\$750,000,000



Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2003-78

The Certificates

We, the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae"), will issue the classes of certificates listed in the chart on this page.

Payments to Certificateholders

We will make monthly payments on the certificates. You, the investor, will receive

- interest accrued on the balance of your certificate (except in the case of the accrual classes), and
- principal to the extent available for payment on your class.

We may pay principal at rates that vary from time to time. We may not pay principal to certain classes for long periods of time.

The Fannie Mae Guaranty

We will guarantee that required payments of principal and interest on the certificates are distributed to investors on time.

The Trust and its Assets

The trust will own Fannie Mae MBS.

The mortgage loans underlying the Fannie Mae MBS are first lien, single-family, fixed-rate loans.

Class	Group	Original Class Balance	Principal Type	Interest Rate	Interest Type	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date
Р	1	\$179,022,401	PAC	5.00%	FIX	31393D3B5	August 2033
FC	1	39,318,399	TAC/AD	(1)	FLT	31393D3C3	August 2033
SC	1	19,659,200	TAC/AD	(1)	INV	31393D3D1	August 2033
ZE	1	12,000,000	SUP	5.00	FIX/Z	31393D3E9	August 2033
QA(2)	2	74,664,889	SCH	3.00	FIX	31393D3F6	January 2033
FI(2)	2	93,331,111	SCH	(1)	FLT	31393D3G4	January 2033
SI(2)	2	93,331,111(3)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31393D3H2	January 2033
QH	2	10,000,000	SCH	5.50	FIX	31393D3J8	August 2033
F	2	40,336,266	TAC/AD	(1)	FLT	31393D3K5	August 2033
S	2	14,667,734	TAC/AD	(1)	INV	31393D3L3	August 2033
ZD	2	17,000,000	SUP	5.50	FIX / Z	31393D3M1	August 2033
MP	3	50,000,000	SEQ	3.75	FIX	31393D3N9	August 2022
FA	3	78,000,000	SEQ	(1)	FLT	31393D3P4	August 2022
SA	3	78,000,000(3)	NTL	(1)	INV/IO	31393D3Q2	August 2022
AE	3	7,000,000	SEQ	4.50	FIX	31393D3R0	August 2022
AD	3	90,000,000	SEQ	4.00	FIX	31393D3S8	August 2022
В	3	25,000,000	SEQ	5.00	FIX	31393D3T6	August 2023
R		0	NPR	0	NPR	31393D3U3	August 2033
RL		0	NPR	0	NPR	31393D3V1	August 2033

- (1) Based on LIBOR.
- (2) Exchangeable classes.
- (3) Notional balances. These classes are interest only

If you own certificates of certain classes, you can exchange them for the corresponding RCR certificates to be issued at the time of the exchange. The ΩP , ΩB , ΩC , ΩD and ΩE Classes are the RCR classes, as further described in this prospectus supplement.

The dealer will offer the certificates from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the settlement date to be July 30, 2003.

Carefully consider the risk factors starting on page S-7 of this prospectus supplement and on page 10 of the REMIC prospectus. Unless you understand and are able to tolerate these risks, you should not invest in the certificates.

You should read the REMIC prospectus as well as this prospectus supplement.

The certificates, together with interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof other than Fannie Mae.

The certificates are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.



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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the certificates only if you have read and understood this prospectus supplement and the following documents (the "Disclosure Documents"):

- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates dated May 1, 2002 (the "REMIC Prospectus");
- our Prospectus for Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (Single-Family Residential Mortgage Loans) dated April 1, 2003 (the "MBS Prospectus"); and
- any Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K that we file with the SEC during the period specified in the final paragraph of this page.

You can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling us at:

Fannie Mae MBS Helpline 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Area 2H-3S Washington, D.C. 20016 (telephone 1-800-237-8627 or 202-752-6547).

In addition, the Disclosure Documents, together with the class factors, are available on our corporate web site at www.fanniemae.com and our business to business web site at www.efanniemae.com.

You also can obtain copies of the Disclosure Documents by writing or calling the dealer at:

Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. Syndicate Operations Prospectus Department 31 West 52nd Street New York, New York 10019 (telephone 212-469-5000).

In the first quarter of 2003, we began filing periodic reports with the SEC under the Exchange Act. These filings will include Form 10-Ks, Form 10-Qs and Form 8-Ks. Our SEC filings are available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. You may also read and copy any document we file with the SEC by visiting the SEC's Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the operation of the Public Reference Room. We are providing the address of the SEC's Internet site solely for the information of prospective investors. We do not intend the Internet address to be an active link.

Information contained in any Form 10-K, Form 10-Q and Form 8-K that we file with the SEC prior to the termination of the offering of the certificates is hereby incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. In cases where we "furnish" information to the SEC on Form 8-K, as provided under the Exchange Act, that information is not incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement.

REFERENCE SHEET

This reference sheet is not a summary of the transaction and does not contain complete information about the certificates. You should purchase the certificates only after reading this prospectus supplement and each of the additional disclosure documents listed on page S-3.

Assets Underlying Each Group of Classes

Group	Assets
1	Group 1 MBS
2	Group 2 MBS
3	Group 3 MBS

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS (as of July 1, 2003)

	Approximate Principal Balance	Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)	Approximate Weighted Average Coupon
Group 1 MBS	\$250,000,000	360	358	1	5.55%
Group 2 MBS	\$250,000,000	360	357	2	5.82%
Group 3 MBS	\$250,000,000	240	239	1	5.60%

The actual remaining terms to maturity, weighted average loan ages and interest rates of most of the mortgage loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly.

Class Factors

The class factors are numbers that, when multiplied by the initial principal balance of a certificate, can be used to calculate the current principal balance of that certificate (after taking into account principal payments in the same month). We publish the class factors on or shortly after the 11th day of each month.

Settlement Date

We expect to issue the certificates on July 30, 2003.

Distribution Dates

We will make payments on the certificates on the 25th day of each calendar month, or on the next business day if the 25th day is not a business day.

Book-Entry and Physical Certificates

We will issue the book-entry certificates through the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks, which will electronically track ownership of the certificates and payments on them. We will issue physical certificates in registered, certificated form.

We will issue the classes of certificates in the following forms:

Fed Book-Entry	Physical
All classes of certificates other than the R and RL Classes	R and RL Classes

Exchanging Certificates Through Combination and Recombination

If you own certain certificates, you will be able to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related RCR certificates as shown on Schedule 1. We will issue the RCR certificates upon such exchange. You can exchange your certificates by notifying us and paying an exchange fee. We use the principal and interest of the certificates exchanged to pay principal and interest on the related RCR certificates. Schedule 1 lists the available combinations of the certificates eligible for exchange and the related RCR certificates.

Interest Rates

During each interest accrual period, the fixed rate classes will bear interest at the applicable annual interest rates listed on the cover of this prospectus supplement or on Schedule 1.

During the initial interest accrual period, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest at the initial interest rates listed below. During subsequent interest accrual periods, the floating rate and inverse floating rate classes will bear interest based on the formulas indicated below, but always subject to the specified maximum and minimum interest rates:

Class	Initial Interest <u>Rate</u>	Maximum Interest Rate	Minimum Interest Rate	Formula for Calculation of Interest Rate (1)
FC	1.65%	7.500%	0.55%	LIBOR + 55 basis points
SC		13.900%	0.00%	$13.90\% - (2 \times LIBOR)$
FI	1.50%	7.500%	0.40%	LIBOR + 40 basis points
SI	6.00%	7.100%	0.00%	7.1% - LIBOR
F	1.70%	7.500%	0.60%	LIBOR + 60 basis points
S		18.975%	0.00%	$18.975\% - (2.75 \times LIBOR)$
FA	1.70%	7.000%	0.40%	LIBOR + 40 basis points
SA	5.30%	6.600%	0.00%	6.6% - LIBOR

⁽¹⁾ We will establish LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method."

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Notional Classes

Class

A notional class will not receive any principal. Its notional principal balance is the balance used to calculate accrued interest. The notional principal balances will equal the percentages of the outstanding balances specified below immediately before the related distribution date:

Class	
SI	100% of the FI Class
SA	100% of the FA Class

Distributions of Principal

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

ZE Accrual Amount

To Aggregate Group I to its Targeted Balance, and thereafter to the ZE Class.

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

- 1. To the P Class to its Planned Balance
- 2. To Aggregate Group I to its Targeted Balance.

- 3. To the ZE Class to zero.
- 4. To Aggregate Group I to zero.
- 5. To the P Class to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Group I, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount" in this prospectus supplement.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

ZD Accrual Amount

To Aggregate Group III to its Targeted Balance, and thereafter to the ZD Class.

Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

- 1. To Aggregate Group II to its Scheduled Balance.
- 2. To Aggregate Group III to its Targeted Balance.
- 3. To the ZD Class to zero.
- 4. To Aggregate Group III to zero.
- 5. To Aggregate Group II to zero.

For a description of Aggregate Groups II and III, see "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Principal—Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount" in this prospectus supplement.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

- 1. To the MP, AE, AD and FA Classes, pro rata, to zero.
- 2. To the B Class to zero.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Weighted Average Lives (years)*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption						
Group 1 Classes	0%	100%	160%	200%	250%	500%	900%
P	17.1	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	4.6	2.9
FC and SC	20.8	14.3	6.4	8.0	3.7	1.8	1.2
ZE	28.8	24.8	21.0	2.7	1.5	0.7	0.4
			PSA	Prepayn	nent Assu	ımption	
Group 2 Classes		0%	$\underline{150\%}$	200%	350%	653%	1300%
QA, FI, SI, QP, QB, QC, QD and QE		16.9	5.2	5.2	5.2	3.3	2.0
QH		25.9	16.9	16.9	16.9	9.3	4.1
F and S		16.2	10.5	6.1	3.1	1.6	0.9
ZD		28.2	21.0	18.1	1.3	0.6	0.3
				PSA Pre	payment	Assumpt	ion
Group 3 Classes			0%	250 %	557%	900%	1100%
MP, FA, SA, AE and ADB			$11.6 \\ 19.5$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.6 \\ 14.6 \end{array}$	2.7 8.4	2.0 5.3	1.7 4.3

EDetermined as specified under "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement.

ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS

The rate of principal payments on the certificates will be affected by the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans. The rate at which you receive principal payments on the certificates will be sensitive to the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans underlying the related MBS, including prepayments. Because borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty, the rate of principal payments on the mortgage loans is likely to vary over time. It is highly unlikely that the mortgage loans will prepay

- at any of the prepayment rates we assumed in this prospectus supplement, or
- at any constant prepayment rate until maturity.

Yields may be lower than expected due to unexpected rate of principal payments. The actual yield on your certificates probably will be lower than you expect:

- if you buy your certificates at a premium and principal payments are faster than you expect, or
- if you buy your certificates at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expect.

Furthermore, in the case of interest only certificates and certificates purchased at a premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

You must make your own decisions about the various applicable assumptions, including prepayment assumptions, when deciding whether to purchase the certificates.

Weighted average lives and yields on the certificates are affected by actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans. We have assumed that the mortgage loans underlying the MBS have certain characteristics. However, the actual mortgage loans probably will have different characteristics from those we assumed. As a result, your yields could be lower than you expect, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the indicated constant prepayment rates. In addition, slight differences between the assumed

mortgage loan characteristics and the actual mortgage loans could affect the weighted average lives of the classes of certificates.

Level of floating rate index affects yields on certain certificates. The yield on any floating rate or inverse floating rate certificate will be affected by the level of its interest rate index. If the level of the index differs from the level you expect, then your actual yield may be lower than you expect.

Delay classes have lower yields and market values. Since the classes do not receive interest immediately following each interest accrual period, they have lower yields and lower market values than they would if there were no such delay.

Reinvestment of certificate payments may not achieve same yields as certificates. The rate of principal payments of the certificates is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on the certificates at the same yields provided by the certificates.

Unpredictable timing of last payment affects yields on certificates. The actual final payment of your class is likely to occur earlier, and could occur much earlier, than the final distribution date listed on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. If you assume that the actual final payment will occur on the final distribution date specified, your yield could be lower than you expect.

Some investors may be unable to buy certain classes. Investors whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or to review by regulatory authorities, may be unable to buy certain certificates. You should obtain legal advice to determine whether you may purchase the certificates.

Uncertain market for the certificates could make them difficult to sell and cause their values to fluctuate. We cannot be sure that a market for resale of the certificates will develop. Further, if a market develops, it may not continue or be sufficiently liquid to allow you to sell your certificates. Even if you are able to sell your certificates, the sale price may not be comparable to similar investments that have a developed market. Moreover, you may not be able to sell small

or large amounts of certificates at prices comparable to those available to other investors. You should purchase certificates only if you under-

stand and can tolerate the risk that the value of your certificates will vary over time and that your certificates may not be easily sold.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CERTIFICATES

The material under this heading summarizes certain features of the Certificates. You will find additional information about the Certificates in the other sections of this prospectus supplement, as well as in the additional Disclosure Documents and the Trust Agreement. If we use a capitalized term in this prospectus supplement without defining it, you will find the definition of that term in the applicable Disclosure Document or in the Trust Agreement.

General

Structure. We will create the Fannie Mae REMIC Trust specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement (the "Trust") and a separate trust (the "Lower Tier REMIC") pursuant to a trust agreement dated as of July 1, 2003 (the "Issue Date"). We will issue the Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Certificates (the "REMIC Certificates") pursuant to that trust agreement. We will issue the Combinable and Recombinable REMIC Certificates (the "RCR Certificates" and, together with the REMIC Certificates, the "Certificates") pursuant to a separate trust agreement dated as of the Issue Date (together with the trust agreement relating to the REMIC Certificates, the "Trust Agreement"). We will execute the Trust Agreement in our corporate capacity and as trustee (the "Trustee"). In general, the term "Classes" includes the Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates.

The Trust and the Lower Tier REMIC each will constitute a "real estate mortgage investment conduit" ("REMIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

- The REMIC Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) will be "regular interests" in the Trust.
- The R Class will be the "residual interest" in the Trust.
- The interests in the Lower Tier REMIC other than the RL Class (the "Lower Tier Regular Interests") will be the "regular interests" in the Lower Tier REMIC.
- The RL Class will be the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

The assets of the Trust will consist of the Lower Tier Regular Interests.

The assets of the Lower Tier REMIC will consist of three groups of Fannie Mae Guaranteed Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates (the "Group 1 MBS," "Group 2 MBS" and "Group 3 MBS" and, together, the "MBS").

Each MBS represents a beneficial ownership interest in a pool of first lien, one- to four-family ("single-family"), fixed-rate residential mortgage loans (the "Mortgage Loans") having the characteristics described in this prospectus supplement.

Fannie Mae Guaranty. We guarantee that we will distribute to Certificateholders:

- required installments of principal and interest on the Certificates on time, and
- the principal balance of each Class of Certificates no later than its Final Distribution Date, whether or not we have received sufficient payments on the MBS.

In addition, we guarantee that we will distribute to each holder of an MBS:

• scheduled installments of principal and interest on the underlying Mortgage Loans on time, whether or not the related borrowers pay us, and

• the full principal balance of any foreclosed Mortgage Loan, whether or not we recover it.

Our guarantees are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. See "Description of Certificates—The Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Fannie Mae Guaranty" in the MBS Prospectus.

Characteristics of Certificates. We will issue the Certificates (except the R and RL Classes) in book-entry form on the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks. Entities whose names appear on the book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank as having had Certificates deposited in their accounts are "Holders" or "Certificateholders." A Holder is not necessarily the beneficial owner of a Certificate. Beneficial owners ordinarily will hold Certificates through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations. See "Description of Certificates—Denominations and Form" in the REMIC Prospectus.

We will issue the R and RL Certificates in fully registered, certificated form. The "Holder" or "Certificateholder" of the R or RL Certificate is its registered owner. The R or RL Certificate can be transferred at the corporate trust office of the Transfer Agent, or at the office of the Transfer Agent in New York, New York. U.S. Bank National Association in Boston, Massachusetts ("US Bank") will be the initial Transfer Agent. We may impose a service charge for any registration of transfer of the R or RL Certificate and may require payment to cover any tax or other governmental charge. See also "—Characteristics of the R and RL Classes" below.

The Holder of the R Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will receive the proceeds of any remaining assets of the Lower Tier REMIC, in each case only by presenting and surrendering the related Certificate at the office of the Paying Agent. US Bank will be the initial Paying Agent.

Authorized Denominations. We will issue the Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and whole dollar increments. We will issue the R and RL Classes as single Certificates with no principal balances.

Distribution Dates. We will make monthly payments on the Certificates on the 25th day of each month (or, if the 25th is not a business day, on the first business day after the 25th). We refer to each of these dates as a "Distribution Date." We will make the first payments to Certificateholders the month after we issue the Certificates.

Record Date. On each Distribution Date, we will make each monthly payment on the Certificates to Holders of record on the last day of the preceding month.

Class Factors. On or shortly after the eleventh calendar day of each month, we will publish a factor (carried to eight decimal places) for each Class of Certificates. When the factor is multiplied by the original principal balance (or notional principal balance) of a Certificate of any Class, the product will equal the current principal balance (or notional principal balance) of that Certificate after taking into account payments on the Distribution Date in the same month (as well as any addition to principal in the case of the Accrual Classes).

No Optional Termination. We have no option to effect an early termination of the Lower Tier REMIC or the Trust. Further, we will not repurchase the Mortgage Loans underlying any MBS in a "clean-up call." See "Description of the Certificates—Termination" in the MBS Prospectus.

Combination and Recombination

General. You are permitted to exchange all or a portion of the FI, SI and QA Classes of REMIC Certificates for a proportionate interest in the related RCR Certificates in the combinations shown on Schedule 1. You also may exchange all or a portion of the RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificates in the same manner. This process may occur repeatedly.

Holders of RCR Certificates will be the beneficial owners of a proportionate interest in the related REMIC Certificates and will receive a proportionate share of the distributions on the related REMIC Certificates.

The Classes of REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates that are outstanding at any given time, and the outstanding principal balances (or notional principal balances) of these Classes, will depend upon any related distributions of principal, as well as any exchanges that occur. REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates in any combination may be exchanged only in the proportions shown on Schedule 1.

Procedures. If a Certificateholder wishes to exchange Certificates, the Certificateholder must notify our Structured Transactions Department through one of our "REMIC Dealer Group" dealers in writing or by telefax no later than two business days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any business day other than the first or last business day of the month subject to our approval. The notice must include the outstanding principal balance of both the Certificates to be exchanged and the Certificates to be received, and the proposed exchange date. After receiving the Holder's notice, we will telephone the dealer with delivery and wire payment instructions. Notice becomes irrevocable on the second business day before the proposed exchange date.

In connection with each exchange, the Holder must pay us a fee equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (exclusive of any notional principal balance) of the Certificates to be exchanged. In no event, however, will our fee be less than \$2,000.

We will make the first distribution on a REMIC Certificate or an RCR Certificate received in an exchange transaction on the Distribution Date in the following month. We will make that distribution to the Holder of record as of the close of business on the last day of the month of the exchange.

Additional Considerations. The characteristics of RCR Certificates will reflect the characteristics of the REMIC Certificates used to form those RCR Certificates. You should also consider a number of factors that will limit a Certificateholder's ability to exchange REMIC Certificates for RCR Certificates or vice versa:

- At the time of the proposed exchange, a Certificateholder must own Certificates of the related Class or Classes in the proportions necessary to make the desired exchange.
- A Certificateholder that does not own the Certificates may be unable to obtain the necessary REMIC Certificates or RCR Certificates.
- The Certificateholder of needed Certificates may refuse to sell them at a reasonable price (or any price) or may be unable to sell them.
- Certain Certificates may have been purchased and placed into other financial structures and thus be unavailable.
- Principal distributions will decrease the amounts available for exchange over time.
- · Only the combinations listed on Schedule 1 are permitted.

The MBS

The following table contains certain information about the MBS. The MBS included in each specified Group will have the aggregate unpaid principal balance and Pass-Through Rate shown below and the general characteristics described in the MBS Prospectus. The MBS provides that principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans are passed through monthly. The Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS are conventional, fixed-rate, fully amortizing mortgage loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on single-family residential properties. These Mortgage Loans have original maturities of up to 30 years in the case of the Group 1 and Group 2 MBS, and up to 20 years in the case of the Group 3 MBS. See "The Mortgage Pools" and "Yield, Maturity, and Prepayment"

Considerations" in the MBS Prospectus. We expect the characteristics of the MBS and the related Mortgage Loans as of the Issue Date to be as follows:

Group 1 MBS	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$250,000,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	5.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.25% to 7.50%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	358 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA (weighted average	
loan age)	1 month
Group 2 MBS	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$250,000,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	5.50%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.75% to 8.00%
Range of WAMs	241 months to 360 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	357 months
Approximate Weighted Average WALA	2 months
Group 3 MBS	
Aggregate Unpaid Principal Balance	\$250,000,000
MBS Pass-Through Rate	5.00%
Range of WACs (annual percentages)	5.25% to 7.50%
Range of WAMs	181 months to 240 months
Approximate Weighted Average WAM	239 months

Final Data Statement

After issuing the Certificates, we will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the Pool number, the current WAC (or original WAC, if the current WAC is not available) and the current WAM (or Adjusted WAM, if the current WAM is not available) of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. The Final Data Statement also will include the weighted averages of all the current or original WACs and the weighted averages of all the current or Adjusted WAMs, based on the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying each of the MBS as of the Issue Date. You may obtain the Final Data Statement by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627 or 202-752-6547. In addition, the Final Data Statement is available on our corporate web site at www.fanniemae.com and our business to business web site at www.efanniemae.com.

1 month

Distributions of Interest

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of interest payments, the Classes will be categorized as follows:

Approximate Weighted Average WALA.....

Interest Type*	Classes
Group 1 Classes	
Fixed Rate	P and ZE
Floating Rate	FC
Inverse Floating Rate	SC
Accrual	ZE

Interest Type*	Classes

Group 2 Classes

Fixed Rate QA, QH and ZD
Floating Rate FI and F
Inverse Floating Rate SI and S
Interest Only SI
Accrual ZD

RCR** QP, QB, QC, QD and QE

Group 3 Classes

Fixed Rate MP, AE, AD and B
Floating Rate FA
Inverse Floating Rate SA
Interest Only SA

No Payment Residual R and RL

General. We will pay interest on the Certificates at the applicable annual interest rates specified on the cover or described in this prospectus supplement. We calculate interest based on an assumed 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. We pay interest monthly (except in the case of the Accrual Classes) on each Distribution Date, beginning in the month after the Settlement Date specified in the Reference Sheet.

Interest to be paid on each Certificate (or added to principal, in the case of the Accrual Classes) on a Distribution Date will consist of one month's interest on the outstanding balance of that Certificate immediately prior to that Distribution Date. For a description of the Accrual Classes, see "—Accrual Classes" below.

We will apply interest payments from exchanged REMIC Certificates to the corresponding RCR Certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Interest Accrual Period. Interest to be paid on each Distribution Date will accrue on the Certificates during the one-month period set forth below (the "Interest Accrual Period").

Classes

All Fixed Rate Classes (collectively, the "Delay Classes")
All Floating Rate and Inverse Floating

Rate Classes

Interest Accrual Period

Calendar month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs One-month period beginning on the 25th day of the month preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs

See "Additional Risk Factors—Delay classes have lower yields and market values" in this prospectus supplement.

Accrual Classes. The ZE and ZD Classes are Accrual Classes. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes at the applicable annual rates specified on the cover of this prospectus supplement. However, we will not pay any interest on the Accrual Classes. Instead, interest accrued on the Accrual Classes will be added as principal to their respective principal balances on each Distribution Date. We will pay principal on the Accrual Classes as described under "—Distributions of Principal" below.

Notional Classes. The Notional Classes will not have principal balances. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Notional Classes will bear interest on their notional principal balances at their applicable interest rates. The notional principal balances of the Notional Classes will be calculated as specified under "Reference Sheet—Notional Classes" in this prospectus supplement.

^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.

** See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

We use the notional principal balance of a Notional Class to determine interest payments on that Class. Although a Notional Class will not have a principal balance and will not be entitled to any principal payments, we will publish a class factor for that Class. References in this prospectus supplement to the principal balances of the Certificates generally shall refer also to the notional principal balances of the Notional Classes.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. During each Interest Accrual Period, the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at rates determined as described under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus supplement.

Changes in each specified interest rate index (each, an "Index") will affect the yields with respect to the related Classes. These changes may not correspond to changes in mortgage interest rates. Lower mortgage interest rates could occur while an increase in the level of the applicable Index occurs. Similarly, higher mortgage interest rates could occur while a decrease in the level of the applicable Index occurs.

Our establishment of each Index value and our determination of the interest rate for each applicable Class for the related Interest Accrual Period will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error. You may obtain each such interest rate by telephoning us at 1-800-237-8627 or 202-752-6547.

Calculation of LIBOR

On each Index Determination Date, we will calculate LIBOR for the related Interest Accrual Period. We will calculate LIBOR on the basis of the "BBA Method," as described in the REMIC Prospectus under "Description of Certificates—Indexes for Floating Rate Classes and Inverse Floating Rate Classes—*LIBOR*."

If we are unable to calculate LIBOR on the initial Index Determination Date, LIBOR for the following Interest Accrual Period will be equal to 1.10% in the case of the Group 1 and Group 2 Classes and equal to 1.30% in the case of the Group 3 Classes.

Distributions of Principal

Categories of Classes

For the purpose of principal payments, the Classes fall into the following categories:

Principal Type*	Classes
Group 1 Classes	
PAC	P
TAC	FC and SC
Support	${f ZE}$
Accretion Directed	FC and SC
Group 2 Classes	
Scheduled	QA, FI and QH
TAC	F and S
Support	ZD
Accretion Directed	F and S
Notional	SI
RCR**	QP, QB, QC, QD and QE

Principal Type*

Classes

Group 3 Classes Sequential Pay Notional

MP, FA, AE, AD and B SA

No Payment Residual

R and RL

Principal Distribution Amount

On the Distribution Date in each month, we will pay principal on the Certificates in an aggregate amount (the "Principal Distribution Amount") equal to the sum of

- the principal then paid on the Group 1 MBS (the "Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount") plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the ZE Class (the "ZE Accrual Amount," and together with the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the "Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount"),
- the principal then paid on the Group 2 MBS (the "Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount") plus any interest then accrued and added to the principal balance of the ZD Class (the "ZD Accrual Amount," and together with the Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount, the "Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount"), and
- the principal then paid on the Group 3 MBS (the "Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount").

Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount

ZE Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZE Accrual Amount as principal of Aggregate Group I (described below), until the Aggregate I Balance (described below) is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date. Thereafter, we will pay the ZE Accrual Amount as principal of the ZE Class.

Accretion Directed Group and Accrual Class

Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 1 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 1 Classes in the following priority:

- (i) to the P Class, until its principal balance is reduced to its Planned Balance for that Distribution Date;
- (ii) to Aggregate Group I, until the Aggregate I Balance is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date;
 - (iii) to the ZE Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; Support Class
- (iv) to Aggregate Group I, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until the Aggregate I Balance is reduced to zero; and
- (v) to the P Class, without regard to its Planned Balance and until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

"Aggregate Group I" consists of the FC and SC Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group I, concurrently, to the FC and SC Classes, pro rata (or

 ^{*} See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus.
 ** See "—Combination and Recombination" above and Schedule 1 for a further description of the RCR Classes.

66.666661015% and 33.3333338985%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate I Balance" is equal to the aggregate of the principal balances of the Classes included in Aggregate Group I.

Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount

ZD Accrual Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the ZD Accrual Amount as principal of Aggregate Group III (described below), until the Aggregate III Balance (described below) is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date. Thereafter, we will pay the ZD Accrual Amount as principal of the ZD Class.

Accretion-Directed Group and Accrual Class

Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 2 Cash Flow Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 2 Classes in the following priority:

- (i) to Aggregate Group II (described below), until the Aggregate II Balance (described below) is reduced to its Scheduled Balance for that Distribution Date;
- (ii) to Aggregate Group III, until the Aggregate III Balance is reduced to its Targeted Balance for that Distribution Date;
 - (iii) to the ZD Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero; Support Class
- (iv) to Aggregate Group III, without regard to its Targeted Balance and until the Aggregate III Balance is reduced to zero; and $\begin{cases} TAC \\ Group \end{cases}$
- (v) to Aggregate Group II, without regard to its Scheduled Balance and until the Aggregate II Balance is reduced to zero.

"Aggregate Group II" consists of the QA, FI and QH Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group II as follows:

- (i) concurrently, to the QA and FI Classes, pro rata (or 44.4444445106% and 55.5555554894%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero; and
 - (ii) to the QH Class, until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate II Balance" is equal to the aggregate of the principal balances of the Classes included in Aggregate Group II.

"Aggregate Group III" consists of the F and S Classes. On each Distribution Date, we will apply payments of principal of Aggregate Group III, concurrently, to the F and S Classes, pro rata (or 73.3333321213% and 26.6666678787%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero.

The "Aggregate III Balance" is equal to the aggregate of the principal balances of the Classes included in Aggregate Group III.

Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount

On each Distribution Date, we will pay the Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount as principal of the Group 3 Classes in the following priority:

(i) concurrently, to the MP, AE, AD and FA Classes, pro rata (or 22.222222222, 3.11111111111, 40.0000000000% and 34.6666666667%, respectively), until their principal balances are reduced to zero; and

(ii) to the B Class until its principal balance is reduced to zero.

We will apply principal payments from exchanged REMIC certificates to the corresponding RCR certificates, on a pro rata basis, following any exchange.

Structuring Assumptions

Pricing Assumptions. Except where otherwise noted, the information in the tables in this prospectus supplement has been prepared based on the following assumptions (collectively, the "Pricing Assumptions"):

- the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS have the original terms to maturity, remaining terms to maturity, WALAs and interest rates specified under "Reference Sheet—Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the MBS" in this prospectus supplement;
- the Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA specified in the related table;
- the settlement date for the sale of the Certificates is July 30, 2003; and
- each Distribution Date occurs on the 25th day of a month.

Prepayment Assumptions. Prepayments of mortgage loans commonly are measured relative to a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this prospectus supplement with respect to all Classes and Groups is The Bond Market Association's standard prepayment model ("PSA"). To assume a specified rate of PSA is to assume a specified rate of prepayment each month of the thenoutstanding principal balance of a pool of new mortgage loans computed as described under "Description of Certificates—Prepayment Models" in the REMIC Prospectus.

It is highly unlikely that prepayments will occur at any *constant* PSA rate or at any other *constant* rate.

Structuring Ranges and Rates. The Principal Balance Schedules are found beginning on page B-1 of this prospectus supplement. The Principal Balance Schedules have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rates within the applicable Structuring Ranges or at the applicable rates set forth below.

Principal Balance Schedule References	Related Groups and Class(1)	Structuring Ranges and Rates
Targeted Balances	Aggregate Group I	160% PSA
Planned Balances	P	Between 100% and 250% PSA
Scheduled Balances	Aggregate Group II	Between 150% and 350% PSA
Targeted Balances	Aggregate Group III	200% PSA

⁽¹⁾ The Structuring Ranges and Rates for the Aggregate Groups are associated with the related Aggregate Balances but not with the individual balances of the related Classes.

We cannot assure you that the balance of any Group or Class listed above will conform on any Distribution Date to the specified balance in the Principal Balance Schedules. As a result, we cannot assure you that payments of principal of any Group or Class listed above will begin or end on the Distribution Dates specified in the Principal Balance Schedules. We will distribute any excess of principal payments over the amount needed to reduce a Group or Class to its scheduled balance on a Distribution Date. Accordingly, the ability to reduce a Group or Class to its

scheduled balance will not be improved by the averaging of high and low principal payments from month to month. In addition, even if the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates falling within the applicable Structuring Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Group and Class to their scheduled balances if the prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. Moreover, because of the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the related Mortgage Loans, which may include recently originated Mortgage Loans, the Groups and Class specified above may not be reduced to their scheduled balances, even if prepayments occur at a constant rate within the applicable Structuring Ranges or at the applicable rates specified above.

Initial Effective Ranges. The Effective Range for a Group or Class is the range of prepayment rates (measured by constant PSA rates) which would reduce that Group or Class to its scheduled balance on each Distribution Date. The Initial Effective Ranges shown in the table below are based upon the assumed characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Class and Group **Initial Effective Ranges** Between 100% and 250% PSA Aggregate Group II Between 150% and 350% PSA

The actual Effective Ranges at any time will be based upon the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans at that time, which are likely to vary (and may vary considerably) from the Pricing Assumptions. The actual Effective Ranges calculated on the basis of the actual characteristics are likely to differ from the Initial Effective Ranges. As a result, the applicable Group and Class might not be reduced to their scheduled balances even if prepayments were to occur at a constant PSA rate within the Initial Effective Ranges. This is so particularly if the rate were at the lower or higher end of this range. In addition, even if prepayments occur at rates falling within the actual Effective Ranges, principal distributions may be insufficient to reduce the applicable Group or Class to their scheduled balances if such prepayments do not occur at a constant PSA rate. It is highly unlikely that the related Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA rate. In general, the actual Effective Ranges may narrow, widen or shift upward or downward to reflect actual prepayment experience over time. The stability in principal payment of the PAC Class and Scheduled Group will be supported in part by the related TAC Groups and Support Classes. When the related TAC Groups and Support Classes are retired, the PAC Class and Scheduled Group, if still outstanding, may no longer have Effective Ranges and will be more sensitive to prepayments.

Yield Tables

General. The tables below illustrate the sensitivity of the pre-tax corporate bond equivalent yields to maturity of the applicable Classes to various constant percentages of PSA and, where specified, to changes in the applicable Index. We calculated the yields set forth in the tables by

- determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Classes, would cause the discounted present values of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed aggregate purchase prices of those Classes, and
- converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations in the interest rates at which you could reinvest distributions on the Certificates. Accordingly, these calculations do not illustrate the return on any investment in the Certificates when reinvestment rates are taken into account.

We cannot assure you that

P

- the pre-tax yields on the applicable Certificates will correspond to any of the pre-tax yields shown here, or
- the aggregate purchase prices of the applicable Certificates will be as assumed.

In addition, it is unlikely that the Index will correspond to the levels shown here. Furthermore, because some of the Mortgage Loans are likely to have remaining terms to maturity shorter or longer than those assumed and interest rates higher or lower than those assumed, the principal payments on the Certificates are likely to differ from those assumed. This would be the case even if all Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated constant percentages of PSA. Moreover, it is unlikely that

- the Mortgage Loans will prepay at a constant PSA rate until maturity,
- all of the Mortgage Loans will prepay at the same rate, or
- the level of the applicable Index will remain constant.

The Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The yields on the Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, of the related Mortgage Loans and to the level of the applicable Index. The Mortgage Loans generally can be prepaid at any time without penalty. In addition, the rate of principal payments (including prepayments) of the Mortgage Loans is likely to vary, and may vary considerably, from pool to pool. As illustrated in the tables below, it is possible that investors in the SI and SA Classes would lose money on their initial investments under certain Index and prepayment scenarios.

Changes in the Index may not correspond to changes in prevailing mortgage interest rates. It is possible that lower prevailing mortgage interest rates, which might be expected to result in faster prepayments, could occur while the level of the applicable Index increased.

The information shown in the yield tables has been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions and the assumptions that

- the interest rates for the Inverse Floating Rate Classes for the initial Interest Accrual Period
 are the rates listed in the table under "Reference Sheet—Interest Rates" in this prospectus
 supplement and for each following Interest Accrual Period will be based on the specified level of
 the applicable Index, and
- the aggregate purchase prices of those Classes (expressed in each case as a percentage of original principal balance) are as follows:

Class	Price*
SC	95.000%
SI	
S	98.000%
SA	8.250%

^{*} The prices do not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the prices in calculating the yields set forth in the tables below.

Sensitivity of the SC Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

			PSA Pre	payment As	sumption		
LIBOR	50%	100%	160%	200%	250%	500%	900%
0.10%	14.9%	15.0%	15.5%	15.5%	16.0%	17.5%	19.0%
1.10%	12.8%	12.8%	13.4%	13.3%	13.9%	15.4%	16.9%
3.10%	8.4%	8.5%	9.1%	9.0%	9.6%	11.2%	12.8%
5.10%	4.2%	4.3%	4.8%	4.7%	5.5%	7.1%	8.8%
6.95%	0.3%	0.4%	0.9%	0.8%	1.6%	3.4%	5.1%

Sensitivity of the SI Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

			PSA Prepayr	nent Assumpt	ion	
LIBOR 5	50%	150%	200%	350%	653%	1300%
0.10%	3.9%	49.1%	49.1%	49.1%	39.7%	10.1%
$1.10\% \ldots 47$	7.2%	38.9%	38.9%	38.9%	28.1%	(3.4)%
$3.10\% \dots 27$	7.9%	18.3%	18.3%	18.3%	3.9%	(32.4)%
5.10%	3.1%	(4.0)%	(4.0)%	(4.0)%	(24.2)%	(67.2)%
7.10%	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%

Sensitivity of the S Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

		I	PSA Prepayme	ent Assumptio	n	
LIBOR	50%	150%	200%	350%	653%	1300%
0.10%	19.9%	19.9%	20.1%	20.3%	20.9%	21.8%
1.10%	16.9%	16.9%	17.1%	17.4%	18.1%	19.0%
3.10%	11.0%	11.1%	11.3%	11.7%	12.5%	13.5%
5.10%	5.3%	5.4%	5.6%	6.0%	6.9%	8.1%
6.90%	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%	1.0%	2.0%	3.4%

Sensitivity of the SA Class to Prepayments and LIBOR (Pre-Tax Yields to Maturity)

		PSA	Prepayment Ass	umption	
LIBOR	50%	250%	557%	900%	1100%
0.30%	81.8%	72.4%	56.9%	39.1%	29.0%
1.30%	66.5%	56.6%	40.2%	21.4%	10.9%
3.30%	36.9%	25.5%	5.9%	(15.6)%	(27.0)%
5.30%	7.1%	(7.9)%	(34.1)%	(60.5)%	(73.4)%
6.60%	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The pre-tax yield to maturity would be less than (99.9)%

Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates

The weighted average life of a Certificate is determined by

- (a) multiplying the amount of the reduction, if any, of the principal balance of the Certificate from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the Settlement Date to the second such Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the reductions in principal balance of the Certificate referred to in clause (a).

For a description of the factors which may influence the weighted average life of a Certificate, see "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

In general, the weighted average lives of the Certificates will be shortened if the level of prepayments of principal of the related Mortgage Loans increases. However, the weighted average lives will depend upon a variety of other factors, including

- the timing of changes in the rate of principal payments,
- the priority sequences of payments of principal of the Classes, and
- the payment of principal of certain Classes in accordance with the Principal Balance Schedules.

See "—Distributions of Principal" above.

The effect of these factors may differ as to various Classes and the effects on any Class may vary at different times during the life of that Class. Accordingly, we can give no assurance as to the weighted average life of any Class. Further, to the extent the prices of the Certificates represent discounts or premiums to their original principal balances, variability in the weighted average lives of those Classes of Certificates could result in variability in the related yields to maturity. For an example of how the weighted average lives of the Classes may be affected at various constant prepayment rates, see the Decrement Tables below.

Decrement Tables

The following tables indicate the percentages of original principal balances of the specified Classes that would be outstanding after each date shown at various constant PSA rates and the corresponding weighted average lives of such Classes. The tables have been prepared on the basis of the Pricing Assumptions. However, in the case of the information set forth for each Class under 0% PSA, we assumed that the underlying Mortgage Loans have the original and remaining terms to maturity and bear interest at the annual rates specified in the table below.

Mortgage Loans Relating to Trust Assets Specified Below	Original Terms to Maturity	Remaining Terms to Maturity	Interest Rates
Group 1 MBS	360 months	360 months	7.50%
Group 2 MBS	360 months	360 months	8.00%
Group 3 MBS	240 months	240 months	7.50%

It is unlikely

- that all of the underlying Mortgage Loans will have the interest rates, WALAs or remaining terms to maturity assumed or
- that the underlying Mortgage Loans will prepay at any constant PSA rate.

In addition, the diverse remaining terms to maturity of the Mortgage Loans could produce slower or faster principal distributions than indicated in the tables at the specified constant PSA rates. This is the case even if the dispersion of weighted average remaining terms to maturity and the weighted average WALAs of the Mortgage Loans are identical to the dispersion specified in the Pricing Assumptions.

Percent of Original Principal Balances Outstanding

				P Clas	s					FC an	d SC (Classes	3				7	E Clas	SS		
				Prepa sumpt	yment ion					PSA As	Prepa; sumpt	yment ion						Prepay sumpt			
Date	0%	100%	160%	200%	250%	500%	900%	0%	100%	160% 2	200%	250%	500%	900%	0%	100%	160%	200% 2	250% 5	00%	900%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
July 2004	99	96	96	96	96	96	96	99	99	95	95	95	95	69	105	105	105	93	77	0	0
July 2005	97	89	89	89	89	89	76	98	98	85	85	85	37	0	110	110	110	68	16	0	0
July 2006	96	79	79	79	79	70	35	97	97	72	72	60	0	0	116	116	116	37	0	0	0
July 2007	94	70	70	70	70	48	16	96	96	60	60	38	0	0	122	122	122	14	0	0	0
July 2008	92	62	62	62	62	33	7	94	94	51	51	22	0	0	128	128	128	1	0	0	0
July 2009	91	$5\overline{4}$	54	54	54	23	3	93	93	44	43	11	Ō	Õ	135	135	135	Ō	Õ	Õ	Ō
July 2010	89	47	47	47	47	16	ĩ	91	91	38	37	4	0	Ō	142	142	142	Ō	Õ	Ō	Ō
July 2011	86	40	40	40	40	11	î	90	90	34	33	î	Õ	Õ	149	149	149	0	Ő	Õ	Õ
July 2012	84	33	33	33	33	7	*	88	88	30	31	Ō	ŏ	ŏ	157	157	157	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
July 2013	82	27	27	27	27	5	*	87	85	26	30	ő	ő	ő	165	165	165	ň	ő	ő	ő
July 2014	79	23	23	23	23	3	*	85	81	22	28	0	0	0	173	173	173	0	ő	0	ő
July 2015	76	19	19	19	19	2	*	83	74	17	26	0	0	0	182	182	182	0	ő	0	0
July 2016	73	15	15	15	15	2	*	81	67	11	$\frac{20}{24}$	0	0	0	191	191	191	0	0	0	0
July 2017	69	13	13	13	13	1	*	79	59	5	21	0	0	0	201	201	201	0	0	0	0
July 2018	66	10	10	10	10	1	*	77	51	0	19	0	0	0	211	211	201	0	0	0	0
				8		*	*	75		-		-							-	-	0
July 2019	62	8	8	0	8	*	*		42	0	17	0	0	0	222	222	184	0	0	0	
July 2020	57	7	7	7	7	*	*	73	32	0	15	0	0	0	234	234	165	0	0	0	0
July 2021	53	5	5	ə	5	*	*	70	23	0	13	0	0	0	246	246	146	0	0	0	0
July 2022	48	4	4	4	4	*	*	68	13	0	11	0	0	0	258	258	128	0	0	0	0
July 2023	43	3	3	3	3	*	*	65	3	0	9	0	0	0	271	271	111	0	0	0	0
July 2024	37	3	3	3	3	*		62	0	0	8	0	0	0	285	252	95	0	0	0	0
July 2025	31	2	2	2	2	*	*	59	0	0	7	0	0	0	300	219	80	0	0	0	0
July 2026	24	2	2	2	2	*	*	56	0	0	5	0	0	0	315	187	66	0	0	0	0
July 2027	17	1	1	1	1	*	*	53	0	0	4	0	0	0	331	156	53	0	0	0	0
July 2028	9	1	1	1	1	*	0	50	0	0	3	0	0	0	348	126	42	0	0	0	0
July 2029	1	1	1	1	1	*	0	46	0	0	2	0	0	0	366	97	31	0	0	0	0
July 2030	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	16	0	0	2	0	0	0	385	70	22	0	0	0	0
July 2031	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	321	44	13	0	0	0	0
July 2032	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	0	167	19	6	0	0	0	0
July 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	0	Õ	Ō	Õ	0	0	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)**	17.1	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	4.6	2.9	20.8	14.3	6.4	8.0	3.7	1.8	1.2	28.8	24.8	21.0	2.7	1.5	0.7	0.4

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "-Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

		4.1, 1		E Clas		(2			QF	I Class					F and	S Clas	ses	
				repayn umptio					PSA P Assi	repayn ımptio	nent n				PSA P Assi	repayn umptio		
Date	0%	$\underline{150\%}$	200%	350%	$\underline{653\%}$	1300%	0%	150%	200%	$\underline{350\%}$	653%	1300%	0%	$\underline{150\%}$	200%	350%	653%	1300%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
July 2004	99	94	94	94	94	94	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	98	94	94	92	41
July 2005	97	84	84	84	84	45	100	100	100	100	100	100	96	96	84	82	13	0
July 2006	96	70	70	70	51	6	100	100	100	100	100	100	94	94	72	46	0	0
July 2007	94	58	58	58	28	0	100	100	100	100	100	43	92	92	62	22	0	0
July 2008	93	46	46	46	14	0	100	100	100	100	100	9	90	90	55	8	0	0
July 2009	91	36	36	36	6	0	100	100	100	100	100	2	88	88	49	1	0	0
July 2010	89	27	27	27	1	0	100	100	100	100	100	*	86	85	44	*	0	0
July 2011	87	20	20	20	0	0	100	100	100	100	72	*	83	80	38	*	0	0
July 2012	84	14	14	$\frac{14}{14}$	Õ	Õ	100	100	100	100	43	*	80	72	30	*	Õ	Õ
July 2013	82	9	9	9	Õ	Ō	100	100	100	100	25	*	77	63	21	*	Ō	Ō
July 2014	79	6	6	6	Õ	Õ	100	100	100	100	15	*	74	52	11	*	0	Ō
July 2015	76	3	3	3	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	100	100	9	*	71	40	1	*	Õ	ŏ
July 2016	73	1	1	1	ő	Õ	100	100	100	100	5	*	68	28	0	*	Õ	Õ
July 2017	69	0	0	0	ŏ	ŏ	100	87	87	87	3	*	64	15	ő	*	ŏ	ő
July 2018	65	ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	66	66	66	2	*	61	3	ő	*	ŏ	ő
July 2019	61	Õ	Õ	Õ	ő	ő	100	50	50	50	- ī	0	57	0	Õ	*	0	ő
July 2020	57	ő	0	ő	0	0	100	37	37	37	1	ő	52	0	0	*	0	ő
July 2021	52	ñ	ő	ñ	0	ñ	100	28	28	28	*	ő	48	0	ő	*	ő	0
July 2022	47	0	0	0	0	ő	100	21	21	21	*	0	43	0	0	*	0	0
July 2023	41	0	0	0	0	ő	100	15	15	15	*	0	38	0	0	*	0	0
July 2024	35	0	0	0	0	0	100	11	11	11	*	0	33	0	0	*	0	0
July 2025	28	0	0	0	0	0	100	8	8	8	*	0	28	0	0	*	0	0
July 2026	21	0	0	0	0	0	100	6	6	6	*	0	22	0	0	*	0	0
July 2027	13	0	0	0	0	0	100	4	4	4	*	0	16	0	0	*	0	0
July 2027	5	0	0	0	0	0	100	9	3	3	*	0	9	0	0	*	0	0
July 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	0	2	2	*	0	2	0	0	*	0	0
July 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	2	2	2	*	0	0	0	0	*	0	
July 2030	-					0	1	1	1	1	*		0			*		0
July 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Ţ	1	1	*	0	0	0	0	*	0	0
July 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0		•				0	0	0	0		0	0
July 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average			_	_							_				_	_		
Life (years)**	16.9	5.2	5.2	5.2	3.3	2.0	25.9	16.9	16.9	16.9	9.3	4.1	16.2	10.5	6.1	3.1	1.6	0.9

QA, FI, SI†, QP, QB, QC, QD

			ZD	Class			MI	P, FA, S	Α†, ΑΕ :	and AD	Classes			B Cla	ss	
				repaymo amption	ent				A Prepa Assump					A Prepa Assump		
Date	0%	150%	200%	350%	653%	1300%	0%	250%	557%	900%	1100%	0%	250%	557%	900%	1100%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
July 2004	106	106	106	68	0	0	98	93	88	82	79	100	100	100	100	100
July 2005	112	112	112	0	0	0	95	80	64	47	38	100	100	100	100	100
July 2006	118	118	118	0	0	0	92	64	38	16	6	100	100	100	100	100
July 2007	125	125	125	0	0	0	89	50	20	1	0	100	100	100	100	50
July 2008	132	132	132	0	0	0	85	39	9	0	0	100	100	100	47	16
July 2009	139	139	139	0	0	0	82	30	2	0	0	100	100	100	21	5
July 2010	147	147	147	0	0	0	78	22	0	0	0	100	100	73	9	2
July 2011	155	155	155	0	0	0	74	15	0	0	0	100	100	46	4	1
July 2012	164	164	164	0	0	0	69	10	0	0	0	100	100	29	2	*
July 2013	173	173	173	0	0	0	64	6	0	0	0	100	100	18	1	*
July 2014	183	183	183	0	0	0	59	2	0	0	0	100	100	11	*	*
July 2015	193	193	193	0	0	0	53	0	0	0	0	100	91	7	*	*
July 2016	204	204	175	0	0	0	47	0	0	0	0	100	70	4	*	*
July 2017	216	216	154	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	0	100	52	2	*	*
July 2018	228	228	135	0	0	0	34	0	0	0	0	100	38	1	*	*
July 2019	241	211	117	0	0	0	26	0	0	0	0	100	26	1	*	*
July 2020	254	186	100	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	100	17	*	*	*
July 2021	269	163	85	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	100	10	*	*	*
July 2022	284	141	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	93	4	*	*	0
July 2023	300	121	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2024	317	102	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2025	334	85	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2026	353	70	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2027	373	56	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2028	394	44	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2029	417	32	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2030	344	22	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2031	238	13	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2032	124	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																
Life (years)**	28.2	21.0	18.1	1.3	0.6	0.3	11.6	4.6	2.7	2.0	1.7	19.5	14.6	8.4	5.3	4.3

^{*} Indicates an outstanding balance greater than 0% and less than 0.5% of the original principal balance.

^{**} Determined as specified under "—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" above.

[†] In the case of a Notional Class, the Decrement Table indicates the percentage of the original notional principal balance outstanding.

Characteristics of the R and RL Classes

The R and RL Classes will not have principal balances and will not bear interest. If any assets of the Trust remain after the principal balances of all Classes are reduced to zero, we will pay the Holder of the R Class the proceeds from those assets. If any assets of the Lower Tier REMIC remain after the principal balances of the Lower Tier Regular Interests are reduced to zero, we will pay the proceeds of those assets to the Holder of the RL Class. Fannie Mae does not expect that any material assets will remain in either case.

A Residual Certificate will be subject to certain transfer restrictions. We will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to a "disqualified organization." In addition, we will not permit transfer of record or beneficial ownership of a Residual Certificate to any person that is not a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. Any transferee of a Residual Certificate must execute and deliver an affidavit and an Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or, if applicable, a Form W-8ECI) on which the transferee provides its taxpayer identification number. See "Description of Certificates— Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences— Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. The affidavit must also state that the transferee is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate and that, if the transferee is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each person or entity that holds an interest (directly, or indirectly through a pass-through entity) in the partnership is a "U.S. Person" or a foreign person subject to United States income taxation on a net basis on income derived from that Certificate. In addition, the transferee must receive an affidavit containing these same representations from any new transferee. Transferors of a Residual Certificate should consult with their own tax advisors for further information regarding such transfers.

Treasury Department regulations (the "Regulations") provide that a transfer of a "noneconomic residual interest" will be disregarded for all federal tax purposes unless no significant purpose of the transfer is to impede the assessment or collection of tax. The R and RL Classes will constitute noneconomic residual interests under the Regulations. Having a significant purpose to impede the assessment or collection of tax means that the transferor of a Residual Certificate knew or should have known that the transferee would be unwilling or unable to pay taxes due on its share of the taxable income of the REMIC trust (that is, the transferor had "improper knowledge").

As discussed under the caption "Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus, the Regulations presume that a transferor does not have improper knowledge if two conditions are met. The Treasury Department has amended the Regulations to provide additional requirements that a transferor must satisfy to avail itself of the safe harbor regarding the presumed lack of improper knowledge. For transfers occurring on or after August 19, 2002, a transferor of a Residual Certificate is presumed not to have improper knowledge if, in addition to meeting the two conditions discussed in the REMIC Prospectus, both (i) the transferee represents that it will not cause income from the Residual Certificate to be attributed to a foreign permanent establishment or fixed base of the transferee or another taxpayer and (ii) the transfer satisfies either the "asset test" or the "formula test." The representation described in (i) will be included in the affidavit discussed above. See "Description of Certificates—Special Characteristics of Residual Certificates" and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

A transfer satisfies the asset test if (i) the transferee's gross assets exceed \$100 million and its net assets exceed \$10 million (in each case, at the time of the transfer and at the close of each of the transferee's two fiscal years preceding the year of the transfer), (ii) the transferee is an "eligible corporation" and the transferee agrees in writing that any subsequent transfer of the Residual Certificate will be to an eligible corporation and will comply with the safe harbor and satisfy the asset test, and (iii) the facts and circumstances known to the transferor do not reasonably indicate that the taxes associated with the Residual Certificate will not be paid. A transfer satisfies the formula test if

the present value of the anticipated tax liabilities associated with holding the Residual Certificate is less than or equal to the present value of the sum of (i) any consideration given to the transferee to acquire the Residual Certificate, (ii) expected future distributions on the Residual Certificate, and (iii) anticipated tax savings associated with holding the Residual Certificate as the related REMIC trust generates losses. The Regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the Regulations to a transfer of a Residual Certificate.

The Holder of the R Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Trust, and the Holder of the RL Class will be considered to be the holder of the "residual interest" in the REMIC constituted by the Lower Tier REMIC. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, we will be obligated to provide to these Holders (i) information necessary to enable them to prepare their federal income tax returns and (ii) any reports regarding the R or RL Class that may be required under the Code.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The Certificates and payments on the Certificates are not generally exempt from taxation. Therefore, you should consider the tax consequences of holding a Certificate before you acquire one. The following tax discussion supplements the discussion under the caption "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus. When read together, the two discussions describe the current federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of Certificates. These two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of beneficial owners, some of which may be subject to special rules. In addition, these discussions may not apply to your particular circumstances for one of the reasons explained in the REMIC Prospectus. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the federal income tax consequences of holding and disposing of Certificates as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

REMIC Elections and Special Tax Attributes

We will elect to treat the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust as REMICs for federal income tax purposes. The REMIC Certificates, other than the R and RL Classes, will be designated as the "regular interests," and the R Class will be designated as the "residual interest," in the REMIC constituted by the Trust. The Lower Tier Regular Interests will be designated as the "regular interests" and the RL Class will be designated as the "residual interest" in the Lower Tier REMIC.

Because the Lower Tier REMIC and the Trust will qualify as REMICs, the REMIC Certificates and any related RCR Certificates generally will be treated as "regular or residual interests in a REMIC" for domestic building and loan associations, as "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts, and, except for the R and RL Classes, as "qualified mortgages" for other REMICs. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—*REMIC Election and Special Tax Attributes*" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates

The Notional Classes and the Accrual Classes will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of REMIC Certificates may be issued with OID. If a Class is issued with OID, a beneficial owner of a Certificate of that Class generally must recognize some taxable income in advance of the receipt of the cash attributable to that income. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. In addition, certain Classes of REMIC Certificates may be treated as having been issued at a premium. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Regular Certificates Purchased at a Premium" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Prepayment Assumptions that will be used in determining the rate of accrual of OID will be as follows:

Certificate Group	PSA Prepayment Assumption
1	200%
2	653%
3	557%

See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates—Treatment of Original Issue Discount—Daily Portions of Original Issue Discount" in the REMIC Prospectus. No representation is made as to whether the Mortgage Loans underlying the MBS will prepay at any of those rates or any other rate. See "Description of the Certificates—Weighted Average Lives of the Certificates" in this prospectus supplement and "Description of Certificates—Weighted Average Life and Final Distribution Date" in the REMIC Prospectus.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates

For purposes of determining the portion of the taxable income of the Trust (or the Lower Tier REMIC) that generally will not be treated as excess inclusions, the rate to be used is 120% of the "federal long-term rate." The rate will be published on or about June 20, 2003. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Residual Certificates—Treatment of Excess Inclusions" and "—Foreign Investors—Residual Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The Treasury Department recently issued proposed regulations providing that, to clearly reflect income, an inducement fee paid to a transferee of a noneconomic residual interest in a REMIC must be included in income over a period that is reasonably related to the period during which the applicable REMIC is expected to generate taxable income or net loss allocable to the transferee. The proposed regulations set forth two safe harbor methods under which a taxpayer's accounting for the inducement fee will be considered to clearly reflect income for these purposes. The proposed regulations also provide that an inducement fee shall be treated as income from sources within the United States. If finalized as proposed, the regulations would be effective for taxable years ending on or after the publication of the final regulations in the Federal Register. The proposed regulations contain additional details regarding their application and you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of the proposed regulations.

Taxation of Beneficial Owners of RCR Certificates

General. The RCR Classes will be created, sold and administered pursuant to an arrangement that will be classified as a grantor trust under subpart E, part I of subchapter J of the Code. The REMIC Certificates that are exchanged for RCR Certificates (including any exchanges effective on the Settlement Date) will be the assets of the trust, and the RCR Certificates will represent an ownership interest in those REMIC Certificates. For a general discussion of the federal income tax treatment of beneficial owners of REMIC Certificates, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the REMIC Prospectus.

The RCR Classes (each, a "Combination RCR Class") will represent the beneficial ownership of the underlying REMIC Certificates set forth in Schedule 1. Each Certificate of a Combination RCR Class (a "Combination RCR Certificate") will represent beneficial ownership of undivided interests in two or more underlying REMIC Certificates.

Combination RCR Classes. A beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate will be treated as the beneficial owner of a proportionate interest in the REMIC Certificates underlying that Combination RCR Certificate. Except in the case of a beneficial owner that acquires a Combination RCR Certificate in an exchange described under "—Exchanges" below, a beneficial owner of a Combination RCR Certificate must allocate its cost to acquire that Certificate among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of acquisition. Such an owner should account for its ownership interest in each underlying REMIC Certificate as described

under "—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" above and "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences—Taxation of Beneficial Owners of Regular Certificates" in the REMIC Prospectus. When a beneficial owner sells a Combination RCR Certificate, the owner must allocate the sale proceeds among the underlying REMIC Certificates in proportion to their relative fair market values at the time of sale.

Exchanges. If a beneficial owner exchanges one or more REMIC Certificates for the related RCR Certificate or Certificates in the manner described under "Description of the Certificates—Combination and Recombination" in this prospectus supplement, the exchange will not be taxable. Likewise, if a beneficial owner exchanges one or more RCR Certificates for the related REMIC Certificate or Certificates in the manner described in that discussion, the exchange will not be a taxable exchange. In each of these cases, the beneficial owner will be treated as continuing to own after the exchange the same combination of interests in the related REMIC Certificates (or the same interest in the related REMIC Certificate) that it owned immediately prior to the exchange.

Tax Return Disclosure Requirements

The Treasury Department recently issued Regulations directed at "tax shelters" that could be read to apply to transactions generally not considered to be tax shelters. These Regulations require that taxpayers that participate in a "reportable transaction" disclose such transaction on their tax returns by attaching IRS Form 8886, and retain information related to the transaction. A transaction may be a "reportable transaction" based upon any of several indicia, one or more of which may be present with respect to the Certificates. You should consult your tax advisor concerning any possible disclosure obligation with respect to your investment in the Certificates.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General. We are obligated to deliver the Certificates to Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. (the "Dealer") in exchange for the MBS. The Dealer proposes to offer the Certificates directly to the public from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Dealer may effect these transactions to or through other dealers.

Increase in Certificates. Before the Settlement Date, we and the Dealer may agree to offer Classes in addition to those contemplated as of the date of this prospectus supplement. In this event, we will increase the related MBS in principal balance, but we expect that all these additional MBS will have the same characteristics as described under "Description of the Certificates—The MBS" in this prospectus supplement. The proportion that the original principal balance of each Group 1, 2 or 3 Classes bears to the aggregate original principal balance of all Group 1, 2 or 3 Classes, respectively, will remain the same. In addition, the dollar amounts shown in the Principal Balance Schedules will be increased to correspond to the increase of the principal balances of the applicable Classes.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sidley Austin Brown & Wood LLP will provide legal representation for Fannie Mae. McKee Nelson LLP will provide legal representation for the Dealer.

Available Recombinations (1)

REMIC Certificates	icates				RCR Certificates	ates		
Classes	Original Principal or Notional Principal Balances	RCR Classes	Original Principal Balances	Interest Rate	Interest Type (2)	$rac{ ext{Principal}}{ ext{Type}(2)}$	CUSIP	Final Distribution Date
Recombination 1 FI SI	\$93,331,111 93,331,111(3)	QP	\$ 93,331,111	7.50%	FIX	SCH	31393D3W9	January 2033
FI FI SI QA Recombination 3	9,333,111 9,333,111(3) 74,664,889	qВ	83,998,000	3.50	FIX	SCH	$31393\mathrm{D}3\mathrm{X}7$	January 2033
SI QA Becombination 4	14,932,977 14,932,977(3) 74,664,889	oc.	89,597,866	3.75	FIX	SCH	$31393\mathrm{D}3\mathrm{Y}5$	January 2033
SI QA Recombination 5	21,332,825 21,332,825(3) 74,664,889	QD	95,997,714	4.00	FIX	SCH	$31393\mathrm{D}3\mathrm{Z}2$	January 2033
FI SI QA	28,717,265 28,717,265(3) 74,664,889	QE.	103,382,154	4.25	FIX	$_{\rm SCH}$	$31393\mathrm{D}4\mathrm{A}6$	January 2033

REMIC Certificates and RCR Certificates in any recombination may be exchanged only in the proportions shown above.
 See "Description of Certificates—Class Definitions and Abbreviations" in the REMIC Prospectus and "Description of the Certificates—Distributions of Interest" and "—Distributions of Principal" in this prospectus supplement.
 Notional principal balance.

Principal Balance Schedules

P Class Planned Balances

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Balance
Initial Balance	\$179,022,401.00	October 2007	\$122,290,726.32	January 2012	\$ 64,977,525.84
August 2003	178,664,821.75	November 2007	121,012,004.31	February 2012	64,001,328.60
September 2003	178,264,433.59	December 2007	119,740,013.05	March 2012	63,030,302.03
October 2003	177,821,349.59	January 2008	118,474,717.85	April 2012	62,064,419.44
November 2003	177,335,704.93	February 2008	117,216,084.19	May 2012	61,103,654.31
December 2003	176,807,656.95	March 2008	115,964,077.72	June 2012	60,154,900.35
January 2004	176,237,385.01	April 2008	114,718,664.27	July 2012	59,220,036.04
February 2004	175,625,090.45	May 2008	113,479,809.85	August 2012	58,298,864.53
March 2004	174,970,996.53	June 2008	112,247,480.65	September 2012	57,391,191.68
April 2004	174,275,348.26	July 2008	111,021,643.02	October 2012	56,496,826.08
May 2004	173,538,412.29	August 2008	109,802,263.49	November 2012	55,615,578.95
June 2004	172,760,476.80	September 2008	108,589,308.77	December 2012	54,747,264.17
July 2004	171,941,851.25	October 2008	107,382,745.73	January 2013	53,891,698.18
August 2004	171,082,866.28	November 2008	106,182,541.42	February 2013	53,048,700.00
September 2004	170,183,873.43	December 2008	104,988,663.04	March 2013	52,218,091.15
October 2004	169,245,244.96	January 2009	103,801,077.98	April 2013	51,399,695.64
November 2004	168,267,373.61	February 2009	102,619,753.80	May 2013	50,593,339.94
December 2004	167,250,672.29	March 2009	101,444,658.20	June 2013	49,798,852.92
January 2005	166,195,573.86	April 2009	100,275,759.08	July 2013	49,016,065.85
February 2005	165,102,530.80	May 2009	99,113,024.48	August 2013	48,244,812.33
March 2005	163,972,014.89	June 2009	97,956,422.61	September 2013	47,484,928.30
April 2005	162,804,516.91	July 2009	96,805,921.85	October 2013	46,736,251.97
May 2005	161,600,546.26	August 2009	95,661,490.74	November 2013	45,998,623.83
June 2005	160,360,630.62	September 2009	94,523,097.98	December 2013	45,271,886.55
July 2005	159,085,315.55	October 2009	93,390,712.43	January 2014	44,555,885.03
August 2005	157,775,164.10	November 2009	92,264,303.12	February 2014	43,850,466.33
September 2005	156,430,756.42	December 2009	91,143,839.22	March 2014	43,155,479.62
October 2005	155,052,689.28	January 2010	90,029,290.08	April 2014	42,470,776.20
November 2005	153,641,575.70	February 2010	88,920,625.19	May 2014	41,796,209.43
December 2005	152,198,044.43	March 2010	87,817,814.21	June 2014	41,131,634.72
January 2006	150,762,093.47	April 2010	86,720,826.96	July 2014	40,476,909.51
February 2006	149,333,683.75	May 2010	85,629,633.38	August 2014	39,831,893.20
March 2006	147,912,776.40	June 2010	84,544,203.62	September 2014	39,196,447.18
April 2006	146,499,332.74	July 2010	83,464,507.94	October 2014	38,570,434.77
May 2006	145,093,314.31	August 2010	82,390,516.76	November 2014	37,953,721.20
June 2006	143,694,682.84	September 2010	81,322,200.68	December 2014	37,346,173.58
July 2006	142,303,400.25	October 2010	80,259,530.41	January 2015	36,747,660.86
August 2006	140,919,428.65	November 2010	79,202,476.84	February 2015	36,158,053.86
September 2006	139,542,730.37	December 2010	78,151,011.00	March 2015	35,577,225.18
October 2006	138,173,267.92	January 2011	77,105,104.08	April 2015	35,005,049.19
November 2006	136,811,003.99	February 2011	76,064,727.40	May 2015	34,441,402.06
December 2006	135,455,901.48	March 2011	75,029,852.43	June 2015	33,886,161.64
January 2007	134,107,923.48	April 2011	74,000,450.80	July 2015	33,339,207.52
February 2007	132,767,033.25	May 2011	72,976,494.28	August 2015	32,800,420.98
March 2007	131,433,194.27	June 2011	71,957,954.78	September 2015	32,269,684.94
April 2007	130,106,370.18	July 2011	70,944,804.36	October 2015	31,746,883.97
May 2007	128,786,524.82	August 2011	69,937,015.23	November 2015	31,231,904.25
June 2007	127,473,622.22	September 2011	68,934,559.72	December 2015	30,724,633.57
July 2007	126,167,626.58	October 2011	67,937,410.33	January 2016	30,224,961.28
August 2007	124,868,502.30	November 2011	66,945,539.68	February 2016	29,732,778.28
September 2007	123,576,213.96	December 2011	65,958,920.55	March 2016	29,247,976.99

P Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Planned Balance	Distribution Date	Planned Distribution Balance Date		Planned Balance
April 2016	\$ 28,770,451.36	September 2020	\$ 11,566,488.35	February 2025	\$ 4,104,588.69
May 2016	28,300,096.81	October 2020	11,358,979.46	March 2025	4,017,030.38
June 2016	27,836,810.23	November 2020	11,154,723.47	April 2025	3,930,937.41
July 2016	27,380,489.96	December 2020	10,953,672.52	May 2025	3,846,287.50
August 2016	26,931,035.76	January 2021	10,755,779.43	June 2025	3,763,058.73
September 2016	26,488,348.80	February 2021	10,560,997.69	July 2025	3,681,229.45
October 2016	26,052,331.64	March 2021	10,369,281.45	August 2025	3,600,778.35
November 2016	25,622,888.20	April 2021	10,180,585.51	September 2025	3,521,684.43
December 2016	25,199,923.76	May 2021	9,994,865.33	October 2025	3,443,926.99
January 2017	24,783,344.92	June 2021	9,812,076.98	November 2025	3,367,485.62
February 2017	24,373,059.59	July 2021	9,632,177.18	December 2025	3,292,340.23
March 2017	23,968,976.98	August 2021	9,455,123.24	January 2026	3,218,471.00
April 2017	23,571,007.58	September 2021	9,280,873.10	February 2026	3,145,858.40
May 2017	23,179,063.13	October 2021	9,109,385.30	March 2026	3,074,483.19
June 2017	22,793,056.61	November 2021	8,940,618.94	April 2026	3,004,326.41
July 2017	22,412,902.24	December 2021	8,774,533.75	May 2026	2,935,369.38
August 2017	22,038,515.42	January 2022	8,611,089.99	June 2026	2,867,593.68
September 2017	21,669,812.76	February 2022	8,450,248.52	July 2026	2,800,981.16
October 2017	21,306,712.04	March 2022	8,291,970.75	August 2026	2,735,513.94
November 2017	20,949,132.18	April 2022	8,136,218.62	September 2026	2,671,174.40
December 2017	20,596,993.28	May 2022	7,982,954.64	October 2026	2,607,945.17
January 2018	20,250,216.53	June 2022	7,832,141.85	November 2026	2,545,809.14
February 2018	19,908,724.23	July 2022	7,683,743.81	December 2026	2,484,749.46
March 2018	19,572,439.81	August 2022	7,537,724.60	January 2027	2,424,749.49
April 2018	19,241,287.73	September 2022	7,394,048.84	February 2027	2,365,792.87
May 2018	18,915,193.55	October 2022	7,252,681.61	March 2027	2,307,863.47
June 2018	18,594,083.87	November 2022	7,113,588.53	April 2027	2,250,945.38
July 2018	18,277,886.33	December 2022	6,976,735.69	May 2027	2,195,022.93
August 2018	17,966,529.57	January 2023	6,842,089.68	June 2027	2,140,080.70
September 2018	17,659,943.26	February 2023	6,709,617.55	July 2027	2,086,103.46
October 2018	17,358,058.05	March 2023	6,579,286.85	August 2027	2,033,076.23
November 2018	17,060,805.58	April 2023	6,451,065.56	September 2027	1,980,984.24
December 2018	16,768,118.45	May 2023	6,324,922.15	October 2027	1,929,812.93
January 2019	16,479,930.19	June 2023	6,200,825.53	November 2027	1,879,547.97
February 2019	16,196,175.31	July 2023	6,078,745.06	December 2027	1,830,175.22
March 2019	15,916,789.21	August 2023	5,958,650.52	January 2028	1,781,680.77
April 2019	15,641,708.23	September 2023	5,840,512.16	February 2028	1,734,050.89
May 2019	15,370,869.58	October 2023	5,724,300.62	March 2028	1,687,272.06
June 2019	15,104,211.39	November 2023	5,609,986.98	April 2028	1,641,330.98
July 2019	14,841,672.65	December 2023	5,497,542.75	May 2028	1,596,214.51
August 2019	14,583,193.20	January 2024	5,386,939.83	June 2028	1,551,909.72
September 2019	14,328,713.75	February 2024	5,278,150.52	July 2028	1,508,403.89
October 2019	14,078,175.85	March 2024	5,171,147.53	August 2028	1,465,684.45
November 2019	13,831,521.87	April 2024	5,065,903.96	September 2028	1,423,739.05
December 2019	13,588,694.99	May 2024	4,962,393.31	October 2028	1,382,555.48
January 2020	13,349,639.20	June 2024	4,860,589.43	November 2028	1,342,121.76
February 2020	13,114,299.30	July 2024	4,760,466.58	December 2028	1,302,426.06
March 2020	12,882,620.85	August 2024	4,661,999.37	January 2029	1,263,456.71
April 2020	12,654,550.19	September 2024	4,565,162.79	February 2029	1,225,202.24
May 2020	12,430,034.42	October 2024	4,469,932.18	March 2029	1,187,651.34
June 2020	12,209,021.40	November 2024	4,376,283.24	April 2029	1,150,792.86
July 2020	11,991,459.71	December 2024	4,284,192.03	May 2029	1,114,615.82
August 2020	11,777,298.68	January 2025	4,193,634.93	June 2029	1,079,109.41

P Class (Continued)

Distribution Date	Plan Bala		Distrik Da		Planned Balance		Distribution Date	Planned Balance
July 2029	\$ 1,044	,262.98	November 2	030	\$ 568,366.79	Mai	rch 2032	\$ 221,456.13
August 2029	1,010	,066.01	December 2	030	543,254.00	Apr	il 2032	203,335.31
September 2029	976	5,508.18	January 203	1	518,634.30	May	y 2032	185,592.85
October 2029	943	3,579.28	February 20	31	494,499.67	Jun	e 2032	168,222.46
November 2029	911	,269.28	March 2031		470,842.22	July	2032	151,217.96
December 2029	879	,568.30	April 2031.		447,654.17	Aug	ust 2032	134,573.24
January 2030	848	3,466.58	May 2031 .		424,927.87	Sep	tember 2032	118,282.29
February 2030	817	,954.53	June 2031 .		402,655.77	Oct	ober 2032	102,339.22
March 2030	788	3,022.70	July 2031 .		380,830.44	Nov	ember 2032	86,738.18
April 2030	758	3,661.78	August 2031	L	359,444.56	Dec	ember 2032	71,473.45
May 2030	729	,862.58	September 2	2031	338,490.93	Jan	uary 2033	56,539.38
June 2030	701	,616.06	October 203	1	317,962.44	Feb	ruary 2033	41,930.41
July 2030	673	3,913.34	November 2	031	297,852.11	Mai	rch 2033	27,641.06
August 2030	646	5,745.62	December 2	031	278,153.05	Apr	il 2033	13,665.94
September 2030	620),104.28	January 203	32	258,858.47	-	y 2033 and	,
October 2030	593	3,980.79	February 20	32	239,961.69	tÌ	nereafter	0.00

Aggregate Group I Targeted Balances

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
Initial Balance	\$58,977,599.00	March 2006	\$44,774,307.50	November 2008	\$28,685,417.98
August 2003	58,877,414.55	April 2006	44,131,648.83	December 2008	28,313,904.05
September 2003	58,751,952.74	May 2006	43,499,093.38	January 2009	27,949,296.31
October 2003	58,601,263.46	June 2006	42,876,525.76	February 2009	27,591,509.81
November 2003	58,425,430.05	July 2006	42,263,831.65	March 2009	27,240,460.42
December 2003	58,224,569.26	August 2006	41,660,897.84	April 2009	26,896,064.82
January 2004	57,998,831.33	September 2006	41,067,612.17	May 2009	26,558,240.48
February 2004	57,748,399.89	October 2006	40,483,863.55	June 2009	26,226,905.68
March 2004	57,473,491.77	November 2006	39,909,541.96	July 2009	25,901,979.47
April 2004	57,174,356.93	December 2006	39,344,538.40	August 2009	25,583,381.68
May 2004	56,851,278.13	January 2007	38,788,744.90	September 2009	25,271,032.92
June 2004	56,504,570.66	February 2007	38,242,054.56	October 2009	24,964,854.56
July 2004	56,134,582.02	March 2007	37,704,361.43	November 2009	24,664,768.71
August 2004	55,741,691.44	April 2007	37,175,560.62	December 2009	24,370,698.27
September 2004	55,326,309.49	May 2007	36,655,548.22	January 2010	24,082,566.84
October 2004	54,888,877.49	June 2007	36,144,221.30	February 2010	23,800,298.79
November 2004	54,429,866.98	July 2007	35,641,477.92	March 2010	23,523,819.20
December 2004	53,949,779.09	August 2007	35,147,217.09	April 2010	23,253,053.86
January 2005	53,449,143.80	September 2007	34,661,338.81	May 2010	22,987,929.33
February 2005	52,928,519.28	October 2007	34,183,744.02	June 2010	22,728,372.81
March 2005	52,388,491.07	November 2007	33,714,334.60	July 2010	22,474,312.25
April 2005	51,829,671.21	December 2007	33,253,013.38	August 2010	22,225,676.30
May 2005	51,252,697.42	January 2008	32,799,684.09	September 2010	21,982,394.25
June 2005	50,658,232.11	February 2008	32,354,251.40	October 2010	21,744,396.13
July 2005	50,046,961.45	March 2008	31,916,620.88	November 2010	21,511,612.63
August 2005	49,419,594.32	April 2008	31,486,699.03	December 2010	21,283,975.09
September 2005	48,776,861.26	May 2008	31,064,393.20	January 2011	21,061,415.53
October 2005	48,119,513.38	June 2008	30,649,611.64	February 2011	20,843,866.64
November 2005	47,448,321.18	July 2008	30,242,263.50	March 2011	20,631,261.75
December 2005	46,764,073.43	August 2008	29,842,258.78	April 2011	20,423,534.84
January 2006	46,090,401.63	September 2008	29,449,508.33	May 2011	20,220,620.52
February 2006	45,427,185.90	October 2008	29,063,923.88	June 2011	20,022,454.05

Aggregate Group I (Continued)

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
July 2011	\$19,828,971.32	November 2013	\$14,728,278.61	March 2016	\$ 7,508,518.23
August 2011	19,640,108.82	December 2013	14,503,698.24	April 2016	7,223,591.98
September 2011	19,455,803.68	January 2014	14,276,021.94	May 2016	6,937,350.16
October 2011	19,275,993.64	February 2014	14,045,331.54	June 2016	6,649,839.46
November 2011	19,100,617.03	March 2014	13,811,707.37	July 2016	6,361,105.60
December 2011	18,929,612.79	April 2014	13,575,228.19	August 2016	6,071,193.30
January 2012	18,762,920.47	May 2014	13,335,971.30	September 2016	5,780,146.34
February 2012	18,600,480.18	June 2014	13,094,012.51	October 2016	5,488,007.59
March 2012	18,442,232.62	July 2014	12,849,426.17	November 2016	5,194,818.95
April 2012	18,288,119.09	August 2014	12,602,285.22	December 2016	4,900,621.45
May 2012	18,138,081.43	September 2014	12,352,661.20	January 2017	4,605,455.21
June 2012	17,985,141.96	October 2014	12,100,624.24	February 2017	4,309,359.48
July 2012	17,827,338.91	November 2014	11,846,243.13	March 2017	4,012,372.65
August 2012	17,664,786.55	December 2014	11,589,585.31	April 2017	3,714,532.24
September 2012	17,497,597.12	January 2015	11,330,716.93	May 2017	3,415,874.97
October 2012	17,325,880.81	February 2015	11,069,702.80	June 2017	3,116,436.70
November 2012	17,149,745.85	March 2015	10,806,606.47	July 2017	2,816,252.51
December 2012	16,969,298.49	April 2015	10,541,490.27	August 2017	2,515,356.67
January 2013	16,784,643.06	May 2015	10,274,415.22	September 2017	2,213,782.68
February 2013	16,595,881.99	June 2015	10,005,441.20	October 2017	1,911,563.26
March 2013	16,403,115.86	July 2015	9,734,626.86	November 2017	1,608,730.39
April 2013	16,206,443.39	August 2015	9,462,029.65	December 2017	1,305,315.29
May 2013	16,005,961.49	September 2015	9,187,705.90	January 2018	1,001,348.44
June 2013	15,801,765.31	October 2015	8,911,710.78	February 2018	696,859.65
July 2013	15,593,948.22	November 2015	8,634,098.35	March 2018	391,877.95
August 2013	15,382,601.89	December 2015	8,354,921.55	April 2018	86,431.75
September 2013	15,167,816.26	January 2016	8,074,232.24	May 2018 and	,
October 2013	14,949,679.62	February 2016	7,792,081.21	thereafter	0.00

Aggregate Group II Scheduled Balances

Distribution Date	Scheduled Balance	Distribution Date	Scheduled Balance	Distribution Date	Scheduled Balance
Initial Balance	\$177,996,000.00	March 2005	\$157,352,584.13	November 2006	\$120,606,435.86
August 2003	177,545,771.32	April 2005	155,720,861.80	December 2006	118,843,653.39
September 2003	177,031,881.86	May 2005	154,038,328.74	January 2007	117,095,439.74
October 2003	176,454,526.82	June 2005	152,306,078.95	February 2007	115,361,678.54
November 2003	175,813,950.40	July 2005	150,525,242.69	March 2007	113,642,254.34
December 2003	175,110,445.77	August 2005	148,696,985.27	April 2007	111,937,052.60
January 2004	174,344,354.97	September 2005	146,822,505.76	May 2007	110,245,959.68
February 2004	173,516,068.66	October 2005	144,903,035.69	June 2007	108,568,862.83
March 2004	172,626,025.95	November 2005	142,939,837.67	July 2007	106,905,650.21
April 2004	171,674,714.03	December 2005	140,992,808.20	August 2007	105,256,210.85
May 2004	170,662,667.84	January 2006	139,061,818.31	September 2007	103,620,434.64
June 2004	169,590,469.61	February 2006	137,146,740.02	October 2007	101,998,212.37
July 2004	168,458,748.40	March 2006	135,247,446.38	November 2007	100,389,435.67
August 2004	167,268,179.49	April 2006	133,363,811.42	December 2007	98,793,997.04
September 2004	166,019,483.81	May 2006	131,495,710.17	January 2008	97,211,789.82
October 2004	164,713,427.21	June 2006	129,643,018.67	February 2008	95,642,708.17
November 2004	163,350,819.77	July 2006	127,805,613.89	March 2008	94,086,647.14
December 2004	161,932,514.99	August 2006	125,983,373.82	April 2008	92,543,502.55
January 2005	160,459,408.89	September 2006	124,176,177.37	May 2008	91,013,171.08
February 2005	158,932,439.15	October 2006	122,383,904.44	June 2008	89,495,550.21

$Aggregate\ Group\ II\ (Continued)$

DistributionDate	Scheduled Balance	Distribution Date	Scheduled Balance	Distribution Date	Scheduled Balance
July 2008	\$ 87,990,538.23	December 2012	\$ 29,649,344.33	May 2017	\$ 9,111,727.29
August 2008	86,498,034.24	January 2013	29,010,108.65	June 2017	8,905,968.37
September 2008	85,017,938.13	February 2013	28,384,225.76	July 2017	8,704,630.91
October 2008	83,550,150.59	March 2013	27,771,422.43	August 2017	8,507,622.75
November 2008	82,094,573.07	April 2013	27,171,430.94	September 2017	8,314,853.60
December 2008	80,651,107.83	May 2013	26,583,988.97	October 2017	8,126,235.04
January 2009	79,219,657.87	June 2013	26,008,839.50	November 2017	7,941,680.43
February 2009	77,800,126.99	July 2013	25,445,730.69	December 2017	7,761,104.92
March 2009	76,392,419.71	August 2013	24,894,415.80	January 2018	7,584,425.39
April 2009	74,996,441.35	September 2013	24,354,653.06	February 2018	7,411,560.41
May 2009	73,612,097.94	October 2013	23,826,205.59	March 2018	7,242,430.24
June 2009	72,239,296.26	November 2013	23,308,841.31	April 2018	7,076,956.76
July 2009	70,877,943.84	December 2013	22,802,332.79	May 2018	6,915,063.44
August 2009	69,527,948.93	January 2014	22,306,457.25	June 2018	6,756,675.34
September 2009	68,189,220.51	February 2014	21,820,996.37	July 2018	6,601,719.03
October 2009	66,861,668.26	March 2014	21,345,736.28	August 2018	6,450,122.61
November 2009	65,545,202.61	April 2014	20,880,467.42	September 2018	6,301,815.64
December 2009	64,239,734.66	May 2014	20,424,984.46	October 2018	6,156,729.14
January 2010	62,945,176.24	June 2014	19,979,086.24	November 2018	6,014,795.51
February 2010	61,661,439.86	July 2014	19,542,575.68	December 2018	5,875,948.58
March 2010	60,388,438.72	August 2014	19,115,259.66	January 2019	5,740,123.51
April 2010	59,126,086.72	September 2014	18,696,949.00	February 2019	5,607,256.80
May 2010	57,875,598.07	October 2014	18,287,458.33	March 2019	5,477,286.27
June 2010	56,650,908.86	November 2014	17,886,606.06	April 2019	5,350,150.99
July 2010	55,451,495.55	December 2014	17,494,214.26	May 2019	5,225,791.30
August 2010	54,276,845.11	January 2015	17,110,108.61	June 2019	5,104,148.76
September 2010	53,126,454.82	February 2015	16,734,118.33	July 2019	4,985,166.14
October 2010	51,999,832.04	March 2015	16,366,076.10	August 2019	4,868,787.38
November 2010	50,896,494.01	April 2015	16,005,817.99	September 2019	4,754,957.58
December 2010	49,815,967.68	May 2015	15,653,183.39	October 2019	4,643,622.97
January 2011	48,757,789.46	June 2015	15,308,014.98	November 2019	4,534,730.87
February 2011	47,721,505.12	July 2015	14,970,158.60	December 2019	4,428,229.71
March 2011	46,706,669.51	August 2015	14,639,463.23	January 2020	4,324,068.97
April 2011	45,712,846.44	September 2015	14,315,780.92	February 2020	4,222,199.18
May 2011	44,739,608.49	October 2015	13,998,966.72	March 2020	4,122,571.88
June 2011	43,786,536.81	November 2015	13,688,878.63	April 2020	4,025,139.62
July 2011	42,853,220.99	December 2015	13,385,377.53	May 2020	3,929,855.92
August 2011	41,939,258.85	January 2016	13,088,327.14	June 2020	3,836,675.26
September 2011	41,044,256.31	February 2016	12,797,593.94	July 2020	3,745,553.06
October 2011	40,167,827.21	March 2016	12,513,047.12	August 2020	3,656,445.68
November 2011	39,309,593.15	April 2016	12,234,558.54	September 2020	3,569,310.36
December 2011	38,469,183.36	May 2016	11,962,002.67	October 2020	3,484,105.23
January 2012	37,646,234.50	June 2016	11,695,256.54	November 2020	3,400,789.28
February 2012	36,840,390.58	July 2016	11,434,199.65	December 2020	3,319,322.37
March 2012	36,051,302.74	August 2016	11,178,714.00	January 2021	3,239,665.17
April 2012	35,278,629.16	September 2016	10,928,683.96	February 2021	3,161,779.16
May 2012	34,522,034.91	October 2016	10,683,996.27	March 2021	3,085,626.65
June 2012	33,781,191.78	November 2016	10,444,539.97	April 2021	3,011,170.69
July 2012	33,055,778.19	December 2016	10,210,206.38	May 2021	2,938,375.13
August 2012	32,345,479.05	January 2017	9,980,889.00	June 2021	2,867,204.54
September 2012	31,649,985.59	February 2017	9,756,483.55	July 2021	2,797,624.26
October 2012	30,968,995.27	March 2017	9,536,887.83	August 2021	2,729,600.31
November 2012	30,302,211.68	April 2017	9,322,001.76	September 2021	2,663,099.45

Aggregate Group II (Continued)

Distribution Date	Scheduled Balance	Distribution Date	Scheduled Balance	Distribution Date	Scheduled Balance
October 2021	\$ 2,598,089.11	September 2025	\$ 754,448.01	August 2029	\$ 161,217.26
November 2021	2,534,537.39	October 2025	733,281.42	September 2029	154,842.77
December 2021	2,472,413.09	November 2025	712,621.91	October 2029	148,639.81
January 2022	2,411,685.61	December 2025	692,458.21	November 2029	142,604.37
February 2022	2,352,325.03	January 2026	672,779.30	December 2029	136,732.48
March 2022	2,294,302.02	February 2026	653,574.38	January 2030	131,020.28
April 2022	2,237,587.88	March 2026	634,832.90	February 2030	125,464.01
May 2022	2,182,154.49	April 2026	616,544.52	March 2030	120,059.98
June 2022	2,127,974.35	May 2026	598,699.12	April 2030	114,804.56
July 2022	2,075,020.49	June 2026	581,286.81	May 2030	109,694.24
August 2022	2,023,266.54	July 2026	564,297.89	June 2030	103,034.24
September 2022	1,972,686.65	August 2026	547,722.89	July 2030	,
October 2022	1,923,255.52	September 2026	531,552.54	•	99,895.13
November 2022	1,874,948.40	October 2026	515,777.74	August 2030	95,199.67
December 2022	1,827,741.02	November 2026	500,389.62	September 2030	90,635.95
January 2023	1,781,609.65	December 2026	485,379.47	October 2030	86,200.80
February 2023	1,736,531.02	January 2027	470,738.80	November 2030	81,891.15
March 2023	1,692,482.40	February 2027	456,459.28	December 2030	77,703.97
April 2023	1,649,441.47	March 2027	442,532.76	January 2031	73,636.32
May 2023	1,607,386.44	April 2027	428,951.26	February 2031	69,685.30
June 2023	1,566,295.92	May 2027	415,706.99	March 2031	65,848.11
July 2023	1,526,149.02	June 2027	402,792.31	April 2031	62,121.98
August 2023	1,486,925.26	July 2027	390,199.76	May 2031	58,504.21
September 2023	1,448,604.58	August 2027	377,922.02	June 2031	54,992.18
October 2023	1,411,167.37	September 2027	365,951.95	July 2031	51,583.30
November 2023	1,374,594.40	October 2027	354,282.55	August 2031	48,275.06
December 2023	1,338,866.87	November 2027	342,906.97	September 2031	45,064.99
January 2024	1,303,966.37	December 2027	331,818.52	October 2031	41,950.70
February 2024	1,269,874.86	January 2028	321,010.64	November 2031	38,929.81
March 2024	1,236,574.69	February 2028	310,476.93	December 2031	36,000.04
April 2024	1,204,048.60	March 2028	300,211.10	January 2032	33,159.14
May 2024	1,172,279.66	April 2028	290,207.03	February 2032	30,404.91
June 2024	1,141,251.32	May 2028	280,458.70	March 2032	27,735.21
July 2024	1,110,947.37	June 2028	270,960.25	April 2032	25,147.93
August 2024	1,081,351.94	July 2028	261,705.94	May 2032	22,641.02
September 2024	1,052,449.51	August 2028	252,690.13	June 2032	20,212.47
October 2024	1,024,224.87	September 2028	243,907.33	July 2032	17,860.34
November 2024	996,663.13	October 2028	235,352.16	August 2032	15,582.70
December 2024	969,749.72	November 2028	227,019.35	September 2032	13,377.68
January 2025	943,470.40	December 2028	218,903.77	October 2032	11,243.46
February 2025	917,811.19	January 2029	211,000.37	November 2032	9,178.24
March 2025	892,758.43	February 2029	203,304.24	December 2032	7,180.28
April 2025	868,298.76	March 2029	195,810.54	January 2033	5,247.87
May 2025	844,419.07	April 2029	188,514.57	February 2033	3,379.35
June 2025	821,106.57	May 2029	181,411.71	March 2033	
July 2025	798,348.69	June 2029	174,497.47	April 2033 and	1,573.09
August 2025	776,133.18	July 2029	167,767.42	thereafter	0.00
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Aggregate Group III Targeted Balances

Distribution	Targeted	Distribution	Targeted	Distribution Date	Targeted
Date	Balance	Date	Balance		Balance
Initial Balance	\$55,004,000.00	August 2003	\$54.863.041.79	September 2003	\$54,700,742.57

Aggregate Group III (Continued)

Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance	Distribution Date	Targeted Balance
October 2003	\$54,517,166.97	November 2007	\$32,707,853.14	November 2011	\$19,397,195.58
November 2003	54,312,417.15	December 2007	32,345,671.62	December 2011	19,041,471.40
December 2003	54,086,632.83	January 2008	31,990,777.13	January 2012	18,680,057.04
January 2004	53,839,991.28	February 2008	31,643,043.84	February 2012	18,313,169.61
February 2004	53,572,707.23	March 2008	31,302,347.46	March 2012	17,941,020.56
March 2004	53,285,032.65	April 2008	30,968,565.40	April 2012	17,563,815.73
April 2004	52,977,256.48	May 2008	30,641,576.61	May 2012	17,181,755.51
May 2004	52,649,704.27	June 2008	30,321,261.64	June 2012	16,795,035.01
June 2004	52,302,737.72	July 2008	30,007,502.56	July 2012	16,403,844.08
July 2004	51,936,754.14	August 2008	29,700,182.99	August 2012	16,008,367.49
August 2004	51,552,185.87	September 2008	29,399,188.09	September 2012	15,608,785.04
September 2004	51,149,499.50	October 2008	29,104,404.47	October 2012	15,205,271.69
October 2004	50,729,195.22	November 2008	28,815,720.26	November 2012	14,797,997.57
November 2004	50,291,805.81	December 2008	28,533,025.01	December 2012	14,387,128.26
December 2004	49,837,895.75	January 2009	28,256,209.76	January 2013	13,972,824.71
January 2005	49,368,060.28	February 2009	27,985,166.92	February 2013	13,555,243.47
February 2005	48,882,924.18	March 2009	27,719,790.36	March 2013	13,134,536.75
March 2005	48,383,140.65	April 2009	27,459,975.28	April 2013	12,710,852.51
April 2005	47,869,390.12	May 2009	27,205,618.30	May 2013	12,284,334.55
May 2005	47,342,378.88	June 2009	26,956,617.38	June 2013	11,855,122.64
June 2005	46,802,837.70	July 2009	26,712,871.81	July 2013	11,423,352.60
July 2005	46,251,520.47	August 2009	26,474,282.21	August 2013	
August 2005	45,689,202.64	September 2009	26,240,750.50		10,989,156.33
September 2005	45,116,679.70	October 2009	26,012,179.91	September 2013	10,552,662.01
October 2005	44,534,765.55	November 2009	25,788,474.89	October 2013	10,113,994.08
November 2005	43,944,290.92	December 2009	25,569,541.20	November 2013	9,673,273.39
December 2005	43,364,843.71	January 2010	25,355,285.82	December 2013	9,230,617.29
January 2006	42,796,250.02	February 2010	25,145,616.95	January 2014	8,786,139.62
February 2006	42,238,338.20	March 2010	24,940,444.03	February 2014	8,339,950.92
March 2006	41,690,938.78	April 2010	24,739,677.66	March 2014	7,892,158.40
April 2006	41,153,884.45	May 2010	24,541,930.00	April 2014	7,442,866.05
May 2006	40,627,010.05	June 2010		May 2014	6,992,174.78
June 2006	40,110,152.47	July 2010	24,333,093.16 24,113,520.71	June 2014	6,540,182.38
July 2006	39,603,150.77	August 2010	23,883,557.52	July 2014	6,086,983.65
August 2006	39,105,846.00	September 2010	23,643,539.91	August 2014	5,632,670.51
September 2006	38,618,081.27			September 2014	5,177,331.96
October 2006	38,139,701.71	October 2010	23,393,795.90	October 2014	4,721,054.28
November 2006	37,670,554.39	November 2010	23,134,645.38	November 2014	4,263,920.96
December 2006	37,210,488.40	December 2010	22,866,400.22	December 2014	3,806,012.88
January 2007	36,759,354.73	January 2011	22,589,364.58	January 2015	3,347,408.30
February 2007	36,317,006.29	February 2011	22,303,834.91	February 2015	2,888,182.94
March 2007	35,883,297.87	March 2011	22,010,100.28	March 2015	2,428,410.07
April 2007	35,458,086.14	April 2011	21,708,442.42	April 2015	1,968,160.51
May 2007	35,041,229.62	May 2011	21,399,135.96	May 2015	1,507,502.75
June 2007	34,632,588.63	June 2011	21,082,448.54	June 2015	1,046,502.95
July 2007	34,232,025.31	July 2011	20,758,640.98	July 2015	585,225.03
August 2007	33,839,403.57	August 2011	20,427,967.45	August 2015	123,730.73
September 2007	33,454,589.08	September 2011	20,090,675.58	September 2015 and	0.5-
October 2007	33,077,449.23	October 2011	19,747,006.61	thereafter	0.00

No one is authorized to give information or to make representations in connection with the certificates other than the information and representations contained in this prospectus supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representation. This prospectus supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents do not constitute an offer or solicitation with regard to the Certificates if it is illegal to make such an offer or solicitation to you under state law. By delivering this prospectus supplement and the additional Disclosure Documents at any time, no one implies that the information contained herein or therein is correct after the date hereof or thereof.

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\$750,000,000



Guaranteed
REMIC Pass-Through Certificates
Fannie Mae REMIC Trust 2003-78

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Deutsche Bank Securities

June 13, 2003