78		

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Table of Contents	S- 2
Available Information	S- 3
Incorporation by Reference	S- 3
Recent Developments	S- 4
Reference Sheet	S- 6
Additional Risk Factors	S-11
Description of the Certificates	S-12
Certain Additional Federal Income Tax Consequences	S-34
Plan of Distribution	S-36
Legal Matters	S-36
Schedule 1	A- 1
Principal Balance Schedules	B- 1

\$1,556,598,648



**Guaranteed REMIC
Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2006-63**

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT



May 21, 2006
