\$461,858,430



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2005-102

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual class), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We may pay principal at rates that vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are distributed to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

Class	Group	Original Class Balance	Principal Type	Interest Rate	Interest Type	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
DF	1	\$102,100,262 37,127,368	PT PT	(1) (1)	FLT INV	31394UHS4 31394UHT2	November 2035 November 2035
				_ ` ′			
FA	2	50,000,000	PT	(1)	FLT	31394UHU9	November 2035
CO(2)	2	8,546,356	SEG(PAC)/PAC	(3)	PO	31394UHV7	November 2035
AS(2)	2	31,336,637(4)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31394UHW5	November 2035
SD(2)	2	3,290,907	SEG(PAC)/SUP	(1)	INV	31394UHX3	November 2035
SE(2)	2	1,799,101	SUP	(1)	INV	31394UHY1	November 2035
PH(2)	3	62,081,000	PAC	4.5%	FIX	31394UHZ8	March 2027
PI(2)	3	6,208,100(4)	NTL	5.0	FIX/IO	31394U J A 1	March 2027
PK(2)	3	14,286,000	PAC	4.5	FIX	31394U J B 9	June 2029
ID(2)	3	1,428,600(4)	NTL	5.0	FIX/IO	31394U J C 7	June 2029
PD	3	22,357,000	PAC	5.0	FIX	31394U J D 5	May 2032
XI(2)	3	17,234,000(4)	NTL	5.0	FIX/IO	31394U J E 3	April 2034
XO(2)	3	17,234,000	PAC	(3)	PO	31394U J F 0	April 2034
YI(2)	3	17,215,000(4)	NTL	5.0	FIX/IO	31394U J G 8	November 2035
YO(2)	3	17,215,000	PAC	(3)	PO	31394U J H 6	November 2035
FK(2)	3	4,827,142	TAC	(1)	FLT	31394U J J 2	October 2034
FL(2)	3	10,000,000	TAC	(1)	FLT	31394U J K 9	November 2035
SJ	3	5,930,858	TAC	(1)	INV	31394U J L 7	November 2035
FD	3	25,974,400	SUP/AD	(1)	FLT	31394UJM5	November 2035
DI	3	649,360(4)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31394U J N 3	November 2035
SH	3	5,000,000	TAC/AD	(1)	INV	31394U J P 8	November 2035
SK	3	1,493,600	SUP/AD	(1)	INV	31394U J Q 6	November 2035
ZA	3	1,000	SUP	5.0	FIX/Z	31394U J R 4	November 2035
HB(2)	4	56,932,976	SEQ	4.5	FIX	31394U J S 2	June 2023
HI(2)	4	5,693,297(4)	NTL	5.0	FIX/IO	31394U J T 0	June 2023
HY	4	15,661,460	SEQ	5.0	FIX	31394U J U 7	November 2025
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	31394U J V 5	November 2035
RL		0	NPR	0	NPR	31394U J W 3	November 2035

- (1) Based on LIBOR.
- (2) Exchangeable classes.
- (3) Principal only classes.
- (4) Notional balances. These classes are interest only classes.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for the corresponding RCR certificates to be issued at the time of the exchange. The SA, SC, PJ, PB, PL, PC, PE, PG, PM, FJ, HC and HA Classes are the RCR classes, as further described in this prospectus supplement.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be October 28, 2005.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-11 of this prospectus supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Credit Suisse First Boston

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the "Disclosure Documents"):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated May 1, 2002 (the "REMIC Prospectus");
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated July 1, 2004 (the "MBS Prospectus"); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below under the heading "Incorporation by Reference."

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae MBS Helpline 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 1-800-237-8627).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling the dealer at:

Credit Suisse First Boston Prospectus Department 11 Madison Avenue New York, New York 10010 (telephone 212-325-2580).

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

In this prospectus supplement, we are incorporating by reference the MBS Prospectus described above. In addition, we are incorporating by reference the documents listed below. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to these documents. These documents are considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with these documents.

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, the REMIC Prospectus and the MBS Prospectus and any applicable supplements or amendments.

We incorporate by reference the following documents we have filed, or may file, with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"):

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 ("Form 10-K");
- all other reports we have filed pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 since the end of the fiscal year covered by the Form 10-K until the date of this prospectus supplement, excluding any information "furnished" to the SEC on Form 8-K; and
- all proxy statements that we file with the SEC and all documents that we file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement and prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates, excluding any information we "furnish" to the SEC on Form 8-K.

Any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement is deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus supplement to the extent information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement modifies or supersedes such information. In such case, the information will constitute a part of this prospectus supplement only as so modified or superseded.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can obtain copies of the periodic reports we file with the SEC without charge by calling or writing our Office of Investor Relations, Fannie Mae, 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20016, telephone: (202) 752-7115. The periodic and current reports that we file with the SEC are also available on our Web site. Information appearing on our Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

In addition, you may read our SEC filings and other information about Fannie Mae at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, the Chicago Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange. Our SEC filings are also available at the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov. You also may read and copy any document we file with the SEC by visiting the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, DC 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the operation of the Public Reference Room. We are providing the address of the SEC's Web site solely for the information of prospective investors. Information appearing on the SEC's Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

On December 21, 2004, our Board of Directors (the "Board") announced the retirement of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Franklin D. Raines and the resignation of Vice Chairman and Chief Financial Officer J. Timothy Howard. The Board further announced that the Audit Committee of the Board dismissed KPMG LLP as our independent auditor. On January 4, 2005, the Audit Committee of the Board approved the engagement of Deloitte & Touche LLP ("Deloitte") as our independent auditor. Deloitte will serve as our auditor for each of the fiscal years 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005.

Stephen B. Ashley, a member of the Board, currently is serving as the non-executive Chairman of the Board. On June 1, 2005, the Board announced that it had selected Daniel H. Mudd, the former Chief Operating Officer of Fannie Mae, to be the new President and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Mudd had been serving as the interim Chief Executive Officer since the retirement of Mr. Raines. Executive Vice President Robert Levin currently is serving as the interim Chief Financial Officer.

On December 15, 2004, the Office of the Chief Accountant of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") issued a statement (the "Statement") regarding certain accounting issues relating to Fannie Mae, including determinations by the SEC that we should (i) restate our financial statements to eliminate the use of hedge accounting under Financial Accounting Standard No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities ("FAS 133"), (ii) evaluate the accounting under Financial Accounting Standard No. 91, Accounting for Nonrefundable Fees and Costs Associated with Originating or Acquiring Loans and Initial Direct Costs of Leases ("FAS 91") and restate our financial statements filed with the SEC if the amounts required for correction are material, and (iii) re-evaluate the information prepared under generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and non-GAAP information that we previously provided to investors. On December 16, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC that includes a copy of the Statement.

As a result of the SEC's findings, we will restate our financial results from 2001 through June 30, 2004 to comply fully with the SEC's determination. In a Form 12b-25 filed with the SEC on November 15, 2004, we estimated that a loss of hedge accounting under FAS 133 for all derivatives

could result in recording into earnings a net cumulative loss on derivative transactions of approximately \$9.0 billion as of September 30, 2004. (We estimate that as of December 31, 2004, this net cumulative after-tax loss was approximately \$8.4 billion.) We also stated that there would be a corresponding decrease to retained earnings and, accordingly, regulatory capital. In a Form 12b-25 filed with the SEC on March 17, 2005, we stated that if we do not qualify for hedge accounting for mortgage commitments accounted for as derivatives since our July 1, 2003 adoption of Financial Accounting Standard No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities ("FAS 149"), we estimate that we would be required to record in earnings a net cumulative after-tax loss related to these commitments of approximately \$2.4 billion as of December 31, 2004.

We are working to determine the effect of the restatement, including the effect on each prior reporting period. We expect that the impact will be material to our reported GAAP and core business results for many, if not all, periods and will vary substantially from period to period based on the amount and types of derivatives held and fluctuations in interest rates and volatility. Our restated financial statements also will reflect corrections as a result of our misapplication of FAS 91 for each prior reporting period described above. We also will consider the impact, if any, of the SEC's decision on FAS 91 for periods prior to those described above.

Accordingly, on December 17, 2004, the Audit Committee of the Board concluded that our previously filed interim and audited financial statements and the independent auditor's reports thereon for the periods from January 2001 through the second quarter of 2004 should no longer be relied upon because such financial statements were prepared applying accounting practices that did not comply with GAAP. We have not yet filed our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended September 30, 2004, March 31, 2005 and June 30, 2005, or our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004. The financial information regarding our anticipated results of operations for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 that was contained in our Form 12b-25 filed on November 15, 2004 and in a Form 8-K filed on November 16, 2004 was prepared applying the same policies and practices, and, accordingly, should not be relied upon. The Audit Committee has discussed the matters described above and in a Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 22, 2004 with KPMG LLP, our independent auditor through December 21, 2004.

On September 20, 2004, the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight ("OFHEO") delivered its report to the Board of its findings to date of the agency's special examination. Among other matters, the OFHEO report raised a number of questions and concerns about our accounting policies and practices with respect to FAS 91 and FAS 133. On February 23, 2005, we announced that OFHEO notified our Board and management of several additional accounting and internal control issues and questions that OFHEO identified in its ongoing special examination, and directed that these matters be included in the internal reviews by the Board and management and reviewed by Deloitte. OFHEO indicated that it has not completed its review of all aspects of these issues, but has identified policies that it believes appear to be inconsistent with generally accepted accounting principles as well as internal control deficiencies that raise safety and soundness concerns. The issues and questions include the following areas: securities accounting, loan accounting, consolidations, accounting for commitments, and practices to smooth certain income and expense amounts. OFHEO also raised concerns regarding journal entry controls, systems limitations, and database modifications, as well as FAS 149 and new developments relating to FAS 91. A summary of the additional questions raised in OFHEO's ongoing special examination of Fannie Mae has been filed as an exhibit to a Form 8-K that we filed with the SEC on February 23, 2005.

Our Board and management are addressing the issues and questions raised by OFHEO. In addition, the Board designated its Special Review Committee to review the findings of OFHEO's September 2004 special examination report. This review, led by former Senator Warren Rudman of the law firm of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison ("Paul Weiss"), is focused on: accounting issues, including accounting policies, procedures and controls regarding FAS 91 and FAS 133; organization, structure and governance, including Board oversight and management responsibilities and resources; and executive compensation. Paul Weiss' work continues as it examines these areas and

other issues that may arise in the course of its review, reporting regularly to the Board. We will report to OFHEO regarding each of these issues and will continue to work with OFHEO to resolve these matters as part of our ongoing internal reviews and restatement process. In light of the foregoing, management has initiated a comprehensive review of accounting routines and controls, the financial reporting process and the application of GAAP, which will include the issues OFHEO has identified, as well as issues identified by management and/or Deloitte. Management, working with accounting consultants, will develop a view on these issues, which then will be reviewed with the Audit Committee, Deloitte and OFHEO. Upon conclusion of this review, our financial statements will be restated where necessary and submitted to Deloitte for review as part of its audit. We are providing periodic updates to the SEC and the New York Stock Exchange on the restatement. In addition, the SEC and the U.S. Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia are conducting ongoing investigations into these matters.

OFHEO is required to review our capital classification quarterly, and as of September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2004, classified us as "significantly undercapitalized." As a result of this classification, we submitted a capital restoration plan to OFHEO in January 2005, and on February 23, 2005, we announced that OFHEO approved our proposed capital restoration plan. Under the plan, we detail how we expect to meet our minimum capital requirement on an ongoing basis, as well as achieve OFHEO's 30 percent surplus capital requirement by September 30, 2005. A summary of the capital restoration plan was filed as an exhibit to a Form 8-K that we filed with the SEC on February 23, 2005. On May 19, 2005, OFHEO classified us as "adequately capitalized" as of March 31, 2005. OFHEO has noted that this classification is subject to revision pending the outcome of ongoing accounting reviews, and that this classification does not amend any existing capital restoration plans currently in place between Fannie Mae and OFHEO.

In a Form 12b-25 filed with the SEC on August 9, 2005, we reported that, based on our current assessment, we are not likely to complete and file our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, which will contain restated financial information, prior to the second half of 2006. We also reported in that Form 12b-25 that we are uncertain whether Deloitte will be able to opine on either the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting or management's process for assessing the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004 or December 31, 2005. We also reported in that Form 12b-25 that current NYSE listing standards allow the NYSE to continue to list the securities of a listed company for up to nine months after a company is delinquent in filing its Annual Report on Form 10-K (until December 16, 2005, in the case of Fannie Mae). The NYSE, in its sole discretion, also may extend the listing of a company's securities for another three months after that date, depending on the company's circumstances. Under the rules of the NYSE, Fannie Mae would have a right to a review of any decision to delist its securities by a committee of the NYSE Board of Directors.

Forms 8-K that we file with the SEC prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to those documents. You should refer to "Incorporation by Reference" above for further details on the information that we incorporate by reference in this prospectus supplement and where to find it.

REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

Group	Assets
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS
3	Group 3 MBS
4	Group 4 MBS

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS (as of October 1, 2005)

	Approximate Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Coupon
Group 1 MBS	\$139,227,630	360	358*	2	6.000%
Group 2 MBS	\$ 63,636,364	360	358	1	5.914%
Group 3 MBS	\$186,400,000	360	340	17	5.467%
Group 4 MBS	\$ 72,594,436	240	219	19	5.480%

^{*} The approximate weighted average remaining term to the expiration of the interest-only period is assumed to be 118 months.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, weighted average loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly.

Class Factors

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance of that certificate (after taking into account principal payments in the same month). We publish the class factors on or shortly after the 11th day of each month.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on October 28, 2005.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry

Physical

All classes of certificates other than the R and RL Classes R and RL Classes

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certain certificates, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates as shown on Schedule 1. We will issue the RCR certificates upon such exchange. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We use the principal and interest of the certificates exchanged to pay principal and interest on the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

Class	Initial Interest Rate	Maximum Interest Rate	Minimum Interest Rate	Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate(1)
DF	4.24000%	7.50000%	0.300%	LIBOR $+$ 30 basis points
DS	8.96500%	19.80000%	0.000%	$19.8\% - (2.75 \times LIBOR)$
$FA\ldots\ldots\ldots$	4.35038%	7.00000%	0.415%	LIBOR $+$ 41.5 basis points
AS	2.64962%	6.58500%	0.000%	6.585% - LIBOR
SD	9.71527%	24.14500%	0.000%	$24.145\% - (3.666666666 \times LIBOR)$
SE	9.71527%	24.14500%	0.000%	$24.145\% - (3.666666666 \times LIBOR)$
FK	4.44600%	7.00000%	0.500%	LIBOR $+$ 50 basis points
$\mathrm{FL}\ldots\ldots\ldots$	4.44600%	7.00000%	0.500%	LIBOR $+$ 50 basis points
SJ	6.38500%	16.25000%	0.000%	$16.25\% - (2.5 \times LIBOR)$
DI	2.00000%	2.00000%	0.000%	$202\% - (40 \times LIBOR)$
FD	5.14600%	6.25000%	1.200%	LIBOR + 120 basis points
SH	4.21600%	20.00000%	0.000%	$20\% - (4 \times LIBOR)$
SK	4.21600%	20.00000%	0.000%	$20\% - (4 \times LIBOR)$
SA	9.71527%	24.14500%	0.000%	$24.14500\% - (3.666666666 \times LIBOR)$
$SC \dots \dots$	9.71527%	24.14500%	0.000%	$24.14500\% - (3.666666666 \times LIBOR)$
<u>FJ</u>	4.44600%	7.00000%	0.500%	LIBOR + 50 basis points

⁽¹⁾ We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method."

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Notional Classes

A notional class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balances will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the current distribution date:

Class	<u>8</u>	
AS		366.6666471652% of the CO Class
PI		10% of the PH Class
ID		10% of the PK Class
XI		100% of the XO Class
ΥI		100% of the YO Class
DI		2.5% of the FD Class
HI		9.9999989461% of the HB Class

Distributions of Principal

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

To the DF and DS Classes, pro rata, to zero.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

- (a) 78.5714281224% to the FA Class to zero, and
- (b) 21.4285718776% as follows:

first, to Aggregate Group I to its Planned Balance; second, to the SE Class to zero; and third, to Aggregate Group I to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group I, see "Description of the Certificates — Distributions of Principal — *Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount*" in this prospectus supplement.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

ZA Accrual Amount

- 1. (a) 80% to the FD Class to zero, and
 - (b) 20% as follows:

first, to the SH Class to its Targeted Balance; second, to the SK Class to zero; and third, to the SH Class to zero.

2. Thereafter to the ZA Class.

Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

- 1. To Aggregate Group II to its Planned Balance.
- 2. To the Aggregate Group III to its Targeted Balance.
- 3. (a) 80% of the remaining amount to the FD Class to zero, and

(b) 20% of such remaining amount as follows:

first, to the SH Class to its Targeted Balance; second, to the SK Class to zero; and third, to the SH Class to zero.

- 4. To the ZA Class to zero.
- 5. To Aggregate Group III to zero.
- 6. To Aggregate Group II to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group II and Aggregate Group III, see "Description of the Certificates — Distributions of Principal — Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount" in this prospectus supplement.

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

To the HB and HY Classes, in that order, to zero.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

			PSA Pre	payment	Assumpt	ion	
Group 1 Classes	0%	100%	208%	350%	550%	750 %	1000%
DF and DS	22.6	12.5	7.9	5.2	3.6	2.7	2.2
		I	SA Prep	ayment A	Assumpti	on	
Group 2 Classes	0%	100%	225%	255%	325%	400%	550 %
FA and SA	20.5	11.2	7.0	6.4	5.3	4.5	3.5
CO, AS and SC	16.3	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	5.8	4.5
SD	26.7	15.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	2.7	2.1
SE	29.2	25.2	15.2	10.6	2.5	1.7	1.2
		I	SA Prep	ayment A	Assumpti	on	
Group 3 Classes	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%
PH, PI, PJ and PB	10.9	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.1	1.8
PK, ID, PL and PC	19.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	3.8	3.1
PD	21.4	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	4.9	4.1
XI, XO and PE	23.6	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	6.8	5.6
YI, YO and PG	25.3	17.2	17.2	17.2	17.2	11.1	9.2
FK	26.3	10.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
FL	27.2	14.5	2.6	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.4
SJ and FJ	26.9	13.2	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.1
FD and DI	28.9	22.1	14.9	12.3	3.0	0.8	0.6
SH	28.7	20.8	12.2	9.2	2.2	0.7	0.7
SK	29.8	26.7	23.8	22.4	5.5	1.4	0.5
ZA	30.0	28.3	28.3	28.3	9.7	1.7	1.2
PM	12.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.4	2.0
	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
Group 4 Classes		0%	100%	186%	250 %	400%	500%
HB, HI, HC and HA		10.7	5.4	3.7	3.0	2.0	1.7
<u>HY</u>		18.8	15.0	12.7	11.0	7.9	6.4

^{*} Determined as specified under "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans underlying the related MBS, including prepayments. Because borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty, the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at any of the prepayment rates we assumed in this prospectus supplement, or
- at any constant prepayment rate until maturity.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Mortgage loans underlying the Group 1 MBS may be more likely to be refinanced than other mortgage loans. The scheduled monthly payments on the mortgage loans underlying the Group 1 MBS represent accrued interest only during the first ten years following origination. Thereafter, the scheduled monthly payments are increased to amounts sufficient to pay current interest and to fully amortize each mortgage loan by its maturity date. As a result, borrowers may be more likely to refinance these mortgage loans on or before the dates on which the scheduled monthly payments increase.

Recent hurricanes in the Gulf Coast region may present risk of increased mortgage loan prepayments. In August and September 2005, Hurricane Katrina and Hurricane Rita and related events caused catastrophic damage to extensive areas along the Gulf Coast of the United States, including portions of coastal and inland Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas. The full extent of the physical damage resulting from severe flooding, high and environmental contamination remains uncertain. Hundreds of thousands of people have been displaced and interruptions in the regional economy have been significant. Although the long-term effects are unclear, these events could lead to a general economic downturn in the Gulf Coast region, including job losses and declines in real estate values. Accordingly, defaults on any mortgage loans in the affected areas may increase, in turn resulting in early payments of principal to holders of certificates backed by those mortgage loans. Additionally, casualty losses on mortgaged properties with hurricane or flood damage may result in early payment of principal to holders of the related certificates.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Weighted average lives and yields on the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans. We have assumed that the mortgage loans underlying the MBS have certain characteristics. However, the actual mortgage loans probably will have different characteristics from those we assumed. As a result, your yields could be lower than you expect, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant prepayment rates. In addition, slight differences between the assumed mortgage loans could affect the weighted average lives of the classes of certificates.

Level of floating rate index affects yields on certain certificates. The yield on any floating rate or inverse floating rate certificate will be affected by the level of its interest rate index. If the level of the index differs from the level you expect, then your actual yield may be lower than you expect.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since certain classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period, these classes have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. If you assume that the actual final payment will occur on the final distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates. You should obtain legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed market. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small or large amounts of certificates at prices comparable to those available to other investors. You should purchase certificates only if you understand and can tolerate the risk that the value of your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

Terrorist activities and related military and political actions by the U.S. government could cause reductions in investor confidence and substantial market volatility in real estate and securities markets. It is impossible to predict the extent to which terrorist activities may occur or. if they do occur, the extent of the effect on the certificates. Moreover, it is uncertain what effects any past or future terrorist activities or any related military or political actions on the part of the United States government and others will have on the United States and world financial markets, local, regional and national economies, real estate markets across the United States, or particular business sectors, including those affecting the performance of mortgage loan borrowers. Among other things, reduced investor confidence could result in substantial volatility in securities markets and a decline in real estate-related investments. In addition, defaults on the mortgage loans could increase, causing early payments of principal to you and, regardless of the performance of the underlying mortgage loans, the liquidity and market value of the certificates may be impaired.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the "Trust") and a separate trust (the "Lower Tier REMIC") pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of October 1, 2005 (the "Issue Date"). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the "REMIC Certificates") pursuant to that trust agreement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the "RCR Certificates" and, together

with the REMIC Certificates, the "Certificates") pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the "Trust Agreement"). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the "Trustee"). In general, the term "Classes" includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC each will constitute a "real estate mortgage investment conduit" ("REMIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

- The REMIC Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) will be "regular interests" in the Trust.
- The R Class will be the "residual interest" in the Trust.
- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the "Lower Tier Regular Interests") will be the "regular interests" in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests.

The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of four groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the "Group 1 MBS," "Group 2 MBS," "Group 3 MBS" and "Group 4 MBS" and, together, the "MBS").

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family ("single-family"), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the "Mortgage Loans") having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that we will distribute to Certificateholders:

- required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class of Certificates no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS.

In addition, we guarantee that we will distribute to each holder of an MBS:

- scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying Mortgage Loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and
- the full principal balance of any foreclosed Mortgage Loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guarantees are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. See "Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the REMIC Prospectus, and "Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the MBS Prospectus.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are "Holders" or "Certificateholders." A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. See "Description of Certificates—Denominations and Form" in the REMIC Prospectus.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association ("US Bank") in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or

RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes" below.

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. US Bank will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

lasses Denomination

The Principal Only, Interest Only and Inverse Floating Rate Classes All other Classes (except the R and RL Classes)

\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Dates. We will make monthly payments on the Certificates on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to each of these dates as a "Distribution Date." We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

Record Date. On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the eleventh calendar day of each month, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each Class of Certificates. When the applicable class factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of any Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month (as well as any addition to principal in the case of the Accrual Classes).

No Optional Termination. We have no option to effect an early termination of the Lower Tier REMIC or the Trust. Further, we will not repurchase the Mortgage Loans underlying any MBS in a "clean-up call." See "Description of the Certificates—Termination" in the MBS Prospectus.

Combination and Recombination

General. You are permitted to exchange all or a portion of the CO, AS, SD, SE, PH, PI, PK, ID, XI, XO, YI, YO, FK, FL, HB and HI Classes of REMIC Certificates for a proportionate interest in the related RCR Certificates in the combinations shown on Schedule 1. You also may exchange all or a portion of the RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificates in the same manner. This process may occur repeatedly.

Holders of RCR Certificates will be the beneficial owners of a proportionate interest in the related REMIC Certificates and will receive a proportionate share of the distributions on the related REMIC Certificates.

The Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates that are outstanding at any given time, and the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of these Classes, will depend upon any related distributions of principal, as well as any exchanges that occur. REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates may be exchanged only in the proportions shown on Schedule 1.

Procedures. If a Certificateholder wishes to exchange Certificates, the Certificateholder must notify our Structured Transactions Department through one of our "REMIC Dealer Group" dealers in writing or by telefax no later than two business days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any business day other than the first or last business day of the month subject to our

approval. The notice must include the outstanding principal balance of both the Certificates to be exchanged and the Certificates to be received, and the proposed exchange date. After receiving the Holder's notice, we will telephone the dealer with delivery and wire payment instructions. Notice becomes irrevocable on the second business day before the proposed exchange date.

In connection with each exchange, the Holder must pay us a fee equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional principal balance) of the Certificates to be exchanged. In no event, however, will our fee be less than \$2,000.

We will make the first distribution on a REMIC Certificate or an RCR Certificate received in an exchange transaction on the Distribution Date in the following month. We will make that distribution to the Holder of record as of the close of business on the last day of the month of the exchange.

Additional Considerations. The characteristics of RCR Certificates will reflect the characteristics of the REMIC Certificates used to form those RCR Certificates. You should also consider a number of factors that will limit a Certificateholder's ability to exchange REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates or vice versa:

- At the time of the proposed exchange, a Certificateholder must own Certificates of the related Class or Classes in the proportions necessary to make the desired exchange.
- A Certificateholder that does not own the Certificates may be unable to obtain the necessary REMIC Certificates or RCR Certificates.
- If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange.
- The Certificateholder of needed Certificates may refuse to sell them at a reasonable price (or any price) or may be unable to sell them.
- Certain Certificates may have been purchased and placed into other financial structures and thus be unavailable.
- Principal distributions will decrease the amounts available for exchange over time.
- Only the combinations listed on Schedule 1 are permitted.

The MBS

The following table contains certain information about the MBS. The MBS included in each specified Group will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly.

The Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 MBS are conventional, fixed-rate mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. For the first ten years following origination, however, the scheduled monthly payments on these Mortgage Loans represent accrued interest only. Beginning with the 121st monthly payment, the scheduled monthly payment on each of these Mortgage Loans will be increased by an amount sufficient to pay accrued interest and to fully amortize the Mortgage Loan by its scheduled maturity date. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years.

The Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years in the case of the Group 2 and Group 3 MBS, and up to 20 years in the case of the Group 4 MBS.

See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

We expect the characteristics of the MBS and the related Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Group 1 MBS	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$139,227,630 5,50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.75% to 8.00%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAMApproximate Weighted Average WALA (weighted average	358 months*
loan age)	2 months
Group 2 MBS	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$63,636,364
MBS Pass-Through Rate	5.50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.75% to 8.00%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months 358 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	1 month
	1 month
Group 3 MBS Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$186,400,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	5.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.25% to 7.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	340 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	17 months
Group 4 MBS	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$72,594,436
MBS Pass-Through Rate	5.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.25% to 7.50%
Range of WAMs	181 months to 240 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	219 months

^{*} The approximate weighted average remaining term to the expiration of the interest-only period is expected to be 118 months.

19 months

Approximate Weighted Average WALA.....

Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the Pool number, the current WAC (or original WAC, if the current WAC is not available) and the current WAM (or Adjusted WAM, if the current WAM is not available) of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement also will include the weighted averages of all the current or original WACs and the weighted averages of all the current or Adjusted WAMs, based on the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627. In addition, the Final Data Statement is available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

Distributions of Interest

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

Interest Type*	Classes
Group 1 Classes	
Floating Rate	DF
Inverse Floating Rate	DS
Group 2 Classes	
Floating Rate	FA
Inverse Floating Rate	AS, SD and SE
Interest Only	AS
Principal Only	CO
RCR**	SA and SC
Group 3 Classes	
Fixed Rate	PH, PI, PK, ID, PD, XI, YI and ZA
Floating Rate	FK, FL and FD
Inverse Floating Rate	SJ, DI, SH and SK
Accrual	ZA
Interest Only	PI, ID, XI, YI and DI
Principal Only	XO and YO
RCR**	PJ, PB, PL, PC, PE, PG, PM and FJ
Group 4 Classes	
Fixed Rate	HB, HI and HY
Interest Only	HI
RCR**	HC and HA
No Payment Residual	R and RL
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^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

General. We will pay interest on the Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates specified on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest based on an assumed 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly (except in the case of the Accrual Class) on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Class) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Class, see "—Accrual Class" below.

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

^{**} See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

Interest Accrual Periods. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the Certificates during the applicable one-month periods set forth below (each, an "Interest Accrual Period").

Classes

Interest Accrual Periods

All Fixed Rate Classes (collectively, the "Delay Classes")

All Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

One-month period beginning on the 25th day of the month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See "Additional Risk Factors—Delay classes have lower yields and market values" in this prospectus supplement.

The Dealer will treat the CO, XO and YO Classes as Delay Classes for the sole purpose of facilitating trading.

Accrual Class. The ZA Class is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class at the applicable annual rate specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Class. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Class will be added as principal to its principal balance on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Class as described under "—Distributions of Principal" below.

Notional Classes. The Notional Classes will not have principal balances. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Classes will bear interest on their notional principal balances at their applicable interest rates. The notional principal balances of the Notional Classes will be calculated as specified under "Reference Sheet—Notional Classes" in this prospectus supplement.

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for that Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall refer also to the notional principal balances of the Notional Classes.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at rates determined as described under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement.

Changes in the specified interest rate index (the "Index") will affect the yields with respect to the related Classes. These changes may not correspond to changes in mortgage interest rates. Lower mortgage interest rates could occur while an increase in the level of the Index occurs. Similarly, higher mortgage interest rates could occur while a decrease in the level of the Index occurs.

Our establishment of each Index value and our determination of the interest rate for each applicable Class for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627.

Calculation of LIBOR

On each Index Determination Date, we will calculate LIBOR for the related Interest Accrual Period. We will calculate LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method," as described in the REMIC Prospectus under "Description of Certificates—Indexes for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes—*LIBOR*."

If we are unable to calculate LIBOR on the initial Index Determination Date, LIBOR for the following Interest Accrual Period will be equal to 3.940% in the case of the DF and DS Classes; 3.93538% in the case of the FA, AS, SD, SE, SA and SC Classes; and 3.946% in the case of the FK, FL, SJ, FD, DI, SH, SK and FJ Classes.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes fall into the following categories:

Principal Type*	Classes
Group 1 Classes	
Pass-Through	DF and DS
Group 2 Classes	
Pass-Through	FA
Segment (PAC)/PAC	CO
Segment (PAC)/Support	SD
Support	SE
Notional	AS
RCR**	SA and SC
Group 3 Classes	
PAC	PH, PK, PD, XO and YO
TAC	FK, FL, SJ and SH
Support	FD, SK and ZA
Accretion Directed	FD, SH and SK
Notional	PI, ID, XI, YI and DI
RCR**	PJ, PB, PL, PC, PE, PG, PM and FJ
Group 4 Classes	
Sequential Pay	HB and HY
Notional	HI
RCR**	HC and HA
No Payment Residual	R and RL
	Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

^{**} See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

Principal Distribution Amount

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an aggregate amount (the "Principal Distribution Amount") equal to the sum of

- the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS (the "Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS (the "Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS (the "Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount") plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the ZA Class (the "ZA Accrual Amount," and together with the Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the "Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount"), and
- the principal then paid on the Group 4 MBS (the "Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount").

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount, concurrently, as principal of the DF and DS Classes, pro rata (or 73.33333333333 and 26.666666667%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 2 Classes as follows:

(a) 78.5714281224% of that amount to the FA Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero, and $\begin{tabular}{ll} Pass-Through Class \\ \hline \end{tabular}$

(b) 21.4285718776% of such amount as follows:

first, to Aggregate Group I (described below), until the Aggregate I Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date; ${}^{PAC}_{Group}$

second, to the SE Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and

third, to Aggregate Group I, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate I Balance is reduced to zero. $\left.\begin{array}{c} PAC \\ Group \\ Group$

"Aggregate Group I" consists of the CO and SD Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group I as follows:

first, to the CO Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;

second, to the SD Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and

third, to the CO Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate I Balance" is equal to the aggregate of the principal balances of the Classes included in Aggregate Group I.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

ZA Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZA Accrual Amount as principal of the Classes specified below in the following priority:

(i) (a) 80% of that amount to the FD Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero, and

(b) 20% of such amount as follows:

first, to the SH Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date;

second, to the SK Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and

third, to the SH Class, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and

(ii) thereafter to the ZA Class.

Accrual

Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 3 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 3 Classes in the following priority:

- (i) to Aggregate Group II (described below), until the Aggregate II Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;
- (ii) to Aggregate Group III (described below), until the Aggregate III Balance (described below) is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date;
- (iii) (a) 80% of the remaining amount to the FD Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero, and $\frac{\text{Support}}{\text{Class}}$
 - (b) 20% of such remaining amount as follows:

first, to the SH Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date;

second, to the SK Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and

third, to the SH Class, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero; $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text{TAG} \\ \text{Class} \end{array}\right\}$

- (iv) to the ZA Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero;
- (v) to Aggregate Group III, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until the Aggregate III Balance is reduced to zero; and ${}^{TAC}_{Group}$
- (vi) to Aggregate Group II, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate II Balance is reduced to zero.

"Aggregate Group II" consists of the PH, PK, PD, XO and YO Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group II, sequentially, to the PH, PK, PD, XO and YO Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate II Balance" is equal to the aggregate of the principal balances of the Classes included in Aggregate Group II.

"Aggregate Group III" consists of the FK, FL and SJ Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group III as follows:

- (a) 71.4285672994% of that amount, sequentially, to the FK and FL Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero, and
- (b) 28.5714327006% of such amount to the SJ Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate III Balance" is equal to the aggregate of the principal balances of the Classes included in Aggregate Group III.

Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 4 Principal Distribution Amount, sequentially, as principal of the HB and HY Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

Sequential Pay Classes We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, WALAs and interest rates specified under "Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related table;
- the settlement date for the sale of the Certificates is October 28, 2005; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this prospectus supplement is The Bond Market Association's standard prepayment model ("PSA"). To assume a specified rate of PSA is to assume a specified rate of prepayment each month of the then-outstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans computed as described under "Description of Certificates—Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus. It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any constant PSA rate or at any other constant rate.

Structuring Ranges and Rates. The Principal Balance Schedules are found beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges or at the applicable PSA rates set forth below.

Principal Balance Schedule References	Related Groups (1) and Classes	Structuring Ranges and Rates
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group I	Between 225% and 325% PSA
Planned Balances	CO Class	Between 100% and 325% PSA
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group II	Between 100% and 250% PSA
Targeted Balances	Aggregate Group III	180% PSA
Targeted Balances	SH Class	415% PSA

⁽¹⁾ The Structuring Ranges and Rate for the Aggregate Groups are associated with the related Aggregate Balances but not with the individual balances of the related Classes.

We cannot assure you that the balance of any Group or Class listed above will conform on any Distribution Date to the specified balance in the Principal Balance Schedules. As a result, we cannot assure you that payments of principal of any Group or Class listed above will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules. We will distribute any excess of principal payments over the amount needed to reduce a Group or Class to its scheduled balance on a Distribution Date. Accordingly, the ability to reduce a Group or Class to its scheduled balance will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal payments from month to month. In addition, even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within the applicable Structuring Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Groups and Class to their scheduled balances if the prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. Moreover, because of the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the related Mortgage Loans, which may include recently originated Mortgage Loans, the Groups and Classes specified above may not be reduced to their scheduled balances, even if prepayments occur at a constant rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges or at the applicable rates specified above.

Initial Effective Ranges. The Effective Range for a Group or Class is the range of prepayment rates (measured by constant PSA rates) which would reduce that Group or Class to its scheduled balance on each Distribution Date. The Initial Effective Ranges shown in the table below are based upon the assumed characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Groups and Class	Initial Effective Ranges		
Aggregate Group I	Between 225% and 325% PSA		
CO Class	Between 100% and 325% PSA		
Aggregate Group II	Between 100% and 250% PSA		

The actual Effective Ranges at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. The actual Effective Ranges calculated on the basis of the actual characteristics are likely to differ from the Initial Effective Ranges. As a result, the applicable Groups and Class might not be reduced to their scheduled balances even if prepayments were to occur at a constant PSA rate within the Initial Effective Ranges. This is so particularly if the rate were at the lower or higher end of this range. In addition, even if prepayments occur at rates falling within the actual Effective Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Groups and Class to their scheduled balances if such prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. It is highly unlikely that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA rate. In general, the actual Effective Ranges may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time

The stability in principal payment of the Classes specified below will be supported by the corresponding supporting Classes as indicated in the follow table:

Classes	Supporting Classes						
Group 2							
Aggregate Group I	\mathbf{SE}						
CO	SD						
Group 3							
Aggregate Group II	TAC and Support						

When the supporting Classes are retired, the Classes they support, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be more sensitive to prepayments.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and to changes in the Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash
 flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the
 assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes,
 and
- · converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- · all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- · the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable tables below, it is possible that investors in the AS, DI and SC Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate Classes for the initial Interest Accrual Period
 are the rates listed in the table under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus
 supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of
 each applicable Index, and
- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
DS	99.031250%
AS	7.937500%
SD	93.500000%
SE	90.312500%
SJ	91.093750%
DI	5.781250%
SH	83.500000%
SK	64.734375%
SA	100.000000%
SC	104.562500%

^{*} The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the DS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	208%	$\overline{350\%}$	$\overline{550\%}$	750 %	1000%
1.94%	15.0%	15.0%	15.1%	15.1%	15.1%	15.2%	15.2%
3.94%	9.3%	9.3%	9.3%	9.4%	9.5%	9.6%	9.7%
5.94%	3.6%	3.6%	3.7%	3.8%	3.9%	4.0%	4.2%
7.20%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%	0.6%	0.8%

Sensitivity of the AS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

			PSA Pre	epayment A				
LIBOR	50%	100%	$\boldsymbol{225\%}$	$\boldsymbol{255\%}$	325%	400%	550%	
1.93538%	58.3%	54.3%	54.3%	54.3%	54.3%	53.6%	50.2%	
3.93538%	28.3%	23.6%	23.6%	23.6%	23.6%	21.8%	16.4%	
5.93538%	(4.5)%	(9.6)%	(9.6)%	(9.6)%	(9.6)%	(13.4)%	(22.1)%	
6.58500%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SD Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50 %	100%	$\boldsymbol{225\%}$	255%	325%	400%	550%
1.93538%	18.9%	18.9%	20.5%	20.5%	20.5%	20.9%	21.5%
3.93538%	10.7%	10.8%	12.6%	12.6%	12.6%	13.0%	13.7%
5.93538%	2.8%	3.0%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	5.3%	6.1%
$6.58500\%\dots$	0.4%	0.5%	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%	2.8%	3.6%

Sensitivity of the SE Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	$\boldsymbol{225\%}$	255%	325%	400%	$\boldsymbol{550\%}$
1.93538%	19.5%	19.5%	19.7%	20.3%	23.1%	25.2%	28.0%
3.93538%	11.1%	11.1%	11.3%	11.8%	14.9%	17.1%	20.0%
5.93538%	2.9%	3.0%	3.3%	3.7%	7.0%	9.3%	12.3%
6.58500%	0.4%	0.4%	0.7%	1.1%	4.4%	6.8%	9.8%

Sensitivity of the SJ Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

LIBOR	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	50%	100%	$\underline{163\%}$	180%	250%	415%	500%	
1.946%	12.9%	13.1%	17.3%	18.8%	18.8%	19.8%	21.2%	
3.946%	7.3%	7.6%	11.9%	13.4%	13.4%	14.5%	15.9%	
5.946%	1.9%	2.2%	6.6%	8.1%	8.1%	9.2%	10.7%	
6.500%	0.5%	0.7%	5.1%	6.7%	6.7%	7.8%	9.3%	

Sensitivity of the DI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

LIBOR	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	50%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%	
5.000%	37.2%	37.1%	35.6%	33.3%	1.5%	*	*	
$5.025\%\ldots$	17.9%	17.7%	14.9%	12.4%	(25.0)%	*	*	
5.050%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the SH Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	$\underline{\mathbf{163\%}}$	180%	250%	415%	500%
1.946%	15.1%	15.1%	15.7%	16.3%	23.0%	44.6%	44.8%
3.946%	5.5%	5.6%	6.3%	6.9%	13.6%	35.3%	35.6%
5.000%	0.7%	0.9%	1.5%	2.1%	8.7%	30.6%	30.8%

Sensitivity of the SK Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%
1.946%	19.5%	19.5%	19.6%	19.6%	24.8%	50.1%	127.4%
3.946%	7.3%	7.3%	7.5%	7.6%	13.7%	38.8%	113.8%
5.000%	1.6%	1.7%	1.9%	2.0%	8.2%	33.0%	106.8%

Sensitivity of the SA Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	225%	255%	325%	400%	550%
1.93538%	17.5%	17.5%	17.5%	17.5%	17.5%	17.5%	17.4%
3.93538%	9.9%	9.9%	9.9%	9.9%	9.9%	9.9%	9.9%
5.93538%	2.4%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.6%
6.58500%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%

Sensitivity of the SC Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
LIBOR	50%	100%	225%	255%	325%	400%	550 %	
1.93538%	16.4%	16.2%	16.2%	16.2%	16.2%	16.1%	15.9%	
$3.93538\% \dots$	9.1%	8.9%	8.9%	8.9%	8.9%	8.8%	8.6%	
5.93538%	1.9%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.5%	
6.58500%	(0.4)%	(0.6)%	(0.6)%	(0.6)%	(0.6)%	(0.6)%	(0.8)%	

The Principal Only Classes. The Principal Only Classes will not bear interest. As indicated in the applicable tables below, a low rate of principal payments (including prepayments) on the related Mortgage Loans will have a negative effect on the yields to investors in the Principal Only Classes.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Principal Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price
CO	75.40625%
X0	60.50000%
YO	45.34375%

Sensitivity of the CO Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption							
	50 %	100%	$\underline{225\%}$	255%	325%	400%	550 %	
Pre-Tax Yield to Maturity	3.3%	4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	5.2%	6.6%	

Sensitivity of the XO Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption								
	50%	100%	$\overline{163\%}$	180%	$\underline{250\%}$	415%	500%		
Pre-Tax Yield to Maturity	3.4%	4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	7.6%	9.2%		

Sensitivity of the YO Class to Prepayments

			PSA Pre	epayment As	sumption		
	50 %	100%	$\overline{163\%}$	180%	250%	415%	500%
Pre-Tax Yield to Maturity	4.3%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	7.4%	9.0%

The Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes. The yields to investors in the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes will be very sensitive to the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the related Mortgage Loans. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. On the basis of the assumptions described below, the yield to maturity on each Fixed Rate Interest Only Class would be 0% if prepayments of the related Mortgage Loans were to occur at the applicable constant rate shown in the table below:

Class	% PSA
PI	367% PSA
ID	342% PSA
XI	
YI	458% PSA
HI	242% PSA

For any Fixed Rate Interest Only Class, if the actual prepayment rate of the related Mortgage Loans were to exceed the level specified for as little as one month while equaling that level for the remaining months, the investors in the applicable Class would lose money on their initial investments.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the aggregate purchase prices of the Fixed Rate Interest Only Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
PI	10.90625%
ID	22.62500%
XI	36.46875%
YI	50.00000%
HI	15.12500%

^{*} The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the PI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	50 %	100%	$\overline{163\%}$	180%	$\underline{250\%}$	415%	500%
Pre-Tax Yield to Maturity	27.3%	8.8%	8.8%	8.8%	8.8%	(6.8)%	(20.3)%

Sensitivity of the ID Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	50%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%
Pre-Tax Yield to Maturity	17.8%	9.3%	9.3%	9.3%	9.3%	(9.3)%	(21.0)%

Sensitivity of the XI Class to Prepayments

			PSA Pr	epayment.	Assumption	1	
	50%	100%	$\overline{163\%}$	180%	250%	415%	500%
Pre-Tax Yield to Maturity	11.1%	7.9%	7.9%	7.9%	7.9%	(2.3)%	(9.0)%

Sensitivity of the YI Class to Prepayments

			PSA Pr	epayment A	Assumption		
	50%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%
Pre-Tax Yield to Maturity	7.5%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	1.7%	(1.8)%

Sensitivity of the HI Class to Prepayments

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
	50 %	100%	186%	250%	400%	500%	
Pre-Tax Yield to Maturity	23.0%	17.8%	7.6%	(1.1)%	(23.7)%	(39.8)%	

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

(a) multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of the Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,

- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of the Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal payments,
- the priority sequences of payments of principal of the Group 2, Group 3 and Group 4 Classes,
 and
- the payment of principal of certain Group 2 and Group 3 Classes in accordance with the Principal Balance Schedules.

See "—Distributions of Principal" above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. However, in the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that the underlying Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below. In addition, in the case of the information set forth for the DF and DS Classes under 0% PSA, we assumed that the related Mortgage Loans have original and remaining interest-only periods of 120 months.

Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below	Original Terms to Maturity	Remaining Terms to Maturity	Interest Rates
Group 1 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.00%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.00%
Group 3 MBS	360 months	360 months	7.50%
Group 4 MBS	240 months	240 months	7.50%

It is unlikely

- that all of the underlying Mortgage Loans will have the interest rates, WALAs or remaining terms to maturity assumed or
- that the underlying Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates. This is the case even if the dispersion of weighted average remaining terms to maturity and the weighted average WALAs of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the dispersion specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

			DF	and DS	Classes			_			FA	and SA (Classes		
			P	SA Prepay Assumpt								A Prepay Assumpti			
Date	0%	100%	208%	350%	550%	750%	1000%	0	% 1	.00%	225%	255%	325%	400%	550%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		00	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	100	98	96	94	91	87	83		99	97	95	95	94	93	91
October 2007	100	94	88	80	70	60	48		98	92	86	84	81	77	70
October 2008	100	89	77	64	47	34	20		97	86	73	71	65	58	47
October 2009	100	83	68	50	32	18	8		96	79	63	59	51	44	31
October 2010	100	78	59	40	21	10	3		95	73	53	49	40	33	20
October 2011	100	74	52	31	14	6	1		94	67	45	41	32	24	13
October 2012	100	69	45	25	10	3	1		92	62	38	34	25	18	9
October 2013	100	65	40	20	6	2	*		91	57	32	28	20	13	6
October 2014	100	61	35	16	4	1	*		39	53	27	23	16	10	4
October 2015	100	57	30	12	3	1	*		38	48	23	19	12	7	2
October 2016	98	52	26	9	2	*	*		36	44	19	16	10	5	2
October 2017	96	48	22	7	1	*	*		34	40	16	13	8	4	1
October 2018	93	43	19	6	1	*	*		32	37	14	11	6	3	1
October 2019	90	39	16	4	1	*	*		79	33	11	9	5	2	*
October 2020	88	36	13	3	*	*	*		77	30	9	7	4	$\bar{2}$	*
October 2021	84	32	11	2	*	*	*		74	27	8	6	3	1	*
October 2022	81	29	9	2	*	*	*		71	24	6	5	2	1	*
October 2023	77	$\frac{1}{25}$	8	1	*	*	*		38	21	5	4	$\bar{2}$	ī	*
October 2024	73	23	6	1	*	*	*		34	19	4	3	1	*	*
October 2025	69	20	5	1	*	*	*		30	17	3	2	1	*	*
October 2026	64	17	4	ī	*	*	0		56	14	3	$\frac{1}{2}$	î	*	*
October 2027	59	15	3	*	*	*	Õ		52	12	2	1	*	*	*
October 2028	54	12	3	*	*	*	ŏ		47	10	$\frac{\overline{2}}{2}$	ī	*	*	*
October 2029	48	10	$\tilde{2}$	*	*	*	ŏ		42	9	- ī	ī	*	*	*
October 2030	41	8	1	*	*	*	ŏ		36	7	1	ī	*	*	*
October 2031	34	6	ī	*	*	*	ŏ		30	5	ī	*	*	*	*
October 2032	27	4	î	*	*	*	ŏ		23	4	*	*	*	*	*
October 2033	18	3	*	*	*	*	ŏ		16	2	*	*	*	*	*
October 2034	10	1	*	*	*	0	ŏ		8	ĩ	*	*	*	*	*
October 2035	0	0	0	0	0	ő	ő		0	Ō	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	0	3	3	3	3	3	Ü		9	U	3	3	3	3	3
Life (years)**	22.6	12.5	7.9	5.2	3.6	2.7	2.2	20	.5	11.2	7.0	6.4	5.3	4.5	3.5

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

		CO, AS† and SC Classes								S	D Cla	SS					5	SE Clas	SS		
		PSA Prepayment Assumption 0% 100% 225% 255% 325% 400% 550%									Prepa; sumpt							Prepa; sumpt			
Date	0%	100% 2	225%	255%	325%	100%	550%	0%	100%	225%	255%	325%	400%	550%	0%	100%	225%	255%	325%	<u> 100%</u>	550%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	99	96	96	96	96	96	96	100	100	92	92	92	92	92	100	100	100	97	89	80	63
October 2007	97	88	88	88	88	88	88	100	100	74	74	74	74	63	100	100	100	89	62	35	0
October 2008	96	77	77	77	77	77	75	100	100	50	50	50	42	0	100	100	100	79	32	0	0
October 2009	94	67	67	67	67	67	49	100	100	31	31	31	7	0	100	100	100	73	14	0	0
October 2010	92	57	57	57	57	52	32	100	100	17	17	17	0	0	100	100	100	69	4	0	0
October 2011	90	48	48	48	48	39	21	100	100	7	7	7	0	0	100	100	100	67	*	0	0
October 2012	88	40	40	40	40	29	14	100	100	2	2	2	0	0	100	100	99	66	*	0	0
October 2013	86	32	32	32	32	22	9	100	100	*	*	*	0	0	100	100	95	62	*	0	0
October 2014	83	25	25	25	25	16	6	100	98	*	*	*	Õ	Õ	100	100	89	58	*	Õ	Õ
October 2015	80	20	20	20	20	12	4	100	94	*	*	*	0	0	100	100	82	52	*	0	0
October 2016	77	15	15	15	15	9	3	100	88	*	*	*	Ō	Õ	100	100	74	47	*	0	Õ
October 2017	74	12	12	12	12	6	2	100	81	*	*	*	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	67	42	*	ŏ	ŏ
October 2018	71	9	9	9	9	5	1	100	72	*	*	*	Ō	Õ	100	100	59	36	*	0	Õ
October 2019	67	7	7	7	7	3	1	100	64	*	*	*	ő	0	100	100	52	32	*	Õ	ő
October 2020	63	6	6	6	6	3	*	100	55	*	*	*	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	45	$\frac{32}{27}$	*	ŏ	ŏ
October 2021	59	4	4	4	4	2	*	100	45	*	*	*	ő	0	100	100	39	23	*	Õ	ő
October 2022	54	3	3	3	3	1	*	100	36	*	*	*	ő	0	100	100	33	19	*	Õ	ő
October 2023	49	3	3	3	3	i	*	100	27	*	*	*	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	28	16	*	ŏ	ŏ
October 2024	43	2	2	2	2	1	*	100	19	*	*	*	ő	0	100	100	23	13	*	Õ	ő
October 2025	37	- ī	ī	ī	ī	*	*	100	10	*	*	*	ő	ő	100	100	19	11	*	ő	ő
October 2026	30	i	i	i	î	*	*	100	2	*	*	*	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	16	9	*	ő	ŏ
October 2027	23	1	ī	ī	ī	*	*	100	*	*	*	*	ő	0	100	89	13	7	*	Õ	ő
October 2028	16	ī	ī	ī	ī	*	*	100	*	*	*	*	ő	0	100	76	10	5	*	ŏ	ő
October 2029	7	*	*	*	*	*	*	100	*	*	*	*	ŏ	ŏ	100	63	8	4	*	ő	ŏ
October 2030	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	95	*	*	*	*	ő	0	100	51	6	3	*	Õ	ő
October 2031	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	69	*	*	*	*	ő	0	100	39	4	2	*	Õ	ő
October 2032	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	42	*	*	*	*	ő	ŏ	100	28	3	ī	*	ő	ŏ
October 2033	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12	0	0	0	*	ő	ő	100	18	2	î	*	ő	ő
October 2034	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	ő	ő	ő	0	ő	ő	64	8	$\tilde{1}$	*	*	ő	ő
October 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	0	ő	Ō	0	0	ő	ŏ
Weighted Average			Ü	Ü			Ü		Ü					Ü	Ü				Ü		
Life (vears)**	16.3	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	5.8	4.5	26.7	15.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	2.7	2.1	29.2	25.2	15.2	10.6	2.5	1.7	1.2

	PH, PI†, PJ and PB Classes								PK,	ID†, F	L and	PC C	lasses				I	D Cla	ss		
		PSA Prepayment Assumption 0% 100% 163% 180% 250% 415% 500%									Prepa sump	yment tion	t					Prepa; sumpt			
Date	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%	0%	100%	163%	$180\% \frac{1}{2}$	250%	415%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	97	82	82	82	82	82	82	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2007	94	60	60	60	60	60	41	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2008	91	40	40	40	40	15	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	67	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2009	88	22	22	22	22	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	18	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	50
October 2010	84	4	4	4	4	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	41	0
October 2011	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	47	47	47	47	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0
October 2012	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	87	87	87	87	0	0
October 2013	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	47	47	47	47	0	0
October 2014	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	12	12	12	12	0	0
October 2015	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2016	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2017	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2018	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2019	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2020	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2021	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2022	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	65	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)**	10.9	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.1	1.8	19.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	3.8	3.1	21.4	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	4.9	4.1

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

	XI†, XO and PE Classes								YI	i†, YO	and P	G Cla	sses				1	K Cla	ss		
				Prepa	yment						Prepa							Prepa			
Date	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	115%	500%	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	115%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	19	0	0	0	0
October 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0
October 2008	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0
October 2009	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0
October 2010	100	100	100	100	100	100	82	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0
October 2011	100	100	100	100	100	86	24	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0
October 2012	100	100	100	100	100	37	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	85	100	100	0	0	0	0	0
October 2013	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	58	100	100	0	0	0	0	0
October 2014	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	73	40	100	90	0	0	0	0	0
October 2015	100	78	78	78	78	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	53	27	100	70	0	0	0	0	0
October 2016	100	46	46	46	46	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	39	18	100	40	0	0	0	0	0
October 2017	100	20	20	20	20	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	28	12	100	5	0	0	0	0	0
October 2018	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	98	98	98	98	20	8	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2019	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	80	80	80	80	15	6	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2020	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	64	64	64	64	10	4	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2021	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	52	52	52	52	7	2	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2022	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	42	42	42	42	5	2	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2023	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	33	33	33	33	4	1	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2024	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	26	26	26	26	3	1	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2025	100	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	100	20	20	20	20	2	*	100	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	Ō
October 2026	100	Õ	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	16	16	16	16	$\overline{1}$	*	100	Õ	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ō
October 2027	100	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	100	12	12	12	12	1	*	100	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	Ō
October 2028	84	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	100	9	9	9	9	1	*	100	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō
October 2029	29	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	6	6	6	6	*	*	100	Õ	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ō
October 2030	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	69	4	4	4	4	*	*	100	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	Ō
October 2031	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	4	2	2	$\overline{2}$	2	*	*	100	Õ	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	Ō
October 2032	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ı î	ī	ī	$\bar{1}$	1	*	*	0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
October 2033	Ö	0	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	Ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő
October 2034	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ō
October 2035	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Weighted Average	-	,			,	_	-			_	,	,	,	-		,	-	,	_	_	-
Life (years)**	23.6	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	6.8	5.6	25.3	17.2	17.2	17.2	17.2	11.1	9.2	26.3	10.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6

		FL Class								SJ an	d FJ (Classes					FD an	d DI†	Classe	s	
	PSA Prepayment Assumption 0% 100% 163% 180% 250% 415% 500%										Prepa sumpt							Prepa sumpt			
Date	0%	100%	163%	180% 2	250%	115%	500%	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	600%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	100	100	100	99	99	99	99	100	100	74	67	67	67	67	100	100	100	100	81	37	15
October 2007	100	100	67	46	46	4	0	100	100	45	31	31	3	0	100	100	100	100	63	0	0
October 2008	100	100	34	4	4	0	0	100	100	23	3	3	0	0	100	100	100	100	50	0	0
October 2009	100	100	7	0	0	0	0	100	100	5	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	88	30	0	0
October 2010	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	94	77	15	0	0
October 2011	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	88	70	6	0	0
October 2012	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	84	65	1	0	0
October 2013	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	81	63	0	0	0
October 2014	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	97	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	78	60	0	0	0
October 2015	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	90	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	74	57	0	0	0
October 2016	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	81	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	70	53	0	0	0
October 2017	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	69	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	65	48	0	0	0
October 2018	100	83	0	0	0	0	0	100	56	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	59	44	0	0	0
October 2019	100	61	0	0	0	0	0	100	41	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	54	40	0	0	0
October 2020	100	39	0	0	0	0	0	100	26	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	48	35	0	0	0
October 2021	100	16	0	0	0	0	0	100	11	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	43	31	0	0	0
October 2022	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	97	38	27	0	0	0
October 2023	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	87	33	24	0	0	0
October 2024	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	77	28	20	0	0	0
October 2025	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	68	24	17	0	0	0
October 2026	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	58	20	14	0	0	0
October 2027	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	49	16	11	0	0	0
October 2028	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	40	13	9	0	0	0
October 2029	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	32	10	7	0	0	0
October 2030	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	24	7	5	0	0	0
October 2031	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	16	5	3	0	0	0
October 2032	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	9	3	2	0	0	0
October 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	89	2	1	*	0	0	0
October 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)**	27.2	14.5	2.6	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.4	26.9	13.2	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.1	28.9	22.1	14.9	12.3	3.0	0.8	0.6

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

† In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

	SH Class										SK Cla	ss					2	ZA Cla	ıss		
				Prepa sumpt							Prepa ssumpt							Prepa ssump	yment tion		
Date	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	115%	500%	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%	0%	100%	163%	180%	250%	415%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	100	100	100	100	76	19	19	100	100	100	100	100	100	1	105	105	105	105	105	105	105
October 2007	100	100	100	100	52	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	110	110	110	110	110	0	0
October 2008	100	100	100	100	36	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	116	116	116	116	116	0	0
October 2009	100	100	100	84	9	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	122	122	122	122	122	0	0
October 2010	100	100	93	71	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	65	0	0	128	128	128	128	128	0	0
October 2011	100	100	85	61	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	25	0	0	135	135	135	135	135	0	0
October 2012	100	100	79	55	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	4	0	0	142	142	142	142	142	0	0
October 2013	100	100	76	52	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	149	149	149	149	14	0	0
October 2014	100	100	72	48	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	157	157	157	157	14	0	0
October 2015	100	100	67	44	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	165	165	165	165	14	0	0
October 2016	100	100	61	39	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	173	173	173	173	14	0	0
October 2017	100	100	54	33	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	182	182	182	182	14	0	0
October 2018	100	100	47	27	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	191	191	191	191	14	0	0
October 2019	100	100	40	22	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	201	201	201	201	14	0	0
October 2020	100	100	33	16	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	211	211	211	211	14	0	0
October 2021	100	100	26	11	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	222	222	222	222	14	0	0
October 2022	100	96	19	6	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	234	234	234	234	14	0	0
October 2023	100	83	13	1	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	246	246	246	246	14	0	0
October 2024	100	71	7	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	88	0	0	0	258	258	258	258	14	0	0
October 2025	100	58	1	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	74	0	0	0	271	271	271	271	14	0	0
October 2026	100	46	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	87	62	0	0	0	285	285	285	285	14	0	0
October 2027	100	34	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	72	50	0	0	0	300	300	300	300	14	0	0
October 2028	100	23	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	57	39	0	0	0	315	315	315	315	14	0	0
October 2029	100	12	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	44	30	0	0	0	331	331	331	331	14	0	0
October 2030	100	1	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	32	22	0	0	0	348	348	348	348	14	0	0
October 2031	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	71	21	14	0	0	0	366	366	366	366	14	0	0
October 2032	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	40	11	8	0	0	0	385	385	385	385	14	0	0
October 2033	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	10	3	2	0	0	0	404	404	404	404	14	0	0
October 2034	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	425	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)**	28.7	20.8	12.2	9.2	2.2	0.7	0.7	29.8	26.7	23.8	22.4	5.5	1.4	0.5	30.0	28.3	28.3	28.3	9.7	1.7	1.2

				PM Cla	ass				нв, н	I†, HC	and H	A Class	ses			HY	Class		
	PSA Prepayment Assumption 0% 100% 163% 180% 250% 415% 500%]		epaym mption]		epaym mptior				
Date	0%	$\underline{100\%}$	$\underline{163\%}$	$\underline{180\%}$	$\underline{250\%}$	$\underline{415\%}$	500%	0%	100%	186%	$\underline{250\%}$	$\underline{400\%}$	500%	0%	100%	186%	$\underline{250\%}$	$\underline{400\%}$	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2006	98	85	85	85	85	85	85	97	90	84	80	71	64	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2007	95	68	68	68	68	68	52	94	79	68	61	44	35	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2008	93	52	52	52	52	31	13	91	68	54	45	25	14	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2009	90	36	36	36	36	3	0	87	59	42	31	11	*	100	100	100	100	100	100
October 2010	87	22	22	22	22	0	0	83	50	31	20	*	0	100	100	100	100	100	68
October 2011	84	9	9	9	9	0	0	79	41	22	11	0	0	100	100	100	100	72	45
October 2012	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	75	33	14	3	0	0	100	100	100	100	52	30
October 2013	76	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	26	7	0	0	0	100	100	100	88	37	19
October 2014	72	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ō	Ō	Õ	65	19	i	Õ	Õ	Ō	100	100	100	69	26	13
October 2015	68	0	0	0	0	0	0	59	12	0	0	0	0	100	100	83	54	18	8
October 2016	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	53	6	0	0	0	0	100	100	67	41	12	5
October 2017	58	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ō	Ō	Õ	46	ĩ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ō	100	100	52	31	-8	3
October 2018	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	0	0	0	0	0	100	83	40	23	5	2
October 2019	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	100	65	30	16	3	1
October 2020	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	100	48	21	11	2	1
October 2021	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	100	32	13	6	1	*
October 2022	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	100	17	7	3	*	*
October 2023	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	83	3	1	1	*	*
October 2024	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	0
October 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
October 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																			
Life (years)**	12.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.4	2.0	10.7	5.4	3.7	3.0	2.0	1.7	18.8	15.0	12.7	11.0	7.9	6.4

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Trust remain after the principal balances of all Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the R Class the proceeds from those assets. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Regular Interests are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the RL Class. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to a "disqualified organization." In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to any person that is not a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of a Residual Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See "Description of Certificates-Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences— Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of a Residual Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the "Regulations") provide that a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had "improper knowledge").

As discussed under the caption "Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has amended the Regulations to provide additional requirements that a transferor must satisfy to avail itself of the safe harbor regarding the presumed lack of improper knowledge. For transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002, a transferor of a Residual Certificate is presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions discussed in the REMIC Prospectus, both (i) the transferee represents that it will not cause income from the Residual Certificate to be attributed to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of the transferee or another taxpayer and (ii) the transfer satisfies either the "asset test" or the "formula test." The representation described in (i) will be included in the affidavit discussed above. See "Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

A transfer satisfies the asset test if (i) the transferee's gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfer and at the close of each of the transferee's two fiscal years preceding the year of transfer), (ii) the transferee is an "eligible corporation" and the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the Residual Certificate will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor and satisfy the asset test, and (iii) the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the

taxes associated with the Residual Certificate will not be paid. A transfer satisfies the formula test if the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The Regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Lower Tier REMIC. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The tax discussions contained in the REMIC Prospectus (including the sections entitled "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" and "ERISA Considerations") and this prospectus supplement were not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. These discussions were written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this prospectus supplement. You should seek advice based on your particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The REMIC Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the "regular interests," and the R Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the "regular interests" and the RL Class will be designated as the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, as "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes*" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Classes, the Principal Only Classes, the Accrual Class and the SH and SK Classes will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates*—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

Group	Prepayment Assumption
1	208% PSA
2	255% PSA
3	163% PSA
4	186% PSA

See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 5.19% (which is 120% of the "federal long-term rate"). See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions" and "—Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Treasury Department recently issued Regulations providing that, to clearly reflect income, an inducement fee paid to a transferee of a noneconomic residual interest in a REMIC must be included in income over a period that is reasonably related to the period during which the applicable REMIC is expected to generate taxable income or net loss allocable to the transferee. The Regulations set forth two safe harbor methods under which a taxpayer's accounting for the inducement fee will be considered to clearly reflect income for these purposes. In addition, under the Regulations an inducement fee shall be treated as income from sources within the United States. The Regulations, which are effective for taxable years ending on or after May 11, 2004, contain additional details regarding their application. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to the transfer of a Residual Certificate.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

General. The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The REMIC Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest in those REMIC Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of REMIC Certificates, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The RCR Classes (each, a "Combination RCR Class") will represent the beneficial ownership of the underlying REMIC Certificates set forth in Schedule 1. Each Certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a "Combination RCR Certificate") will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying REMIC Certificates.

Combination RCR Classes. A beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate will be treated as the beneficial owner of a proportionate interest in the REMIC Certificates underlying that Combination RCR Certificate. Except in the case of a beneficial owner that acquires a Combination RCR Certificate in an exchange described under "—Exchanges" below, a beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate must allocate its cost to acquire that Certificate among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of acquisition. Such an owner should account for its ownership interest in each underlying REMIC Certificate as described under "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" above and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. When a beneficial owner sells a Combination RCR Certificate, the owner must allocate the sale proceeds among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of sale.

Exchanges. If a beneficial owner exchanges one or more REMIC Certificates for the related RCR Certificate or Certificates in the manner described under "Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination" in this prospectus supplement, the exchange will not be taxable. Likewise, if a beneficial owner exchanges one or more RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificate or Certificates in the manner described in that discussion, the exchange will not be a taxable exchange. In each of these cases, the beneficial owner will be treated as continuing to own after the exchange the same combination of interests in the related REMIC Certificates (or the same interest in the related REMIC Certificate) that it owned immediately prior to the exchange.

Tax Return Disclosure Requirements

Treasury Department Regulations that are directed at "tax shelters" could be read to apply to transactions generally not considered to be tax shelters. These Regulations require that taxpayers that participate in a "reportable transaction" disclose such transaction on their tax returns by attaching IRS Form 8886 and retain information related to the transaction. A transaction may be a "reportable transaction" based upon any of several indicia, one or more of which may be present with respect to the Certificates. You should consult your own tax advisor concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to your investment in the Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General. We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Credit Suisse First Boston LLC (the "Dealer") in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

Increase in Certificates. Before the Settlement Date, we and the Dealer may agree to offer Classes in addition to those contemplated as of the date of this prospectus supplement. In this event, we will increase the related MBS in principal balance, but we expect that all these additional MBS will have the same characteristics as described under "Description of the Certificates—The MBS" in this prospectus supplement. The proportion that the original principal balance of each Group 1, 2, 3 or 4 Class bears to the aggregate original principal balance of all Group 1, 2, 3 or 4 Classes, respectively, will remain the same. In addition, the dollar amounts shown in the Principal Balance Schedules will be increased to correspond to the increase of the principal balances of the applicable Classes.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. McKee Nelson LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Available Recombinations (1) (2)

REMIC	REMIC Certificates				RC	RCR Certificates		
Classes	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	RCR Class	Original Principal Balance	Interest Rate	Interest Type (3)	$rac{ ext{Principal}}{ ext{Type}(3)}$	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Recombination 1	ation 1							
00	\$ 8,546,356	SA	\$13,636,364	(4)	INV	PT	$31394 \mathrm{UJX1}$	November 2035
$^{\mathrm{AS}}$	31,336,637(5)							
$^{\mathrm{SD}}$	3,290,907							
SE	1,799,101							
Recombination 2	ation 2							
00	8,546,356	$_{\rm SC}$	8,546,356	(4)	INV	SEG(PAC)/PAC	31394 UJY9	November 2035
AS	31,336,637(5)							
Recombination 3	ation 3							
PH	62,081,000	PJ	62,081,000	4.75%	FIX	PAC	$31394 \mathbf{UJZ}6$	March 2027
PI	3,104,050(5)							
Recombination 4	ation 4							
PH	62,081,000	PB	62,081,000	5.00	FIX	PAC	31394UKA 9	March 2027
PI	6,208,100(5)							
Recombination 5	ation 5							
PK	14,286,000	PL	14,286,000	4.75	FIX	PAC	$31394 \mathrm{UKB7}$	June 2029
ID	714,300(5)							
Recombination 6	ation 6							
PK	14,286,000	PC	14,286,000	5.00	FIX	PAC	$31394 \mathrm{UKC}5$	June 2029
ID	1,428,600(5)							
Recombination 7	ation 7							
IX	17,234,000(5)	PE	17,234,000	5.00	FIX	PAC	31394 UKD3	April 2034
XO	17,234,000							
Recombination 8	ation 8							
$_{ m YI}$	17,215,000(5)	PG	17,215,000	5.00	FIX	PAC	$31394 \mathrm{UKE}1$	November 2035
Λ	17,215,000							

REMIC	REMIC Certificates				RCR Ce	RCR Certificates		
Classes	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	RCR Class	Original Principal Balance	Interest Rate	Interest Type (3)	Principal Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Recombination 9	ation 9							
PH	\$62,081,000	$_{\mathrm{PM}}$	\$76,367,000	5.00%	FIX	PAC	$31394 \mathrm{UKF8}$	June 2029
PI	6,208,100(5)							
PK	14,286,000							
П	1,428,600(5)							
Recombination 10	ation 10							
FK	4,827,142	FJ	14,827,142	(4)	FLT	TAC	$31394 \mathrm{UKG6}$	November 2035
FL	10,000,000							
Recombination 11	ation 11							
HB	56,932,976	HC	56,932,976	4.75	FIX	SEQ	$31394 \mathrm{UKH4}$	June 2023
HI	2,846,649(5)							
Recombination 12	ation 12							
HB	56,932,976	HA	56,932,976	5.00	FIX	SEQ	$31394 \mathrm{UKJ}0$	June 2023
HI	5,693,297(5)							

In any exchange under Recombination 1, 9 or 10, the relative proportions of the REMIC Certificates to be delivered (or if applicable, received) in such exchange will equal the proportions reflected by the outstanding principal or notional principal balances of the related REMIC Classes at the time of exchange. REMIC Certificates and NCR Certificates in any other Recombination may be exchanged only in the proportions shown in this Schedule 1.
 If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificates—General—Authorized Denominations" in this prospectus supplement.
 See "Description of the Certificates—General—Authorized Denominations" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" and "—Distributions of Principal" same proportionate relationship as that bome by the original balances of the related Classes.
 For a description of these interest rates, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" in this prospectus supplement.
 Notional Principal Balance.

Principal Balance Schedules

Aggregate Group I Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$11,837,263.00	January 2010	\$ 6,393,633.04	April 2014	\$ 2,405,993.95
November 2005	11,813,039.22	February 2010	6,283,894.21	May 2014	2,358,273.24
December 2005	11,783,623.01	March 2010	6,175,554.52	June 2014	2,311,467.78
January 2006	11,749,024.16	April 2010	6,068,596.58	July 2014	2,265,560.41
February 2006	11,709,258.41	May 2010	5,963,003.23	August 2014	2,220,534.24
March 2006	11,664,347.44	June 2010	5,858,757.51	September 2014	2,176,372.73
April 2006	11,614,318.88	July 2010	5,755,842.65	October 2014	2,133,059.62
May 2006	11,559,206.34	August 2010	5,654,242.11	November 2014	2,090,578.96
June 2006	11,499,049.34	September 2010	5,553,939.54	December 2014	2,048,915.12
July 2006	11,433,893.30	October 2010	5,454,918.80	January 2015	2,008,052.71
August 2006	11,363,789.51	November 2010	5,357,163.95	February 2015	1,967,976.67
September 2006	11,288,795.06	December 2010	5,260,659.22	March 2015	1,928,672.21
October 2006	11,208,972.80	January 2011	5,165,389.05	April 2015	1,890,124.79
November 2006	11,124,391.24	February 2011	5,071,338.09	May 2015	1,852,320.16
December 2006	11,035,124.46	March 2011	4,978,491.15	June 2015	1,815,244.33
January 2007	10,941,252.05	April 2011	4,886,833.24	July 2015	1,778,883.58
February 2007	10,842,858.95	May 2011	4,796,349.54	August 2015	1,743,224.42
March 2007	10,740,035.36	June 2011	4,707,025.43	September 2015	1,708,253.64
April 2007	10,632,876.63	July 2011	4,618,846.46	October 2015	1,673,958.25
May 2007	10,521,483.06	August 2011	4,531,798.36	November 2015	1,640,325.51
June 2007	10,405,959.80	September 2011	4,445,867.03	December 2015	1,607,342.93
July 2007	10,286,416.66	October 2011	4,361,038.55	January 2016	1,574,998.22
August 2007	10,162,967.97	November 2011	4,277,299.17	February 2016	1,543,279.36
September 2007	10,035,732.36	December 2011	4,194,635.30	March 2016	1,512,174.53
October 2007	9,904,832.59	January 2012	4,113,033.52	April 2016	1,481,672.11
November 2007		February 2012			
December 2007	9,770,395.38	March 2012	4,032,762.19	May 2016	1,451,760.74
	9,632,551.15	April 2012	3,954,014.99	July 2016	1,422,429.24
January 2008	9,491,433.85	May 2012	3,876,763.50	August 2016	1,393,666.65
February 2008	9,347,180.73	June 2012	3,800,979.80		1,365,462.20
	9,199,932.09		3,726,636.51	September 2016	1,337,805.34
April 2008	9,054,547.69	July 2012	3,653,706.74	October 2016	1,310,685.70
May 2008	8,911,004.46	August 2012	3,582,164.11	November 2016	1,284,093.12
June 2008	8,769,279.59	September 2012	3,511,982.70	December 2016	1,258,017.62
July 2008	8,629,350.57	October 2012	3,443,137.09	January 2017	1,232,449.39
August 2008	8,491,195.16		3,375,602.33	February 2017	1,207,378.83
September 2008	8,354,791.39	December 2012	3,309,353.92	March 2017	1,182,796.51
October 2008	8,220,117.57	January 2013	3,244,367.81	April 2017	1,158,693.16
November 2008	8,087,152.26	February 2013	3,180,620.41	May 2017	1,135,059.70
December 2008	7,955,874.28	March 2013	3,118,088.55	June 2017	1,111,887.21
January 2009	7,826,262.73	April 2013	3,056,749.49	July 2017	1,089,166.96
February 2009	7,698,296.95	May 2013	2,996,580.91	August 2017	1,066,890.34
March 2009	7,571,956.53	June 2013	2,937,560.92	September 2017	1,045,048.93
April 2009	7,447,221.32	July 2013	2,879,668.01	October 2017	1,023,634.47
May 2009	7,324,071.42	August 2013	2,822,881.08	November 2017	1,002,638.84
June 2009	7,202,487.14	September 2013	2,767,179.42	December 2017	982,054.07
July 2009	7,082,449.08	October 2013	2,712,542.68	January 2018	961,872.36
August 2009	6,963,938.05	November 2013	2,658,950.93	February 2018	942,086.03
September 2009	6,846,935.09	December 2013	2,606,384.58	March 2018	922,687.55
October 2009	6,731,421.49	January 2014	2,554,824.40	April 2018	903,669.55
November 2009	6,617,378.75	February 2014	2,504,251.52	May 2018	885,024.78
December 2009	6,504,788.61	March 2014	2,454,647.43	June 2018	866,746.12

$Aggregate\ Group\ I\ (Continued)$

Distribution	Planned Balance	Dis	stribution Date	Planned Balance	Di	stribution Date	Planned Balance
July 2018	\$ 848,826.60	Decemb	er 2022	\$ 269,930.29	May 20	27	\$ 75,818.42
August 2018	831,259.37	January	2023	263,919.13	June 20	27	73,874.91
September 2018	814,037.70	Februar	y 2023	258,031.02	July 202	27	71,973.87
October 2018	797,155.01	March 2	2023	252,263.56	August	2027	70,114.44
November 2018	780,604.83	April 20	23	246,614.39	Septem	ber 2027	68,295.77
December 2018	764,380.80	May 202	23	241,081.19	October	2027	66,517.03
January 2019	748,476.69		23	235,661.69	Novemb	per 2027	64,777.42
February 2019	732,886.39	July 202	3	230,353.67	Decemb	er 2027	63,076.14
March 2019	717,603.91	August 2	2023	225,154.94	January	2028	61,412.40
April 2019	702,623.34	Septemb	oer 2023	220,063.36	Februar	y 2028	59,785.45
May 2019	687,938.93	October	2023	215,076.82	March 2	2028	58,194.53
June 2019	673,544.99	Novemb	er 2023	210,193.26	April 20)28	56,638.90
July 2019	659,435.97	Decemb	er 2023	205,410.66	May 20	28	55,117.85
August 2019	645,606.41	January	2024	200,727.03	June 20	28	53,630.67
September 2019	632,050.95	Februar	y 2024	196,140.43	July 202	28	52,176.67
October 2019	618,764.34	March 2	024	191,648.95	August	2028	50,755.16
November 2019	605,741.42	April 20	24	187,250.71	Septem	ber 2028	49,365.48
December 2019	592,977.13	May 202	24	182,943.88	October	2028	48,006.97
January 2020	580,466.51		24	178,726.64	Novemb	oer 2028	46,679.01
February 2020	568,204.69		24	174,597.25	Decemb	er 2028	45,380.94
March 2020	556,186.89	August	2024	170,553.96	January	2029	44,112.17
April 2020	544,408.41		oer 2024	166,595.06	Februar	y 2029	42,872.09
May 2020	532,864.66		2024	162,718.90		2029	41,660.10
June 2020	521,551.13		er 2024	158,923.84	April 20)29	40,475.63
July 2020	510,463.37	Decemb	er 2024	155,208.27	May 20	29	39,318.11
August 2020	499,597.05		2025	151,570.61		29	38,186.97
September 2020	488,947.89	Februar	y 2025	148,009.32	July 20	29	37,081.68
October 2020	478,511.72		025	144,522.90		2029	36,001.69
November 2020	468,284.43		25	141,109.84		ber 2029	34,946.49
December 2020	458,261.99		25	137,768.70	October	2029	33,915.55
January 2021	448,440.45	June 20	25	134,498.04	Novemb	oer 2029	32,908.37
February 2021	438,815.93		5	131,296.47	Decemb	er 2029	31,924.46
March 2021	429,384.62		2025	128,162.60	January	2030	30,963.34
April 2021	420,142.79	Septemb	oer 2025	125,095.10	Februar	y 2030	30,024.51
May 2021	411,086.79	October	2025	122,092.64	March 2	2030	29,107.53
June 2021	402,213.00	Novemb	er 2025	119,153.91	April 20	030	28,211.93
July 2021	393,517.92	Decemb	er 2025	116,277.66	May 20	30	27,337.27
August 2021	384,998.08	January	2026	113,462.63	June 20	30	26,483.10
September 2021	376,650.08	Februar	y 2026	110,707.60	July 20	30	25,649.00
October 2021	368,470.60		026	108,011.36	August	2030	24,834.55
November 2021	360,456.37	April 20	26	105,372.75	Septem	ber 2030	24,039.32
December 2021	352,604.19	May 202	26	102,790.60	October	2030	23,262.92
January 2022	344,910.90		26	100,263.79	Novemb	oer 2030	22,504.95
February 2022	337,373.44	July 202	26	97,791.21	Decemb	er 2030	21,765.02
March 2022	329,988.76	August	2026	95,371.76	January	2031	21,042.74
April 2022	322,753.89		oer 2026	93,004.39		y 2031	20,337.75
May 2022	315,665.94		2026	90,688.03		2031	19,649.68
June 2022	308,722.04		er 2026	88,421.68)31	18,978.17
July 2022	301,919.38		er 2026	86,204.31	=	31	18,322.86
August 2022	295,255.21		2027	84,034.94		31	17,683.41
September 2022	288,726.84		y 2027	81,912.61		31	17,059.49
October 2022	282,331.62		027	79,836.36	-	2031	16,450.76
November 2022	276,066.95		27	77,805.27		ber 2031	15,856.90
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Aggregate Group I (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
October 2031	\$ 15,277.59	February 2033	\$ 7,751.05	June 2034	\$ 2,815.33
November 2031	14,712.51	March 2033	7,376.13	July 2034	2,573.65
December 2031	14,161.37	April 2033	7,011.01	August 2034	2,338.80
January 2032	13,623.86	May 2033	6,655.48	September 2034	2,110.62
February 2032	13,099.69	June 2033	6,309.32	October 2034	1,888.96
March 2032	12,588.57	July 2033	5,972.33	November 2034	1,673.68
April 2032	12,090.22	August 2033	5,644.31	December 2034	1,464.63
May 2032	11,604.37	September 2033	5,325.05	January 2035	1,261.67
June 2032	11,130.74	October 2033	5,014.36	February 2035	1,064.65
July 2032	10,669.06	November 2033	4,712.06	March 2035	873.44
August 2032	10,219.09	December 2033	4,417.94	April 2035	687.90
September 2032	9,780.56	January 2034	4,131.84	May 2035	507.92
October 2032	9,353.23	February 2034	3,853.57	June 2035	333.34
November 2032	8,936.85	March 2034	3,582.95	July 2035	164.06
December 2032	8,531.18	April 2034	3,319.82	August 2035 and	
January 2033	8,135.99	May 2034	3,064.00	thereafter	0.00

CO Class Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$8,546,356.00	June 2008	\$6,878,383.20	February 2011	\$4,622,017.67
November 2005	8,527,843.01	July 2008	6,802,035.04	March 2011	4,557,387.24
December 2005	8,506,993.59	August 2008	6,726,083.09	April 2011	4,493,092.73
January 2006	8,483,814.14	September 2008	6,650,525.32	May 2011	4,429,132.41
February 2006	8,458,311.52	October 2008	6,575,359.68	June 2011	4,365,504.56
March 2006	8,430,493.80	November 2008	6,500,584.17	July 2011	4,302,207.47
April 2006	8,400,370.23	December 2008	6,426,196.79	August 2011	4,239,239.43
May 2006	8,367,951.28	January 2009	6,352,195.52	September 2011	4,176,598.77
June 2006	8,333,248.62	February 2009	6,278,578.39	October 2011	4,114,283.78
July 2006	8,296,275.09	March 2009	6,205,343.42	November 2011	4,052,292.80
August 2006	8,257,044.73	April 2009	6,132,488.64	December 2011	3,990,624.16
September 2006	8,215,572.75	May 2009	6,060,012.10	January 2012	3,929,276.19
October 2006	8,171,875.53	June 2009	5,987,911.84	February 2012	3,868,247.26
November 2006	8,125,970.59	July 2009	5,916,185.95	March 2012	3,807,535.71
December 2006	8,077,876.62	August 2009	5,844,832.48	April 2012	3,747,139.91
January 2007	8,027,613.42	September 2009	5,773,849.52	May 2012	3,687,058.25
February 2007	7,975,201.93	October 2009	5,703,235.17	June 2012	3,627,289.10
March 2007	7,920,664.18	November 2009	5,632,987.52	July 2012	3,567,830.85
April 2007	7,864,023.32	December 2009	5,563,104.70	August 2012	3,508,681.91
May 2007	7,805,303.55	January 2010	5,493,584.82	September 2012	3,449,840.68
June 2007	7,744,530.14	February 2010	5,424,426.02	October 2012	3,391,305.58
July 2007	7,681,729.40	March 2010	5,355,626.44	November 2012	3,333,075.03
August 2007	7,616,928.66	April 2010	5,287,184.24	December 2012	3,275,147.48
September 2007	7,550,156.27	May 2010	5,219,097.56	January 2013	3,217,521.35
October 2007	7,481,441.55	June 2010	5,151,364.59	February 2013	3,160,195.09
November 2007	7,410,814.79	July 2010	5,083,983.50	March 2013	3,103,167.18
December 2007	7,338,307.22	August 2010	5,016,952.48	April 2013	3,046,436.06
January 2008	7,263,950.97	September 2010	4,950,269.73	May 2013	2,990,000.21
February 2008	7,187,779.09	October 2010	4,883,933.46	June 2013	2,933,858.12
March 2008	7,109,825.49	November 2010	4,817,941.89	July 2013	2,878,008.26
April 2008	7,032,276.36	December 2010	4,752,293.25	August 2013	2,822,449.15
May 2008	6,955,129.62	January 2011	4,686,985.76	September 2013	2,767,179.27

CO Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
October 2013	\$2,712,542.54	March 2018	\$ 922,687.41	August 2022	\$ 295,255.06
November 2013	2,658,950.79	April 2018	903,669.41	September 2022	288,726.70
December 2013	2,606,384.43	May 2018	885,024.64	October 2022	282,331.47
January 2014	2,554,824.25	June 2018	866,745.98	November 2022	276,066.81
February 2014	2,504,251.38	July 2018	848,826.46	December 2022	269,930.14
March 2014	2,454,647.28	August 2018	831,259.22	January 2023	263,918.98
April 2014	2,405,993.80	September 2018	814,037.56	February 2023	258,030.87
May 2014	2,358,273.09	October 2018	797,154.87	March 2023	252,263.41
June 2014	2,311,467.64	November 2018	780,604.68	April 2023	246,614.24
July 2014	2,265,560.26	December 2018	764,380.65	May 2023	241,081.04
August 2014	2,220,534.10	January 2019	748,476.54	June 2023	235,661.55
September 2014	2,176,372.58	February 2019	732,886.25	July 2023	230,353.53
October 2014	2,133,059.47	March 2019	717,603.76	August 2023	225,154.80
November 2014	2,090,578.82	April 2019	702,623.20	September 2023	220,063.21
December 2014	2,048,914.97	May 2019	687,938.78	October 2023	215,076.67
January 2015	2,008,052.57	June 2019	673,544.85	November 2023	210,193.12
February 2015	1,967,976.53	July 2019	659,435.82	December 2023	205,410.52
March 2015	1,928,672.06	August 2019	645,606.26	January 2024	200,726.89
April 2015	1,890,124.64	September 2019	632,050.80	February 2024	196,140.29
May 2015	1,852,320.01	October 2019	618,764.19	March 2024	191,648.80
June 2015	1,815,244.18	November 2019	605,741.27	April 2024	187,250.56
July 2015	1,778,883.43	December 2019	592,976.99	May 2024	182,943.73
August 2015	1,743,224.27	January 2020	580,466.37	June 2024	178,726.50
September 2015	1,708,253.49	February 2020	568,204.55	July 2024	174,597.10
October 2015	1,673,958.10	March 2020	556,186.74	August 2024	170,553.81
November 2015	1,640,325.36	April 2020	544,408.27	September 2024	166,594.92
December 2015	1,607,342.78	May 2020	532,864.52	October 2024	162,718.76
January 2016	1,574,998.08	June 2020	521,550.98	November 2024	158,923.69
February 2016	1,543,279.22	July 2020	510,463.22	December 2024	155,208.12
March 2016	1,512,174.38	August 2020	499,596.90	January 2025	151,570.46
April 2016	1,481,671.97	September 2020	488,947.75	February 2025	148,009.18
May 2016	1,451,760.60	October 2020	478,511.58	March 2025	144,522.75
June 2016	1,422,429.10	November 2020	468,284.29	April 2025	141,109.69
July 2016	1,393,666.50	December 2020	458,261.85	May 2025	137,768.55
August 2016	1,365,462.05	January 2021	448,440.30	June 2025	134,497.89
September 2016	1,337,805.19	February 2021	438,815.78	July 2025	131,296.32
October 2016	1,310,685.56	March 2021	429,384.47	August 2025	128,162.46
November 2016	1,284,092.98	April 2021	420,142.65	September 2025	125,094.96
December 2016	1,258,017.47	May 2021	411,086.64	October 2025	122,092.49
January 2017	1,232,449.25	June 2021	402,212.86	November 2025	119,153.77
February 2017	1,207,378.69	July 2021	393,517.78	December 2025	116,277.52
March 2017	1,182,796.36	August 2021	384,997.93	January 2026	113,462.48
April 2017	1,158,693.01	September 2021	376,649.94	February 2026	110,707.45
May 2017	1,135,059.55	October 2021	368,470.46	March 2026	108,011.22
June 2017	1,111,887.07	November 2021	360,456.23	April 2026	105,372.60
July 2017	1,089,166.81	December 2021	352,604.04	May 2026	102,790.46
August 2017	1,066,890.19	January 2022	344,910.76	June 2026	100,263.65
September 2017	1,045,048.79	February 2022	337,373.29	July 2026	97,791.07
October 2017	1,023,634.32	March 2022	329,988.61	August 2026	95,371.62
November 2017	1,002,638.69	April 2022	322,753.75	September 2026	93,004.24
December 2017	982,053.93	May 2022	315,665.80	October 2026	90,687.89
January 2018	961,872.21	June 2022	308,721.89	November 2026	88,421.53
February 2018	942,085.88	July 2022	301,919.23	December 2026	86,204.16

CO Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
January 2027	\$ 84,034.80	December 2029	\$ 31,924.37	November 2032	\$ 8,936.81
February 2027	81,912.47	January 2030	30,963.25	December 2032	8,531.14
March 2027	79,836.22	February 2030	30,024.43	January 2033	8,135.95
April 2027	77,805.13	March 2030	29,107.45	February 2033	7,751.01
May 2027	75,818.28	April 2030	28,211.85	March 2033	7,376.09
June 2027	73,874.77	May 2030	27,337.19	April 2033	7,010.97
July 2027	71,973.73	June 2030	26,483.02	May 2033	6,655.44
August 2027	70,114.30	July 2030	25,648.92	June 2033	6,309.28
September 2027	68,295.63	August 2030	24,834.47	July 2033	5,972.30
October 2027	66,516.90	September 2030	24,039.25	August 2033	5,644.28
November 2027	64,777.29	October 2030	23,262.85	September 2033	5,325.02
December 2027	63,076.01	November 2030	22,504.88	October 2033	5,014.33
January 2028	61,412.27	December 2030	21,764.95	November 2033	4,712.03
February 2028	59,785.32	January 2031	21,042.67	December 2033	4,417.92
March 2028	58,194.40	February 2031	20,337.68	January 2034	4,131.82
April 2028	56,638.78	March 2031	19,649.61	February 2034	3,853.55
May 2028	55,117.73	April 2031	18,978.10	March 2034	3,582.93
June 2028	53,630.55	May 2031	18,322.80	April 2034	3,319.80
July 2028	$52,\!176.55$	June 2031	17,683.35	May 2034	3,063.98
August 2028	50,755.04	July 2031	17,059.43	June 2034	2,815.31
September 2028	49,365.36	August 2031	16,450.70	July 2034	2,573.63
October 2028	48,006.85	September 2031	15,856.84	August 2034	2,338.78
November 2028	46,678.89	October 2031	15,277.53	September 2034	2,110.61
December 2028	45,380.83	November 2031	14,712.45	October 2034	1,888.95
January 2029	44,112.06	December 2031	14,161.31	November 2034	1,673.67
February 2029	42,871.98	January 2032	13,623.80	December 2034	1,464.62
March 2029	41,659.99	February 2032	13,099.63	January 2035	1,261.66
April 2029	40,475.52	March 2032	12,588.52	February 2035	1,064.64
May 2029	39,318.00	April 2032	12,090.17	March 2035	873.43
June 2029	38,186.87	May 2032	11,604.32	April 2035	687.90
July 2029	37,081.58	June 2032	11,130.69	May 2035	507.92
August 2029	36,001.59	July 2032	10,669.02	June 2035	333.35
September 2029	34,946.39	August 2032	10,219.05	July 2035	164.07
October 2029	33,915.46	September 2032	9,780.52	August 2035 and	
November 2029	32,908.28	October 2032	9,353.19	thereafter	0.00

Aggregate Group II Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$133,173,000.00	November 2006	\$120,578,804.38	December 2007	\$106,418,102.38
November 2005	132,374,929.45	December 2006	119,454,650.14	January 2008	105,368,597.99
December 2005	131,546,969.76	January 2007	118,336,418.05	February 2008	104,324,630.71
January 2006	130,689,476.48	February 2007	117,224,077.55	March 2008	103,286,171.97
February 2006	129,802,820.19	March 2007	116,117,598.27	April 2008	102,253,193.35
March 2006	128,887,386.23	April 2007	115,016,949.98	May 2008	101,225,666.60
April 2006	127,943,574.45	May 2007	113,922,102.59	June 2008	100,203,563.58
May 2006	126,971,798.89	June 2007	112,833,026.19	July 2008	99,186,856.32
June 2006	125,972,487.49	July 2007	111,749,691.02	August 2008	98,175,516.98
July 2006	124,946,081.81	August 2007	110,672,067.46	September 2008	97,169,517.87
August 2006	123,893,036.64	September 2007	109,600,126.04	October 2008	96,168,831.44
September 2006	122,813,819.75	October 2007	108,533,837.48	November 2008	95,173,430.28
October 2006	121,708,911.47	November 2007	107,473,172.59	December 2008	94,183,287.12

$Aggregate\ Group\ II\ (Continued)$

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
January 2009	\$ 93,198,374.84	June 2013	\$ 47,820,376.30	November 2017	\$ 20,286,666.63
February 2009	92,218,666.45	July 2013	47,081,266.92	December 2017	19,949,842.18
March 2009	91,244,135.10	August 2013	46,346,092.77	January 2018	19,618,121.29
April 2009	90,274,754.08	September 2013	45,621,492.76	February 2018	19,291,430.20
May 2009	89,310,496.82	October 2013	44,907,546.09	March 2018	18,969,696.14
June 2009	88,351,336.89	November 2013	44,204,101.35	April 2018	18,652,847.41
July 2009	87,397,247.98	December 2013	43,511,009.22	May 2018	18,340,813.29
August 2009	86,448,203.93	January 2014	42,828,122.46	June 2018	18,033,524.07
September 2009	85,504,178.70	February 2014	42,155,295.89	July 2018	17,730,911.02
October 2009	84,565,146.41	March 2014	41,492,386.36	August 2018	17,432,906.37
November 2009	83,631,081.29	April 2014	40,839,252.71	September 2018	17,139,443.32
December 2009	82,701,957.71	May 2014	40,195,755.73	October 2018	16,850,455.99
January 2010	81,777,750.17	June 2014	39,561,758.18	November 2018	16,565,879.46
February 2010	80,858,433.30	July 2014	38,937,124.71	December 2018	16,285,649.70
March 2010	79,943,981.87	August 2014	38,321,721.88	January 2019	16,009,703.59
April 2010	79,034,370.77	September 2014	37,715,418.11	February 2019	15,737,978.91
May 2010	78,129,575.03	October 2014	37,118,083.63	March 2019	15,470,414.30
June 2010	77,229,569.78	November 2014	36,529,590.51	April 2019	15,206,949.28
July 2010	76,334,330.32	December 2014	35,949,812.60	May 2019	14,947,524.23
August 2010	75,443,832.05	January 2015	35,378,625.50	June 2019	14,692,080.35
September 2010	74,558,050.49	February 2015	34,815,906.56	July 2019	14,440,559.69
October 2010	73,676,961.31	March 2015	34,261,534.84	August 2019	14,192,905.11
November 2010	72,800,540.30	April 2015	33,715,391.09	September 2019	13,949,060.29
December 2010	71,928,763.36	May 2015	33,177,357.71	October 2019	13,708,969.68
January 2011	71,061,606.51	June 2015	32,647,318.78	November 2019	13,472,578.55
February 2011	70,199,045.93	July 2015	32,125,159.97	December 2019	13,239,832.91
March 2011	69,341,057.88	August 2015	31,610,768.56	January 2020	13,010,679.57
April 2011	68,487,618.77	September 2015	31,104,033.41	February 2020	12,785,066.06
May 2011	67,638,705.11	October 2015	30,604,844.92	March 2020	12,562,940.67
June 2011	66,794,293.55	November 2015	30,113,095.03	April 2020	12,344,252.41
July 2011	65,954,360.86	December 2015	29,628,677.21	May 2020	12,128,951.04
August 2011	65,118,883.91	January 2016	29,151,486.40	June 2020	11,916,987.00
September 2011	64,287,839.70	February 2016	28,681,419.01	July 2020	11,708,311.44
October 2011	63,461,205.36	March 2016	28,218,372.92	August 2020	11,502,876.22
November 2011	62,638,958.12	April 2016	27,762,247.41	September 2020	11,300,633.87
December 2011	61,821,075.33	May 2016	27,312,943.21	October 2020	11,101,537.58
January 2012	61,007,534.48	June 2016	26,870,362.41	November 2020	10,905,541.24
February 2012	60,198,313.13	July 2016	26,434,408.47	December 2020	10,712,599.35
March 2012	59,393,389.00	August 2016	26,004,986.24	January 2021	10,522,667.09
April 2012	58,592,739.91	September 2016	25,582,001.86	February 2021	10,335,700.26
May 2012	57,796,343.77	October 2016	25,165,362.80	March 2021	10,151,655.29
June 2012	57,004,178.64	November 2016	24,754,977.85	April 2021	9,970,489.24
July 2012	56,216,222.68	December 2016	24,350,757.06	May 2021	9,792,159.77
August 2012	55,432,454.15	January 2017	23,952,611.73	June 2021	9,616,625.14
September 2012	54,652,851.44	February 2017	23,560,454.44	July 2021	9,443,844.21
October 2012	53,877,393.04	March 2017	23,174,198.95	August 2021	9,273,776.42
November 2012	53,106,057.54	April 2017	22,793,760.28	September 2021	9,106,381.78
December 2012	52,338,823.68	May 2017	22,419,054.61	October 2021	8,941,620.90
January 2013	51,575,670.26	June 2017	22,049,999.31	November 2021	8,779,454.92
February 2013	50,816,576.22	July 2017	21,686,512.92	December 2021	8,619,845.53
March 2013	50,061,520.60	August 2017	21,328,515.09	January 2022	8,462,755.00
April 2013	49,310,482.56	September 2017	20,975,926.64	February 2022	8,308,146.10
May 2013	48,563,441.34	October 2017	20,628,669.48	March 2022	8,155,982.16

Aggregate Group II (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
April 2022	\$ 8,006,227.00	April 2026	\$ 3,055,585.03	April 2030	\$ 865,405.81
May 2022	7,858,845.00	May 2026	2,988,715.67	May 2030	837,034.56
June 2022	7,713,801.00	June 2026	2,922,976.61	June 2030	809,194.80
July 2022	7,571,060.38	July 2026	2,858,350.58	July 2030	781,878.03
August 2022	7,430,589.00	August 2026	2,794,820.56	August 2030	755,075.90
September 2022	7,292,353.20	September 2026	2,732,369.77	September 2030	728,780.15
October 2022	7,156,319.82	October 2026	2,670,981.68	October 2030	702,982.68
November 2022	7,022,456.15	November 2026	2,610,640.01	November 2030	677,675.48
December 2022	6,890,729.96	December 2026	2,551,328.70	December 2030	652,850.67
January 2023	6,761,109.49	January 2027	2,493,031.94	January 2031	628,500.50
February 2023	6,633,563.41	February 2027	2,435,734.12	February 2031	604,617.32
March 2023	6,508,060.87	March 2027	2,379,419.91	March 2031	581,193.59
April 2023	6,384,571.43	April 2027	2,324,074.14	April 2031	558,221.91
May 2023	6,263,065.10	May 2027	2,269,681.92	May 2031	535,694.96
June 2023	6,143,512.34	June 2027	2,216,228.53	June 2031	513,605.55
July 2023	6,025,883.98	July 2027	2,163,699.50	July 2031	491,946.58
August 2023	5,910,151.33	August 2027	2,112,080.55	August 2031	470,711.07
September 2023	5,796,286.07	September 2027	2,061,357.62	September 2031	449,892.13
October 2023	5,684,260.30	October 2027	2,011,516.84	October 2031	429,483.01
November 2023	5,574,046.51	November 2027	1,962,544.57	November 2031	409,477.01
December 2023	5,465,617.61	December 2027	1,914,427.33	December 2031	389,867.57
January 2024	5,358,946.86	January 2028	1,867,151.88	January 2032	370,648.20
February 2024	5,254,007.95	February 2028	1,820,705.15	February 2032	351,812.53
March 2024	5,150,774.90	March 2028	1,775,074.26	March 2032	333,354.28
April 2024	5,049,222.15	April 2028	1,730,246.52	April 2032	315,267.26
May 2024	4,949,324.47	May 2028	1,686,209.45	May 2032	297,545.38
June 2024	4,851,057.01	June 2028	1,642,950.71	June 2032	280,182.62
July 2024	4,754,395.28	July 2028	1,600,458.18	July 2032	263,173.09
August 2024	4,659,315.13	August 2028	1,558,719.89	August 2032	246,510.94
September 2024	4,565,792.77	September 2028	1,517,724.07	September 2032	230,190.46
October 2024	4,473,804.75	October 2028	1,477,459.10	October 2032	214,205.99
November 2024	4,383,327.94	November 2028	1,437,913.55	November 2032	198,551.97
December 2024	4,294,339.58	December 2028	1,399,076.15	December 2032	183,222.92
January 2025	4,206,817.21	January 2029	1,360,935.79	January 2033	168,213.44
February 2025	4,120,738.69	February 2029	1,323,481.54	February 2033	153,518.21
March 2025	4,036,082.23	March 2029	1,286,702.60	March 2033	139,132.02
April 2025	3,952,826.31	April 2029	1,250,588.37	April 2033	125,049.69
May 2025	3,870,949.77	May 2029	1,215,128.38	May 2033	111,266.15
June 2025	3,790,431.71	June 2029	1,180,312.32	June 2033	97,776.42
July 2025	3,711,251.56	July 2029	1,146,130.03	July 2033	84,575.55
August 2025	3,633,389.05	August 2029	1,112,571.51	August 2033	71,658.71
September 2025	3,556,824.18	September 2029	1,079,626.89	September 2033	59,021.12
October 2025	3,481,537.27	October 2029	1,047,286.46	October 2033	46,658.08
November 2025	3,407,508.88	November 2029	1,015,540.66	November 2033	34,564.95
December 2025	3,334,719.91	December 2029	984,380.04	December 2033	22,737.19
January 2026	3,263,151.48	January 2030	953,795.34	January 2034	11,170.30
February 2026	3,192,785.02	February 2030	923,777.38	February 2034 and	
March 2026	3,123,602.22	March 2030	894,317.17	thereafter	0.00

Aggregate Group III Targeted Balances

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
Initial Balance	\$20,758,000.00	December 2006	\$12,491,462.27	January 2008	\$ 4,830,462.28
November 2005	20,289,469.82	January 2007	11,833,065.81	February 2008	4,317,611.11
December 2005	19,799,028.93	February 2007	11,186,701.63	March 2008	3,815,023.82
January 2006	19,287,317.56	March 2007	10,552,224.83	April 2008	3,322,574.28
February 2006	18,755,007.10	April 2007	9,929,492.05	May 2008	2,840,137.68
March 2006	18,202,799.08	May 2007	9,318,361.45	June 2008	2,367,590.58
April 2006	17,631,424.06	June 2007	8,718,692.69	July 2008	1,904,810.84
May 2006	17,041,640.53	July 2007	8,130,346.89	5	, ,
June 2006	16,434,233.66		, , ,	August 2008	1,451,677.61
July 2006	15,810,014.08	August 2007	7,553,186.70	September 2008	1,008,071.35
August 2006	15,169,816.56	September 2007	6,987,076.17	October 2008	573,873.79
September 2006	14,514,498.66	October 2007	6,431,880.81	November 2008	148,967.93
October 2006	13,844,939.32	November 2007	5,887,467.58	December 2008 and	
November 2006	13,162,037.44	December 2007	5,353,704.82	thereafter	0.00

SH Class Targeted Balances

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
Initial Balance	\$5,000,000.00	April 2006	\$3,094,915.64	October 2006	\$ 929,328.75
November 2005	4,708,584.37	May 2006	2,746,749.40	November 2006	557,341.31
December 2005	4,405,661.83	June 2006	2,392,201.45		
January 2006	4,092,007.31	July 2006	2,032,216.52	December 2006	199,749.97
February 2006	3,768,431.09	August 2006	1,667,756.80	January 2007 and thereafter	
March 2006	3,435,776.20	September 2006	1,299,798.58		0.00

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

\$461,858,430



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates

Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2005-102

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

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CREDIT	FIRST
SUISSE	BOSTON

September 29, 2005