

Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2005-3

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual classes), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We may pay principal at rates that vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are distributed to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

AP	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$138,955,000 15,798,000 9,000,000 11,436,216 11,710,922 11,710,922(2) 3,218,862 14,670,000	PAC PAC/AD PAC PAC PAC PAC PAC NTL PAC	5.50% 5.50 5.50 5.00 (1) (1)	FIX FIX/Z FIX FLT INV/IO	31394CBB7 31394CBC5 31394CBD3 31394CBE1 31394CBF8	February 2035 August 2023 February 2035 February 2035 February 2035
VA	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9,000,000 11,436,216 11,710,922 11,710,922(2) 3,218,862 14,670,000	PAC PAC PAC NTL PAC	5.50 5.00 (1) (1)	FIX/Z FIX FLT	31394CBD3 31394CBE1 31394CBF8	February 2035 February 2035
KA AF AS ST CF SC	1 1 1 1 1 1	11,436,216 11,710,922 11,710,922(2) 3,218,862 14,670,000	PAC PAC NTL PAC	5.00 (1) (1)	FIX FLT	31394CBE1 31394CBF8	February 2035
AF	1 1 1 1 1	11,710,922 11,710,922(2) 3,218,862 14,670,000	PAC NTL PAC	(1) (1)	FLT	31394CBF8	
AS ST CF SC	1 1 1 1	11,710,922(2) 3,218,862 14,670,000	NTL PAC	(1)			February 2035
ST CF SC	1 1 1	3,218,862 14,670,000	PAC		INV/IO		1 Coluary 2000
CF SC	1	14,670,000			114 1/10	31394CBG6	February 2035
SC	1	* * *	GIID	(1)	INV	31394CBH4	February 2035
	-	2 100 000	SUP	(1)	FLT	31394C B J 0	November 2033
	1	2,100,000	SUP	(1)	INV	31394CBK7	November 2033
CS		1,950,000	SUP	(1)	INV	31394CBL5	November 2033
SA	1	3,720,000	SUP	(1)	INV	31394CBM3	November 2033
CA	1	13,086,000	SUP	5.50	FIX	31394CBN1	November 2033
СВ	1	3,423,000	SUP	5.50	FIX	31394CBP6	February 2034
CD	1	6,121,000	SUP	5.50	FIX	31394CBQ4	July 2034
CW	1	600,000	SUP	5.00	FIX	31394CBR2	July 2034
CY	1	600,000	SUP	6.00	FIX	31394CBS0	July 2034
CE	1	2,518,000	SUP	5.50	FIX	31394CBT8	August 2034
CG	1	4,175,000	SUP	5.50	FIX	31394CBU5	February 2035
CM	1	1,306,000	SUP	6.00	FIX	31394CBV3	February 2035
CH	1	3,112,000	SUP	5.25	FIX	31394CBW1	February 2035
CJ	1	500,000	SUP	5.75	FIX	31394CBX9	February 2035
CP	1	13,200,000	SUP	5.50	FIX	31394CBY7	October 2034
CU	1	1,800,000	SUP	5.50	FIX	31394CBZ4	February 2035
HB(3)	2	29,798,910	PAC/AD	4.25	FIX	31394CCA8	January 2035
GF(3)	2	52,148,090	PAC/AD	(1)	FLT	31394CCB6	January 2035
GS(3)	2	52,148,090(2)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31394CCC4	January 2035
HW	2	650,000	PAC/AD	6.00	FIX	31394CCD2	February 2035
GZ	2	17,403,000	SUP	6.00	FIX/Z	31394CCE0	February 2035
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	31394CCF7	February 2035
RL		0	NPR	0	NPR	31394CCG5	February 2035

- (1) Based on LIBOR.
- (2) Notional balances. These classes are interest only classes.

(3) Exchangeable classes.

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for the corresponding RCR certificates to be issued at the time of the exchange. The HC Class is an RCR class, as further described in this prospectus supplement.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be January 31, 2005.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-10 of this prospectus supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Banc of America Securities LLC

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the "Disclosure Documents"):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated May 1, 2002 (the "REMIC Prospectus");
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated July 1, 2004 (the "MBS Prospectus"); and
- any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement as discussed below under the heading "Incorporation by Reference."

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae MBS Helpline 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 1-800-237-8627).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling the dealer at:

Banc of America Securities LLC Capital Markets Operations 100 W. 33rd Street, 3rd Floor New York, New York 10001 (telephone 646-733-4166).

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

In this prospectus supplement, we are incorporating by reference the MBS Prospectus described above. In addition, we are incorporating by reference the documents listed below. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to these documents. These documents are considered part of this prospectus supplement, so you should read this prospectus supplement, and any applicable supplements or amendments, together with these documents.

You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, the REMIC Prospectus, the MBS Prospectus and any applicable supplements or amendments.

We incorporate by reference the following documents we have filed, or may file, with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"):

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 ("Form 10-K");
- all other reports we have filed pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange
 Act of 1934 since the end of the fiscal year covered by the Form 10-K until the date of this
 prospectus supplement, excluding any information "furnished" to the SEC on Form 8-K; and
- all proxy statements that we file with the SEC and all documents that we file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement and prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates, excluding any information we "furnish" to the SEC on Form 8-K.

Any information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement is deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus supplement to the extent information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement modifies or supersedes such information. In such case, the information will constitute a part of this prospectus supplement only as so modified or superseded.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You can obtain copies of the periodic reports we file with the SEC without charge by calling or writing our Office of Investor Relations, Fannie Mae, 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20016, telephone: (202) 752-7115. The periodic and current reports that we file with the SEC are also available on our Web site. Information appearing on our Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

In addition, you may read our SEC filings and other information about Fannie Mae at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, the Chicago Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange. Our SEC filings are also available at the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov. You also may read and copy any document we file with the SEC by visiting the SEC's Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, DC 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the operation of the Public Reference Room. We are providing the address of the SEC's internet site solely for the information of prospective investors. Information appearing on the SEC's Web site is not incorporated in this prospectus supplement except as specifically stated in this prospectus supplement.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

On December 21, 2004, our Board of Directors (the "Board") announced the retirement of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Franklin D. Raines and the resignation of Vice Chairman and Chief Financial Officer J. Timothy Howard. A member of the Board, Stephen B. Ashley, currently is serving as the non-executive chairman of the Board, Vice Chairman and Chief Operating Officer Daniel H. Mudd currently is serving as interim chief executive officer, and Executive Vice President Robert Levin currently is serving as interim chief financial officer. The Board further announced that the Audit Committee of the Board dismissed KPMG LLP as our independent auditor. On January 4, 2005, the Audit Committee of the Board approved the engagement of Deloitte & Touche LLP ("Deloitte") as our independent auditor, effective upon completion of Deloitte's customary client acceptance procedures and execution of an engagement letter. Upon such completion, Deloitte will serve as the company's auditor for each of the fiscal years 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004.

On December 21, 2004, the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight ("OFHEO") issued a letter (the "Letter") to the Board stating that we were significantly undercapitalized at September 30, 2004. In accordance with the provisions of the Federal Housing Enterprise Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992, we must submit a capital restoration plan proposal to OFHEO for review and approval, and we are prohibited from making any capital distribution that would result in Fannie Mae being reclassified as critically undercapitalized. In addition, even if a capital distribution would not cause the company to become critically undercapitalized, we are prohibited from making the capital distribution unless OFHEO provides prior approval of the distribution after it finds that the distribution (i) will enhance the ability of the company to meet its capital requirements promptly; (ii) will contribute to long term safety and soundness; or (iii) is otherwise in the public interest. The Letter further states that the reclassification to significantly undercapitalized may lead to structural changes and restrictions on growth as well as OFHEO directives to terminate or modify any business activities that pose excessive risk. On January 18, 2005, the Board decided to reduce the first quarter 2005 dividend on our common stock by 50 percent in order to accelerate an increase in our capital.

On December 15, 2004, the Office of the Chief Accountant of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") issued a statement (the "Statement") regarding certain accounting issues relating to Fannie Mae, including determinations by the SEC that Fannie Mae should (i) restate our

financial statements to eliminate the use of hedge accounting under Financial Accounting Standard No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities ("FAS 133"), (ii) evaluate the accounting under Financial Accounting Standard No. 91, Accounting for Nonrefundable Fees and Costs Associated with Originating or Acquiring Loans and Initial Direct Costs of Leases ("FAS 91") and restate our financial statements filed with the SEC if the amounts required for correction are material, and (iii) re-evaluate the information prepared under generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and non-GAAP information that we previously provided to investors. On December 16, 2004, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC that includes a copy of the Statement.

As a result of the SEC's findings, we will restate our financial results from 2001 through June 30, 2004 to comply fully with the SEC's determination. In a Form 12b-25 filed with the SEC on November 15, 2004, we estimated that a loss of hedge accounting under FAS 133 for all derivatives could result in recording into earnings a net cumulative loss on derivative transactions of approximately \$9.0 billion as of September 30, 2004. We also stated that there would be a corresponding decrease to retained earnings and, accordingly, regulatory capital. We are working to determine the effect of the restatement, including the effect on each prior reporting period. We expect that the impact will be material to our reported GAAP and core business results for many, if not all, periods and will vary substantially from period to period based on the amount and types of derivatives held and fluctuations in interest rates and volatility. Our restated financial statements also will reflect corrections as a result of our misapplication of FAS 91 for each prior reporting period described above. We also will consider the impact, if any, of the SEC's decision on FAS 91 for periods prior to those described above.

Accordingly, on December 17, 2004, the Audit Committee of the Board concluded that our previously filed interim and audited financial statements and the independent auditor's reports thereon for the periods from January 2001 through the second quarter of 2004 should no longer be relied upon because such financial statements were prepared applying accounting practices that did not comply with GAAP. We have not yet filed our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004. The financial information regarding our anticipated results of operations for the quarter ended September 30, 2004 that was contained in our Form 12b-25 filed on November 15, 2004 and in a Form 8-K filed on November 16, 2004 was prepared applying the same policies and practices, and, accordingly, should not be relied upon. The Audit Committee has discussed the matters described above and in a Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 22, 2004 with KPMG LLP, our independent auditor through December 21, 2004.

On September 20, 2004, OFHEO delivered its report to the Board of its findings to date of the agency's special examination. Among other matters, the OFHEO report raised a number of questions and concerns about our accounting policies and practices with respect to FAS 91 and FAS 133.

Forms 8-K that we file with the SEC prior to the completion of the offering of the certificates are incorporated by reference in this prospectus. This means that we are disclosing information to you by referring you to those documents. You should refer to "Incorporation by Reference" above for further details on the information that we incorporate by reference in this prospectus and where to find it.

REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

Group	Assets
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS (as of January 1, 2005)

	Approximate Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Coupon
Group 1 MBS	\$263,000,000	360	358	2	6.00%
Group 2 MBS	\$100,000,000	360	356	3	6.53%

The actual remaining terms to maturity, weighted average loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly.

Class Factors

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance of that certificate (after taking into account principal payments in the same month). We publish the class factors on or shortly after the 11th day of each month.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on January 31, 2005.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry	Physical
All classes of certificates other	R and RL Classes
than the R and RL Classes	

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certain certificates, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates as shown on Schedule 1. We will issue the RCR certificates upon such exchange. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We use the principal and interest of the certificates exchanged to pay principal and interest on the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combination of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

Class	Initial Interest Rate	Maximum Interest Rate	Minimum Interest Rate	Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate(1)
AF	2.71000%	7.50000%	0.35%	LIBOR + 35 basis points
AS	3.14000%	5.50000%	0.00%	5.5% - LIBOR
$ST \dots \dots$	6.00306%	6.00306%	0.00%	26.01326% - (3.6382181 x LIBOR)
$CF \dots \dots$	3.61000%	7.00000%	1.20%	LIBOR + 120 basis points
SC	12.43000%	21.26667%	0.00%	21.26667% - (3.66666667 x LIBOR)
CS	8.65000%	12.66667%	3.00%	12.66667% - (1.66666667 x LIBOR)
SA	7.39000%	9.80000%	4.00%	9.8% - LIBOR
$GF \dots \dots$	2.70000%	7.00000%	0.30%	LIBOR $+$ 30 basis points
$GS \dots \dots$	4.30000%	6.70000%	0.00%	6.7% - LIBOR

⁽¹⁾ We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method."

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Notional Classes

A notional class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balances will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

Class	
AS	100% of the AF Class
GS	100% of the GF Class

Distributions of Principal

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

PZ Accrual Amount

To the VA Class to zero, thereafter to the PZ Class.

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

- 1. To the AP Class to its Planned Balance.
- 2. To Aggregate Group I to its Planned Balance.
- 3. To Aggregate Group II to its Planned Balance.

4. (a) 79.4185041369% of the remaining amount as follows:

first, to the CF, SC, CS, SA and CA Classes, pro rata, to zero;

second, to the CB Class to zero;

third, to the CD, CW and CY Classes, pro rata, to zero;

fourth, to the CE Class, to zero; and

fifth, to the CG, CM, CH and CJ Classes, pro rata, to zero, and

- (b) 20.5814958631% of such remaining amount to the CP and CU Classes, in that order, to zero.
 - 5. To Aggregate Group II to zero.
 - 6. To Aggregate Group I to zero.
 - 7. To the AP Class to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Groups I and II, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount" in this prospectus supplement.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

GZ Accrual Amount

To Aggregate Group III to its Planned Balance, and thereafter to the GZ Class.

Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

- 1. To Aggregate Group III to its Planned Balance.
- 2. To the GZ Class to zero.
- 3. To Aggregate Group III to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group III, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount" in this prospectus supplement.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
Group 1 Classes	0%	100%	$\underline{130\%}$	265%	300%	400%	$\textcolor{red}{\bf 650\%}$
AP	15.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	4.2
VA	10.8	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	4.0	2.4
PZ	24.1	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	5.5	2.7
KA, AF, AS and ST	23.5	8.5	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.2	1.6
CF, SC, CS, SA and CA	27.6	18.1	14.4	2.2	1.9	1.4	0.9
CB	28.8	23.0	20.3	4.1	3.3	2.3	1.6
CD, CW and CY	29.2	24.6	22.2	5.1	3.8	2.6	1.7
CE	29.4	26.1	24.2	6.6	4.4	2.8	1.8
CG, CM, CH and CJ	29.8	28.1	27.1	15.0	5.5	3.1	2.0
CP	28.1	20.1	16.9	3.3	2.5	1.8	1.2
CU	29.8	28.5	27.7	16.8	5.7	3.2	2.0

	PSA Prepayment Assumption								
Group 2 Classes	0%	100%	$\boldsymbol{250\%}$	365%	400%	$\boldsymbol{550\%}$	800%	1100%	
HB, GF, GS and HC	12.7	6.4	4.7	4.7	4.7	3.7	2.7	2.1	
HW		20.5	20.5	20.5	20.5	15.3	10.1	6.7	
GZ	26.0	19.9	13.6	4.1	2.2	1.3	0.9	0.7	

^{*} Determined as specified under "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans underlying the related MBS, including prepayments. Because borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty, the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at any of the prepayment rates we assumed in this prospectus supplement, or
- at any constant prepayment rate until maturity.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Weighted average lives and yields on the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans. We have assumed that the mortgage loans underlying the MBS have certain characteristics. However, the actual mortgage loans probably will have different characteristics from those we assumed. As a result, your yields could be lower than you expect, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant prepayment rates. In addition, slight differences between the assumed

mortgage loan characteristics and the actual mortgage loans could affect the weighted average lives of the classes of certificates.

Level of floating rate index affects yields on certain certificates. The yield on any floating rate or inverse floating rate certificate will be affected by the level of its interest rate index. If the level of the index differs from the level you expect, then your actual yield may be lower than you expect.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since certain classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period, those classes have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. If you assume that the actual final payment will occur on the final distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates. You should obtain legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed market. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small

or large amounts of certificates at prices comparable to those available to other investors. You should purchase certificates only if you understand and can tolerate the risk that the value of your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

Terrorist activities and related military and political actions by the U.S. government could cause reductions in investor confidence and substantial market volatility in real estate and securities markets. It is impossible to predict the extent to which terrorist activities may occur or, if they do occur, the extent of the effect on the certificates. Moreover, it is uncertain what effects any past or future terrorist activities or any related military or political actions on the part

of the United States government and others will have on the United States and world financial markets, local, regional and national economies, real estate markets across the United States, or particular business sectors, including those affecting the performance of mortgage loan borrowers. Among other things, reduced investor confidence could result in substantial volatility in securities markets and a decline in real estate-related investments. In addition, defaults on the mortgage loans could increase, causing early payments of principal to you and, regardless of the performance of the underlying mortgage loans, the liquidity and market value of the certificates may be impaired.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the "Trust") and a separate trust (the "Lower Tier REMIC") pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of January 1, 2005 (the "Issue Date"). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the "REMIC Certificates") pursuant to that trust agreement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the "RCR Certificates" and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the "Certificates") pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the "Trust Agreement"). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the "Trustee"). In general, the term "Classes" includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC each will constitute a "real estate mortgage investment conduit" ("REMIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

- The REMIC Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) will be "regular interests" in the Trust.
- The R Class will be the "residual interest" in the Trust.
- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the "Lower Tier Regular Interests") will be the "regular interests" in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests.

The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of two groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the "Group 1 MBS" and "Group 2 MBS" and, together, the "MBS").

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family ("single-family"), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the "Mortgage Loans") having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that we will distribute to Certificateholders:

- required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class of Certificates no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS.

In addition, we guarantee that we will distribute to each holder of an MBS:

- scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying Mortgage Loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and
- the full principal balance of any foreclosed Mortgage Loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guarantees are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. See "Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the REMIC Prospectus, and "Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the MBS Prospectus.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are "Holders" or "Certificateholders." A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. See "Description of Certificates—Denominations and Form" in the REMIC Prospectus.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association ("US Bank") in Boston, Massachusetts will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes" below.

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. US Bank will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates in the following denominations:

Classes Denomination

The Interest Only and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

\$100,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

All other Classes (except the R and RL Classes)

\$1,000 minimum plus whole dollar increments

We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Dates. We will make monthly payments on the Certificates on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to each of these dates as a "Distribution Date." We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

Record Date. On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the eleventh calendar day of each month, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each Class of Certificates. When the applicable class factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of any Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month (as well as any addition to principal in the case of the Accrual Classes).

No Optional Termination. We have no option to effect an early termination of the Lower Tier REMIC or the Trust. Further, we will not repurchase the Mortgage Loans underlying any MBS in a "clean-up call." See "Description of the Certificates—Termination" in the MBS Prospectus.

Combination and Recombination

General. You are permitted to exchange all or a portion of the HB, GF and GS Classes of REMIC Certificates for a proportionate interest in the related RCR Certificates in the combination shown on Schedule 1. You also may exchange all or a portion of the RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificates in the same manner. This process may occur repeatedly.

Holders of RCR Certificates will be the beneficial owners of a proportionate interest in the related REMIC Certificates and will receive a proportionate share of the distributions on the related REMIC Certificates.

The Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates that are outstanding at any given time, and the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of these Classes, will depend upon any related distributions of principal, as well as any exchanges that occur. REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates may be exchanged only in the proportion shown on Schedule 1.

Procedures. If a Certificateholder wishes to exchange Certificates, the Certificateholder must notify our Structured Transactions Department through one of our "REMIC Dealer Group" dealers in writing or by telefax no later than two business days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any business day other than the first or last business day of the month subject to our approval. The notice must include the outstanding principal balance of both the Certificates to be exchanged and the Certificates to be received, and the proposed exchange date. After receiving the Holder's notice, we will telephone the dealer with delivery and wire payment instructions. Notice becomes irrevocable on the second business day before the proposed exchange date.

In connection with each exchange, the Holder must pay us a fee equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional principal balance) of the Certificates to be exchanged. In no event, however, will our fee be less than \$2,000.

We will make the first distribution on a REMIC Certificate or an RCR Certificate received in an exchange transaction on the Distribution Date in the following month. We will make that distribution to the Holder of record as of the close of business on the last day of the month of the exchange.

Additional Considerations. The characteristics of RCR Certificates will reflect the characteristics of the REMIC Certificates used to form those RCR Certificates. You should also consider a number of factors that will limit a Certificateholder's ability to exchange REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates or vice versa:

- At the time of the proposed exchange, a Certificateholder must own Certificates of the related Class or Classes in the proportions necessary to make the desired exchange.
- A Certificateholder that does not own the Certificates may be unable to obtain the necessary REMIC Certificates or RCR Certificates.
- If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificate of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange.

- The Certificateholder of needed Certificates may refuse to sell them at a reasonable price (or any price) or may be unable to sell them.
- Certain Certificates may have been purchased and placed into other financial structures and thus be unavailable.
- Principal distributions will decrease the amounts available for exchange over time.
- Only the combination listed on Schedule 1 is permitted.

The MBS

The following table contains certain information about the MBS. The MBS included in each specified Group will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The MBS provide that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully-amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years. See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus.

We expect the characteristics of the MBS and the related Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Group 1 MBS

\$263,000,000
5.50%
5.75% to 8.00%
241 months to 360 months
358 months
2 months
\$100,000,000
6.00%
6.25% to 8.50%
241 months to 360 months
356 months
3 months

Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the Pool number, the current WAC (or original WAC, if the current WAC is not available) and the current WAM (or Adjusted WAM, if the current WAM is not available) of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement also will include the weighted averages of all the current or original WACs and the weighted averages of all the current or Adjusted WAMs, based on the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627. In addition, the Final Data Statement is available on our corporate Web site at www.fanniemae.com.

Distributions of Interest

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

Interest Type*	Classes

Group 1 Classes

Fixed Rate AP, VA, PZ, KA, CA, CB, CD, CW, CY, CE, CG,

CM, CH, CJ, CP and CU

Floating Rate AF and CF

Inverse Floating Rate AS, ST, SC, CS and SA

Accrual PZ Interest Only AS

Group 2 Classes

Fixed Rate HB, HW and GZ

 $\begin{array}{cccc} Floating \ Rate & GF \\ Inverse \ Floating \ Rate & GS \\ Accrual & GZ \\ Interest \ Only & GS \\ RCR^{**} & HC \\ \end{array}$

No Payment Residual R and RL

General. We will pay interest on the Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates specified on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest based on an assumed 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly (except in the case of the Accrual Classes) on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Classes) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Classes, see "—Accrual Classes" below.

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Accrual Periods. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the Certificates during the applicable one-month periods set forth below (each, an "Interest Accrual Period").

Classes	Interest	Accrual	Periods

All Fixed Rate Classes and the CF, SC, CS and SA Classes (collectively, the "Delay Classes")	Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs
All other Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	One-month period beginning on the 25th day of the month preceding the month
	in which the Distribution Date occurs

See "Additional Risk Factors—Delay classes have lower yields and market values" in this prospectus supplement.

Accrual Classes. The PZ and GZ Classes are Accrual Classes. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes at the applicable annual rates specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However,

^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Classes. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Classes will be added as principal to their principal balances on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Classes as described under "—Distributions of Principal" below.

Notional Classes. The Notional Classes will not have principal balances. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Classes will bear interest on their notional principal balances at their applicable interest rates. The notional principal balances of the Notional Classes will be calculated as specified under "Reference Sheet—Notional Classes" in this prospectus supplement.

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for that Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall refer also to the notional principal balances of the Notional Classes.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at rates determined as described under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement.

Changes in the specified interest rate index (the "Index") will affect the yields with respect to the related Classes. These changes may not correspond to changes in mortgage interest rates. Lower mortgage interest rates could occur while an increase in the level of the Index occurs. Similarly, higher mortgage interest rates could occur while a decrease in the level of the Index occurs.

Our establishment of each Index value and our determination of the interest rate for each applicable Class for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627.

Calculation of LIBOR

On each Index Determination Date, we will calculate LIBOR for the related Interest Accrual Period. We will calculate LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method," as described in the REMIC Prospectus under "Description of Certificates—Indexes for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes—*LIBOR*."

If we are unable to calculate LIBOR on the initial Index Determination Date, LIBOR for the following Interest Accrual Period will be equal to 2.36% in the case of the AF, AS and ST Classes, 2.41% in the case of the CF, SC, CS and SA Classes, and 2.40% in the case of the GF and GS Classes.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes fall into the following categories:

Principal Type* Classes

Group 1 Classes

PAC AP, VA, PZ, KA, AF and ST

Support CF, SC, CS, SA, CA, CB, CD, CW, CY, CE, CG, CM, CH,

CJ, CP and CU

Accretion Directed VA Notional AS Principal Type*

Classes

Group 2 Classes

HB, GF and HW PAC

Support GZ

HB, GF and HW Accretion Directed

Notional GS RCR** HC

No Payment Residual R and RL

Principal Distribution Amount

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an aggregate amount (the "Principal Distribution Amount") equal to the sum of

- the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS (the "Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount"), plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the PZ Class (the "PZ Accrual Amount" and, together with the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the "Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount"), and
- the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS (the "Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount"), plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the GZ Class (the "GZ Accrual Amount," and, together with the Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the "Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount").

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

PZ Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the PZ Accrual Amount as principal of the VA Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero. Thereafter, we will pay the PZ Accrual Amount as principal of the PZ Class.

Accretion Directed Class and Accrual Class

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 1 Classes in the following priority:

- (i) to the AP Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;
- (ii) to Aggregate Group I (described below), until the Aggregate I Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;
- (iii) to Aggregate Group II (described below), until the Aggregate II Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;

PAC Class and

^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

(iv) (a) 79.4185041369% of the remaining amount as follows:

first, concurrently, to the CF, SC, CS, SA and CA Classes, pro rata (or 41.2937003885%, 5.9111636548%, 5.4889376794%, 10.4712041885% and 36.8349940888%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero;

second, to the CB Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero;

third, concurrently, to the CD, CW and CY Classes, pro rata (or 83.6087966124%, 8.1956016938% and 8.1956016938%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero;

Support Classes

 $\it fourth$, to the CE Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and

fifth, concurrently, to the CG, CM, CH and CJ Classes, pro rata (or 45.9144396788%, 14.3626965798%, 34.2241284505% and 5.4987352909%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero, and

- (b) 20.5814958631% of such remaining amount, sequentially, to the CP and CU Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero;
- (v) to Aggregate Group II, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate II Balance is reduced to zero;
- (vi) to Aggregate Group I, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate I Balance is reduced to zero; and

PAC Groups and Class

(vii) to the AP Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

"Aggregate Group I" consists of the VA and PZ Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group I, sequentially, to the VA and PZ Classes, in that order, until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate I Balance" is equal to the aggregate of the principal balances of the Classes in Aggregate Group I. For determining principal payments on a Distribution Date, the Aggregate I Balance will include any increase in the principal balance of the PZ Class on that date.

"Aggregate Group II" consists of the KA, AF and ST Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group II, concurrently, to the KA, AF and ST Classes, pro rata (or 43.3748615641%, 44.4167564288% and 12.2083820071%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate II Balance" is equal to the aggregate of the principal balances of the Classes in Aggregate Group II.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

GZ Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the GZ Accrual Amount as principal of Aggregate Group III (described below), until the Aggregate III Balance (described below) is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date. Thereafter, we will pay the GZ Accrual Amount as principal of the GZ Class.

Accretion Directed Group and Accrual Class

Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 2 Classes in the following priority:

- (i) to Aggregate Group III, until the Aggregate III Balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;
 - (ii) to the GZ Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; and
- (iii) to Aggregate Group III, without regard to its Planned Balance and until the Aggregate III Balance is reduced to zero. $\left.\begin{array}{l} PAC \\ Group \end{array}\right.$

Support Class

"Aggregate Group III" consists of the HB, GF and HW Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group III as follows:

first, concurrently, to the HB and GF Classes, pro rata (or 36.3636374730% and 63.6363625270%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero; and

second, to the HW Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate III Balance" is equal to the aggregate of the principal balances of the Classes in Aggregate Group III.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, WALAs and interest rates specified under "Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related table;
- the settlement date for the sale of the Certificates is January 31, 2005; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this prospectus supplement is The Bond Market Association's standard prepayment model ("PSA"). To assume a specified rate of PSA is to assume a specified rate of prepayment each month of the then-outstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans computed as described under "Description of Certificates—Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus.

It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any *constant* PSA rate or at any other *constant* rate.

Structuring Ranges. The Principal Balance Schedules are found beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules have been prepared on the basis of the

Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges set forth below.

Principal Balance Schedule References	Related Class and Groups (1)	Structuring Ranges
Planned Balances	AP Class	Between 100% and 400% PSA
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group I	Between 100% and 300% PSA
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group II	Between 130% and 300% PSA
Planned Balances	Aggregate Group III	Between 250% and 400% PSA

⁽¹⁾ The Structuring Ranges for the Aggregate Groups are associated with the related Aggregate Balances but not with the individual balances of the related Classes.

We cannot assure you that the balance of any Class or Group listed above will conform on any Distribution Date to the specified balance in the Principal Balance Schedules. As a result, we cannot assure you that payments of principal of any Class or Group listed above will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules. We will distribute any excess of principal payments over the amount needed to reduce a Class or Group to its scheduled balance on a Distribution Date. Accordingly, the ability to reduce a Class or Group to its scheduled balance will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal payments from month to month. In addition, even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within the applicable Structuring Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Class and Groups to their scheduled balances if the prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. Moreover, because of the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the related Mortgage Loans, which may include recently originated Mortgage Loans, the Class and Groups specified above may not be reduced to their scheduled balances, even if prepayments occur at a constant rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges specified above.

Initial Effective Ranges. The Effective Range for a Class or Group is the range of prepayment rates (measured by constant PSA rates) which would reduce that Class or Group to its scheduled balance on each Distribution Date. The Initial Effective Ranges shown in the table below are based upon the assumed characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Class and Groups	Initial Effective Ranges
AP Class	Between 100% and 400% PSA
Aggregate Group I	Between 100% and 300% PSA
Aggregate Group II	Between 130% and 300% PSA
Aggregate Group III	Between 250% and 400% PSA

The actual Effective Ranges at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. The actual Effective Ranges calculated on the basis of the actual characteristics are likely to differ from the Initial Effective Ranges. As a result, the applicable Class and Groups might not be reduced to their scheduled balances even if prepayments were to occur at a constant PSA rate within the Initial Effective Ranges. This is so particularly if the rate were at the lower or higher end of this range. In addition, even if prepayments occur at rates falling within the actual Effective Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Class and Groups to their scheduled balances if such prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. It is highly unlikely that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA rate. In general, the actual Effective Ranges may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time.

The stability in principal payment of the Classes specified below will be supported by the corresponding supporting Classes as indicated in the follow table:

Classes	Supporting Classes				
Group 1					
AP	Aggregate Group I, Aggregate Group II and Support				
Aggregate Group I	Aggregate Group II and Support				
Aggregate Group II	Support				
Group 2					
Aggregate Group III	Support				

When the supporting Classes are retired, the Classes they support, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be more sensitive to prepayments.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash
 flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the
 assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes,
 and
- · converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- · all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- · the level of the Index will remain constant.

The Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the applicable tables below, it is possible that investors in the AS and GS Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the Index increased.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate Classes for the initial Interest Accrual Period are the rates listed in the table under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of the Index, and
- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
AS	4.078125%
ST	99.500000%
SC	97.937500%
CS	98.687500%
SA	98.937500%
GS	7.625000%

^{*} The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the AS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

			PSA Pre	epayment A	Assumption	1	
LIBOR	50%	100%	130%	265%	300%	400%	650%
0.36%	134.3%	125.1%	107.9%	107.9%	107.9%	105.4%	91.4%
$2.36\% \dots \dots$	75.2%	69.0%	48.3%	48.3%	48.3%	42.0%	20.9%
$4.36\% \dots \dots$	24.5%	19.8%	(9.6)%	(9.6)%	(9.6)%	(26.2)%	(57.6)%
5.50% and above	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Sensitivity of the ST Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50 %	100%	130%	265%	300%	400%	$\underline{650\%}$
5.50% and below	6.1%	6.2%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%	6.4%
6.25%	3.4%	3.4%	3.6%	3.6%	3.6%	3.6%	3.7%
7.15%	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.6%

Sensitivity of the SC Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
LIBOR	50%	100%	130%	265%	300%	400%	650%
0.41%	20.7%	20.8%	20.8%	21.0%	21.1%	21.2%	21.5%
2.41%	12.9%	12.9%	12.9%	13.4%	13.5%	13.8%	14.2%
4.41%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	6.0%	6.2%	6.5%	7.1%
5.80%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	1.0%	1.1%	1.5%	2.2%

Sensitivity of the CS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

			PSA Prep	payment As	sumption		
LIBOR	50%	100%	130%	$\underline{265\%}$	300%	400%	650%
0.41%	12.4%	12.4%	12.4%	12.6%	12.6%	12.7%	12.9%
2.41%	8.9%	8.9%	8.9%	9.2%	9.2%	9.4%	9.6%
4.41%	5.4%	5.5%	5.5%	5.9%	5.9%	6.1%	6.4%
5.80%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	3.6%	3.6%	3.8%	4.2%

Sensitivity of the SA Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

			PSA Pre	PSA Prepayment Assumption			
LIBOR	50 %	100%	130%	265%	300%	400%	$\textcolor{red}{\bf 650\%}$
0.41%	9.6%	9.6%	9.6%	9.8%	9.8%	9.9%	10.1%
2.41%	7.6%	7.6%	7.6%	7.8%	7.8%	7.9%	8.1%
4.41%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.8%	5.9%	6.0%	6.2%
5.80%	4.1%	4.1%	4.1%	4.4%	4.5%	4.6%	4.9%

Sensitivity of the GS Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

			PSA	A Prepay	ment Ass	umption		
LIBOR	50 %	100%	250%	365%	400%	550%	800%	1100%
0.40%	89.0%	86.1%	79.4%	79.4%	79.4%	76.2%	67.2%	54.3%
2.40%	56.2%	52.8%	45.5%	45.5%	45.5%	40.8%	29.8%	14.9%
$4.40\%\ldots\ldots$								
6.70%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%.

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

- (a) multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of the Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of the Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal payments,
- the priority sequences of payments of principal of the Classes, and
- the payment of principal of certain Classes in accordance with the Principal Balance Schedules.

See "—Distributions of Principal" above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates, and the corresponding weighted average lives of those Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. However, in the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that the underlying Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below	Original Terms to Maturity	Remaining Terms to Maturity	Interest Rates
Group 1 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.00%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.50%

It is unlikely

- that all of the underlying Mortgage Loans will have the interest rates, WALAs or remaining terms to maturity assumed or
- that the underlying Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA level.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates. This is the case even if the dispersion of weighted average remaining terms to maturity and the weighted average WALAs of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the dispersion specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

	AP Class						VA Class						PZ Class								
				Prepa	yment ion						Prepa	yment ion						Prepa sumpt	yment		
Date	0%	100%	130%	265%	300% 4	100%	350%	0%	100%	130%	265%	300%	400%	650%	0%	100%	130%	265%	300%	400% <u>6</u>	350%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2006	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	106	106	106	106	106	106	106
January 2007	98	90	90	90	90	90	90	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
January 2008	96	77	77	77	77	77	73	90	90	90	90	90	90	0	118	118	118	118	118	118	0
January 2009	94	65	65	65	65	65	44	86	86	86	86	86	64	0	125	125	125	125	125	125	0
January 2010	92	54	54	54	54	54	26	82	82	82	82	82	0	0	132	132	132	132	132	97	0
January 2011	90	44	44	44	44	44	16	78	78	78	78	78	0	0	139	139	139	139	139	24	0
January 2012	87	34	34	34	34	34	9	73	73	73	73	73	0	0	147	147	147	147	147	*	0
January 2013	85	25	25	25	25	25	6	69	62	62	62	62	0	0	155	155	155	155	155	*	0
January 2014	82	19	19	19	19	19	3	64	40	40	40	40	0	0	164	164	164	164	164	*	0
January 2015	78	14	14	14	14	14	2	58	18	18	18	18	0	0	173	173	173	173	173	*	0
January 2016	75	10	10	10	10	10	1	53	0	0	0	0	0	0	183	175	175	175	175	*	0
January 2017	71	8	8	8	8	8	1	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	193	148	148	148	148	*	0
January 2018	67	6	6	6	6	6	*	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	204	125	125	125	125	*	0
January 2019	62	4	4	4	4	4	*	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	216	103	103	103	103	*	0
January 2020	58	3	3	3	3	3	*	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	228	85	85	85	85	*	0
January 2021	52	2	2	2	2	2	*	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	241	69	69	69	69	*	0
January 2022	47	2	2	2	2	2	*	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	254	56	56	56	56	*	0
January 2023	41	1	1	1	1	1	*	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	269	45	45	45	45	*	0
January 2024	34	1	1	1	1	1	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	276	36	36	36	36	*	0
January 2025	27	1	1	1	1	1	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	276	28	28	28	28	*	0
January 2026	19	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	276	22	22	22	22	*	0
January 2027	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	276	16	16	16	16	*	0
January 2028	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	276	12	12	12	12	*	0
January 2029	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	143	9	9	9	9	*	0
January 2030	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	6	6	6	*	0
January 2031	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	4	4	*	0
January 2032	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	*	0
January 2033	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	*	0
January 2034	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	Õ	Ō	Ō	Õ	Õ	Ō	Õ	1	1	1	1	1	*	Õ
January 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Õ	Ō	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	0	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	0	Ō
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)**	15.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	4.2	10.8	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	4.0	2.4	24.1	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	5.5	2.7

	KA, AF, AS† and ST Classes						CF, SC, CS, SA and CA Classes					s	CB Class								
	PSA Prepayment Assumption 0% 100% 130% 265% 300% 400% 650%								Prepa sumpt							Prepa sumpt					
Date	0%	100%	$130\% \frac{2}{2}$	265%	300%	100%	350%	0%	100%	130%	265%	300%	400%	650%	0%	100%	130%	265%	300% 4	100% <u></u>	350%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2006	92	71	66	66	66	66	66	100	100	100	87	83	73	48	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2007	92	71	54	54	54	54	54	100	100	100	57	46	16	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0
January 2008	92	71	40	40	40	40	0	100	100	100	23	4	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0
January 2009	92	71	28	28	28	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	74	0	0	0
January 2010	92	71	18	18	18	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
January 2011	92	71	10	10	10	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
January 2012	92	71	4	4	4	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
January 2013	92	71	*	*	*	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
January 2014	92	68	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	97	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
January 2015	92	61	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	91	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0
January 2016	92	48	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō	100	100	83	Ō	Õ	Õ	Ō	100	100	100	Ō	0	Ō	Ō
January 2017	92	33	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	100	75	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	100	100	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
January 2018	92	16	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	100	100	65	Ō	Õ	Õ	Ō	100	100	100	Õ	0	Ō	Ō
January 2019	92	0	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	100	98	55	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	100	100	100	Õ	0	Ō	Ō
January 2020	92	Ō	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	86	45	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	100	100	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
January 2021	92	Õ	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	100	74	35	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	100	100	100	Õ	0	Ō	Ō
January 2022	92	Õ	0	Õ	Ō	Ō	Ō	100	62	25	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	100	100	100	Õ	0	Ō	Ō
January 2023	92^{-}	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	50	15	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	100	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ
January 2024	92	Õ	Ō	Ō	Õ	Ō	Õ	100	39	6	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	100	100	100	Õ	0	Õ	Ō
January 2025	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	27	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	71	0	0	0	0
January 2026	92	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	16	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	100	100	0	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
January 2027	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	5	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0
January 2028	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	48	0	0	0	0	0
January 2029	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2030	82	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2031	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)**	23.5	8.5	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.2	1.6	27.6	18.1	14.4	2.2	1.9	1.4	0.9	28.8	23.0	20.3	4.1	3.3	2.3	1.6

 $^{^{*}}$ Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

	CD, CW and CY Classes						CE Class						CG, CM, CH and CJ Classes								
				Prepa sumpt	yment ion					PSA As	Prepa sumpt	yment ion						Prepa: sumpt			
Date	0%	100%	130%	265%	300%	100%	350%	0%	100%	130%	265%	300%	400%	350%	0%	100%	130%	265%	300%	400% <u></u>	350%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2006	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	20
January 2008	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	63	0
January 2009	100	100	100	100	21	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	0	0
January 2010	100	100	100	51	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	68	0	0
January 2011	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	98	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	23	0	0
January 2012	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	18	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	3	0	0
January 2013	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	97	*	0	0
January 2014		100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	90	*	0	0
January 2015	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	82	*	0	0
January 2016	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	74	*	0	0
January 2017	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	66	*	0	0
January 2018	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	58	*	0	0
January 2019		100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	50	*	0	0
January 2020		100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	43	*	0	0
January 2021		100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	37	*	0	0
January 2022	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	31	*	0	0
January 2023	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	26	*	0	0
January 2024	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	22	*	0	0
January 2025	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	18	*	0	0
January 2026	100	100	93	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	14	*	0	0
January 2027	100	100	56	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	11	*	0	0
January 2028	100	100	20	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	9	*	0	0
January 2029		75	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	64	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	7	*	0	0
January 2030	100	30	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	93	5	*	0	0
January 2031	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	61	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	71	4	*	0	0
January 2032	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	84	50	2	*	0	0
January 2033	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	53	31	1	*	0	0
January 2034	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	23	13	1	*	0	0
January 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)**	29.2	24.6	22.2	5.1	3.8	2.6	1.7	29.4	26.1	24.2	6.6	4.4	2.8	1.8	29.8	28.1	27.1	15.0	5.5	3.1	2.0

				CP Clas	s							CU Clas	S		
		PSA Prepayment Assumption										A Prepay Assumpti			
Date	0%	100%	130%	265%	300%	400%	650%		0%	100%	130%	265%	300%	400%	650 %
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2006	100	100	100	91	88	81	64		100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2007	100	100	100	70	62	41	0		100	100	100	100	100	100	27
January 2008	100	100	100	46	33	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	82	0
January 2009	100	100	100	29	12	0	0		100	100	100	100	100	0	0
January 2010	100	100	100	17	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	89	0	0
January 2011	100	100	100	9	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	31	0	0
January 2012		100	100	5	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	4	0	0
January 2013		100	100	4	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	*	0	0
January 2014	100	100	98	2	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	*	0	0
January 2015		100	94	1	0	0	0		100	100	100	100	*	0	0
January 2016	100	100	88	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	97	*	0	0
January 2017	100	100	82	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	86	*	0	0
January 2018	100	100	76	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	76	*	0	0
January 2019	100	99	69	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	66	*	0	0
January 2020	100	90	62	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	57	*	0	0
January 2021	100	82	54	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	48	*	0	0
January 2022	100	74	48	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	41	*	0	0
January 2023	100	65	41	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	34	*	0	0
January 2024	100	57	34	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	28	*	0	0
January 2025	100	49	28	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	23	*	0	0
January 2026	100	41	23	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	19	*	0	0
January 2027	100	34	17	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	15	*	0	0
January 2028	100	27	12	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	12	*	0	0
January 2029	100	20	7	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	9	*	0	0
January 2030	100	13	3	0	0	0	0		100	100	100	7	*	0	0
January 2031	100	7	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	93	5	*	0	0
January 2032	82	1	0	0	0	0	0		100	100	65	3	*	0	0
January 2033	53	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	69	40	2	*	0	0
January 2034	21	0	0	0	0	0	0		100	31	18	1	*	0	0
January 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average															
Life (years)**	28.1	20.1	16.9	3.3	2.5	1.8	1.2		29.8	28.5	27.7	16.8	5.7	3.2	2.0

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

** Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

		HB, GF, GS \dagger and HC Classes											HV	V Class			
		PSA Prepayment Assumption							_					repaymount ion	ent		
Date	0%	100%	250%	365%	400%	550%	800%	1100%	()%	100%	250%	365%	400%	550%	800%	1100%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2006	98	95	93	93	93	93	93	93	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2007	95	87	79	79	79	79	65	48	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2008	93	78	63	63	63	53	33	16	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2009	90	68	49	49	49	35	17	5	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2010	87	60	37	37	37	23	8	1	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2011	84	51	28	28	28	15	4	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	100	79
January 2012	81	43	21	21	21	9	2	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	100	26
January 2013	77	35	15	15	15	6	*	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	100	9
January 2014	73	27	11	11	11	4	0	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	76	3
January 2015	69	20	8	8	8	2	0	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	39	1
January 2016	64	12	6	6	6	1	0	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	20	*
January 2017	59	5	4	4	4	*	0	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	10	*
January 2018	54	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	100	5	*
January 2019	48	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	64	3	*
January 2020	42	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	42	1	*
January 2021	36	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	00	100	100	100	100	27	1	*
January 2022	29	*	*	*	*	0	0	0		00	100	100	100	100	17	*	*
January 2023	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		00	91	91	91	91	11	*	*
January 2024	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		00	65	65	65	65	7	*	*
January 2025	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		00	46	46	46	46	4	*	*
January 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		32	32	32	32	32	3	*	*
January 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		22	22	22	22	22	2	*	*
January 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		15	15	15	15	15	1	*	0
January 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		10	10	10	10	10	1	*	0
January 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		6	6	6	6	6	*	*	0
January 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		4	4	4	4	4	*	*	0
January 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2	2	2	2	2	*	*	0
January 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	1	1	1	1	*	*	0
January 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0
January 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average									_								
Life (years)**	12.7	6.4	4.7	4.7	4.7	3.7	2.7	2.1	21	1.5	20.5	20.5	20.5	20.5	15.3	10.1	6.7

					GZ Class			
				P	SA Prepayment Assumption			
Date	0%	100%	250%	365%	400%	550%	800%	1100%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2006	106	106	100	88	84	68	40	7
January 2007		113	100	64	53	6	0	0
January 2008	120	120	100	40	22	0	0	0
January 2009		127	100	27	7	0	0	0
January 2010		135	100	21	*	0	0	0
January 2011		143	100	19	*	0	0	0
January 2012		152	95	18	*	0	0	0
January 2013		161	88	16	*	0	0	0
January 2014	171	171	80	13	*	0	0	0
January 2015	182	182	71	11	*	0	0	0
January 2016		193	63	10	*	0	0	0
January 2017		205	54	8	*	0	0	0
January 2018		195	47	6	*	0	0	0
January 2019		180	40	5	*	0	0	0
January 2020		165	34	4	*	0	0	0
January 2021	261	150	28	3	*	0	0	0
January 2022		135	23	3	*	0	0	0
January 2023		121	19	$\tilde{2}$	*	0	Ō	Ō
January 2024		108	16	2	*	0	0	0
January 2025		95	13	1	*	0	0	0
January 2026		83	10	ī	*	0	Ō	Ō
January 2027		71	8	1	*	0	0	0
January 2028		60	6	*	*	0	0	0
January 2029		50	5	*	*	0	Ō	Ō
January 2030		40	3	*	*	0	0	0
January 2031		30	2	*	*	0	0	0
January 2032	140	21	$\bar{1}$	*	*	0	Ō	Ō
January 2033	97	13	1	*	*	0	0	0
January 2034	51	5	*	*	*	0	0	0
January 2035	0	ő	0	0	0	ő	ŏ	Ö
Weighted Average								
Life (years)**	26.0	19.9	13.6	4.1	2.2	1.3	0.9	0.7

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Trust remain after the principal balances of all Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the R Class the proceeds from those assets. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Regular Interests are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the RL Class. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to a "disqualified organization." In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to any person that is not a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of a Residual Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See "Description of Certificates-Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences— Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of a Residual Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the "Regulations") provide that a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had "improper knowledge").

As discussed under the caption "Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has amended the Regulations to provide additional requirements that a transferor must satisfy to avail itself of the safe harbor regarding the presumed lack of improper knowledge. For transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002, a transferor of a Residual Certificate is presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions discussed in the REMIC Prospectus, both (i) the transferee represents that it will not cause income from the Residual Certificate to be attributed to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of the transferee or another taxpayer and (ii) the transfer satisfies either the "asset test" or the "formula test." The representation described in (i) will be included in the affidavit discussed above. See "Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

A transfer satisfies the asset test if (i) the transferee's gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfer and at the close of each of the transferee's two fiscal years preceding the year of transfer), (ii) the transferee is an "eligible corporation" and the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the Residual Certificate will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor and satisfy the asset test, and (iii) the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the

taxes associated with the Residual Certificate will not be paid. A transfer satisfies the formula test if the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The Regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Lower Tier REMIC. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The REMIC Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the "regular interests," and the R Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the "regular interests" and the RL Class will be designated as the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, as "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Classes and the Accrual Classes will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Conse-

quences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

Group	Prepayment Assumption
1	265% PSA
2	365% PSA

See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at either of those rates or any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 120% of the "federal long-term rate." The rate will be published on or about December 20, 2004. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions" and "—Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Treasury Department recently issued Regulations providing that, to clearly reflect income, an inducement fee paid to a transferee of a noneconomic residual interest in a REMIC must be included in income over a period that is reasonably related to the period during which the applicable REMIC is expected to generate taxable income or net loss allocable to the transferee. The Regulations set forth two safe harbor methods under which a taxpayer's accounting for the inducement fee will be considered to clearly reflect income for these purposes. In addition, under the Regulations an inducement fee shall be treated as income from sources within the United States. The Regulations, which are effective for taxable years ending on or after May 11, 2004, contain additional details regarding their application. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to the transfer of a Residual Certificate.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

General. The RCR Class will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The REMIC Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest in those REMIC Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of REMIC Certificates, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The RCR Class (the "Combination RCR Class") will represent the beneficial ownership of the underlying REMIC Certificates set forth in Schedule 1. Each Certificate of the Combination RCR Class (a "Combination RCR Certificate") will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying REMIC Certificates.

Combination RCR Class. A beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate will be treated as the beneficial owner of a proportionate interest in the REMIC Certificates underlying that Combination RCR Certificate. Except in the case of a beneficial owner that acquires a Combination RCR Certificate in an exchange described under "—Exchanges" below, a beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate must allocate its cost to acquire that Certificate among the underlying REMIC

Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of acquisition. Such an owner should account for its ownership interest in each underlying REMIC Certificate as described under "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" above and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. When a beneficial owner sells a Combination RCR Certificate, the owner must allocate the sale proceeds among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of sale.

Exchanges. If a beneficial owner exchanges one or more REMIC Certificates for the RCR Certificate or Certificates in the manner described under "Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination" in this prospectus supplement, the exchange will not be taxable. Likewise, if a beneficial owner exchanges one or more RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificate or Certificates in the manner described in that discussion, the exchange will not be a taxable exchange. In each of these cases, the beneficial owner will be treated as continuing to own after the exchange the same combination of interests in the related REMIC Certificates (or the same interest in the related REMIC Certificate) that it owned immediately prior to the exchange.

Tax Return Disclosure Requirements

The Treasury Department recently issued Regulations directed at "tax shelters" that could be read to apply to transactions generally not considered to be tax shelters. These Regulations require that taxpayers that participate in a "reportable transaction" disclose such transaction on their tax returns by attaching IRS Form 8886 and retain information related to the transaction. A transaction may be a "reportable transaction" based upon any of several indicia, one or more of which may be present with respect to the Certificates. You should consult your own tax advisor concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to your investment in the Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General. We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Banc of America Securities LLC (the "Dealer") in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

Increase in Certificates. Before the Settlement Date, we and the Dealer may agree to offer Classes in addition to those contemplated as of the date of this prospectus supplement. In this event, we will increase the related MBS, in principal balance, but we expect that all these additional MBS will have the same characteristics as described under "Description of the Certificates—The MBS" in this prospectus supplement. The proportion that the original principal balance of each Group 1 or Group 2 Class bears to the aggregate original principal balance of all Group 1 or Group 2 Classes, respectively, will remain the same. In addition, the dollar amounts shown in the Principal Balance Schedules will be increased to correspond to the increase of the principal balances of the applicable Classes.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. Kennedy Covington Lobdell & Hickman, L.L.P. will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Available Recombination (1) (2)

	Final Distribution Date	January 2035
	CUSIP Number	31394CCH3
ares	Principal Type (3)	PAC/AD
RCR Certificates	Interest Type (3)	FIX
	Interest Rate	4.5%
	Original Principal Balance	\$32,778,800
	RCR Class	HC
Certificates	Original Principal or Notional Principal Principal Balances	\$29,798,910 $2,979,890$ $2,979,890(4)$
KEMI	Classes	HB GF GS

In any exchange, the relative proportions of the REMIC Certificates to be delivered (or, if applicable, received) in such exchange will equal the proportions reflected by the outstanding principal or notional principal balances of the related REMIC Classes at the time of exchange.
 If, as a result of a proposed exchange, a Certificateholder would hold a REMIC Certificate or RCR Certificates of a Class in an amount less than the applicable minimum denomination for that Class, the Certificateholder will be unable to effect the proposed exchange. See "Description of the Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" and "—Distributions of Principal" in this prospectus supplement.
 Notional principal balance.

Principal Balance Schedules

AP Class Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance		March 2010	\$ 72,767,745.25	June 2014	\$ 22,780,490.05
through January 2006	\$138,955,000.00	April 2010	71,516,492.26	July 2014	22,218,906.88
February 2006	138,031,953.33	May 2010	70,271,721.48	August 2014	21,670,845.47
March 2006	137,066,978.29	June 2010	69,033,399.58	September 2014	21,135,985.49
April 2006	136,060,476.15	July 2010	67,801,493.37	October 2014	20,614,014.11
*	135,012,869.59	August 2010	66,575,969.86	November 2014	20,104,625.81
May 2006 June 2006	, ,	September 2010	65,356,796.20	December 2014	19,607,522.24
	133,924,602.42	October 2010	64,143,939.74	January 2015	19,122,412.04
July 2006	132,796,139.27	November 2010	62,937,367.97	February 2015	18,649,010.68
August 2006	131,627,965.27	December 2010	61,737,048.56	March 2015	18,187,040.30
September 2006 October 2006	130,420,585.72	January 2011	60,542,949.36	April 2015	17,736,229.55
	129,174,525.71	February 2011	59,355,038.36	May 2015	17,296,313.45
November 2006	127,890,329.80	March 2011	58,173,283.73	June 2015	16,867,033.23
December 2006	126,568,561.57	April 2011	56,997,653.80	July 2015	16,448,136.20
January 2007	125,209,803.23	May 2011	55,828,117.06	August 2015	16,039,375.59
February 2007	123,814,655.23	June 2011	54,664,642.16	September 2015	15,640,510.43
March 2007	122,383,735.77	July 2011	53,507,197.93	October 2015	15,251,305.39
April 2007	120,917,680.38	August 2011	52,355,753.34	November 2015	14,871,530.69
May 2007	119,417,141.41	September 2011	51,210,277.52	December 2015	14,500,961.94
June 2007	117,924,367.03	October 2011	50,070,739.76	January 2016	14,139,380.02
July 2007	116,439,317.28	November 2011	48,937,109.53	February 2016	13,786,570.94
August 2007	114,961,952.43	December 2011	47,809,356.43	March 2016	13,442,325.77
September 2007	113,492,232.95	January 2012	46,687,450.23	April 2016	, , ,
October 2007	112,030,119.51	February 2012	45,571,360.85	May 2016	13,106,440.48 12,778,715.82
November 2007	110,575,572.98	March 2012	, ,	June 2016	, , ,
December 2007	109,128,554.44	April 2012	44,464,247.47	July 2016	12,458,957.26
January 2008	107,689,025.17	May 2012	43,383,526.09	•	12,146,974.82
February 2008	106,256,946.63	June 2012	42,328,575.85	August 2016	11,842,582.99
March 2008	104,832,280.50		41,298,790.40	September 2016 October 2016	11,545,600.65
April 2008	103,414,988.65	July 2012	40,293,577.51		11,255,850.91
May 2008	102,005,033.15	August 2012	39,312,358.73	November 2016	10,973,161.08
June 2008	100,602,376.26	September 2012	38,354,569.11	December 2016	10,697,362.50
July 2008	99,206,980.44	October 2012	37,419,656.89	January 2017	10,428,290.52
August 2008	97,818,808.33	November 2012	36,507,083.14	February 2017	10,165,784.35
September 2008	96,437,822.77	December 2012	35,616,321.52	March 2017	9,909,686.99
October 2008	95,063,986.79	January 2013	34,746,857.96	April 2017	9,659,845.14
November 2008	93,697,263.61	February 2013	33,898,190.40	May 2017	9,416,109.12
December 2008	92,337,616.66	March 2013	33,069,828.47	June 2017	9,178,332.79
January 2009	90,985,009.52	April 2013	32,261,293.27	July 2017	8,946,373.43
February 2009	89,639,405.98	May 2013	31,472,117.05	August 2017	8,720,091.72
March 2009	88,300,770.01	June 2013	30,701,843.00	September 2017	8,499,351.60
April 2009	86,969,065.78	July 2013	29,950,024.99	October 2017	8,284,020.24
May 2009	85,644,257.62	August 2013	29,216,227.27	November 2017	8,073,967.94
June 2009	84,326,310.06	September 2013	28,500,024.31	December 2017	7,869,068.07
July 2009	83,015,187.80	October 2013	27,801,000.50	January 2018	7,669,196.99
August 2009	81,710,855.74	November 2013	27,118,749.94	February 2018	7,474,233.98
September 2009	80,413,278.95	December 2013	26,452,876.23	March 2018	7,284,061.17
October 2009	79,122,422.68	January 2014	25,802,992.24	April 2018	7,098,563.49
November 2009	77,838,252.35	February 2014	25,168,719.86	May 2018	6,917,628.57
December 2009	76,560,733.57	March 2014	24,549,689.87	June 2018	6,741,146.72
January 2010	75,289,832.13	April 2014	23,945,541.64	July 2018	6,569,010.83
February 2010	74,025,513.97	May 2014	23,355,923.01	August 2018	6,401,116.35

AP Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
September 2018	\$ 6,237,361.17	February 2023	\$ 1,511,714.38	July 2027	\$ 316,282.88
October 2018	6,077,645.63	March 2023	1,470,287.94	August 2027	306,320.14
November 2018	5,921,872.41	April 2023	1,429,926.52	September 2027	296,632.41
December 2018	5,769,946.52	May 2023	1,390,603.74	October 2027	287,212.59
January 2019	5,621,775.18	June 2023	1,352,293.90	November 2027	278,053.75
February 2019	5,477,267.86	July 2023	1,314,971.89	December 2027	269,149.14
March 2019	5,336,336.15	August 2023	1,278,613.23	January 2028	260,492.19
April 2019	5,198,893.73	September 2023	1,243,194.01	February 2028	252,076.46
May 2019	5,064,856.35	October 2023	1,208,690.92	March 2028	243,895.70
June 2019	4,934,141.74	November 2023	1,175,081.20	April 2028	235,943.80
July 2019	4,806,669.61	December 2023	1,142,342.64	May 2028	228,214.82
August 2019	4,682,361.54	January 2024	1,110,453.56	June 2028	220,702.94
September 2019	4,561,141.01	February 2024	1,079,392.84	July 2028	213,402.51
October 2019	4,442,933.29	March 2024	1,049,139.84	August 2028	206,308.01
November 2019	4,327,665.45	April 2024	1,019,674.42	September 2028	199,414.06
December 2019	4,215,266.28	May 2024	990,976.95	October 2028	192,715.41
January 2020	4,105,666.27	June 2024	963,028.25	November 2028	186,206.95
February 2020	3,998,797.56	July 2024	935,809.63	December 2028	179,883.69
March 2020	3,894,593.90	August 2024	909,302.83	January 2029	173,740.77
April 2020	3,792,990.63	September 2024	883,490.07	February 2029	167,773.45
May 2020	3,693,924.62	October 2024	858,353.96	March 2029	161,977.11
June 2020	3,597,334.25	November 2024	833,877.55	April 2029	156,347.24
July 2020	3,503,159.38	December 2024	810,044.32	May 2029	150,879.46
August 2020	3,411,341.28	January 2025	786,838.13	June 2029	145,569.48
September 2020	3,321,822.62	February 2025	764,243.24	July 2029	140,413.12
October 2020	3,234,547.47	March 2025	742,244.29	August 2029	135,406.32
November 2020	3,149,461.21	April 2025	720,826.30	September 2029	130,545.12
December 2020	3,066,510.52	May 2025	699,974.65	October 2029	125,825.65
January 2021	2,985,643.36	June 2025	679,675.09	November 2029	121,244.13
February 2021	2,906,808.95	July 2025	659,913.70	December 2029	116,796.90
March 2021	2,829,957.69	August 2025	640,676.91	January 2030	112,480.38
April 2021	2,755,041.19	September 2025	621,951.48	February 2030	108,291.07
May 2021	2,682,012.22	October 2025	603,724.49	March 2030	104,225.57
June 2021	2,610,824.65	November 2025	585,983.35	April 2030	100,280.58
July 2021	2,541,433.50	December 2025	568,715.76	May 2030	96,452.85
August 2021	2,473,794.82	January 2026	551,909.74	June 2030	92,739.24
September 2021	2,407,865.74	February 2026	535,553.57	July 2030	89,136.69
October 2021	2,343,604.42	March 2026	519,635.87	August 2030	85,642.19
November 2021	2,280,970.00	April 2026	504,145.48	September 2030	82,252.84
December 2021	2,219,922.62	May 2026	489,071.57	October 2030	78,965.79
January 2022	2,160,423.36	June 2026	474,403.53	November 2030	75,778.28
February 2022	2,102,434.26	July 2026	460,131.04	December 2030	72,687.60
March 2022	2,045,918.23	August 2026	446,244.03	January 2031	69,691.14
April 2022	1,990,839.11	September 2026	432,732.65	February 2031	66,786.32
May 2022	1,937,161.59	October 2026	419,587.34	March 2031	63,970.66
June 2022	1,884,851.20	November 2026	406,798.73	April 2031	61,241.72
July 2022	1,833,874.32	December 2026	394,357.71	May 2031	58,597.14
August 2022	1,784,198.12	January 2027	382,255.38	June 2031	56,034.59
September 2022	1,735,790.58	February 2027	370,483.07	July 2031	53,551.84
October 2022	1,688,620.42	March 2027	359,032.32	August 2031	51,146.69
November 2022	1,642,657.14	April 2027	347,894.88	September 2031	48,817.01
December 2022	1,597,870.96	May 2027	337,062.69	October 2031	46,560.72
January 2023	1,554,232.83	June 2027	326,527.91	November 2031	44,375.79

AP Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
December 2031	\$ 42,260.24	January 2033	\$ 20,261.71	January 2034	\$ 7,079.10
January 2032	40,212.16	February 2033	18,936.70	February 2034	6,218.69
February 2032	38,229.67	March 2033	17,656.93	March 2034	5,390.06
March 2032	36,310.94	April 2033	16,421.11	April 2034	4,592.28
April 2032	34,454.20	May 2033	15,227.97	May 2034	3,824.43
May 2032	32,657.72	June 2033	14,076.30	June 2034	3,085.64
June 2032	30,919.81	July 2033	12,964.90	July 2034	2,375.03
July 2032	29,238.83	August 2033	11,892.60	August 2034	1,691.76
August 2032	27,613.18 26.041.29	September 2033	10,858.27	e e	,
September 2032 October 2032	24.521.66	October 2033	9,860.82	September 2034	1,035.02
November 2032	23.052.81	November 2033	8,899.16	October 2034	404.01
December 2032	21,633.29	December 2033	7,972.26	November 2034 and thereafter	0.00

Aggregate Group I Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance		December 2014	\$18,572,461.58	November 2017	\$11,548,329.33
through February 2012	\$24,798,000.00	January 2015	18,349,485.34	December 2017	11,376,739.60
March 2012	24,794,810.88	February 2015	18,127,354.09	January 2018	11,206,923.60
April 2012	24,770,986.91	March 2015	17,906,128.98	February 2018	11,038,883.25
May 2012	24,770,380.31	April 2015	17,685,868.34	March 2018	10,872,619.69
June 2012	24,663,784.92	May 2015	17,466,627.75	April 2018	10,708,133.24
July 2012	24,581,546.73	June 2015	17,248,460.13	May 2018	10,545,423.46
August 2012	24,480,953.99	July 2015	17,031,415.83	June 2018	10,384,489.21
September 2012	24,362,542.64	August 2015	16,815,542.68	July 2018	10,225,328.62
October 2012	24,226,835.60	September 2015	16,600,886.15	August 2018	10,067,939.16
November 2012	24,074,343.06	October 2015	16,387,489.32	September 2018	9,912,317.67
December 2012	23,905,562.80	November 2015	16,175,393.04	October 2018	9,758,460.35
January 2013	23,720,980.46	December 2015	15,964,635.98	November 2018	9,606,362.84
February 2013	23,521,069.85	January 2016	15,755,254.67	December 2018	9,456,020.20
March 2013	23,306,293.19	February 2016	15,547,283.63	January 2019	9,307,426.94
April 2013	23,085,825.42	March 2016	15,340,755.38	February 2019	9,160,577.08
May 2013	22,864,074.07	April 2016	15,135,700.53	March 2019	9,015,464.13
June 2013	22,641,185.73	May 2016	14,932,147.86	April 2019	8,872,081.13
July 2013	22,417,301.57	June 2016	14,730,124.34	May 2019	8,730,420.69
August 2013	22,192,557.49	July 2016	14,529,655.25	June 2019	8,590,474.97
September 2013	21,967,084.30	August 2016	14,330,764.18	July 2019	8,452,235.73
October 2013	21,741,007.83	September 2016	14,133,473.10	August 2019	8,315,694.35
November 2013	21,514,449.13	October 2016	13,937,802.47	September 2019	8,180,841.84
December 2013	21,287,524.57	November 2016	13,743,771.20	October 2019	8,047,668.86
January 2014	21,060,345.99	December 2016	13,551,396.80	November 2019	7,916,165.72
February 2014	20,833,020.83	January 2017	13,360,695.35	December 2019	7,786,322.45
March 2014	20,605,652.30	February 2017	13,171,681.59	January 2020	7,658,128.74
April 2014	20,378,339.46	March 2017	12,984,368.97	February 2020	7,531,574.05
May 2014	20,151,177.36	April 2017	12,798,769.68	March 2020	7,406,647.52
June 2014	19,924,257.18	May 2017	12,614,894.72	April 2020	7,283,338.07
July 2014	19,697,666.31	June 2017	12,432,753.88	May 2020	7,161,634.38
August 2014	19,471,488.52	July 2017	12,252,355.89	June 2020	7,041,524.91
September 2014	19,245,804.02	August 2017	12,073,708.36	July 2020	6,922,997.90
October 2014	19,020,689.59	September 2017	11,896,817.86	August 2020	6,806,041.39
November 2014	18,796,218.70	October 2017	11,721,689.98	September 2020	6,690,643.27

$Aggregate\ Group\ I\ (Continued)$

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
October 2020	\$ 6,576,791.22	March 2025	\$ 2,407,243.36	August 2029	\$ 668,745.50
November 2020	6,464,472.79	April 2025	2,357,219.07	September 2029	649,684.75
December 2020	6,353,675.36	May 2025	2,308,027.28	October 2029	630,997.74
January 2021	6,244,386.19	June 2025	2,259,656.71	November 2029	612,678.39
February 2021	6,136,592.41	July 2025	2,212,096.16	December 2029	594,720.67
March 2021	6,030,281.04	August 2025	2,165,334.54	January 2030	577,118.65
April 2021	5,925,438.98	September 2025	2,119,360.87	February 2030	559,866.47
May 2021	5,822,053.06	October 2025	2,074,164.27	March 2030	542,958.36
June 2021	5,720,109.99	November 2025	2,029,733.94	April 2030	526,388.64
July 2021	5,619,596.43	December 2025	1,986,059.22	May 2030	510,151.67
August 2021	5,520,498.97	January 2026	1,943,129.53	June 2030	494,241.93
September 2021	5,422,804.11	February 2026	1,900,934.40	July 2030	478,653.96
October 2021	5,326,498.35	March 2026	1,859,463.46	August 2030	463,382.38
November 2021	5,231,568.09	April 2026	1,818,706.44	September 2030	448,421.87
December 2021	5,137,999.72	May 2026	1,778,653.20	October 2030	433,767.22
January 2022	5,045,779.61	June 2026	1,739,293.68	November 2030	419,413.25
February 2022	4,954,894.09	July 2026	1,700,617.92	December 2030	405,354.89
March 2022	4,865,329.46	August 2026	1,662,616.08	January 2031	391,587.12
April 2022	4,777,072.05	September 2026	1,625,278.43	February 2031	378,105.02
May 2022	4,690,108.15	October 2026	1,588,595.32	March 2031	364,903.70
June 2022	4,604,424.06	November 2026	1,552,557.23	April 2031	351,978.37
July 2022	4,520,006.10	December 2026	1,517,154.72	May 2031	339,324.31
August 2022	4,436,840.59	January 2027	1,482,378.47	June 2031	326,936.85
September 2022	4,354,913.86	February 2027	1,448,219.27	July 2031	314,811.41
October 2022	4,274,212.29	March 2027	1,414,667.98	August 2031	302,943.45
November 2022	4,194,722.25	April 2027	1,381,715.59	September 2031	291,328.52
December 2022	4,116,430.18	May 2027	1,349,353.20	October 2031	279,962.24
January 2023	4,039,322.53	June 2027	1,317,571.99	November 2031	268,840.26
February 2023	3,963,385.80	July 2027	1,286,363.25	December 2031	257,958.34
March 2023	3,888,606.52	August 2027	1,255,718.38	January 2032	247,312.26
April 2023	3,814,971.30	September 2027	1,225,628.86	February 2032	236,897.90
May 2023	3,742,466.77	October 2027	1,196,086.29	March 2032	226,711.18
June 2023	3,671,079.64	November 2027	1,167,082.37	April 2032	216,748.09
July 2023	3,600,796.65	December 2027	1,138,608.88	May 2032	207,004.66
August 2023	3,531,604.62	January 2028	1,110,657.72	June 2032	197,477.02
September 2023	3,463,490.43	February 2028	1,083,220.88	July 2032	188,161.32
October 2023	3,396,441.04	March 2028	1,056,290.43	August 2032	179,053.79
November 2023	3,330,443.46	April 2028	1,029,858.58	September 2032	170,150.71
December 2023	3,265,484.79	May 2028	1,003,917.60	October 2032	161,448.42
January 2024	3,201,552.19	June 2028	978,459.85	November 2032	152,943.31
February 2024	3,138,632.91	July 2028	953,477.83	December 2032	144,631.84
March 2024	3,076,714.26	August 2028	928,964.09	January 2033	136,510.50
April 2024	3,015,783.67	September 2028	904,911.29	February 2033	128,575.86
May 2024	2,955,828.60	October 2028	881,312.19	March 2033	120,824.53
June 2024	2,896,836.65	November 2028	858,159.63	April 2033	113,253.18
July 2024	2,838,795.48	December 2028	835,446.55	May 2033	105,858.51
August 2024	2,781,692.83	January 2029	813,165.98	June 2033	98,637.30
September 2024	2,725,516.54	February 2029	791,311.04	July 2033	91,586.36
October 2024	2,670,254.55	March 2029	769,874.94	August 2033	84,702.58
November 2024	2,615,894.89	April 2029	748,850.97	September 2033	77,982.85
December 2024	2,562,425.67	May 2029	728,232.53	October 2033	71,424.15
January 2025	2,509,835.12	June 2029	708,013.08	November 2033	65,023.50
February 2025	2,458,111.55	July 2029	688,186.19	December 2033	58,777.96

$Aggregate\ Group\ I\ (Continued)$

Distribution Date	Planned Balance				Planned Balance		Distribution Date		Planned Balance	
January 2034	\$	52,684.63	May 203	34	\$	29,777.23	September 2034	ł	\$	9,085.72
February 2034		46,740.67	June 203	34		24,403.20	October 2034			4,239.63
March 2034		40,943.28	July 203	34		19,164.99	November 2034	and		,
April 2034		35,289.70	August 2	2034		14,060.01	thereafter			0.00

Aggregate Group II Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$26,366,000.00	November 2007	\$11,108,390.62	August 2010	\$ 3,419,069.78
February 2005	25,929,637.16	December 2007	10,805,737.76	September 2010	3,252,606.94
March 2005	25,435,099.18	January 2008	10,507,876.96	October 2010	3,089,625.54
April 2005	24,882,556.08	February 2008	10,214,763.10	November 2010	2,930,091.22
May 2005	24,272,216.76	March 2008	9,926,351.37	December 2010	2,773,969.85
June 2005	23,604,328.99	April 2008	9,642,597.34	January 2011	2,621,227.60
July 2005	22,879,179.30	May 2008	9,363,456.94	February 2011	2,471,830.93
August 2005	22,097,092.83	June 2008	9,088,886.46	March 2011	2,325,746.57
September 2005	21,258,433.13	July 2008	8,818,842.56	April 2011	2,182,941.53
October 2005	20,363,601.98	August 2008	8,553,282.23	May 2011	2,043,383.09
November 2005	19,413,039.09	September 2008	8,292,162.83	June 2011	1,907,038.82
December 2005	18,407,221.77	October 2008	8,035,442.07	July 2011	1,773,876.52
January 2006	17,346,664.61	November 2008	7,783,077.99	August 2011	1,643,864.30
February 2006	17,154,965.72	December 2008	7,535,028.98	September 2011	1,516,970.52
March 2006	16,951,594.65	January 2009	7,291,253.78	October 2011	1,393,163.81
April 2006	16,736,773.94	February 2009	7,051,711.46	November 2011	1,272,413.05
May 2006	16,510,740.12	March 2009	6,816,361.42	December 2011	1,154,687.39
June 2006	16,273,743.42	April 2009	6,585,163.40	January 2012	1,039,956.24
July 2006	16,026,047.51	May 2009	6,358,077.49	February 2012	928,189.25
August 2006	15,767,929.14	June 2009	6,135,064.06	March 2012	819,356.35
September 2006	15,499,677.81	July 2009	5,916,083.85	April 2012	713,427.70
November 2006	15,221,595.39	August 2009	5,701,097.90	May 2012	610,373.73
December 2006	14,933,995.74 14,637,204.33	September 2009	5,490,067.58	June 2012	510,165.09
January 2007	14,331,557.76	October 2009	5,282,954.56	July 2012	412,772.70
February 2007	14,017,403.38	November 2009	5,079,720.87	August 2012	318,167.72
March 2007	13,695,098.79	December 2009	4,880,328.79	September 2012	229,691.75
April 2007	13,365,011.37	January 2010	4,684,740.98	October 2012	156,035.64
May 2007	13,027,517.85	February 2010	4,492,920.33	November 2012	96,878.60
June 2007	12,695,143.08	March 2010	4,304,830.11	December 2012	51,905.54
July 2007	12,367,839.27	April 2010	4,120,433.85	January 2013	20,807.07
August 2007	12,045,558.96	May 2010	3,939,695.41	February 2013	3,279.34
September 2007	11,728,255.14	June 2010	3,762,578.90	March 2013 and	5,413.54
October 2007	11,415,881.12	July 2010	3,589,048.78	thereafter	0.00

Aggregate Group III Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$82,597,000.00	June 2005	\$80,787,708.61	November 2005	\$78,035,465.12
February 2005	82,249,747.12	July 2005	80,318,176.12	December 2005	77,366,223.64
March 2005	81,947,203.54	August 2005	79,807,721.68	January 2006	76,658,770.44
April 2005	81,602,525.53	September 2005	79,256,782.73	February 2006	75,913,800.74
May 2005	81,215,935.15	October 2005	78,665,849.62	March 2006	75,132,058.60

Aggregate Group III (Continued)

Distribution	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
April 2006	\$74,314,335.83	September 2010	\$25,895,672.33	February 2015	\$ 7,024,705.53
May 2006	73,461,470.73	October 2010	25,273,644.71	March 2015	6,851,376.93
June 2006	72,574,346.67	November 2010	24,666,312.51	April 2015	6,682,217.76
July 2006	71,653,890.69	December 2010	24,073,332.55	May 2015	6,517,129.43
August 2006	70,701,071.86	January 2011	23,494,369.59	June 2015	6,356,015.64
September 2006	69,716,899.68	February 2011	22,929,096.17	July 2015	6,198,782.33
October 2006	68,702,422.27	March 2011	22,377,192.41	August 2015	6,045,337.67
November 2006	67,658,724.55	April 2011	21,838,345.83	September 2015	5,895,591.94
December 2006	66,586,926.29	May 2011	21,312,251.20	October 2015	5,749,457.56
January 2007	65,488,180.10	June 2011	20,798,610.37	November 2015	5,606,848.96
February 2007	64,363,669.36	July 2011	20,297,132.10	December 2015	5,467,682.59
March 2007	63,214,606.04	August 2011	19,807,531.89	January 2016	5,331,876.86
April 2007	62,042,228.48	September 2011	19,329,531.85	February 2016	5,199,352.08
May 2007	60,886,322.87	October 2011	18,862,860.53	March 2016	5,070,030.44
June 2007	59,746,661.95	November 2011	18,407,252.77	April 2016	4,943,835.92
July 2007	58,623,021.60	December 2011	17,962,449.58	May 2016	4,820,694.32
August 2007	57,515,180.71	January 2012	17,528,197.95	June 2016	4,700,533.16
September 2007	56,422,921.24	February 2012	17,104,250.77	July 2016	4,583,281.65
October 2007	55,346,028.08	March 2012	16,690,366.64	August 2016	4,468,870.67
November 2007	54,284,289.09	April 2012	16,286,309.79	September 2016	4,357,232.73
December 2007	53,237,495.02	May 2012	15,891,849.89	October 2016	4,248,301.91
January 2008	52,205,439.47	June 2012	15,506,761.99	November 2016	4,142,013.82
February 2008	51,187,918.87	July 2012	15,130,826.35	December 2016	4,038,305.62
March 2008	50,184,732.43	August 2012	14,763,828.34	January 2017	3,937,115.91
April 2008	49,195,682.11	September 2012	14,405,558.29	February 2017	3,838,384.75
May 2008	48,220,572.55	October 2012	14,055,811.44	March 2017	3,742,053.60
June 2008	47,259,211.08	November 2012	13,714,387.77	April 2017	3,648,065.29
July 2008	46,311,407.67	December 2012	13,381,091.91	May 2017	3,556,364.01
August 2008	45,376,974.88	January 2013	13,055,733.02	June 2017	3,466,895.24
September 2008	44,455,727.82	February 2013	12,738,124.72	July 2017	3,379,605.76
October 2008	43,547,484.15	March 2013	12,428,084.94	August 2017	3,294,443.58
November 2008	42,652,064.00	April 2013	12,125,435.87	September 2017	3,211,357.95
December 2008	41,769,289.99	May 2013	11,830,003.82	October 2017	3,130,299.31
January 2009	40,898,987.12	June 2013	11,541,619.13	November 2017	3,051,219.26
February 2009	40,040,982.83	July 2013	11,260,116.12	December 2017	2,974,070.55
March 2009	39,195,106.89	August 2013	10,985,332.93	January 2018	2,898,807.02
April 2009	38,361,191.41	September 2013	10,717,111.50	February 2018	2,825,383.62
May 2009	37,539,070.81	October 2013	10,455,297.43	March 2018	2,753,756.34
June 2009	36,728,581.74	November 2013	10,199,739.92	April 2018	2,683,882.24
July 2009	35,929,563.12	December 2013	9,950,291.68	May 2018	2,615,719.34
August 2009	35,141,856.05	January 2014	9,706,808.86	June 2018	2,549,226.70
September 2009	34,365,303.83	February 2014	9,469,150.95	July 2018	2,484,364.32
October 2009	33,599,751.88	March 2014	9,237,180.71	August 2018	2,421,093.14
November 2009	32,845,047.74	April 2014	9,010,764.13	September 2018	2,359,375.03
December 2009	32,101,041.06	May 2014	8,789,770.28	October 2018	2,299,172.75
January 2010	31,367,583.51	June 2014	8,574,071.32	November 2018	2,240,449.96
February 2010	30,644,528.83	July 2014	8,363,542.37	December 2018	2,183,171.15
March 2010	29,931,732.73	August 2014	8,158,061.47	January 2019	2,127,301.66
April 2010	29,229,052.93	September 2014	7,957,509.50	February 2019	2,072,807.66
May 2010	28,536,349.06	October 2014	7,761,770.12	March 2019	2,019,656.11
June 2010	27,853,482.70	November 2014	7,570,729.72	April 2019	1,967,814.73
July 2010	27,185,227.42	December 2014	7,384,277.32	May 2019	1,917,252.05
August 2010	26,532,746.68	January 2015	7,202,304.54	June 2019	1,867,937.29

Aggregate Group III (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
July 2019	\$ 1,819,840.44	December 2023	\$ 433,925.02	May 2028	\$ 86,147.89
August 2019	1,772,932.18	January 2024	421,819.03	June 2028	83,280.49
September 2019	1,727,183.88	February 2024	410,026.18	July 2028	80,493.57
October 2019	1,682,567.61	March 2024	398,538.71	August 2028	77,785.03
November 2019	1,639,056.07	April 2024	387,349.04	September 2028	75,152.83
December 2019	1,596,622.63	May 2024	376,449.78	October 2028	72,594.99
January 2020	1,555,241.29	June 2024	365,833.72	November 2028	70,109.57
February 2020	1,514,886.65	July 2024	355,493.82	December 2028	67,694.68
March 2020	1,475,533.92	August 2024	345,423.21	January 2029	65,348.48
April 2020	1,437,158.91	September 2024	335,615.19	February 2029	63,069.16
May 2020	1,399,737.98	October 2024	326,063.22	March 2029	60,854.99
June 2020	1,363,248.08	November 2024	316,760.91	April 2029	58,704.24
July 2020	1,327,666.67	December 2024	307,702.04	May 2029	56,615.27
August 2020	1,292,971.78	January 2025	298,880.54	June 2029	54,586.43
September 2020	1,259,141.95	February 2025	290,290.46	July 2029	52,616.15
October 2020	1,226,156.22	March 2025	281,926.03	August 2029	50,702.88
November 2020	1,193,994.13	April 2025	273,781.60	September 2029	48,845.13
December 2020	1,162,635.72	May 2025	265,851.66	October 2029	47,041.42
January 2021	1,132,061.50	June 2025	258,130.84	November 2029	45,290.32
February 2021	1,102,252.43	July 2025	250,613.90	December 2029	43,590.44
March 2021	1,073,189.93	August 2025	243,295.71	January 2030	41,940.43
April 2021	1,044,855.88	September 2025	236,171.29	February 2030	40,338.94
May 2021	1,017,232.56	October 2025	229,235.77	March 2030	38,784.71
June 2021	990,302.70	November 2025	222,484.39	April 2030	37,276.45
July 2021	964,049.43	December 2025	215,912.51	May 2030	35,812.95
August 2021	938,456.27	January 2026	209,515.62	June 2030	34,393.02
September 2021	913,507.15	February 2026	203,289.31	July 2030	33,015.48
October 2021	889,186.38	March 2026	197,229.26	August 2030	31,679.20
November 2021	865,478.64	April 2026	191,331.27	September 2030	30,383.07
December 2021	842,368.98	May 2026	185,591.26	October 2030	29,126.01
January 2022	819,842.80	June 2026	180,005.22	November 2030	27,906.97
February 2022	797,885.86	July 2026	174,569.24	December 2030	26,724.92
March 2022	776,484.25	August 2026	169,279.54	January 2031	25,578.87
April 2022	755,624.39	September 2026	164,132.39	February 2031	24,467.83
May 2022	735,293.04	October 2026	159,124.18	March 2031	23,390.87
June 2022	715,477.26	November 2026	154,251.38	April 2031	22,347.05
July 2022	696,164.43	December 2026	149,510.54	May 2031	21,335.48
August 2022	677,342.22	January 2027	144,898.29	June 2031	20,355.27
September 2022	658,998.62	February 2027	140,411.37	July 2031	19,405.58
October 2022	641,121.89	March 2027	136,046.57	August 2031	18,485.55
November 2022	623,700.56	April 2027	131,800.78	September 2031	17,594.39
December 2022	606,723.45	May 2027	127,670.95	October 2031	16,731.31
January 2023	590,179.65	June 2027	123,654.12	November 2031	15,895.52
February 2023	574,058.51	July 2027	119,747.39	December 2031	15,086.27
March 2023	558,349.63	August 2027	115,947.95	January 2032	14,302.84
April 2023	543,042.87	September 2027	112,253.02	February 2032	13,544.52
May 2023	528,128.31	October 2027	108,659.94	March 2032	12,810.59
June 2023	513,596.30	November 2027	105,166.09	April 2032	12,100.40
July 2023	499,437.41	December 2027	101,768.89	May 2032	11,413.27
August 2023	485,642.41	January 2028	98,465.88	June 2032	10,748.57
September 2023	472,202.34	February 2028	95,254.61	July 2032	10,105.67
October 2023	459,108.42	March 2028	92,132.72	August 2032	9,483.96
November 2023	446,352.10	April 2028	89,097.90	September 2032	8,882.85
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Aggregate Group III (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
October 2032	\$ 8,301.75	June 2033	\$ 4,308.90	February 2034	\$ 1,308.36
November 2032	7,740.10	July 2033	3,884.27	March 2034	992.22
December 2032	7,197.36	August 2033	3,474.64	A:1 9094	687.93
January 2033	6,672.98	September 2033	3,079.57	April 2034	087.93
February 2033	6,166.46	October 2033	2,698.65	May 2034	395.13
March 2033	5,677.28	November 2033	2,331.46	June 2034	113.48
April 2033	5,204.94	December 2033	1,977.61	July 2034 and	
May 2033	4,748.97	January 2034	1,636.70	thereafter	0.00

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the Certificates other than the information and representations contained in this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this Prospectus Supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved the Certificates or determined if this Prospectus Supplement is truthful and complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

\$363,000,000



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2005-3

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Banc of America Securities LLC

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December 15, 2004